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### Presentation of Technical Specification to TSG SA

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**Presentation to:** TSG SA Meeting #21  
**Document for presentation:** TS 32.681, Version 1.0.0  
Inventory Management IRP: Requirements  
**Presented for:** Information

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**Abstract of document:**

Work done against the WID contained in SP-020754 (Work Item ID: OAM-NIM).

This TS defines the requirements for the Inventory Management IRP.

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**Purpose of These Specifications:**

The purpose of this TS is to provide the requirements for management of Inventory resources.

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**Changes since last presentation to TSG-SA:**

New.

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**Outstanding Issues:**

None.

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**Contentious Issues:**

None.

# 3GPP TS 32.681 V1.0.0 (2003-09)

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*Technical Specification*

**3rd Generation Partnership Project;  
Technical Specification Group Services and System  
Aspects;  
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(IM) Integration Reference Point (IRP): Requirements  
(Release 6)**



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Postal address

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3GPP support office address

650 Route des Lucioles - Sophia Antipolis  
Valbonne - FRANCE  
Tel.: +33 4 92 94 42 00 Fax: +33 4 93 65 47 16

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Internet

<http://www.3gpp.org>

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## Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3<sup>rd</sup> Generation Partnership Project (3GPP).

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of the present document, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

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- x the first digit:
  - 1 presented to TSG for information;
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  - 3 or greater indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the document.

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## Introduction

Inventory Management (IM), in general, provides the operator with the ability to assure correct and effective operation of the 3G network as it evolves. IM actions have the objective to control and monitor the actual equipment configuration on the Network Elements (NEs) and Network Resources (NRs), and they may be initiated by the operator or by functions in the Operations Systems (OSs) or NEs.

IM actions may be requested as part of an implementation programme (e.g. additions and deletions), as part of an optimisation programme (e.g. modifications), and to maintain the overall Quality of Service (QoS). The IM actions are initiated either as single actions on single NEs of the 3G network, or as part of a complex procedure involving actions on many resources/objects in one or several NEs.

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## 1 Scope

The present document defines, in addition to the requirements defined in [1], [2] and [3], the requirements for the present IRP: Inventory Management IRP.

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## 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

- [1] 3GPP TS 32.101: "Telecommunication Management, Principles and high level requirements".
- [2] 3GPP TS 32.102: "Telecommunication management; Architecture".
- [3] 3GPP TS 32.600: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Concept and high-level requirements".
- [4] 3GPP TS 32.622: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Generic network resources Integration Reference Point (IRP): Network Resource Model (NRM)". ([not in doc](#))
- [5] 3GPP TS 32.632: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); Core Network Resources Integration Reference Point (IRP): Network Resource Model (NRM)". ([not in doc](#))
- [6] 3GPP TS 32.642: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); UTRAN network resources Integration Reference Point (IRP): Network Resource Model (NRM)". ([not in doc](#))
- [7] 3GPP TS 32.652: "Telecommunication management; Configuration Management (CM); GERAN network resources Integration Reference Point (IRP): Network Resource Model (NRM)". ([not in doc](#))

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## 3 Definitions and abbreviations

### 3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following terms and definitions apply.

**data:** any information or set of information required to give software or equipment or combinations thereof a specific state of functionality

**Element Manager (EM):** provides a package of end-user functions for management of a set of closely related types of Network Elements (NEs). These functions can be divided into two main categories:

- *Element Management Functions* for management of NEs on an individual basis. These are basically the same functions as supported by the corresponding local terminals.

- *Sub-Network Management Functions* that are related to a network model for a set of NEs constituting a clearly defined sub-network, which may include relations between the NEs. This model enables additional functions on the sub-network level (typically in the areas of network topology presentation, alarm correlation, service impact analysis and circuit provisioning).

**IRP:** see 3GPP TS 32.101 [1].

**IRP Information Model:** see 3GPP TS 32.101 [1].

**IRP Information Service:** see 3GPP TS 32.101 [1].

**IRP Solution Set:** see 3GPP TS 32.101 [1].

**Managed Object (MO):** an abstract entity, which may be accessed through an open interface between two or more systems, and representing a Network Resource (NR) for the purpose of management. The Managed Object (MO) is an instance of a Managed Object Class (MOC) as defined in a Management Information Model (MIM). The MIM does not define how the MO or NR is implemented; only what can be seen in the interface.

**Managed Object Class (MOC):** a description of all the common characteristics for a number of MOs, such as their attributes, operations, notifications and behaviour.

**Managed Object Instance (MOD):** an instance of a MOC, which is the same as a MO as described above.

**Management Information Base (MIB):** the set of existing managed objects in a management domain, together with their attributes, constitutes that management domain's MIB. The MIB may be distributed over several OS/NEs.

