



## 4.2.7.1.2.2 Turbo encoded TrCHs

If repetition is to be performed on turbo encoded TrCHs, i.e.  $DN_{i,j} > 0$ , the parameters in section 4.2.7.1.2.1 are used.

If puncturing is to be performed, the parameters below shall be used. Index  $b$  is used to indicate systematic ( $b=1$ ), 1<sup>st</sup> parity ( $b=2$ ), and 2<sup>nd</sup> parity bit ( $b=3$ ).

$a=2$  when  $b=2$

$a=1$  when  $b=3$

$$\Delta N_i = \begin{cases} \lfloor \Delta N_{i,j} / 2 \rfloor, & b = 2 \\ \lfloor \Delta N_{i,j} / 2 \rfloor, & b = 3 \end{cases}$$

If  $\Delta N_i$  is calculated as 0 for  $b=2$  or  $b=3$ , then the following procedure and the rate matching algorithm of section 4.2.7.5 don't need to be performed for the corresponding parity bit stream.

$$X_i = \lfloor N_{i,j} / 3 \rfloor,$$

$$q = \lfloor X_i / \Delta N_i \rfloor$$

if( $q \leq 2$ )

for  $x=0$  to  $F_i-1$

$$S[\text{I}_F[(3x+b-1) \bmod F_i]] = x \bmod 2;$$

end for

else

if  $q$  is even

then  $q' = q - \text{gcd}(q, F_i) / F_i$  -- where  $\text{gcd}(q, F_i)$  means greatest common divisor of  $q$  and  $F_i$   
-- note that  $q'$  is not an integer, but a multiple of  $1/8$

else  $q' = q$

endif

for  $x=0$  to  $F_i - 1$

$$r = \lceil x * q' \rceil \bmod F_i;$$

$$S[\text{I}_F[(3r+b-1) \bmod F_i]] = \lceil x * q' \rceil \text{div } F_i;$$

endfor

endif

For each radio frame, the rate-matching pattern is calculated with the algorithm in section 4.2.7.5, where:

$X_i$  is as above,

$$e_{\text{ini}} = (a \cdot S(n_i) \cdot \Delta N_i + X_i) \bmod (a \cdot X_i), \text{ if } e_{\text{ini}} = 0 \text{ then } e_{\text{ini}} = a \cdot X_i.$$

$$e_{\text{plus}} = a \cdot X_i$$

$$e_{\text{minus}} = a \cdot \lfloor \Delta N_i \rfloor$$