

**Quebec, Canada, 1 - 3 June 2005**

<b>Title</b>	<b>CRs to 34.123-3 (Prose part not Annex A) for approval</b>
<b>Source</b>	<b>3GPP TSG RAN WG5 (Testing)</b>
<b>Agenda Item</b>	<b>7.6.5</b>

WG Tdoc	Spec	CR	R	Cat	Rel	Curr Ver	Title	Work Item
R5-050639	34.123-3	1334	-	F	Rel-5	5.0.0	Correction to specification version references	TEI
R5-050955	34.123-3	1335	-	F	Rel-5	5.0.0	Modifying AT Commands, ASPs, TSOs and PIXITs	TEI
R5-050975	34.123-3	1336	-	F	Rel-5	5.0.0	HSDPA ASP Modification	TEI
R5-050980	34.123-3	1337	-	F	Rel-5	5.0.0	Modifying G_L2_SYSINFO_REQ ASP	TEI
R5-050983	34.123-3	1338	-	F	Rel-5	5.0.0	CR to 34.123-3 Rel-5: Addition of a new ASP required for test case tc_8_1_7_1d	TEI

## CHANGE REQUEST

# 34.123-3 CR 1334 # rev - # Current version: 5.0.0 #

For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the # symbols.

**Proposed change affects:** # UICC apps # ME  Radio Access Network  Core Network

<b>Title:</b>	# Correction to specification version references	
<b>Source:</b>	# 3GPP TSG RAN WG5 (Testing)	
<b>Work item code:</b>	# TEI	<b>Date:</b> # 12/04/2005
<b>Category:</b>	# F	<b>Release:</b> # Rel-5
Use <u>one</u> of the following categories: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <b>F</b> (correction) <input type="checkbox"/> <b>A</b> (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) <input type="checkbox"/> <b>B</b> (addition of feature), <input type="checkbox"/> <b>C</b> (functional modification of feature) <input type="checkbox"/> <b>D</b> (editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP <a href="#">TR 21.900</a> .		
Use <u>one</u> of the following releases: 2 (GSM Phase 2) <input type="checkbox"/> R96 (Release 1996) <input type="checkbox"/> R97 (Release 1997) <input type="checkbox"/> R98 (Release 1998) <input type="checkbox"/> R99 (Release 1999) <input type="checkbox"/> Rel-4 (Release 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Rel-5 (Release 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Rel-6 (Release 6)		

**Reason for change:** # T1#26 discussed about the applicable specification version references mentioned in 34.123-3. There was no clear conclusion to the discussion but this CR proposes to align the references to the ones used in TS 34.121.

**Summary of change:** # 

- “later than R99” references replaced with “Rel-4 or later”
- “later than r4” references replaced with “Rel-5 or later”

**Consequences if not approved:** # Unclear specification.

<b>Clauses affected:</b>	# Table of Contents, 6.12, 7.3, 8.2, 8.3, 8.11a								
<b>Other specs affected:</b>	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Y</td> <td style="text-align: center;">N</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;">Other core specifications</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;">Test specifications</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;"><input checked="" type="checkbox"/></td> <td style="text-align: center;">O&amp;M Specifications</td> </tr> </table>	Y	N	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Other core specifications	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Test specifications	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	O&M Specifications
Y	N								
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Other core specifications								
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Test specifications								
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	O&M Specifications								
<b>Other comments:</b>	# Affects the TTCN, the comments will have to be updated in some of the ASN.1 definitions.								

### How to create CRs using this form:

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at <http://www.3gpp.org/specs/CR.htm>. Below is a brief summary:

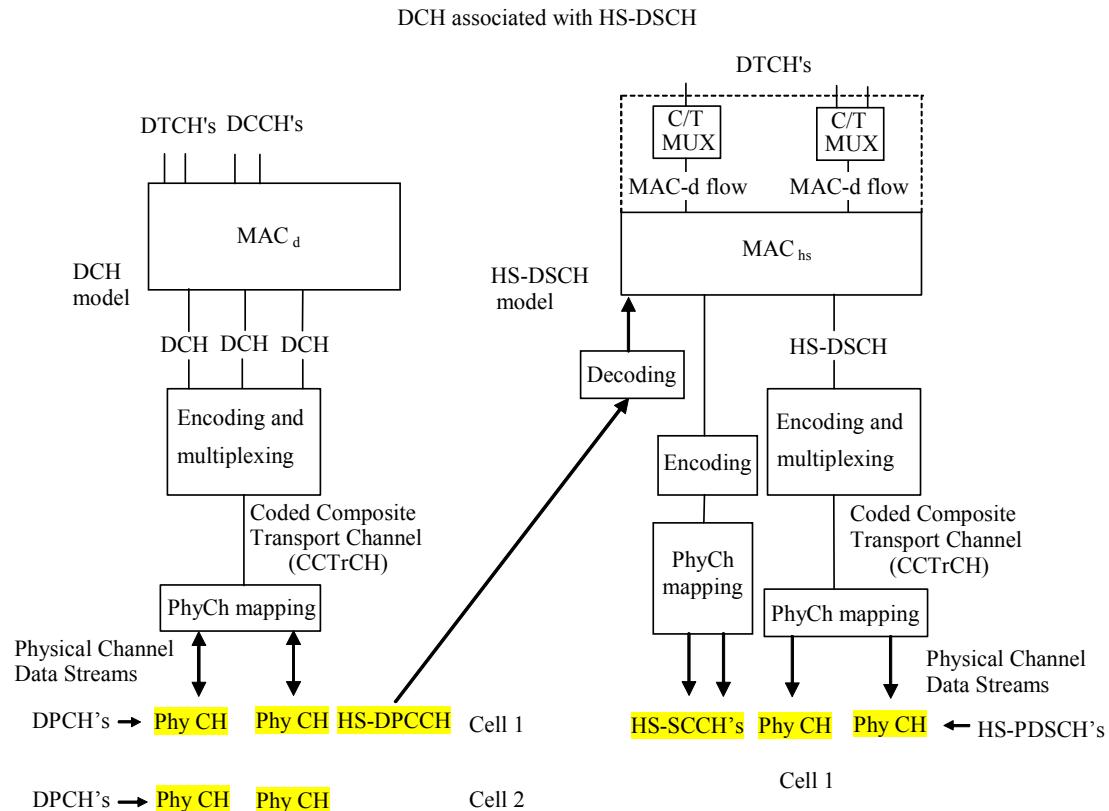
- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked # contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word “revision marks” feature (also known as “track changes”) when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be

downloaded from the 3GPP server under <ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/specs/> For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2001-03 contains the specifications resulting from the March 2001 TSG meetings.

- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

## 6.12 DCH with HS-DSCH model (FDD, ~~later than r4~~Rel-5 or later)

The test model illustrates the relationship between various channels from logical channels to physical channels. All DCH are associated with a single HS-DSCH.



**Figure 1: Associated DCH with HS-DSCH model**

Associating DCH with HS-DSCH, the model enables in the SS:

- to define MAC-hs and multiplexing of logical channels DTCHs onto MAC-d flows;
- to configure HS-DSCH transport channel and MAC-d flows;
- to configure HS-PDSCHs and HS-SCCHs;
- to define the H-RNTI value.

## 7 PCO and ASP definitions

### 7.1 NAS PCO and ASP definitions

#### 7.1.1 NAS PCO Definitions

**Table 1: Dc PCO Type Declarations**

PCO Type Declarations	
PCO Type	Dc_SAP
Role	LT
Comments	The PCO type for NAS testing

**Table 2: Dc PCO Declarations**

PCO Declarations	
PCO Name	Dc
PCO Type	Dc_SAP
Role	LT
Comments	Carry transmission and reception of NAS messages

#### 7.1.2 Primitives used at Dc PCO

The Dc PCO is used to transmit and receive NAS (MM, CC, SM, SS) messages. Two categories of primitives are operated at the Dc PCO:

- RRC\_DataReq for transmission of a NAS PDU;
- RRC\_DataInd for reception of a NAS PDU.

These primitives are declared in TTCN tabular form, see table 17.

**Table 3: Primitives used at the Dc PCO**

Primitive	Parameters	Use
RRC_DataInd	Cell identity INTEGER (-31 ... 32) LogicChGSM SapId CN domain id START NAS message	The ASP is used to indicate the receipt of a NAS message using acknowledged operation
RRC_DataReq	Cell identity INTEGER (-31 ... 32) LogicChGSM SapId CN domain id NAS message	The ASP is used to request the transmission of a NAS message using acknowledged operation

The RB Identity and CN domain parameters defined in the primitives are mandatory for UTRAN and not applicable for GERAN.

The START parameter is mandatory in INITIAL DIRECT TRANSFER; each time when it is received the new START shall be downloaded to the SS to reinitialize counters-C and counters-I.

The LogicChGSM and SapId parameters are mandatory for GERAN and not applicable for UTRAN. They are defined because they may be used for future TTCN test cases.

Except the initial, uplink and downlink direct transfer procedures, the NAS TTCN specification uses the TTCN test steps to realize all RRC functions for testing. The single layer test concept is kept for the NAS tests.

A simple RRC emulation shall be maintained for the NAS tests. It has four functions:

- Emulate the three direct transfer procedures;
- Convert the NAS downlink messages defined in 3GPP TS 24.008 [Error! Reference source not found.] in table format to the NAS message in ASN.1 octet string specified in 3GPP TS 25.331 [Error! Reference source not found.]. Convert the NAS uplink message in the reverse way;
- PER encoding and decoding;
- Have the integrity protection.

RB3 and RB4 are specifically used for the NAS signalling. When an uplink message entered the receiving buffer at AM-SAP from the RLC emulation, either an RRC test step if running will take it out; or the RRC emulation if running will pick the received message from the buffer. Activation of any RRC test steps and activation of any NAS test steps at the same time shall be excluded in TTCN (no concurrency between them).

## 7.2 Ut PCO and ASP definitions

### 7.2.1 Ut PCO Declarations

The Ut PCO is served as the interface to the UE EMMI for remote control of operations, which have to be performed during execution of a test case such as to switch the UE on/off, initiate a call, etc.

**Table 4: Declaration of the uppertester PCO type**

PCO Type Declarations	
PCO Type	MMI
Role	UT
Comments	The PCO type for MMI or EMMI of the upper tester

**Table 5: Declaration of the Ut PCO**

PCO Declarations	
PCO Name	Ut
PCO Type	MMI
Role	UT
Comments	Carry transmission commands and reception of results for the upper tester

### 7.2.2 Primitives used at Ut PCO

The Ut PCO is used to indicate to the upper tester actions and to receive the acknowledgement of these actions. The AT commands are used wherever the suitable commands exist within 3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.], 3GPP TS 27.005 [Error! Reference source not found.] and 3GPP TS 27.060 [Error! Reference source not found.]. An MMI command is used, when AT commands does not exit for the action to performed. The primitives used at the Ut PCO, are declared in TTCN tabular form, see the table 17.

**Table 6: Primitives used at the Ut PCO**

Primitive	Parameters	Use
AT_CmdReq	Command: IA5String SMS_BlockMode: HEXSTRING	Request an AT command to the upper tester.
AT_CmdInd	Command: IA5String SMS_BlockMode: HEXSTRING	Indication of a result from the upper tester.
AT_CmdCnf	Result: BOOLEAN ResultString: IA5String SMS_BlockMode: HEXSTRING	Return a positive or negative result from the command previously sent. Both the boolean result and String parameter are optional.
MMI_CmdReq	Command: IA5String	Request a command to the upper tester.
MMI_CmdCnf	Result: BOOLEAN ResultString: IA5String	Return a positive or negative result from the command previously sent. The String parameter is optional.

The AT\_CmdReq primitive for sending AT commands is mostly used to trigger electronically an uplink access, such as initiating of a call, attaching or detaching, starting packet data transfer etc. The MMI\_ primitive is defined mainly for observation of some test events via a test operator, such as checking DTMF tone or checking called party number, etc.

The AT\_CmdInd primitive for receiving AT commands is mostly used to transfer unsolicited result codes from the UE to the lower tester.

The SMS\_BlockMode parameter is used to control and observe the Block mode procedure for SMS. This parameter is not yet used; it is defined for future development. The Command and SMS\_BlockMode parameters are mutually exclusive

For the Command in the AT\_CmdReq and AT\_CmdInd primitives, the verbose format is used as defined in 3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]. For the Command in MMI\_CmdReq, just a descriptive IA5 string line, like "Check DTMF tone" is used.

## 7.3 RRC PCO and ASP definitions

### 7.3.1 AM/UM/TM PCO and ASP definitions

#### 7.3.1.1 SAP and PCO for data transmission and reception

**Table 7: Declaration of the RRC PCO Type**

PCO Type Definition	
PCO Type	DSAP
Role	LT
Comment	DATA transmission and reception

**Table 8: PCO TM declaration**

PCO Type Definition	
PCO Name	TM
PCO Type	DSAP
Role	LT
Comment	Carry Transparent Mode RLC PDU

**Table 9: PCO AM declaration**

PCO Type Definition	
PCO Name	AM
PCO Type	DSAP
Role	LT
Comment	Carry Acknowledged Mode RLC PDU

**Table 10: PCO UM declaration**

PCO Type Definition	
PCO Name	UM
PCO Type	DSAP
Role	LT
Comment	Carry Unacknowledged Mode RLC PDU

**Table 11: PCO BMC declaration**

PCO Type Definition	
PCO Name	BMC
PCO Type	DSAP
Role	LT
Comment	Provide Unacknowledged Mode BMC data transmission service

### 7.3.2 Control PCO and ASP

#### 7.3.2.1 SAP and PCO for control primitives transmission and reception

**Table 12: SAP declaration**

PCO Type Definition	
PCO Type	CSAP
Role	LT
Comment	Control primitives transmission and reception

**Table 13: PCO CPHY**

PCO Definition	
PCO Name	CPHY
PCO Type	CSAP
Role	LT
Comment	Control Physical Layer

**Table 14: PCO CRLC**

PCO Type Definition	
PCO Name	CRLC
PCO Type	CSAP
Role	LT
Comment	Control RLC Layer

**Table 15: PCO CMAC**

PCO Type Definition	
PCO Name	CMAC
PCO Type	CSAP
Role	LT
Comment	Control MAC Layer

**Table 16: PCO CBMC**

PCO Type Definition	
<b>PCO Name</b>	CBMC
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Role</b>	LT
<b>Comment</b>	Control BMC Layer

### 7.3.2.2 Control ASP Type Definition

#### 7.3.2.2.1 CPHY\_AICH\_AckModeSet

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
<b>Type Name</b>	CPHY_AICH_AckModeSet_REQ
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To request for setting of AICH Acknowledge Mode
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
ratType	RatType,
aICH_Mode	AICH_Mode
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
<b>Type Name</b>	CPHY_AICH_AckModeSet_CNF
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To confirm setting of AICH Acknowledge Mode
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
<b>Type Name</b>	AICH_Mode
<b>Comment</b>	Normal operation: The AICH will operate as normal, and will acknowledge or negatively acknowledge on all UE RACH transmission attempts, appropriately. No Acknowledge: The AICH shall not transmit acknowledge or Negative Acknowledge on all UE RACH transmission attempts. Negative Acknowledge: The AICH shall transmit Negative Acknowledge on all UE RACH transmission attempts
Type Definition	
ENUMERATED {	
normal	(0),
noAck	(1),
negACK	(2)
}	

#### 7.3.2.2.2 CPHY\_Cell\_Config

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
<b>Type Name</b>	CPHY_Cell_Config_CNF
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To confirm to setup the cell parameter
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63)
}	

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	CPHY_Cell_Config_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To request to setup the cell parameter. The unit of tcell is chip; the unit of sfnOffset is frame number; the primary scrambling code number of the cell is 16*primaryScramblingCode_SS; the unit of dLtxAttenuationLevel is dB.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (0..63),
tcell	INTEGER (0..38399),
sfnOffset	INTEGER (0..4095),
frequencyInfo	FrequencyInfo,
primaryScramblingCode_SS	INTEGER (0..511),
cellTxPowerLevel	CellTxPowerLevel,
dLtxAttenuationLevel	INTEGER (0..30)
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	CellTxPowerLevel
Comment	The defaultCellTxPowerLvl is a default setting and is used for the most signalling tests. The real total cell DL Tx power level equals to the sum of the DL Tx power of the individual physical channels configured. The totalCellTxPowerLvl applies to e.g. the idle mode tests in a non-default multi-cell radio environment.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
CHOICE {	
defaultCellTxPowerLvl	NULL,
totalCellTxPowerLvl	DL_TxPower
}	

### 7.3.2.2.3 CPHY\_Cell\_Release

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	CPHY_Cell_Release_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	The confirmation to the CPHY_Cell_Release_Req
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
soft_Reset	BOOLEAN,
cell_ID_List	SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..8)) OF INTEGER(0..63) -- cell IDs
}	

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	CPHY_Cell_Release_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This Primitive with "Soft_Reset" flag ON gives a common known starting point/state of SS for a test case. The SS performs the following whenever it receives this primitive with "Soft_Reset" flag ON: Releases all configured Channels and cells (if any) irrespective of Cell ID list IE.</li> <li>Releases the associated Memory Buffers (if any).</li> <li>Cancels all active timers (if any)</li> </ol> <p>With "Soft_Reset" flag OFF:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Releases cells listed in IE Cell_ID_List and associated configured Channels (if any)</li> <li>Releases the Memory Buffers(if any) associated with Cells listed in IE Cell_ID_List</li> <li>Cancels all active timers (if any) associated with Cells listed in IE Cell_ID_List.</li> </ol>
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
soft_Reset	BOOLEAN,
cell_ID_List	SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..8)) OF INTEGER(0..63) -- cell IDs
}	

### 7.3.2.2.3a CPHY\_Cell\_TimingAdjust

tbd

### 7.3.2.2.3b CPHY\_Detect\_TFCI

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CPHY_DetectTFCI_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To confirm to CPHY_DetectTFCI_REQ
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE	<pre>{     cellId                                INTEGER(0..63)  ),     routingInfo                            RoutingInfo }</pre>

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CPHY_DetectTFCI_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	<p>To set the mode of the SS for detecting whether the specified TFCI value occurred.</p> <p>Usage:</p> <p>At the SS initialisation, the default mode is stop.</p> <p>When the mode is set to start, the SS shall detect whether the specified TFCI value (tfciValue) happens on the specified uplink physical channel, when happened the SS generates a CPHY_TFCI_Detected_IND and stop further detection. Otherwise keeps monitoring until a CPHY_DetectTFCI_REQ with mode = stop received.</p>

### 7.3.2.2.4 CPHY\_Ini

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CPHY_Ini_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	Request to initialize the test
Type Definition	
<pre>ENUMERATED {     defaultRadioEnvironment(0),     nonDefaultMultiCell(1) }</pre>	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition		
Type Name	CPHY_Ini_CNF	
PCO Type	CSAP	
Comment	Confirm the test initialization	
Type Definition		
SEQUENCE {	confirmation	NULL
}		

### 7.3.2.2.5 CPHY\_Cell\_TxPower\_Modify

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition		
Type Name	CPHY_Cell_TxPower_Modify_CNF	
PCO Type	CSAP	
Comment	To confirm to change the DL power	
Type Definition		
SEQUENCE {	cellId	INTEGER (0..63)
}		

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition		
Type Name	CPHY_Cell_TxPower_Modify_REQ	
PCO Type	CSAP	
Comment	To request to change the DL power If the Tx attenuation level value is set to 123, the cell becomes a non-suitable off cell (CPICH_Ec ≤ -122 dBm/3.84 MHz of an off cell).	
Type Definition		
SEQUENCE {	cellId	INTEGER (0..63),
	dLtxAttenuationLevel	INTEGER (0..40 123)
}		

### 7.3.2.2.6 CPHY\_Frame\_Number

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition		
Type Name	CPHY_Frame_Number_CNF	
PCO Type	CSAP	
Comment	To return the requested connection frame number. The routingInfo indicates a physical channel.	
Type Definition		
SEQUENCE {	cellId	INTEGER (0..63),
	routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
	frameNumber	INTEGER (0..255)
}		

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition		
Type Name	CPHY_Frame_Number_REQ	
PCO Type	CSAP	
Comment	To request the physical layer to return a connection frame number on which the next message can be sent at the specified PCO on the specified logical channel. The return frame number shall leave time from current frame number in order to leave some execution time for TTCN preparing next message. The routingInfo indicates a physical channel	
Type Definition		
SEQUENCE {	cellId	INTEGER (0..63),
	routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}		

### 7.3.2.2.7 CPHY\_Out\_of\_Sync

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CPHY_Out_of_Sync_IND
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To report that the physical channel synchronization (in FDD mode, sync with uplink DPCCH) was lost as detected by the SS receiver.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

### 7.3.2.2.8 CPHY\_PRACH\_Measurement

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CPHY_PRACH_Measurement_CNF
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To Confirm PRACH Measurement Req
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CPHY_PRACH_Measurement_REQ
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To request for Start or Stop of PRACH Measurements to be done every PRACH PREAMBLE or MESSAGE received.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
ratType	RatType,
pRACH_MeasurementInd	PRACH_MeasurementInd
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	PRACH_MeasurementInd
<b>Comment</b>	
	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>StartMeas : The SS shall start the sending PRACH parameters Measurement report on CPHY PCO, for each PRACH Preamble or MESSAGE received from the UE by primitive CPHY_PRACH_Measurement_Report_IND on CPHY PCO.</li> <li>StopMeas : The SS shall stop sending of PRACH parameters Measurement report on CPHY PCO, for each PRACH Preamble or MESSAGE received from the UE by primitive CPHY_PRACH_Measurement_Report_IND on CPHY PCO.</li> </ol>
<b>Type Definition</b>	
ENUMERATED {	
startMeas (0),	
stopMeas (1)	
}	

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CPHY_PRACH_Measurement_Report_IND
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	SS indicates a PRACH parameters measurement report for each PRACH Preambles or MESSAGE received from the UE
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
ratType	RatType,
measurementReport	PRACH_MeasurementReport
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	PRACH_MeasurementReport
<b>Comment</b>	
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
usedPRACH_AcessSlot	INTEGER (0..14),
usedPRACH_Signature	INTEGER (0..15) OPTIONAL
}	

### 7.3.2.2.9 CPHY\_RL\_Modify

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CPHY_RL_Modify_CNF
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To confirm to modify the Radio Link
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CPHY_RL_Modify_REQ
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To request to modify the Radio Link HardHandover (PhysicalChannelReconfig) ChannelizationCodeChange FrequencyChange PhysicalChannelModifyForTrCHReconfig CompressedMode( PhysicalChannelReconfig) Re_Synchronized HardHandover SoftHandover
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
ratType	RatType,
modifyMessage	CphyRlModifyReq
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	CphyRIModifyReq
Comment	
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
activationTime	SS_ActivationTime,
physicalChannelInfo	
CHOICE {	
dpch_CompressedModeStatusInfo	Dpch_CompressedModeStatusInfo,
secondaryCCPCHInfo	SecondaryCCPCHInfo,
pRACHInfo	PRACHInfo,
dPCHInfo	DPCHInfo,
dPCHInfo r5	DPCHInfo r5, -- <i>later than r4Rel-5 or</i>
later	
hs_PDSCHInfo	HS_PDSCHInfo -- <i>later than r4Rel-5 or</i>
later},	
trchConfigToFollow	BOOLEAN
	DEFAULT TRUE
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	SS_ActivationTime
Comment	
<b>Type Definition</b>	
CHOICE {	
activationCFN	ActivationTime,
activateNow	NULL
}	

### 7.3.2.2.10 CPHY\_RL\_Release

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	CPHY_RL_Release_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	PHY emulator confirms that a specified physical channel has been released.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	CPHY_RL_Release_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To request to release the Radio Link
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

### 7.3.2.2.11 CPHY\_RL\_Setup

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	CPHY_RL_Setup_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To confirm to setup the Radio Link
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	CPHY_RL_Setup_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To request to setup the associated transport channels and the Radio Link itself.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
ratType	RatType,
setupMessage	CphyRlSetupReq
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	CphyRISetupReq
Comment	To request to setup the Radio Link
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
physicalChannelInfo	CHOICE {
primaryCPICHInfo	PrimaryCPICHInfo,
secondaryCPICHInfo	SecondaryCPICHInfo,
primarySCHInfo	PrimarySCHInfo,
secondarySCHInfo	SecondarySCHInfo,
primaryCCPCHInfo	PrimaryCCPCHInfo,
secondaryCCPCHInfo	SecondaryCCPCHInfo,
pRACHInfo	PRACHInfo,
pICHInfo	PICHInfo,
aICHInfo	AICHInfo,
dPCHInfo	DPCHInfo,
}	
pDSCHInfo	PDSCHInfo,
dPCHInfo_r5	DPCHInfo_r5, -- later than r4Rel-5 or later
hs_PDSCHInfo	HS_PDSCHInfo -- later than r4Rel-5 or later
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	PrimaryCPICHInfo
Comment	
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
dl_TxPower PCPICH	DL_TxPower PCPICH,
tx_diversityIndicator	BOOLEAN
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	SecondaryCPICHInfo
Comment	
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
scramblingCode	INTEGER(0..15),
dl_ChannelizationCode	SF512_AndCodeNumber,
dl_TxPower	DL_TxPower
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	PrimarySCHInfo
Comment	
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
tstdIndicator	BOOLEAN,
dl_TxPower	DL_TxPower
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	SecondarySCHInfo
Comment	
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
tstdIndicator	BOOLEAN,
dl_TxPower	DL TxPower
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	PrimaryCCPCHInfo
Comment	
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
sttd_Indicator	BOOLEAN,
dl_TxPower	DL TxPower
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	SecondaryCCPCHInfo
Comment	The range for powerOffsetOfTFCI_PO1 and powerOffsetOfPILOT_PO3 is 0-6 dB, 0.25 dB per step.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
scramblingCode	INTEGER(0..15),
dl_ChannelizationCode	SF256 AndCodeNumber,
sCCPCHSlotFormat	SCCPCHSlotFormat,
timingOffset	INTEGER (0..149),
positionFixedOrFlexible	PositionFixedOrFlexible,
sttd_Indicator	BOOLEAN,
dl_TxPower	DL TxPower,
powerOffsetOfTFCI_PO1	INTEGER (0..24),
powerOffsetOfPILOT_PO3	INTEGER (0..24)
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	PRACHInfo
Comment	
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
fdd tdd	CHOICE {
fdd	
SEQUENCE {	
preambleSignature	AvailableSignatures,
spreadingFactorForDataPart	SF_PRACH,
preambleScramblingCode	PreambleScramblingCodeWordNumber,
puncturingLimit	PuncturingLimit,
accessSlot	AvailableSubChannelNumbers
},	
tdd	
SEQUENCE {	
-- timeSlot	TimeSlot,
-- spreadingCode	SpreadingCode,
-- midambleCode	MidambleCode,
}	
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	PICHInfo
Comment	
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
pichinfo	PICH_Info,
dl_TxPower	PICH_PowerOffset,
sccpchId associated	INTEGER (0..31)
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	AICHInfo
Comment	
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
aichinfo	AICH_Info,
dl_TxPower	AICH_PowerOffset
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	DPCHInfo
Comment	At least one of the fields shall be present.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
ul_DPCH_Info	UL_DPCH_Info     OPTIONAL,
dl_DPCHInfo	DL_DPCHInfo     OPTIONAL
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	DL_DPCHInfo
Comment	The range for powerOffsetOfTPC_PO2 and powerOffsetOfTFCI_PO1 and powerOffsetOfPILOT_PO3 is 0 dB to 6 dB, 0,25 dB per step.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
dl_CommonInformation	DL_CommonInformation,
dl_DPCH_InfoPerRL	DL_DPCH_InfoPerRL,
powerOffsetOfTFCI_PO1	INTEGER (0..24),
powerOffsetOfTPC_PO2	INTEGER (0..24),
powerOffsetOfPILOT_PO3	INTEGER (0..24),
dl_TxPower	DL_TxPower,
dl_TxPowerMax	DL_TxPower,
dl_TxPowerMin	DL_TxPower
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	DPCHInfo_r5
Comment	Applicable <a href="#">later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a> At least one of the first two fields shall be present. Presence of hs_DPCCHInd (value = truevalue) means that the HS-DPCCH shall be configured in the uplink DPCH. If hs_DPCCHInd is absent no HS-DPCCH shall be configured in the uplink DPCH, or the configured HS-DPCCH shall be removed in the modify ASP. In the active set which has radio links from more than one cell the HS-DPCCH is configured only in the HS-DSCH serving cell. Three combinations are valid: ul_DPCH_Info only, dl_DPCHInfo only and ul_DPCH_Info + hs_DPCCHInd.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
ul_DPCH_Info	UL_DPCH_Info_r5     OPTIONAL,
dl_DPCHInfo	DL_DPCHInfo_r5     OPTIONAL,
hs_DPCCHInd	ENUMERATED {truevalue (0)}     OPTIONAL
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	DL_DPCHInfo_r5
Comment	Applicable later than r4Rel-5 or later
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
dl_CommonInformation	DL_CommonInformation_r5,
dl_DPCH_InfoPerRL	DL_DPCH_InfoPerRL_r5,
powerOffsetOfTFCI_P01	INTEGER (0..24),
powerOffsetOfTPC_P02	INTEGER (0..24),
powerOffsetOfPILOT_P03	INTEGER (0..24),
dl_TxPower	DL_TxPower,
dl_TxPowerMax	DL_TxPower,
dl_TxPowerMin	DL_TxPower
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	HS_PDSCHInfo
Comment	<p>Applicable <a href="#">later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a></p> <p>When CHY_RL_Setup_REQ is called with CHOICE of hS_PDSCHInfo HS_PDSCH and HS-SCCH shall be configured in SS.</p> <p>The following HS-DSCH related parameters are passed to the SS implicitly by HSDSCH_physical_layer_category:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Maximum number of HS-DSCH codes can be received by UE,</li> <li>- Minimum inter-TTI interval,</li> <li>- Maximum number of bits of an HS-DSCH transport block within an HS-DSCH TTI</li> <li>- Total number of soft channel bits".</li> </ul> <p>HSDSCH_physical_Layer_category is also used for interpretation of the meaning of CQI value.</p>

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	DL_TxPower_PCPICH
Comment	Absolute Tx Power of PCPICH
Type Definition	
INTEGER { -60 .. -30 }	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	DL_TxPower
Comment	Downlink Tx Power relative to PCPICH
	<b>Type Definition</b>
INTEGER	(-35 .. +15)

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	SCCPCHSlotFormat
Comment	Reference to 3GPP TS25.211 [Error! Reference source not found.]
	Type Definition
INTEGER (0..17)	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	PDSCHInfo
Comment	
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
fdd_tdd	CHOICE {
fdd	SEQUENCE {
	pdsch_CodeMapping         PDSCH_CodeMapping
	},
tdd	SEQUENCE {
	--pdsch_Identity         PDSCH_Identity,
	--pdsch_Info             PDSCH_Info,
	--pdsch_PowerControlInfo     PDSCH_PowerControlInfo   OPTIONAL
	},
	DL_TxPower             DL_TxPower
}	

### 7.3.2.2.12 CPHY\_Sync

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CPHY_Sync_IND
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To indicate that physical channel synchronization (in FDD mode, sync with DPCCH) has been achieved.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
	cellId                     INTEGER(0..63),
	routingInfo                 RoutingInfo
}	

### 7.3.2.2.12a CPHY\_HS\_DPCCH\_AckNack (~~later than r4 Rel-5 or later~~)

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CPHY_HS_DPCCH_AckNack_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	Applicable <del>later than r4 Rel-5 or later</del> To Confirm CPHY_HS_DPCCH_AckNack_REQ
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
	cellId                     INTEGER(0..63)
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CPHY_HS_DPCCH_AckNack_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	Applicable <del>later than r4 Rel-5 or later</del> To request for start or stop reporting Ack/Nack received on the HS-DPCCH for the HARQ process hARQProcessId. At the initialisation the SS is at the "sTOPRep" state without reporting any Ack/Nack
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId                     INTEGER(0..63),	
ratType                     RatType,	
ackNackReportReq             AckNackReportReq,	
hARQProcessId                 INTEGER(0..7)	
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	AckNackReportReq
Comment	Applicable <a href="#">later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a> startRep : The SS shall start reporting the HARQ-ACK information received on HS-DPCCH by primitive CPHY_HS_DPCCH_AckNack_IND on CPHY PCO. stopRep : The SS shall stop reporting.
Type Definition	
ENUMERATED { startRep (0), stopRep (1) }	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CPHY_HS_DPCCH_AckNack_IND
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	Applicable <a href="#">later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a> SS reports the HARQ-ACK information received on HS_DPCCH, each received Ack/Nack generates a CPHY_HS_DPCCH_AckNack_IND
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE { cellId ratType hARQ ACKInfo hARQProcessId }	INTEGER(0..63), RatType, ENUMERATED {ack(0), nack (1)}, INTEGER(0..7)

### 7.3.2.2.12b CPHY\_HS\_DPCCH\_CQI ([later than r4 Rel-5 or later](#))

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CPHY_HS_DPCCH_CQI_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	Applicable <a href="#">later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a> To Confirm CPHY_HS_DPCCH_CQI_REQ
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE { cellId }	INTEGER(0..63),

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CPHY_HS_DPCCH_CQI_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	Applicable <a href="#">later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a> To enable the SS to start reporting N times of the CQI value received on the HS-DPCCH. After N times the SS stops reporting. N is specified in numberOfReports. At the SS initialisation reporting of CQI values is disabled
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE { cellId ratType numberOfReports }	INTEGER(0..63), RatType, INTEGER(1..32)

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CPHY_HS_DPCCH_CQI_IND
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	<p>Applicable later than r4Rel-5 or later</p> <p>SS generates the indication when a CQI value is received on HS_DPCCH after invocation of ASP CPHY_HS_DPCCH_CQI_REQ and before the numberOfReports is reached.</p> <p>This ASP is used for verifying whether the UE has configured the HS-DSCH and starts reception of HS-DSCH. (TS 25.331 cl.8.6.6.34)</p>

7.3.2.2.12c CPHY HS DSCH CRC Mode ([later than r4 Rel-5 or later](#))

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CPHY_HS_DSCH_CRC_Mode_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	Applicable <a href="#">later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a> Confirm a previous CPHY_HS_DSCH_CRC_Mode_REQ being successful.
Type Definition	
<pre>SEQUENCE {     cellId           INTEGER(-1..63),     routingInfo      RoutingInfo }</pre>	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition						
Type Name	CPHY_HS	DSCH	CRC	Mode	REQ	
PCO Type	CSAP					
Comment	<p>Applicable <a href="#">later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a></p> <p>To set the CRC calculation mode for HS-DSCH.</p> <p>If mode = normal, the SS generates the correct CRC.</p> <p>If mode = erroneous, the SS generates any wrong CRC value which is different from the correct one on the specified MACdFlow.</p> <p>As default, the normal mode is applied. When the HS-DSCH first configured or reconfigured the SS enters the normal CRC calculation mode.</p>					
Type Definition						
SEQUENCE	{	cellID	INTEGER (-1..63) ,	routingInfo	RoutingInfo,	
		mac_dFlowID	MAC_d_FlowIdentity,	mode	ENUMERATED {normal(0), erroneous(1)}	
	}					

### 7.3.2.2.13 CPHY\_TrCH\_Config

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CPHY_TrCH_Config_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To request to configure the transport channel
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
ratType	RatType,
trchConfigType	TrchConfigType,
configMessage	CphyTrchConfigReq
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	CphyTrchConfigReq
Comment	To request to configure the transport channel. The same TFCS information should be provided to the PHY and MAC layers at all times. When a CPHY_TrCH_Config_REQ is used to configure the PHY layer, a corresponding CMAC_Config_REQ should be sent to the MAC layer to ensure that the configuration is consistent. For configuring HS-DSCH transport channel, the ulConnectedTrCHList, ulTFCS, dlConnectedTrCHList and dlTFCS shall be omitted.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
activationTime	SS_ActivationTime,
ulConnectedTrCHList	SEQUENCE (SIZE (0..maxTrCH)) OF SEQUENCE {
trchid	TransportChannelIdentity,
ul_TransportChannelType	SS_UL_TransportChannelType,
transportChannelInfo	CommonOrDedicatedTFS
	} OPTIONAL,
ulTFCS	TFCS OPTIONAL,
dlConnectedTrCHList	SEQUENCE (SIZE (0..maxTrCH)) OF SEQUENCE {
trchid	TransportChannelIdentity,
dl_TransportChannelType	SS_DL_TransportChannelType,
transportChannelInfo	CommonOrDedicatedTFS
	} OPTIONAL,
dlTFCS	TFCS OPTIONAL,
hsDSCHMacdFlows	HS_DSCHMACdFlows OPTIONAL -- <i>later than r4 Rel-5 or later</i>
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	RoutingInfo
Comment	To route between each channels.
Type Definition	
CHOICE {	
physicalChannelIdentity	INTEGER {0..31},
transportChannelIdentity	TransportChannelIdentity,
logicalChannelIdentity	LogicalChannelIdentity,
rB_Identity	INTEGER {-31..32},
cn-DomainIdentity	CN-DomainIdentity
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	RatType
Comment	To select route between each channels.
Type Definition	
ENUMERATED {	
fdd (0), tdd (1)	
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	CommonOrDedicatedTFS
Comment	Transport Format Set
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
tti	CHOICE {
tti10	CommonOrDedicatedTF_InfoList,
tti20	CommonOrDedicatedTF_InfoList,
tti40	CommonOrDedicatedTF_InfoList,
tti80	CommonOrDedicatedTF_InfoList,
dynamic	CommonOrDedicatedTF_InfoList_DynamicTTI
},	
semistaticTF Information	SemistaticTF Information
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	CommonOrDedicatedTF_InfoList
Comment	Transport Format Set
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTF)) OF	CommonOrDedicatedTF_Info

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	CommonOrDedicatedTF_Info
Comment	Transport Format Set
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
tb_Size	INTEGER (0..5035),
numberOfTbSizeList	SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTF)) OF NumberOfTransportBlocks,
logicalChannelList	LogicalChannelList
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	CommonOrDedicatedTF_InfoList_DynamicTTI
Comment	Transport Format Set for TDD mode
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
tb Size	INTEGER (0..5035),
numberOfTbSizeList	SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxTF)) OF NumberOfTransportBlocks,
logicalChannelList	LogicalChannelList
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	TrchConfigType
Comment	
<b>Type Definition</b>	
CHOICE {	
nonDch	NULL,
dch	ENUMERATED {normal(0), softHO(1) }

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	HS_DSCHMACdFlows
Comment	Applicable <i>later than r4 Rel-5 or later</i> Within the ACK/NACK repetition period indicated by ackNackRepetitionFactor the SS shall not transmit MAC-hs PDU's on HS-PDSCH.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
harqInfo	HARQ_Info
addOrReconfMACdFlow	SS_AddOrReconfMAC_dFlow
ackNackRepetitionFactor	ACK_NACK_repetitionFactor
}	OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	SS_AddOrReconfMAC_dFlow
Comment	Applicable <a href="#">later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a>
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
mac_hs_AddReconfQueue_List	SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxQueueIDs)) OF SEQUENCE {
mac_hs_AddReconfQueue	SS MAC hs AddReconfQueue} OPTIONAL,
mac_hs_DelQueue_List	SEQUENCE (SIZE(1..maxQueueIDs)) OF SEQUENCE {
mac_hsQueueId	INTEGER(0..7)} OPTIONAL
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	SS_MAC_hs_AddReconfQueue
Comment	Applicable <a href="#">later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a> The priority of PriorityQueue shall set according to the priority of logical channels which is mapped on to this priority queue. Note: the range of priority of PriorityQueue is from 0 to 7 and 0 is the lowest priority. DiscardTimer defines the time (unit ms) to live for a MAC-hs SDU starting from the instant of its arrival into an HSDPA Priority Queue. The SS shall use this information to discard out-of-data MAC-hs SDUs from the HSDPA Priority Queues.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
mAChsAddReconfQueue	MAC hs AddReconfQueue,
logicalChannelList	SEQUENCE OF LogicalChannelIdentity, -- logical channels mapping onto the priority queue -- which is specified in mAChsAddReconfQueue
priority	INTEGER(0..7),
discardTimer	ENUMERATED {
v20(0),v40(1),v60(2),v80(3),v100(4),v120(5),v140(6),v160(7),v180(8),v200(9),	v20(0),v40(1),v60(2),v80(3),v100(4),v120(5),v140(6),v160(7),v180(8),v200(9),
v250(10),v300(11),v400(12),v500(13),v750(14),v1000(15),v1250(16),v1500(17),v1750(18),v2000(19),v2500(20),v3000(21), v3500(22),v4000(23),v4500(24),v5000(25), v7500(26)	v250(10),v300(11),v400(12),v500(13),v750(14),v1000(15),v1250(16),v1500(17),v1750(18),v2000(19),v2500(20),v3000(21), v3500(22),v4000(23),v4500(24),v5000(25), v7500(26)
}	} OPTIONAL

### 7.3.2.2.14a CPHY\_UL\_PowerModify

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CPHY_UL_PowerModify_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To confirm the increase/decrease in UE uplink DPCH power transmission or send the TPC commands as instructed.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CPHY_UL_PowerModify_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	
	To request increase/decrease in the UE uplink DPCH transmission by the delta value given in dB, from the existing transmission level or make UE to transmit at maximum or minimum power level. It is assumed that the UE UL DPCH transmission power level is set to -20dbm by default at beginning of each test. For routing Info the DI DPCH Physical channel ID shall be used. For IE ul_DPCH_Id, the physical channel ID of associated UL DPCH shall be given. SS can use it or neglect it. UI_Ue_TxPower gives either the value in dB, by which SS shall increase/decrease the uplink transmission power of UE from the existing transmission power, when this primitive is called or Start transmission of TPC commands on DL DPCCH as configured
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
ul_DPCH_Id	INTEGER (0..31),
ul_Ue_Tx_Power	Ul_Ue_Tx_Power
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	UI_Ue_Tx_Power
Comment	Choice delta gives the value in dB, by which the existing UE UL DPCH transmission power level is to be increased or decreased. After reaching the new desired level SS shall make UE to maintain this new transmission power level. WithChoice maxMin, and ENUM 'tpc_Up' selection, SS shall start transmitting TPC commands on the DL DPCCH, as '1' every slot so as to ask UE to increase the transmission power. With Choice maxMin, and ENUM 'tpc_Down' selection, SS shall start transmitting TPC commands on the DL DPCCH, as '0' every slot so as to ask UE to decrease the transmission power. With Choice maxMin, and ENUM 'tpc_Maintain' selection, SS will start transmitting TPC commands on the DL DPCCH, as alternate '0' and '1' in alternate slots so as to maintain the UE uplink transmission power
Type Definition	
CHOICE {	
delta INTEGER	(-64..63)
maxMin	ENUMERATED{ tpc_Up(0), tpc_Down(1), tpc_Maintain(2) }
}	

### 7.3.2.2.14 CPHY\_TrCH\_Release

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CPHY_TrCH_Release_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To request to release the Radio Link
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
trchConfigType	TrchConfigType
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CPHY_TrCH_Release_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To confirm to release the Radio Link
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

### 7.3.2.2.15 CMAC\_BMC\_Scheduling

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CMAC_BMC_Scheduling_CNF
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To confirm the BMC scheduling.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CMAC_BMC_Scheduling_REQ
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	Send the BMC scheduling information to the MAC.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
ratType	RatType,
schedulingInfo	BMC_SchedulingInfo
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	BMC_SchedulingInfo
<b>Comment</b>	
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
level1Info	BMC_SchedulingLevel1Info,
level2Info	BMC_SchedulingLevel2Info     OPTIONAL
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	BMC_SchedulingLevel2Info
<b>Comment</b>	
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
starCtchBsIndex	INTEGER (1..256)         DEFAULT 1,
drxSelectionBitmap	OCTET STRING
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	BMC_SchedulingLevel1Info
<b>Comment</b>	0 ≤ K ≤ N-1 (3GPP TS 25.331 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 8.5.16)
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
ctchAllocationPeriod	INTEGER (1..256),         -- N
cbsFrameOffset	INTEGER (0..255)         -- K
}	

### 7.3.2.2.16 CMAC\_Ciphering\_Activate

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CMAC_Ciphering_Activate_CNF
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To confirm to activate or inactivate the ciphering
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CMAC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To request to start or restart downlink ciphering or uplink deciphering. The physicalChannelIdentity of DPCH applies to routingInfo. Initialize the 20 MSB of HFN component of COUNT-C to the START value stored. If the value of incHFN is set to "NotInc" the SS initializes the remaining LSBs of HFN component in COUNT-C to zero and the SS shall not increment HFN part of COUNT-C at every CFN cycle. If the value of incHFN is set to "IncPerCFN_Cycle" the SS initializes the remainingLSBs of HFN component in COUNT-C accordingly. If it is absent the SS initialize the LSBs of HFN component in COUNT-C to zero, increments the HFN component in COUNT-C by one and then starts the increment HFN part of COUNT-C at every CFN cycle.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
ratType	RatType,
cn_DomainIdentity	CN_DomainIdentity,
cipheringModeInfo	CipheringModeInfo,
incHFN	Increment Mode
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	Increment_Mode
<b>Comment</b>	
<b>Type Definition</b>	
ENUMERATED {incPerCFN_Cycler(0), notInc(1), incByOne_IncPerCFN_Cycle(2)}	

### 7.3.2.2.17 CMAC\_Config

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CMAC_Config_CNF
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	For MAC emulator to report that a previous attempt to setup, reconfigure or release a logical channel is successful.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CMAC_Config_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To request to configure MAC entity. Setup is used for creation of the MAC instances or the MAC resources. Release is used for free the all MAC resources. The reconfiguration is to change the MAC parameters, it is not the MAC modification.
Type Definition	
<pre> SEQUENCE {     cellId                      INTEGER(-1..63),     routingInfo                  RoutingInfo,     ratType                      RatType,     configMessage                CHOICE {         setup                     CmacConfigReq,         reconfigure               CmacConfigReq,         release                   NULL     } } </pre>	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	UE_Info
Comment	The value of c_RNTI_DSCH_RNTI is 16 bits, used either for C-RNTI or DSCH-RNTI. DSCH is configured if the physical channel in CMAC_config_REQ is a PDSCH. Otherwise, C-RNTI is applied. At the MAC-hs configuration both u_RNTI and c_RNTI_DSCH_RNTI are omitted.