**Management Information Model (MIM):** also referred to as NRM - see the definition below. There is a slight difference between the meaning of MIM and NRM - the term MIM is generic and can be used to denote any type of management model, while NRM denotes the model of the actual managed telecommunications Network Resources (NRs).

**Network Element (NE):** is a discrete telecommunications entity, which can be, managed over a specific interface e.g. the RNC.

**Network Manager (NM):** provides a package of end-user functions with the responsibility for the management of a network, mainly as supported by the EM(s) but it may also involve direct access to the NEs. All communication with the network is based on open and well-standardised interfaces supporting management of multi-vendor and multi-technology NEs.

**Network Resource (NR):** a component of a NE, which can be identified as a discrete separate entity and is in an object oriented environment for the purpose of management represented by an abstract entity called Managed Object (MO).

**Network Resource Model (NRM):** a model representing the actual managed telecommunications Network Resources (NRs) that a System is providing through the subject IRP. An NRM describes Managed Object Classes (MOC), their associations, attributes and operations. The NRM is also referred to as "MIM" (see above) which originates from the ITU-T TMN.

**Object Management Group (OMG):** see <http://www.omg.org>.

**Operations System (OS):** indicates a generic management system, independent of its location level within the management hierarchy.

## 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

CM	Configuration Management
CMIP	Common Management Information Protocol
CORBA	Common Object Request Broker Architecture
EM	Element Manager
FM	Fault Management
IRP	Integration Reference Point
IS	Information Service (see [1])
ITU-T	International Telecommunication Union, Telecommunication Standardisation Sector

MIB	Management Information Base
MIM	Management Information Model
MOC	Managed Object Class
MOI	Managed Object Instance
NE	Network Element
NM	Network Manager
NR	Network Resource
NRM	Network Resource Model
OMG	Object Management Group
OS	Operations System
PM	Performance Management
TM	Telecom Management
TMN	Telecommunications Management Network
UML	Unified Modelling Language (OMG)
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System

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## 4 Inventory Management (IM) concepts

The main task of the 3G network inventory management is to manage network inventory information about the various static resources of a 3G mobile telecommunication network. It provides support to network planning, to network operation and maintenance and to working craft management. Inventory management functions are distributed over different layers of a Telecommunications Management Network (TMN). The main task of the inventory management function at Itf-N is to provide an efficient access for network management systems to the static inventory data of all related managed network elements.

The basic tasks of the Inventory Management IRP of this release is:

- to provide an efficient mechanism enabling IRPManagers to upload inventory data as follows:
  - request an IRPAgent to prepare inventory data of a certain part of the current network for uploading;
  - to check the status of data preparation in the IRPAgent;
  - to request the IRPAgent to alert the IRPManager when the data preparation is completed; and to
  - upload the prepared inventory data;
- to provide a standard data format so that all IRPManagers and IRPAgents involved have a common understanding of the uploaded inventory data.

The inventory data:

- is static data about the hardware equipment and firmware units (e.g. line cards, processing units, power supplies) constructing the network elements managed by the concerned element manager. Static data is the data which:
  - is usually provided by vendors and is basically vendor-specific;
  - is basically independent of the operation status of the related equipment/units;
  - is not changed frequently during the normal operation;
  - cannot be changed through Itf-N interface; and is
  - basically independent of configuration management;
- may either be integrated in the related equipment/units or be assigned to the related equipment/units during the installation or during operation;
- may include data showing static physical relations between equipment or units, e.g. card A is in slot B.



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## 5 Requirements

### 5.1 General requirements

The present document defines requirements for the IS for this IRP. As such, capabilities specified here as being required in the IS are not necessarily required in the product implementation. That which is required in the product implementation will be specified in the IS itself.

The following general and high-level requirements apply for the present IRP:

- A. IRP-related requirements in 3GPP TS 32.101 [1];
- B. IRP-related requirements in 3GPP TS 32.102 [2];
- C. IRP-related requirements in 3GPP TS 32.600 [3].

### 5.2 Inventory Management (IM) requirements

The following requirements shall apply for Inventory Management over Itf-N.

