## TSGR1#10(00)0217

San Diego, USA February 29 – March 3, 2000

Agenda item:	
Source:	Nokia
Title:	CR 25215-038: Removal of physical channel BER measurement in downlink
Document for:	Decision

In RRM Adhoc [1] that took place on February 9<sup>th</sup>-11<sup>th</sup> it was agreed that physical channel BER measured in the UE is not a good measure for outer loop PC purposes. In RAN WG2 specification physical channel BER is defined only as a quality target for outer loop PC. In addition to this quality measure no other uses for UE measured BER are stated in WG2. Thus, it can be removed from WG1 specification as a useless measurement.

In this CR it is proposed that physical channel BER measurement in UE is removed from TS 25.215.

### **References:**

[1] RRM AdHoc meeting minutes (9th-11th February), RPA000064

3GPP TSG RAN WG1 Meeting #11 San Diego, USA, Feb 29 – Mar 03, 2000

	Document R1-00-0217 e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx
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		25.215	CR	038	Cur	rrent Versio	n: <mark>3.1.0</mark>	
GSM (AA.BB) or 3G	G (AA.BBB) specifica	tion number $\uparrow$		↑ CR n	number as alloc	cated by MCC si	upport team	
For submission	to: TSG-RA	N #7 for ap	oproval mation	X		strateg non-strateg	jic (for S jic use o	MG only)
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Source:	Nokia					Date:	2000-02-17	
Subject:	Removal of	Physical channel	<mark>I BER m</mark>	easuremer	nt in UE			
Work item:								
Category:FA(only one categoryshall be marked(with an X)	<ul> <li>Correction</li> <li>Correspond</li> <li>Addition of</li> <li>Functional no</li> <li>Editorial mod</li> </ul>	s to a correction i feature modification of fea odification	in an ea ature	rlier release	÷	<u>Release:</u>	Phase 2 Release 96 Release 97 Release 98 Release 99 Release 00	X
<u>Reason for</u> change:	It has been ensure the r is removed	shown that Physic equired performa from the specifica	cal chan ince for e ations.	nel BER, m outer loop p	neasured f power con	from DPDC trol. Thus th	H, does not his measuren	nent
Clauses affecte	<u>d:</u> 5.1.9 F	Physical channel I	BER					
<u>Other specs</u> <u>Affected:</u>	Other 3G cord Other GSM c specificati MS test speci BSS test speci O&M specific	e specifications ore ons fications cifications ations		<ul> <li>→ List of C</li> </ul>	Rs: Rs: Rs: Rs: Rs: Rs:			
<u>Other</u> comments:								

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Definition	Received Signal Strength Indicator, the wide-band received power within the relevant channel bandwidth. Measurement shall be performed on a GSM BCCH carrier. The reference point for the RSSI is the antenna connector at the UE.
Applicable for	Idle, Connected Inter
Range/mapping	According to the definition of RXLEV in GSM 05.08.

## 5.1.7 CPICH Ec/No

Definition	The received energy per chip divided by the power density in the band. The Ec/No is identical to RSCP/RSSI. Measurement shall be performed on the Primary CPICH. The reference point for Ec/No is the antenna connector at the UE.
Applicable for	Idle, Connected Intra, Connected Inter
Range/mapping	CPICH Ec/No is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-24,, 0] dB. CPICH Ec/No shall be reported in the unit CPICH_Ec/No where:
	CPICH_Ec/No _00: CPICH Ec/No < -24 dB
	CPICH_Ec/No _01: -24 dB $\leq$ CPICH Ec/No < -23 dB
	CPICH_Ec/No _02: -23 dB $\leq$ CPICH Ec/No < -22 dB
	CPICH_Ec/No _23: -2 dB ≤ CPICH Ec/No < -1 dB
	CPICH_Ec/No _24: -1 dB $\leq$ CPICH Ec/No < 0 dB
	CPICH_Ec/No _25: 0 dB $\leq$ CPICH Ec/No