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	TrCH_LogCHMappingList1
Comment	maxulTrCH = maxdlTrCH = 16
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
ulconnectedTrCHList	SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxulTrCH)) OF SEQUENCE {
trchid	TransportChannelIdentity,
trCH_LogCHMappingList	TrCH_LogCHMappingList
	} OPTIONAL,
dlconnectedTrCHList	SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxdlTrCH)) OF SEQUENCE {
trchid	TransportChannelIdentity,
trCH_LogCHMappingList	TrCH_LogCHMappingList
	} OPTIONAL,
dlconnectedMACdFlows	SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..8)) OF SEQUENCE {
mac dFlowId	MAC d FlowIdentity,
trCH_LogCHMappingList	TrCH_LogCHMappingList
	} OPTIONAL
	-- later than r4Rel-5 or later
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	TrCH_LogCHMappingList
<b>Comment</b>	maxLogCHperTrCH = 15
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxLogCHperTrCH)) OF TrCH_LogicalChannelMapping	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	TrCHInfo
<b>Comment</b>	The same TFCS information should be provided to the PHY and MAC layers at all times. When a CMAC_Config_REQ is used to configure the MAC layer, a corresponding CPHY_TrCH_Config_REQ should be sent to the PHY layer to ensure that the configuration is consistent. For MAC-hs configuration: When ulConnectedTrCHList, ulTFCS, dlConnectedTrCHList and dlTFCS are omitted this ASP configures an MAC-hs entity.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
ulConnectedTrCHList	SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxulTrCH)) OF SEQUENCE {
trchid	TransportChannelIdentity,
transportChannelInfo	CommonOrDedicatedTFS
	} OPTIONAL,
ulTFCS	TFCS OPTIONAL,
dlConnectedTrCHList	SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxdlTrCH)) OF SEQUENCE {
trchid	TransportChannelIdentity,
transportChannelInfo	CommonOrDedicatedTFS
	} OPTIONAL,
dlTFCS	TFCS OPTIONAL,
hsDSCHMacdFlows	HS_DSCHMACdFlows OPTIONAL -- <u>later than r4Rel-5 or later</u>
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	TrCH_LogicalChannelMapping
<b>Comment</b>	When used for logical channel to MAC_d flow mapping dl_LogicalChannelMapping shall be chosen,
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
logicalChannel Mapping	CHOICE {
ul_LogicalChannelMapping	SS_UL_LogicalChannelMapping,
dl_LogicalChannelMapping	SS_DL_LogicalChannelMapping
},	
rB_Identity	INTEGER (-31..32) OPTIONAL,
cn-DomainIdentity	CN-DomainIdentity OPTIONAL
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	SS_UL_LogicalChannelMapping
<b>Comment</b>	If the macHeaderManipulation field is 'NormalMacHeader', then data received on the transport channel supporting this logical channel shall have its MAC header inspected to determine the appropriate routing, and removed as normal. The MAC SDU shall be passed to the appropriate logical channel. If the macHeaderManipulation field is 'OmitMacHeader', then data received on the transport channel supporting this logical channel shall have its MAC header inspected to determine the appropriate routing, but the MAC layer shall not remove the MAC header. Thus the entire MAC PDU shall be passed to the appropriate logical channel, and the MAC header can be checked by the TTCN.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
macHeaderManipulation	MAC HeaderManipulation,
ul_TransportChannelType	SS_UL_TransportChannelType,
logicalChannelIdentity	LogicalChannelIdentity,
logicalChannelType	LogicalChannelType
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	SS_DL_LogicalChannelMapping
<b>Comment</b>	If the macHeaderManipulation field is 'NormalMacHeader', then data transmitted on this logical channel shall have an appropriate MAC header added before it is sent to lower layers for transmission. If the macHeaderManipulation field is 'OmitMacHeader', then data transmitted on this logical channel shall not have any MAC header information added, even if the logical channel type and mapping indicates that there should be a MAC header present. This allows the entire MAC PDU to be specified in the TTCN, so individual fields in the MAC header can be modified. When used for DTCH mapping to MAC_d flow, rlc_SizeList shall choose "configured" according to the configured mACHsAddReconfQueue values.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE { macHeaderManipulation dlTransportChannelType logicalChannelIdentity logicalChannelType rlc SizeList     allSizes     configured     explicitList mac_LogicalChannelPriority }	
MAC_HeaderManipulation, SS_DL_TransportChannelType, LogicalChannelIdentity, LogicalChannelType, CHOICE {     NULL,     NULL,     RLC_SizeExplicitList}, MAC_LogicalChannelPriority OPTIONAL	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	SS_UL_TransportChannelType
<b>Comment</b>	
<b>Type Definition</b>	
ENUMERATED { dch (0), rach (1), cpch (2), usch (3) }	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	MAC_LogicalChannelPriority
<b>Comment</b>	
<b>Type Definition</b>	
INTEGER (1..8)	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	SS_DL_TransportChannelType
<b>Comment</b>	
<b>Type Definition</b>	
ENUMERATED { dch (0), fach (1), bch (2), pch (3), dsch (4), hsdsch (5) -- <i>later than r4Rel-5 or later</i> }	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	LogicalChannelType
Comment	
Type Definition	
ENUMERATED {	
bCCH (0),	
pCCH (1),	
cCCH (2),	
cTCH (3),	
dCCH (4),	
dTCH (5),	
sHCCH (6)	
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	MAC_HeaderManipulation
Comment	
Type Definition	
ENUMERATED {	
normalMacHeader (0),	
omitMacHeader (1)	
}	

### 7.3.2.2.17a CMAC\_MAChs\_TFRCconfigure (~~later than r4 Rel-5 or later~~)

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CMAC_MAChs_TFRCconfigure_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	Applicable <del>later than r4 Rel-5 or later</del> Confirm a previous CMAC_MAChs_TFRCconfigure_REQ being successful.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63)
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CMAC_MACChs_TFRCconfigure_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	<p>Applicable <a href="#">later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a></p> <p>To configure the TFRC selection in the MAC-hs entity, channelisationCodeOffset + noOfChannelisationCodes shall not be great than 15.</p> <p>If explicit is selected in tfrcConfigMode, the SS shall use all the parameter values specified to configure a correct transport format and radio resources.</p> <p>If sS_Configured is selected, the parameter value range is specified. SS shall dynamically select the suitable values for the parameters "modulationScheme", "channelisationCodeOffset", "noOfChannelisatonCodes", "tbSizeIndexOnHS_SCCH", "redundancyVersion" and "hs_PDSCH_TxPower" according to UE's capability category and CQI information reported by the UE.</p>
Type Definition	
<pre> SEQUENCE {     cellId           INTEGER (-1..63),     tfrcConfigMode CHOICE {         explicit      SEQUENCE {             modulationScheme ENUMERATED {qpsk (0), qam16 (1)},             channelisationCodeOffset INTEGER (1..14),             noOfChannelisatonCodes INTEGER (1..15),             tbSizeIndexOnHS_SCCH   INTEGER (0..63),             minimumInterTTIinterval INTEGER (1..3),             redundancyVersion     INTEGER (0..7),             hs_PDSCH TxPower      DL TxPower -- default offset related                                   -- to p-CPICH or s-CPICH         },         ss_Configured   SEQUENCE {             minChannelisationCodeOffset INTEGER (1..14),             maxNoOfChannelisatonCodes INTEGER (1..15),             iniHS PDSCH TxPower      DL TxPower -- default offset related                                   -- to p-CPICH or s-CPICH         }     } } </pre>	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CMAC_MACChs_HARQprocAsign_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	<p>Applicable <a href="#">later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a></p> <p>Confirm a previous CMAC_MACChs_HARQprocAsign_REQ being successful.</p>
Type Definition	
<pre> SEQUENCE {     cellId           INTEGER (-1..63) } </pre>	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CMAC_MACChs_HARQprocAsign_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	<p>Applicable <a href="#">later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a></p> <p>To assign a HARQ process handling the next MAC-hs PDU transmission.</p> <p>This ASP provides TTCN the ability to select an HARQ process serving the next MAC-hs PDU which follows the ASP. After successful transmission the MAC-hs returns back to normal operation. In the normal operation a suitable HARQ process is selected by HARQ entity in the MAC-hs to serve the MAC-hs PDU without TTCN intervening.</p>
Type Definition	
<pre> SEQUENCE {     cellId           INTEGER (-1..63),     harqProcessId  INTEGER (0..7) } </pre>	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CMAC_MAChs_Reset_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	Applicable <a href="#">later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a> Confirm a previous CMAC_MAChs_Reset_REQ being successful.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63)
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CMAC_MAChs_Reset_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	Applicable <a href="#">later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a> To reset the MAC-hs entity.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63)
}	

### 7.3.2.2.18 CMAC\_PAGING\_Config

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CMAC_PAGING_Config_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To confirm to setup the paging message
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CMAC_PAGING_Config_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To request MAC layer to send the Paging message on the specified configuration.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
ratType	RatType,
configMessage	CmacPagingConfigReq
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	CmacPagingConfigReq
Comment	
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
pI_BitMapInfo	CHOICE {
e18	BIT STRING (SIZE (18)),
e36	BIT STRING (SIZE (36)),
e72	BIT STRING (SIZE (72)),
e144	BIT STRING (SIZE (144))
	}
dRX_CycleLength	INTEGER {3..9},
iMSI	SEQUENCE (SIZE (6..15)) OF Digit,
t_pich T_sccpch	BOOLEAN -- T_pich>T_sccpch then FALSE
}	

### 7.3.2.2.19 CMAC\_Restriction

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CMAC_Restriction_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	For MAC emulator to report that a previous attempt of restricting TFCs have been successful.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CMAC_Restriction_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To request to configure MAC entity. The field restrictAllowedTFCs is provided to allow the UL and/or DL SS TFCS to be restricted for a specific transport channel. This information only needs to be sent to the MAC layer, since it is the MAC layer's responsibility to determine the set of valid TFCs each TTI.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
ratType	RatType,
restrictAllowedTFCs	TFC Restriction
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	TFC_Restriction
Comment	<p>This type is used to specify the allowed TFCs within the current TFCS. A TFC restriction is applicable until a subsequent TFC restriction is applied. TFC restrictions are not cumulative, so each TFC restriction completely replaces the previous TFC restriction.</p> <p>The downlink restriction can be used to ensure that the SS uses a specific TFC for transmission of data, by only allowing the 'No data' TFC, and the 'desired' TFC. It may also be necessary to include one or more 'signalling only' TFCs to allow signalling to occur.</p> <p>The uplink restriction can be used to verify that the UE has used a specific TFC. Any data received by the SS using a forbidden TFCI shall be discarded.</p>
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
ulTFCI_Restriction	TFC_Subset OPTIONAL,
dlTFCI_Restriction	TFC_Subset OPTIONAL
}	
Detailed Comments	<p>SS requirements for downlink:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The SS MAC layer shall not use a restricted non-allowed TFC for DL.</li> <li>2. The SS MAC layer shall not use a TFC that requires the SS RLC layer to provide padding PDUs (3GPP TS 25.322 [Error! Reference source not found.])</li> <li>3. In the case that there is data pending on one or more RLC entities, but not enough to use one of the allowed TFCs:             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The SS MAC layer shall use the 'No data' TFC until there is enough data in the RLC to use another allowed TFC.</li> <li>b. The SS RLC layer shall buffer the data until there is enough data in the RLC entities for the MAC layer to use an allowed TFC other than the 'No data' TFC for transmission of the data.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p>NB: The TTCN author is responsible for ensuring:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The SDU discard function is not configured for TM and UM entities in the UE, and is configured to no_discard for AM entities in the UE.</li> <li>2. That RLC SDUs that are expected to be sent in the same TTI (due to a TFC restriction) are sent as quickly as possible to minimize the number of 'no data' TFCs used by the MAC layer, and the amount of buffering that must be performed by the RLC layer.</li> </ol> <p>SS requirements for uplink:</p> <p>The SS shall discard all data received using a restricted non-allowed TFC.</p>

## 7.3.2.2.20 CMAC\_SecurityMode\_Config

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CMAC_SecurityMode_Config_CNF
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To confirm to configure the MAC security mode
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63)
}	

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CMAC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To request to configure the MAC security mode. If there are several CMAC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ follow this ASP, the SS shall take a serial of specified actions on the same contents in this ASP at the activation time indicated in each CMAC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63),
macCipheringInfo	SecurityInfo
}	

## 7.3.2.2.21 CMAC\_SequenceNumber

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CMAC_Sequence_Number_CNF
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To return the requested counter sequence number on MAC-d DCH. The physicalChannelIdentity of DPCH applies to routingInfo.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
count_C_MSB_UL	COUNT_C_MSB ,
count_C_MSB_DL	COUNT_C_MSB
}	

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CMAC_SequenceNumber_REQ
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To request the MAC layer to return current counter sequence numbers. The physicalChannelIdentity of DPCH applies to routingInfo.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

## 7.3.2.2.22 CMAC\_SYSINFO\_Config

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CMAC_SYSINFO_Config_CNF
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To confirm to setup the system information block
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CMAC_SYSINFO_Config_REQ
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To request MAC layer to send the BCCH message on the specified configuration.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
ratType	RatType,
configMessage	CmacSysinfoConfigReq
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CmacSysinfoConfigReq
<b>Comment</b>	
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
sg REP	INTEGER (2..12), -- Repetition period is the sg REP-th power of 2.
sg_POS	INTEGER (0..2047), -- The position of each segment is 2 * sg_POS.
bcch_ModificationTime	BCCH_ModificationTime OPTIONAL
}	

### 7.3.2.2.22a CRLC\_Bind\_TestData\_TTI

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CRLC_Bind_TestData_TTI_CNF
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To confirm the request of binding subsequent data sending RLC_TR_TestDataReq on the different DL RBs in the same TTI.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
result	ENUMERATED{failure(0), success(1)}
}	

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CRLC_Bind_TestData_TTI_REQ
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To request binding subsequent data sending RLC_TR_TestDataReq on the different DL RBs in the same TTI. On the request, the transmission of the test data is temporarily suppressed on those radio bearers which follow subsequently this CRLC_Bind_TestData_TTI_REQ and have 'numOfDiffRb' different RB IDs. Having received the number 'numOfDiffRb' of RLC_TR_TestDataReq, the SS RLC sends the test data on those RBs in the same TTI according to the allowed DL TFCS.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
numOfDiffRb	INTEGER(2..6) -- Number of different RB IDs
}	

### 7.3.2.2.23 CRLC\_Ciphering\_Activate

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To confirm to activate or inactivate the ciphering
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63)
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	<p>To request to start or restart downlink ciphering or uplink deciphering. Each call of the ASP includes one RLC SN in rb-DL-CiphActivationTimeInfo for the corresponding rb-identity.</p> <p>Initialize the 20 MSB of HFN component of COUNT-C to the START value stored.</p> <p>For RLC_UM COUNT-C:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- If the value of incHFN is set to "NotInc" the SS initializes the remaining LSBs of HFN component in UM COUNT-C to zero.</li> <li>- If the value of incHFN is set to "Inc" the SS initializes the remaining LSBs of HFN component in UM COUNT-C to zero, then increments the HFN by one.</li> </ul> <p>For RLC_AM COUNT-C:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- If the value of incHFN is set to "NotInc" no further action is needed.</li> <li>- If the value of incHFN is set to "Inc" the SS increments the HFN by one.</li> </ul>
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63),
ratType	RatType,
cn_DomainIdentity	CN_DomainIdentity,
ciphActivationInfo	CiphActivationInfo,
incHFN	RLC_IncMode
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	CiphActivationInfo
Comment	<p>DL or UL ciphering activation info</p> <p>If RB is omitted in rB_UL_CiphActivationTimeInfo the SS takes no action on this RB and the ciphering configuration keeps unchanged on this RB.</p> <p>CipheringModeCommand = dummy NULL means no ciphering.</p>
Type Definition	
CHOICE {	
cipheringModeInfo	CipheringModeInfo,
rb_UL_CiphActivationTimeInfo	RB_ActivationTimeInfoList
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	RLC_IncMode
Comment	
Type Definition	
ENUMERATED{notInc(0), inc(1)}	

### 7.3.2.2.24 CRLC\_Config

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_Config_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	For RLC emulator to confirm that a previous attempt to establish, re_configure or release a radio bearer has been successful.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_Config_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To request to setup, reconfigure or release RLC entity
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE	<pre>{     cellId                      INTEGER(-1..63),     routingInfo                  RoutingInfo,     ratType                      RatType,     configMessage                CrlcConfigReq }</pre>

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	CrlcConfigReq
Comment	To request to setup, re_configure release RLC entity The Stop parameter indicates that the RLC entity shall not transmit or receive RLC PDUs. The Continue parameter indicates that the RLC entity shall continue transmission and reception of RLC PDUs. When the RLC entity is stopped, the all protocol parameters, such as the protocol variables, RLC timers and status are not affected. Triggered polls and status transmissions are delayed until the RLC entity is continued.

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	RB_LogCH_Mapping
Comment	Provide mapping information between RB, logical channel and CN domain.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
uLogicalChannelIdentity	LogicalChannelIdentity OPTIONAL,
dLogicalChannelIdentity	LogicalChannelIdentity OPTIONAL,
logicalChannelType	LogicalChannelType OPTIONAL,
cn-DomainIdentity	CN-DomainIdentity OPTIONAL
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition										
Type Name	SS_RLC_Info									
Comment	<p>UL and DL have been swapped intentionally in this type definition. This is to maximize re-use of the type definitions in 3GPP TS 25.331 [Error! Reference source not found.] which are intended to configure a UE, where UL is transmission, and DL is reception. For the SS, UL is reception, and DL is transmission.</p> <p>For example, consider configuring a DL AM RLC entity (transmitter) in the SS. The transmission parameters to be configured include PollingInformation, Transmission-RLC-Discard etc. If the DL-AM-RLC-Mode type definition is used to configure this entity, it is only possible to configure reception parameters such as StatusInformation, and receiving window size.</p> <p>By swapping UL and DL, it is possible to configure the DL AM RLC entity using the existing type definition UL-AM-RLC-Info, which contains all of the required transmission parameters. Either sS_ul_RLC_Mode for R99 or sS_ul_RLC_Mode_r5 for Rel-5 is chosen at the RLC configuration.</p>									
Type Definition										
SEQUENCE { <table> <tr> <td style="padding-right: 20px;">ss_ul_RLC_Mode</td> <td>DL_RLC_Mode</td> <td>OPTIONAL,</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ss_dl_RLC_Mode</td> <td>SS_DL_RLC_Mode</td> <td>OPTIONAL,</td> </tr> <tr> <td>ss_ul_RLC_Mode_r5</td> <td>DL_RLC_Mode_r5</td> <td>OPTIONAL -- later than</td> </tr> </table> <span style="color: red; font-size: small;">#4 Rel-5 or later</span> }		ss_ul_RLC_Mode	DL_RLC_Mode	OPTIONAL,	ss_dl_RLC_Mode	SS_DL_RLC_Mode	OPTIONAL,	ss_ul_RLC_Mode_r5	DL_RLC_Mode_r5	OPTIONAL -- later than
ss_ul_RLC_Mode	DL_RLC_Mode	OPTIONAL,								
ss_dl_RLC_Mode	SS_DL_RLC_Mode	OPTIONAL,								
ss_ul_RLC_Mode_r5	DL_RLC_Mode_r5	OPTIONAL -- later than								

ASN.1 Type Definition							
Type Name	SS_DL_RLC_Mode						
Comment							
Type Definition							
SEQUENCE { <table> <tr> <td style="padding-right: 20px;">dl_PayloadSize</td> <td>PayloadSize</td> <td>OPTIONAL,</td> </tr> <tr> <td>dl_RLCModeInfo</td> <td>UL_RLC_Mode</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> }		dl_PayloadSize	PayloadSize	OPTIONAL,	dl_RLCModeInfo	UL_RLC_Mode	
dl_PayloadSize	PayloadSize	OPTIONAL,					
dl_RLCModeInfo	UL_RLC_Mode						

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	PayloadSize
Comment	
Type Definition	
INTEGER (0..4992)	

### 7.3.2.2.25 CRLC\_Integrity\_Activate

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition			
Type Name	CRLC_integrity_Activate_CNF		
PCO Type	CSAP		
Comment	To confirm to activate or deactivate the integrity protection		
Type Definition			
SEQUENCE { <table> <tr> <td style="padding-right: 20px;">cellId</td> <td>INTEGER (-1..63)</td> </tr> </table> }		cellId	INTEGER (-1..63)
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63)		

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To request to start or to modify the downlink or uplink integrity protection. The ASP shall be called before send SECURITY MODE COMMAND. It activates the integrity on all SRBs in DL. The SS initializes the 20 MSB of HFN component of COUNT-I to the START value stored and set the remaining LSBs of HFN component in COUNT-I to zero. If integrityModeCommand in ASP is set to "startIntegrityProtection", the SS shall start the downlink integrity protection from the first downlink RRC message. If te integrityModeCommand in ASP is set to "modify", the SS shall start the downlink integrity protection at the RRC message sequence number specified in "dl_IntegrityProtActivationInfo".
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63),
cn_DomainIdentity	CN_DomainIdentity,
integrityActivationInfo	IntegrityActivationInfo
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	IntegrityActivationInfo
<b>Comment</b>	DL or UL integrity activation info At the RRC message sequence numbers specified in the ul_IntegProtActivationInfo the SS shall initialize COUNT-I for the SRB's indicated in the ul_IntegrityProtActivationInfo and start using the new configuration on uplink for the indicated SRB's. If the START value is omitted in the CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ above COUNT-I initialization shall not be performed.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
CHOICE {	
integrityProtectionModeInfo	IntegrityProtectionModeInfo,
ul-IntegProtActivationInfo	IntegrityProtActivationInfoList
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	IntegrityProtActivationInfoList
<b>Comment</b>	List of SS IntegrityProtActivationInfo
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxRB) ) OF SS IntegrityProtActivationTimeInfo	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	SS_IntegrityProtActivationTimeInfo
<b>Comment</b>	Omitting rrc_MessageSequenceNumber means activation time set to "now".
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
rb_Identity	INTEGER (-31..32),
rrc_MessageSequenceNumber	RRC_MessageSequenceNumber OPTIONAL
}	

### 7.3.2.2.26 CRLC\_Integrity\_Failure

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CRLC_Integrity_Failure_IND
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	RLC emulator reports the occurrences of a failure in integrity protection, i.e. reception of an integrity-protected RLC AM/UM SDU containing a non-matching X-MAC value compared to the desired.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
failureCause	ENUMERATED { codeNotMatched(0) }
	-- the enumerated types of failure cause field is ffs
}	

### 7.3.2.2.26a CRLC\_MAC\_I\_Mode

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_MAC_I_Mode_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	Confirm a previous CRLC_MAC_I_Mode_REQ being successful.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63),
srbId	INTEGER (0..4)
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_MAC_I_Mode_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To set the MAC-I calculation mode. The ASP does not affect the UL integrity calculation. If mode = normal, the SS generates the correct MAC-I. If mode = erroneous, the SS generates any wrong MAC-I value different from the one it shall be. As default, when the integrity protection is jswitched on the SS enters the normal MAC-I calculation mode.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63),
srbId	INTEGER (0..4),
mode	ENUMERATED {normal(0), erroneous(1)}
}	

### 7.3.2.2.27 CRLC\_Resume

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_Resume_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To confirm the resume request
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_Resume_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To request to resume data transmission
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

### 7.3.2.2.27a CRLC\_RRC\_MessageSN

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_RRC_MessageSN_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To return the counter I values (HFN and RRC message sequence number) for sending the next DL RRC message or for receiving the next UL RRC message on the concerned SRB. COUNT_I_MSB is the 28 MSB of the COUNT-I (HFN)
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
count_I_MSB_UL	COUNT_I_MSB,
count_I_LSB_UL	RRC_SequenceNumber,
count_I_MSB_DL	COUNT_I_MSB,
count_I_LSB_DL	RRC_SequenceNumber
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	COUNT_I_MSB
Comment	28 bits long
Type Definition	
INTEGER (0..268435455)	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	RRC_SequenceNumber
Comment	4 bits long
Type Definition	
INTEGER (0..15)	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_RRC_MessageSN_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To request the SS to return the values in COUNT-I for sending the next DL RRC message or for receiving the next UL RRC message on the concerned SRB.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

### 7.3.2.2.28 CRLC\_SecurityMode\_Config

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To confirm to configure the RLC security mode If several subsequent CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ or CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ follow this ASP, the SS shall take a serial of specified actions on the same contents in this ASP at the activation time indicated in each CRLC_Integrity (or Ciphering)_Activate_REQ.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63)
}	

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To request to configure the RLC security mode
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
rlcSecurityInfo	SecurityInfo}

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	SecurityInfo
<b>Comment</b>	The integrityKey is not applicable to MAC
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cn-DomainIdentity	CN-DomainIdentity,
startValue	START_VALUE
cipheringKey	BITSTRING(128)
integrityKey	BITSTRING(128)
gsmCipheringKey	BITSTRING(64)
}	OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL, OPTIONAL
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	When the SS receives SecurityInfo, the SS first stores the contents. The SecurityInfo contents is not activated until receiving the subsequent ASP, CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ, CMAC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ or CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ. Omitted fields of SecurityInfo shall not be affected by the subsequent ASP at the activation time.
	EXAMPLE: Omitting of startValue indicates not to re-initialize the relevant COUNT-C or COUNT-I, omitting of cipheringKey indicates that the current ciphering key is valid.

### 7.3.2.2.28a CRLC\_SetRRC\_MessageSN

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CRLC_SetRRC_MessageSN_CNF
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To confirm the RRC message sequence number setting request
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	CRLC_SetRRC_MessageSN_REQ
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	To request the SS to set the RRC message sequence number in COUNT-I to the value specified in this ASP. The ASP is used to initialize SS RRC SN.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
count_I_LSB_UL	RRC_SequenceNumber      OPTIONAL,
count_I_LSB_DL	RRC_SequenceNumber      OPTIONAL
}	

## 7.3.2.2.28b CRLC\_Set\_Count\_I

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_Set_Count_I_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To confirm the count_I_MSB and the RRC message sequence number setting request
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_Set_Count_I_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To request the SS to set the 28 MSB and 4 LSB (RRC message sequence number) in COUNT-I according to the parameter values specified in this ASP. Parameters omitted in this ASP shall leave the corresponding bits in the SS COUNT-I unchanged. Typically the parameters count_I_MSB_UL and count_I_MSB_DL are omitted. They are only applied in a few specific security test cases requiring restoration of the used integrity context. Note: The 28 MSBs are initialized with the UE-provided START value plus 8 bits set to 0, using a different ASP (CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ).
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
count_I_LSB_UL	RRC_SequenceNumber         OPTIONAL,
count_I_LSB_DL	RRC_SequenceNumber         OPTIONAL,
count_I_MSB_UL	COUNT_I_MSB                 OPTIONAL,
count_I_MSB_DL	COUNT_I_MSB                 OPTIONAL
}	

## 7.3.2.2.29 CRLC\_SequenceNumber

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_Sequence_Number_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To return the requested counter sequence number to which the next DL PDU to be sent or the expected UL PDU to be received.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
count_C_MSB_UL	COUNT_C_MSB,
count_C_LSB_UL	RLC_SequenceNumber,
count_C_MSB_DL	COUNT_C_MSB,
count_C_LSB_DL	RLC_SequenceNumber
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_SequenceNumber_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To request the RLC layer to return current counter sequence numbers to which the next DL PDU to be sent or the expected UL PDU to be received.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

## 7.3.2.2.29a CRLC\_SendContinuousData\_TTI

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_SendContinuousData_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	Confirm sending data in every TTI on each requested RB
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63),
result	ENUMERATED{failure(0), success(1)}
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_SendContinuousData_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To request sending data in every TTI on each RB identified. After the CMAC_Restriction_REQ, the TFC under test will be the one corresponding to the maximum CTFC value in the Restricted list, so that SS can select the number of Transport blocks and the size of Transport blocks on individual Transport channels derived from this CTFC. SS shall take care about all kind of discard info in all RLC modes and the final goal is that the DL TFCs under test shall be selected in downlink for sending data on the request RBs in each TTI.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63),
rabTxInfo	RabTxInfo
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	RabTxInfo
Comment	Provide test data, number of RBs, and RB Tx info of each RB (RB id, SDU size and number of SDUs) to be transmitted in consecutive TTIs
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
testData	BIT STRING (SIZE (8..163840)),
rbTxInfoList	SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..6)) OF RabTxInfo
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	RbTxInfo
Comment	Info on RB id and the actual DL test data size (SDU_Size * number of SDUs). The actual test data is extracted from the first (SDU_Size * number of SDUs) bits in the raw testData buffer. SS shall transmit the actual test data in every TTI. The value nomOfSdu = T / TTI , whereby T=1200 is the duration of the data transmitting in the RAB test, taking into account the test tolerance (+50 %) of the UE loop back delay (< 800 ms).
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
rB_Identity	INTEGER (-31..32),
sduSize	INTEGER (1..163840),
nomOfSdu	INTEGER (0..255) -- 0 is set for no data on this RB
}	

### 7.3.2.2.30 CRLC\_Status

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_Status_IND
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To report the occurrence of certain events to RRC. Note: the possible event types to be defined for this ASP is FFS.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
ratType	RatType,
statusInd	CrlcStatusInd
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	CrlcStatusInd
Comment	
Type Definition	
ENUMERATED {	
dataLinkFailure (0)	
maxRESET (1),	
sDUDiscarded (2)	
-- More event types are to be added here	
}	

### 7.3.2.2.31 CRLC\_Suspend

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_Suspend_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To confirm the suspension of data transmission. The parameter vt indicates either the value of the Send State Variable VT(S) for AM, or the value of Data State Variable VT(US) for UM.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
vt	RLC_SequenceNumber
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_Suspend_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To request the suspension of data transmission. The parameter n indicates that an RLC entity will not send a PDU with "Sequence Number"≥VT(S)+N for AM and "Sequence Number"≥VT(US)+N for UM, where N is a non-negative integer.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
n	RLC_SequenceNumber
}	

### 7.3.2.2.32 CBMC\_Config

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CBMC_Config_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To confirm the BMC configuration, reconfiguration or release.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo -- RBid
}	

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	CBMC_Config_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To request the configuration, reconfiguration or release of BMC.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo, -- RBid
configMessage	CHOICE {
setup	BMC_SchedulingInfo,
release	NULL}
}	

### 7.3.2.2.33 RLC\_TR\_DATA

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	RLC_TR_DATA_REQ
PCO Type	DSAP
Comment	To request to transmit DATA using transparent mode.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
tM_Message	CHOICE {
dL_DCCH_Message	DL_DCCH_Message,
dL_CCCH_Message	DL_CCCH_Message,
pCCCH_Message	PCCH_Message,
dL_SHCCH_Message	DL_SHCCH_Message,
bCCH_FACH_Message	BCCH_FACH_Message,
bCCH_BCH_Message	BCCH_BCH_Message,
invalid_dL_DCCH_Message	Invalid_DL_DCCH_Message,
invalid_dL_CCCH_Message	Invalid_DL_CCCH_Message,
invalid_dL_SHCCH_Message	Invalid_DL_SHCCH_Message}
}	

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	RLC_TR_DATA_IND
PCO Type	DSAP
Comment	To indicate to receive DATA using transparent mode.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
tM_Message	CHOICE {
uL_DCCH_Message	UL_DCCH_Message,
uL_CCCH_Message	UL_CCCH_Message,
uL_SHCCH_Message	UL_SHCCH_Message}
}	

### 7.3.2.2.34 RLC\_AM\_DATA

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	RLC_AM_DATA_REQ
PCO Type	DSAP
Comment	To request to transmit DATA using acknowledged mode.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
confirmationRequest	AmConfirmationRequest,
aM Message	CHOICE {
dL_DCCH_Message	DL_DCCH_Message,
dL_CCCH_Message	DL_CCCH_Message,
pCCCH_Message	PCCH_Message,
dL_SHCCH_Message	DL_SHCCH_Message,
bCCH_FACH_Message	BCCH_FACH_Message,
bCCH_BCH_Message	BCCH_BCH_Message,
invalid_dL_DCCH_Message	Invalid_DL_DCCH_Message,
invalid_dL_CCCH_Message	Invalid_DL_CCCH_Message,
invalid_dL_SHCCH_Message	Invalid_DL_SHCCH_Message}
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	AmConfirmationRequest
Comment	If the noConfirmationRequested option is used, then an RLC_AM_DATA_CNF is not expected from the RLC AM entity. If the confirmationRequested option is used, then the RLC AM entity is being requested to provide an RLC_AM_DATA_CNF primitive containing the same Mui value.
Type Definition	
CHOICE {	
noConfirmationRequest	NULL,
confirmationRequested	Mui
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	Mui
Comment	
Type Definition	
INTEGER {0..4095}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	RLC_AM_DATA_IND
PCO Type	DSAP
Comment	To indicate to receive DATA using acknowledged mode.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
integrityResult	IntegrityResult,
aM_Message	CHOICE {
uL_DCCH_Message	UL_DCCH_Message,
uL_CCCH_Message	UL_CCCH_Message,
uL_SHCCH_Message	UL_SHCCH_Message}
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	IntegrityResult
Comment	
Type Definition	
CHOICE {	
integrityNotUsed	NULL,
integrityUsed	IntegrityStatus
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	IntegrityStatus
Comment	
<b>Type Definition</b>	
ENUMERATED {	
i_pass(0), i_fail(1)	
}	

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	RLC_AM_DATA_CNF
PCO Type	DSAP
Comment	For RLC emulator to report to the upper layer that a previously transmitted SDU has been acknowledged correctly by the UE
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
mui	Mui
}	

### 7.3.2.2.35 RLC\_UM\_DATA

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	RLC_UM_DATA_REQ
PCO Type	DSAP
Comment	To request to transmit DATA using unacknowledged mode.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
uM Message	CHOICE {
	dL_DCCH_Message
	dL_CCCH_Message
	pCCH_Message
	dL_SHCCH_Message
	bCCH_FACH_Message
	bCCH_BCH_Message
	invalid_dL_DCCH_Message
	invalid_dL_CCCH_Message
	invalid_dL_SHCCH_Message
	specialLI
	BOOLEAN
}	

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
Type Name	RLC_UM_DATA_IND
PCO Type	DSAP
Comment	To indicate to receive DATA using unacknowledged mode.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
integrityResult	IntegrityResult,
uM Message	CHOICE {
	uL_DCCH_Message
	uL_CCCH_Message
	uL_SHCCH_Message
}	
	UL_DCCH_Message,
	UL_CCCH_Message,
	UL_SHCCH_Message}

### 7.3.2.3 Specific ASP and IE definitions for 1.28 Mcps TDD ([later than R99 Rel-4 or later](#))

The ASP definitions in 7.3.2.2 are applied to 1.28 Mcps TDD with the exceptions.

1. The ASP definition CPHY\_AICH\_AckModeSet is not applied.

2. Specific IE definitions in this clause replace the definitions in 7.3.2.2.

### 7.3.2.3.1 Specific ASP definitions

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CPHY_Cell_Config_REQ
<b>PCO Type</b>	CSAP
<b>Comment</b>	Applicable <a href="#">later than r99 Rel-4 or later</a> To request to setup the cell parameter. The unit of tcell is chip; the unit of sfnOffset is frame number; the primary scrambling code number of the cell is 16*primaryScramblingCode_SS; the unit of dLTxAAttenuationLevel is dB.
Type Definition	
<pre>SEQUENCE {     cellId                      INTEGER (0..63),     sfnOffset                    INTEGER (0 .. 4095),     frequencyInfo                FrequencyInfo,     cellTxPowerLevel             CellTxPowerLevel,     dLTxAAttenuationLevel        INTEGER(0..30),     cellParametersID             CellParametersID,     timeSlotConfigurationList_LCR TimeSlotConfigurationList_LCR,     dwPCHInfo                    DwPCHInfo,     transmissionDiversityApplied ENUMERATED {NotApplied(0),Applied(1)} OPTIONAL }</pre>	

### 7.3.2.3.2 Specific IE definitions

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	CphyRIModifyReq
<b>Comment</b>	Applicable <a href="#">later than r99 Rel-4 or later</a> for LCR TDD
Type Definition	
<pre>SEQUENCE {     activationTime          SS_ActivationTime,     physicalChannelInfo    CHOICE {         secondaryCCPCHInfo SecondaryCCPCHInfo,         pRACHInfo            PRACHInfo,         dPCHInfo              DPCHInfo     } }</pre>	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	CphyRISetupReq
<b>Comment</b>	Applicable <a href="#">later than r99 Rel-4 or later</a> for LCR TDD To request to setup the Radio Link for LCR TDD
Type Definition	
<pre>SEQUENCE {     physicalChannelInfo    CHOICE {         primaryCCPCHInfo PrimaryCCPCHInfo,         secondaryCCPCHInfo SecondaryCCPCHInfo,         pRACHInfo           PRACHInfo,         pICHInfo             PICHInfo,         dPCHInfo              DPCHInfo,         pDSCHInfo            PDSCHInfo,         pUSCHInfo            PUSCHInfo     } }</pre>	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	PrimaryCCPCHInfo
<b>Comment</b>	Applicable <a href="#">later than r99 Rel-4 or later</a> for LCR TDD
Type Definition	
<pre>SEQUENCE {     sctd_Indicator      ENUMERATED {NotApplied(0), Applied(1)},     tstd_Indicator      ENUMERATED {NotApplied(0), Applied(1)},     commonTimeSlotInfo  CommonTimeslotInfo,     dL TxPower_PCCPCH   DL TxPower_PCCPCH }</pre>	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	SecondaryCCPCHInfo
<b>Comment</b>	Applicable <a href="#">later than r99 Rel-4 or later</a> for LCR TDD The range for powerOffsetOfTFCI_PO1 and powerOffsetOfPILOT_PO3 is 0-6 dB, 0.25 dB per step.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
tstd_Indicator	ENUMERATED {NotApplied(0), Applied(1)},
sctd_Indicator	ENUMERATED {NotApplied(0), Applied(1)},
dl_TxPower	DL_TxPower,
commonTimeSlotInfo	CommonTimeslotInfoSCCPCH,
channelisationCode	SCCPCH_ChannelisationCodeList,
individualTimeslotInfo	IndividualTimeslotInfo_LCR_r4,
powerOffsetOfTFCI_PO1	INTEGER (0..24) OPTIONAL
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	PRACHInfo
<b>Comment</b>	Applicable <a href="#">later than r99 Rel-4 or later</a> for LCR TDD
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
pRACH_RACH_Info_LCR_r4	PRACH_RACH_Info_LCR_r4,
accessServiceClass_TDD_LCR	AccessServiceClass_TDD_LCR_r4,
fPACH_Power	DL_TxPower
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	DL_DPCHInfo
<b>Comment</b>	Applicable <a href="#">later than r99 Rel-4 or later</a> for LCR TDD The range for powerOffsetOfTPC_PO2 and powerOffsetOfTFCI_PO1 and powerOffsetOfPILOT_PO3 is 0 dB to 6 dB, 0,25 dB per step.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
dl_CommonInformation	DL_CommonInformation_r4,
dl_DPCH_InfoPerRL	DL_DPCH_InfoPerRL_r4,
powerOffsetOfTFCI_PO1	INTEGER (0..24),
powerOffsetOfTPC_PO2	INTEGER (0..24),
dl_TxPower	DL_TxPower,
dl_TxPowerMax	DL_TxPower,
dl_TxPowerMin	DL_TxPower,
dl_TimeslotISCPInfoLCR	TimeslotListWithISCP
}	

<b>ASN.1 Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	PDSCHInfo
<b>Comment</b>	Applicable <a href="#">later than r99 Rel-4 or later</a> for LCR TDD
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
pdsch_Identity	PDSCH_Identity,
pdsch_Info	PDSCH_Info_r4,
pdsch_PowerControlInfo	PDSCH_PowerControlInfo OPTIONAL,
dl_TxPower	DL_TxPower
}	

### 7.3.3 TTCN primitives

#### 7.3.3.1 UTRAN TTCN primitives

Table 17 shows the primitives that are used for RLC, BMC ,RB and PDCP tests, these primitives are defined in TTCN tabular form.

**Table 17: Primitives for RLC, BMC and RB tests**

<b>Primitive</b>	<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Use</b>
RLC_TR_TestDataReq	Cell identity INTEGER (-31..32) Data (Meta type PDU)	The ASP is used to request the transmission of unstructured data using transparent mode in the downlink direction
RLC_TR_TestDataInd	Cell identity INTEGER (-31..32) Data (Meta type PDU)	The ASP is used to indicate the reception of unstructured data using transparent mode in the uplink direction
RLC UM TestDataReq	Cell identity INTEGER (-31..32) Data (Meta type PDU)	The ASP is used to request the transmission of unstructured data using unacknowledged mode in the downlink direction
RLC UM TestDataInd	Cell identity INTEGER (-31..32) Data (Meta type PDU)	The ASP is used to indicate the reception of unstructured data using unacknowledged mode in the uplink direction
RLC AM TestDataReq	Cell identity INTEGER (-31..32) Data (Meta type PDU)	The ASP is used to request the transmission of unstructured data using acknowledged mode in the downlink direction
RLC AM TestDataInd	Cell identity INTEGER (-31..32) Data (Meta type PDU)	The ASP is used to indicate the reception of unstructured data using acknowledged mode in the uplink direction
BMC_DataReq	Cell identity, INTEGER (-31..32), Data (Meta type PDU)	The ASP is used to request the transmission of unstructured BMC data or scheduling message, using unacknowledged mode in the downlink direction.
BMC_DataCnf	CellId, INTEGER (-31..32)	The ASP is used to confirm the reception of BMC CBS data
RLC_HandoverReq	CellId INTEGER (-31..32) Data (Meta type PDU)	The ASP is used to request the transmission of the HandoverFromUTRANCommand_GSM message using acknowledged operation (AM). The Meta PDU in turn consists of 2 components. 1. the ASN.1 PER encoded HandoverFromUTRANCommand, without any 1 bit to 7 bits of padding 2. The GSM Handover command The SS shall take care of inserting the MAC and RLC sequence number of Integrity check info, as in the case of other RRC DL PDU's

The TTCN tabular format applies to the primitive definitions.

