**3GPP TSG-RAN WG1 #105-e R1-210xxxx**

**e-Meeting, May 10th – 27th, 2021**

**Source: Apple Inc.**

**Title: Feature Lead summary #1 for NRU RRM Operation**

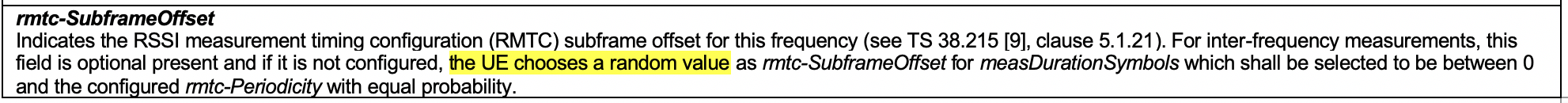
**Agenda item:** **7.2.2**

**Document for:** **Discussion and Decision**

# 1 Introduction

One LS [1] was received from RAN2 about the random subframe offset value generation for NR-U RRM measurement, if *rmtc-SubframeOffset* is not configured.

In TS38.331, it defines if rmtc-SubframeOffset is not configured, the UE chooses a random value. But it’s not clear if this random value generation is performed per rmtc-Periodicity, or per every reportInterval configured in ReportConfigNR, or upon every RRCReconfiguration message.



Previously RAN2 merely followed the agreement on LAA made in RAN1 [1], which was then inherited into NR-U. Thus, RAN2 would like to respectfully request RAN1’s understanding on this issue. In addition, it would be helpful for RAN1 to let RAN2 know if the same understanding should be applied to LAA as well.

**Q1:** When *rmtc-SubframeOffset* is not configured, should UE generate the random value per *rmtc-Periodicity*, or per every *reportInterval* configured in *ReportConfigNR,* or upon every *RRCReconfiguration* message?

**Q2:** Should the potential understanding achieved for Q1 apply to LAA as well?

This document summarizes the relevant contributions made under Agenda Item 5 and Agenda Item 7.2.2 of RAN1 #105-e for random subframe offset value generation for NR-U RRM measurement.

Follow the naming convention in this example:

* NRU-04-v000.docx
* NRU-04-v001-CompanyA.docx
* NRU-04-v002-CompanyA-CompanyB.docx
* NRU-04-v003-CompanyB-CompanyC.docx

# 2. Discussions

The purpose of configuring the UE to perform RSSI measurements is to enable the gNB to detect if the UE suffers from interference from a hidden node.

The RSSI measurement configuration consists of the following IE in which the UE is configured with an RSSI measurment periodicity *rmtc-Periodicity* (40, 80, 160, 320, or 640 ms) and potentially a subframe offset *rmtc-SubframeOffset* (0 .. 640 ms). The latter indicates the first subframe within the periodicity for which the RSSI measurement starts. The parameter *rmtc-SubframeOffset* is optional, and according to the current spec, the subframe offset is randomized if this parameter is not configured.

RMTC-Config-r16 ::= SEQUENCE {

rmtc-Periodicity-r16 ENUMERATED {ms40, ms80, ms160, ms320, ms640},

rmtc-SubframeOffset-r16 INTEGER(0..639) OPTIONAL, -- Need M

measDurationSymbols-r16 ENUMERATED {sym1, sym14or12, sym28or24, sym42or36, sym70or60},

rmtc-Frequency-r16 ARFCN-ValueNR,

ref-SCS-CP-r16 ENUMERATED {kHz15, kHz30, kHz60-NCP, kHz60-ECP},

...

}

In case the subframe offset parameter is not configured, it can be beneficial to randomize the subframe offset to increase the chances of measuring a hidden node with potentially asynchronous interference. RAN2 found the field description ambiguous and seeks for RAN1’s guideline on how to exactly determine the value for *RMTC-SubframeOffset* if it is not explicitly configured.

