Source: SA5 (Telecom Management)

Title: Rel-6 CR 32.692 Inventory Management (IM) network resources IRP NRM

Document for: Approval

Agenda Item: 7.5.3

Doc1stevel	Specific a	CR	R	Phase	Subject	Ca	VersCu	Doc2ndLev	WorkitemsI D
SP-040816	32.692	001		Rel-6	Align Inventory Management Network Resource Model with the latest template from ReI-6 TS 32.150	F	5.0.0	S5-049046	OAM-NIM

3GPP TSG-SA5 (Telecom Management) Meeting #40, Sanya, CHINA, 15 – 19 November 2004

S5-049046

CHANGE REQUEST					
æ	32.692 CR 001 # rev - ^{# Cu}	urrent version: 5.0.0 ⁸			
For <u>HELP</u> on us	ing this form, see bottom of this page or look at the po	op-up text over the X symbols.			
Proposed change a	ffects: UICC apps <mark>% ME Radio Acce</mark>	ss Network X Core Network X			
Title: 🕷	Align Inventory Management Network Resource Mod Rel-6 TS 32.150	del with the latest template from			
Source: 🔀	SA5 (tapinder.pal@t-mobile.de)				
Work item code: 🕱	OAM-NIM	Date: 🔀 19/11/2004			
Category: ೫	F Re Use one of the following categories: Re Use one of the following categories: Re F (correction) A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) B (addition of feature), C (functional modification of feature) D (editorial modification) D (editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.	elease: X Rel-6 Use <u>one</u> of the following releases: 2 (GSM Phase 2) R96 (Release 1996) R97 (Release 1997) R98 (Release 1998) R99 (Release 1999) Rel-4 (Release 4) Rel-5 (Release 5) Rel-6 (Release 6)			
Reason for change:	Inventory Management Network Resource Model latest template from the Rel-6 TS 32.150 in order to release 6.	el needs to be aligned with the er to be upgraded from release 5			
Summary of change	e: Release 5 Network Resource Model is replicate editorial changes and using the latest template	d for release 6 with some from TS 32.150.			
Consequences if not approved:	Contract	able for Inventory Management			
Clauses affected:	Clauses 2 to 6.				
Other specs affected:	XOther core specificationsXXTest specificationsXO&M Specifications				
Other comments:	H				

2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- [1] 3GPP TS 32.101: "3G Telecom Management principles and high level requirements".
- [2] 3GPP TS 32.102: "3G Telecom Management Architecture".
- [3] 3GPP TS 32.302: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Notification Integration Reference Point (IRP): Information service version 1".
- [4] 3GPP TS 32.600: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Concept and main requirements".
- [5] 3GPP TS 23.002: "Network Architecture".
- [5]
 3GPP TS 32.622: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Generic network resources Integration Reference Point (IRP): Network Resource Model (NRM)".
- [6] 3GPP TS 32.642: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM): UTRAN network resources Integration Reference Point (IRP): Network Resource Model (NRM)".
- [7] 3GPP TS 32.300: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Name convention for Managed Objects".
- [8] 3GPP TS 32.150: "Telecommunication management; Integration Reference Point (IRP) Concept and Definitions".
- [9]
 3GPP TS 32.151: "Telecommunication management; Integration Reference Point (IRP)

 Information Service (IS) template.

3 Definitions and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 32.101 [1], 3GPP TS 32.102 [2] and 3GPP TS 32.600 [4] and the following apply:

association: in general it is used to model relationships between Managed Objects Associations can be implemented in several ways, such as:

- (1) name bindings;
- (2) reference attributes; and

(3) association objects.

This IRP stipulates that containment associations shall be expressed through name bindings, but it does not stipulate the implementation for other types of associations as a general rule. These are specified as separate entities in the object models (UML diagrams). Currently (in Release 1999) however, all (non-containment) associations are modelled by means of reference attributes of the participating MOs.