### 7.3.4 GERAN PCO and ASP definitions

#### 7.3.4.1 PCO Type definitions

##### 7.3.4.1.1 PCO type for data transmission and reception in GERAN

**Table 18: Declaration of the G\_DSAP PCO Type**

<b>PCO Type Definition</b>	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP
<b>Role</b>	LT
<b>Comment</b>	DATA transmission and reception

##### 7.3.4.1.2 PCO type for configuration and control in GERAN

**Table 19: Declaration of the G\_CSAP PCO Type**

<b>PCO Type Definition</b>	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP
<b>Role</b>	LT
<b>Comment</b>	Transmission and reception of control primitives

### 7.3.4.2 PCO definitions

7.3.4.2.1 PCOs for data transmission and reception in GERAN

7.3.4.2.1.1 PCO for data transmission and reception through GERAN L2

**Table 20: Declaration of G\_L2 PCO**

PCO Type Definition	
PCO Name	G_L2
PCO Type	G_DSAP
Role	LT
Comment	Control and observation point of GERAN L3 messages and user data

7.3.4.2.1.2 PCO for data transmission and reception through GPRS RLC

**Table 21: Declaration of G\_RLC PCO**

PCO Type Definition	
PCO Name	G_RLC
PCO Type	G_DSAP
Role	LT
Comment	Control and observation point of GPRS GRR signalling messages

7.3.4.2.1.3 PCO for data transmission and reception through GPRS LLC

**Table 22: Declaration of LLC PCO**

PCO Type Definition	
PCO Name	G_LLC
PCO Type	G_DSAP
Role	LT
Comment	Control and observation point of GPRS GMM signalling messages

7.3.4.2.1.4 PCO for data transmission and reception through GPRS SNDCP

**Table 23: Declaration of SNDCP PCO**

PCO Type Definition	
PCO Name	G_SNDCP
PCO Type	G_DSAP
Role	LT
Comment	Control and observation point of GPRS user packet data

7.3.4.2.2 PCOs for control primitives transmission and reception in GERAN

7.3.4.2.2.1 PCO for GERAN L1control primitives transmission and reception

**Table 24: Declaration of G\_CL1 PCO**

PCO Type Definition	
PCO Name	G_CL1
PCO Type	G_CSAP
Role	LT
Comment	Control GERAN Physical Layer (L1)

7.3.4.2.2.2 PCO for GERAN L2 control primitives transmission and reception

**Table 25: Declaration of G\_CL2 PCO**

PCO Type Definition	
PCO Name	G_CL2
PCO Type	G_CSAP
Role	LT
Comment	Control GERAN L2

7.3.4.2.2.3 PCO for GPRS RLC control primitives transmission and reception

**Table 26: Declaration of G\_CRLC PCO**

PCO Type Definition	
PCO Name	G_CRLC
PCO Type	G_CSAP
Role	LT
Comment	Control GPRS RLC/MAC layer

7.3.4.2.2.4 PCO for GPRS LLC control primitives transmission and reception

**Table 27: Declaration of G CLLC PCO**

PCO Type Definition	
PCO Name	G CLLC
PCO Type	G_CSAP
Role	LT
Comment	Control GPRS LLC layer

7.3.4.2.2.5 PCO for GPRS SNDCP control primitives transmission and reception

**Table 28: Declaration of G\_CSNDCP PCO**

PCO Type Definition	
PCO Name	G_CSNDCP
PCO Type	G_CSAP
Role	LT
Comment	Control GPRS SNDCP layer

### 7.3.4.3 GERAN ASP Definitions

#### 7.3.4.3.1 ASPs for data transmission and reception in GERAN

##### 7.3.4.3.1.1 ASPs for data transmission and reception through GERAN L2

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_L2_DATA_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to send L3 signalling message on the signalling channels or user data on the traffic channels to the UE/MS in acknowledged mode.	
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
cellId	CellId	
sAPI	SAPI	0 or 3
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
g_LogicChType	G_LogicChType	
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: TCH/H, FACCH/H, SACCH/TH, SDCCH/8, SACCH/C8, SDCCH/4, and SACCH/C4. For TCH/H, FACCH/H and SACCH/TH value is (0..1); For SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3). This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
rfn	RFN	The reduced frame number of the first frame on which this message is sent. This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if the field t2 of rfn is coded as '11111'B.
msg	PDU	Signalling message or user data to be sent
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	Parameter rfn is only used in the test cases that require L3 message to be sent on specified frame number.	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_L2_DATA_IND	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to receive a L3 signalling message on the signalling channels or user data on the traffic channels from the UE/MS in acknowledged mode.	
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
cellId	CellId	
sAPI	SAPI	0 or 3
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
g_LogicChType	G_LogicChType	
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: TCH/H, FACCH/H, SACCH/TH, SDCCH/8, SACCH/C8, SDCCH/4, and SACCH/C4. For TCH/H, FACCH/H and SACCH/TH value is (0..1); For SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3). This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
rfn	RFN	The reduced frame number of the first frame carrying the message
msg	PDU	Signalling message or user data received
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_L2_L2Estab_IND	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to receive an indication of that L2 multiple frame operation on the specified channel has been established.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
physicalChld	PhysicalChld	Channel identifier
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: FACCH/H, SDCCH/8 and SDCCH/4, This field shall be coded as 15 if it is not applicable.
sAPI	SAPI	0,3
establish_mode	OCTETSTRING[1]	
rfn	RFN	The reduced frame number of the first frame carries the L2 SABM frame
msg	PDU	this field is present only when the establish mode is CoRes (collision resolution)
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	see 3GPP TS 44.006 [Error! Reference source not found.] clauses 7.1.1 and 7.1.3	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_L2_UNITDATA_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to send L3 signalling message on the signalling channels or send user data on the traffic channels to the UE/MS in unacknowledged mode.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
sAPI	SAPI	0 or 3
physicalChld	PhysicalChld	Channel identifier
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: TCH/H, FACCH/H, SACCH/TH, SDCCH/8, SACCH/C8, SDCCH/4, and SACCH/C4. For TCH/H, FACCH/H and SACCH/TH value is (0..1); For SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3). This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
rfn	RFN	The reduced frame number of the first frame on which this message is sent. This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if the field t2 of rfn is coded as '11111'B.
msg	PDU	Signalling message or user data to be sent
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	Parameter fn is only used in the test cases that require specific L3 message to be sent on specified frame number.	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_L2_UNITDATA_IND	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to receive a L3 signalling message on the signalling channels or user data on the traffic channels from the UE/MS in unacknowledged mode.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
sAPI	SAPI	0 or 3
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: TCH/H, FACCH/H, SACCH/TH, SDCCH/8, SACCH/C8, SDCCH/4, and SACCH/C4. For TCH/H, FACCH/H and SACCH/TH value is (0..1); For SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3). This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
rfn	RFN	The reduced frame number of the first frame carrying the message
msg	PDU	Signalling message or user data received
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_L2_ACCESS_IND	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to receive a random access or handover access burst on the specified channel.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	RACH, FACCH, SDCCH/8, SDCCH/4. RACH is used for random access burst; others are used for handover access burst
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: FACCH/H, SDCCH/8, SDCCH/4. This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
rfn	RFN	The reduced frame number of the first frame carrying the burst
burst	PDU	Random access burst or handover access burst
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_L2_Paging_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to send a paging message on the specified paging group of the specified paging channel to the UE/MS, when the UE/MS is in idle mode or the UE/MS not supporting SPLIT_PG_CYCLE on CCCH is in GPRS attached mode and PCCCH is absent.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
sAPI	SAPI	0
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier of the right CCCH_GROUP
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	PCH
pagingGroup	PAGING_GROUP	
pagingMode	PagingMode	0-normal paging; 1-extended paging; 2-paging reorganization.
msg	PDU	Paging message
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	<p>The SS is required to send valid layer 3 messages continuously on all paging subchannels on CCCH where paging can appear.</p> <p>For "normal paging" the SS send the paging message in the specified pagingGroup;</p> <p>For "extended paging" the SS send the paging message in the specified pagingGroup and in the "next but one" position on the PCH, following the block corresponding to pagingGroup;</p> <p>For "paging reorganization" the SS send the paging message in all paging subchannels.</p> <p>The required 51-multiframe occurs when:</p> <p>pagingGroup div (N div BS_PA_MFRMS) = (FN div 51) mod (BS_PA_MFRMS)</p> <p>The index to the required paging block in the 51-multiframe determined above:</p> <p>Paging block index = pagingGroup mod (N div BS_PA_MFRMS)</p> <p>N = (9-BS_AG_BLKS_RES) * BS_PA_MFRMS    CCCH not combined or  N = (3-BS_AG_BLKS_RES) * BS_PA_MFRMS    CCCH + SDCCH combined</p>	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_L2_PagingGPRS_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to send a paging message on the specified paging group of the specified paging channel to the UE/MS, when the UE/MS supporting SPLIT_PG_CYCLE on CCCH is in GPRS attached mode and PCCCH absent.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
sAPI	SAPI	0
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier of the right CCCH_GROUP
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	PCH
pagingGroup	PAGING_GROUP	
pagingMode	PagingMode	0-normal paging; 1-extended paging; 2-paging reorganization.
msg	PDU	Paging message
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	<p>The SS is required to send valid layer 3 messages continuously on all paging subchannels on CCCH where paging can appear.</p> <p>For "normal paging" the SS send the paging message in the specified pagingGroup;</p> <p>For "extended paging" the SS send the paging message in the specified pagingGroup and in the "next but one" position on the PCH, following the block corresponding to pagingGroup;</p> <p>For "paging reorganization" the SS send the paging message in all paging subchannels.</p> <p>The required 51-multiframe occurs when:</p> <p>pagingGroup div (M div 64) = (FN div 51) mod 64</p> <p>The index to the required paging block in the 51-multiframe determined above:</p> <p>Paging block index = pagingGroup mod (M div 64)</p> <p>M = (9-BS_AG_BLKS_RES) × 64    CCCH not combined or  M = (3-BS_AG_BLKS_RES) × 64    CCCH + SDCCH combined</p>	
NOTE: This ASP may not be implemented if the MS/UE does not support SPLIT_PG_CYCLE on CCCH.		

<b>Type Name</b>	CellId
<b>Type Definition</b>	INTEGER
<b>Type Encoding</b>	
<b>Comments</b>	

<b>Type Name</b>	SAPI
<b>Type Definition</b>	INTEGER
<b>Type Encoding</b>	
<b>Comments</b>	Service access point identifier for GERAN L2 and LLC

<b>Type Name</b>	PhysicalChId
<b>Type Definition</b>	INTEGER(0..31)
<b>Type Encoding</b>	
<b>Comments</b>	Physical channel identifier in GERAN

<b>Type Name</b>	G_LogicChType
<b>Type Definition</b>	INTEGER
<b>Type Encoding</b>	
<b>Comments</b>	GERAN logical channel type: 0-BCCH; 1-RACH; 2-PCH; 3-AGCH; 4-SDCCH/4; 5-SACCH/C4; 6-SDCCH/8; 7-SACCH/C8; 8-TCH/F; 9-FACCH/F; 10-SACCH/TF; 11-TCH/H; 12-FACCH/H; 13-SACCH/TH; 14-PBCCH; 15-PRACH; 16-PPCH; 17-PAGCH; 18-PDTCH/F; 19-PACCH/F; 20-PTCCH/F; 21-E-TCH/F; 22-E-IACCH/F; 23-E-FACCH/F; 24-SACCH/M; 25-SACCH/MD

<b>Type Name</b>	SubChannelNumber
<b>Type Definition</b>	INTEGER
<b>Type Encoding</b>	
<b>Comments</b>	Subchannel number for TCH/H, FACCH/H, SACCH/TH, SDCCH/4, SDCCH/C4, SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8. For TCH/H, FACCH/H and SACCH/TH value is (0..1); For SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); For SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3).

<b>Type Name</b>	PAGING_GROUP
<b>Type Definition</b>	INTEGER
<b>Type Encoding</b>	
<b>Comments</b>	3GPP TS 05.02 or 3GPP TS 45.002 [Error! Reference source not found.] clauses 6.5.2 and 6.5.6

Type Name	PagingMode
Type Definition	INTEGER
Type Encoding	
Comments	0 - normal paging; 1 - extended paging; 2 - paging reorganization.

Type Name	RFN
Encoding Variation	
Comments	The reduced frame number, its range is 0 -- 42431 (FN modulo 42432) about 195.8 s
Element Name	Type Definition
t1_	BITSTRING[5]
t3	BITSTRING[6]
t2	BITSTRING[5]
Detailed Comments	see 3GPP TS 04.18 or 3GPP TS 44.018 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 10.5.2.38. The reduced frame number, FN modulo 42432 can be calculated in the following formula: $51 \times ((t3 - t2) \text{ mod } 26) + t3 + 1326 \times t1_$ . RFN is used for starting time and TBF starting time.

ASP Name	G_L2_Release_CNF
PCO Type	G_DSAP
Comments	This ASP from L2, indicates that the multiple frame operation release was successful. This means that the UA message was received in response to L2 DISC command.
Parameter Name	Parameter Type
cellId	CellId
sAPI	SAPI
physicalChld	PhysicalChld
g_LogicChType	G_LogicChType
subChannel	SubChannelNumber
releaseMode	BITSTRING[1]
Detailed Comments	

ASP Name	G_L2_Release_REQ
PCO Type	G_DSAP
Comments	This ASP requests L2 to send Layer 2 DISC command on the indicated SAPI.
Parameter Name	Parameter Type
cellId	CellId
sAPI	SAPI
physicalChld	PhysicalChld
g_LogicChType	G_LogicChType
subChannel	SubChannelNumber
releaseMode	BITSTRING[1]
Detailed Comments	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_L2_Release_IND	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to receive an indication of the termination of an established multiple frame operation or an indication of an unsuccessful establishment attempt.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
sAPI	SAPI	0
physicalChld	PhysicalChld	Channel identifier
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: TCH/H, FACCH/H, SACCH/TH, SDCCH/8, SACCH/C8, SDCCH/4, and SACCH/C4. For TCH/H, FACCH/H and SACCH/TH value is (0..1); for SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3).
releaseMode	BITSTRING[1]	0 = normal release; 1 = local end release
outstanding_Indicator	BOOLEAN	whether or not there are outstanding acknowledgements or unsolved G_L2_DATA_REQ primitives.
Detailed Comments		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_L2_SYSINFO_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to send system information messages to the lower layer emulator.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
sAPI	SAPI	0
physicalChld	PhysicalChld	
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	BCCH or SACCH
instanceIndex	INTEGER	To indicate the instance of the system information messages. For SYSTEM INFORMATION Type 2ter, 18, 19, 20 the value is (0..7); for type 14, 15 the value is (0..3); for type 2quater the value is (0..15); for all other type the value is 0.
sysInfoType	SysInfoType	SYSTEM INFORMATION Type 5, 5bis, 5ter, and 6 are sent on SACCH, the other SYSTEM INFORMATION's are sent on BCCH.
msg	PDU	This field contains SYSTEM INFORMATION message. See 3GPP TS 44.018 [43] clause 9.1.31 to clause 9.1.43h for SYSTEM INFORMATION message definitions.
Detailed Comments	The lower layer emulator shall store the SYSTEM INFORMATION's, and transmit them periodically according to the rules specified in clause 6.3.1.3 of 3GPP TS 05.02 or 3GPP TS 45.002 [Error! Reference source not found.]. The msg shall override the same type system information message previous stored in the lower layer emulator.	

Type Name	SysInfoType
Type Definition	INTEGER
Type Encoding	
Comments	<p>25--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 1      26--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 2      2 -- SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 2bis      3 -- SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 2ter      7 -- SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 2quater      27--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 3      28--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 4      29--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 5      5 -- SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 5bis      6 -- SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 5ter      30--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 6      31--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 7      24--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 8      4 -- SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 9</p> <p>0 -- SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 13      61--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 16      62--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 17      64--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 18      65--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 19      66--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 20</p>

#### 7.3.4.3.1.2 ASPs for data transmission and reception through GERAN RLC

ASP Name	G_RLC_PSI_REQ	
PCO Type	G_DSAP	
Comments	The ASP is used to send packet system information messages to the lower layer emulator.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
physicalChld	PhysicalChld	
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	PBCCH or PACCH or PCCCH
packetSysInfoCategory	PSI_Category	PSI1 or high repetition rate or low repetition rate. Type of this field is INTEGER: 0-- PSI1; 1--high repetition category; 2--low repetition category.
positionInList	PositionInList	Position in the high repetition rate list or the low repetition rate list, for PSI1 this field is not applicable and set to 31. Type of this field is INTEGER, the order of the position is from 0, 1, ... . 0 indicates the first position, 1 the second, and so on.
msg	PDU	This field contains PACKET SYSTEM INFORMATION message, see 3GPP TS 04.60 or 3GPP TS 44.060 [Error! Reference source not found.] clauses 11.2.18 to 11.2.25 for the message definitions
Detailed Comments	On PBCCH, the lower layer emulator shall store the PACKET SYSTEM INFORMATION's, and transmit them periodically according to the rules specified in clause 6.3.2.4 of 3GPP TS 05.02 or 3GPP TS 45.002 [Error! Reference source not found.]. The msg shall override the same type packet system information message previous stored in the lower layer. Multiple instances of a PSI shall be put in the same list and in ascending order of the message instance number	

Type Name	PSI_Category
Type Definition	INTEGER
Type Encoding	
Comments	3GPP TS 05.02 or 3GPP TS 45.002 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 6.3.2.4

<b>Type Name</b>	PositionInList
<b>Type Definition</b>	INTEGER
<b>Type Encoding</b>	
<b>Comments</b>	0 is the first position; 1 is the second, and so on.

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_RLC_ControlMsg_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to transmit a RLC/MAC control message to the UE/MS on the specified channel.	
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
cellId	CellId	
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	
g_LogicChType	G_LogicChType	PCCCH or PACCH or PTCH
tBF_Direction	INTEGER	1-downlink TBF; 0-uplink TBF
tFI	TFI	Temporary flow identity
rRBP	RRBP	Relative reserved block period
s_P_Bit	S_P_Bit	Supplementary/polling bit
rfn	RFN	The reduced frame number of the first frame on which this message is sent. This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if the field t2 of rfn is coded as '11111'B.
pagingGroup	PAGING_GROUP	for message other than PACKET PAGING REQUEST this field shall be omitted
pagingMode	PagingMode	0 -- normal paging; 1-- exteded paging; 3 -- paging reorganization. this field is valid only for PACKET PAGING REQUEST control message, for message other than PACKET PAGING REQUEST this field shall be omitted
msg	PDU	Down link RLC/MAC control message
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	This ASP provides values for "RRBP" and "S/P" fields in MAC header for TTN controlling the response from the UE, the value for "PayloadType" and "USF" fields in MAC header shall be filled by the SS. If a RLC/MAC control message can not be fitted into one RLC/MAC control block, the SS RLC/MAC entity shall take the responsibility of segmentation of the message, and set the correct "PayloadType" and optional octet1 (and optional octet2). PTCCH is valid for PACKET TIMING ADVANCE/POWER CONTROL message if sending PACKET PAGING REQUEST. The required 52-multiframe occurs when: pagingGroup div (M div 64) = (FN div 52) mod 64 The index to the required paging block in the 51-multiframe determined above: Paging block index = pagingGroup mod (M div 64) $M = (12 - BS\_PAG\_BLKS\_RES - BS\_PBCCH\_BLKS) \times 64$	

<b>Type Name</b>	RRBP
<b>Type Definition</b>	BITSTRING[2]
<b>Type Encoding</b>	
<b>Comments</b>	3GPP TS 04.60 or 3GPP TS 44.060 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 10.4.5

<b>Type Name</b>	S_P_Bit
<b>Type Definition</b>	BITSTRING[1]
<b>Type Encoding</b>	
<b>Comments</b>	0 - RRB field is not valid; 1 - RRB field is valid.

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_RLC_ControlMsg_IND	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to receive an uplink RLC/MAC control block sent by the UE/MS on the specified channel.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	
g_LogicChType	G_LogicChType	PACCH or PDTCH
tBF_Direction	INTEGER	1 - downlink TBF; 0 - uplink TBF
tFI	TFI	Temporary flow identity
rFn	RFN	The reduced frame number of the frame carrying the message
msg	PDU	Uplink RLC/MAC control message
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	Logical channel type PDTCH is valid for PACKET ENHANCED MEASUREMENT REPORT message only. The ASP is not used to receive PACKET CHANNEL REQUEST, EGPRS PACKET CHANNEL REQUEST and burst format of PACKET CONTROL ACKNOWLEDGEMENT which are received by G_RLC_ACCESS_IND.	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_RLC_ACCESS_IND	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to receive an access burst sent by the UE/MS on the specified channel.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	
g_LogicChType	G_LogicChType	PRACH or PACCH or PTCCH
rFn	RFN	The reduced frame number of the frame carrying the burst
retryBit	BITSTRING[1]	For access bursts on PRACH, RACH. For PACCH, this field is no meaning
burst	PDU	8-bit or 11-bit access burst
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	PACKET CHANNEL REQUEST, EGPRS PACKET CHANNEL REQUEST and burst format of PACKET CONTROL ACKNOWLEDGEMENT are access bursts.	

#### 7.3.4.3.1.3 ASPs for data transmission and reception through GERAN LLC

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_LLC_UNITDATA_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to send L3 PDU to the UE/MS in LLC unconfirmed transmission.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
LLMEId	LLMEId	
tLLI	TLLI	
sAPI	SAPI	
protectMode	BITSTRING[1]	0 -- unprotected; 1 -- protected
cipherMode	BITSTRING[1]	0 -- sent without encryption; 1 -- sent with encryption
msg	PDU	L3 PDU
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	3GPP TS 04.64 or 3GPP TS 44.064 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 8.4.1 After the ciphering function is started in the SS by G_CLLC_Assign_REQ, the SS shall encrypt the "msg" when cipherMode = '1', and the SS shall not encrypt the "msg" if cipherMode = '0'.	

<b>Type Name</b>	LLMEId
<b>Type Definition</b>	INTEGER
<b>Type Encoding</b>	
<b>Comments</b>	The identifier of the Logical Link Management Entity in SGSN

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_LLC_UNITDATA_IND	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to receive a L3 PDU from the UE/MS in LLC unconfirmed transmission.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
ILMEId	LLMEId	
tLLI	TLLI	
sAPI	SAPI	
msg	PDU	L3 PDU
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	3GPP TS 04.64 or 3GPP TS 44.064 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 8.4.2	

#### 7.3.4.3.1.4 ASPs for data transmission and reception through GERAN SNDCP

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_SN_DATA_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to send a valid IP datagram on the specified NSAPI to the UE/MS by acknowledged transmission.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
sNDCPId	SNDCPId	
nSAPI	NSAPI	5 to 15
n_PDU_Number	OCTETSTRING[1]	
n_PDU	N_PDU	Valid IPv4 or IPv6 datagram
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	Acknowledged transmission mode	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_SN_DATA_IND	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to receive an IP datagram on the specified NSAPI from the UE/MS in acknowledged transmission mode.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
sNDCPId	SNDCPId	
nSAPI	NSAPI	5 to 15
n_PDU	N_PDU	IPv4 or IPv6 datagram
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	Acknowledged transmission mode	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_SN_UNIDATA_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to send a valid IP datagram on the specified NSAPI to the UE/MS by unacknowledged transmission.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
sNDCPId	SNDCPId	
nSAPI	NSAPI	5 to 15
n_PDU	N_PDU	Valid IPv4 or IPv6 datagram
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	Unacknowledged transmission mode	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_SN_UNITDATA_IND	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to receive an IP datagram on the specified NSAPI from the UE/MS in unacknowledged transmission mode.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
sNDCPId	SNDCPId	
nSAPI	NSAPI	5 to 15
n_PDU	N_PDU	IPv4 or IPv6 datagram
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	Unacknowledged transmission mode	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_SN_XID_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b> The ASP is used to send the requested XID parameters to the UE/MS.		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
sNDCPId	SNDCPId	
xID_Info	XID_Info	XID parameters requested
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_SN_XID_IND	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b> The ASP is used to receive the XID parameters requested by the UE/MS.		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
sNDCPId	SNDCPId	
xID_Info	XID_Info	XID parameters requested by the UE/MS
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_SN_XID_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b> The ASP is used to receive the negotiated XID parameters agreed by the UE/MS.		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
sNDCPId	SNDCPId	
xID_Info	XID_Info	The negotiated XID parameters agreed by the UE/MS
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_SN_XID_RES	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b> The ASP sends to the UE/MS the negotiated XID parameters agreed by the SS.		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
sNDCPId	SNDCPId	
xID_Info	XID_Info	The negotiated XID parameters agreed by the SS
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>Type Name</b>	SNDCPId
<b>Type Definition</b>	INTEGER
<b>Type Encoding</b>	
<b>Comments</b>	The identifier of the SNDPC entity in SGSN

### 7.3.4.3.2 ASPs for control primitive transmission and reception in GERAN

#### 7.3.4.3.2.1 ASPs for configuration and control of GERAN L1

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_CreateCell_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b> The ASP is used to create a cell in GERAN		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
cellId	CellId	
baseId	BITSTRING[6]	base transceiver station identity code = NCC+BCC. see 3GPP TS 23.003 [Error! Reference source not found.]
timingAdvance	BITSTRING[8]	The SS sets the timing of uplink direction in advance of downlink direction timing by this value.
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_CreateCell_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b> The ASP is used to get the confirmation of a G_CL1_CreateCell_REQ		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
cellId	CellId	The cell created
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_DeleteCell_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b> The ASP is used to delete a cell in GERAN		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
cellId	CellId	The cell to be deleted
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_DeleteCell_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b> The ASP is used to get the confirmation of a G_CL1_DeleteCell_REQ		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
cellId	CellId	The cell deleted
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_CreateBasicPhyCh_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b> The ASP is used to create a basic physical channel in GERAN		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
cellId	CellId	The cell which the channel to be created belongs to
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	identifier of the physical channel in the SS.
channelCombination	ChannelCombination	Logical channels combined onto the basic physical channel.
frqlInfo	FrqlInfo	Parameters for Description of the physical channel in frequency domain
timeSlot	TN	The timeslot number of the physical channel
tsc	TSC	Training sequence code. For common control and broadcast channels the value of tsc must be equal to BCC (base station colour code)
channelSpecificInfo	ChannelSpecificInfo	Specific parameters related to individual channel
txPower	TX_Power	The transmission power level in dB <sub>10</sub> Vemf()
bandIndicator	BITSTRING[1]	Parameter for DCS or PCS frequency band selection. A value 0 for frqlInfo.arfcn interpreted as DCS1800. A value 1 for frqlInfo.arfcn interpreted as PCS1900. If omitted, the value in frqlInfo.arfcn interpreted as DCS1800.
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	The value of channelCombination permitted currently: 1 TCH/F + FACCH/F + SACCH/TF 2 TCH/H(0,1) + FACCH/H(0,1) + SACCH/TH(0,1) 3 TCH/H(0,0) + FACCH/H(0,1) + SACCH/TH(0,1) + TCH/H(1,1) 4 FCCH + SCH + BCCH + CCCH 5 FCCH + SCH + BCCH + CCCH + SDCCH/4(0..3) + SACCH/C4(0..3) 6 BCCH + CCCH 7 SDCCH/8(0..7) + SACCH/C8(0..7) 8 TCH/F + FACCH/F + SACCH/M 9 TCH/F + SACCH/M 10 TCH/FD + SACCH/MD 11 PBCCH+PCCCH+PDTCH/F+PACCH/F+PTCCH/F 12 PCCCH+PDTCH/F+PACCH/F+PTCCH/F 13 PDTCH/F+PACCH/F+PTCCH/F 18 E-TCH/F + E-IACCH/F + E-FACCH/F + SACCH/TF 19 E-TCH/F + E-IACCH/F + E-FACCH/F + SACCH/M 20 E-TCH/F + E-IACCH/F + SACCH/M 21 E-TCH/FD + E-IACCH/F + SACCH/MD	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_CreateBasicPhyCh_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to get the confirmation of a G_CL1_CreateBasicPhyCh_REQ	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	The cell which the created channel belongs to
physicalChld	PhysicalChld	The physical channel created.
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>Type Name</b>	FrqInfo		
<b>Encoding Variation</b>			
<b>Comments</b>	Parameters for Description of basic physical channel in frequency domain.		
Element Name	Type Definition	Field Encoding	Comments
h	BITSTRING[1]		h=1:hopping channel h=0: non-hopping channel
spr	BITSTRING [3]		'000'B
spr1	BITSTRING [2]		'00'B if h = 0, otherwise OMIT
maio	BITSTRING [6]		mobile allocation index offset if h = 1, otherwise OMIT
hsn	BITSTRING [6]		hopping sequence number if h = 1, otherwise OMIT
arfcn	BITSTRING [10]		absolute RF channel number if h = 0, otherwise OMIT
hoppingFreqList	FrequencyList		hopping frequency list if h = 1, otherwise OMIT. The definition see 3GPP TS 44.018 [Error! Reference source not found.] or 3GPP TS 04.18, clause 10.5.2.13
<b>Detailed Comments</b>			

<b>Type Name</b>	ChannelSpecificInfo		
<b>Encoding Variation</b>			
<b>Comments</b>	Parameters for individual channel		
Element Name	Type Definition	Field Encoding	Comments
dedCH_Info	DedCH_Info		Parameters for dedicated channel. Valid for combination:1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 9, 10 This field is omitted if DedCH_Info does not apply for the channelCombination
cCCH_Info	CCCH_Info		Parameters for common control channels: PCH, SCH, etc. Valid for combination: 4, 5, 6 This field is omitted if CCCH_Info does not apply for the channelCombination
pCCCH_Info	PCCCH_Info		Parameters for packet common control channels: PCCCH, PPCH,... Valid for combination: 11, 12 This field is omitted if PCCCH_Info does not apply for the channelCombination
pBCCH_Info	PBCCH_Info		Parameters for packet broadcast channels: PBCCH Valid for combination: 11 This field is omitted if PBCCH_Info does not apply for the channelCombination
<b>Detailed Comments</b>			

Type Name	DedCH_Info		
Encoding Variation			
Comments	Parameters for dedicated channel		
Element Name	Type Definition	Field Encoding	Comments
chMod	ChMode		Definition see 3GPP TS 04.18 or 3GPP TS 44.018 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 10.5.2.6
cipherMode	CipherModeSetting		Definition see 3GPP TS 04.18 or 3GPP TS 44.018 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 10.5.2.9
cipherKey	BITSTRING[64]		
powerLevel	BITSTRING[5]		Initial MS uplink transmission power level. This value is used in the L1 header of SACCH.
timingAdvance	BITSTRING[8]		Initial timing advance. This value is used in the L1 header of SACCH. This field shall be set to the same value as in timingAdvance of G_CL1_CreateCell_REQ.
Detailed Comments	In addition to ciphering algorithm the cipherMode specifies the initial ciphering mode of the physical channel in both transmission and receiving direction by startingCiph bit. During ciphering mode setting procedure the ciphering mode of receiving direction can be changed by G_CL1_CipheringControl_REQ.		

Type Name	CCCH_Info		
Encoding Variation			
Comments	Parameters for common control channels		
Element Name	Type Definition	Field Encoding	Comments
bS_PA_MFRMS	BITSTRING[3]		the number of 51-multiframes between transmissions of paging messages. Definition see 3GPP TS 04.18 or 3GPP TS 44.018 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 10.5.2.11
bS_AG_BLKS_RES	BITSTRING[3]		the number of blocks on each common control channel reserved for access grant messages. Definition see 3GPP TS 04.18 or 3GPP TS 44.018 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 10.5.2.11
Detailed Comments			

Type Name	PCCCH_Info		
Encoding Variation			
Comments	Parameters for packet common control channels		
Element Name	Type Definition	Field Encoding	Comments
bS_PBCCH_BLKS	BITSTRING[2]		3GPP TS 04.60 or 3GPP TS 44.060 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 12.25
bS_PAG_BLKS_RES	BITSTRING[4]		3GPP TS 04.60 or 3GPP TS 44.060 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 12.25
bS_PRACH_BLKS	BITSTRING[4]		3GPP TS 04.60 or 3GPP TS 44.060 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 12.25
Detailed Comments			

<b>Type Name</b>	PBCCH_Info		
<b>Encoding Variation</b>			
<b>Comments</b>	Parameters for packet broadcast channel		
<b>Element Name</b>	<b>Type Definition</b>	<b>Field Encoding</b>	<b>Comments</b>
pSI1_REPEAT_PERIOD	BITSTRING[4]		The repeat period of packet system information Type 1. See 3GPP TS 04.60 or 3GPP TS 44.060 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 11.2.18
pSI_COUNT_HR	BITSTRING[4]		The number of PSI message instances sent with high repetition rate. See 3GPP TS 04.60 or 3GPP TS 44.060 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 11.2.18
pSI_COUNT_LR	BITSTRING[6]		The number of PSI message instances sent with low repetition rate. See 3GPP TS 04.60 or 3GPP TS 44.060 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 11.2.18
<b>Detailed Comments</b>			

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_CreateMultiSlotConfig_REQ		
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP		
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to create a multi-slot configuration in GERAN and should be preceded with G_CL1_CreateBasicPhyCh_REQ in order to create a basic physical channel with single timeslot.		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>	
cellId	CellId	The cell which the configuration to be created belongs to	
mainChannel	PhysicalChId	identifier of the main physical channel of this multi-slot configuration.	
multiSlotAllocation	MultiSlotAllocation	The timeslot allocation of the configuration	
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	This ASP is to add a multi-slot configuration to the physical channel created in G_CL1_CreateBasicPhyCh_REQ ASP. For multi-slot configuration refer 3GPP TS 05.02 or 3GPP TS 45.002 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 6.4.2.		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_CreateMultiSlotConfig_CNF		
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP		
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to get the confirmation of a G_CL1_CreateMultiSlotConfig_REQ		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>	
cellId	CellId	The cell which the created multi-slot configuration belongs to.	
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	The main physical channel identifier.	
<b>Detailed Comments</b>			

<b>Type Name</b>	MultiSlotAllocation		
<b>Encoding Variation</b>			
<b>Comments</b>	Used in multi-slot configuration		
Element Name	Type Definition	Field Encoding	Comments
tN0	BOOLEAN		TRUE - time slot 0 is allocated; FALSE -- not allocated
channelCombination0	ChannelCombination		Channel combination for time slot 0; not applicable if tN0 = FALSE
tN1	BOOLEAN		TRUE - time slot 1 is allocated; FALSE -- not allocated
channelCombination 1	ChannelCombination		Channel Combination for time slot 1; not applicable if tN1 = FALSE
tN2	BOOLEAN		TRUE - time slot 2 is allocated; FALSE -- not allocated
channelCombination 2	ChannelCombination		Channel Combination for time slot 2; not applicable if tN2 = FALSE
tN3	BOOLEAN		TRUE - time slot 3 is allocated; FALSE -- not allocated
channelCombination 3	ChannelCombination		Channel Combination for time slot 3; not applicable if tN3 = FALSE
tN4	BOOLEAN		TRUE - time slot 4 is allocated; FALSE -- not allocated
channelCombination 4	ChannelCombination		Channel Combination for time slot 4; not applicable if tN4 = FALSE
tN5	BOOLEAN		TRUE - time slot 5 is allocated; FALSE -- not allocated
channelCombination 5	ChannelCombination		Channel Combination for time slot 5; not applicable if tN5 = FALSE
tN6	BOOLEAN		TRUE - time slot 6 is allocated; FALSE -- not allocated
channelCombination 6	ChannelCombination		Channel Combination for time slot 6; not applicable if tN6 = FALSE
tN7	BOOLEAN		TRUE - time slot 7 is allocated; FALSE -- not allocated
channelCombination 7	ChannelCombination		Channel Combination for time slot 7; not applicable if tN7 = FALSE
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	Multislot configuration is referred to 3GPP TS 05.02 or 3GPP TS 45.002 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 6.4.2. The timeslot for which G_CL1_CreateBasicPhyCh_REQ has set the channel combination shall be set to FALSE.		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_CipheringControl_REQ		
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP		
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to set the ciphering mode of the physical channel in receiving direction, the kc and ciphering algorithm was set by the G_CL1_CreateBasicPhyCh_REQ for the physical channel before calling the ASP.		
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments	
cellId	CellId		
physicalChld	PhysicalChld	Channel identifier	
rcvCipherMode	BITSTRING[1]	Ciphering Mode in SS receiving direction: 0→ not ciphered 1→ ciphered	
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	For GSM dedicated physical channel, the ciphering mode of the SS shall be changed in three steps: (3GPP TS 44.018 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 3.4.7) Before the SS sending CIPHERING MODE COMMAND the SS is transmitting and receiving in old ciphering mode (for example, not ciphered), after the SS sending CIPHERING MODE COMMAND the SS changes its receiving ciphering mode to new ciphering mode (for example, ciphered) and keeps transmitting in old ciphering mode; then after receiving CIPHERING MODE COMPLETE or any correct L2 frame in new ciphering mode the SS changes the transmitting ciphering mode to the new mode. TTCN writer shall use this ASP before sending the CIPHERING MODE COMMAND to ensure the ciphering mode of the physical channel, in sufficient time, according to the 3 step procedure outlined above.		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_CipheringControl_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b> The ASP is used to confirm that the G_CL1_CipheringControl_REQ is executed correctly.		
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
physicalChld	PhysicalChld	Channel identifier
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_ComingFN_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b> The ASP is used to request lower layer return the reduced frame number (FN modulo 42432) which is far enough in the future from current frame number and is able to carry L3 message on the specified channel. The requirement of "far enough" is that there is enough time left for TTCN to prepare a L3 message to send before that frame. The ASP could also be used in the calculation of a value for starting time		
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
physicalChld	PhysicalChld	Channel identifier
g_LogicChType	G_LogicChType	
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: TCH/H, FACCH/H, SACCH/TH, SDCCH/8, SACCH/C8, SDCCH/4, and SACCH/C4. For TCH/H, FACCH/H and SACCH/TH value is (0..1); For SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3). This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_ComingFN_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b> The ASP is used to receive the result of G_CL1_ComingFN_REQ.		
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
physicalChld	PhysicalChld	Channel identifier
g_LogicChType	G_LogicChType	
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: TCH/H, FACCH/H, SACCH/TH, SDCCH/8, SACCH/C8, SDCCH/4, and SACCH/C4. For TCH/H, FACCH/H and SACCH/TH value is (0..1); For SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3). This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
rfn	RFN	the reduced frame number (FN modulo 42432) which is about 5 seconds later than current frame number and is able to carry L3 message on the channel specified by "physicalChld"+"G_LogicChType"+"subChannel"
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_L1Header_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b> The ASP is used to request lower layer return the L1 header of SACCH.		
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
physicalChld	PhysicalChld	Channel identifier
g_LogicChType	G_LogicChType	SACCH
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: SACCH/TH, SACCH/C8, and SACCH/C4 This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_L1Header_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to receive the result of G_CL1_L1Header_REQ.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
physicalChld	PhysicalChld	Channel identifier
g_LogicChType	G_LogicChType	SACCH
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: SACCH/TH, SACCH/C8, and SACCH/C4 This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
l1Header	L1HD	Power level and timing advance
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_DeleteChannel_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to delete a basic physical channel or an multi-slot configuration	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	The identifier of the cell which the channel to be deleted belongs to
physicalChld	PhysicalChld	The physical channel or the multi-slot configuration to be deleted.
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_DeleteChannel_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to get the confirmation of a G_CL1_DeleteChannel_REQ	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	The identifier of the cell which the deleted channel belongs to
physicalChld	PhysicalChld	The physical channel or multi-slot configuration deleted.
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_ChModeModify_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to modify the channel mode of a dedicated channel	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	The identifier of the cell
physicalChld	PhysicalChld	Channel identifier
g_LogicChType	G_LogicChType	
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: TCH/H, FACCH/H, SACCH/TH, SDCCH/8, SACCH/C8, SDCCH/4, and SACCH/C4. For TCH/H, FACCH/H and SACCH/TH value is (0..1); For SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3). This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
chMode	ChMode	Definition see 3GPP TS 04.18 or 3GPP TS 44.018 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 10.5.2.1b
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_ChModeModify_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to get the confirmation of a G_CL1_ChModeModify_REQ	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	The identifier of the cell
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: TCH/H, FACCH/H, SACCH/TH, SDCCH/8, SACCH/C8, SDCCH/4, and SACCH/C4. For TCH/H, FACCH/H and SACCH/TH value is (0..1); For SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3). This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_SetNewKey_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to set new cipher key for a dedicated channel	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	The identifier of the cell
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	The channel which uses the new key
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: TCH/H, FACCH/H, SACCH/TH, SDCCH/8, SACCH/C8, SDCCH/4, and SACCH/C4. For TCH/H, FACCH/H and SACCH/TH value is (0..1); For SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3). This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
cipherKey	BITSTRING[64]	
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_SetNewKey_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to get the confirmation of a G_CL1_SetNewKey_REQ	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	The identifier of the cell
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: TCH/H, FACCH/H, SACCH/TH, SDCCH/8, SACCH/C8, SDCCH/4, and SACCH/C4. For TCH/H, FACCH/H and SACCH/TH value is (0..1); For SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3). This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_CipherModeModify_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to modify cipher mode of a dedicated channel	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	The identifier of the cell
physicalChld	PhysicalChld	Channel identifier
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: TCH/H, FACCH/H, SACCH/TH, SDCCH/8, SACCH/C8, SDCCH/4, and SACCH/C4. For TCH/H, FACCH/H and SACCH/TH value is (0..1); For SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3). This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
cipherMode	CipherModeSetting	The new cipher mode. Definition see 3GPP TS 04.18 or 3GPP TS 44.018 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 10.5.2.9
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_CipherModeModify_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to get the confirmation of a G_CL1_CipherModeModify_REQ	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	The identifier of the cell
physicalChld	PhysicalChld	Channel identifier
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: TCH/H, FACCH/H, SACCH/TH, SDCCH/8, SACCH/C8, SDCCH/4, and SACCH/C4. For TCH/H, FACCH/H and SACCH/TH value is (0..1); For SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3). This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_ChangePowerLevel_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to change the transmission power level of a physical channel	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	The identifier of the cell which the physical channel belongs to
physicalChld	PhysicalChld	Channel using the new transmission power level
txPower	TX_Power	The new transmission power level in dB <sub>10</sub> Vemf()
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL1_ChangePowerLevel_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to get the confirmation of a G_CL1_ChangePowerLevel_REQ	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	The identifier of the cell
physicalChld	PhysicalChld	The physical channel which uses the new transmission power level
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

### 7.3.4.3.2.2 ASPs for configuration and control of GERAN L2

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL2_HoldPhyInfo_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP commands the SS to hold the PHYSICAL INFORMATION message, which will be sent on PCO G_L2 following the current ASP. The PHYSICAL INFORMATION message shall be sent to the UE/MS within T3124 from the time when the SS has received n handover access bursts.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: FACCH/H, SDCCH/8 and SDCCH/4. This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
n	INTEGER	The number of handover access bursts to be received
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	T3124 is defined in 3GPP TS 04.18 or 3GPP TS 44.018 [Error! Reference source not found.] clauses 3.4.4.2.2 and 11.1.1	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL2_HoldPhyInfo_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to get a confirmation of the G_CL2_HoldPhyInfo_REQ.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: FACCH/H, SDCCH/8 and SDCCH/4. This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL2_MeasRptControl_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to enable or disable the reporting of received Measurement Reports to the TTCN	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	Valid only for logical channel types: SACCH/TF, SACCH/TH, SACCH/C8 and SACCH/C4
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	For SACCH/TH value is (0..1); for SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SACCH/C4 value is (0..3).
sendMeasRpts	BOOLEAN	Whether or not to report received Measurement Reports to the TTCN.
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	Per default, this will be set to FALSE	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL2_MeasRptControl_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to confirm that G_CL2_MeasRptControl_REQ was executed correctly	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL2_NoUAforSABM_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP commands the SS not to send UA response to the UE when it receives SABM from the UE on the specified channel.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: FACCH/H, SDCCH/8 and SDCCH/4, This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL2_NoUAforSABM_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to get a confirmation of the G_CL2_NoUAforSABM_REQ.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: FACCH/H, SDCCH/8 and SDCCH/4. This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL2_Release_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used request the SS stop L2 transmission on a channel.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL2_Release_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to confirm that the G_CL2_Release_REQ is executed correctly	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL2_ResumeUAforSABM_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP commands the SS to send UA response to the UE when it receives SABM from the UE on the specified channel. This ASP is used after G_CL2_NoUAforSABM_REQ to resume the normal multiframe operation of L2	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
physicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: FACCH/H, SDCCH/8 and SDCCH/4, This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CL2_ResumeUAforSABM_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to get a confirmation of the G_CL2_ResumeUAforSABM_REQ.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
physicalChld	PhysicalChld	Channel identifier
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	
subChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: FACCH/H, SDCCH/8 and SDCCH/4. This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

#### 7.3.4.3.2.3 ASPs for configuration and control of GERAN RLC/MAC

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CRLC_CreateRLC_MAC_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to create a RLC/MAC entity in GERAN RLC/MAC emulation module.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	The identifier of the cell
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	One RLC/MAC entity per cell can exist, cellId will be used for coupling LLC layer module to the RLC/MAC emulation module.. The packet channel description given in the ChannelSpecificInfo of G_CL1_CreateBasicPhyCh_REQ shall be used to configure this layer. This ASP shall be called after the G_CL1_CreateBasicPhyCh_REQ ASP.	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CRLC_CreateRLC_MAC_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to confirm the G_CRLC_CreateRLC_MAC_REQ	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	The identifier of the cell
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CRLC_DeleteRLC_MAC_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to delete a RLC/MAC entity in GERAN emulation module.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	The identifier of the cell
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	This ASP is used to release any resource used for the RLC/MAC emulation entity in the SS.	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CRLC_DeleteRLC_MAC_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to confirm the G_CRLC_CreateRLC_MAC_REQ	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	The identifier of the cell
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CRLC_UL_TBF_Config_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to configure a TBF used for uplink packet data transfer	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
tFI	TFI	
tBF_Mode	BITSTRING[1]	0 - GPRS; 1 - EGPRS
channelCoding	ChannelCoding	
tLLI_BlockChannelCoding	BITSTRING[1]	0 - CS-1 or MCS-1(EGPRS); 1 - same as channelCoding
rLC_Mode	BITSTRING[1]	0 - acknowledged mode; 1 - unacknowledged mode
startingTime	RFN	This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if the field t2 of rfn is coded as '11111'B.
uSF_Rate	INTEGER	This parameter controls the speed of the UL TBF transferring data blocks by controlling the USF rate: 1---> implementation dependent. TTCN does not specify the USF generating rate; 2---> 10 USF's per second; 3---> 5 USF's per second; 4---> 1 USF per second; 5---> 1 USF per 2 seconds; 6---> 1 USF per 3 seconds; 7---> 1 USF per 4 seconds.
dynamicAllocation	dynamicAllocation	dynamic allocation and other parameters.
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	For GPRS channel coding can be: CS-1, CS-2, CS-3 and CS-4; For EGPRS channel coding can be : MCS-1, MCS-2, MCS-3, MCS-4, MCS-5, MCS-6, MCS-7, MCS-8, MCS-9, MCS-5-7 and MCS-6-9. Due to one cell currently has only one RLC/MAC emulation module, this ASP does not contain RLC/MAC identity parameter to indicate which RLC/MAC emulation module this TBF is established for, instead, the parameter cellId implicitly indicates the RLC/MAC module, which is created by G_CRLC_CreateRLC_MAC_REQ in the cell. The higher layer (LLC emulation module) uses rLC/MAC_MappingInfo (with type of CellId) to address the RLC/MAC emulation module to which it connects	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CRLC_UL_TBF_Config_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to get the confirmation of a G_CRLC_UL_TBF_Config_REQ	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
tFI	TFI	
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>Type Name</b>	ChannelCoding
<b>Type Definition</b>	INTEGER
<b>Type Encoding</b>	
<b>Comments</b>	1 - CS-1; 2 - CS-2; 3 - CS-3; 4 -- CS-4; 5 - MCS-1; 6 - MCS-2; 7 - MCS-3; 8 - MCS-4; 9 - MCS-5; 10 - MCS-6; 11 - MCS-7; 12 - MCS-8; 13 - MCS-9; 14 - MCS-5-7; 15 - MCS-6-9