1. Inventory data is defined as information pertaining to HW (FW), and optionally SW units of 3G Networks, and shall be manageable. The management of SW unit information should be similar to the management of HW (FW) information. Examples of inventory data are described in Annex A.
2. It shall be possible for the IRPManager to initiate the upload (IRPAgent to IRPManager) of inventory data over Itf-N.
3. It shall be possible to scope the inventory data to be uploaded from the IRPAgent, e.g. inventory data for a NodeB, an RNC, or all the NEs managed by the IRPAgent. (FFS for Rel-6)
4. It shall be possible to filter the inventory data to be uploaded from the IRPAgent, e.g. HW units of a certain type in the network. (FFS for Rel-6)
5. Inventory data shall contain information about the physical topology of the 3G Network; that is, this information will provide the mapping of interface HW units to “link” type objects IubLink, IurLink, IucsLink, etc. (FFS for Rel-6).
6. Interface-N may support generation of notifications when Inventory Units are changed (e.g. when a Inventory Unit is installed). Support of this notification is dependent on the type of Inventory Unit.(FFS for Rel-6)
7. It shall be possible to check the status of an Inventory Management operation.
8. Interface-N shall support basic operations for obtaining inventory data (e.g. Get operation). (FFS for Rel-6).
9. Interface-N shall support a file based mechanism for transferring inventory data.
10. The file format used for transferring of bulk inventory data shall include a standard part and shall also allow for vendor specific representation of inventory data. The meaning, syntax, units, etc. of the standard part of inventory information will be specified, e.g. standard fields for HW board identity (including version number of HW/SW/FW), board type and serial number.
11. A Network Resource Model shall be defined for the standard part of inventory data.
12. As the files are transferred via a machine-machine interface, the file format shall be machine readable using industry standard tools, e.g. XML or ASN.1 parsers.
13. The file format shall be specified by using a standardised language, e.g. the Extensible Mark-up Language (XML).
14. The file format shall be independent of the data transfer protocol used to carry the file from one system to another.
15. The file transfer facility shall be implemented using a file transfer protocol as defined in [1].

16. The identification of IOC instances shall be consistent with Alarm Reporting and the Network Resource Models used for Configuration Management.

All inventory units shall be uniquely identifiable.

## Annex A (Informative): Examples of Inventory data

Inventory data is described in Table A.1. A Managed Element is also referred to as a Network Element (NE).

**Table A.1 : Description of Inventory data items**

Inventory data item	Description of item	Additional Information on what an operator will do with this item
Managed Element data		
Managed Element id	Corresponds to the Managed Element MOC in CM NRM.	
Managed Element type	Corresponds to the Managed Element MOC attribute in CM NRM.	
User label	Corresponds to the Managed Element MOC attribute in CM NRM.	
Vendor name	Corresponds to the Managed Element MOC attribute in CM NRM.	
SW Version	Corresponds to the Managed Element MOC attribute in CM NRM.	
Location name	Location of site containing Managed Element. Corresponds to the Managed Element MOC attribute in CM NRM.	Useful for maintenance activity, asset location.
HW VersionInformation	HW version information of all hardware supporting this Managed Element.	
Serial number	Serial number of all hardware supporting this Managed Element.	
HW unit data		
HW unit id	Uniquely identifies the HW unit (e.g. board).	The HW unit id shall be used for administering and locating a unit unambiguously in an operator's network
HW unit type	The type of the HW unit in descriptive form, e.g. mnemonic.	
Managed Element id	The Managed Element containing the HW unit. Corresponds to the Managed Element MOC in CM NRM.	
Managed Element type	Corresponds to the Managed Element MOC attribute in CM NRM.	
User label	Corresponds to the Managed Element MOC attribute in CM NRM.	
Vendor name	Manufacturer/Vendor of HW unit.	
Serial number	Serial number of HW unit.	
Version number	Version number of HW unit.	
Date of Manufacture	Date of manufacture of HW unit.	
Date of last service	Date of the last service by the vendor.	
Unit position	Position of HW unit with reference to rack, shelf and slot id.	Useful for maintenance activity, asset location.
FW information	Information related to FW in HW unit.	
Topology information	Remote unit connected to HW unit (e.g. port information).	Allows an operator to build up the physical topology (connection list) based on port information.
Corresponding MOCs in CM NRM	Mapping of HW unit to corresponding MOC(s) in CM NRM.	
Manufacturer specific data	Manufacturer specific proprietary information for HW unit.	
Vendor unit type number	Vendor or manufacturer specific number of the HW unit which uniquely identifies the unit type and version.	Shall be used for maintenance, repair and logistic purposes and identifies, for example, replacement units.
SW unit data		
SW unit id	Uniquely identifies the SW package.	The SW unit id shall be used for administering the SW running in NEs.
Vendor name	Manufacturer/Vendor of SW unit.	
Version number	Version number of SW unit.	
Manufacturer specific data	Manufacturer specific proprietary information for SW unit.	

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## Annex B (informative): Change history

Change history							
Date	TSG #	TSG Doc.	CR	Rev	Subject/Comment	Old	New
Sep 2003	S_21	SP-030426	--	--	Submitted to TSG SA#21 for Information	1.0.0	