Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects TSGS#22(03) 0701 Meeting #22, Maui, Hawaii, USA, 15-18 December 2003

Source: SA1

Title: CR to 22.115 on CS interconnection (Rel-6)

Document for: Approval

Agenda Item: 7.1.3

Meet	Doc. No.	Spec	CR	Rev	Phase	Cat	Subject	Vers	New Vers	Doc. SA1
SP-22	SP-030701	22.115	016	-	Rel-6	F	CR on 22.115: CS interconnection – correction of an improper statement on the requirement for the identification of user data rate and user protocol at the interconnection point e.g. for internetwork	6.2.0	6.3.0	S1-031296

3GPP TSG-SA1 Meeting #22 Bangkok, Thailand, 27th – 31st October 2003

CHANGE REQUEST												
* 2	22.115 CR 016	#rev - # Cι	urrent version: 6.2.0	æ								
For <u>HELP</u> on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the % symbols.												
Proposed change affects: UICC apps# ME Radio Access Network Core Network X												
r	# CR on 22.115: CS interconnection – correction of an improper statement on the requirement for the identification of user data rate and user protocol at the interconnection point e.g. for inter-network accounting purposes											
Source: # 3	SA1 (T-Mobile)											
Work item code: 第 <mark>Ti</mark>	EI-6		Date: 第 08/10/2003									
De	se one of the following categories F (correction) A (corresponds to a correction B (addition of feature), C (functional modification of found in a correction of the second in a corre	s: n in an earlier release) eature)	Rel-6 Use one of the following rele 2 (GSM Phase 2) R96 (Release 1996) R97 (Release 1997) R98 (Release 1998) R99 (Release 1999) Rel-4 (Release 4) Rel-5 (Release 5) Rel-6 (Release 6)	eases:								
Reason for change: # The text of CR15 on 22.115 (Rel6), approved by SA#21 (SP-030467 based on S1-030976) is misleading. The information on CS calls is to be captured by GMSC gateway records, where the purpose is to settle inter-network accounting not charging. The related charging information is already covered by TS 32.250 CDRs.												
Summary of change:	# Charging replaced by colle purpose like inter-network		e interconnection point fo	or								
Consequences if not approved:	# Wrong guidance to CN3.											
Clauses affected:	₩ 4											
Other specs affected:	Y N X Other core specifications X O&M Specifications		, 32.250									
Other comments:	*											

How to create CRs using this form:

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at http://www.3gpp.org/specs/CR.htm. Below is a brief summary:

¹⁾ Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked # contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.

- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/specs/. For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2001-03 contains the specifications resulting from the March 2001 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

4 Main Requirements and High Level Principles

The main new requirements for 3GPP system charging and accounting are:

- to provide a call detail record for all charges incurred and requiring settlement between the different commercial roles:
- to allow fraud control by the Home Environment and the Serving network;
- to allow cost control by the charged party;
- to provide at the beginning of a chargeable event an indication to the charged party (if involved in the chargeable event) of the charges to be levied for this event;
- to allow itemised billing for all services charged to each subscription, including voice and data calls, and services
 offered by home environments.
- to enable the Home environment to provide a Prepay Service and to enable the serving network to support that Prepay Service for the Home environment's subscribers.
- to allow interconnect (inter-operator) charging including mobile operator to mobile operator, and mobile operator to fixed operator (circuit switched & IP), and mobile operator to IP network provider; and mobile operator to I-WLAN operator.
- to allow Network operator to 3rd party supplier (eg Value Added Service Provider) charging;
- to provide details required for Customer Care purposes
- to support the shared network architecture so that end users can be appropriately charged for their usage of the shared network, and network sharing partners can be allocated their share of the costs of the shared network resources.

The high level principles that will guide the charging requirements are summarised as follows:

- It shall be possible to charge separately for each type of medium used (eg voice, video, data) in a session and for each service used (eg voice call, streaming video, file download);
- It shall be possible to charge for different levels of QoS applied for and/or allocated during a session for each type of medium or service used;
- It shall be possible to charge each "leg" of a session separately. This includes the incoming and outgoing legs and any forwarded/redirected legs. (Note: The legs mentioned here are logical legs, i.e. not necessarily identical to actual signal and traffic flow. Even though tromboning may be avoided by optimal routing, the operator should still be able to charge for the 'virtual legs' of the call)
- The user can be charged according to the service used irrespective of the technology used to deliver it. (That is, the charge is not derived from whether 2G or 3G is used);
- The user can be charged according to the technology used to deliver a service. (That is, different charges can be applied on 2G and 3G);
- It shall be possible to charge a user according to the network resources used. For example, if a large bandwidth is required to use high quality video, the user could be charged accordingly. This is related to charging by QoS;
- It shall be possible to charge users flexibly for the use of extra resources (in at least the same network) for all legs of the call. For example, if a video component is added to a voice call the use of extra radio resource at both ends of the call could be paid for by each user in the call or totally by the initiating user.
- It shall be possible to suppress charging for certain types of connection e.g. when a customer receives tones or network announcements or during sessions such as automated pre-pay top-up.
- It shall be possible for the home network to charge its customers while roaming in the same ways as when they are at home. For example, if duration based charging is used for charging for streaming music in the home network, then it shall be possible to apply the same principle when the user is roaming.

- It shall be possible for operators to have the option to apply charging mechanisms that are used in GSM/GPRS. For example for duration of a voice call, for the amount of data transmitted (eg for streaming, file download, browsing) and for an event (one-off charge).
- It shall be possible for a network operator to charge its users for activities while roaming so that the home network will get the capability to raise service charges depending on the roamed to network, e.g. because of inter operator charges for the use of service capabilities within the visited network which will in general depend on the serving network. The ability to supply all the necessary information for all the charging options will depend on the capability of the visited network. For service capabilities which are provided by the home network, however, it is required that the call data records created allow to identify the serving network of the served subscriber.
- It shall be possible for charging to be applied based on location, presence, push services etc
- It shall be possible to charge using pre-pay, post-pay, advice of charge, 3rd party charging techniques.
- It shall be possible for the home network to apply different tariffs to national calls and short messages established/sent by their subscribers while roaming in their Home PLMN depending on whether or not the called subscriber's Home PLMN equals the calling subscriber's Home PLMN, rather than on the called subscriber's MSISDN.

Note: This distinction is necessary only in the case, where the called subscriber's MSISDN may have been ported by Mobile Number Portability.

- For circuit switched interconnection <u>only</u> a capability is required to <u>collect information enable charging to be</u>

<u>performed according to regarding</u> user rate and user protocol <u>at the interconnection point</u> so that e.g. the
identification of CS video telephony at the interconnection point for <u>charging inter-network accounting</u> purposes
becomes possible.

These new requirements and principles will allow users more freedom to obtain service when roaming, whilst providing effective cost and credit control for the Home Environment and User.