<b>Type Name</b>	DynamicAllocation		
<b>Encoding Variation</b>			
<b>Comments</b>	Used for up link TBF; dynamic allocation or extended dynamic allocation		
<b>Element Name</b>	<b>Type Definition</b>	<b>Field Encoding</b>	<b>Comments</b>
extendedAllocation	BITSTRING[1]		0 - dynamic allocation; 1 - extended dynamic allocation
uSFGranularity	BITSTRING[1]		0 - one block; 1 - four blocks
physicalChld	PhysicalChld		Single PDCH or multislot-configured PDCHs
tN0	BOOLEAN		TRUE - time slot 0 is allocated; FALSE -- not allocated
uSF_TN0	BITSTRING[3]		USF value for slot 0
tN1	BOOLEAN		TRUE - time slot 1 is allocated; FALSE -- not allocated
uSF_TN1	BITSTRING[3]		USF value for slot 1
tN2	BOOLEAN		TRUE - time slot 2 is allocated; FALSE -- not allocated
uSF_TN2	BITSTRING[3]		USF value for slot 2
tN3	BOOLEAN		TRUE - time slot 3 is allocated; FALSE -- not allocated
uSF_TN3	BITSTRING[3]		USF value for slot 3
tN4	BOOLEAN		TRUE - time slot 4 is allocated; FALSE -- not allocated
uSF_TN4	BITSTRING[3]		USF value for slot 4
tN5	BOOLEAN		TRUE - time slot 5 is allocated; FALSE -- not allocated
uSF_TN5	BITSTRING[3]		USF value for slot 5
tN6	BOOLEAN		TRUE - time slot 6 is allocated; FALSE -- not allocated
uSF_TN6	BITSTRING[3]		USF value for slot 6
tN7	BOOLEAN		TRUE - time slot 7 is allocated; FALSE -- not allocated
uSF_TN7	BITSTRING[3]		USF value for slot 7
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	The uSF_TNx field is not applicable when tNx = FALSE.		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CRLC_DL_TBF_Config_REQ		
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP		
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to configure a TBF used for down link packet data transfer		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>	
cellId	CellId		
tFI	TFI		
tBF_Mode	BITSTRING[1]	0 - GPRS; 1 - EGPRS	
channelCoding	ChannelCoding		
rLC_Mode	BITSTRING[1]	0 - acknowledged mode; 1 - unacknowledged mode	
timeSlotAllocation	TimeSlotAllocation	Downlink TBF time slot allocation	
startingTime	RFN	This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if the field t2 of rfn is coded as '11111'B.	
dataBlockRate	INTEGER	This parameter controls the speed of the DL TBF sending RLC/MAC data blocks on the assigned PDCH's: 1---> implementation dependent. TTCN does not specify the data block rate; 2---> 10 data blocks per second; 3---> 5 data blocks per second; 4---> 1 data block per second; 5---> 1 data block per 2 seconds; 6---> 1 data block per 3 seconds; 7---> 1 data block per 4 seconds.	
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	For GPRS channel coding can be: CS-1, CS-2, CS-3 and CS-4; For EGPRS channel coding can be : MCS-1, MCS-2, MCS-3, MCS-4, MCS-5, MCS-6, MCS-7, MCS-8, MCS-9, MCS-5-7 and MCS-6-9.		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CRLC_DL_TBF_Config_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to get the confirmation of a G_CRLC_DL_TBF_Config_REQ	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
cellId	CellId	
tFI	TFI	
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>Type Name</b>	TimeSlotAllocation		
<b>Encoding Variation</b>			
<b>Comments</b>	Used for downlink and up link TBF		
Element Name	Type Definition	Field Encoding	Comments
physicalChId	PhysicalChId		single PDCH or multislot-configured PDCHs
tN0	BOOLEAN		Timeslot 0; TRUE - allocated; FALSE - not allocated.
tN1	BOOLEAN		Timeslot 1; TRUE - allocated; FALSE - not allocated.
tN2	BOOLEAN		Timeslot 2; TRUE - allocated; FALSE - not allocated.
tN3	BOOLEAN		Timeslot 3; TRUE - allocated; FALSE - not allocated.
tN4	BOOLEAN		Timeslot 4; TRUE - allocated; FALSE - not allocated.
tN5	BOOLEAN		Timeslot 5; TRUE - allocated; FALSE - not allocated.
tN6	BOOLEAN		Timeslot 6; TRUE - allocated; FALSE - not allocated.
tN7	BOOLEAN		Timeslot 7; TRUE - allocated; FALSE - not allocated.
<b>Detailed Comments</b>			

#### 7.3.4.3.2.4 ASPs for configuration and control of GERAN LLC

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CLLC_CreateLLE_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to create an LLE (LLC Entity) in GERAN emulation part of the SS and connects the created LLE to the RLC/MAC emulation module pointed by rLC/MAC_MappingInfo..	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
LLMEId	LLMEId	Logical Layer Management Entity Id
rLC/MAC_MappingInfo	CellId	This parameter indicates the RLC/MAC emulation module in the cell, not the cell itself.
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	The RLC/MAC emulation module needs to be created prior to this ASP by G_CRLC_CreateRLC_MAC_REQ ASP.	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CLLC_CreateLLE_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to confirm the G_CLLC_CreateLLE_REQ	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
LLMEId	LLMEId	The identifier of the cell Logical Layer Management Entity Id
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CLLC_DeleteLLE_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b> The ASP is used to delete an LLE (LLC Entity) in GERAN LLC emulation module.		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
ILMEId	LLMEId	Logical Layer Management Entity Id
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CLLC_DeleteLLE_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b> The ASP is used to confirm the G_CLLC_DeleteLLE_REQ		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
ILMEId	LLMEId	Logical Layer Management Entity Id
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CLLC_Assign_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b> The ASP is used to assign, change, or unassign the TLLI, the ciphering key (Kc) and the ciphering algorithm of GERAN LLC emulation module.		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
ILMEId	LLMEId	Logical Layer Management Entity Id
oldTLLI	TLLI	OCTETSTRING[4]
newTLLI	TLLI	
cipherKey	BITSTRING[64]	
cipherAlgorithm	GPRS_CipherAlg	BITSTRING[3], see 3GPP TS 24.008 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 10.5.5.3
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	<p>This ASP is used to assign, change, or unassign the TLLI, the ciphering key (Kc) and the ciphering algorithm.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The oldTLLI and newTLLI parameters shall be interpreted as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- If oldTLLI = all 1's and newTLLI ≠ all 1's then newTLLI is assigned and used when (re-)transmitting LLC frames. If an oldTLLI ≠ all 1's was assigned to the LLME, then oldTLLI is unassigned. Only newTLLI is accepted when received from the peer. It shall be treated as a TLLI change. If oldTLLI = all 1's was assigned to the LLME, then this shall be treated as a TLLI assignment, and this ASP shall be the first ASP sent to the SS in order to enable LLC to process requests from layer 3.</li> <li>- If oldTLLI ≠ all 1's and newTLLI ≠ all 1's then oldTLLI and newTLLI are assigned, and newTLLI shall be used when (re-)transmitting LLC frames. Both oldTLLI and newTLLI shall be accepted when received from the peer. It shall be treated as a TLLI change.</li> <li>- If oldTLLI ≠ all 1's and newTLLI = all 1's then oldTLLI shall be unassigned. It shall be treated as a TLLI unassignment, and this ASP shall be the last ASP sent to the SS in order to disable LLC to not process requests from layer 3 any longer.</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Kc and Ciphering Algorithm are associated with newTLLI (and with oldTLLI if assigned): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- If Ciphering Algorithm indicates no ciphering, then the ciphering function shall be disabled.</li> <li>- Otherwise, the ciphering function shall be enabled. If a Ciphering Algorithm was already associated with newTLLI or oldTLLI, then the new Kc shall replace the previous Kc, and Ciphering Algorithm shall replace the previous algorithm selection. All I frames, and UI frames with the E bit set to 1, shall use the new Kc and algorithm for ciphering. All unacknowledged I frames shall be ciphered using the new Kc and algorithm before retransmission. As an implementation option, the previous Kc and algorithm may be used to decipher received frames.</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CLLC_Assign_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b> the ASP is used to get confirmation of G_CLLC_Assign_REQ		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
ILMEId	LLMEId	Logical Layer Management Entity Id
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CLLC_ReassignLLE_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b> The ASP is used to reassign RLC/MAC entity to the specified LLME Identity.		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
ILMEId	LLMEId	Logical Layer Management Entity Id
rLC/MAC_MappingInfo	Celld	This parameter indicates the RLC/MAC emulation module in the cell, not the cell itself
tLLI	TLLI	
<b>Detailed Comments</b> This ASP allows simulation of Intra-SGSN operations in tests.		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CLLC_ReassignLLE_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b> The ASP is used to confirm the G_CLLC_ReassignLLE_REQ		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
ILMEId	LLMEId	Logical Layer Management Entity Id
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

#### 7.3.4.3.2.5 ASPs for configuration and control of GERAN SNDCP

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CSNDCP_Activate_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b> The ASP is used to activate the SNDCP entity		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
sNDCPId	SNDCPId	The SNDCP entity identifier of the cell
ILMEId	LLMEId	Logical link management entity Id
nSAPI	NSAPI	The Network Service Access Point Identifier
sAPI	SAPI	LLC SAPI
PCI_Compression	INTEGER	0 - RFC 1144 [Error! Reference source not found.] compress; 1 - RFC 2507 [Error! Reference source not found.] compression; 32 - no compression
dataCompression	INTEGER	0 - ITU-T Recommendation V.42bis [Error! Reference source not found.] compression; 1 - ITU-T Recommendation V.44 [Error! Reference source not found.] compression; 32 - no compression
nPDUNumberSync	INTEGER	0 - Asynchronous 1 - Synchronous
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CSNDCP_Activate_CNF	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b> The ASP is used to get the confirmation of a G_CSNDCP_Activate_REQ		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
sNDCPId	SNDCPId	SNDCPentity identifier
nSAPI	NSAPI	The Network Service Access Point Identifier
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CSNDCP_SNSM_Activate_RES	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b> This ASP is used to inform that the NSAPI is in use and the acknowledge mode peer to peer LLC operation for the requested SAPI is established.		
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
sNDCPId	SNDCPId	The SNDCP entity identifier
tLLI	TLLI	Temperory Logical Link Entity
nSAPI	NSAPI	The Network Service Access Point Identifier
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CSNDCP_SNSM_Deactivate_IND	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	This ASP is used to inform the SNDCP emulator that an NSAPI has been deactivated and cannot be used anymore. Upon reception of this ASP the SNDCP emulator shall release acknowledged peer-to-peer LLC operation for the associated SAPI.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
sNDCPId	SNDCPId	The SNDCP entity identifier
tLLI	TLLI	Temporary Logical Link Entity
nSAPI	NSAPI	The Network Service Access Point Identifier
ILCReleaseIndicator	INTEGER	Deactivation cause
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CSNDCP_SNSM_Deactivate_RES	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	This ASP indicates that the NSAPI is no longer in use and the acknowledged peer to peer LLC operation for the requested SAPI has been released.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
sNDCPId	SNDCPId	The SNDCP entity identifier
tLLI	TLLI	Temporary Logical Link Entity
nSAPI	NSAPI	The Network Service Access Point Identifier
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CSNDCP_SNSM_Status_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	This ASP informs that the SNDCP cannot continue its operation due to errors in the lower layers of the protocol stack.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
sNDCPId	SNDCPId	The SNDCP entity identifier
tLLI	TLLI	Temporary Logical Link Entity
sAPI	SAPI	The Service Access Point Identifier
cause	INTEGER	Error cause
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CSNDCP_SNSM_Modify_IND	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	This ASP informs the SNDCP emulator to trigger the change of QoS profile for an NSAPI and indication of the SAPI to be used	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
sNDCPId	SNDCPId	The SNDCP entity identifier
tLLI	TLLI	Temporary Logical Link Entity
nSAPI	NSAPI	The Network Service Access Point Identifier
qos	OCTETSTRING[4]	Quality of Service, defined 3GPP TS 04.08 or 3GPP TS 44.008 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 10.5.6.5
sAPI	SAPI	
send_NPDU_Number	INTEGER	
received_NPDU_Number	INTEGER	
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_CSNDCP_SNSM_Modify_RES	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_CSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	This ASP indicates that the NSAPI and QoS profile are now in use and the acknowledged peer to peer LLC operations for the appropriate SAPIs are established and/or released	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
sNDCPId	SNDCPId	The SNDCP entity identifier
tLLI	TLLI	Temporary Logical Link Entity
nSAPI	NSAPI	The Network Service Access Point Identifier
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

### 7.3.5 A-GPS Upper tester, PCO and ASP definitions

#### 7.3.5.1 Upper tester

In order to perform A-GPS test, an Upper Tester is defined to have two basic functional unites:

- Satellite simulator generating and broadcasting satellite signals,
- Assistance data source storeging the data simulating a number of pre-defined GPS test scenarios.

Under the TTCN command, the upper tester loads a pre-defined or re-loads another pre-defined GPS test scenario to the satellite simulator. The generated satellite signals shall simulate a sufficient number satellites. The signal shall be sufficiently strong, in order to enable the UE to do the positioning measurement.

The SS also sends the GPS assistance data to the UE through RRC signalling to facilitate the UE acquiring and tracking satellites. Such assistance data shall be consistent to within +/- 2 seconds with the satellite signals generated.

The assistance data source shall provide the assistance data consistent to + 1 / - 0 second with the GPS test scenario currently running in the satellite simulator (i.e. the data shall be up to 1 second in advance of the scenario); this allows for a further 2 seconds of latency in the SS.

#### 7.3.5.2 SV PCO

The upper tester has an ASP interface through a PCO in type of SatS PCO defined in the table.

PCO Type Declarations	
PCO Type	SatS
Role	UT
Comments	PCO type used for the Satellite Simulator and the assistance data source in the upper tester

PCO Declarations	
PCO Name	SV
PCO Type	SatS
Role	UT
Comments	Carry control, configuration and GPS assistance data to/from satellite simulator and assistance data source in the upper tester

#### 7.3.5.3 A-GPS Primitives

The primitives at SV PCO are used to

- load a pre-defined GPS test scenario into the satellite simulator,
- start or stop generating and broadcasting satellite signals from the satellite simulator
- retrieve the GPS assistance data from assistance data source, the table below is the summary of these primitives.

Primitive	Parameters	Use
Satellite_StartStop_REQ	Mode: start or stop	Start or stop generating satellite signals in the satellite simulator.
Satellite_StartStop_CNF	Null	Confirm the Satellite_StartStop_Req.
Load_GPS_Scenario_REQ	GPS test scenario number	Requests to load a pre-defined GPS test scenario into the satellite simulator
Load_GPS_Scenario_CNF	Null	Confirm the load_GPS_Scenario_Req
Retri_GPS_AssistanceData_REQ	Indication of which assistance data elements to be retrieved	Request the assistance data source to provide the next (in time) valid GPS assistance data elements.
Retri_GPS_AssistanceData_CNF	GPS assistance data elements	Return the GPS assistance data retrieved

### 7.3.5.3.1 Control ASP Type Definition

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	Satellite_StartStop_CNF
PCO Type	SatS
Comment	To confirm successful of Satellite_StartStop_REQ
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
confirm	NULL
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	Satellite_StartStop_REQ
PCO Type	SatS
Comment	To start or stop generating satellite signals in the satellite simulator “start” starts broadcasting satellite signals; “stop” stops broadcasting satellite signals If used for start (0), this ASP shall be called 2 s. after the ASP Load_GPS_Scenario_REQ for loading or reloading a pre-defined GPS test scenario.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
satelliteSignals	ENUMERATED {startSatSignal (0), stopSatSignal (1)}
}	

### 7.3.5.3.2 Data ASP Type Definition

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	Load_GPS_Scenario_CNF
PCO Type	SatS
Comment	To confirm the Load_GPS_Scenario_REQ
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
dummy	NULL
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	Load_GPS_Scenario_REQ
PCO Type	SatS
Comment	To request the upper tester to load the required pre-defined GPS test scenario.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
gps_Scenario	INTEGER(0..31) }

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	Retri_GPS_AssistanceData_CNF
<b>PCO Type</b>	SatS
<b>Comment</b>	To return the next valid GPS assistance data elements as requested in the Retri_GPS_AssistanceData_REQ. The returned GPS assistance data (all or part) will be used as assistance data sent to UE in RRC messages for A-GPS positioning.
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
assistanceData	UE_Positioning_GPS_AssistanceData
}	

<b>ASN.1 ASP Type Definition</b>	
<b>Type Name</b>	Retri_GPS_AssistanceData_REQ
<b>PCO Type</b>	SatS
<b>Comment</b>	To request the GPS assistance data source to provide the next valid GPS assistance data elements, consistent with the running GPS test scenario. The parameter navModelAddDataRequest in the assistanceDataReq shall be omitted. Another three parameters, utcModelRequest, dgpsCorrectionsRequest and realTimeIntegrityRequest in the assistanceDataReq are not applicable and shall be set to "FALSE".
<b>Type Definition</b>	
SEQUENCE {	
assistanceDataReq	UE_Positioning_GPS_AdditionalAssistanceDataRequest
}	

## 8 Design Considerations

### 8.1 Channel mapping

Figure 2 shows the channel type mapping that is used for the configuration of the SS.

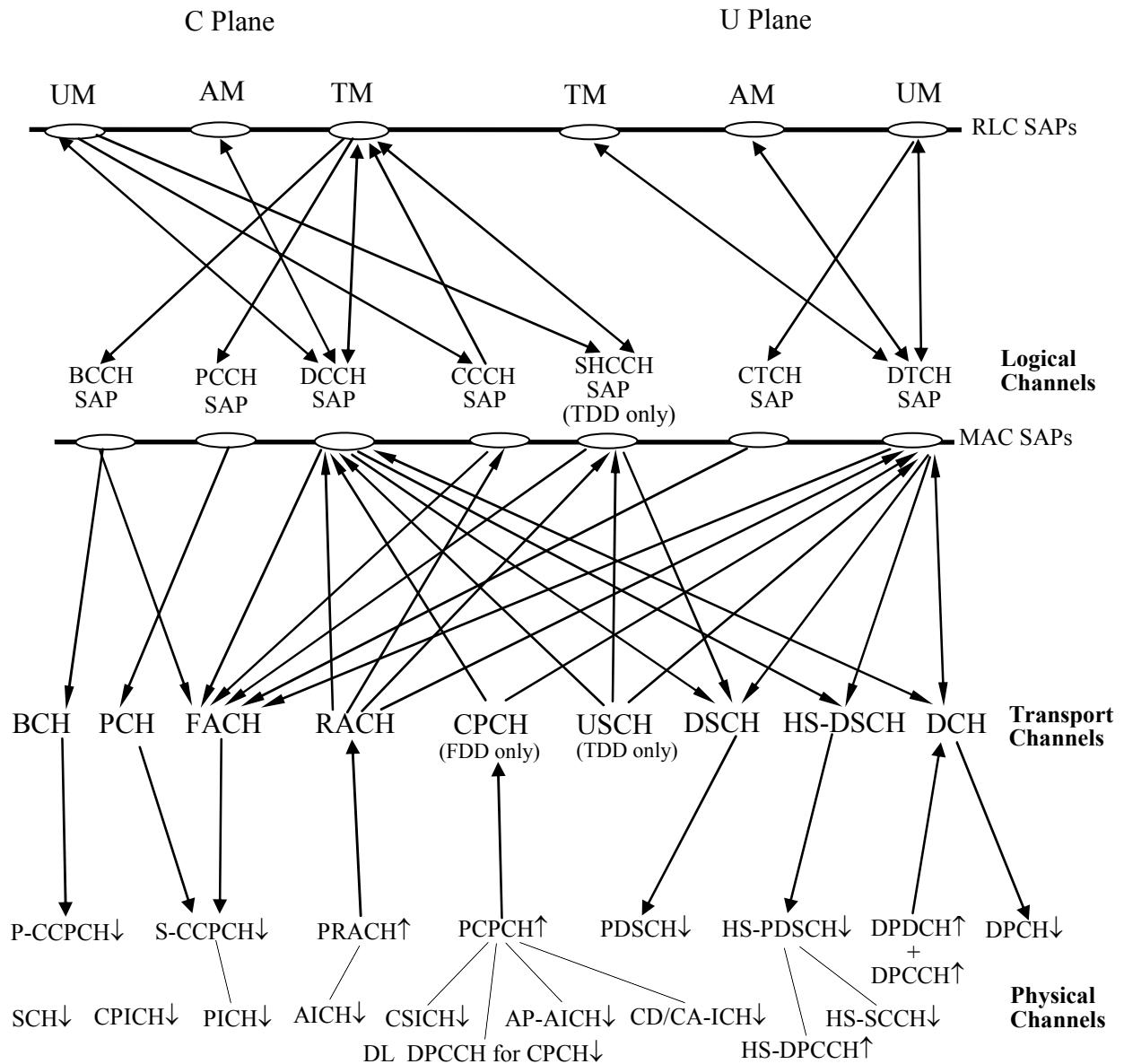


Figure 2: Channel mapping in SS-

## 8.2 Channel and RB identity

The TTCN addresses the TTCN tester by using a channel identifier:

- Either Physical channel identifier (PhyCh id); or
- Transport channel identifier (TrCh id); or
- Radio bearer identifier (RB id).

The selected channel identifier identifies uniquely:

- a channel within a cell;
- a total path of the address in the lower layers concerned.

Having taken out the cell id and PCO id (AM, UM and TM), a complete address, as RoutingInfo in the RRC ASP definition, should have at least five fields, CN domain id, RB id, LogCH id, TrCH id and PhyCH id. For simplified

application of CHOICE of the routing information, a TTCN writer must carefully follow a number of rules assigning the channel identifiers.

General requirements:

- a structured scheme of planning all channel identifiers assigned;
- the scheme shall meet the requirements for all test cases in 3GPP TS 34.123-1 [Error! Reference source not found.] including TDD channels;
- the scheme can apply to all radio bearer configurations in 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10;
- a clear multiplex mapping between a PhyCH id to TrCH ids and a TrCH id to LogCH ids, RB ids is needed.

Requirements on identification of RB in a test case:

- unique identification of the individual SRBs;
- unique identification of the individual sub-flows of a RABs in CS and PS domain.;
- an assigned RB id can represent UL and DL.

Requirements on identification of Logical Channel in a test case:

- it is an instance number of the individual logical channel; and
- uniquely identifies among all the Logical Channel mapped onto a Transport Channel.

Requirements on identification of Transport Channel in a test case:

- unique identification of the individual Transport Channel;
- assign different identities for UL and DL of a same Transport Channel type;
- the order of the Transport Channel id assigned in a cell shall follow the TFCS definitions in the 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.

EXAMPLE: Transport Channel ids are assigned in the ascending order for (RABsubflow#1, RABsubflow#2, RABsubflow#3, 64kRAB, DCCH).

Requirements on identification of Physical Channel in a test case:

- unique identification of the individual Physical Channel;
- assign different identities for UL and DL of a same Physical Channel type;
- each S-CCPCH or PRACH has a unique identifier;
- for 2 Mbps PS data radio link (in case of demux of a Transport Channel), three DPCH are needed for high-speed data. A single Physical Channel id is assigned to a bundle of the three physical channels.

Table 29 shows which type of channel identity is chosen for the individual primitives. In table 29, the ASN.1 primitives use a CHOICE type for channel identity, while TTCN primitives use an explicit channel identity type.

**Table 29: Primitives and the associated channel identity type**

Primitive name	Channel Identity	Releases
<b>ASN.1 Primitives</b>		
CPHY_AICH_AckModeSet_CNF	Physical Channel Identity	
CPHY_AICH_AckModeSet_REQ	Physical Channel Identity	
CPHY_Cell_Config_CNF	No Routing Info Field Present	
CPHY_Cell_Config_REQ	No Routing Info Field Present	
CPHY_Cell_Ini_CNF	No Routing Info Field Present	
CPHY_Cell_Ini_REQ	No Routing Info Field Present	
CPHY_Cell_TxPower_Modify_CNF	No Routing Info Field Present	

CPHY_Cell_TxPower_Modify_REQ	No Routing Info Field Present	
CPHY_Commit_CNF	Physical Channel Identity	
CPHY_Commit_REQ	Physical Channel Identity	
CPHY_Frame_Number_CNF	Physical Channel Identity	
CPHY_Frame_Number_REQ	Physical Channel Identity	
CPHY_Out_of_Sync_IND	Physical Channel Identity	
CPHY_PRACH_Measurement_CNF	Physical Channel Identity	
CPHY_PRACH_Measurement_REQ	Physical Channel Identity	
CPHY_RL_Modify_CNF	Physical Channel Identity	
CPHY_RL_Modify_REQ	Physical Channel Identity	
CPHY_RL_Release_CNF	Physical Channel Identity	
CPHY_RL_Release_REQ	Physical Channel Identity	
CPHY_RL_Setup_CNF	Physical Channel Identity	
CPHY_RL_Setup_REQ	PhysicalChannelIdentity	
CPHY_Sync_IND	Physical Channel Identity	
CPHY_TrCH_Config_CNF	Physical Channel Identity	
CPHY_TrCH_Config_REQ	PhysicalChannelIdentity	
CPHY_TrCH_Release_CNF	Physical Channel Identity	
CPHY_TrCH_Release_REQ	Physical Channel Identity	
CPHY_HS_DPCCH_AckNack_CNF	No Routing Info Field Present	Later than #4Rel-5 or later
CPHY_HS_DPCCH_AckNack_REQ	No Routing Info Field Present	Later than #4Rel-5 or later
CPHY_HS_DPCCH_AckNack_IND	No Routing Info Field Present	Later than #4Rel-5 or later
CPHY_HS_DPCCH_CQI_CNF	No Routing Info Field Present	Later than #4Rel-5 or later
CPHY_HS_DPCCH_CQI_REQ	No Routing Info Field Present	Later than #4Rel-5 or later
CPHY_HS_DPCCH_CQI_IND	No Routing Info Field Present	Later than #4Rel-5 or later
CPHY_HS_DSCH_CRC_Mode_CNF	Physical Channel Identity	Later than #4Rel-5 or later
CPHY_HS_DSCH_CRC_Mode_REQ	Physical Channel Identity	Later than #4Rel-5 or later
CMAC_BMC_Scheduling_CNF	Physical Channel Identity	
CMAC_BMC_Scheduling_REQ	Physical Channel Identity	
CMAC_Ciphering_Activate_CNF	Physical Channel Identity of DPCH	
CMAC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ	Physical Channel Identity of DPCH	
CMAC_Config_CNF	Physical Channel Identity	
CMAC_Config_REQ	PhysicalChannelIdentity	
CMAC_PAGING_Config_CNF	Physical Channel Identity	
CMAC_PAGING_Config_REQ	Physical Channel Identity	
CMAC_Restriction_CNF	PhysicalChannelIdentity	
CMAC_Restriction_REQ	PhysicalChannelIdentity	
CMAC_SecurityMode_Config_CNF	No Routing Info Field Present (applies to all RB lds)	
CMAC_Sequence_Number_CNF	Physical Channel Identity	
CMAC_SequenceNumber_REQ	Physical Channel Identity	
CMAC_SYSINFO_Config_CNF	RB Identity	
CMAC_SYSINFO_Config_REQ	RB Identity	
CMAC_MACHs_Reset_CNF	No Routing Info Field Present	Later than #4Rel-5 or later
CMAC_MACHs_Reset_REQ	No Routing Info Field Present	Later than #4Rel-5 or later
CMAC_MACHs_HARQprocAsign_CNF	No Routing Info Field Present	Later than #4Rel-5 or later
CMAC_MACHs_HARQprocAsign_REQ	No Routing Info Field Present	Later than #4Rel-5 or later
CMAC_MACHs_TFRCconfigre_CNF	No Routing Info Field Present	Later than #4Rel-5 or later
CMAC_MACHs_TFRCconfigre_REQ	No Routing Info Field Present	Later than #4Rel-5 or later
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_CNF	No Routing Info Field Present (applies to all RB lds)	
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ	No Routing Info Field Present (applies to all RB lds)	
CRLC_Config_CNF	RB Identity	
CRLC_Config_REQ	RB_Identity	

CRLC_Integrity_Activate_CNF	No Routing Info Field Present (applies to all RB lds)	
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ	No Routing Info Field Present (applies to all RB lds)	
CRLC_Integrity_Failure_IND	RB Identity	
CRLC_Resume_CNF	RB Identity (applies to all suspended RB lds)	
CRLC_Resume_REQ	RB Identity (applies to all suspended RB lds)	
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_CNF	No Routing Info Field Present (applies to all RB lds)	
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ	No Routing Info Field Present (applies to all RB lds)	
CRLC_SequenceNumber_CNF	RB Identity	
CRLC_SequenceNumber_REQ	RB Identity	
CRLC_Status_Ind	RB Identity	
CRLC_Suspend_CNF	RB Identity	
CRLC_Suspend_REQ	RB Identity	
CBMC_Config_CNF	RB Identity	
CBMC_Config_REQ	RB Identity	
RLC_AM_DATA_CNF	RB Identity	
RLC_AM_DATA_IND	RB Identity	
RLC_AM_DATA_REQ	RB Identity	
RLC_TR_DATA_IND	RB Identity	
RLC_TR_DATA_REQ	RB Identity	
RLC UM DATA_IND	RB Identity	
RLC UM DATA_REQ	RB Identity	
<b>TTCN Primitives</b>		
RLC_AM_TestDataInd	RB Identity	
RLC_AM_TestDataReq	RB Identity	
RLC_TR_TestDataInd	RB Identity	
RLC_TR_TestDataReq	RB Identity	
RLC UM TestDataInd	RB Identity	
RLC UM TestDataReq	RB Identity	
BMC_DataReq	RB Identity	

## 8.2.1 Physical channels

**Table 30: Physical channel identities**

Type	Min. No.	Current Config.	Identities (value assigned)	Direction	Comment
P-CCPCH	1	1	tsc_P_CCOPCH (4)	downlink	Primary Common Control Physical Channel. For Broadcasting System Information messages, using the Primary Scrambling Code for the Cell.
P-CPICH	1	1	tsc_P_CPICH (0)	downlink	Primary Common Pilot Channel using the Primary Scrambling Code for the Cell.
S-CPICH	1	FFS	tsc_S_CPICH (3)	downlink	Secondary Common Pilot Channel, used as the phase reference for some RF tests.
P-SCH	1	1	tsc_P_SCH (1)	downlink	Primary Synchronization Channel
S-SCH	1	1	tsc_S_SCH (2)	downlink	Secondary Synchronization Channel
S-CCPCH	2	1	tsc_S_CCOPCH1 (5) tsc_S_CCOPCH2 (10)	downlink	Secondary Common Control Physical Channel.
PICH	1	1	tsc_PICH1 (6) tsc_PICH2 (11)	downlink	To identify whether the UE should access the PCCH for Paging Messages.
AICH	1	1	tsc_AICH1 (7) tsc_AICH2 (12)	downlink	General Acquisition Indicator Channel, can be used for: - Aquisition Indicator Channel, for PRACH - Access Preamble Acquisition Indicator Channel (AP-ICH), for PCPCH - Collision-Detection/Channel-Assignment Indicator Channel (CD/CA-ICH), for PCPCH

Type	Min. No.	Current Config.	Identities (value assigned)	Direction	Comment
DPCH	3	1	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (26) tsc_DL_DPCH2 (27)	downlink	Downlink Physical Data Channel. Layer 1 signalling is transmitted only on the first DPCH. This number is for the First Cell. Additional Cells may define a lower number which should be at least 1.
DPDCH	1	1	tsc_UL_DPCH1 (20) tsc_UL_DPCH2 (21)	uplink	Uplink Dedicated Physical Channel. A single DPCCH associated with all the DPDCHs used for Layer 1 signalling.
PDSCH	1	1	tsc_DL_PDSCH1 (16)	downlink	Physical Downlink Shared Channel.
PRACH	2	1	tsc_PRACH1 (8) tsc_PRACH2 (9)	uplink	Physical Random Access Channel.
PCPCH	1	FFS		uplink	Physical Common Packet Channel.
CSICH	1	FFS		downlink	CPCH Status Indicator Channel
HS-PDSCH	1		tsc_HSPDSCH(18)	downlink	<a href="#">Later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a> High speed physical downlink shared channel

The Physical Channel values 20 to 25 are assigned to uplink DPCHs and the values 26 to 31 are assigned to downlink DPCHs.

## 8.2.2 Transport channels

Table 31: Transport channel identities

Type	Min. No.	Current Config.	Identities (value assigned)	Direction	Comments
BCH	1	1	tsc_BCH1 (11)	downlink	
FACH	1	1	tsc_FACH1 (13) tsc_FACH2 (14) tsc_FACH3 (16) tsc_FACH4 (17)	downlink	
PCH	1	1	tsc_PCH1 (12) tsc_PCH2 (30)	downlink	
DCH	n	4	tsc_UL_DCH1 (1) tsc_UL_DCH2 (2) tsc_UL_DCH3 (3) tsc_UL_DCH4 (4) tsc_UL_DCH5 (5)	uplink	tsc_UL_DCH1 for RAB1-1 or RAB1, tsc_UL_DCH2 for RAB1-2 or RAB2, tsc_UL_DCH3 for RAB1-3, tsc_UL_DCH4 RAB2, tsc_UL_DCH5 for SRB.
DCH	n	4	tsc_DL_DCH1 (6) tsc_DL_DCH2 (7) tsc_DL_DCH3 (8) tsc_DL_DCH4 (9) tsc_DL_DCH5 (10)	downlink	tsc_DL_DCH1 for RAB1-1 or RAB1, tsc_DL_DCH2 for RAB1-2 or RAB2, tsc_DL_DCH3 for RAB1-3, tsc_DL_DCH4 for RAB2, tsc_DL_DCH5 for SRB.
USCH	1	N/A	tsc_USCH1(20)	uplink	TDD only
DSCH	1	N/A	tsc_DSCH (19)	downlink	
RACH	2	1	tsc_RACH1 (15) tsc_RACH2 (31)	uplink	
CPCH	1	N/A	tsc_CPCH1(32)	uplink	
FAUSCH	N/A	N/A	tsc_FAUSCH1(18)	uplink	Not in Release 99
HSDSCH	1	1	N/A	downlink	<a href="#">Later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a>

The TrCH values 20 to 29 are assigned to the TDD TrCH.

## 8.2.3 Logical Channels

Table 32 shows the logical channels identities.

**Table 32: Logical channel identities**

Type	Min. No.	Current Config.	Identities (value assigned)	Direction	Comments
BCCH_BCH	1	1	tsc_BCCH1 (1)	downlink	
BCCH_FACH	1	1	tsc_BCCH6 (6)	downlink	
CCCH	1	1	tsc_DL_CCCH5 (5)	downlink	
CCCH	1	2	tsc_UL_CCCH5 (5) tsc_UL_CCCH6 (6)	uplink	
DCCH	4	4	tsc_DL_DCCH1 (1) tsc_DL_DCCH2 (2) tsc_DL_DCCH3 (3) tsc_DL_DCCH4 (4)	downlink	tsc_DL_DCCH1 for SRB1, tsc_DL_DCCH2 for SRB2, tsc_DL_DCCH3 for SRB3, tsc_DL_DCCH4 for SRB4
DCCH	4	4	tsc_UL_DCCH1 (1) tsc_UL_DCCH2 (2) tsc_UL_DCCH3 (3) tsc_UL_DCCH4 (4)	uplink	tsc_UL_DCCH1 for SRB1, tsc_UL_DCCH2 for SRB2, tsc_UL_DCCH3 for SRB3, tsc_UL_DCCH4 for SRB4
PCCH	1	2	tsc_PCCH1 (1) tsc_PCCH2 (2)	downlink	
DTCH	n	4	tsc_UL_DTCH1 (7) tsc_UL_DTCH2 (8) tsc_UL_DTCH3 (9) tsc_UL_DTCH4 (10)	uplink	tsc_UL_DTCH1 for RAB1-1 or RAB 1, tsc_UL_DTCH2 for RAB1-2 or RAB 2, tsc_UL_DTCH3 for RAB1-3' tsc_UL_DTCH4 for RAB2
DTCH	n	4	tsc_DL_DTCH1 (7) tsc_DL_DTCH2 (8) tsc_DL_DTCH3 (9) tsc_DL_DTCH4 (10)	downlink	tsc_DL_DTCH1 for RAB1-1 or RAB 1, tsc_DL_DTCH2 for RAB1-2 or RAB 2, tsc_DL_DTCH3 for RAB-3, tsc_DL_DTCH4 for RAB2
CTCH	1	2	tsc_CTCH1 (11) tsc_CTCH2 (12)	downlink	

## 8.2.4 Radio bearers

**Table 33: Radio bearer identities**

Identities (value assigned)	Direction	Type	RLC mode	Service domain	Comments
tsc_RB_BCCH (-1)	downlink		TM	NA	BCCH-BCH
tsc_RB_PCCP (-2)	downlink		TM	NA	PCCP PCH
tsc_RB_BCCH_FACH (-3)	downlink		TM	NA	BCCH FACH
tsc_RB_2ndPCCP (-4)	downlink		TM	NA	Second PCCP PCH SCPCCP
tsc_RB_2ndCCCH (-5)	uplink		TM	NA	Second CCCH RACH PRACH
tsc_RB UM 7 RLC (-10)	downlink	RAB	TM	CS	For UM RLC tests using 7 bit LIs
tsc_RB UM 7 RLC (-10)	uplink	RAB	TM	CS	For UM RLC tests using 7 bit LIs
tsc_RB UM 15 RLC (-11)	downlink	RAB	TM	CS	For UM RLC tests using 15 bit LIs
tsc_RB UM 15 RLC (-11)	uplink	RAB	TM	CS	For UM RLC tests using 15 bit LIs
tsc_RB AM 7 RLC (-12)	downlink	RAB	TM	CS	For AM RLC tests using 15 bit LIs
tsc_RB AM 7 RLC (-12)	uplink	RAB	TM	CS	For AM RLC tests using 7 bit LIs
tsc_RB AM 15 RLC (-13)	downlink	RAB	TM	CS	For AM RLC tests using 15 bit LIs
tsc_RB AM 15 RLC (-13)	uplink	RAB	TM	CS	For AM RLC tests using 15 bit LIs
tsc_RB_DCCH_FACH_MAC (-14)	downlink	SRB3	TM	CS	For MAC tests using DCCH mapped to FACH
tsc_RB_DCCH_FACH_MAC (-14)	uplink	SRB3	TM	CS	For MAC tests using DCCH mapped to FACH
tsc_RB_DCCH_DCH_MAC (-15)	downlink	SRB3	TM	CS	For MAC tests using DCCH mapped to DCH
tsc_RB_DCCH_FACH_MAC (-15)	uplink	SRB3	TM	CS	For MAC tests using DCCH mapped to DCH
tsc_RB_DCCH_RRC (-16)	uplink	SRB3	AM	CS or PS	For RRC test cases to route UL NAS messages
tsc_RB_CCCH_FACH_MAC (-18)	downlink	SRB0	TM	CS or PS	For MAC test using downlink SRB0 on TM
tsc_RB_BCCH_FACH_RAB (-19)	downlink		TM	NA	BCCH FACH

<b>Identities (value assigned)</b>	<b>Direction</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>RLC mode</b>	<b>Service domain</b>	<b>Comments</b>
tsc_RB0 (0)	uplink	SRB0	TM	CS or PS	The service domain for which the most recent security negotiation took place. CCCH
tsc_RB0 (0)	downlink	SRB0	UM	CS or PS	CCCH
tsc_RB1 (1)	uplink	SRB1	UM	CS or PS	DCCH
tsc_RB1 (1)	downlink	SRB1	UM	CS or PS	DCCH
tsc_RB2 (2)	uplink	SRB2	AM	CS or PS	DCCH
tsc_RB2 (2)	downlink	SRB2	AM	CS or PS	DCCH
tsc_RB3 (3)	uplink	SRB3	AM	CS or PS	DCCH
tsc_RB3 (3)	downlink	SRB3	AM	CS or PS	DCCH
tsc_RB4 (4)	uplink	SRB4	AM	CS or PS	DCCH
tsc_RB4 (4)	downlink	SRB4	AM	CS or PS	DCCH
tsc_RB5 (5)	uplink		TM		DCCH
tsc_RB5 (5)	downlink		TM		DCCH
tsc_RB10 (10)	uplink	RAB#1-1	TM	CS	or RAB1
tsc_RB10 (10)	downlink	RAB#1-1	TM	CS	or RAB1
tsc_RB11 (11)	uplink	RAB#1-2	TM	CS	or RAB2
tsc_RB11 (11)	downlink	RAB#1-2	TM	CS	or RAB2
tsc_RB12 (12)	uplink	RAB#1-3	TM	CS	
tsc_RB12 (12)	downlink	RAB#1-3	TM	CS	
tsc_RB13 (13)	uplink	RAB#2	TM	CS	
tsc_RB13 (13)	downlink	RAB#2	TM	CS	
tsc_RB20 (20)	uplink	RAB#1	AM	PS	
tsc_RB20 (20)	downlink	RAB#1	AM	PS	
tsc_RB21 (21)	uplink	RAB#2	UM	PS	
tsc_RB21 (21)	downlink	RAB#2	UM	PS	
tsc_RB22 (22)	uplink	RAB#2	AM	PS	
tsc_RB22 (22)	downlink	RAB#2	AM	PS	
tsc_RB23 (23)	uplink	RAB#2	AM	PS	2nd AM RAB for PS
tsc_RB23 (23)	downlink	RAB#2	AM	PS	2nd AM RAB for PS
tsc_RB24 (24)	uplink	RAB#2	AM	PS	2nd AM RAB for PS
tsc_RB24 (24)	downlink	RAB#2	AM	PS	2nd AM RAB for PS
tsc_RB25 (25)	uplink	RAB#1	AM	PS	<a href="#">Later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a> DTCH on DPCH associated HS-DSCH
tsc_RB25 (25)	downlink	RAB#1	AM	PS	<a href="#">Later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a> DTCH on HS-DSCH
tsc_RB29 (29)	downlink	SRB0	AM	PS	RB Id for Radio bearer that carries the 2nd CCCH in the DL
tsc_RB30 (30)	downlink		UM		CTCH FACH
tsc_RB31 (31)	downlink		UM		Second CTCH FACH

The RB values 0 to 5 are used for the signalling bearers. The values 10 to 15 are assigned to the CS RAB sub-flows. The values 20 to 25 are assigned to the PS RAB sub-flows. The value 30 is assigned to the CBSMS/BMC service.

**Table 34: RB identities mapping between 34.123-1 & 34.123-3**

<b>RAB Combinations</b>	<b>34.123-1</b>	<b>34.123-3</b>
<b>Single CS RAB</b>	RB5	tsc_RB10
	RB6	tsc_RB11
	RB7	tsc_RB12
<b>Single PS RAB</b>	RB5	tsc_RB20
	RB7	tsc_RB20
	RB8	tsc_RB20
<b>CS+PS Multi RABs</b>	RB5	tsc_RB10
	RB6	tsc_RB11, tsc_RB20
	RB7	tsc_RB12
	RB8	tsc_RB20
	RB9	tsc_RB22
<b>CS+CS Multi RABs</b>	RB5	tsc_RB10
	RB6	tsc_RB11
	RB7	tsc_RB12
	RB8	tsc_RB13
<b>PS+PS Multi RABs</b>	RB5	tsc_RB20
	RB6	tsc_RB22
	RB7	tsc_RB20
	RB8	tsc_RB24

### 8.2.5 Scrambling and channelization codes

Table 35 shows the primary/secondary scrambling codes and the channelization codes for downlink channels.

**Table 35: Primary/secondary scrambling codes and channelization codes for downlink channels**

Type	Identities (value assigned)	Primary scrambling code	Secondary scrambling code	Channelization Code
P-CCPCH	tsc_P_CCPCH (4)	(px_PrimaryScramblingCode + 50 × ( cell No -1 ) mod 512	NA	tsc_P_CCPCH_ChC (256:1)
P-CPICH	tsc_P_CPICH (0)	(px_PrimaryScramblingCode + 50 × ( cell No -1 ) mod 512	NA	tsc_P_CPICH_ChC (256:0)
S-CCPCH	tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)	(px_PrimaryScramblingCode + 50 × ( cell No -1 ) mod 512	NA (carrying PCH)	tsc_S_CCPCH1_ChC (64:1)
	tsc_S_CCPCH2 (10)	(px_PrimaryScramblingCode + 50 × ( cell No -1 ) mod 512	NA (carrying PCH)	tsc_S_CCPCH2_ChC (64:2)
PICH	tsc_PICH1 (6)	(px_PrimaryScramblingCode + 50 × ( cell No -1 ) mod 512	NA	tsc_PICH1_ChC (256:2)
	tsc_PICH2 (11)	(px_PrimaryScramblingCode + 50 × ( cell No -1 ) mod 512	NA	tsc_PICH2_ChC (256:12)
AICH	tsc_AICH1 (7)	(px_PrimaryScramblingCode + 50 × ( cell No -1 ) mod 512	NA	tsc_AICH1_ChC (256:3)
	tsc_AICH2 (12)	(px_PrimaryScramblingCode + 50 × ( cell No -1 ) mod 512	NA	tsc_AICH2_ChC (256:13)
DPCH	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (26)	(px_PrimaryScramblingCode + 50 × ( cell No -1 ) mod 512	tsc_DL_DPCH1_2ndScrC (1) This value is related to the primary scrambling code of the cell	Depending on the configuration: tsc_DL_DPCH1_ChC_SR (128:9) tsc_DL_DPCH1_ChC_Speech (128:0) tsc_DL_DPCH1_ChC_Streaming (32:0) tsc_DL_DPCH1_ChC_64k_CS (32:0) tsc_DL_DPCH1_ChC_64k_PS (32:0)
	tsc_DL_DPCH2 (27)	(px_PrimaryScramblingCode + 50 × ( cell No -1 ) mod 512	tsc_DL_DPCH2_2ndScrC (1) This value is related to the primary scrambling code of the cell	Depending on the configuration: tsc_DL_DPCH2_ChC_SR (256:1) tsc_DL_DPCH2_ChC_Speech (128:1) tsc_DL_DPCH2_ChC_Streaming (32:1) tsc_DL_DPCH2_ChC_64k_CS (32:1) tsc_DL_DPCH2_ChC_64k_PS (32:1)
HS-PDSCH	tsc_HSPDSCH(18)	Same as HS-SCCH	Same as HS-SCCH	<a href="#">Later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a> SF= 16 Number of codes depending on the configuration, at most 15 codes
HS-SCCH	NA	(px_PrimaryScramblingCode + 50 × ( cell No -1 ) mod 512	tsc_DL_DPCH2_2ndScrC (1) This value is related to the primary scrambling code of the cell	<a href="#">Later than r4 Rel-5 or later</a> SF =128 Number of codes depending on the configuration, at most 4 codes

Table 36 shows the scrambling codes, the signatures and the spreading factors for uplink channels.