Managed Element (ME): instance of the Managed Object Class Managed Element defined in [6]

Managed Object (MO): in the context of the present document, a Managed Object (MO) is a software object that encapsulates the manageable characteristics and behaviour of a particular Network Resource The MO is instance of a class defined in a MIM/NRM. This class, called **Information Object Class (IOC)** has *attributes* that provide information used to characterize the objects that belong to the class (the term "attribute" is taken from TMN and corresponds to a "property" according to CIM). Furthermore, the IOC can have *operations* that represent the behaviour relevant for that class (the term "operation" is taken from TMN and corresponds to a "method" according to CIM). The IOC may support the emission of *notifications* that provide information about an event occurrence within a network resource.

Management Information Model (MIM): also referred to as NRM (see the NRM definition)

Network Resource Model (NRM): model representing the actual managed telecommunications network resources that a System is providing through the subject IRP

An NRM identifies and describes the IOCs, their associations, attributes and operations. The NRM is also referred to as "MIM" (see above), which originates from the ITU-T TMN.

End of Change in Clause 3

Change in Clause 4

4 System overview

4.1 System contextVoid

Figure 4.1 and figure 4.2 identify system contexts of the IRP defined by the present specification in terms of its implementation called IRPAgent and the user of the IRPAgent, called IRPManager. For a definition of IRPManager and IRPAgent, see 3GPP TS 32.102 [2].

The IRPAgent implements and supports this IRP. The IRPAgent can reside in an Element Manager (EM, for definition see 3GPP TS 32.101 [1]) or a Network Element (NE) (see also 3GPP TS 32.102 [2] clause 8). In the former case, the interfaces (represented by a thick dotted line) between the EM and the NEs is not the subject of this IRP.

An IRPManager using this IRP shall choose one of the two System Contexts defined here, for each NE. For instance, if an EM is responsible for managing a number of NEs, the NM shall access this IRP through the EM and not directly to those NEs. For another IRP though, the System Context may be different.



4.2 Compliance rules

For general definitions of compliance rules related to qualifiers (Mandatory/Optional/Conditional) for *operations*, *notifications and parameters* (of operations and notifications) please refer to 3GPP TS 32.102 [2].

The following defines the meaning of Mandatory and Optional IOC attributes and associations between IOCs, in Solution Sets to the IRP defined by the present specification:

- The IRPManager shall support all mandatory attributes/associations. The IRPManager shall be prepared to receive information related to mandatory as well as optional attributes/associations without failure; however the IRPManager does not have to support handling of the optional attributes/associations.
- The IRPAgent shall support all mandatory attributes/associations. It may support optional attributes/associations.

An IRPAgent that incorporates vendor-specific extensions shall support normal communication with a 3GPP SA5-compliant IRPManager with respect to all Mandatory and Optional managed object classes, attributes, associations, operations, parameters and notifications without requiring the IRPManager to have any knowledge of the extensions.

Given that:

- rules for vendor-specific extensions remain to be fully specified; and
- many scenarios under which IRPManager and IRPAgent interwork may exist;

it is recognised that in Release 4/5 the IRPM anager, even though it is not required to have knowledge of vendor-specific extensions, may be required to be implemented with an awareness that extensions can exist and behave accordingly.

End of Change in Clause 4

Change in Clause 5

5 Modelling approach

See 3GPP TS 32.102150 [28] clause 10. The modelling approach adopted and used in this IRP is described in the Generic Network Resources IRP: NRM.

End of Change in Clause 5

Change in Clause 6

6 IRP Information ModelInformation Object Classes

6.1 Information entities imported Imported information entities and local labels

None.

Label reference	Local label		
32.622 [5], information object class, Top	Top		
32.622 [5], information object class, ManagedElement	ManagedElement		

6.2 Class diagram

6.2.1 Attributes and relationships

This sub_clause depicts the set of IOCs that encapsulate information relevant for this service. This sub_clause provides the overview of all information object classes in UML. Subsequent sub_clauses provide more detailed specification of various aspects of these information object classes.

NOTE 1: For Release 5, the data in this NRM shall be accessed by a vendor specific file transfer mechanism.

