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## **Liaison Statement**

From:	T2
То:	Michele Zarri (One2One), Rapporteur 3G TR 21.905 "3G Vocabulary"
Cc:	TSG-T
Subject:	Additions to 3G TR 21.905

T2 reviewed 3G TR 21.905 v1.0.0. Please find below definitions and abbreviations proposed by T2 for inclusion into 3G TR 21.905. Additionally, T2 proposes the inclusion of the definitions agreed by SAG-SA#5 in SP-99493 (attached).

## Definitions

Active communication: a UE is in active communication when it has a CS connection established. For PS active communication is defined by the existence of one or more Activated PDP contexts. Either one or both of the mentioned active communications may occur in the UE.

applet: a small programme that is intended not to be run on its own, but rather to be embedded inside another application

**best effort QoS (Quality of Service):** The best effort QoS refers to the lowest of all QoS traffic classes. If the guaranteed QoS cannot be delivered, the bearer network delivers the QoS which can also be called best effort QoS.

delivered QoS: Actual QoS parameter values with which the content was delivered over the lifetime of a QoS session.

**key pair:** Key pairs are matching private and public keys. If a block of data is encrypted using the private key, the public key from the pair can be used to decrypt it. The private key is never divulged to any other party, but the public key is available, e.g. in a certificate.

**MExE Classmark:** a MExE Classmark identifies a category of MExE MS supporting MExE functionality with a minimum level of processing, memory, display and interactive capabilities. Several MExE Classmarks may be defined to differentiate between the functionalities offered by different MExE MSs. A MExE application or applet defined as being of a specific MExE Classmark indicates that it is supportable by a MExE MS of that Classmark.

**MExE executable:** An executable is an applet, application, or executable content, which conforms to the MExE specification and may execute on the ME.

MExE server: a node supporting MExE services in the MExE service environment

MExE service: a service enhanced (or made possible) by MExE technology

**MExE service environment:** Depending on the configuration of the PLMN, the operator may be able to offer support to MExE services in various ways. Examples of possible sources are from traditional GSM nodes, IN nodes, operator-specific nodes, operator-franchised nodes and services provider nodes, together with access to nodes external (i.e. vendor-specific) to the PLMN depending on the nature of the MExE service. These nodes are considered to constitute the MExE service environment. The MExE service environment shall support direct MExE MS to MExE MS interaction of MExE services.

**MExE service provider:** an organisation which delivers MExE services to the subscriber. This is normally the PLMN operator, but could be an organisation with MExE responsibility (which may have been delegated by the PLMN operator).

**MExE-SIM:** A SIM that is capable of storing a security certificate that is accessible using standard mechanisms.

**MExE subscriber:** the owner of a subscription who has entered into an agreement with a MExE service provider for MExE services.

Multi-mode UE: UE that can obtain service from at least one UTRA radio access mode, and one or more different systems such as GSM bands or possibly other radio systems such IMT-2000 family members. [3G TS22.129 "Handover requirements between UMTS and GSM or other Radio Systems."]

**negotiated QoS:** In response to a QoS request, the network shall negotiate each QoS attribute to a level that is in accordance with the available network resources. After QoS negotiation, the bearer network shall always attempt to provide adequate resources to support all of the negotiated QoS profiles.

**phonebook:** A phonebook is a dataset of personal or entity attributes. The simplest form is a set of name-number pairs as supported by GSM SIMs.

**QoS profile:** A QoS profile comprises of a number of QoS parameters. A QoS profile is associated with each QoS session. The QoS profile defines the performance expectations placed on the bearer network.

**QoS session:** Lifetime of PDP context. The period between the opening and closing of a network connection whose characteristics are defined by a QoS profile. Multiple QoS sessions may exist, each with a different QoS profile.

Radio access technology: UMTS, GSM etc [3G TR25.990 "Vocabulary"]

**requested QoS:** A QoS profile is requested at the beginning of a QoS session. QoS modification requests are also possible during the lifetime of a QoS session.

**subscribed QoS:** The network will not grant a QoS greater than that subscribed. The QoS profile subscription parameters are held in the HLR. An end user may have several QoS subscriptions. For security and the prevention of damage to the network, the end user cannot directly modify the QoS subscription profile data.

## Abbreviations

- CA Certification Authority
- CCM Certificate Configuration Message
- CC/PP Composite Capability/Preference Profiles
- CGI Common Gateway Interface
- CP-Admin Certificate Present (in the MExE SIM) Administrator
- CP-TP Certificate Present (in the MExE SIM) Third Party
- Diff-serv Differentiated Services
- DHCP Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
- GPRS General Packet Radio Service
- GSM Global System for Mobile Communication
- HLR Home Location Register
- HTTP HyperText Transfer Protocol
- HTTPS HyperText Transport Protocol Secure (https is http/1.1 over SSL, i.e. port 443)
- IETF Internet Engineering Task Force
- JAR file Java Archive File
- JNDI Java Naming Directory Interface
- JTAPI Java Telephony Application Programming Interface

- MExE Mobile Station (Application) Execution Environment
- MSE MExE Service Environment
- OCF **OpenCard Framework**
- PDP Packet Data Protocol
- RDF Resource Description Format
- RFC Request For Comments
- SAT SIM Application Toolkit
- SIM Subscriber Identity Module
- SP Service Provider
- TLS Transport Layer Security
- TP Third Party
- UI User Interface
- URI Uniform Resource Identifier
- URL Uniform Resource Locator
- WAE Wireless Application Environment
- WAP Wireless Application Protocol
- WDP Wireless Datagram Protocol WSP Wireless Session Protocol
- WTA
- Wireless Telephony Applications
- WTAI Wireless Telephony Applications Interface
- Wireless Transport Layer Security WTLS
- WTP Wireless Transaction Protocol