**Table 36: Scrambling codes, signatures and spreading factor for uplink channels**

Type	Identities (value assigned)	Scrambling code	Signature	Spreading factor
DPDCH	tsc_UL_DPCH1 (20)	(px_UL_ScramblingCode + 1000*( cell No -1)) MOD 16777216	NA	If only one DPDCH and depending on the configuration tsc_UL_DPDCH_SF_SR (64) tsc_UL_DPDCH_SF_Speech (64) tsc_UL_DPDCH_SF_Streaming (16) tsc_UL_DPDCH_SF_64k_CS (16) tsc_UL_DPDCH_SF_64k_PS (16) If more than one DPDCH tsc_UL_DPDCH_SF_4 (4:1)
	tsc_UL_DPCH2 (21)	(px_UL_ScramblingCode + 1 000 × ( cell No -1)) MOD 16 777 216	NA	If only one DPDCH and depending on the configuration tsc_UL_DPDCH_SF_SR (64) tsc_UL_DPDCH_SF_Speech (64) tsc_UL_DPDCH_SF_Streaming (16) tsc_UL_DPDCH_SF_64k_CS (16) tsc_UL_DPDCH_SF_64k_PS (16) If more than one DPDCH tsc_UL_DPDCH_SF_4 (4:1)
PRACH	tsc_PRACH1 (8)	tsc_PRACH1_ScrC (0)	tsc_PRACH1_Signatures ('000000001111111'B)	tsc_PRACH1_SF (64)
	tsc_PRACH2 (9)	tsc_PRACH2_ScrC (1)	tsc_PRACH2_Signatures ('000000001111111'B)	tsc_PRACH2_SF (64)
HS-DPCCH	NA	Same as DPDCH	NA	<b>Later than r4 Rel-5 or later</b> Depending on the number of DPDCHs: If only one DPDCH: C <sub>256,64</sub> ; If 2 or 4 or 6 DPDCHs: C <sub>256,1</sub> ; If 3 or 5 DPDCHs: C <sub>256,32</sub> .

## 8.2.6 MAC-d

MAC-d and the served RLC are cell-independent and are configured by using the cell-id = -1. During reconfigurations, cell changes and state transitions, the relevant counters in the RLC and MAC-d are maintained.

For the active set updating, the DL DCH with the same channel Id in the different cells are implicitly connected to form the DL multiple paths.

### 8.2.6.1 MAC-d configuration examples

The following example shows how the MAC and RLC ASP are used to configure different configurations.

The 1<sup>st</sup> parameter in ASP represents the cell identity: p\_CellId corresponds to the current cell identity, tsc\_CellDedicated corresponds to the cell independent (-1). The 2<sup>nd</sup> parameter represents the channel Id, this parameter is not needed in the CRLC ASP)

#### 1. Cell\_DCH\_StandAloneSRB: configuration of DL/UL-DPCH1

```

CPHY!CPHY_RL_Setup_REQ      ( p_CellId, tsc_DL_DPCH1)          -- Cell concerned
CPHY?CPHY_RL_Setup_CNF      ( p_CellId, tsc_DL_DPCH1)          -- Cell concerned
CPHY!CPHY_TrCH_Config_REQ   ( p_CellId, tsc_DL_DPCH1)          -- Cell concerned
CPHY?CPHY_TrCH_Config_CNF   ( p_CellId, tsc_DL_DPCH1 )         -- Cell concerned
CMAC ! CMAC_Config_REQ     ( tsc_CellDedicated, tsc_DL_DPCH1)  -- Cell independent (-1)
CMAC ? CMAC_Config_CNF     ( tsc_CellDedicated, tsc_DL_DPCH1)  -- Cell independant (-1)
CPHY!CPHY_RL_Setup_REQ      ( p_CellId, tsc_UL_DPCH1)          -- Cell concerned
CPHY?CPHY_RL_Setup_CNF      ( p_CellId, tsc_UL_DPCH1)          -- Cell concerned
CPHY!CPHY_TrCH_Config_REQ   ( p_CellId, tsc_UL_DPCH1)          -- Cell concerned
CPHY?CPHY_TrCH_Config_CNF   ( p_CellId, tsc_UL_DPCH1 )         -- Cell concerned
CMAC ! CMAC_Config_REQ     ( tsc_CellDedicated, tsc_UL_DPCH1)  -- Cell independant (-1)
CMAC ? CMAC_Config_CNF     ( tsc_CellDedicated, tsc_UL_DPCH1)  -- Cell independant (-1)
CRLC ! CRLC_Config_REQ     ( tsc_CellDedicated )                -- Cell independant (-1)
CRLC ? CRLC_Config_CNF     ( tsc_CellDedicated )                -- Cell independant (-1)

```

#### 2. Cell\_FACH: configuration of S-CCPCH1

```

CPHY!CPHY_RL_Setup_REQ      ( p_CellId, tsc_S_CCPCH1)          -- Cell concerned
CPHY?CPHY_RL_Setup_CNF      ( p_CellId, tsc_S_CCPCH1)          -- Cell concerned t
CPHY!CPHY_TrCH_Config_REQ   ( p_CellId, tsc_S_CCPCH1)          -- Cell concerned
CPHY ? CPHY_TrCH_Config_CNF ( p_CellId, tsc_S_CCPCH1)          -- Cell concerned
CMAC ! CMAC_Config_REQ     ( p_CellId, tsc_S_CCPCH1)          -- Cell concerned
CMAC ? CMAC_Config_CNF     ( p_CellId, tsc_S_CCPCH1 )         -- Cell concerned
CPHY!CPHY_RL_Setup_REQ      ( p_CellId, tsc_PICH1)            -- Cell concerned
CPHY?CPHY_RL_Setup_CNF      ( p_CellId, tsc_PICH1)            -- Cell concerned
CRLC ! CRLC_Config_REQ     ( tsc_CellDedicated )                -- Cell independant (-1)
CRLC ? CRLC_Config_CNF     ( tsc_CellDedicated )                -- Cell independant (-1)

```

#### 3. Cell\_FACH: configuration of P-CCPCH

```

CPHY!CPHY_RL_Setup_REQ      ( p_CellId, tsc_P_CPICH )          -- Cell concerned
CPHY?CPHY_RL_Setup_CNF      ( p_CellId, tsc_P_CPICH )          -- Cell concerned

```

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CPHY!CPHY_RL_Setup_REQ	( p_CellId, tsc_P_SCH)	-- Cell concerned
CPHY?CPHY_RL_Setup_CNF	( p_CellId, tsc_P_SCH )	-- Cell concerned
CPHY!CPHY_RL_Setup_REQ	( p_CellId, tsc_P_SCH)	-- Cell concerned
CPHY?CPHY_RL_Setup_CNF	( p_CellId, tsc_S_SCH )	-- Cell concerned
CPHY!CPHY_RL_Setup_REQ	( p_CellId, tsc_P_CCPCH)	-- Cell concerned
CPHY?CPHY_RL_Setup_CNF	( p_CellId, tsc_P_CCPCH )	-- Cell concerned
CPHY!CPHY_TrCH_Config_REQ	( p_CellId, tsc_P_CCPCH )	-- Cell concerned
CPHY?CPHY_TrCH_Config_CNF	( p_CellId, tsc_P_CCPCH )	-- Cell concerned
CMAC!CMAC_Config_REQ	( p_CellId, tsc_P_CCPCH)	-- Cell concerned
CMAC?CMAC_Config_CNF	( p_CellId, tsc_P_CCPCH )	-- Cell concerned
CRLC!CRLC_Config_REQ	( p_CellId)	-- Cell concerned
CRLC?CRLC_Config_CNF	( p_CellId)	-- Cell concerned

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## 8.2.7 Configuration of compressed mode

### 8.2.7.1 UE Side

Two IE are available for the configuration of the compressed mode for the UE.

- DPCH\_CompressedModeInfo.
- DPCH\_CompressedModeStatusInfo.

Compressed mode initiation at UE side can be divided into 2 steps:

- Downloading compressed mode parameters.
- Activating the compressed mode.

Both of them can be done in one shot.

### 8.2.7.2 SS Side

Compressed mode configuration at SS side shall be maintained the same status as that on the UE side. So there are 3 different types of compressed mode configuration states both on UE and SS side.

- Configuration of compressed mode parameters (Use of DPCH\_CompressedModeInfo) without the activation.
- Configuration of compressed mode parameters and simultaneous activation (use of DPCH\_CompressedModeInfo).
- Only activation (use of DPCH\_CompressedModeStatusInfo).

If compressed mode parameters are to be downloaded to the UE without actually activation, it shall be configured on the SS side by any one of the following two procedures.

- If DPCH channel on which compressed mode is to be downloaded is not already configured, primitive "CPHY\_RL\_Setup\_REQ", with "CphyRlSetupReq\_PhysicalChannelInfo" which is of choice, chosen to dPCHInfo shall be called. The procedure is used to pre-configure all compressed patterns necessary for test, but deactivate the all patterns configured at the beginning of the test. This procedure has not been implemented in the TTCN.
- If DPCH channel on which compressed mode is to be downloaded is already configured, the primitive "CPHY\_RL\_Modify\_REQ" with "CphyRlModifyReq\_PhysicalChannelInfo" which is of choice, chosen to dPCHInfo shall be called. This procedure is generally used in the TTCN.

If compressed mode parameters are to be configured and simultaneously activated, the same procedure as for the configuration of compressed mode without activation shall be used.

Activation of the compressed mode, whose parameters are already configured shall be achieved by the primitive "CPHY\_RL\_Modify\_REQ" with "CphyRlModifyReq\_PhysicalChannelInfo" which is of choice, chosen to dpch\_CompressedModeStatusInfo.

## 8.2.8 Use of U-RNTI and C-RNTI

The uRNTI and cRNTI are optional when configuring the MAC (CMAC\_Config\_REQ). Table 37 gives indication on when uRNTI and cRNTI are needed.

**Table 37: cRNTI and uRNTI in CMAC-Config\_REQ**

	P-CCPCH	S-CCPCH with mapped DL-DCCH/DTCH (UE in cell_FACH)	S-CCPCH without mapped DL-DCCH/DTCH (UE in cell_DCH)	PRACH with mapped DL-DCCH/DTCH (UE in cell_FACH)	PRACH without mapped DL-DCCH/DTCH (UE in cell_DCH)	DPCH
<b>uRNTI</b>	-	Included	-	Omit	-	-
<b>cRNTI</b>	-	Included	-	Included	-	-
<b>CMAC-Config REQ</b>	OMIT both	Download cRNTI and uRNTI	OMIT both	Download cRNTI	OMIT both	OMIT both

In the case of DL-DCCH/DTCH mapped on S-CCPCH, cRNTI and uRNTI are downloaded to the MAC layer. As default, SS MAC shall use cRNTI as UE id. At the CMAC configuration of the beginning of test cases, the RLC payload size is configurured, as default on cRNTI for the MAC header calculation. If uRNTI is to be used the SS RLC payload size shall be reconfigured as cRNTI and uRNTI do not have the same length (16 bits and 32 bits repectively).

CELL UPDATE CONFIRM or URA UPDATE CONFIRM shall be sent on DCCH at the test for the ciphering reason except the periodic update without carrying the UE indetity information. In this case the CELL UPDATE CONFIRM or URA UPDATE CONFIRM is sent on CCCH at the test.

**Table 38: Relationship between cell update cause, UE state and RLC size reconfiguration**

Cell update cause	UE State (before cell update)	CELL UPDATE CONFIRM	CRLC_Reconf RLC_Size Needed	Valid UE ID
Cell reselection	CELL_PCH / CELL_FACH	DCCH	Y	U_RNTI
Periodical cell update	CELL_PCH	DCCH or CCCH	Y (for DCCH)	U_RNTI
Periodical cell update	CELL_FACH	DCCH or CCCH	N	C_RNTI
Uplink data transmission	CELL_PCH / URA_PCH	DCCH	Y	U_RNTI
UTRAN paging response	CELL_PCH / URA_PCH	DCCH	Y	U_RNTI
Re-entered service area	CELL_PCH / URA_PCH	DCCH	Y	U_RNTI
Re-entered service area	CELL_FACH	DCCH	N	C_RNTI
Radio Link failure	CELL_DCH	DCCH	Y	U_RNTI
RLC_unrecoverable error	CELL_DCH / CELL_FACH	DCCH	Y N (selected the same cell in CELL_FACH)	U_RNTI C_RNTI

## 8.3 Channels configurations

### 8.3.1 Configuration of Cell\_FACH

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 for downlink and 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1 for uplink. The configuration is applied to the RRC tests related in the states CELL\_FACH, CELL\_PCH and URA\_PCH. They need a minimum radio configuration for testing.

**Table 39: Uplink configuration of Cell\_FACH**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB0 (0)	tsc_RB1 (1)	tsc_RB2 (2)	tsc_RB3 (3)	tsc_RB4 (4)
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	CCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	Tsc_UL_DTCH1 (7)	tsc_UL_CCCH5 (5)	tsc_UL_DCCH1 (1)	tsc_UL_DCCH2 (2)	tsc_UL_DCCH3 (3)	tsc_UL_DCCH4 (4)
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM	TM	UM	AM	AM	AM
<b>TrCH Type</b>	RACH					
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_RACH1 (15)					
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	PRACH					
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_PRACH1 (8)					

**Table 40: Downlink configuration of Cell\_FACH**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB0 (0)	tsc_RB1 (1)	tsc_RB2 (2)	tsc_RB3 (3)	tsc_RB4 (4)	tsc_RB_BC CH_FACH (-3)	tsc_RB_PC CH (-2)						
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	CCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	BCCH	PCCCH						
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DT CH1 (7)	tsc_DL_CC CH5 (5)	tsc_DL_DC CH1 (1)	tsc_DL_DC CH2 (2)	tsc_DL_DC CH3 (3)	tsc_DL_DC CH4 (4)	tsc_BCCH6 (6)	tsc_PCCH1 (1)						
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM	UM	UM	AM	AM	AM	TM	TM						
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	1						
<b>TrCH Type</b>	FACH	FACH						PCH						
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_FACH2 (14)	tsc_FACH1 (13)						tsc_PCH1 (12)						
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	Secondary CCPCH													
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)													

### 8.3.2 Configuration of Cell\_DCH\_StandAloneSRB

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.1. 3. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1. The configuration is applied to the RRC and NAS signalling tests in the DCH state without RAB.

**Table 41: Uplink configuration of Cell\_DCH\_StandAloneSRB**

RB Identity	tsc_RB1 (1)	tsc_RB2 (2)	tsc_RB3 (3)	tsc_RB4 (4)	tsc_RB0 (0)	
LogCh Type	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	CCCH	
LogCh Identity	tsc_UL_DCCH1 (1)	tsc_UL_DCCH2 (2)	tsc_UL_DCCH3 (3)	tsc_UL_DCCH4 (4)	tsc_UL_CCCH5 (5)	
RLC mode	UM	AM	AM	AM	TM	AM
TrCH Type	DCH				RACH	
TrCH identity	tsc_UL_DCH5 (5)				tsc_RACH1 (15)	
PhyCh Type	DPDCH				PRACH	
PhyCh identity	tsc_UL_DPCH1 (20)				tsc_PRACH1 (8)	

**Table 42: Downlink configuration of Cell\_DCH\_StandAloneSRB**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB1 (1)	tsc_RB2 (2)	tsc_RB3 (3)	tsc_RB4 (4)	tsc_RB0 (0)	tsc_RB_PCCH (-2)	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	CCCH	PCCH	
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DCCH 1 (1)	tsc_DL_DCCH 2 (2)	tsc_DL_DCCH 3 (3)	tsc_DL_DCCH 4 (4)	tsc_DL_CCCH 5 (5)	tsc_PCCH1 (1)	
<b>RLC mode</b>	UM	AM	AM	AM	UM	TM	AM
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	2	3	4	1	1	1
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH				FACH	PCH	FACH
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DCH5 (10)				tsc_FACH1 (13)	tsc_PCH1 (12)	tsc_FACH2 (14)
<b>PhyCH Type</b>	DPCH				Secondary CCPCH		
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (26)				tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)		

### 8.3.3 Configuration of Cell\_DCH\_Speech

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clauses 6.10.2.4.1.4 and 6.10.2.4.1.5. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1. The configuration is applied to those RRC and NAS signalling tests in the DCH state where a CS voice service, such as narrowband speech, emergency speech call or TS 61 for speech, is established.

**Table 43: Uplink configuration of Cell\_DCH\_Speech**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB10 (10)	tsc_RB11 (11)	tsc_RB12 (12)	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneS RB on DPCH	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on PRACH	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH	DTCH			
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_UL_DT CH1 (7)	tsc_UL_DTCH 2 (8)	tsc_UL_DTC H3 (9)			
<b>RLC mode</b>	TM	TM	TM			
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH	DCH	DCH			
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_D CH1 (1)	tsc_UL_DCH2 (2)	tsc_UL_DCH 3 (3)			
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPDCH					
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DPCH1 (20)			tsc_PRACH1 (8)		

**Table 44: Downlink configuration of Cell\_DCH\_Speech**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB10 (10)	tsc_RB11 (11)	tsc_RB12 (12)	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on sCCPCH	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH	DTCH			
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DT CH1 (7)	tsc_DL_DTC H2 (8)	tsc_DL_DTC H3 (9)			
<b>RLC mode</b>	TM	TM	TM			
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1	1			
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH	DCH	DCH			
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_D CH1 (6)	tsc_DL_DC H2 (7)	tsc_DL_DC H3 (8)			
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPCH			Secondary CCPCH		
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (26)			tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)		

### 8.3.4 Configuration of Cell\_DCH\_64kCS\_RAB\_SRБ

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.1.13 for the conversational unknown quality class. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1. The configuration is applied to those RRC and NAS signalling tests in the DCH state where one of the following CS transparent data services is established:

- Multimedia call 28,8 kbit/s, 3,1 kHz Audio;
- Multimedia call 32 kbit/s, UDI;
- Multimedia call 33,6 kbit/s, 3,1 kHz Audio;
- Multimedia call 56 kbit/s, RDI;
- Multimedia call 64 kbit/s, UDI;
- Asynchronous 3,1 kHz Audio 28,8 kbit/s;
- Synchronous 3,1 kHz Audio 28,8 kbit/s;
- Synchronous V.110 UDI up to 56 kbit/s;
- BTM RDI 56 kbit/s;
- BTM UDI 64 bit/s.

**Table 45: Uplink configuration of Cell\_DCH\_64kCS\_RAB\_SRБ**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB10 (10)	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandaloneSRB on DPCH	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandaloneSRB on PRACH	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH			
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_UL_DTCH1 (7)			
<b>RLC mode</b>	TM			
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH			
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DCH1 (1)			
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPDCH	PRACH		
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DPCH1 (20)	tsc_PRACH1 (8)		

**Table 46: Downlink configuration of Cell\_DCH\_64kCS\_RAB\_SRБ**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB10 (10)	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on sCCPCH	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH			
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTCH1 (7)			
<b>RLC mode</b>	TM			
<b>MAC priority</b>	1			
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH			
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DCH1 (6)			
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPCH		Secondary CCPCH	
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (26)		tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)	

### 8.3.5 Configuration of Cell\_DCH\_57\_6kCS\_RAB\_SRБ

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.1.17 for the streaming unknown quality class. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1. The configuration is applied to those RRC and NAS signalling tests in the DCH state where one of the following CS non-transparent data services is established:

- Asynchronous 3,1 kHz Audio up to 19,2 kbit/s;
- Asynchronous 3,1 kHz Audio modem auto-bauding;
- Asynchronous V.110 UDI up to 38,4 kbit/s, except 28,8 kbit/s;
- Asynchronous V.120 up to 56 kbit/s;
- Asynchronous PIAFS up to 64 kbit/s;
- Asynchronous FTM up to 64 kbit/s;
- Synchronous 3,1 kHz Audio up to 19,2 kbit/s;

- Synchronous V.110 UDI up to 56 kbit/s, except 28,8 kbit/s;
- Synchronous X.31 Flags Stuffing UDI up to 56 kbit/s;
- Synchronous V.120 up to 56 kbit/s;
- Synchronous BTM up to 64 kbit/s;
- TS61 FAX.

**Table 47: Uplink configuration of Cell\_DCH\_57\_6kCS\_RAB\_SRБ**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB10 (10)	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on PRACH
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH		
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_UL_DTCH1 (7)		
<b>RLC mode</b>	TM		
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH		
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DCH1 (1)		
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPDCH		PRACH
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DPCH1 (20)		tsc_PRACH1 (8)

**Table 48: Downlink configuration of Cell\_DCH\_57\_6kCS\_RAB\_SR**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB10 (10)	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on sCCPCH	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH			
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTCH1 (7)			
<b>RLC mode</b>	TM			
<b>MAC priority</b>	1			
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH			
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DCH1 (6)			
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPCH		Secondary CCPCH	
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (26)		tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)	

### 8.3.6 Configuration of Cell\_RLC\_DCH\_RAB

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clauses 6.11.1, 6.11.2, 6.11.3, and 6.11.4 for the RLC AM and UM tests with 7 and 15 bit length indicators. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1.

The RB Ids used for the DTCH depend on the RLC mode and length indicator size being simulated (reference clause 6.5.2, RLC test method). Table 49 shows the test suite constants used for each RLC mode, and length indicator size.

**Table 49: RB Ids used for DTCH depending on RLC mode and LI size**

<b>RLC mode</b>	<b>LI Size</b>	<b>TSC</b>	<b>RB Id</b>
UM	7	tsc_RB_UM_7_RLC	-10
UM	15	tsc_RB_UM_15_RLC	-11
AM	7	tsc_RB_AM_7_RLC	-12
AM	15	tsc_RB_AM_15_RLC	-13

**Table 50: Uplink configuration of Cell\_RLC\_DCH\_RAB**

<b>RB Identity</b>	See table 49		
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH		
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_UL_DTCH1 (7)	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on PRACH
<b>RLC mode</b>	TM		
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH		
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DCH1 (1)		
<b>PhyCh Type</b>		DPDCH	PRACH
<b>PhyCH identity</b>		tsc_UL_DPCH1 (20)	tsc_PRACH1 (8)

**Table 51: Downlink configuration of Cell\_RLC\_DCH\_RAB**

<b>RB Identity</b>	See table 49		
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH		
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTCH1 (7)	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on sCCPCH
<b>RLC mode</b>	TM		
<b>MAC priority</b>	1		
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH		
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DCH1 (6)		
<b>PhyCh Type</b>		DPCH	Secondary CCPCH
<b>PhyCH identity</b>		tsc_DL_DPCH1 (26)	tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)

### 8.3.7 Configuration of Cell\_FACH\_BMC

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 for downlink and 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1 without RAB/DTCH for uplink. A RB30/CTCH is configured. The configuration is applied to the BMC and CBSMS tests.

The uplink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_BMC is the same as the uplink configuration of Cell\_FACH.

**Table 52: Downlink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_BMC**

RB Identity		tsc_RB0 (0)	tsc_RB1 (1)	tsc_RB2 (2)	tsc_RB3 (3)	tsc_RB4 (4)	tsc_RB_BCH_FACH (-3)	Tsc_RB30 (30)	tsc_RB_PCCH (-2)								
LogCh Type		CCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	BCCH	CTCH	PCCH								
LogCh Identity		tsc_DL_CCCH5 (5)	tsc_DL_CCCH1 (1)	tsc_DL_CCCH2 (2)	tsc_DL_CCCH3 (3)	tsc_DL_CCCH4 (4)	tsc_BCCH6 (6)	Tsc_CTCH (11)	tsc_PCCH1 (1)								
RLC mode	AM	UM	UM	AM	AM	AM	TM	UM	TM								
MAC priority	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1								
TrCH Type	FACH	FACH						PCH									
TrCH identity	tsc_FACH2 (14)	tsc_FACH1 (13)						tsc_PCH1 (12)									
PhyCh Type	Secondary CCPCH																
PhyCH identity	tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)																

### 8.3.8 Configuration of PS Cell\_DCH\_64kPS\_RAB\_SR and Cell\_PDCP\_AM\_RAB

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.1.26. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1. The configuration is applied to those RRC and NAS signalling tests in the DCH state where a PS RAB on DTCH is setup for the interactive or background service class. The configuration is applied to PDCP test cases in acknowledge mode.

**Table 53: Uplink configuration of PS Cell\_DCH\_64kPS\_RAB\_SRБ SRБ and Cell\_PDCP\_AM\_RAB**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB20 (20)	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on PRACH
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH		
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_UL_DTC H1 (7)		
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM		
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH		
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DCH 1 (1)		
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPDCH		
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DPCH1 (20)		tsc_PRACH1 (8)

**Table 54: Downlink configuration of PS Cell\_DCH\_64kPS\_RAB\_SRБ SRБ and Cell\_PDCP\_AM\_RAB**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB20 (20)	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on sCCPCH
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH		
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTC H1 (7)		
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM		
<b>MAC priority</b>	1		
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH		
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DCH 1 (6)		
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPCH		Secondary CCPCH
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (26)		tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)

### 8.3.9 Configuration of Cell\_Two\_DTCH

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clauses 6.10.2.4.1.6 to 6.10.2.4.1.11. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1. The configuration is applied to RB tests.

**Table 55: Uplink configuration of Cell\_Two\_DTCH**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB10 (10)	tsc_RB11 (11)	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on PRACH	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH			
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_UL_DTCH1 (7)	tsc_UL_DTCH2 (8)			
<b>RLC mode</b>	TM	TM			
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH	DCH			
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DCH1 (1)	tsc_UL_DCH2 (2)			
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPCH				
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DPDCH1 (20)		PRACH		
			tsc_PRACH1 (8)		

**Table 56: Downlink configuration of Cell\_Two\_DTCH**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB10 (10)	tsc_RB11 (11)	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on sCCPCH	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH			
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTCH1 (7)	tsc_DL_DTCH2 (8)			
<b>RLC mode</b>	TM	TM			
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1			
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH	DCH			
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DCH1 (6)	tsc_DL_DCH2 (7)			
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPCH		Secondary CCPCH		
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DPDCH1 (26)		tsc_S_CCOPCH1 (5)		

### 8.3.10 Configuration of Cell\_Single\_DTCH (CS)

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clauses 6.10.2.4.1.12 to 6.10.2.4.1.22. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1. The configuration is applied to RB tests.

**Table 57: Uplink configuration of Cell\_Single\_DTCH (CS)**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB10 (10)	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on PRACH	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH			
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_UL_DTCH1 (7)			
<b>RLC mode</b>	TM			
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH			
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DCH1 (1)			
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPDCH	PRACH		
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DPCH1 (20)	tsc_PRACH1 (8)		

**Table 58: Downlink configuration of Cell\_Single\_DTCH (CS)**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB10 (10)	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on sCCPCH
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH		
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTCH1 (7)		
<b>RLC mode</b>	TM		
<b>MAC priority</b>	1		
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH		
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DCH1 (6)		
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPCH		
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (26)	Secondary CCPCH tsc_S_CCOPCH1 (5)	

### 8.3.11 Configuration of PS Cell\_PDCP\_UM\_RAB

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.1.26. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1. The configuration is applied to PDCP test cases in unacknowledge mode.

**Table 59: Uplink configuration of PS Cell\_PDCP\_UM\_RAB**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB21 (21)	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on PRACH	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH			
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_UL_DTCH1 (7)			
<b>RLC mode</b>	UM			
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH			
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DCH1 (1)			
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPDCH	PRACH		
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DPCH1 (20)	tsc_PRACH1 (8)		

**Table 60: Downlink configuration of PS Cell\_PDCP\_UM\_RAB**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB21 (21)	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on sCCPCH	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH			
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTCH1 (7)			
<b>RLC mode</b>	UM			
<b>MAC priority</b>	1			
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH			
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DCH1 (6)	Secondary CCPCH		
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPCH	Secondary CCPCH		
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (26)	tsc_S_CCPC1 (5)		

### 8.3.12 Configuration of PS Cell\_PDCP\_AM\_UM\_RAB

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.1.26. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1. The configuration is applied to PDCP test cases using both the acknowledged and unacknowledged mode.

**Table 61: Uplink configuration of PS Cell\_PDCP\_AM\_UM\_RAB**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB21 (21)	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on PRACH		
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH				
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_UL_DTCH1 (7)	tsc_UL_DTCH2 (8)				
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM	UM				
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH					
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DCH1 (1)					
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPDCH		PRACH			
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DPCH1 (20)		tsc_PRACH1 (8)			

**Table 62: Downlink configuration of PS Cell\_PDCP\_AM\_UM\_RAB**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB21 (21)	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on sCCPCH		
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH				
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTCH1 (7)	tsc_DL_DTCH2 (8)				
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM	UM				
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1				
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH					
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DCH1 (6)					
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPCH					
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (26)		Secondary CCPCH			
			tsc_S_CCOPCH1 (5)			

### 8.3.13 Configuration of Cell\_2SCCPCH\_BMC

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 for downlink and 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1 without RAB/DTCH for uplink. RB30/CTCH and RB31/CTCH as well as two PCCH are configured. The configuration is applied to the BMC and CBSMS tests.

**Table 63: Uplink configuration of Cell\_2SCCPCH\_BMC**

RB Identity	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB0 (0)	tsc_RB1 (1)	tsc_RB2 (2)	Tsc_RB3 (3)	tsc_RB4 (4)
LogCh Type	DTCH	CCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH
LogCh Identity	Tsc_UL_DTCH1 (7)	tsc_UL_CCCH5 (5)	tsc_UL_DCCH1 (1)	tsc_UL_DCCH2 (2)	tsc_UL_DCCH3 (3)	tsc_UL_DCCH4 (4)
RLC mode	AM	TM	UM	AM	AM	AM
TrCH Type	RACH					
TrCH identity	tsc_RACH1 (15)					
PhyCh Type	PRACH					
PhyCH identity	tsc_PRACH1 (8)					

**Table 64: Downlink configuration of Cell\_2SCCPCH\_BMC: second S-CCPCH**

<b>RB Identity</b>	Tsc_RB31 (31)	tsc_RB_2ndPCCH (-4)
<b>LogCh Type</b>	CTCH	PCCH
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	Tsc_CTCH2 (12)	tsc_PCCH2 (2)
<b>RLC mode</b>	UM	TM
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1
<b>TrCH Type</b>	FACH	PCH
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_FACH1 (13)	tsc_PCH2 (30)
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	Secondary CCPCH	
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_S_CCPCCH2 (10)	

**Table 65: Downlink configuration of Cell\_2SCCPCH\_BMC: first S-CCPCCH**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB00 (0)	tsc_RB11 (1)	tsc_RB22 (2)	tsc_RB33 (3)	tsc_RB44 (4)	tsc_RB_BCCH_FACH (-3)	Tsc_RB30 (30)	tsc_RB_PCCH (-2)								
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	CCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	BCCH	CTCH	PCCH								
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTCH1 (6)	tsc_DL_CCCH5 (5)	tsc_DL_DCCH1 (1)	tsc_DL_DCCH2 (2)	tsc_DL_DCCH3 (3)	tsc_DL_DCCH4 (4)	tsc_BCCH6 (6)	Tsc_CTCH1 (11)	tsc_PCCH1 (1)								
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM	UM	UM	AM	AM	AM	TM	UM	TM								
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	1								
<b>TrCH Type</b>	FACH	FACH						PCH									
<b>TrCH identity</b>	Tsc_FA CH2 (14)	tsc_FACH1 (13)						tsc_PCH1 (12)									
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	Secondary CCPCH																
<b>PhyCh identity</b>	tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)																

### 8.3.14 Configuration of Cell\_Four\_DTCH\_CS\_PS, Cell\_Four\_DTCH\_PS\_CS

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clauses 6.10.2.4.1.40. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1. The configuration is applied to RB tests.

**Table 66: Uplink configuration of Cell\_Four\_DTCH\_CS\_PS**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB10 (10)	tsc_RB11 (11)	tsc_RB12 (12)	tsc_RB20 (20)	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on PRACH	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH	DTCH	DTCH			
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_UL_DTC H1 (7)	tsc_UL_DTC H2 (8)	tsc_UL_DTC H3 (9)	tsc_UL_DTC H4 (10)			
<b>RLC mode</b>	TM	TM	TM	AM			
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1	1	1			
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH	DCH	DCH	DCH			
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DCH 1 (1)	tsc_UL_DCH 2 (2)	tsc_UL_DCH 3 (3)	tsc_UL_DCH 4 (4)			
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPDCH						
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DPCH1 (20)					tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)	

**Table 67: Downlink configuration of Cell\_Four\_DTCH\_CS\_PS, Cell\_Four\_DTCH\_PS\_CS**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB10 (10)	tsc_RB11 (11)	tsc_RB12 (12)	tsc_RB20 (20)	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAlone SRB on sCCPCH	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH	DTCH	DTCH			
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTC H1 (7)	tsc_DL_DTC H2 (8)	tsc_DL_DTC H3 (9)	tsc_DL_DTC H4 (10)			
<b>RLC mode</b>	TM	TM	TM	AM			
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1	1	1			
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH	DCH	DCH	DCH			
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DCH 1 (6)	tsc_DL_DCH 2 (7)	Tsc_DL_DCH 3 (8)	tsc_DL_DCH 4 (9)			
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPCH					Secondary CCPCH	
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (20)					tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)	

### 8.3.15 Configuration of Cell\_Two\_DTCH\_CS\_PS, Cell\_Two\_DTCH\_PS\_CS

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clauses 6.10.2.4.1.51 and 6.10.2.4.1.53. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1. The configuration is applied to RB tests.

**Table 68:Uplink configuration of Cell\_Two\_DTCH\_CS\_PS, Cell\_Two\_DTCH\_PS\_CS**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB10 (10)	tsc_RB20 (20)	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandaloneS RB on PRACH	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH			
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_UL_DTCH1 (7)	tsc_UL_DTCH2 (8)			
<b>RLC mode</b>	TM	AM			
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH	DCH			
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DCH1 (1)	tsc_UL_DCH2 (2)			
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPDCH				
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DPCH1 (20)		PRACH		

**Table 69: Downlink configuration of Cell\_Two\_DTCH\_CS\_PS**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB10 (10)	tsc_RB20 (20)	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandaloneS RB on sCCPCH	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH			
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTCH1 (7)	tsc_DL_DTCH2 (8)			
<b>RLC mode</b>	TM	AM			
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1			
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH	DCH			
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DCH1 (6)	tsc_DL_DCH2 (7)			
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPCH		Secondary CCPCH		
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (20)		tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)		

### 8.3.16 Configuration of Cell\_Four\_DTCH\_CS

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clauses 6.10.2.4.1.49. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1. The configuration is applied to RB tests.

**Table 70: Uplink configuration of Cell\_Four\_DTCH\_CS**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB10 (10)	tsc_RB11 (11)	tsc_RB12 (12)	tsc_RB13 (13)	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneS RB on DPCH	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAlone SRB on PRACH	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH	DTCH	DTCH			
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_UL_DTC H1 (1)	tsc_UL_DTC H2 (2)	tsc_UL_DTC H3 (3)	tsc_UL_DTC H4 (4)			
<b>RLC mode</b>	TM	TM	TM	TM			
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1	1	1			
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH	DCH	DCH	DCH			
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DCH 1 (6)	tsc_UL_DCH 2 (7)	tsc_UL_DCH 3 (8)	tsc_UL_DCH 4 (9)			
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPDCH					Secondary CCPCH	
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DPCH1 (20)					tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)	

**Table 71: Downlink configuration of Cell\_Four\_DTCH\_CS**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB10 (10)	tsc_RB11 (11)	tsc_RB12 (12)	tsc_RB13 (13)	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneS RB on DPCH	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAlone SRB on sCCPCH	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH	DTCH	DTCH			
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTC H1 (7)	tsc_DL_DTC H2 (8)	tsc_DL_DTC H3 (9)	tsc_DL_DTC H4 (10)			
<b>RLC mode</b>	TM	TM	TM	TM			
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1	1	1			
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH	DCH	DCH	DCH			
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DCH 1 (6)	tsc_DL_DCH 2 (7)	tsc_DL_DCH 3 (8)	tsc_DL_DCH 4 (9)			
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPCH					Secondary CCPCH	
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (20)					tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)	

### 8.3.17 Configuration of Cell\_DCH\_MAC\_SRБ

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.1. 3. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1; except that RB3 is mapped on TM mode.

The configuration is applied to the MAC tests.

**Table 72: Uplink configuration of Cell\_DCH\_MAC\_SRБ**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB1 (1)	tsc_RB2 (2)	tsc_RB_DCC _DCH_MAC (-15)	tsc_RB4 (4)	tsc_RB0 (0)	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	CCCH	
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_UL_DCCH1 (1)	tsc_UL_DCCH2 (2)	tsc_UL_DCCH3 (3)	tsc_UL_DCCH4 (4)	tsc_UL_CCCH5 (5)	
<b>RLC mode</b>	UM	AM	TM	AM	TM	AM
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH				RACH	
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DCH5 (5)				tsc_RACH1 (15)	
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPDCH				PRACH	
<b>PhyCh identity</b>	tsc_UL_DPCH1 (20)				tsc_PRACH1 (8)	

**Table 73: Downlink configuration of Cell\_DCH\_MAC\_SRБ**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB1 (1)	tsc_RB2 (2)	tsc_RB_DCC _DCH_MAC (-15)	tsc_RB4 (4)	tsc_RB0 (0)	tsc_RB_PCCH (-2)	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	CCCH	PCCH	
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DCCH1 (1)	tsc_DL_DCCH2 (2)	tsc_DL_DCCH3 (3)	tsc_DL_DCCH4 (4)	tsc_DL_CCCH5 (5)	tsc_PCCH1 (1)	
<b>RLC mode</b>	UM	AM	TM	AM	UM	TM	AM
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	2	3	4	1	1	1
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH				FACH	PCH	FACH
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DCH5 (10)				tsc_FACH1 (13)	tsc_PCH1 (12)	tsc_FACH2 (14)
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPDCH				Secondary CCPCH		
<b>PhyCh identity</b>	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (26)				tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)		

### 8.3.18 Configuration of Cell\_FACH\_MAC\_SRБ

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 for downlink and 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1 for uplink; except that RB3 is mapped on TM mode.

The configuration is applied to the MAC tests.

**Table 74: Uplink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_MAC\_SRБ**

RB Identity	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB0 (0)	tsc_RB1 (1)	tsc_RB2 (2)	tsc_RB_DCCH_FACH_M AC (-14)	tsc_RB4 (4)
LogCh Type	DTCH	CCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH
LogCh Identity	Tsc_UL_DTCH 1 (7)	tsc_UL_CCCH 5 (5)	tsc_UL_DCCH 1 (1)	tsc_UL_DCCH 2 (2)	tsc_UL_DCCH3 (3)	tsc_UL_DCCH 4 (4)
RLC mode	AM	TM	UM	AM	TM	AM
TrCH Type	RACH					
TrCH identity	tsc_RACH1 (15)					
PhyCh Type	PRACH					
PhyCH identity	tsc_PRACH1 (8)					

**Table 75: Downlink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_MAC\_SR0**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB0 (0)	tsc_RB1 (1)	tsc_RB2 (2)	tsc_RB_DC CH_FACH_ MAC (-14)	tsc_RB4 (4)	tsc_RB_BC CH_FACH (-3)	tsc_RB_PC CH (-2)						
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	CCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	BCCH	PCCH						
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DT CH1 (6)	tsc_DL_CC CH5 (5)	tsc_DL_DC CH1 (1)	tsc_DL_DC CH2 (2)	tsc_DL_DC CH3 (3)	tsc_DL_DC CH4 (4)	tsc_BCCH6 (6)	tsc_PCCH1 (1)						
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM	UM	UM	AM	TM	AM	TM	TM						
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	1						
<b>TrCH Type</b>	FACH	FACH						PCH						
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_FACH2 (14)	tsc_FACH1 (13)						tsc_PCH1 (12)						
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	Secondary CCPCH													
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)													

### 8.3.19 Configuration of Cell\_FACH\_MAC\_SR0

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 for downlink and 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1 for uplink; except that the downlink SRB0 is mapped on TM mode.

The configuration is applied to the MAC tests.

The uplink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_MAC\_SR0 is the same as the uplink configuration of Cell\_FACH.

**Table 76: Downlink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_MAC\_SRBO**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB_CC CH_FACH_ MAC (-18)	tsc_RB1 (1)	tsc_RB2 (2)	tsc_RB3 (3)	tsc_RB4 (4)	tsc_RB_BC CH_FACH (-3)	tsc_RB_PC CH (-2)						
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	CCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	BCCH	PCCH						
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DT CH1 (6)	tsc_DL_CC CH5 (5)	tsc_DL_DC CH1 (1)	tsc_DL_DC CH2 (2)	tsc_DL_DC CH3 (3)	tsc_DL_DC CH4 (4)	tsc_BCCH6 (6)	tsc_PCCH1 (1)						
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM	TM	UM	AM	AM	AM	TM	TM						
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	1						
<b>TrCH Type</b>	FACH	FACH						PCH						
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_FACH2 (14)	tsc_FACH1 (13)						tsc_PCH1 (12)						
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	Secondary CCPCH													
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)													

### 8.3.20 Configuration of Cell\_FACH\_2\_SCCPCH\_StandalonePCH

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 for downlink and 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.] except the mapping of PCH, clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1 for uplink.

The configuration is applied to the RAB tests.

The uplink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_2\_SCCPCH\_StandalonePCH is the same as the uplink configuration of Cell\_FACH.

**Table 77: Downlink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_2\_SCCPCH\_StandalonePCH**

RB Identity	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB0 (0)	tsc_RB1 (1)	tsc_RB2 (2)	tsc_RB3 (3)	tsc_RB4 (4)	tsc_RB_BC CH_FACH (-3)	tsc_RB_PC CH2 (-4)					
LogCh Type	DTCH	CCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	BCCH	PCCCH					
LogCh Identity	tsc_DL_DT CH1 (6)	tsc_DL_CC CH5 (5)	tsc_DL_DC CH1 (1)	tsc_DL_DC CH2 (2)	tsc_DL_DC CH3 (3)	tsc_DL_DC CH4 (4)	tsc_BCCH6 (6)	tsc_PCCH1 (1)					
RLC mode	AM	UM	UM	AM	AM	AM	TM	TM					
MAC priority	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	1					
TrCH Type	FACH	FACH					PCH						
TrCH identity	tsc_FACH2 (14)	tsc_FACH1 (13)					tsc_PCH1 (12)						
PhyCh Type	Secondary CCPCH						Secondary CCPCH						
PhyCH identity	tsc_S_CCPCH2 (10)						tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)						

### 8.3.21 Configuration of PS Cell\_DCH\_2AM\_PS

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clauses 6.10.2.4.1.26 and 6.10.2.4.1.57. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 with 2 AM RAB and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1. The configuration is applied to MAC and RAB test cases.

**Table 78: Uplink configuration of Cell\_DCH\_2AM\_PS**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB22 (22)	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on PRACH		
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH				
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_UL_DTCH 1 (7)	tsc_UL_DTCH 2 (8)				
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM	AM				
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH					
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DCH1 (1)					
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPDCH					
<b>PhyCh identity</b>	tsc_UL_DPCH1 (20)					

**Table 79: Downlink configuration of Cell\_DCH\_2AM\_PS**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB22 (22)	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on sCCPCH		
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH				
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTCH 1 (7)	tsc_DL_DTCH 2 (8)				
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM	AM				
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1				
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH					
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DCH1 (6)					
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPCH					
<b>PhyCh identity</b>	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (26)					

### 8.3.22 Configuration of PS Cell\_DCH\_2\_PS\_Call

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clauses 6.10.2.4.1.56 and 6.10.2.4.1.58. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1. The configuration is applied to RB tests.

**Table 80: Uplink configuration of Cell\_DCH\_2\_PS\_Call**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB22 (22)	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on PRACH	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH			
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_UL_DTCH1 (7)	tsc_UL_DTCH2 (8)			
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM	AM			
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH	DCH			
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_UL_DCH1 (1)	tsc_UL_DCH2 (2)			
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPDCH			PRACH	
<b>PhyCh identity</b>	tsc_UL_DPCH1 (20)			tsc_PRACH1 (8)	

**Table 81: Downlink configuration of Cell\_DCH\_2\_PS\_Call**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB22 (22)	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on sCCPCH	
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH			
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTCH1 (7)	tsc_DL_DTCH2 (8)			
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM	AM			
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1			
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH	DCH			
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DCH1 (6)	tsc_DL_DCH2 (7)			
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPCH			Secondary CCPCH	
<b>PhyCh identity</b>	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (26)			tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)	

### 8.3.23 Configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_4\_FACH\_Cnfg1

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2 for downlink and 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1 for uplink. The configuration is applied to the RAB tests.

The uplink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_4\_FACH\_Cnfg1 is the same as the uplink configuration of Cell\_FACH.

