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## Presentation of Technical Specification to TSG SA

Presentation to: TSG SA Meeting #25
Document for presentation: TS 32.712, Version 2.0.0

Presented for: Approval

#### **Abstract of document:**

This TS defines the Network Resource Model for the Transport Network Resources IRP.

Work done against the WID contained in SP-020754 (Work Item ID: OAM-NIM).

#### **Purpose of These Specifications:**

The purpose of this set of specifications is to provide management of Transport Network resources, specifically for ATM-UTRAN interface management.

This TS is intended for Release 6 and is part of the Transport Network Resources IRP, which consists of:

3GPP TS 32.711: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Transport Network (TN) interface Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): Requirements".

3GPP TS 32.712: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Transport Network (TN) interface Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): Information Service (IS)".

3GPP TS 32.713: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Transport Network (TN) interface Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA) Solution Set (SS)".

3GPP TS 32.714: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Transport Network (TN) interface Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): Common Management Information Protocol (CMIP) Solution Set (SS)".

3GPP TS 32.715: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Transport Network (TN) interface Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): eXtensible Markup Language (XML) file format definition".

#### **Changes since last presentation to TSG-SA:**

New IOC and attributes added, editorial changes (including use of latest template for IS), corrections to references.

<b>Outstanding Issues:</b>	None.		
Contentious Issues:	None.		

## 3GPP TS 32.712 V2.0.0 (2004-09)

Technical Specification

3rd Generation Partnership Project;
Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects;
Telecommunication management;
Configuration Management (CM); Transport Network (TN)
interface Network Resource Model (NRM) Integration
Reference Point (IRP): Information Service (IS)
(Release 6)



The present document has been developed within the 3<sup>rd</sup> Generation Partnership Project (3GPP TM) and may be further elaborated for the purposes of 3GPP.

Keywords
UMTS, management

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#### **Foreword**

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3<sup>rd</sup> Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version x.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
  - 1 presented to TSG for information;
  - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
  - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

#### Introduction

Configuration Management (CM), in general, provides the operator with the ability to assure correct and effective operation of the 3G network as it evolves. CM actions have the objective to control and monitor the actual configuration on the Network Elements (NEs) and Network Resources (NRs), and they may be initiated by the operator or by functions in the Operations Systems (OSs) or NEs.

CM actions may be requested as part of an implementation programme (e.g. additions and deletions), as part of an optimisation programme (e.g. modifications), and to maintain the overall Quality of Service (QoS). The CM actions are initiated either as single actions on single NEs of the 3G network, or as part of a complex procedure involving actions on many resources/objects in one or several NEs.

## 1 Scope

The present document is part of an Integration Reference Point (IRP) named "Transport Network (TN) Interface Network Resource Model (NRM) IRP", through which an "IRPAgent" (typically an Element Manager or Network Element) can communicate Configuration Management information to one or several "IRPManagers" (typically Network Managers) concerning Transport resources. The "Transport Network (TN) Interface Network Resource Model (NRM) IRP" comprises a set of specifications defining Requirements, a protocol neutral Network Resource Model (NRM) and corresponding Solution Set(s).

The present document:

1. specifies the protocol neutral Transport Network Interface Resources IRP: Network Resource Model. It reuses relevant parts of the generic NRM in TS 32.622 [6], either by direct reuse or sub-classing, and in addition to that defines Transport specific Managed Object Classes.

The Configuration Management (CM) area is very large. The intention is to split the specification of the related interfaces in several IRPs - as described in the Introduction clause above. An important aspect of such a split is that the Network Resource Models (NRMs) defined in different IRPs containing NRMs are consistent, and that NRMs supported by an IRPAgent implementation can be accessed as one coherent model through one IRP Information Service.

In order to access the information defined by this NRM, an IRP Information Service (IS) is needed, such as the Basic CM IRP: IS (TS 32.602 [7]) or the Bulk CM IRP: IS (TS 32.612 [8]). However, which Information Service that is applicable is outside the scope of this document.

Finally, regarding the support of the State Management IRP: IS (TS 32.672 [3]), all NRM's of one release shall support the same State Management IRP version. This NRM specification is related to 3GPP TS 32.672 V6.0.X.