Three options were identified by RAN2 as listed in [1]:

* Opt.1: Per rmtc-Periodicity.
* Opt.2: Per every reportInterval configured in ReportConfigNR.
* Opt.3: Upon every RRCReconfiguration message

The views from companies were a bit split as summarized in Table 1:

**Table 1: Views on ‘rmtc-SubframeOffset’ value for NRU RRM Measurement**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| # | Companies | Reasoning | # Companies |
| Opt.1: Per rmtc-Periodicity. | Ericsson [2]  ZTE [3][4]  LGE [7]  Vivo [8]  Apple [10] | * Beneficial to randomize the subframe offset as often as possible to increase the chances of measuring a hidden node with potentially asynchronous interference and Opt.2 is NOT sufficient [2] [3] [4][7][10] | 5 |
| Opt.2: Per every reportInterval configured in ReportConfigNR. | None |  |  |
| Opt.3: Upon every RRCReconfiguration message | None |  |  |
| Opt.4: left for UE implementation | Nokia [5]  Samsung [6]  Huawei [9]  Apple [10] | * How UE generates the random value is unknown at gNB/eNB and it makes little sense to specify the exact UE behaviour [5]. * Keep a same handling for LAA and NRU for UE implementation [6] | 4 |

Another question asked in RAN2 LS [1] is whether the common understanding, if achieved in RAN1, is applicable for LAA.

In RAN1 100 e-meeting, the following was agreed to reuse the LTE-LAA RRM measurement framework for NRU:

|  |
| --- |
| Agreement in RAN1 #100-e, Feb 2020:  Keep value range for rmtc-Period-r16 and rmtc-SubframeOffset-r16 the same as for LTE-LAA. |

Companies’ views on applicable for LAA are summarized in Table 2 below:

**Table 2: Views on ‘*rmtc-SubframeOffset’* value for LAA RRM Measurement**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| # | Companies | Reasoning | # Companies |
| Opt.1: left to UE implementation | Ericsson [2]  Nokia [5]  Samsung [6]  Huawei [9]  Apple [10] | * There are deployed networks in the field, and there could be a risk for non-backward compatible changes [2][6]. * RRM measurement itself is UE-implementation-specific [2] | 5 |
| Opt.2: Same understanding is applied for LAA. | ZTE [3][4]  Samsung [6]  LGE [7]  Vivo [8]  Apple [10] | * NRU RRM framework is inherited from LTE LAA [3][4][7][10]. | 5 |

As mentioned by proponent of Opt.1 in Table 2 for LAA, one important fact to be considered is that LTE LAA products have been in the field, which makes almost impossible to change the LTE specification to define new UE behaviours. Hence, Opt.1 in Table 2 i.e., leaving it for UE implementation seems the only wayforward to address this issue for LAA.

For NRU, a same UE behavior is preferable such that a UE behaviour is consistent, and implementation may be simplified. Given the fact that RRM measurement for NRU is inherited from LAA, it sounds wired if we define UE behavior for NRU and left for UE implementation for LAA.

Having said that, moderator still listed all possible combinations and ask companies for inputs:

**Moderator Question 2-1:**

**When *RMTC-SubframeOffset* is not configured, which of the following alternatives is preferred to reply RAN2? Please also kindly indicate which Alternative is NOT acceptable and why, to make discussion more efficient.**

* **Alt.1:** 
  + **For NR-U, the random offset value is generated per rmtc-Periodicity.**
  + **For LAA, the generation method for the random offset is up to UE’s implementation.**
* **Alt.2:** 
  + **The random offset is generated per rmtc-Periodicity.**
  + **The generation method is applicable to both Rel-13 LAA and Rel-16 NR-U.**
* **Alt.3:** 
  + **The generation method for the random offset is up to UE’s implementation.**
  + **The generation method is applicable to both Rel-13 LAA and Rel-16 NR-U.**