**Table 82: Downlink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_4\_FACH\_Cnfg1: 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> S-CCPCH**

RB Identity		tsc_RB0 (0)	tsc_RB_BCCH_ FACH (-3)	tsc_RB_PCCH (-2)		
<b>LogCh Type</b>		CCCH	BCCH	PCCH		
<b>LogCh Identity</b>		tsc_DL_CCCH 5 (5)	tsc_BCCH6 (6)	tsc_PCCH1 (1)		
<b>RLC mode</b>		UM	TM	TM		
<b>MAC priority</b>		1	6	1		
<b>TrCH Type</b>	FACH	FACH		PCH		
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_FACH2 (14)	tsc_FACH1 (13)		tsc_PCH1 (12)		
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	Secondary CCPCH			Secondary CCPCH		
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_S_CCPCHE2 (10)			tsc_S_CCPCHE1 (5)		

**Table 83: Downlink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_4\_FACH\_Cnfg1: 3<sup>rd</sup> S-CCPCH**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB29 (29)	tsc_RB1 (1)	tsc_RB2 (2)	tsc_RB3 (3)	tsc_RB4 (4)	tsc_RB_BC CH_FACH_ RAB (-19)						
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	CCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	BCCH						
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTC H1 (7)	tsc_DL_C CCH6 (6)	tsc_DL_DC CH1 (1)	tsc_DL_DC CH2 (2)	tsc_DL_DC CH3 (3)	tsc_DL_DC CH4 (4)	tsc_BCCH7 (7)						
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM	UM	UM	AM	AM	AM	TM						
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1	2	3	4	5	6						
<b>TrCH Type</b>	FACH	FACH											
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_FACH4 (17)	tsc_FACH3 (16)											
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	Secondary CCPCH												
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_S_CCPCCH3 (13)												

### 8.3.24 Configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_4\_FACH\_Cnfg2

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2 for downlink and 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1 for uplink. The configuration is applied to the RAB tests.

The uplink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_4\_FACH\_Cnfg2 is the same as the uplink configuration of Cell\_FACH.

**Table 84: Downlink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_4\_FACH\_Cnfg2: 2<sup>nd</sup> S-CCPCH**

RB Identity	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB29 (29)	tsc_RB1 (1)	tsc_RB2 (2)	tsc_RB3 (3)	tsc_RB4 (4)	tsc_RB_BC CH_FACH_ RAB (-19)						
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	CCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	BCCH						
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTC H1 (7)	tsc_DL_C CCH6 (6)	tsc_DL_DC CH1 (1)	tsc_DL_DC CH2 (2)	tsc_DL_DC CH3 (3)	tsc_DL_DC CH4 (4)	tsc_BCCH7 (7)						
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM	UM	UM	AM	AM	AM	TM						
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1	2	3	4	5	6						
<b>TrCH Type</b>	FACH	FACH											
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_FACH2 (14)	tsc_FACH1 (13)											
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	Secondary CCPCH												
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_S_CCPC2 (10)												

**Table 85: Downlink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_4\_FACH\_Cnfg2: 1<sup>st</sup> & 3<sup>rd</sup> S-CCPCH**

<b>RB Identity</b>		tsc_RB0 (0)	tsc_RB_BCCH_ FACH (-3)	tsc_RB_PCCH (-2)
<b>LogCh Type</b>		CCCH	BCCH	PCCH
<b>LogCh Identity</b>		tsc_DL_CCCH 5 (5)	tsc_BCCH6 (6)	tsc_PCCH1 (1)
<b>RLC mode</b>		UM	TM	TM
<b>MAC priority</b>		1	6	1
<b>TrCH Type</b>	FACH	FACH	PCH	
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_FACH4 (17)	tsc_FACH3 (16)	tsc_PCH1 (12)	
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	Secondary CCPCH			Secondary CCPCH
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_S_CCPCCH3 (13)			tsc_S_CCPCCH1 (5)

### 8.3.25 Configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_3\_FACH\_CTCH

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2 for downlink and 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1 for uplink. The configuration is applied to the RAB tests.

The uplink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_3\_FACH\_CTCH is the same as the uplink configuration of Cell\_FACH.

**Table 86: Downlink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_3\_FACH\_CTCH : 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> S-CCPCH**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB30 (30)	tsc_RB0 (0)	tsc_RB_BCCH_FACH (-3)	tsc_RB_PCCH (-2)		
<b>LogCh Type</b>	CTCH	CCCH	BCCH	PCCH		
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_CTCPH1 (11)	tsc_DL_CCCH5 (5)	tsc_BCCH6 (6)	tsc_PCPH1 (1)		
<b>RLC mode</b>	UM	UM	TM	TM		
<b>MAC priority</b>	7	1	6	1		
<b>TrCH Type</b>	FACH	FACH		PCH		
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_FACH2 (14)	tsc_FACH1 (13)		tsc_PCH1 (12)		
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	Secondary CCPCH			Secondary CCPCH		
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_S_CCPCH2 (10)			tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)		

**Table 87: Downlink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_3\_FACH\_CTCH: 3<sup>rd</sup> S-CCPCH**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB29 (29)	tsc_RB1 (1)	tsc_RB2 (2)	tsc_RB3 (3)	tsc_RB4 (4)	tsc_RB_BC CH_FACH_ RAB (-19)						
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	CCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	BCCH						
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTC H1 (7)	tsc_DL_CC CH6 (6)	tsc_DL_DC CH1 (1)	tsc_DL_DC CH2 (2)	tsc_DL_DC CH3 (3)	tsc_DL_DC CH4 (5)	tsc_BCCH7 (7)						
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM	UM	UM	AM	AM	AM	TM						
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1	2	3	4	5	6						
<b>TrCH Type</b>	FACH	FACH											
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_FACH4 (17)	tsc_FACH3 (16)											
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	Secondary CCPCH												
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_S_CCPCH3 (13)												

### 8.3.26 Configuration of PS Cell\_DCH\_DSCH\_PS\_RAB

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.2.1. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1. The configuration is applied to those RAB signaling tests where a PS RAB on DTCH is setup for the interactive or background service class is mapped on to DSCH.

The uplink configuration is same in clause 8.3.8.

**Table 88a: Downlink configuration of PS Cell\_DCH\_DSCH\_PS\_RAB**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB20 (20)	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on sCCPCH
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH		
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTCH1 (7)		
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM		
<b>MAC priority</b>	1		
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DSCH		
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_DSCH1 (19)		
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	PDSCH	DPCH	Secondary CCPCH
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_PDSCH1 (16)	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (26)	tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)

### 8.3.27 Configuration of Cell\_DCH\_DSCH\_CS\_PS

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clauses 6.10.2.4.2.4. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1. The configuration is applied to RB tests.

The Uplink configuration is similar to clause 8.3.14.

**Table 97b: Downlink configuration of Cell\_DCH\_DSCH\_CS\_PS**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB10 (10)	tsc_RB11 (11)	tsc_RB12 (12)	tsc_RB20 (20)	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneS RB on sCCPCH
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH	DTCH	DTCH		
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTCH1 (7)	tsc_DL_DTCH2 (8)	tsc_DL_DTCH3 (9)	tsc_DL_DTCH4 (10)		
<b>RLC mode</b>	TM	TM	TM	AM		
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1	1	1		
<b>TrCH Type</b>	DCH	DCH	DCH	DSCH		
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DCH1 (6)	tsc_DL_DCH2 (7)	Tsc_DL_DCH3 (8)	tsc_DL_DSCH 1 (19)		
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	DPCH			PDSCH	DPCH	Secondary CCPCH
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (20)			tsc_DL_PDSC H1 (16)	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (20)	tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)

### 8.3.28 Configuration of Cell\_FACH\_2\_SCCPCH\_StandalonePCH\_2a

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2a for downlink and 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.] except the mapping of PCH, clause 6.10.2.4.4.2 for uplink. The configuration is applied to the RAB tests.

**Table 89: Uplink configuration of Configuration of Configuration of Cell\_FACH\_2\_SCCPCH\_StandalonePCH\_2a**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB24 (24)	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB0 (0)	tsc_RB1 (1)	tsc_RB2 (2)	tsc_RB3 (3)	tsc_RB4 (4)
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH	CCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	Tsc_UL_DTCH4 (10)	Tsc_UL_DTCH1 (7)	tsc_UL_CCCH5 (5)	tsc_UL_DCCH1 (1)	tsc_UL_DCCH2 (2)	tsc_UL_DCCH3 (3)	tsc_UL_DCCH4 (4)
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM	AM	TM	UM	AM	AM	AM
<b>TrCH Type</b>	RACH						
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_RACH1 (15)						
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	PRACH						
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_PRACH1 (8)						

**Table 90: Downlink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_2\_SCCPCH\_StandalonePCH\_2a**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB24 (24)	tsc_RB0 (0)	tsc_RB1 (1)	tsc_RB2 (2)	tsc_RB3 (3)	tsc_RB4 (4)	tsc_RB_BCCH_FACH (-3)	tsc_RB_PCCH2 (-4)
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH	CCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	BCCH	PCCH
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DT CH1 (7)	tsc_DL_DTC H4 (10)	tsc_DL_CC CH5 (5)	tsc_DL_DC CH1 (1)	tsc_DL_DC CH2 (2)	tsc_DL_DC CH3 (3)	tsc_DL_DC CH4 (4)	tsc_BCCH6 (6)	tsc_PCCH1 (1)
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM	AM	UM	UM	AM	AM	AM	TM	TM
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	1
<b>TrCH Type</b>	FACH	FACH				FACH			PCH
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_FACH2 (14)					tsc_FACH1(13)			tsc_PCH1 (12)
<b>PhyCh Type</b>						Secondary CCPCH			Secondary CCPCH
<b>PhyCH identity</b>						tsc_S_CCPCH2 (10)			tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)

### 8.3.29 Configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_4\_FACH\_2a\_Cnfg1

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2a for downlink and 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.2 for uplink. The configuration is applied to the RAB tests.

The uplink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_4\_FACH Cnfg1 is the same as the uplink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_2\_SCCPCH\_StandAlonePCH\_2a.

**Table 91: Downlink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_4\_FACH\_2a\_Cnfg1: 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> S-CCPCH**

<b>RB Identity</b>			tsc_RB0 (0)	tsc_RB_BCCH_FACH (-3)	tsc_RB_PCCH (-2)		
<b>LogCh Type</b>			CCCH	BCCH	PCCH		
<b>LogCh Identity</b>			tsc_DL_CCCH5 (5)	tsc_BCCH6 (6)	tsc_PCCH1 (1)		
<b>RLC mode</b>			UM	TM	TM		
<b>MAC priority</b>			1	6	1		
<b>TrCH Type</b>	FACH	FACH	FACH		PCH		
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_FACH2 (14)		tsc_FACH1 (13)		tsc_PCH1 (12)		
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	Secondary CCPCH				Secondary CCPCH		
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_S_CCPCCH2 (10)				tsc_S_CCPCCH1 (5)		

**Table 92: Downlink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_4\_FACH\_2a\_Cnfg1: 3<sup>rd</sup> S-CCPCH**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB24 (24)	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB29 (29)	tsc_RB1 (1)	tsc_RB2 (2)	tsc_RB3 (3)	tsc_RB4 (4)	tsc_RB_BCCH_FACH_RAB (-19)						
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH	CCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	BCCH						
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTC_H4 (10)	tsc_DL_DTCH1 (7)	tsc_DL_CCCH6 (6)	tsc_DL_DCCH1 (1)	tsc_DL_DCCH2 (2)	tsc_DL_DCCH3 (3)	tsc_DL_DCCH4 (4)	tsc_BCCH7 (7)						
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM	AM	UM	UM	AM	AM	AM	TM						
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1	1	2	3	4	5	6						
<b>TrCH Type</b>	FACH		FACH											
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_FACH4 (17)		tsc_FACH3 (16)											
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	Secondary CCPCH													
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_S_CCPCCH3 (13)													

### 8.3.30 Configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_4\_FACH\_2a\_Cnfg2

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2a for downlink and 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.2 for uplink. The configuration is applied to the RAB tests.

The uplink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_4\_FACH Cnfg2 is the same as the uplink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_2\_SCCPCH\_StandAlonePCH\_2a.

**Table 93: Downlink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_4\_FACH\_2a\_Cnfg2: 2<sup>nd</sup> S-CCPCH**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB21 (24)	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB29 (29)	tsc_RB1 (1)	tsc_RB2 (2)	tsc_RB3 (3)	tsc_RB4 (4)	tsc_RB_BCCH_FACH_RA_B (-19)
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH	CCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	BCCH
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTCH2 (10)	tsc_DL_DTCH1 (7)	tsc_DL_CCCH6 (6)	tsc_DL_DCCH1 (1)	tsc_DL_DCCH2 (2)	tsc_DL_DCCH3 (3)	tsc_DL_DCCH4 (4)	tsc_BCH7 (7)
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM	AM	UM	UM	AM	AM	AM	TM
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1	1	2	3	4	5	6
<b>TrCH Type</b>	FACH	FACH			FACH			
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_FACH2 (14)				tsc_FACH1 (13)			
<b>PhyCh Type</b>					Secondary CCPCH			
<b>PhyCH identity</b>					tsc_S_CCPCH2 (10)			

**Table 94: Downlink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_4\_FACH\_2a\_Cnfg2: 1<sup>st</sup> & 3<sup>rd</sup> S-CCPCH**

<b>RB Identity</b>			tsc_RB0 (0)	tsc_RB_BCCH_FACH (-3)	tsc_RB_PCCH (-2)
<b>LogCh Type</b>			CCCH	BCCH	PCCH
<b>LogCh Identity</b>			tsc_DL_CCCH5 (5)	tsc_BCCH6 (6)	tsc_PCCH1 (1)
<b>RLC mode</b>			UM	TM	TM
<b>MAC priority</b>			1	6	1
<b>TrCH Type</b>	FACH	FACH		FACH	PCH
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_FACH4 (17)			tsc_FACH3 (16)	tsc_PCH1 (12)
<b>PhyCh Type</b>				Secondary CCPCH	Secondary CCPCH
<b>PhyCH identity</b>				tsc_S_CCPCH3 (13)	tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)

### 8.3.31 Configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_3\_FACH\_CTCH\_2a

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2 for downlink and 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.2 for uplink. The configuration is applied to the RAB tests.

The uplink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_3\_FACH\_CTCH\_2a is the same as the uplink configuration of Cell\_FACH Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_4\_FACH Cnfg1.

**Table 95: Downlink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_3\_FACH\_CTCH\_2a : 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> S-CCPCH**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB30 (30)	tsc_RB0 (0)		tsc_RB_BCCH_FACH (-3)	tsc_RB_PCCH (-2)			
<b>LogCh Type</b>	CTCH	CCCH		BCCH	PCCH			
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_CTCH1 (11)	tsc_DL_CCCH5 (5)		tsc_BCCH6 (6)	tsc_PCCH1 (1)			
<b>RLC mode</b>	UM	UM		TM	TM			
<b>MAC priority</b>	7	1		6	1			
<b>TrCH Type</b>	FACH	FACH			PCH			
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_FACH2 (14)	tsc_FACH1 (13)			tsc_PCH1 (12)			
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	Secondary CCPCH				Secondary CCPCH			
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_S_CCPCH2 (10)				tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)			

**Table 96: Downlink configuration of Cell\_FACH\_3\_SCCPCH\_3\_FACH\_CTCH\_2a: 3<sup>rd</sup> S-CCPCH**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB24 (24)	tsc_RB20 (20)	tsc_RB29 (29)	tsc_RB1 (1)	tsc_RB2 (2)	tsc_RB3 (3)	tsc_RB4 (4)	tsc_RB_BCCH_FACH_RA_B (-19)						
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH	DTCH	CCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	DCCH	BCCH						
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTCH4 (10)	tsc_DL_DTCH1 (7)	tsc_DL_CCCH6 (6)	tsc_DL_DCCH1 (1)	tsc_DL_DCCH2 (2)	tsc_DL_DCCH3 (3)	tsc_DL_DCCH4 (5)	tsc_BCC_H7 (7)						
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM	AM	UM	UM	AM	AM	AM	TM						
<b>MAC priority</b>	1	1	1	2	3	4	5	6						
<b>TrCH Type</b>	FACH	FACH	FACH											
<b>TrCH identity</b>	tsc_FACH4 (17)		tsc_FACH3 (16)											
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	Secondary CCPCH													
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_S_CCPCH3 (13)													

### 8.3.32 Configuration of PS Cell\_DCH\_HS-DSCH\_64kPS\_RAB (~~later than r4Rel-5 or later~~)

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [3], clause 6.10.2.4.5.1. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [3], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [3], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1. The configuration is applied to those RAB signaling tests where a PS RAB on DTCH is setup for the interactive or background service class is mapped on to HS-DSCH.

The uplink configuration is same in clause 8.3.8 except a HS-DPCCH shall be included in the UL\_DPCH.

**Table 97: Downlink configuration of PS Cell\_DCH\_HS-DSCH\_PS\_RAB**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB25 (25)	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on sCCPCH
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH		
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTCH1 (7)		
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM		
<b>MAC priority</b>	1		
<b>TrCH Type</b>	HS_DSCH		
<b>TrCH identity</b>	N/A		
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	HS-PDSCH		Secondary CCPCH
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_HSPDSCH (18)	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (26)	tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)

### 8.3.33 Configuration of PS Cell\_DCH\_HS-DSCH\_384kPS\_RAB (~~later than r4Rel-5 or later~~)

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [3], clause 6.10.2.4.5.2. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [3], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [3], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1. The configuration is applied to those RAB signaling tests where a PS RAB on DTCH is setup for the interactive or background service class is mapped on to HS-DSCH.

The uplink configuration is same in clause 8.3.8 except a HS-DPCCH shall be included in the UL\_DPCH..

**Table 98: Downlink configuration of PS Cell\_DCH\_HS-DSCH\_PS\_RAB**

<b>RB Identity</b>	tsc_RB25 (25)	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on sCCPCH
<b>LogCh Type</b>	DTCH		
<b>LogCh Identity</b>	tsc_DL_DTCH1 (7)		
<b>RLC mode</b>	AM		
<b>MAC priority</b>	1		
<b>TrCH Type</b>	HS_DSCH		
<b>TrCH identity</b>	N/A		
<b>PhyCh Type</b>	HS-PDSCH		Secondary CCPCH
<b>PhyCH identity</b>	tsc_HSPDSCH (18)	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (26)	tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)

## 8.4 System information blocks scheduling

All SIBs specified in 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.] are broadcast for all test cases in the present document. The repeat period of broadcasting of a complete SIB configuration is 64 frames (0,64 s) as the default configuration.

Except MIB and SB1, they have the highest scheduling rates, SIB 7 has also a higher scheduling rate.

According to the default SIB contents in 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], SIB 11 and SIB12 have 3 segments. SIB 5 has 4 segments for FDD and 5 segments for 1.28 Mcps TDD. SIB 6 has 4 segments. MIB, SB1, SIB1, SIB 2, SIB 3, SIB 4, SIB 7 and SIB18 are not segmented, i.e. one segment for each. For the PDCP tests, SIB16 has 7 segments.

Use CMAC\_SYSINFO\_CONFIG\_REQ, CMAC\_SYSINFO\_CONFIG\_CNF and RLC\_TR\_DATA\_REQ as interface to SS for broadcasting.

Two TSOs are defined, one for PER encoding function, the other for segmentation function. The TSOs shall be implemented in the tester.

### 8.4.1 Grouping SIBs for testing

**Table 99**

<b>Mandatory in 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.]</b>	<b>Used in Idle Mode</b>	MIB, SB1, (SB2), SIB1, SIB2, SIB3, SIB5, SIB7, SIB11
	<b>Used in Connected Mode</b>	SIB4, SIB6, SIB12
<b>Mandatory for FDD CPCH</b>		SIB8, SIB9
<b>Mandatory for FDD DRAC</b>		SIB10
<b>Mandatory for TDD</b>		SIB14 (for 3.84 Mcps TDD), SIB17
<b>Mandatory for LCS</b>		SIB15, SIB15.1, SIB15.2, SIB15.3
<b>Mandatory for ANSI-41 system</b>		SIB13, SIB13.1, SIB13.2, SIB13.3, SIB13.4
<b>Mandatory for InterSys HO</b>		SIB16
<b>Mandatory for Cell reselection</b>		SIB18

### 8.4.2 SIB configurations

Currently the ATS contains three SIB configurations, Configuration 1 is default. Configuration 2 is for test cases which need two S\_CCPCCH or two PRACH. Configuration 3 is for inter-RAT handover test cases.

**Table 100**

<b>Configuration 1</b>	MIB, SB1, SIB1, SIB2, SIB3, SIB4, SIB5, SIB6, SIB7, SIB11, SIB12, SIB18
<b>Configuration 2</b>	MIB, SB1, SIB1, SIB2, SIB3, SIB4, SIB5, SIB7, SIB11, SIB12, SIB18
<b>Configuration 3</b>	MIB, SB1, SIB1, SIB2, SIB3, SIB4, SIB5, SIB7, SIB11, SIB16, SIB18

### 8.4.3 Test SIB default schedule

**Table 101**

<b>Frame No.</b>	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14
<b>REP-POS</b>	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB7	SIB6	MIB	SIB6	SIB6	SIB6
<b>Frame No.</b>	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
<b>REP-POS</b>	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB7/SIB3	SIB1/SIB2	MIB	SIB12	SIB12	SIB12
<b>Frame No.</b>	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46
<b>REP-POS</b>	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB7/SIB18	SIB5	MIB	SIB5	SIB5	SIB5
<b>Frame No.</b>	48	50	52	54	56	58	60	62
<b>REP-POS</b>	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB7/SIB4	- (FDD) SIB5(LCR TDD)	MIB	SIB11	SIB11	SIB11

SIB-repeat period (in frame)

**Table 102**

<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB1	SIB2	SIB3	SIB4	SIB5	SIB6	SIB7	SIB11	SIB12	SIB18
<b>SIB Rep</b>	8	16	64	64	64	64	64	64	16	64	64	64
<b>Max. No of seg.</b>	1	1	1	1	1	1	4(FDD) 5(LCR TDD)	4	1	3	3	1

### 8.4.3.1 Test SIB schedule for idle mode and measurement

**Table 103**

<b>Frame No.</b>	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14
<b>REP-POS</b>	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB6	SIB6	MIB	SIB6	SIB6	SIB7/SIB3
<b>Frame No.</b>	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
<b>REP-POS</b>	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB1/SIB2	SIB12	MIB	SIB12	SIB12	SIB7/SIB12
<b>Frame No.</b>	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46
<b>REP-POS</b>	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB5	SIB5	MIB	SIB5	SIB5	SIB7/SIB18
<b>Frame No.</b>	48	50	52	54	56	58	60	62
<b>REP-POS</b>	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB11	SIB11	MIB	SIB11	SIB11	SIB7/SIB4

SIB-repeat period (in frame)

**Table 104**

<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB1	SIB2	SIB3	SIB4	SIB5	SIB6	SIB7	SIB11	SIB12	SIB18
<b>SIB Rep</b>	8	16	64	64	64	64	64	64	16	64	64	64
<b>Max. No of seg.</b>	1	1	1	1	1	1	4(FDD) 5(LCR TDD)	4(FDD) 3(LCR TDD)	1	4	4	1

#### 8.4.4 Test SIB special schedule

##### 8.4.4.1 Test SIB schedule for two S-CCPCH or two PRACH

**Table 105**

<b>Frame No.</b>	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14
<b>REP-POS</b>	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1		MIB	SIB1	SIB18	SIB2
<b>Frame No.</b>	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
<b>REP-POS</b>	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB7	MIB	SIB3		SIB4
<b>Frame No.</b>	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46
<b>REP-POS</b>	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB5	MIB	SIB5	SIB5	SIB5
<b>Frame No.</b>	48	50	52	54	56	58	60	62
<b>REP-POS</b>	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB7	MIB	SIB11	SIB11	SIB11
<b>Frame No.</b>	64	66	68	70	72	74	76	78
<b>REP-POS</b>	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB5	MIB	SIB5	SIB5	SIB5
<b>Frame No.</b>	80	82	84	86	88	90	92	94
<b>REP-POS</b>	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB7	MIB	SIB3		SIB4
<b>Frame No.</b>	96	98	100	102	104	106	108	110
<b>REP-POS</b>	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1		MIB			
<b>Frame No.</b>	112	114	116	118	120	122	124	126
<b>REP-POS</b>	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB7	MIB	SIB12	SIB12	SIB12

SIB-repeat period (in frame)

**Table 106**

<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB1	SIB2	SIB3	SIB4	SIB5	SIB7	SIB11	SIB12	SIB18
<b>SIB Rep</b>	8	16	128	128	64	64	128	32	128	128	128
<b>Max. No of seg.</b>	1	2	1	1	1	1	8	1	3	3	1

#### 8.4.4.2 Test SIB schedule for Inter-Rat Handover Test

**Table 107**

<b>Frame No.</b>	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14
<b>REP-POS</b>	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1		MIB	SIB1	SIB18	SIB2
<b>Frame No.</b>	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
<b>REP-POS</b>	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB7	MIB	SIB3		SIB4
<b>Frame No.</b>	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46
<b>REP-POS</b>	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB5	MIB	SIB5	SIB5	SIB5
<b>Frame No.</b>	48	50	52	54	56	58	60	62
<b>REP-POS</b>	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB7	MIB	SIB11	SIB11	SIB11
<b>Frame No.</b>	64	66	68	70	72	74	76	78
<b>REP-POS</b>	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB16	MIB	SIB16	SIB16	SIB16
<b>Frame No.</b>	80	82	84	86	88	90	92	94
<b>REP-POS</b>	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB7	MIB	SIB3		SIB4
<b>Frame No.</b>	96	98	100	102	104	106	108	110
<b>REP-POS</b>	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB16	MIB	SIB16	SIB16	SIB16
<b>Frame No.</b>	112	114	116	118	120	122	124	126
<b>REP-POS</b>	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB7	MIB			

SIB-repeat period (in frame)

**Table 108**

<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB1	SIB2	SIB3	SIB4	SIB5	SIB7	SIB11	SIB16	SIB18
<b>SIB Rep</b>	8	16	128	128	64	64	128	32	128	128	128
<b>Max. No of seg.</b>	1	2	1	1	1	1	4	1	3	8	1

#### 8.4.5 Handling the transmission of SIB

According to the SIB repeat periods, SIBs need to be transmitted on a very regular basis during the operation of a test case. This transmission usually has no direct bearing on the operation of the test case, although the carried information ensures the correct configuration and operation of the UE during the test case.

To send this information repeatedly directly from each test case would make the test cases very complex to implement, difficult to understand and place real-time requirements upon them that are beyond the capabilities of most TTCN driven test engines.

Management of scheduling of System Information messages is performed by the system simulator. The SIB contents, usually determined in part by the individual tests, come from the TTCN test cases.

### 8.4.5.1 Delivery of System Information content

The content of the System Information messages is delivered as a fully encoded bit string to the TM-RLC SAP from the message content defined in the TTCN test case.

The IE 'SFNprime' in the SI messages is set to 0 by the TTCN, and the correct value of 'SFNprime' shall be inserted by the System Simulator prior to transmission of a SI message.

SI messages are ASN.1 packed encoded through a TTCN TSO and segmented another TTCN TSO into SIBs in the TTCN and sent only once to the TM-RLC SAP. Repetition of the SIB is the responsibility of the System Simulator lower layers.

SIBs are considered to be cached. That is, sending a SIB to the TM-RLC SAP will cause a previously sent copy of the SIB to be lost, and all future transmissions of the SIB will be the most recently sent version. This allows for the updating of System Information during the operation of a test case.

### 8.4.5.2 Scheduling of system Information blocks

The schedule for the transmission of SIBs is provided by the TTCN test case. It is sent using the CMAC\_SYSINFO\_CONFIG\_REQ primitive sent to the CMAC SAP (CMAC\_PCO).

Each CMAC\_SYSINFO\_CONFIG\_REQ primitive carries scheduling information for the next SIB sent from the TTCN. Each primitive is followed by an associated SIB. Sending two CMAC\_SYSINFO\_CONFIG\_REQ primitives in succession may cause an unspecified result.

### 8.4.5.3 Example of usage

The following example shows how the MIB, SB1 and all SIBs in subclause 8.4.3 are sent to the System Simulator lower layers for broadcasting. The 1<sup>st</sup> parameter in CMAC\_SYSINFO\_CONFIG\_REQ represents the repeat period in power of 2. The 2<sup>nd</sup> parameter represents the repetition position. Two consecutive frames represent an available repetition position.

```

CMAC_PCO: CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (3, 0)
TM_PCO: MIB
CMAC_PCO: CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (4, 1)
TM_PCO: SB1
CMAC_PCO: CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (6, 2)
TM_PCO: SIB7
CMAC_PCO: CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (6, 3)
TM_PCO: SIB6 (segment 1 of 4)
CMAC_PCO: CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (6, 5)
TM_PCO: SIB6 (segment 2 of 4)
CMAC_PCO: CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (6, 6)
TM_PCO: SIB6 (segment 3 of 4)
CMAC_PCO: CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (6, 7)
TM_PCO: SIB6 (segment 4 of 4)
CMAC_PCO: CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (6, 10)
TM_PCO: SIB7 + SIB3 (concatenation)
CMAC_PCO: CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (6, 11)
TM_PCO: SIB1 + SIB2 (concatenation)
CMAC_PCO: CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (6, 13)
TM_PCO: SIB12 (segment 1 of 3)
CMAC_PCO: CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (6, 14)
TM_PCO: SIB12 (segment 2 of 3)
CMAC_PCO: CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (6, 15)
TM_PCO: SIB12 (segment 3 of 3)
CMAC_PCO: CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (6, 18)
TM_PCO: SIB7 + SIB18 (concatenation)
CMAC_PCO: CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (6, 19)
TM_PCO: SIB5 (segment 1 of 4)
CMAC_PCO: CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (6, 21)
TM_PCO: SIB5 (segment 2 of 4)

```

CMAC_PCO:	CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (6, 22)
TM_PCO:	SIB5 (segment 3 of 4)
CMAC_PCO:	CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (6, 23)
TM_PCO:	SIB5 (segment 4 of 4)
CMAC_PCO:	CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (6, 26)
TM_PCO:	SIB7 + SIB4 (concatenation)
CMAC_PCO:	CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (6, 27)
TM_PCO:	No segment
CMAC_PCO:	CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (6, 29)
TM_PCO:	SIB11 (segment 1 of 3)
CMAC_PCO:	CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (6, 30)
TM_PCO:	SIB11 (segment 3 of 3)
CMAC_PCO:	CMAC_SYSINFO_CONFIG_REQ (6, 31)
TM_PCO:	SIB11 (segment 3 of 3)

## 8.5 Security in testing

The security functions at the SS side are implemented in RLC and MAC layers. When the AM or UM RLC entities and a MAC(d) entity are created, the TTCN will download a security context for each CN domain used. The two ASPs CMAC\_SecurityMode\_Config\_REQ and CRLC\_SecurityMode\_Config\_REQ configures the SS security contexts and associate the contexts to the created entities. The SS shall support one activate security contexts and one context pending activation for each CN domain.

A security context at the SS consists of the security parameter START, 20 bits long and a pair of integrity key and a ciphering key, each 128 bits long. All these security parameters belong to a CS or a PS domain. The SS shall have the ability to store these values till the new values are downloaded and activated. START<sub>cs</sub> is used for initialization of all counters-C and counters-I (32 bits long each) of all DL and UL radio bearers for ciphering and integrity protection in the CS domain. The same is for START<sub>ps</sub> in the PS domain. The TTCN downloads the new START value whenever it is received from the UE. In the case of a succeeded authentication procedure, the START value is reset to zero by the TTCN.

Once the START is downloaded the SS will, according to the activation time, initialize the 20 most significant bits of the RRC HFN (for integrity protection), the RLC HFN (for ciphering) and the MAC-d HFN (for ciphering) to the START value of the corresponding service domain; the remaining bits are initialized to 0.

Upon the concerned RLC entities and the MAC(d) entity release in the SS, the associated security contexts are no longer used and shall be removed as well. The RLC and the MAC(d) entities are addressed by the TTCN with the cell id = -1.

### 8.5.1 Authentication

A GMM or MM authentication test step makes use of a number of TSOs to generate an authentication vector:

$$AV := \{RAND, XRES, CK, IK, AUTN\}$$

If the UE has valid authentication parameters (CKSN/KSI), for the respective domain, use of the Authentication procedure after an INITIAL DIRECT TRANSFER message is optional. Authentication in this case will be left to the test case implementation and need not be specified in the prose. However, in the case where the UE does not have valid authentication parameters the Authentication procedure shall be performed.

### 8.5.2 Ciphering

The ciphering in the SS is activated through the ASP CRLC\_Ciphering\_Activate\_REQ for the AM or UM mode and through CMAC\_Ciphering\_Activate\_REQ for the TM mode.

A PIXIT parameter px\_CipheringOnOff indicates whether all the tests are performed under ciphering activated or not. If ciphering should be off at the test execution, the ciphering algorithm in IE cipheringModeInfo is set to uea0 (no encryption). The UE under test is informed about the SS ciphering capability via IE cipheringAlgorithmCap set to uea0.

Table 109 gives the mapping of the RB id and the bearer value used in the ciphering calculation at the SS side.

**Table 109: Mapping between RB identity in ASP and BEARER value in the ciphering calculation**

RB identity (TTCN constant)	Direction	RLC mode	BEARER value	Type	Comments
-1 (tsc_RB_BCCH )	downlink	TM	N/A		No ciphering applicable
-2 (tsc_RB_PCCH )	downlink	TM	N/A		No ciphering applicable
-3 (tsc_RB_BCCH_FACH )	downlink	TM	N/A		No ciphering applicable
-4 (tsc_RB_2ndPCCH )	downlink	TM	N/A		No ciphering applicable
-5 (tsc_RB_2ndCCCH )	uplink	TM	N/A		No ciphering applicable
-10 (tsc_RB_UM_7_RLC)	downlink	TM	N/A	RAB	For UM RLC tests using 7 bit LIs, no ciphering used
-10 (tsc_RB_UM_7_RLC)	uplink	TM	N/A	RAB	For UM RLC tests using 7 bit LIs, no ciphering used
-11 (tsc_RB_UM_15_RLC)	downlink	TM	N/A	RAB	For UM RLC tests using 15 bit LIs, no ciphering used
-11 (tsc_RB_UM_15_RLC)	uplink	TM	N/A	RAB	For UM RLC tests using 15 bit LIs, no ciphering used
-12 (tsc_RB_AM_7_RLC)	downlink	TM	N/A	RAB	For AM RLC tests using 15 bit LIs, no ciphering used
-12 (tsc_RB_AM_7_RLC)	uplink	TM	N/A	RAB	For AM RLC tests using 7 bit LIs, no ciphering used
-13 (tsc_RB_AM_15_RLC)	downlink	TM	N/A	RAB	For AM RLC tests using 15 bit LIs, no ciphering used
-13 (tsc_RB_AM_15_RLC)	uplink	TM	N/A	RAB	For AM RLC tests using 15 bit LIs, no ciphering used
-14 tsc_RB_DCCH_FACH_MAC)	downlink	TM	N/A	SRB3	MAC testing no ciphering used
-14 (tsc_RB_DCCH_FACH_MAC)	uplink	TM	N/A	SRB3	MAC testing no ciphering used
-15 (tsc_RB_DCCH_DCH_MAC)	downlink	TM	N/A	SRB3	MAC testing no ciphering used
-15 (tsc_RB_DCCH_FACH_MAC)	uplink	TM	N/A	SRB3	MAC testing no ciphering used
-16 (tsc_RB3_DCCH_RRC)	uplink	AM	2	SRB3	
-18 (tsc_RB_CCCH_FACH_MAC)	downlink	TM	N/A	SRB0	No ciphering applicable
0 (tsc_RB0)	uplink	TM	N/A	SRB0	No ciphering applicable
0 (tsc_RB0)	downlink	UM	N/A	SRB0	No ciphering applicable
1 (tsc_RB1)	uplink	UM	0	SRB1	
1 (tsc_RB1)	downlink	UM	0	SRB1	
2 (tsc_RB2)	uplink	AM	1	SRB2	
2 (tsc_RB2)	downlink	AM	1	SRB2	
3 (tsc_RB3)	uplink	AM	2	SRB3	
3 (tsc_RB3)	downlink	AM	2	SRB3	
4 (tsc_RB4)	uplink	AM	3	SRB4	
4 (tsc_RB4)	downlink	AM	3	SRB4	
5 (tsc_RB5)	uplink	TM	4	SRB	DCCH
5 (tsc_RB5)	downlink	TM	4	SRB	DCCH
6	uplink		5		Not used currently
6	downlink		5		Not used currently
7	uplink		6		Not used currently
7	downlink		6		Not used currently
8	uplink		7		Not used currently
8	downlink		7		Not used currently
9	uplink		8		Not used currently
9	downlink		8		Not used currently
10 (tsc_RB10)	uplink	TM	9	RAB#1-1 or RAB1	
10 (tsc_RB10)	downlink	TM	9	RAB#1-1 or RAB1	
11 (tsc_RB11)	uplink	TM	10	RAB#1-2 or RAB2	
11 (tsc_RB11)	downlink	TM	10	RAB#1-2 or RAB2	
12 (tsc_RB12)	uplink	TM	11	RAB#1-3	
12 (tsc_RB12)	downlink	TM	11	RAB#1-3	
13 (tsc_RB13)	uplink	TM	12	RAB#2	
13 (tsc_RB13)	downlink	TM	12	RAB#2	
14	uplink		13		Not used currently
14	downlink		13		Not used currently
15	uplink		14		Not used currently
15	downlink		14		Not used currently
16	uplink		15		Not used currently
16	downlink		15		Not used currently
17	uplink		16		Not used currently
17	downlink		16		Not used currently
18	uplink		17		Not used currently
18	downlink		17		Not used currently
19	uplink		18		Not used currently
19	downlink		18		Not used currently
20 (tsc_RB20)	uplink	AM	19	RAB#1	
20 (tsc_RB20)	downlink	AM	19	RAB#1	
21 (tsc_RB21)	uplink	UM	20	RAB#2	
21 (tsc_RB21)	downlink	UM	20	RAB#2	
22 (tsc_RB22)	uplink	AM	21	RAB#2	
22 (tsc_RB22)	downlink	AM	21	RAB#2	
23	uplink		22		Not used yet currently

<b>RB identity (TTCN constant)</b>	<b>Direction</b>	<b>RLC mode</b>	<b>BEARER value</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
23	downlink		22		Not used yet currently
24	uplink		23		Not used yet currently
24	downlink		23		Not used yet currently
25	uplink		24		Not used yet currently
25	downlink		24		Not used yet currently
26	uplink		25		Not used yet currently
26	downlink		25		Not used yet currently
27	uplink		26		Not used yet currently
27	downlink		26		Not used yet currently
28	uplink		27		Not used yet currently
28	downlink		27		Not used yet currently
29	uplink		28		Not used yet currently
29	downlink		28		Not used yet currently
30 (tsc_RB30)	downlink	UM	N/A		CTCH FACH no ciphering used
30	uplink		29		Not used yet currently
31 (tsc_RB31)	downlink	UM	N/A		CTCH FACH no ciphering used
31	uplink		30		Not used yet currently
32	downlink		31		Not used yet currently
32	uplink		31		Not used yet currently

### 8.5.3 Integrity

The integrity protection in the SS is activated through the ASP CRLC\_Integrity\_Activate\_REQ for all SRB.

MAC-I (MessageAuthenticationCode) is calculated by the SS. If the integrity protection is not yet started, the "integrity protection info" IE is omitted in TTCN. If integrity protection is started the TTCN includes the "integrity protection info" IE with all bits set to "0". The SS takes care of all the necessary initialization and calculation on SRBs.

Once integrity is started, the SS initializes and calculates a correct Message Authentication Code, overrides the initial value all bits "0" and inserts a corresponding RRC message sequence number into the IntegrityCheckInfo for all DL DCCH messages. In UL, the SS shall check the received MessageAuthenticationCode. If it is wrong, the ASP CRLC\_Integrity\_Failure\_IND will report having received an UL message with integrity error. If it is correct SS forwards the received messages to the TTCN.

In addition, CRLC\_MAC\_I\_Mode\_REQ can be used to force the SS generate wrong DL MAC-I on a specific SRB for the integrity error handling test.

### 8.5.4 Test security scenarios

Five basic test scenarios are presented in the present document. The corresponding core spec references are found in 3GPP TS 25.331 [Error! Reference source not found.] clauses 8.1.12, 8.2.2.2, 8.5.10.1, 8.5.10.2, 8.6.3.4, 8.6.3.5, 8.6.4.3 and 8.6.4.8.

- Start security;
- RB setup;
- AM RB reconfiguration;
- Security modification;
- SRNS relocation;
- Modification of RLC size of AM RB during RB reconfiguration;
- Cell/URA update;
- InterRAt HO to UTRAN.

As Default, the 1<sup>st</sup> three basic scenarios can be subdivided into:

- Start integrity without ciphering start;
- Start integrity and ciphering at the same time.

Regarding the simultaneous SRNS relocation, the security scenarios at the relocation are split into:

- No security configuration modification;
- Modification of integrity (FRESH) without ciphering configuration change;
- Modification integrity FRESH and ciphering algorithm;
- A security modification pending at the SRNS relocation.

This clause shows the procedures how the security ASP applied to the SS configurations at the different security test scenarios.

#### 8.5.4.1 Start security function

```
CIPHERING_STATUS = NotStarted for the CN domain concerned.
```

##### 8.5.4.1.1 Start integrity protection without start of ciphering

```
INTEGRITY_PROTECTION Status = NotStarted.
```

```
SECURITY MODE COMMAND with "Integrity protection mode info" IE containing
integrityProtectionModeCommand = Start, no "Ciphering mode info" IE
```

###### 1 Before sending SECURITY MODE COMMAND (SMC)

```
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value most recently received or 0 (new key)
    integrityKey = value maintained by TTCN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_SetRRC_MessagesSN_REQ (SN=0)
    -- Downlink RRC message sequence number set to 0
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    integrityProtectionModeCommand = startIntegrityProtection (FRESH)
    integrityProtectionAlgorithm = selected value
    -- downlink integrity protection starts immediately
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    ul_IntegProtActivationInfo = 0 (RB2 only)
```

###### 2 Send SECURITY MODE COMMAND

###### 3 After receiving SECURITY MODE COMPLETE

```
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    ul_IntegProtActivationInfo = value in "Uplink integrity protection activation time"
    (except RB2) received from SECURITY MODE COMPLETE
```

#### 8.5.4.1.2 Start both integrity protection and ciphering

```
INTEGRITY_PROTECTION Status = NotStarted.
```

```
SECURITY MODE COMMAND with "Integrity protection mode info" IE containing
integrityProtectionModeCommand = Start, and "Ciphering mode info" IE containing cipheringModeCommand
= Start/Restart (algorithm UEA0 or UEA1)
```

###### 1 Before sending SECURITY MODE COMMAND message

```
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value most recently received or 0 ( new key)
    cipheringKey = value maintained by TTCN
    integrityKey = value maintained by TTCN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_SequenceNumber_REQ
    -- Get current RLC SN of all SRB for calculating suitable down link activation time
CRLC_Suspend_REQ
    -- Suspend all signalling radio bearers except RB2
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (algorithm)
    rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = calculated activation time
    incHFN = NotInc
CRLC_SetRRC_MessagesSN_REQ (SN=0)
    -- Downlink RRC message sequence number set to 0
```

```
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    integrityProtectionModeCommand = startIntegrityProtection (FRESH)
    integrityProtectionAlgorithm = selected value
    (downlink integrity protection starts immediate)
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    ul_IntegProtActivationInfo = 0 (RB2 only)
```

## 2 Send SECURITY MODE COMMAND

### 3 After receiving SECURITY MODE COMPLETE

```
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    rb_UL_CipheringActivationTimeInfo = value received in SECURITY MODE COMPLETE
    incHFN = NotInc
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    ul_IntegProtActivationInfo = value in "Uplink integrity protection activation time"
    (except RB2) received from SECURITY MODE COMPLETE
CRLC_Resume_REQ
```

#### 8.5.4.1.3 Void

#### 8.5.4.2 RB setup

INTEGRITY\_PROTECTION Status = Started.  
 Condition: "RAB information for setup" IE included in RADIO BEARER SETUP

##### 8.5.4.2.1 AM / UM RB

- 1 Sending the RADIO BEARER SETUP message.
- 2 Configuring the RB.
- 3 After receiving RADIO BEARER SETUP COMPLETE.

###### 8.5.4.2.1.1 Ciphering not started

CIPHERING\_STATUS = NotStarted for the CN domain concerned

```
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value most recently received
    cipheringKey = value maintained by TTCN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    cipheringModeCommand = NULL (no ciphering)
    rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = 0 (from the first block)
    incHFN = NotInc
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    rb_UL_CipheringActivationTimeInfo = 0 (from the first block)
    incHFN = NotInc
```

###### 8.5.4.2.1.2 Ciphering started

CIPHERING\_STATUS = Started for the CN domain concerned

```
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value most recently received
    cipheringKey = value maintained by TTCN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (algorithm)
    rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = 0 (from the first block)
    incHFN = NotInc
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    rb_UL_CipheringActivationTimeInfo = 0 (from the first block)
    incHFN = NotInc
```

### 8.5.4.2.2 TM RB

Enter Cell\_DCH,  
no TM RB established before,  
"COUNT-C activation time" IE included in RADIO BEARER SETUP COMPLETE message.