## 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.
- 3GPP TS 32.101: "Telecommunication Management, Principles and high level requirements". [1] [2] 3GPP TS 32.102: "Telecommunication management; Architecture". 3GPP TS 32.672: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); State [3] Management Integration Reference Point (IRP): Information Service (IS)". [4] 3GPP TS 32.300: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Name convention for Managed Objects". [5] 3GPP TS 32.600: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Concept and high-level requirements". 3GPP TS 32.622: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Generic [6] network resources Integration Reference Point (IRP): Network Resource Model (NRM)". [7] 3GPP TS 32.602: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Basic CM Integration Reference Point (IRP) Information Service (IS)". 3GPP TS 32.612: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Bulk CM [8] Integration Reference Point (IRP): Information Service (IS)".
- [9] 3GPP TS 25.430: "UTRAN Iub interface: general aspects and principles".
- [10] 3GPP TS 25.431: "UTRAN lub interface Layer 1".
- [11] 3GPP TS 25.411: "UTRAN Iu interface Layer 1".
- [12] ITU-T Recommendation I.361:B-ISDN ATM Layer Specification (11/95).

## 3 Definitions and abbreviations

#### 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the terms and definitions given in 3GPP TS 32.101 [1], 3GPP TS 32.102 [2], 3GPP TS 32.150 [3] and the following apply:

**Association:** in general it is used to model relationships between Managed Objects. Associations can be implemented in several ways, such as:

- 1. name bindings;
- 2. reference attributes; and
- 3. association objects.

This IRP stipulates that containment associations shall be expressed through name bindings, but it does not stipulate the implementation for other types of associations as a general rule. These are specified as separate entities in the object models (UML diagrams)

Managed Element (ME): an instance of the Managed Object Class ManagedElement defined in 3GPP TS 32.622 [6].

Managed Object (MO): in the context of the present document, a Managed Object (MO) is a software object that encapsulates the manageable characteristics and behaviour of a particular Network Resource. The MO is instance of a MO class defined in a MIM/NRM. This class, called **Information Object Class (IOC)** has **attributes** that provide information used to characterize the objects that belong to the class (the term "attribute" is taken from TMN and corresponds to a "property" according to CIM). Furthermore, the IOC can have **operations** that represent the behaviour relevant for that class (the term "operation" is taken from TMN and corresponds to a "method" according to CIM). The IOC may support the emission of **notifications** that provide information about an event occurrence within a network resource

Management Information Model (MIM): also referred to as NRM - see the definition below

**Network Resource Model (NRM):** A model representing the actual managed telecommunications network resources that a System is providing through the subject IRP. An NRM identifies and describes the IOCs, their associations, attributes and operations. The NRM is also referred to as "MIM" (see above), which originates from the ITU-T TMN

**Node B:** A logical node responsible for radio transmission/reception in one or more cells to/from the User Equipment. It terminates the Iub interface towards the RNC

#### 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TS 32.101 [1], 3GPP TS 32.102 [2], 3GPP TS 32.150 [3] and the following apply:

CIM Common Information Model

DN Distinguished Name (see 3GPP TS 32.300 [4])

EM Element Manager
FM Fault Management
IOC Information Object Class
IRP Integration Reference Point

ITU-T International Telecommunication Union, Telecommunication Sector

Iub Interface between RNC and Node B

ME Managed Element

MIM Management Information Model

MO Managed Object
NE Network Element
NM Network Manager
NR Network Resource
NRM Network Resource Model
PM Performance Management

RDN Relative Distinguished Name (see 3GPP TS 32.300 [4])

RNC Radio Network Controller

TMN Telecommunications Management Network

UML Unified Modelling Language

UMTS Universal Mobile Telecommunications System

## 4 Information Object Classes

## 4.1 Imported information entities and local labels

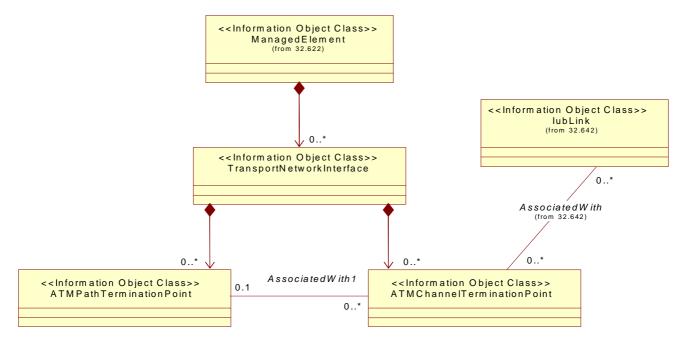
IOCs ManagedElement, IubLink, and vsDataComtainer are imported.

## 4.2 Class diagram

#### 4.2.1 Attributes and relationships

This sub clause depicts the set of IOCs that encapsulate information relevant for this service. This sub clause provides the overview of all information object classes in UML. Subsequent subclasses provide more detailed specification of various aspects of these information object classes.