Companies are invited to provide inputs in the table below:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Altnatives** | **Comments** |
| Example: Company A | Alt.3 is preferred.  Alt.2 is not acceptable. |  |
| Samsung | Alt 3 is preferred.  Alt 2 is not acceptable.  Alt 1 is not preferable. | The random offset CAN be generated per rmtc-Periodicity to avoid periodic interference, but not necessarily mandated to be per rmtc-Periodicity. The use case of not configuring a value of the offset from the network side is that network is not aware/sure of the periodic interference, and ask UE to handle it. In this case, UE is the best judger for generating the value of the interference, and whether and how to generate the value should be up to UE’s implementation.  The above understanding of LAA should be carried over to NR-U, since there is no explicit new agreement to override it. That’s why Alt 3 is preferred, and Alt 2 is not acceptable (NBC issue). Alt 1 is not preferable since it causes different UE behaviour of LAA and NR-U without explicit support of such agreement, and also has spec impact.  We also corrected one view in the summary table, and actually Option 1 and Option 2 in Table 2 are not exclusive to each other. |
| Nokia, NSB | Alt 3 is preferable  Alt 2 is not acceptable.  Alt 1 is not acceptable. | Since the random offset value that the UE generates is anyhow unknown to the network, it is unclear if changing the value more or less frequently provides any meaningful benefit. As this was not seen as an issue for LAA, we do not see why things should be changed for NR either. For LAA, it is obviously way too late to discuss a change to UE behaviour, and also for NR-U, there is no reason to deviate from the same approach as used in LAA.  Given the above, we think no CR is needed. |

Regarding the specification impacts, contributions [6][9] discussed this aspect and different views are indicated. Contribution [6] indicates that there is no specification impact assuming left for UE implementation. Although contribution [9] has a same preference to left for UE implementation, some potential specification change on TS 38.331 is observed. In general, it should be sufficient to provide RAN1 response as discussed in Question 1 and leave specification impact analysis to RAN2 by considering RAN1 reply.

# 3. Conclusion

<TBD>

# References

1. R1-2104163 LS to RAN1 on random value generation for RMTC-SubframeOffs, RAN2.
2. [R1-2104459](file:///C:\Users\wanshic\OneDrive%20-%20Qualcomm\Documents\Standards\3GPP%20Standards\Meeting%20Documents\TSGR1_105\Docs\R1-2104459.zip) Discussion on LS from RAN2 on random value generation for RMTC-SubframeOffset Ericsson
3. [R1-2104838](file:///C:\Users\wanshic\OneDrive%20-%20Qualcomm\Documents\Standards\3GPP%20Standards\Meeting%20Documents\TSGR1_105\Docs\R1-2104838.zip) Draft reply LS on RMTC-subframeoffset ZTE, Sanechips
4. [R1-2104839](file:///C:\Users\wanshic\OneDrive%20-%20Qualcomm\Documents\Standards\3GPP%20Standards\Meeting%20Documents\TSGR1_105\Docs\R1-2104839.zip) Discussion on the random value generation for RMTC-subframeoffset ZTE, Sanechips
5. [R1-2105271](file:///C:\Users\wanshic\OneDrive%20-%20Qualcomm\Documents\Standards\3GPP%20Standards\Meeting%20Documents\TSGR1_105\Docs\R1-2105271.zip) Discussion on RAN2 LS on random value generation for RMTC-SubframeOffset Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell
6. [R1-2105279](file:///C:\Users\wanshic\OneDrive%20-%20Qualcomm\Documents\Standards\3GPP%20Standards\Meeting%20Documents\TSGR1_105\Docs\R1-2105279.zip) Discussion on the random value generation for RMTC-SubframeOffset Samsung
7. [R1-2105414](file:///C:\Users\wanshic\OneDrive%20-%20Qualcomm\Documents\Standards\3GPP%20Standards\Meeting%20Documents\TSGR1_105\Docs\R1-2105414.zip) Discussion on RAN2 LS on random value generation for RMTC-SubframeOffset LG Electronics
8. [R1-2105450](file:///C:\Users\wanshic\OneDrive%20-%20Qualcomm\Documents\Standards\3GPP%20Standards\Meeting%20Documents\TSGR1_105\Docs\R1-2105450.zip) Draft Reply LS on random value generation for RMTC-SubframeOffset vivo
9. [R1-2105933](file:///C:\Users\wanshic\OneDrive%20-%20Qualcomm\Documents\Standards\3GPP%20Standards\Meeting%20Documents\TSGR1_105\Docs\R1-2105933.zip) Discussion on random value generation for rmtc-SubframeOffset Huawei, HiSilicon
10. R1-2105080 Clarification on NR-U RRM measurement operation Apple