Figure 6.2.1 show the name containment relation and other types of relations of the Inventory Management NRM.

NOTE 2: The name containment relations between IOCs are indicated by UML "unidirectional aggregation by reference" ("hollow diamonds").



NOTE: The listed cardinality numbers represent transient as well as steady-state numbers, and reflect all managed object creation and deletion scenarios.

Figure 6.2.1: Inventory Management NRM Containment/Naming and Association diagram

Each IOC <u>instance</u> is identified with+ a Distinguished Name (DN) according to 3GPP TS 32.300 [137] that expresses its containment hierarchy. As an example, the DN of a IOC representing a <u>InventoryDataContainer InventoryUnit</u> could have a format like:

 ${\tt SubNetwork} = {\tt Sweden, meContext} = {\tt MEC-Gbg-1, ManagedElement} = {\tt RNC-Gbg-1, InventoryUnit} = {\tt Inv-1.context} = {\tt Inv-1.context} = {\tt RNC-Gbg-1, InventoryUnit} = {\tt$

6.2.2 Inheritance

This subclause depicts the inheritance relationships that exist between IOCs.

Figure 6.2.2 shows the inheritance hierarchy for the IM NRM.



Figure 6.2.2: Inventory Management NRM Inheritance Hierarchy

- 6.3 Information object classes definitions
- 6.3.1 InventoryUnit
- 6.3.1.1 Definition

This IOC represents inventory information for a Inventory Unit.

6.3.1.2 Attributes

Table 1: Attributes of InventoryUnit

Attribute Name	Support Qualifier	READ	WRITE
inventoryUnitId	H	₩	-
inventoryUnitType	H	M	-
vendorUnitFamilyType	H	M	-
vendorUnitTypeNumber	H	₩	-
vendorName	H	₩	-
serialNumber	H	₩	-
dateOfManufacture	θ	M	-
dateOfLastService	θ	₩	-
unitPosition	θ	₩	-
manufacturerData	θ	₩	-

Attribute name	Visibility	Support Qualifier	Read Qualifier	Write Qualifier
inventoryUnitId	<u>+</u>	M	M	-
inventoryUnitType	<u>+</u>	M	M	-
vendorUnitFamilyType	+	Μ	M	-
vendorUnitTypeNumber	+	Μ	Μ	-
vendorName	+	M	Μ	-
serialNumber	+	Μ	Μ	-
dateOfManufacture	<u>+</u>	0	M	-
dateOfLastService	<u>+</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>-</u>
unitPosition	<u>+</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>M</u>	<u>-</u>
manufacturerData	+	<u>0</u>	M	<u>_</u>

6.3.1.3 Attribute constraints

None.

6.3.1.4 Relationships

None.

6.3.1.5 State diagram

None.

6.3.1.6 Notifications

None.

6.4 Information relationships definitions

Not applicable.

6.5 Information attributes definitions

6.5.1 Definition and legal values

Table 2 defines the attributes that are present in several Information Object Classes of the present document.

Table 2: Attributes

Attribute Name	Definition	Legal Values
dateOfManufacture	Date of Manufacture of inventory unit.	String
dateOfLastService	Date of last service or repair of inventory unit.	String
inventoryUnitId	An attribute whose 'name+value' can be used as an RDN when naming an instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance.	String
inventoryUnitType	Type of inventory unit (HW, FW).	String
manufacturerData	Manufacturer specific data of inventory unit.	String
serialNumber	Serial number of inventory unit.	String
unitPosition	Position of inventory unit (Rack, shelf, slot).	String
vendorName	Name of inventory unit vendor.	String
vendorUnitFamilyType	Mnemonic of inventory unit family type (e.g. Fan, PSU) assigned by vendor.	String
vendorUnitTypeNumber	A vendor/manufacturer defined and assigned number which uniquely identifies the unit type and version (used for replacing HW units, spares).	String

6.5.2 Constraints

None.

6.6 Particular information configurations

None.

End of Change in Clause 6