#### 8.5.4.2.2.1 Ciphering not started

CIPHERING\_STATUS = NotStarted for the CN domain concerned,

##### 1 Send the RADIO BEARER SETUP message

##### 2 Configuring the RB

##### 3 After receiving RADIO BEARER SETUP COMPLETE

```
CMAC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value most recently received
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CMAC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    incHFN = NotInc
    cipheringModeCommand = NULL (no ciphering)
    activationTimeForDPCH = value in "COUNT-C activation time"
```

#### 8.5.4.2.2.2 Ciphering started

CIPHERING\_STATUS = Started for the CN domain concerned,

##### 1 Sending RADIO BEARER SETUP

##### 2 Configuring the RB

```
CMAC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value most recently received
    cipheringKey = value maintained by TTCN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CMAC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    incHFN = NotInc
    cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (algorithm)
    activationTimeForDPCH = value in "Activation time" of the RB
```

##### 3 After receiving RADIO BEARER SETUP COMPLETE message

```
CMAC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value received in response message
    cipheringKey = value maintained by TTCN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CMAC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    incHFN = IncPerCFN_Cycle
    cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (algorithm)
    activationTimeForDPCH = value in "COUNT-C activation time"
```

### 8.5.4.3 RB Reconfiguration for AM RAB modification of RLC size

CIPHERING\_STATUS = Started for the CN domain concerned,  
"RB mapping info" IE, **changing AM RB RLC size**, is inculded in  
CELL UPDATE CONFIRM,  
RADIO REARER RECONFIGURATION,  
RADIO BEARER RELEASE

#### 8.5.4.3.1 "RB mapping info" in CELL UPDATE CONFIRM

After sending the CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message, re-establish the RB and re-configure the RB with new RLC size and re-initialize COUNT-C for the RB:

```
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Release the concerned RB
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Setup the concerned RB (new RLC size)
```

```

CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value received in the CELL UPDATE message
    integrityKey = value maintained by TTCN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (existing algorithm)
    rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now
    incHFN = NotInc
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    rb_UL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now
    incHFN = NotInc

```

#### 8.5.4.3.2 "RB mapping info" in RB RECONFIGURATION / RELEASE

After receiving the reconfiguration complete message, re-establish the RB and re-configure the RB with new RLC size and re-initialize COUNT-C for the RB:

```

CRLC_Config_REQ
    Release the concerned RB
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Setup the concerned RB (new RLC size)
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value received in the reconfiguration complete message
    integrityKey = value maintained by TTCN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (existing algorithm)
    rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now
    incHFN = NotInc
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    rb_UL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now
    incHFN = NotInc

```

#### 8.5.4.4 Security modification

Updating security keys is the scenario in this clause.

```

INTEGRITY_PROTECTION_STATUS = Started
SECURITY_MODE_COMMAND contains "Ciphering mode info" IE and/or "Integrity protection mode info" IE

```

##### 8.5.4.4.1 Integrity started, ciphering not started

```

CIPHERING_STATUS = NotStarted for the CN domain concerned
SECURITY_MODE_COMMAND with "Integrity protection mode info" IE containing
integrityProtectionModeCommand = modify, but "Ciphering mode info" IE absent the same CN domain as
in the previous SMC to start integrity protection.

```

###### 1 Before sending SECURITY MODE COMMAND message

```

CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = 0 (new key)
    integrityKey = new key
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_RRC_MessageSN_REQ
    -- Get current RRC Message SN for calculation of DL activation time
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    integrityProtectionModeCommand = modify
    dl_IntegrityProtActivationInfo = now (SRB2), calculated value or a pending activation
    time set by previous security mode control procedure (SRB2 other than SRB2)
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned, RB2)
    ul_IntegrityProtActivationInfo = now

```

###### 2 Sending SECURITY MODE COMMAND message

###### 3 After receiving SECURITY MODE COMPLETE

```

CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    ul_IntegProtActivationInfo = value in "Uplink integrity protection activation time"
    (except RB2)

```

#### 8.5.4.4.2 Integrity and ciphering started

CIPHERING\_STATUS = Started for the CN domain concerned  
 SECURITY MODE COMMAND contains  
 "Integrity protection mode info" IE with integrityProtectionModeCommand = modify,  
 "Ciphering mode info" IE with cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart.

##### 1 Before sending SECURITY MODE COMMAND message

```

CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
  startValue = 0 (new key)
  integrityKey = new key
  cipheringKey = new key
  cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
if TM RB exist
  CMAC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = 0 ( new key)
    cipheringKey = new key
    integrityKey = new key
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_SequenceNumber_REQ
  -- Get current RLC SN for calculating suitable down link activation time
CRLC_Suspend_REQ
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
  cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (existing algorithm)
  rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = calculated activation time
  incHFN = NotInc
CRLC_RRC_MessageSN_REQ
  -- Get current RRC message SN for calculating suitable DL activation time
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
  integrityProtectionModeCommand = modify
  dl_IntegrityProtActivationInfo = now (SRB2), calculated value or a pending activation
  time set by previous security mode control procedure (SRB other than SRB2)
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned, RB2)
  ul_IntegrityProtActivationInfo = now
if TM RB exist
  CPHY_Frame_Number_REQ
    --Get current CFN for calculating suitable activation time for TM RB
  CMAC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (existing algorithm)
    activationTimeForDPCH = calculated activation time
    incHFN = IncPerCFN_Cycle
  
```

##### 2 Sending SECURITY MODE COMMAND message

##### 3 After receiving SECURITY MODE COMPLETE

```

CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
  rb_UL_CipheringActivationTimeInfo = value received in SECURITY MODE COMPLETE
  incHFN = NotInc
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned, except RB2)
  ul_IntegProtActivationInfo = value in "Uplink integrity protection activation time"
CRLC_Resume_REQ
  
```

#### 8.5.4.5 SRNS relocation

Simultaneous SRNS relocation will take place  
 either "Downlink count synchronization info" IE is received in  
 CELL UPDATE CONFIRM,  
 PHYSICAL CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION,  
 RADIO BEARER SETUP,  
 RADIO BEARER RELEASE,  
 TRANSPORT CHANNEL RECONFIGURATION,  
 URA UPDATE CONFIRM,  
 UTRAN MOBILITY INFORMATION,  
 or "new U-RNTI" IE is received in  
 RADIO BEARER RECONFIGURATION.

INTEGRITY\_PROTECTION Status = Started

#### 8.5.4.5.1      Void

#### 8.5.4.5.2      Presence of "Integrity protection mode info" but absence of "Ciphering mode info"

SRNS relocation related messages listed contains "Integrity protection mode info" but does not have "Ciphering mode info" IE.

SRNS relocation related message with "Integrity protection mode info" IE containing integrityProtectionModeCommand = Start, but no "Ciphering mode info" IE (no ciphering configuration change) .

#### 8.5.4.5.2.1      No security configuration pending

No security configuration pending triggered by previous SECURITY MODE COMMAND.

### 1 Before sending one of the SRNS relocation related messages

```
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = OMIT (no COUNT-I re-initialization)
    integrityKey = OMIT or value maintained by TTCN (no key change)
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    integrityProtectionModeCommand = Start (FRESH)
    integrityProtectionAlgorithm = selected value
    -- downlink integrity protection starts immediately
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    ul_IntegProtActivationInfo = value (now)
```

### 2 Sending one of the SRNS relocation related messages

### 3 Re-establishing RB2 and re-initialize COUNT-C for RB2

```
CRLC_SequenceNumber_REQ
CRLC_SequenceNumber_CNF
    newHFN = MAX(HFN of DL COUNT-C of RB2, HFN of UL COUNT-C of RB2) + 1
CRLC_Config_REQ
    -- Release RB2
CRLC_Config_REQ
    -- Setup RB2
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = newHFN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS concerned
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    if CIPHERING_STATUS= NotStarted
        cipheringModeCommand = NULL (no ciphering)
    if CIPHERING_STATUS = Started
        cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (existing algorithm)
        rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (RB2 only)
        incHFN = NotInc
    CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
        rb_UL_CipheringActivationTimeInfo = now (RB2 only)
        incHFN = NotInc
```

### 4 Receiving the response message

### 5 Re-establishing all RBs and SRBs (except SRB2) and re-initialize COUNT-C for all RBs and SRBs (except SRB2)

```
CRLC_Config_REQ
    -- Release all RBs and all SRBs (except SRB2)
CRLC_Config_REQ
    -- Setup all RB's and all SRB's (except RB2)
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value received in the response message
    integrityKey = value maintained by TTCN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    if CIPHERING_STATUS= NotStarted
        cipheringModeCommand = NULL (no ciphering)
    if CIPHERING_STATUS = Started
        cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (existing algorithm)
        rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (except SRB2)
        incHFN = NotInc
```

```
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    rb_UL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (except SRB2)
    incHFN = NotInc
```

#### 8.5.4.5.2.2 Pending security configuration (new keys)

A pending security configuration is triggered by the previous SECURITY MODE COMMAND (new Key).

#### 1 Before sending one of the SRNS relocation related messages

```
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = 0 (new key)
    integrityKey = new key
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ
    IntegrityProtectionModeCommand = Start (FRESH)
    IntegrityProtectionAlgorithm = selected value (downlink integrity protection starts
        immediately)
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ
    ul_IntegProtActivationInfo = value (now)
```

#### 2 Send one of the SRNS relocation related messages

#### 3 Re-establish RB2 and re-initialize COUNT-C for RB2

```
CRLC_SequenceNumber_REQ
CRLC_SequenceNumber_CNF
    HFN = MAX(HFN of DL/UL COUNT-C of RB2) + 1
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Release RB2
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Setup RB2
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = HFN calculated above
    cipheringKey = new key
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    if CIPHERING_STATUS= NotStarted
        cipheringModeCommand = NULL (no ciphering)
    if CIPHERING_STATUS = Started
        cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (existing algorithm)
    rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (RB2 only)
    incHFN = NotInc
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    rb_UL_CipheringActivationTimeInfo = now (RB2 only)
    incHFN = NotInc
```

#### 4 Receive the response message

#### 5 Re-establish all RBs and SRBs (except RB2) and re-initialize COUNT-C for all RBs and SRBs (except RB2)

```
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Release all RB's and SRB's (except RB2)
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Setup all RB's and SRB's (except RB2)
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value received in the response message
    integrityKey = new key
    cipheringKey = new key
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    if CIPHERING_STATUS= NotStarted
        cipheringModeCommand = NULL (no ciphering)
    if CIPHERING_STATUS = Started
        cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (existing algorithm)
    rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (except RB2)
    incHFN = NotInc
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    rb_UL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (except RB2)
    incHFN = NotInc
```

## 6 Re-initialize COUNT-I for all RB's and SRB's (except RB2)

```
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = 0 (new key)
    integrityKey = new key
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ
    IntegrityProtectionModeCommand = Start (FRESH)
    IntegrityProtectionAlgorithm = selected value (downlink integrity protection starts
        immediately)
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ
    ul_IntegProtActivationInfo = value (now)
```

### 8.5.4.5.2.3 Pending security configuration (no new keys)

A pending security configuration is triggered by the previous SECURITY MODE COMMAND (no new keys).

#### 1 Before sending one of the SRNS relocation related messages

```
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = OMIT (no COUNT-I re-initialization)
    integrityKey = OMIT or value maintained by TTCN (no key change) cn_DomainIdentity = CS
        or PS
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ
    SS_IntegrityProtectionModeCommand = Start (FRESH)
    IntegrityProtectionAlgorithm = selected value (downlink integrity protection starts
        immediately)
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ
    ul_IntegProtActivationInfo = value (now)
```

#### 2 Send one of the SRNS relocation related messages

#### 3 Re-establish RB2 and re-initialize COUNT-C for RB2

```
CRLC_SequenceNumber_REQ
CRLC_SequenceNumber_CNF
    HFN = MAX(HFN of DL/UL COUNT-C of RB2) + 1
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Release RB2
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Setup RB2
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = HFN calculated above
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    if CIPHERING_STATUS= NotStarted
        cipheringModeCommand = NULL (no ciphering)
    if CIPHERING_STATUS = Started
        cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (existing algorithm)
    rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (RB2 only)
    incHFN = NotInc
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    rb_UL_CipheringActivationTimeInfo = now (RB2 only)
    incHFN = NotInc
```

#### 4 Receive the response message

#### 5 Re-establish all RBs and SRBs (except RB2) and re-initialize COUNT-C for all RBs and SRBs (except RB2)

```
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Release all RB's and SRB's (except RB2)
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Setup all RB's and SRB's (except RB2)
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value received in the response message
    integrityKey = value maintained by TTCN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    if CIPHERING_STATUS= NotStarted
        cipheringModeCommand = NULL (no ciphering)
    if CIPHERING_STATUS = Started
        cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (existing algorithm)
    rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (except RB2)
    incHFN = NotInc
```

```
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    rb_UL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (except RB2)
    incHFN = NotInc
```

## 6 Re-initialize COUNT-I for all RB's and SRB's (except RB2)

```
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value received in the response message
    integrityKey = value maintained by TTCN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ
    IntegrityProtectionModeCommand = Start (FRESH)
    IntegrityProtectionAlgorithm = selected value (downlink integrity protection starts
        immediately)
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ
    ul_IntegProtActivationInfo = value (now)
```

### 8.5.4.5.3 Presence of "Integrity protection mode info" and "Ciphering mode info" IE

CIPHERING\_STATUS = Started for the CN domain concerned,  
 SRNS relocation related message with "Integrity protection mode info" IE containing  
 integrityProtectionModeCommand = Start, and "Ciphering mode info" IE containing cipheringModeCommand  
 = Start/Restart (change ciphering algorithm, no "Radio bearer downlink ciphering activation time  
 info")

#### 8.5.4.5.3.1 No security configuration pending

### 1 Before sending one of the SRNS relocation related messages

```
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = OMIT (no COUNT-I re-initialization)
    integrityKey = OMIT or value maintained by TTCN (no key change)
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ
    SS_IntegrityProtectionModeCommand = Start (FRESH)
    IntegrityProtectionAlgorithm = selected value (downlink integrity protection starts
        immediately)
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ
    ul_IntegProtActivationInfo = value (now)
```

### 2 Send one of the SRNS relocation related messages

### 3 Re-establish RB2 and re-initialize COUNT-C for RB2

```
CRLC_SequenceNumber_REQ
CRLC_SequenceNumber_CNF
    HFN = MAX(HFN of DL/UL COUNT-C of RB2) + 1
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Release RB2
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Setup RB2
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = HFN calculated above
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    if CIPHERING_STATUS= NotStarted
        cipheringModeCommand = NULL (no ciphering)
    if CIPHERING_STATUS = Started
        cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (existing algorithm)
        rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (RB2 only)
        incHFN = NotInc
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    rb_UL_CipheringActivationTimeInfo = now (RB2 only)
    incHFN = NotInc
```

### 4 Receive the response message

### 5 Re-establish all RBs and SRBs (except RB2) and re-initialize COUNT-C for all RBs and SRBs (except RB2)

```
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Release all RB's and SRB's (except RB2)
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Setup all RB's and SRB's (except RB2)
```

```

CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value received in the response message
    integrityKey = value maintained by TTCN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (new algorithm)
    rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (except RB2)
    incHFN = NotInc
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    rb_UL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (except RB2)
    incHFN = NotInc

```

#### 8.5.4.5.3.2 Pending security configuration (new keys)

##### 1 Before sending one of the SRNS relocation related messages

```

CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = 0 (new key)
    integrityKey = new key
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ
    SS_IntegrityProtectionModeCommand = Start (FRESH)
    IntegrityProtectionAlgorithm = selected value (downlink integrity protection starts
        immediately)
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ
    ul_IntegProtActivationInfo = value (now)

```

##### 2 Send one of the SRNS relocation related messages

##### 3 Re-establish RB2 and re-initialize COUNT-C for RB2

```

CRLC_SequenceNumber_REQ
    CRLC_SequenceNumber_CNF
    HFN = MAX(HFN of DL/UL COUNT-C of RB2) + 1
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Release RB2
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Setup RB2
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = HFN calculated above
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    cipheringModeCommand = NULL (no ciphering status change)
    rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (RB2 only)
    incHFN = NotInc
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    rb_UL_CipheringActivationTimeInfo = now (RB2 only)
    incHFN = NotInc

```

##### 4 Receive the response message

##### 5 Re-establish all RBs and SRBs (except RB2) and re-initialize COUNT-C for all RBs and SRBs (except RB2)

```

CRLC_Config_REQ
    Release all RB's and SRB's (except RB2)
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Setup all RB's and SRB's (except RB2)
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = 0
    integrityKey = new key
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (new algorithm)
    rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (except RB2)
    incHFN = NotInc
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    rb_UL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (except RB2)
    incHFN = NotInc

```

##### 6 Re-initialize COUNT-I for all RBs and SRBs (except RB2)

```

CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = 0 (new key)
    integrityKey = new key
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS

```

```

CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ
    IntegrityProtectionModeCommand = Start (FRESH)
    IntegrityProtectionAlgorithm = selected value (downlink integrity protection starts
        immediately)
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ
    ul_IntegProtActivationInfo = value (now)

```

#### 8.5.4.5.3.3 Pending security configuration (no new key)

##### 1 Before sending one of the SRNS relocation related messages

```

CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = OMIT (no COUNT-I re-initialization)
    integrityKey = OMIT or value maintained by TTCN (no key change)
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ
    SS_IntegrityProtectionModeCommand = Start (FRESH)
    IntegrityProtectionAlgorithm = selected value (downlink integrity protection starts
        immediately)
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ
    ul_IntegProtActivationInfo = value (now)

```

##### 2 Send one of the SRNS relocation related messages

##### 3 Re-establish RB2 and re-initialize COUNT-C for RB2

```

CRLC_SequenceNumber_REQ
    CRLC_SequenceNumber_CNF
    HFN = MAX(HFN of DL/UL COUNT-C of RB2) + 1
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Release RB2
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Setup RB2
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = HFN calculated above
    n_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    if CIPHERING_STATUS= NotStarted
        cipheringModeCommand = NULL (no ciphering)
    if CIPHERING_STATUS = Started
        cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (existing algorithm)
        rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (RB2 only)
        incHFN = NotInc
    CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
        rb_UL_CipheringActivationTimeInfo = now (RB2 only)
        incHFN = NotInc

```

##### 4 Receive the response message

##### 5 Re-establish all RBs and SRBs (except RB2) and re-initialize COUNT-C for all RBs and SRBs (except RB2)

```

CRLC_Config_REQ
    Release all RB's and SRB's (except RB2)
CRLC_Config_REQ
    Setup all RB's and SRB's (except RB2)
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value received in the response message
    integrityKey = value maintained by TTCN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (new algorithm)
    rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (except RB2)
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ
    rb_UL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (except RB2)

```

##### 6 Re-initialize COUNT-I for all RBs and SRBs (except RB2)

```

CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value received in the response message
    integrityKey = value maintained by TTCN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ
    IntegrityProtectionModeCommand = Start (FRESH)
    IntegrityProtectionAlgorithm = selected value (downlink integrity protection starts
        immediately)

```

```
CRLC_Integrity_Activate_REQ
    ul_IntegProtActivationInfo = value (now)
```

### 8.5.4.6 CELL/URA update

#### 8.5.4.6.1 RLC re-establish (RB2, RB3, RB4)

"RLC re-establish (RB2, RB3, RB4)" in CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message is set to TRUE CIPHERING\_STATUS = Started for the CN domain concerned

##### 1. After sending CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message, re-establish the RB2, RB3 and RB4 (if established)

```
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value received from CELL UPDATE message
    cipheringKey = value maintained by TTCN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (existing algorithm)
    rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (RB2, RB3, RB4)
    incHFN = NotInc
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    rb_UL_CipheringActivationTimeInfo = now (RB2, RB3, RB4)
    incHFN = NotInc
```

#### 8.5.4.6.2 RLC re-establish (RAB)

"RLC re-establish (RB5 and upwards)" in CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message is set to TRUE CIPHERING\_STATUS = Started for the CN domain concerned

##### 1. After sending CELL UPDATE CONFIRM message, re-establish the RAB

```
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value received from CELL UPDATE message
    cipheringKey = value maintained by TTCN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (existing algorithm)
    rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (RB5 and upwards)
    incHFN = NotInc
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    rb_UL_CipheringActivationTimeInfo = now (RB5 and upwards)
    incHFN = NotInc
```

### 8.5.4.7 Inter RAT handover to UTRAN

#### 8.5.4.7.1 ciphering has not been activated

ciphering has not been started in the radio access technology from which inter RAT handover is performed. TM mode radio bearer will be established in the UTRAN.

##### 1. Sending HANDOVER TO UTRAN COMMAND in a RAT different from UTRAN

##### 2. After receiving HANDOVER TO UTRAN COMPLETE message

```
CMAC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value received in HANDOVER TO UTRAN COMPLETE message
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CMAC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    incHFN = NotInc
    cipheringModeCommand = NULL
    activationTimeForDPCH = now
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value received in HANDOVER TO UTRAN COMPLETE
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    cipheringModeCommand = NULL
    rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (RB1, RB2, RB3, RB4)
    incHFN = Inc
    CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    rb_UL_CipheringActivationTimeInfo = now (RB1, RB2, RB3, RB4)
    incHFN = Inc
```

### 8.5.4.7.2 ciphering has been activated

ciphering has been started in the radio access technology from which inter RAT handover is performed. TM mode radio bearer will be established in the UTRAN.

#### 1. Before sending HANDOVER TO UTRAN COMMAND

```
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = "START" value included in the IE "UE security information" in the variable
"INTER_RAT_HANDOVER_INFO_TRANSFERRED"
    cipheringKey = value generated in authentication procedure in GRAN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (algorithm in HANDOVER TO UTRAN COMMAND)
    rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (RB1, RB2, RB3, RB4)
    incHFN = NotInc
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    rb_UL_CipheringActivationTimeInfo = now (RB1, RB2, RB3, RB4)
    incHFN = NotInc
CMAC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = "START" value included in the IE "UE security information" in the variable
"INTER_RAT_HANDOVER_INFO_TRANSFERRED"
    cipheringKey = value generated in authentication procedure in GRAN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CMAC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    incHFN = NotInc
    cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (algorithm algorithm in HANDOVER TO UTRAN COMMAND)
    activationTimeForDPCH = now
```

#### 2. Sending HANDOVER TO UTRAN COMMAND in a RAT different from UTRAN

#### 3. After receiving HANDOVER TO UTRAN COMPLETE message

```
CMAC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value received in the response message
    cipheringKey = value maintained by TTCN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CMAC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (algorithm) in HANDOVER TO UTRAN COMMAND
    activationTimeForDPCH = value in "COUNT-C activation time"
    incHFN = IncByOne_IncPerCFN_Cycle
CRLC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value received in HANDOVER TO UTRAN COMPLETE
    cipheringKey = value generated in authentication procedure in GRAN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (algorithm in HANDOVER TO UTRAN COMMAND)
    rb_DL_CiphActivationTimeInfo = now (RB1, RB2, RB3, RB4)
    incHFN = Inc
CRLC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    rb_UL_CipheringActivationTimeInfo = now (RB1, RB2, RB3, RB4)
    incHFN = Inc
```

### 8.5.4.8 Hard handover

Ciphering is activated for any TM radio bearer;  
 "Downlink DPCH info for all RL" in a message performing timing re-initialized hard handover or;  
 "Downlink DPCH info for all RL" in a message other than RADIO BEARER SETUP tranferring UE to Cell\_DCH  
 from non-Cell\_DCH state.

#### 1. Before sending the message

```
CMAC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value most recently received
    cipheringKey = value maintained by TTCN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CMAC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    incHFN = NotInc
    cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (existing algorithm)
    activationTimeForDPCH = now
```

#### 2. Send the message for hard HO

### 3. After receiving the response message

```

CMAC_SecurityMode_Config_REQ
    startValue = value received in the response message
    cipheringKey = value maintained by TTCN
    cn_DomainIdentity = CS or PS
CMAC_Ciphering_Activate_REQ (CN domain concerned)
    cipheringModeCommand = Start/Restart (existing algorithm)
    activationTimeForDPCH = value in "COUNT-C activation time"
    incHFN = IncByOne_IncPerCFN_Cycle

```

## 8.5.5 Test USIM configurations

The default test USIM is defined in 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.]. This clause specifies a number of specific test USIM configurations which are used for the concerned test cases.

### 8.5.5.1 Test USIM for Idle mode tests

The PLMN 1-12 identities used below have been defined in 3GPP TS 34.123-1 [Error! Reference source not found.], table 6.2. Clause numbers refer to 3GPP TS 34.123-1 [Error! Reference source not found.].

Test USIM is configured as bellow for PLMN selection of RPLMN, HPLMN, UPLMN and OPLMN in TC\_6\_1\_1\_1 and TC\_6\_1\_1\_4.

**Table 110**

USIM field	Priority	PLMN	Access Technology Identifier
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>		PLMN 1	
EF <sub>HPLMNwAct</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 3	UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	PLMN 4	UTRAN
EF <sub>OPLMNwAct</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 5	UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	PLMN 6	UTRAN
EF <sub>FPLMN</sub>		PLMN 3	

Test USIM is configured as bellow for PLMN selection of other PLMN with access technology combinations in TC\_6\_1\_1\_2 and TC\_6\_1\_1\_5.

**Table 111**

USIM field	Priority	PLMN	Access Technology Identifier
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>		PLMN 1	
EF <sub>HPLMNwAct</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 2	UTRAN
EF <sub>PLMNwAct</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 3	UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	PLMN 4	UTRAN
EF <sub>OPLMNwAct</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 5	UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	PLMN 6	UTRAN
EF <sub>FPLMN</sub>		PLMN 10	

Test USIM is configured as bellow for manual PLMN selection independent of RF level and preferred PLMN in TC\_6\_1\_1\_3.

**Table 112**

USIM field	Priority	PLMN	Access Technology Identifier
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>			
EF <sub>PLMNwAct</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 3	UTRAN

Test USIM for emergency calls requires that all the BCCH cells belong to the same PLMN, which is not the UE's home PLMN and is in the USIM's forbidden PLMN's list. This specific USIM requirement applies to TC\_6\_1\_2\_6.

Test USIMs are configured as below for Selection of the correct PLMN and associated RAT in TC\_6\_2\_1\_1. Two test USIMs are needed for the test.

**Table 113: USIM A**

USIM field	Priority	PLMN	Access Technology Identifier
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>			
EF <sub>HPLMNwAct</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>		GSM
EF <sub>HPLMNwAct</sub>	2 <sup>nd</sup>		UTRAN

**Table 114: USIM B**

USIM field	Priority	PLMN	Access Technology Identifier
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>			
EF <sub>HPLMNwAct</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>		UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>		GSM

Test USIMs are configured as below for Selection of RAT for HPLMN in TC\_6\_2\_1\_2. Two test USIMs are needed for the test.

**Table 115: USIM A**

USIM field	Priority	PLMN	Access Technology Identifier
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>		PLMN 1	
EF <sub>HPLMNwAct</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>		UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>		GSM

**Table 116: USIM B**

USIM field	Priority	PLMN	Access Technology Identifier
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>		PLMN 1	
EF <sub>HPLMNwAct</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>		UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>		

Test USIMs are configured as below for Selection of RAT for HPLMN in TC\_6\_2\_1\_6. Two test USIMs are needed for the test.

**Table 115a: USIM A**

USIM field	Priority	PLMN	Access Technology Identifier
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>		PLMN 1	
EF <sub>HPLMNwAct</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>		UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>		GSM
EF <sub>PLMNwAct</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN3	UTRAN

**Table 116a: USIM B**

<b>USIM field</b>	<b>Priority</b>	<b>PLMN</b>	<b>Access Technology Identifier</b>
$EF_{LOCI}$		PLMN 1	
$EF_{HPLMNwAcT}$	1 <sup>st</sup>		UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>		
$EF_{PLMNwAcT}$	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN3	UTRAN

Test USIM for Selection of RAT for UPLMN or OPLMN in TC\_6\_2\_1\_3, TC\_6\_2\_1\_4, TC\_6\_2\_1\_7, TC\_6\_2\_1\_8 and for Selection of Other PLMN with access technology combinations"; Automatic mode in TC\_6\_2\_1\_9.

**Table 117**

<b>USIM field</b>	<b>Priority</b>	<b>PLMN</b>	<b>Access Technology Identifier</b>
$EF_{LOCI}$		PLMN 1	
$EF_{HPLMNwAcT}$	1 <sup>st</sup>		UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>		GSM
$EF_{PLMNwAcT}$	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 3	UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	PLMN 4	GSM
$EF_{OPLMNwAcT}$	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 5	UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	PLMN 6	GSM

Test USIM are configured as bellow for manual selection of other PLMN with access technology combinations in TC\_6\_2\_1\_5.

**Table 118**

<b>USIM field</b>	<b>Priority</b>	<b>PLMN</b>	<b>Access Technology Identifier</b>
$EF_{LOCI}$		PLMN 1	
$EF_{HPLMNwAcT}$	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 2	UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>		GSM
$EF_{PLMNwAcT}$	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 3	UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	PLMN 4	GSM
$EF_{OPLMNwAcT}$	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 5	UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	PLMN 6	GSM
$EF_{FPLMN}$		PLMN 7	
		PLMN 12	

Test USIM for cell reselection if cell becomes barred or for cell reselection timings requires that the USIM does not contain any preferred RAT. This specific test USIM applies to TC\_6\_2\_2\_1, TC\_6\_2\_2\_2 and TC\_6\_2\_2\_3.

## 8.6 Downlink power setting in SS

Refer to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 6.1.5.

## 8.7 Test suite operation definitions

### 8.7.1 Test suite operation definitions in the module BasicM

**Table 119: TSO definitions in BasicM**

TSO Name	Description
o_AuthRspChk	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BOOLEAN</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p>p_AuthRsp : AuthRsp      p_AuthRspExt : AuthRspExt      p_K : BITSTRING      p_RAND : BITSTRING      p_Ext : BOOLEAN</p> <p><b>Description</b></p> <p>Checks the input parameter p_AuthRsp and p_AuthRspExt, both received in an Authentication Response, according to the authentication algorithm defined in the following procedure.</p> <p>The extension, p_AuthRspExt, is optional. Its presence is indicated by p_Ext.</p> <p>Returns TRUE if the Authentication Response contained in parameters p_AuthRsp and eventually p_AuthRspExt is correct, FALSE otherwise.</p> <p>The value of tcv_Auth_n indicates whether the AuthRspExt has been provided by the UE or not (n=31, or 31 &lt; n &lt; 128). See 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 8.1.2.</p> <p>If not the parameter p_AuthRspExt is not to be used.</p> <p>Algorithm (without the knowledge of tcv_Auth_n):</p> <pre>===== if NOT p_Ext EvaluateAuthRsp else EvaluateAuthRspAndAuthRspExt EvaluateAuthRsp: ===== resultbitstring = o_BitstringXOR(XRES, AuthRsp) if resultbitstring is all 0s then there is a match. EvaluateAuthRspAndAuthRspExt: ===== XREShigh = o_BitstringXtract(XRES, 32, 32, 0) /* XRES divides into 2 parts: the higher part of 32 bits related to AuthRsp and the lower part related to AuthRspExt */ /* SourceLength of 32 is only to ensure usage of the procedure */ resultbitstring = o_BitstringXOR(XREShigh, AuthRsp) if resultbitstring is all 0s then there is a match for the first 32 bits:EvaluateAuthRspExt else Authentication failed. EvaluateAuthRspExt: ===== /* As AuthRspExt may not be octet aligned the last octet indicated in AuthRspExt is not used for checking */ if (AuthRspExt.iel = 1) then Authentication passed /* there was only 1 possibly incomplete octet which is not used */ else { AuthRspExthigh = o_BitstringXtract(AuthRspExt.authRsp, ((AuthRspExt.iel -1)* 8), (AuthRspExt.iel -1)* 8, 0) /* extract (AuthRspExt.iel -1)* 8 bits starting from bit 0 */ XRESlow = o_BitstringXtract(XRES, ((AuthRspExt.iel -1)* 8 + 32), (AuthRspExt.iel -1)* 8, 32) /* extract (AuthRspExt.iel -1)* 8 bits starting from bit 32 */ resultbitstring = o_BitstringXOR(XRESlow, AuthRspExthigh, (AuthRspExt.iel -1)* 8) if resultbitstring is all 0s then there is a match for the bits following the first 32 bits else Authentication failed</pre>

TSO Name	Description
o_BCD_Tolnt	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> INTEGER</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_bcdstring:HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b> The operation OC_BCDtolnt converts an HEXSTRING containing BCD coded digits to an integer representation of these relevant digits.</p> <p>EXAMPLE: OC_BCDtolnt( '12345'H ) := 12345</p>
o_BitstringChange	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BITSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> P_Str: BITSTRING p_Len: INTEGER p_Offset: INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b> Performs the manipulation of a bitstring by toggling the bit identified by p_Offset. The length of the string to be manipulated is specified in p_Len. This is only provided to help ensure that the p_Offset is less than p_Len. Returns a resulting bitstring of length p_Len. EXAMPLE 1: o_BitstringChange('010101'B, 6, 5) produces '010100'B. EXAMPLE 2: o_BitstringChange('010101'B, 6, 0) produces '110101'B.</p>
o_BitstringConcat	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BITSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> P_Str1: BITSTRING p_Str2: BITSTRING p_Len1: INTEGER p_Len2: INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b> Performs the concatenation of 2 bitstrings of possibly different lengths. The bit significance is from left to right, ie the MSB is at the lefthand side. Returns a resulting bitstring p_Str1    p_Str2 of length p_Len1 + p_Len. EXAMPLE: o_BitstringConcat('010101'B,'11'B) produces '01010111'B of length 6 + 2 = 8.</p>
o_BitstringXOR	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BITSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> P_Str1: BITSTRING p_Str2: BITSTRING p_Len: INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b> Performs an XOR operation using 2 bitstrings of the same length (p_Len). Returns a resulting Bitstring of length p_Len. EXAMPLE: o_BitstringXOR('0011'B, '0101'B, 4) produces '0110'B.</p>
o_BitstringXtract	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BITSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> P_Str: BITSTRING p_SrcLen: INTEGER p_TargetLen: INTEGER p_Offset: INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b> Performs the wrap around extract of a bitstring. The length of the string from which extraction is to be made is specified in p_SrcLen. The length of the bitstring to be extracted is indicated as p_TargetLen, the offset in the original string is indicated in p_Offset. The bit position 0 is at the left side. Returns a resulting bitstring of length p_TargetLen. EXAMPLE 1: o_BitstringXtract('101010'B, 6, 2, 1) produces '01'B. EXAMPLE 2: o_BitstringXtract('101010'B, 6, 4, 3) produces '0101'B, wrapping around. EXAMPLE 3: o_BitstringXtract('111000'B, 6, 4, 3) produces '0111'B, wrapping around.</p>

TSO Name	Description
o_BitToOct	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_Str: BITSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b> This TSO is used to convert the given BITSTRING into an OCTETSTRING. If the bitstring length is not a multiple of 8, 1 to 7 padding bits are added at the end to fill the final octet.</p>
o_BMC_DrxScheduling	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BMC_ResultOfSchedulingLevel2</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_BMC_CBS_Message1 : BMCCBSMESSAGE p_BMC_CBS_Message2 : BMCCBSMESSAGE p_BMC_CB_RepPeriod : INTEGER p_BMC_NoOfBroadcast_Req : INTEGER p_Offset : BMC_DRX_Offset</p> <p><b>Description</b> This TSO shall calculate all BMC CBS schedule Messages for the CBS messages as described in 3GPP TS 34.123-1, clause 7.4.3.1. The TSO has to precalculate the CTCH Block SETs needed, i.e. it shall have all necessary knowledge (RLC segmentation, MAC handling, if needed) to predict the CTCH with BMC contents for the given input to be sent.</p> <p>The TSO shall consider the BMC CBS Scheduling Level2 as described in 3GPP TS 25.324 [Error! Reference source not found.], 3GPP TR 25.925 [Error! Reference source not found.] and the description of BMC test architecture and test method in the present document, clause 6.8.</p> <p>The TSO calculates the BMC CBS Schedule messages to predict its next BlockSet to be sent. In addition, a DRX scheduling Bitmap is created for each CTCH allocated TTI aligned to the pre-calculated offset in between 2 CTCH Block Sets.</p> <p>The principle of DRX shall be followed by this TSO. I.e. BMC Messages shall be sent blockwise (CTCH Block Set) with predicted offset in between 2 Block Sets.</p> <p>The TSO shall consider the following aspects to calculate the DRX Selection Bitmap and to create the BMC CBS Schedule messages:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The first CTCH Block Set consists of the first BMC CBS Schedule message predicting the offset, length and content of the following Block Set where the BMC CBS Message1 shall be send as new message.</li> <li>2. The BMC CBS Message1 shall be repeated for p_BMC_CB_RepPeriod multiplied by p_BMC_NoOfBroadcast_Req times before the BMC CBS Message2 is broadcasted.</li> <li>3. The BMC CBS Schedule Messages shall be the last message of a CTCH Block Set, i.e. on the end of a Block Set.</li> <li>4. If no further repetition of BMC CBS Messages is needed, no further BMC CBS Schedule message shall be created.</li> </ol> <p><b>output parameter:</b> DrxSelectionBitmap: The TSO creates a Bitmap as Octetstring for scheduled CTCH allocated TTI as described in 3GPP TS 34.123-3: clause 6.8.2 BMC test method and architecture.</p> <p>CBS_Schedule_Message01, CBS_Schedule_Message02, CBS_Schedule_Message03: Considering the given BMC PDUs BMC_DRX_Offset and BMCCBSMESSAGE to be sent, the BMC Schedule messages have to be created according the given parameter.</p>
o_CheckStringStartWith	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BOOLEAN</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_SourceString: IA5String p_StartString : IA5String</p> <p><b>Description</b> o_CheckStringStartWith returns TRUE if the p_sourceString start with the p_StartString. Otherwise it returns FALSE.</p> <p>EXAMPLE: o_CheckStringStartWith ("+CLCC:1,0,0,2,0;", "+CLCC:1,0,0")=TRUE */.</p>

TSO Name	Description
o_ComputeSM_Contents	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_NumOfChars: INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b> This operation provides a short message's contents with a specified number of characters 'p_NumOfChars', each represented by 7 bits. As possibly different characters are sent, the characters are those corresponding to the 7-bit representation of 0, 1, 2, ... up to ('p_NumOfChars' - 1). If more than 128 characters are sent, the rest of the characters is the corresponding to 0, 1, ... up to ('p_NumOfChars' - 128 - 1), e.g. for 160 characters: 0, 1, ..., 127, 0, 1, ..., 31. The bits are arranged acc. to 3GPP TS 23.038 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.1.2.1.1.</p> <p>max. 160 characters, i.e. 140 octets.</p>
o_ComputeSM_ContentsSpec	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_NumOfChars: INTEGER p_Text: IA5String</p> <p><b>Description</b> This operation provides a short message's contents with a specified number of characters 'p_NumOfChars', each represented by 7 bits. 'p_Text' is used as contents of the short message. If 'p_Text' contains less than 'p_NumOfChars' characters, 'p_Text' is repeated until the short message reaches the 'p_NumOfChars' characters long. The bits are arranged acc. to 3GPP TS 23.038 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.1.2.1.1.</p> <p>max. 160 characters, i.e. 140 octets.</p>
o_ConcatStrg	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> IA5String</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> P_String1: IA5String p_String2: IA5String</p> <p><b>Description</b> o_ConcatString concatenates 'p_String1' and 'p_String2' and returns the resulting string.</p> <p>EXAMPLE: o_ConcatString ("AT+CBST=0" , ",0") = "AT+CBST=0,0"</p>
o_ConvertIMSI	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> IMSI_GSM_MAP</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> P_Imsi : HEXSTRING The input parameter 'p_Imsi' is a BCD string (subset of HEXSTRING), the result is of type IMSI_GSM_MAP.</p>
o_ConvertTMSI	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> TMSI_GSM_MAP</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_Tmsi : OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b> The input parameter 'p_Tmsi' is an OCTETSTRING; the result is of type TMSI_GSM_MAP.</p>
o_ConvertPTMSI	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> P_TMSI_GSM_MAP</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_PTMSI : OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b> The input parameter 'PTMSI' is a OCTETSTRING, the result is of type P_TMSI_GSM_MAP.</p>

TSO Name	Description
o_ConvtPLMN	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>TMSI_GSM_MAP  <b>Parameters:</b> OCTETSTRING  p_MCC, p_MNC : HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b>  the functions of o_ConvtPLMN are as following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The least significant HEX of p_MNC is removed from p_MNC and inserted into p_MCC in the position left to the third HEX to form a new p_MCC of 4 HEXs, then swap the first HEX (left most, most significant Hex) with the second HEX of the new p_MCC.</li> <li>2. Swap the first Hex with the second HEX of the remaining part of p_MNC and append it to the new p_MCC formed in Step1 above.</li> </ol> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_ConvtPLMN('123'H, '456'H) = '216354'O.  EXAMPLE 2: o_ConvtPLMN ('234'H, '01F'H) = '32F410'O.</p>
o_ConvtAndConcatStr	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>OCTETSTRING  <b>Parameters:</b>  p_MCC, p_MNC : HEXSTRING; p_LAC : OCTETSTRING; p_RAC : OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b>  functions of o_ConvtAndConcatStr are as following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The least significant HEX of p_MNC is removed from p_MNC and inserted into p_MCC in the position left to the third HEX to form a new p_MCC of 4 HEXs, then swap the first HEX (left most, most significant Hex) with the second HEX of the new p_MCC.</li> <li>2. Swap the first Hex with the second HEX of the remaining part of p_MNC and append it to the new p_MCC formed in Step1 above.</li> <li>3. Append p_LAC to the result of Step 2, this is the final result if p_RAC is omitted.</li> <li>4. Append p_RAC to the result of Step 3, this is the final result.</li> </ol> <p>NOTE 1: Steps 1 and 2 are identical to o_ConvtPLMN.  NOTE 2: If p_RAC is omitted, 5 octets of Location Area Identification are produced (for SysInfo sending).  If p_RAC is not omitted, 6 octets of Routing Area Identification are produced (for SysInfo sending).</p> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_ConvtAndConcatStr ('123'H, '456'H, '0001'O, '01'O) = '216354000101'O.  EXAMPLE 2: o_ConvtAndConcatStr ('234'H, '01F'H, '0005'O, OMIT) = '32F4100005'O.</p>
o_DrawRandomNo	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> INTEGER  <b>Parameters:</b> p_LowerBound, p_UpperBound: INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b>  This operation draws a random number in the range of p_LowerBound and p_UpperBound. The result is in the range p_LowerBound, p_LowerBound+1, ..., p_UpperBound.</p>
o_FirstDigit	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> B4  <b>Parameters:</b>  p_BCDdigits : HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b>  The input parameter p_BCDdigits shall be a BCD string (subset of HEXSTRING), the result is a BITSTRING[4] of a binary representation of one BCD digit.  The function of the o_FirstDigit is to return the first (most significant) digit of the input parameter 'p_BCDdigits'.</p> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_FirstDigit('12345') = '0001'B.  EXAMPLE 2: o_FirstDigit('012345678') = '0000'B.</p>

TSO Name	Description
o_GetBit	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BITSTRING  <b>Parameters:</b>          p_Source: BITSTRING          p_DataLength:INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b>          o_GetBit returns the BITSTRING of length p_DataLength extracted from p_Source. The extraction shall start in the bit position 0 (at the left).</p>
3GPP TSG RAN WG5 (Testing)	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>OCTETSTRING  <b>Parameters:</b>          p_Start, p_N: INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b>          This operation returns N octets from a repeated pseudo random bit sequence, starting with octet position p_Start. The PRBS is the 2047 bit pseudo random test pattern defined in ITU-T Recommendation O.153 [Error! Reference source not found.] for measurements at 64 kbit/s and N x 64 kbit/s          o_GetN_OctetsFromPRBS( p_Start, p_N ) generates an OCTETSTRING containing p_N octets starting from octet number p_Start in the PRBS.  <b>Requirements</b>          p_Start ≥ 0          p_N ≥ 1  <b>Definition</b>          Define the 2 047 bit PRBS sequence b(i) as an m-sequence produced by using the following primitive (over GF(2)) generator polynomial of degree 11:  <math display="block">X^{11} + X^9 + 1</math>         This sequence is defined recursively as:  <math display="block">\begin{aligned} b(i) &amp;= 1 &amp; i = 0, 1, \dots, 10 \\ b(i) &amp;= b(i - 2) + b(i - 11) \text{ modulo } 2 &amp; i = 11, 12, \dots, 2046 \end{aligned}</math>         The OCTETSTRING, o(j) generated by the present TSO is produced by extracting p_N octets from the repeated sequence b(i) as follows:  <math display="block">o(j,k) = b( ( n_Start + j ) * 8 + k ) \text{ modulo } 2047</math>         where:  <math display="block">\begin{aligned} j &amp;= 0, 1, \dots, p_N - 1 \\ k &amp;= 0, 1, \dots, 7 \end{aligned}</math> <p>o(j,k) is the kth bit of the jth octet in o(j),          o(j,0) is the MSB of the jth octet in o(j),          o(j,7) is the LSB of the jth octet in o(j),</p> <p><b>Example results:</b>          o_GetN_OctetsFromPRBS( 0, 25 ) and o_GetN_OctetsFromPRBS( 2047, 25 ) both return:          'FFE665A5C5CA3452085408ABEECE4B0B813FD337873F2CD1E2'O          o_GetN_OctetsFromPRBS( 255, 25 ) and o_GetN_OctetsFromPRBS( 255 + 2047, 25 ) both return          '01FFCCCB4B8B9468A410A81157DD9C9617027FA66F0E7E59A3'O</p> </p>
o_GetPI	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BITSTRING  <b>Parameters:</b>          p_Imsi : HEXSTRING          p_Np: INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b>          The PI is calculated as following:  <math display="block">PI = drx\_index \bmod np</math>         The drx_index is calculated as described hereafter:  <math display="block">drx\_index = (p_Imsi / 8192)</math> <p>This calculation is defined in 3GPP TS 25.304 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 8.3.</p> <p>NOTE: The IMSI is passed as HEXSTRING, the relevant conversion shall be done.</p> </p>