Figure 4.2.1.1 shows the name-containment relation and other types of relations of the Transport Network NRM.

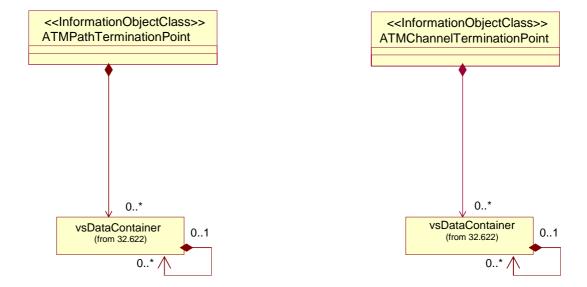


NOTE: The listed cardinality numbers represent transient as well as steady-state numbers, and reflect all managed object creation and deletion scenarios.

Figure 4.2.1.1: Transport Network NRM Containment/Naming and Association diagram

Each IOC is identified with a Distinguished Name (DN) according to 3GPP TS 32.300 [4] that expresses its containment hierarchy. As an example, the DN of a IOC representing a ATMPathTerminationPoint could have a format like:

SubNetwork = Sweden, meContext = MEC-Gbg-1, Managed Element = RNC-Gbg-1, TransportNetwork Interface = ATM-1, ATMPathTerminationPoint = Gbg-1.



- NOTE 1: The listed cardinality numbers represent transient as well as steady-state numbers, and reflect all managed object creation and deletion scenarios.
- NOTE 2: Each instance of the vsDataContainer shall only be contained under one IOC. The vsDataContainer can be contained under IOCs defined in other NRMs.

Figure 4.2.1.2: vsDataContainer in Transport Network Containment/Naming and Association diagram

The vsDataContainer is only used for the Bulk CM IRP.

#### 4.2.2 Inheritance

This sub-clause depicts the inheritance relationships that exist between IOCs.

Figure 4.2.2.1 shows the inheritance hierarchy for the Transport Network NRM.

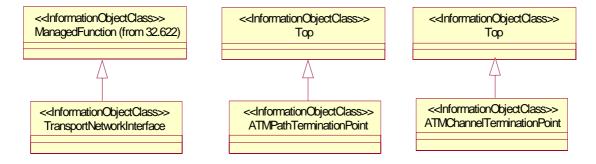


Figure 4.2.2.1: Transport Network NRM Inheritance Hierarchy

## 4.3 Information object class definitions

## 4.3.1 TransportNetworkInterface

#### 4.3.1.1 Definition

This IOC represents the Transport Network Interface technology (e.g. ATM, IP).

#### 4.3.1.2 Attributes

Table 4.3.1: Attributes of TransportNetworkInterface

Attribute name	Visibility	Support Qualifier	Read Qualifier	Write Qualifier
transportNetworkInterfaceId	+	M	M	-
userLabel	+	M	M	M
transportNetworkType	+	M	M	-

#### 4.3.2 ATMChannelTerminationPoint

#### 4.3.2.1 Definition

This IOC represents a bi-directional ATM Virtual Channel Connection Termination Point.

#### 4.3.2.2 Attributes

Table 4.3.2: Attributes of ATMChannelTerminationPoint

Attribute name	Visibility	Support Qualifier	Read Qualifier	Write Qualifier
aTMChannelTerminationPointid	+	M	M	-
usageChannel	+	M	M	-
virtualPathId	+	M	M	0
virtualChannelld	+	M	M	0
physicalPortId	+	M	M	0
physicalInterfaceType	+	M	M	0
serviceCategoryIn	+	M	M	0
ServiceCategoryEg	+	M	M	0
usedAAL	+	M	M	0
peakCellRateIn	+	M	M	0
peakCellRateEg	+	M	M	0
sustainableCellRateIn	+	0	M	0
sustainableCellRateEg	+	0	M	0
maximumBurstSizeIn	+	M	M	0
maximumBurstSizeEg	+	M	M	0
minimumDesiredCellRateIn	+	0	M	0
minimumDesiredCellRateEg	+	0	M	0
minimumCellRateIn	+	0	M	0
minimumCellRateEg	+	0	M	0
aTMChannelTerminationPoint- ATMPathTerminationPoint	+	М	M	-
aTMChannelTerminationPoint- lubLink	+	M	M	-

#### 4.3.2.3 Attribute constraints

The Write Qualifier for attributes virtualPathId, virtualChannelId, physicalPortId, physicalInterfaceType, serviceCategoryIn/Eg, usedAAL, peakCellRateIn/Eg, sustainableCellRateIn/Eg, and maximumBurstSizeIn/Eg shall be Mandatory if these attributes can be set over Itf-N.

