## 9 – 12 July 2002, Helsinki, Finland

			CR-Form-v5	
CHANGE REQUEST				
ж	33.203 CR	<b>۴ rev</b> - <sup>۴</sup>	Current version: <b>5.2.0</b> <sup>#</sup>	
For <b>HELP</b> on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the <b>#</b> symbols.				
Proposed change affects: #       (U)SIM       ME/UE       Radio Access Network       Core Network       X				
Title:         # Correcting the network behaviour in response to an incorrect AUT-S				
Source: ೫	Hutchison 3G UK			
Work item code: #			<i>Date:</i>	
Category: #	F		Release: # Rel-5	
Use one of the following categories:Use one of the following releases:F (correction)2A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)R96B (addition of feature),R97C (functional modification of feature)R98D (editorial modification)R99D (editorial modification)R99D tetailed explanations of the above categories canREL-4be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.REL-5				
Reason for change:	Currently the text states the behaviour should follow the behaviour in TS 33.102. It also makes returning AVs conditional on a successful checking of AUTS. This is out of line with TS 33.102 which returns AVs regardless of whether AUTS was successful or not. The change is to make the behaviour describe inline with TS 33.102			
Summary of change	e: # To make the HSS and not.	To make the HSS always return AVs whether the AUTS check is successful or not.		
Consequences if not approved:	# Inconsistency in the implementations.	Inconsistency in the specification that could lead to incompatible implementations.		
Clauses affected:	99 610			
Clauses affected:	ж <mark>6.1.3</mark>			
Other specs affected:	<ul> <li>Contraction</li> <li>Contract</li></ul>			

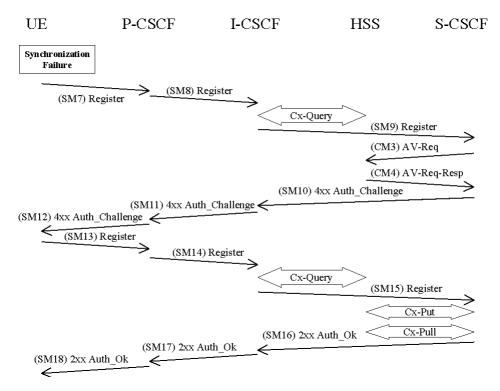
Other comments: ೫

**O&M** Specifications

### 6.1.3 Synchronization failure

# [Editor's note: This subsection shall deal with the requirements for the case when the SQNs in the ISIM and the HSS are not in synch.]

In this section the case of an authenticated registration with synchronization failure is described. After resynchronization, authentication may be successfully completed, but it may also happen that in subsequent attempts other failure conditions (i.e. user authentication failure, network authentication failure) occur. In below only the case of synchronization failure with subsequent successful authentication is shown. The other cases can be derived by combination with the flows for the other failure conditions.



The flow equals the flow in 6.1.1 up to SM6. When the UE receives SM6 it detects that the SQN is out of range and sends a synchronization failure back to the S-CSCF in SM7. Draft-ietf-sip-digest-aka-01 [17] describes the fields to populate corresponding parameters of synchronization failure.

#### SM7: REGISTER(Failure = Synchronization Failure, AUTS, IMPI)

Upon receiving the *Synchronization Failure* and the AUTS the S-CSCF sends an Av-Req to the HSS in CM3 including the required number of Avs, n.

CM3: Cx-AV-Req(IMPI, RAND,AUTS, n)

The HSS checks the AUTS as in section 6.3.5 in [1]. If the check is successful and <u>After</u> potentially after updating the SQN, the HSS creates and sends new AVs to the S-CSCF in CM4.

### CM4:

 $Cx-AV-Req-Resp(IMPI, n, RAND_1||AUTN_1||XRES_1||CK_1||IK_1, \dots, RAND_n||AUTN_n||XRES_n||CK_n||IK_n) \\ = Cx-AV-Req-Resp(IMPI, n, RAND_1||XRES_1||CK_1||IK_1, \dots, RAND_n||AUTN_n||XRES_n||CK_n||IK_n) \\ = Cx-AV-Req-Resp(IMPI, n, RAND_1||XRES_1||CK_1||IK_1, \dots, RAND_n||AUTN_n||XRES_n||CK_n||IK_n) \\ = Cx-AV-Req-Resp(IMPI, n, RAND_1||XRES_1||CK_1||IK_1, \dots, RAND_n||AUTN_n||XRES_n||CK_n||IK_n|) \\ = Cx-AV-Resp(IMPI, n, RAND_1||XRES_1||CK_1||IK_1, \dots, RAND_n||AUTN_n||XRES_n||CK_n||IK_n|) \\ = Cx-AV-Resp(IMPI, n, RAND_1||XRES_1||CK_1||IK_1, \dots, RAND_n||AUTN_n||XRES_n||CK_n||IK_n|) \\ = Cx-AV-Resp(IMPI, n, RAND_1||AUTN_1||XRES_1||CK_1||IK_1, \dots, RAND_n||AUTN_n||XRES_n||CK_n||IK_n|) \\ = Cx-AV-Resp(IMPI, n, RAND_1||AUTN_1||XRES_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||CK_1||C$ 

The rest of the messages i.e. SM10-SM18 including the Cx messages are exactly the same as SM4-SM12 and the corresponding Cx messages in 6.1.1.