#### Transport channel BLER 5.1.8

Definition	Estimation of the transport channel block error rate (BLER). The BLER estimation shall be based on evaluating the CRC on each transport block after RL combination. BLER estimation is only required for transport channels containing CRC. In connected mode the BLER shall be possible to measure on any transport channel. If requested in idle mode it shall be possible to measure the BLER on transport channel PCH.
Applicable for	Idle, Connected Intra
Range/mapping	The Transport channel BLER shall be reported for $0 \le T$ ransport channel BLER $\le 1$ in the unit BLER_dB where:
	BLER_dB_00: Transport channel BLER = 0
	BLER_dB_01: -∞ < Log10(Transport channel BLER) < -4.03
	BLER_dB_02: -4.03 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BLER) < -3.965
	BLER_dB_03: -3.965 $\leq$ Log10(Transport channel BLER) < -3.9
	 BLER_dB_61: -0.195 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BLER) < -0.13
	BLER_dB_62: -0.13 ≤ Log10(Transport channel BLER) < -0.065
	BLER_dB_63: -0.065 $\leq$ Log10(Transport channel BLER) $\leq$ 0

### 5.1.9

5.1.9 Physical channel BER		
<del>Definition</del>	The physical channel BER is an estimation of the average bit error rate (BER) before channel decoding of the DPDCH data after RL combination. At most it shall be possible to report a physical channel BER estimate at the end of each TTI for the transferred TrCh's, e.g. for TrCh's with a TTI of x ms a x ms averaged physical channel BER shall be possible to report every x ms.	
Applicable for	Connected Intra	

Range/mapping	The Physical channel BER shall be reported for $0 \le Physical channel BER \le 1$ in the unit BER_dB where:
	BER_dB_00: Physical channel BER = 0
	BER_dB_01: -∞ < Log10(Physical channel BER) < -4.03
	BER_dB_02: -4.03 ≤ Log10(Physical channel BER) < -3.965
	BER_dB_03: -3.965 ≤ Log10(Physical channel BER) < -3.9
	BER_dB_61: -0.195 ≤ Log10(Physical channel BER) < -0.13
	BER_dB_62: -0.13 ≤ Log10(Physical channel BER) < -0.065
	BER_dB_63: -0.065 ≤ Log10(Physical channel BER) ≤ 0

# 5.1.<u>9</u>40 UE transmitted power

Definition	The total UE transmitted power on one carrier. The reference point for the UE transmitted power shall be the UE antenna connector.
Applicable for	Connected Intra
Range/mapping	UE transmitted power is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-50,, 33] dBm. UE transmitted power shall be reported in the unit UE_TX_POWER where:
	UE_TX_POWER _021: -50 dBm $\leq$ UE transmitted power < -49 dBm UE_TX_POWER _022: -49 dBm $\leq$ UE transmitted power < -48 dBm UE_TX_POWER _023: -48 dBm $\leq$ UE transmitted power < -47 dBm  UE_TX_POWER _102 31 dBm $\leq$ UE transmitted power < 32 dBm UE_TX_POWER _103: 32 dBm $\leq$ UE transmitted power < 33 dBm UE_TX_POWER _104: 33 dBm $\leq$ UE transmitted power < 34 dBm

# 5.1.104 CFN-SFN observed time difference

Definition	The CFN-SFN observed time difference to cell is defined as: OFF×38400+ T <sub>m</sub> , where: T <sub>m</sub> = T <sub>RxSFN</sub> - (T <sub>UETx</sub> -T <sub>0</sub> ), given in chip units with the range [0, 1,, 38399] chips T <sub>UETx</sub> is the time when the UE transmits an uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame. T <sub>0</sub> is defined in TS 25.211 section 7.1.3. T <sub>RxSFN</sub> is time at the beginning of the next received neighbouring P-CCPCH frame after the time instant T <sub>UETx</sub> -T <sub>0</sub> in the UE. If the next neighbouring P-CCPCH frame is received exactly at T <sub>UETx</sub> - T <sub>0</sub> then T <sub>RxSFN</sub> =T <sub>UETx</sub> -T <sub>0</sub> (which leads to T <sub>m</sub> =0). and OFF=(CFN <sub>Tx</sub> -SFN) mod 256, given in number of frames with the range [0, 1,, 255] frames CFN <sub>Tx</sub> is the connection frame number for the UE transmission of an uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame at the time T <sub>UETx</sub> . SFN = the system frame number for the neighbouring P-CCPCH frame received in the UE at the time T <sub>RxSFN</sub> . In case the inter-frequency measurement is done with compressed mode, the value for the parameter OFF is always reported to be 0. In case that the SFN measurement indicator indicates that the UE does not need to read cell SFN of the target neighbour cell, the value of the parameter OFF is always be set to 0.
	Note: In Compressed mode it is not required to read cell SFN of the target neighbour cell.
Applicable for	Connected Inter, Connected Intra
Range/mapping	Time difference is given with the resolution of one chip with the range [0,, 9830399] chips.