The attributes sustainableCellRateIn/Eg and maximumBurstSizeIn/Eg are only applicable for ServiceCategory values RT-VBR, NRT-VBR.

The attributes minimumDesiredCellRateIn/Eg is only applicable for Service Category UBR.

The attributes minimumCellRateIn/Eg is only applicable for Service Category values ABR, GFR.

#### 4.3.3 ATMPathTerminationPoint

#### 4.3.3.1 Definition

This IOC represents a bi-directional ATM Virtual Path Connection Termination Point.

#### 4.3.3.2 Attributes

Table 4.3.3: Attributes of ATMPathTerminationPoint

Attribute name	Visibility	Support Qualifier	Read Qualifier	Write Qualifier
aTMPathTerminationPointid	+	M	M	-
virtualPathId	+	M	M	0
physicalPortIdList	+	M	M	0
peakCellRateIn	+	M	M	0
peakCellRateEg	+	M	M	0
aTMPathTerminationPoint-	+	M	M	-
ATMChannelTerminationPoint				

Note: The attribute peakCellRateIn/Eg of ATM Path is the maximum Peak Cell Rate of its channels.

#### 4.3.3.3 Attribute constraints

The Write Qualifier for attributes virtualPathId, physicalPortIdList, peakCellRateIn/Eg shall be Mandatory if these attributes can be set over Itf-N.

## 4.4 Information relationship definitions

## 4.4.1 AssociatedWith1 (M)

#### 4.4.1.1 Definition

This represents a bi-directional relation between the ATMPathTerminationPoint and ATMChannelTerminationPoint. The roles of the relation shall be mapped to a reference attribute of the IOCs. The name of the reference attribute shall be the role name.

#### 4.4.1.2 Roles

Table 4.4.1: Roles of the relation AssociatedWith1

Name	Definition
aTMPathTerminationPoint- ATMChannelTerminationPoint	This role (when present) represents aTMPathTerminationPoint capability to identify the set of related ATMChannelTerminationPoint. ATMPathTerminationPoint-ATMChannelTerminationPoint shall carry the set of ATMChannelTerminationPoint DN(s).
aTMChannelTerminationPoint- ATMPathTerminationPoint	This role (when present) represents ATMChannelTerminationPoint capability to identify one related ATMPathTerminationPoint.  When the role is absent, the ATMChannelTerminationPoint- ATMPathTerminationPoint shall contain no information.  When it is present, it shall contain one ATMPathTerminationPoint DN.

#### 4.4.1.3 Constraints

None.

## 4.5 Information attributes definition

## 4.5.1 Definition and legal values

Table 4.5.1 defines the attributes that are present in several Information Object Classes (IOCs) of the present document.