## 5.1.112 SFN-SFN observed time difference

Definition	Type 1:
	The SFN-SFN observed time difference to cell is defined as: OFF×38400+ T <sub>m</sub> , where:
	$T_m = T_{RxSFNi} - T_{RxSFNj}$ , given in chip units with the range [0, 1,, 38399] chips
	T <sub>RxSFNj</sub> is the time at the beginning of a received neighbouring P-CCPCH frame from cell j.
	T <sub>RxSFNi</sub> is time at the beginning of the next received neighbouring P-CCPCH frame from cell i
	after the time instant T <sub>RxSFNj</sub> in the UE. If the next neighbouring P-CCPCH frame is received
	exactly at $T_{RxSFNj}$ then $T_{RxSFNj}$ = $T_{RxSFNi}$ (which leads to $T_m$ =0).
	and
	OFF=(SFN <sub>i</sub> - SFN <sub>i</sub> ) mod 256, given in number of frames with the range [0, 1,, 255] frames
	$SFN_j$ = the system frame number for downlink P-CCPCH frame from cell j in the UE at the time
	SFN <sub>i</sub> = the system frame number for the P-CCPCH frame from cell i received in the UE at the
	The relative timing difference between cell i and cell i defined on T
	The relative timing difference between cell j and cell i, defined as $\Gamma_{CPICHRxi}$ - $\Gamma_{CPICHRxi}$ , where.
	Teners is the time when the LE receives the Primary CPICH slot from cell i that is closest in
	time to the Primary CPICH slot received from cell i
Applicable for	Type 1: Idle. Connected Intra
	Type 2: Idle, Connected Intra, Connected Inter
Range/mapping	<b>Type 1:</b> Time difference is given with a resolution of one chip with the range [0,, 9830399]
	chips.
	<b>Type 2:</b> Time difference is given with a resolution of 0.25 chip with the range [-1279.75,,
	[1280] chips.

## 5.1.123 UE Rx-Tx time difference

Definition	The difference in time between the UE uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame transmission and the first significant path, of the downlink DPCH frame from the measured radio link. Measurement shall be made for each cell included in the active set.
Applicable for	Connected Intra
Range/mapping	The UE Rx-Tx time difference is given with the resolution of 0.25 chip with the range [876,, 1172] chips.

## 5.1.1<u>3</u>4 Observed time difference to GSM cell

Definition	The Observed time difference to GSM cell is defined as: $T_{RxGSMj} - T_{RxSFNi}$ , where: $T_{RxSFNi}$ is the time at the beginning of the P-CCPCH frame with SFN=0 from cell i. $T_{RxGSMj}$ is the time at the beginning of the GSM BCCH 51-multiframe from GSM frequency j received closest in time after the time $T_{RxSFNi}$ . If the next GSM multiframe is received exactly at $T_{RxSFNi}$ then $T_{RxGSMj} = T_{RxSFNi}$ (which leads to $T_{RxGSMj} - T_{RxSFNi} = 0$ ). The timing measurement shall reflect the timing situation when the most recent (in time) P-CCPCH with SFN=0 was received in the UE.
Applicable for	Idle, Connected Inter
Range/mapping	The Observed time difference to GSM cell is given with the resolution of 3060/(4096*13) ms with the range [0,, 3060/13-3060/(4096*13)] ms.

## 5.1.145 UE GPS Timing of Cell Frames for LCS

Definition	The timing between cell j and GPS Time Of Week. $T_{UE-GPSj}$ is defined as the time of occurrence of a specified UTRAN event according to GPS time. The specified UTRAN event is the beginning of a particular frame (identified through its SFN) in the first significant multipath of the cell j CPICH, where cell j is a cell within the active set.
Applicable for	Connected Intra, Connected Inter

Range/mapping	The resolution of $T_{UE-GPSj}$ is 1µS. The range is from 0 to 6.04×10 <sup>11</sup> µS.