Table 4.5.1: Attributes

Attribute Name	Definition	Legal Values
	An attribute whose "name+value" can be used as an RDN when naming	
rfaceld	an instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object	
	instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance	
	The type of underlying transport network, i.e. ATM, IP	Type: Enumerated
<u>e</u>		Range: ATM, IP
	An attribute whose "name+value" can be used as an RDN when naming	
tionPointId	an instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance	
aTMPathTermination		
PointId	an instance of this object class. This RDN uniquely identifies the object	
1 Ollitia	instance within the scope of its containing (parent) object instance	
UsageChannel	The logical channel using the transport network connection. Ref. 3GPP	Type: String
	TS 25.430 [9]	e.g. lub-NBAP, lub-ALCAP
virtualPathId	The ATM Virtual Path Identifier (VPI). Ref. ITU-T Recommendation	Type: Integral numeric
	I.361[12]	value
virtualChannelId	The ATM Virtual Channel Identifier (VCI). Ref. ITU-T Recommendation	Type: Integral numeric
	I.361 [12]	value
physicalPortidList	The list of identifiers of the ATM physical port containing termination	Type: String
n le vei e e I D e uti el	points The identifier of the ATM why give most containing to residue a cinta	Trun av Chrim a
physicalPortid physicalInterfaceTyp	The identifier of the ATM physical port containing termination points  The ATM physical interface type. Ref. 3GPP TS 25.431[10], 3GPP TS	Type: String Type: String
e e	25.411 11	e.g. E1, STM1
serviceCategoryIn	The ATM Service Category used for the virtual connection Ingress	Type: Enumerated
361 vice Category in	(incoming) traffic.	Range: CBR, RT-VBR,
	Ref. ITU-T Recommendation I.361[12]	NRT-VBR, ABR, UBR,
	[12]	GFR
serviceCategoryEg	The ATM Service Category used for the virtual connection Egress	Type: Enumerated
	(outgoing) traffic.	Range: CBR, RT-VBR,
	Ref. ITU-T Recommendation I.361[12]	NRT-VBR, ABR, UBR,
		GFR
usedAAL	The ATM Adaptation Layer (AAL) used for the virtual connection.	Type: Enumerated
	Ref. ITU-T Recommendation I.361[12]	Range: Null, AAL1, AAL5
peakCellRateIn	Peak Cell Rate (PCR) in kbits/sec for Ingress traffic. Ref. ITU-T	Type: Integral numeric
реакоептатепт	Recommendation I.361 [12]	value
peakCellRateEg	Peak Cell Rate (PCR) in kbits/sec for Egress traffic. Ref. ITU-T	Type: Integral numeric
,	Recommendation I.361 [12]	value
sustainableCellRatel	Sustainable Cell Rate (SCR) in kbits/sec for Ingress traffic. Ref. ITU-T	Type: Integral numeric
n	Recommendation I.361 [12]	value Range: 1n, Null
sustainableCellRateE	Sustainable Cell Rate (SCR) in kbits/sec for Egress traffic. Ref. ITU-T	Type: Integral numeric
g	Recommendation I.361 [12]	value Range: 1n, Null
maximumBurstSizeIn	Maximum Burst Size (MBS) for VBR Service Categories for Ingress	Type: Integral numeric
	traffic. Ref. ITU-T Recommendation I.361 [12]	value Range: 1n, Null
maximumBuretSizeE	Maximum Burst Size (MBS) for VBR Service Categories for Egress	Type: Integral numeric
g	traffic.	value Range: 1n, Null
9	Ref. ITU-T Recommendation I.361 [12]	value range. 1, ran
minimumCellRateIn	Minimum Cell Rate (MCR) in kbits/sec for ABR, GFR Service	Type: Integral numeric
	Categories for Ingress traffic. Ref. ITU-T Recommendation I.361 [12]	value Range: 1n, Null
minimumCellRateEg	Minimum Cell Rate (MCR) in kbits/sec for ABR, GFR Service	Type: Integral numeric
	Categories for Egress traffic. Ref. ITU-T Recommendation I.361 [12]	value Range: 1n, Null
	Minimum Desired Cell Rate (MDCR) in kbits/sec for UBR Service	Type: Integral numeric
RateIn	Category for Ingress traffic. Ref. ITU-T Recommendation I.361 [12]	value Range: 1n, Null
	Minimum Desired Cell Rate (MDCR) in kbits/sec for UBR Service	Type: Integral numeric
RateEg	Category for Egress traffic. Ref. ITU-T Recommendation I.361 [12]	value Range: 1n, Null
userLabel	A user-friendly (and user assigned) name of the associated object	

## 4.5.2 Constraints

None.

## 4.6 Particular information configurations

Not applicable.

## Annex A (informative): Example Configuration of ATM Transport Network in UTRAN

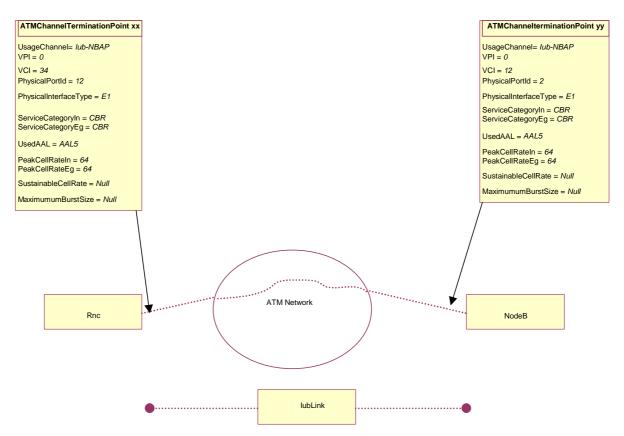


Figure A.1: Virtual connection of a logical Iub interface channel over ATM network

# Annex B (informative): Change history

Change history							
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment		New
Sep 2003	S_21	SP-030429			Submitted to TSG SA#21 for Information	1.0.0	
Sep 2004	S_25	SP-040597			Submitted to TSG SA#25 for Approval	2.0.0	