TSO Name	Description
o_GetSC_TimeStamp	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> TP_ServCentreTimeSt</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_timezone : TZONES</p> <p>This operation provides the hexstring containing the Service Center Time Stamp (SCTS) according to 3GPP TS 23.040 [Error! Reference source not found.], clauses 9.2.2.1 and 9.2.3.11. The TSO reads the current time of the test systems clock and transforms the time in combination with the input parameter 'timezone' into a service center time stamp.</p> <p>Example: 2002 April 18, 15:32:46, timezone=4 o_GetSC_TimeStamp returns 20408151236440</p> <p>TPSCTS is HEXSTRING[14]</p>
o_HexToDigitsMCC	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>MCC</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_BCDdigits : HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b> The input parameter p_BCDdigits shall be a BCD string (subset of HEXSTRING), the result is a SEQUENCE (SIZE(3)) OF digit (MCC).</p> <p>NOTE: The length of p_BCDdigits shall be 3. User shall take the responsibility of fulfilling this requirement.</p> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_HexToDigitsMCC('111'H) = {1, 1, 1}. EXAMPLE 2: o_HexToDigitsMCC('123'H) = {1, 2, 3}.</p>
o_HexToDigitsMNC	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>MNC</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_BCDdigits : HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b> The function of this operation is:           <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The least significant HEX is removed if it is 'F' and the operation returns SEQUENCE (SIZE(2)) OF Digit.</li> <li>2. The operation returns SEQUENCE (SIZE(3)) OF Digit if all 3 HEX digits in p_BCDdigits are BCD Digit.</li> </ol> </p> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_HexToDigitsMNC('123'H) = {1, 2, 3}. EXAMPLE 2: o_HexToDigitsMNC('13F'H) = {1, 3}.</p>
o_HexToIA5	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> IA5String</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_String: HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b> o_HEX_TO_IA5 converts hexadecimal string 'p_String' to an IA5 String</p> <p>EXAMPLE: o_HEX_TO_IA5 ( '15A'H) = "15A".</p>
o_IA5_ToOct	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_String : IA5String</p> <p><b>Description</b> o_IA5_ToOct converts the string p_String from IA5String type to OCTETSTRING. Each character is mapped onto an octet, and bit 8 is set to 0. This TSO shall be used to convert Access Point Numbers for example. See 3GPP TS 24008, clause 10.5.6.1</p> <p>EXAMPLE: o_IA5_ToOct ( "15A") = '313541'O.</p>

TSO Name	Description
o_IA5_BMC_ToOct	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p>p_String :IA5String_BMC p_DCS: TP_DataCodingScheme</p> <p><b>Description</b></p> <p>o_IA5_BMC_ToOct converts the string p_String from IA5String_BMC type to OCTETSTRING. p_DCS determines how this is done (refer to 3GPP TS 23.038 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 5). If a 7 bit packing is to be applied then proceed as described in 3GPP TS 23.038 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 6.1.2.2.1 and clause 6.2.1. This is the default case. If 8bit data is to be used then proceed as described in 3GPP TS 23.038 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 6.2.2. If UCS2is to be used then proceed as described in 3GPP TS 23.038 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 6.2.3.</p> <p>The type IA5_BMC implies that the length of p_String is restricted to 1 246 octets. (Refer to 3GPP TS 23.041 [Error! Reference source not found.], 3GPP TS 23.038 [Error! Reference source not found.], 3GPP TS 25.324 [Error! Reference source not found.])</p> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_IA5_BMC_ToOct ("15A", '0F'0) = 'B15A10'0 ('0F'0 is the default codepoint, GSM 7 bit packed). EXAMPLE 2: o_IA5_BMC_ToOct ("15A", '00'0) = 'B15A10'0 (German Language, GSM 7 bit packed). EXAMPLE 3: o_IA5_BMC_ToOct ("15A", '01'0) = 'B15A10'0 (English Language, GSM 7 bit packed). EXAMPLE 4: o_IA5_BMC_ToOct ("15A", 'F0'0) = 'B15A10'0 (Data coding, no msg class, GSM 7 bit packed). EXAMPLE 5: o_IA5_BMC_ToOct ("15A", 'F1'0) = 'B15A10'0 (Data coding, class 1, GSM 7 bit packed). EXAMPLE 6: o_IA5_BMC_ToOct ("15A", 'F2'0) = &lt;8 bit data is user defined&gt; ( Data coding, no msg class, 8 bit data).</p>
o_IA5_IP_ToOct	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p>p_String: IA5String p_IP_V4: BOOLEAN</p> <p><b>Description</b></p> <p>o_IA5_IP_ToOct converts the string p_String from IA5String type to OCTETSTRING. p_String represents an IP address consisting of a number of fields of digits, separated by dots. Each one of the numbers of which the IP address consists is converted into one octet. The dots separating the numbers are ignored. p_IP_V4 is a BOOLEAN. When TRUE, an IP Version 4 address is to be converted, the maximum length of which is 4 octets, otherwise an IP Version 6 address is to be converted, the maximum length of which is 16 octets. See 3GPP TS 24.008 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 10.5.6.4.</p> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_IA5_IP_ToOct ("200.1.1.80", TRUE) = 'C8010150'0. EXAMPLE 2: o_IA5_IP_ToOct ("200.1.1.80.100", TRUE) should result in an appropriate error message. EXAMPLE 3: o_IA5_IP_ToOct ("300.1.1.80", TRUE) should result in an appropriate error message.</p>
o_IA5_DigitsToOct	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p>p_String: IA5String</p> <p><b>Description</b></p> <p>o_IA5_DigitsToOct converts the string p_String from IA5String type to OCTETSTRING. Each pair of characters is considered a pair of numbers to be mapped onto 1 octet. Each character of p_String shall represent a digit (0..9). In case the number of characters is odd, then a filler '1111'B is used to fill the last octet required to represent the digits. See 3GPP TS 24.008 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 10.5.4.7.</p>

TSO Name	Description
	<p>EXAMPLE 1: o_IA5_DigitsToOct ("0613454120") = '6031541402'O.      EXAMPLE 2: o_IA5_DigitsToOct ("06134541209") = '6031541402F9'O.      EXAMPLE 3: o_IA5_DigitsToOct ("A6134541209") should result in an appropriate error message.</p>
o_IntToOct	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>OCTETSTRING  <b>Parameters:</b>      p_N : INTEGER      p_L: INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b>      o_IntToOct converts the INTEGER `p_N` into OCTETSTRING with length = 'p_L'.      EXAMPLE 1: o_IntToOct(14,1) = '0E'O.      EXAMPLE 2: o_IntToOct(18,1) = '12'O.      EXAMPLE 3: o_IntToOct(18,2) = '0012'O.</p>
o_IntToIA5	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>IA5String  <b>Parameters:</b>      p_N : INTEGER; p_L: INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b>      o_IntToIA5 converts the INTEGER `p_N` into IA5 String with length = 'p_L'.      EXAMPLE 1: o_IntToIA5(160,3) = "160";      EXAMPLE 2: o_IntToIA5(160,4) = " 160";      EXAMPLE 3: o_IntToIA5(160,2) = "60".</p>
o_OctetstringConcat	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>OCTETSTRING  <b>Parameters:</b>      p_Str1, p_Str2: OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b>      o_OctetstringConcat Performs the concatenation of 2 octetstrings of possibly different lengths.      The octet significance is from left to right, i.e. the MSB is at the lefthand side.      Returns a resulting octetstring p_Str1    p_Str2.      EXAMPLE: o_OctetstringConcat('135'O, '9A38'O) = '1359A38'O.</p>
o_OctToBit	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BITSTRING  <b>Parameters:</b>      p_OctetStr: OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b>      Converts an OCTETSTRING into a BITSTRING.      The size of the resulting BITSTRING is 8 times the size of the input OCTETSTRING.</p>
o_OctToInt	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> INTEGER  <b>Parameters:</b>      p_oct : OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b>      Transform an OCTETSTRING of length 1 to 4 into an unsigned 32 bits IINTEGER value.      If the input octet string is larger than 4, then only the first 4 octets shall be considered.</p>
o_OctToIA5	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> IA5String  <b>Parameters:</b>      p_String: OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b>      o_OctToIA5 converts hexadecimal string 'p_String' to an IA5 String      EXAMPLE: o_OctToIA5 ('2A15AF'O) = "2A15AF".</p>

TSO Name	Description
o_OeBit	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>BITSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_BCDdigits: HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b> The input parameter 'p_BCDdigits' is a BCD string (subset of HEXSTRING), the result is BITSTRING[1]. The function of the o_OeBit is as the follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. It returns '1'B, if the length of the 'p_BCDdigits' is odd.</li> <li>2. It returns '0'B, if the length of the 'p_BCDdigits' is even.</li> </ol> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_OeBit('12583') = '1'B. EXAMPLE 2: o_OeBit('87259957') ='0'B.</p>
o_OtherDigits	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_BCDdigits : HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b> The input parameter ` p_BCDdigits ` is a BCD string (subset of HEXSTRING), the result is an even string of BCD digits, with eventually a filler 'F'H used. */  The function of the o_OtherDigits is as the follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the number of the 'p_BCDdigits' is odd, the operation removes the most significant digit, and then reverses the order of each pair of digits.</li> <li>2. If the number of the 'p_BCDdigits' is even, first the operation suffixes the `bcddigits` with 'F'H, then removes the most significant digit, and then reverses the order of each pair of digits.</li> </ol> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_OtherDigi('12345') = '3254', EXAMPLE 2: o_OtherDigi('12345678') ='325476F8'. See o_FirstDigit for the handling of the first digit.</p>
o_RoutingParameterIMSIResponsePaging	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> RoutingParameter</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_IMSI : HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b> The input parameter p_Imsi is a BCD string (subset of HEXSTRING), the result is of type RoutingParameter.  The tso returns the RoutingParameter, which consists of DecimalToBinary [(IMSI div 10) mod 1000]. The bits of the result are numbered from b0 to b9, with bit b0 being the least significant.</p>
o_SendInSameFrame	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BOOLEAN</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_NumberMsg : INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b> o_SendInSameFrame is called to request SS to send the p_NumberMsg messages in the same frame. Then it returns TRUE.</p>



<b>TSO Name</b>	<b>Description</b>
o_SIB_SegmentationFirstSpecial	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> SegmentsOfSysInfoBlock</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p>p_SIB_BitString : BITSTRING p_FirstSegLength : INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description:</b> The function of the o_SIB_Segmentation_FirstShort is as following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the p_SIB_BitString is less than or equal to p_FirstSegLength bits, the bit string is fit into one segment.</li> <li>2. If the input operand p_SIB_BitString is longer than p_FirstSegLength bits it is segmented from left to right into segments, each segment except the first one and the last one is 222 bits . The first one is p_FirstSegLength long. The last segment may be 222 bits or shorter. If the length of last segment is greater than 214 bits pad it to 222 bits with padding bits set to '0'B.</li> <li>3. The number of segments is assigned to segCount field of the result.</li> <li>4. The first segment is assigned to seg1 field of the result, the second segment is assigned to the seg2 field of the result, the third segment is assigned to the seg3 field of the result, and so on till the last segment.</li> <li>5. The value of parameter p_FirstSegLength shall be less than 197.</li> </ol>
o_CheckPDUsAcknowledged	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BOOLEAN</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p>p_NackList: NackList Contains a list of integers (possibly empty), each of which corresponds to a PDU SN. Negative acknowledgement is expected for each of these PDUs.</p> <p>p_FSN: INTEGER Contains an integer representing the first SN expected to be acknowledged.</p> <p>p_LSN: INTEGER Contains an integer representing the last SN expected to be acknowledged.</p> <p>p_SUFI_List: SuperFields This parameter contains the received SUFI list to be checked.</p> <p><b>Description:</b> This TSO is used to check that the given SUFI list contains any combination of SUFIs that fulfils the following requirements:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Negatively acknowledges all PDUs whose sequence numbers are in p_NackList. Note that the list may be empty.</li> <li>2. Positively acknowledges all other PDUs with sequence numbers greater than or equal to p_FSN, and less than or equal to p_LSN.</li> </ol> <p><b>Output:</b> This TSO returns a BOOLEAN value of TRUE if the SUFI list meets all of the requirements based on the given parameters. Otherwise the TSO returns FALSE.</p>

### 8.7.1.1 Specific test suite operation for RLC defined in BasicM

This TSO is defined in BasicM, it is used by RLC and MAC ATSSs.

**Table 120: TSO definitions for RLC SUFI handling**

TSO Name	Description
o_SUFI_Handler	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> ResAndSUFIs</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_SUFI_Params: SUFI_Params p_SUFI_String: HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Conditions:</b> Inputs: p_SUFI_Params: the list of checking criteria to be applied by the TSO p_SUFI_String: the HEXSTRING received containing the SUFIs Outputs: the BOOLEAN result of the TSO: TRUE if all checking and the filling of the SuperFields structure were successful; FALSE otherwise; in this case the TSO shall produce sufficient output to allow problem analysis</p>

**Table 121: ResAndSUFIs type and Processing of the SUFI parameters input to the TSO**

Parameter	Type	Setting	Meaning	Comment
Lower Bound <b>(LB)</b>	BITSTRING [12]	OMIT	Do not use !	
		AnyOrOmit	Do not use !	
		Any	Do not use !	
		Value	Use !	
NackList Element i <b>(Nacki)</b>	BITSTRING [12]	OMIT	Do not use !	
		AnyOrOmit	Do not use !	
		Any	Do not use !	
		Value	Use !	Check negative ack
Window Size SUFU presence <b>(WSN_presence)</b>	BOOLEAN	OMIT	Use !	Check absence
		AnyOrOmit	Do not use !	
		Any	Use !	Check presence
		Value	Use !	Check presence
MRW SUFI presence <b>(MRW_presence)</b>	BOOLEAN	OMIT	Use !	Check absence
		AnyOrOmit	Do not use !	
		Any	Use !	Check presence
		Value	Use !	Check presence

#### 8.7.1.1.1 Pseudocode in a C like notation

The pseudocode defined below can be written in a more compact fashion. The code hereafter is to allow easy identification of the TSO's tasks. All situations leading to a FALSE result must produce a log. This is not shown in the code hereafter. Possible wrap arounds are not shown in this section. These have to be accounted for at the appropriate places.

```

/* INITIALIZATION */
Initialize_ResAndSUFIs();                                     /* RESULT := TRUE, all SUFI fields are AnyOrOmit */

/* EXTRACTION OF SUFIs AND TRANSFER INTO THE TTCN SUFI STRUCTURE */
i = 0;
if (p_SUFI_String == NULL)
{
RESULT := FALSE;                                              /* No SUFIs -> Result is FALSE */
RETURN;
}
SUFU := Extract_SUFU(i);
while (SUFU != NULL)                                           /* Let n SUFI be numbered from 0 to n-1 */
/* TRUE when there is a SUFI */
{

```

```

Set_SUFI_ListRec(SUFI);                                /* Put the SUFI at the correct place in the
resulting */
/* SUFI structure; overwrite if the SUFI type has */
/* already been extracted except LIST SUFIs which all are to be collected */
i++;
SUFI := Extract_SUFI(i);                            /* Get next SUFI */
}

/* FOR ALL SUFI TYPES: IF EXISTING, PERFORM CONSISTENCY CHECK */
if Exists_SUFI (ACK) AND NOT CheckConsistency (ACK)
RESULT := FALSE;                                     /* ACK SUFI inconsistent -> Result is FALSE */
.....
if Exists_SUFI (WINDOW) AND NOT CheckConsistency (WINDOW)
RESULT := FALSE;                                     /* WINDOW SUFI inconsistent -> Result is FALSE */

/* TAKE THE INDIVIDUAL CHECKING PARAMETERS & PERFORM THE EXPECTED CHECKING */
/* PART 1: EXISTENCE CHECKS */
if ((WSN_presence == Any) OR (WSN_presence == TRUE) OR (WSN_presence == FALSE)) AND NOT
Exists_SUFI(WINDOW)
RESULT := FALSE;                                     /* WINDOW not ex. but should -> Result is FALSE */
if ((MRW_presence == Any) OR (MRW_presence == TRUE) OR (MRW_presence == FALSE)) AND NOT
Exists_SUFI(MRW)
RESULT := FALSE;                                     /* MRW not ex. but should -> Result is FALSE */

/* PART 2: RANGE AND NACK CHECKS OF SUFI CONTENTS*/
/* ACK: LB <= LSN received <= UB */
if NOT (LB <= Extract_SUFI_Value(ACK) -1 AND Extract_SUFI_Value(ACK) -1 <= UB)
RESULT := FALSE;                                     /* ACK value not in the expected range */
/* LB: first SN acceptable as LSN received */
/* UB: last SN acceptable as LSN received */
/* LSN received acks SNs upto LSN received -1 */

/* Bitmap */
/* for all SNs between between LB and UB */
{
if (ExtractBitmap(FSN extracted, LENGTH extracted, Bitmap extracted, SN) == 1) AND (SN in NackList)
RESULT := FALSE;                                     /* if the bit in the Bitmap is not 0 */
if (ExtractBitmap(FSN extracted, LENGTH extracted, Bitmap extracted, SN) == 0) AND (SN NOT in
NackList)
RESULT := FALSE;                                     /* if the bit in the Bitmap is not 0 */
}

/* LIST */
/* The (SNi,Li) pairs identify AMD PDUs which have not been correctly received. */
/* Therefore the (SNi,Li) pairs have to be consistent with the NackList. */
/* The (SNi,Li) pairs may be contained in multiple LIST SUFIs conveyed in one STATUS PDU */

/* RLIST */
/* The CWs represent the distance between the previous indicated erroneous AMD PDU */
/* up to and including the next erroneous AMD PDU, starting from the FSN contained in the RLIST
SUFI. */
/* Therefore the FSN and the Codewords have to be consistent with the NackList. */
/* Error burst indicator has to be treated as a separate case. May not have to be implemented
currently. */
/* MRW */
/* LENGTH = 0 */
/* 1 SN_MRWi is present and the RLC SDU to be discarded extends above the configured transmission
window in the sender */
/* LENGTH = 1 ... 15 */
/* 1 ...15 SN_MRWi */
/* a) MRW configured → an SN_MRWi indicates the end of each discarded RLC SDU */
/* n SN_MRWs → n RLC SDUs discarded */
/* b) MRW not configured → an SN_MRWi indicates end of last RLC SDU to be discarded */
/* in the receiver */

/* To be implemented as far as required by the RLC ATS */
/* MRW ACK */
/* The SN_ACK must be consistent with the information sent in a previous MRW SUFI upon which the */
/* MRW ACK represents the answer. */
/* NO MORE */
/* no checking required */
/* SUBFUNCTIONS USED*/
Check_Consistency (SUFI_type)                      /* returns TRUE when the type fulfills the */

```

```

/* requirements of the spec. TS 25.322*/
Exists_SUFI (SUFI_type)                                /* returns TRUE when the specified */

/* type has been extracted, therefore exists*/
ExtractBitmap(FSN extracted, LENGTH extracted, Bitmap extracted, Criterion)
    /* Extract the value in the Bitmap at position Criterion */
    /* Calculation based on information received in the */
    /* Bitmap SUFI */
    /* returns the SUFI extracted at position counter */

Extract_SUFI (Counter)                                 /* returns the SUFI extracted at position counter */

/* from the input p_SUFI_String; */
/* n SUFIs from positions 0 to n-1 */
/* returns NULL if there is no further SUFI */
Extract_SUFI_Value (SUFI_type, field_type)           /* extract the value of specific field type */

/* contained in a specific SUFI type */
/* There will be several flavours depending upon the */
/* result (field) type */
Initialize_ResAndSUFIs ()                           /* Initialize RESULT and all SUFI fields */
Set_SUFI_ListRec(SUFI)                            /* set return values RESULT and */
                                                /* SUFI structure SUFI_ListRec */

```

## 8.7.2 Specific test suite operation definitions for Multi RAT Handover testing

**Table 122: TSO definitions for Multi RAT handover**

TSO Name	Description
o_O_CheckClassmark3	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BOOLEAN</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p>p_FromUE : OCTETSTRING  p_FDD, p_TDD, p_P_GSM_900_BAND, p_E_GSM_900_BAND : BOOLEAN  p_R_GSM_900_BAND, p_DCS_1800_BAND, p_GSM_450_BAND : BOOLEAN  p_GSM_480_BAND, p_GSM_850_BAND, p_TypeGSMClass2 : BOOLEAN  p_TypeGSMClass3, p_TypeGSMClass4, p_TypeGSMClass5 : BOOLEAN  p_TypeDCSClass1, p_TypeDCSClass2, p_TypeDCSClass3 : BOOLEAN  p_TypePCSClass1, p_TypePCSClass2, p_TypePCSClass3 : BOOLEAN  p_TypeGSM850Class2, p_TypeGSM850Class3, p_TypeGSM850Class4 : BOOLEAN  p_TypeGSM850Class5, p_DTM_Multislotclass5, p_DTM_Multislotclass9 : BOOLEAN  p_DTM_SingleSlotAllocation, p_EOTD_Assist, p_A_GPS_Assist : BOOLEAN  p_A_GPS_Based, p_Conv_GPS, p_EOTD_Based : BOOLEAN  p_MultiSlotClass, p_EGPRS_MultiSlotClass : B5  p_SMS_Value, p_SM_Value, p_GSM400_RadioCapability : B4  p_RGSM_RadioCapability : B3  p_DTM_EGPRS_MultiSlotSubClass, p_EDGEPwrCap1, p_EDGEPwrCap2 : B2  p_MS_ClsmkA5_4, p_MS_ClsmkA5_5, p_MS_ClsmkA5_6, p_MS_ClsmkA5_7 : B1  p_CDMA2000, p_ExtMeasCap, p_ModulationCapability, p_UCS2Treatment : B1</p> <p><b>Description</b></p> <p>This is exactly the same as o_P_CheckClassmark3 except the first parameter is different. This version is used when UE sends an OCTETSTRING in UE Capability Information</p> <p>To check each bit of the received octetstring from the UE against the CSN.1 format constraint. The format of the Classmark3 IE is as follows:</p> <pre> &lt;Classmark 3 Value part&gt; ::=  &lt; spare bit &gt;  {&lt; Multiband supported : { 000 } &gt;      &lt; A5 bits &gt;   &lt; Multiband supported : { 101   110 } &gt;      &lt; A5 bits &gt;      &lt; Associated Radio Capability 2 : bit(4) &gt;      &lt; Associated Radio Capability 1 : bit(4) &gt;   &lt; Multiband supported : { 001   010   100 } &gt;      &lt; A5 bits &gt;      &lt; spare bit &gt;(4)      &lt; Associated Radio Capability 1 : bit(4) &gt; </pre>

TSO Name	Description
	<pre> { 0   1 &lt; R Support &gt; } { 0   1 &lt; Multi Slot Capability &gt; } &lt; UCS2 treatment: bit &gt; &lt; Extended Measurement Capability : bit &gt; { 0   1 &lt; MS measurement capability &gt; } { 0   1 &lt; MS Positioning Method Capability &gt; } { 0   1 &lt; EDGE Multi Slot Capability &gt; } { 0   1 &lt; EDGE Struct &gt; } { 0   1 &lt; GSM 400 Bands Supported : { 01   10   11 } &gt;     &lt; GSM 400 Associated Radio Capability: bit(4) &gt; } { 0   1 &lt;GSM 850 Associated Radio Capability : bit(4) &gt; } { 0   1 &lt;GSM 1900 Associated Radio Capability : bit(4) &gt; } &lt; UMTS FDD Radio Access Technology Capability : bit &gt; &lt; UMTS TDD Radio Access Technology Capability : bit &gt; &lt; CDMA 2000 Radio Access Technology Capability : bit &gt; { 0   1 &lt; DTM GPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class : bit(2) &gt;     &lt; Single Slot DTM : bit &gt;     { 0   1 &lt; DTM EGPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class : bit(2) &gt; } } { 0   1 &lt; Single Band Support &gt; } &lt; spare bit &gt;** ; &lt; A5 bits &gt; ::= &lt; A5/7 : bit &gt; &lt; A5/6 : bit &gt; &lt; A5/5 : bit &gt; &lt; A5/4 : bit &gt; ; &lt; R Support&gt; ::= &lt; R-GSM band Associated Radio Capability : bit(3) &gt; ; &lt; Multi Slot Capability &gt; ::= &lt; Multi Slot Class : bit(5) &gt; ; &lt; MS Measurement capability &gt; ::= &lt; SMS_VALUE : bit (4) &gt;     &lt; SM_VALUE : bit (4) &gt; ; &lt; MS Positioning Method Capability &gt; ::= &lt; MS Positioning Method : bit(5) &gt; ; &lt; EDGE Multi Slot Capability &gt; ::= &lt; EDGE Multi Slot Class : bit(5) &gt; ; &lt;EDGE Struct&gt; ::= &lt; Modulation Capability : bit &gt;     { 0   1 &lt; EDGE RF Power Capability 1: bit(2) &gt; }     { 0   1 &lt; EDGE RF Power Capability 2: bit(2) &gt; } ; &lt; Single Band Support &gt; ::= &lt; GSMBand : bit(4) &gt; ; </pre>
o_P_CheckClassmark3	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BOOLEAN</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p>p_FromUE : MSCLSMK3  p_FDD, p_TDD, p_P_GSM_900_BAND, p_E_GSM_900_BAND : BOOLEAN  p_R_GSM_900_BAND, p_DCS_1800_BAND, p_GSM_450_BAND : BOOLEAN  p_GSM_480_BAND, p_GSM_850_BAND, p_TypeGSMClass2 : BOOLEAN  p_TypeGSMClass3, p_TypeGSMClass4, p_TypeGSMClass5 : BOOLEAN  p_TypeDCSClass1, p_TypeDCSClass2, p_TypeDCSClass3 : BOOLEAN  p_TypePCSClass1, p_TypePCSClass2, p_TypePCSClass3 : BOOLEAN  p_TypeGSM850Class2, p_TypeGSM850Class3, p_TypeGSM850Class4 : BOOLEAN  p_TypeGSM850Class5, p_DTM_Multislotclass5, p_DTM_Multislotclass9 : BOOLEAN  p_DTM_SingleSlotAllocation, p_EOTD_Assist, p_A_GPS_Assist : BOOLEAN  p_A_GPS_Based, p_Conv_GPS, p_EOTD_Based : BOOLEAN  p_MultiSlotClass, p_EGPRS_MultiSlotClass : B5  p_SMS_Value, p_SM_Value, p_GSM400_RadioCapability : B4  p_RGSM_RadioCapability : B3  p_DTM_EGPRS_MultiSlotSubClass, p_EDGEPwrCap1, p_EDGEPwrCap2 : B2  p_MS_ClsmkA5_4, p_MS_ClsmkA5_5, p_MS_ClsmkA5_6, p_MS_ClsmkA5_7 : B1  p_CDMA2000, p_ExtMeasCap, p_ModulationCapability, p_UCS2Treatment : B1</p> <p><b>Description</b></p> <p>This is exactly the same as o_O_CheckClassmark3 except the first parameter is different. This version is used when UE sends the MSCLSMK3 PDU in CLASSMARK CHANGE</p> <p>To check each bit of the received octetstring from the UE against the CSN.1 format constraint. The format of the Classmark3 IE is as follows:</p> <p>&lt;Classmark 3 Value part&gt; ::=</p>

TSO Name	Description
	<pre> &lt; spare bit &gt; {&lt; Multiband supported : { 000 } &gt;   &lt; A5 bits &gt;  &lt; Multiband supported : { 101   110 } &gt;   &lt; A5 bits &gt;   &lt; Associated Radio Capability 2 : bit(4) &gt;   &lt; Associated Radio Capability 1 : bit(4) &gt;  &lt; Multiband supported : { 001   010   100 } &gt;   &lt; A5 bits &gt;   &lt; spare bit &gt;(4)   &lt; Associated Radio Capability 1 : bit(4) &gt; }  { 0   1 &lt; R Support &gt; } { 0   1 &lt; Multi Slot Capability &gt; } &lt; UCS2 treatment: bit &gt; &lt; Extended Measurement Capability : bit &gt; { 0   1 &lt; MS measurement capability &gt; } { 0   1 &lt; MS Positioning Method Capability &gt; } { 0   1 &lt; EDGE Multi Slot Capability &gt; } { 0   1 &lt; EDGE Struct &gt; }  { 0   1 &lt; GSM 400 Bands Supported : { 01   10   11 } &gt;   &lt; GSM 400 Associated Radio Capability: bit(4) &gt; } { 0   1 &lt;GSM 850 Associated Radio Capability : bit(4) &gt; } { 0   1 &lt;GSM 1900 Associated Radio Capability : bit(4) &gt; }  &lt; UMTS FDD Radio Access Technology Capability : bit &gt; &lt; UMTS TDD Radio Access Technology Capability : bit &gt; &lt; CDMA 2000 Radio Access Technology Capability : bit &gt;  { 0   1 &lt; DTM GPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class : bit(2) &gt;   &lt; Single Slot DTM : bit &gt;   { 0   1 &lt; DTM EGPRS Multi Slot Sub-Class : bit(2) &gt; } }  { 0   1 &lt; Single Band Support &gt; }  &lt; spare bit &gt;** ;  &lt; A5 bits &gt; ::= &lt; A5/7 : bit &gt; &lt; A5/6 : bit &gt; &lt; A5/5 : bit &gt; &lt; A5/4 : bit &gt; ; &lt; R Support&gt; ::= &lt; R-GSM band Associated Radio Capability : bit(3) &gt; ; &lt; Multi Slot Capability &gt; ::= &lt; Multi Slot Class : bit(5) &gt; ; &lt; MS Measurement capability &gt; ::= &lt; SMS_VALUE : bit (4) &gt;   &lt; SM_VALUE : bit (4) &gt; ;  &lt; MS Positioning Method Capability &gt; ::= &lt; MS Positioning Method : bit(5) &gt; ; &lt; EDGE Multi Slot Capability &gt; ::= &lt; EDGE Multi Slot Class : bit(5) &gt; ; &lt;EDGE Struct&gt; ::= &lt; Modulation Capability : bit &gt;   { 0   1 &lt; EDGE RF Power Capability 1: bit(2) &gt; }   { 0   1 &lt; EDGE RF Power Capability 2: bit(2) &gt; } ;  &lt; Single Band Support &gt; ::= &lt; GSMBand : bit(4) &gt; ; </pre>
o_PacketPagingGroupCalculate	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> INTEGER</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IMSI : HEXSTRING</li> <li>KC_Conf : INTEGER</li> <li>M : INTEGER</li> <li>N : INTEGER</li> <li>SplitPGCycle : B8</li> </ul> <p><b>Description:</b></p> <p><u>It returns the calculated Packet Paging Group, according to:</u></p> <p>PAGING_GROUP (0 ... M-1) = ( ( (IMSI mod 1000) div (KC*N) ) * N + (IMSI mod 1000) mod N + Max((m * M) div SPLIT_PG_CYCLE, m)) mod M  for m = 0, ... , Min(M, SPLIT_PG_CYCLE) -1  where  KC = number of (P)CCCH in the cell = BS_PCC_CHANS for PCCCH or BS_CC_CHANS</p>

TSO Name	Description
	<p>for CCCH</p> <p>M = number of paging blocks "available" on one (P)CCCH =  <math>(12 - \text{BS\_PAG\_BLKS\_RES} - \text{BS\_PBCCH\_BLKS}) * 64</math> for PCCCH  <math>(9 - \text{BS\_AG\_BLKS\_RES}) * 64</math> for CCCH not combined  <math>(3 - \text{BS\_AG\_BLKS\_RES}) * 64</math> for CCCH + SDCCH combined</p> <p>N=1 for PCCCH  <math>(9 - \text{BS\_AG\_BLKS\_RES}) * \text{BS\_PA\_MFRMS}</math> for CCCH not combined  <math>(3 - \text{BS\_AG\_BLKS\_RES}) * \text{BS\_PA\_MFRMS}</math> for CCCH/SDCCH combined</p> <p>SPLIT_PG_CYCLE is an MS specific parameter negotiated at GPRS attach (see 3GPP TS 04.60)</p> <p>IMSI = International Mobile Subscriber Identity, as defined in 3GPP TS 03.03.</p>
o_PagingGroupCalculate	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> INTEGER</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p>p_IMSI : HEXSTRING  p_CCCH_Conf : B_3  p_N : INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b></p> <p>Calculate the PAGING_GROUP (0 .. N?1) = <math>((\text{IMSI} \bmod 1000) \bmod (\text{BS\_CC\_CHANS} \times N)) \bmod N</math></p> <p>where :</p> <p>N = number of paging blocks "available" on one CCCH = (number of paging blocks "available" in a 51-multiframe on one CCCH) <math>\times \text{BS\_PA\_MFRMS}</math>.</p> <p>IMSI = International Mobile Subscriber Identity, as defined in 3GPP TS 23.003 [Error! Reference source not found.].</p> <p>mod = Modulo.  div = Integer division.</p>
o_SecondDigit	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> B4</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p>p_digits : HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b></p> <p>The input parameter bcddigits shall be a BCD string (subset of HEXSTRING) except the third digit can take value 'F'H, the result is a BITSTRING[4] of a binary representation of one digit in the input string.</p> <p>The function of the o_SecondDigit is to return the second digit of the input parameter p_digits.</p> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_G_FirstDigit('123') = '0010'B.  EXAMPLE 2: o_G_FirstDigit('01F') = '0001'B.</p>
o_ThirdDigit	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> B4</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p>p_digits : HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b></p> <p>The input parameter bcddigits shall be a BCD string (subset of HEXSTRING) except the third digit can take value 'F'H, the result is a BITSTRING[4] of a binary representation of one digit in the input string.</p> <p>The function of the o_ThirdDigit is to return the third digit of the input parameter p_digits.</p> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_G_FirstDigit('123') = '0011'B.  EXAMPLE 2: o_G_FirstDigit('01F') = '1111'B.</p>
o_TTCN_HO_CommandToBitstring	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BITSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p>p_PDU : PDU</p> <p><b>Description</b></p> <p>The function of the o_TTCN_HOCommandToBitstring is as the follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- It returns the bitstring representation of the input HANOVERCOMMAND p_PDU.</li> </ul>

### 8.7.3 Specific test suite operation for Multi RAB testing

**Table 123: TSO definitions for Multi RAB testing**

TSO Name	Description
o_SendContinuousData	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BOOLEAN</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_RAB_Tx_Info : RAB_Tx_Info</p> <p><b>Conditions:</b> Inputs: p_RAB_Tx_Info: test data, number of RBs, and RB info of each RB (RB id, SDU size and number of SDUs to be transmitted in consecutive TTIs)</p> <p><b>Outputs:</b> The BOOLEAN result of the TSO: TRUE if system simulator accepts the information sent from TTCN FALSE if system simulator rejects the information sent from TTCN.</p> <p><b>Description</b> When sending the data through the TSO, after the CMAC_Restriction_REQ, the TFC under test will be one corresponding the maximum CTFC value in the Restricted list, so that SS can select the number of Transport blocks and the size of Transport blocks on individual Transport channels derived from this CTFC. Starting from the beginning of the raw data buffer given in the TSO: Data to be sent on a particular RbId is the first (number of SDUs * SDU_Size) bits All calls to TSO o_sendContinuousData in a test will always specify the exact same set of RbIds.</p>

**Table 124: RAB\_Tx\_Info type**

Structure Type Definition			
<b>Type Name:</b> RAB_Tx_Info			
<b>Encoding Variation:</b>			
<b>Comments:</b> To provide the information to SS to send data in every TTI on each RAB. Number of RBs depends on specific requirement. SS shall take care about all kind of discard info in all RLC modes and final aim is DL TFCs under test shall be selected in downlink for each TTI.			
Element name	Type Definition	Field Encoding	Comments
test data	BITSTRING		The raw test data buffer
no_of_rbs	INTEGER		No of Radio Bearers
rb_tx_info1	RB_Tx_Info		Info about RB id, SDU size and number of SDUs
rb_tx_info2	RB_Tx_Info		Info about RB id, SDU size and number of SDUs
rb_tx_info3	RB_Tx_Info		Info about RB id, SDU size and number of SDUs
rb_tx_info4	RB_Tx_Info		Info about RB id, SDU size and number of SDUs
rb_tx_info5	RB_Tx_Info		Info about RB id, SDU size and number of SDUs
rb_tx_info6	RB_Tx_Info		Info about RB id, SDU size and number of SDUs

**Table 125: RB\_Tx\_Info type**

Structure Type Definition			
<b>Type Name:</b> RB_Tx_Info			
<b>Encoding Variation:</b>			
<b>Comments:</b>			
Element name	Type Definition	Field Encoding	Comments
rb_id	INTEGER		
sdu_size	INTEGER		
no_of_sdus	INTEGER		

## 8.7.4 Specific test suite operation for InterSystem Handover testing

**Table 126: TSO definitions for InterSystem testing**

TSO Name	Description
o_CheckClassmark2	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BOOLEAN</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> FromUE : OCTETSTRING Constraint : MS_Clsmk2</p> <p><b>Description:</b> To check each bit of the received octetstring from the UE against the tabular format constraint. All fields in the IE are mandatory, therefore every bit has to match for a TRUE result to be achieved.</p>
o_HO_PER_Encoding	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BITSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_Msg : DL_DCCH_Message</p> <p><b>Description:</b> It returns the unaligned PER encoding (BIT STRING) of the input downlink DCCH message p_Msg (without "Encoder added (1-7) bits padding").</p>
OC_LeastBits	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BITSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> bstring : BITSTRING lg : INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description:</b> It returns the `lg` least significant bits of the original `bstring`. for example: OC_LeastBits('110011000101010'B, 3) = '010'B, OC_LeastBits('110011000101010'B, 6) = '101010'B.</p>
OC_MostBits	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BITSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> bstring : BITSTRING lg : INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description:</b> It returns the `lg` most significant bits of the original `bstring`. for example: OC_MostBits ('110011000101010'B, 3) = '010'B, OC_MostBits ('110011000101010'B, 6) = '101010'B.</p>

## 8.8 AT commands

Table 127 shows a list of AT commands. By using these commands the ATSS communicate with the SS for an automatic execution. The column "ATS" indicates in which ATS the command is used.

**Table 127: AT commands used in 3GPP ATSS**

Command	Reference	ATS
+CGACT	3GPP TS 27.007 <b>[Error! Reference source not found.]</b>	BMC, MAC, NAS, RAB, RLC, RRC, PDCP, SMS
+CGATT	3GPP TS 27.007 <b>[Error! Reference source not found.]</b>	BMC, MAC, NAS, RAB, RLC, RRC, PDCP, SMS

+CGCMOD	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	NAS
+CGDCONT	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	BMC, MAC, NAS, RAB, RLC, RRC, PDCP, SMS
+CGDSCONT	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	NAS
+CGEQREQ	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	BMC, MAC, NAS, RAB, RLC, RRC, PDCP, SMS
+CLCC	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	NAS
+VTS	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	NAS
H	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	NAS, RAB, RRC, SMS
+CBST	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	NAS, RAB, RRC, SMS
+CMOD	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	NAS, RAB, RRC, SMS
A	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	NAS, RAB, RRC, SMS
D	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	BMC, MAC, NAS, RAB, RLC, RRC, PDCP, SMS
+CGMD	3GPP TS 27.005 [Error! Reference source not found.]	SMS
+CGMF	3GPP TS 27.005 [Error! Reference source not found.]	SMS
+CGMR	3GPP TS 27.005 [Error! Reference source not found.]	SMS
+CMGW	3GPP TS 27.005 [Error! Reference source not found.]	SMS
+CMSS	3GPP TS 27.005 [Error! Reference source not found.]	NAS, RAB, RRC, SMS
+CPMS	3GPP TS 27.005 [Error! Reference source not found.]	SMS
+CSCA	3GPP TS 27.005 [Error! Reference source not found.]	SMS
+CSCS	3GPP TS 27.005 [Error! Reference source not found.]	SMS
+CSMS	3GPP TS 27.005 [Error! Reference source not found.]	SMS

## 8.8.1 AT command lists in ATSS

### 8.8.1.1 AT commands in IR\_U ATs:

Command	Syntax in TTCN	Comments
CBST	AT+CBST=[<speed>[,<name>[,<ce>]]]<CR> <speed>=0,7,12,14,15,16,17,39,43,47,48,49,50,51,71,75,79,80,81,82,83,84,115,11 6,120,121 <name>=0,1,4,5 <ce>=0,1	Select bearer service type, TS 27.007 clause 6.7
CGACT	AT+CGACT=1,1<CR> AT+CGACT=0,1<CR>	PDP context activate or deactivate, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.10
CGATT	AT+CGATT=1<CR>	PS attach or detach, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.9
CGDSCONT	AT+CGDSCONT= 1,<CR> AT+ CGDSCONT=1 , 1, "IP", 0,0,<CR>	Establish secondary PDP Context, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.2
CGEQREQ	AT+CGEQREQ=1,2,64,64,,,1,320,"1E4","1E5",1,,3<CR> AT+CGEQREQ=1,3,64,64,,,1,320,"1E4","1E5",1,,<CR>	Quality of Service Profile (Requested), TS 27.007 clause 10.1.4
CMOD	AT+CMOD=0<CR> AT+CMOD=1<CR>	Call mode, TS 27.007 clause 6.4
CMSS	AT+CMSS=000<CR> AT+CMSS=001<CR> AT+CMSS=002<CR>	Send Message from Storage, TS 27.005 clause 3.5.2

### 8.8.1.2 AT commands in MAC and RLC ATs:

Command	Syntax in TTCN	Comments
CGATT	AT+CGATT=1<CR>	PS attach or detach, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.9

### 8.8.1.3 AT commands in NAS ATS:

Command	Syntax in TTCN	Comments
CBST	AT+CBST=[<speed>[,<name>[,<ce>]]]<CR> <speed>=0,7,12,14,15,16,17,39,43,47,48,49,50,51,71,75,79,80,81,82,83,84,115,11 6,120,121 <name>=0,1,4,5 <ce>=0,1	Select bearer service type, TS 27.007 clause 6.7
CGACT	AT+CGACT=1,1<CR> AT+CGACT=0,1<CR>	PDP context activate or deactivate, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.10
CGATT	AT+CGATT=1<CR> AT+CGATT=0<CR>	PS attach or detach, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.9
CGDATA	AT+CGDATA=PPP,1<CR>	Enter data state, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.12
CGDCONT	AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","ABCDEF","200.1.1.80",0,0<CR> AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","GHIJK","200.1.1.90",0,0<CR>	Define PDP Context, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.1
CGDSCONT	AT+CGDSCONT=1,<CR> AT+CGDSCONT=1 , 1, "IP", 0,0,<CR>	Establish secondary PDP Context, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.2
CGEQMIN	AT+CGEQMIN=1,3,32,32,,,1,320,"1E3","4E3",1,,<CR> AT+CGEQMIN=1,3,64,64,,,1,320,"1E3","4E3",1,,<CR> AT+CGEQMIN=1,2,32, 32, 32, 32, 1, 320, 1E4,6E8,1,,,<CR> AT+CGEQMIN=1,3,32, 32, 32, 32, 1, 320, 1E4,6E8,1,,,<CR> AT+CGEQMIN=1,2,32, 32, 32, 32, 1, 320, 1E3,6E8,1,,,<CR> AT+CGEQMIN=1,3,32, 32, 32, 32, 1, 320, 1E3,6E8,1,,,<CR> AT+CGEQMIN=1,2,64, 64, 64, 64, 1, 320, 1E3,6E8,1,,,<CR> AT+CGEQMIN=1,3,64, 64, 64, 64, 1, 320, 1E3,6E8,1,,,<CR>	Quality of Service Profile (Minimum acceptable), TS 27.007 clause 10.1.4
CGEQREQ	AT+CGEQREQ=1,2,64,64,,,1,320,"1E4","1E5",1,,3<CR> AT+CGEQREQ=1,3,64,64,,,1,320,"1E4","1E5",1,,<CR> AT+CGEQREQ=1,2,64, 64, 64, 64, 1, 320, 1E4,6E8,1,,,<CR> AT+CGEQREQ=1,3,64, 64, 64, 64, 1, 320, 1E4,6E8,1,,,<CR>	Quality of Service Profile (Requested), TS 27.007 clause 10.1.4
CLCC	AT+CLCC<CR>	List current calls, TS 27.007 clause 7.18
CMOD	AT+CMOD=0<CR> AT+CMOD=1<CR>	Call mode, TS 27.007 clause 6.4
CMSS	AT+CMSS=000<CR> AT+CMSS=001<CR> AT+CMSS=002<CR>	Send Message from Storage, TS 27.005 clause 3.5.2
VTS	AT+VTS=0,100<CR> AT+VTS=1,50<CR> AT+VTS=2,60<CR> AT+VTS=3,40<CR> AT+VTS=4,50<CR> AT+VTS=5,60<CR> AT+VTS=6,70<CR> AT+VTS=7,80<CR> AT+VTS=8,90<CR> AT+VTS=9,100<CR> AT+VTS=#,110<CR> AT+VTS=*,120<CR> AT+VTS=A,130<CR> AT+VTS=B,140<CR> AT+VTS=C,150<CR> AT+VTS=D,200<CR>	DTMF and tone generation, TS 27.007 clause C.2.11

### 8.8.1.4 AT commands in RAB ATS:

Command	Syntax in TTCN	Comments
CBST	AT+CBST=[<speed>[,<name>[,<ce>]]]<CR> <speed>=0,7,12,14,15,16,17,39,43,47,48,49,50,51,71,75,79,80,81,82,83,84,115,11 6,120,121 <name>=0,1,4,5 <ce>=0,1	Select bearer service type, TS 27.007 clause 6.7
CGACT	AT+CGACT=1,1<CR> AT+CGACT=0,1<CR>	PDP context activate or deactivate, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.10
CGATT	AT+CGATT=1<CR>	PS attach or detach, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.9
CGDCONT	AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","ABCDEF","200.1.1.80",0,0<CR> AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","GHIJK","200.1.1.90",0,0<CR>	Define PDP Context, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.1
CGDSCONT	AT+CGDSCONT=1,<CR> AT+CGDSCONT=1 , 1, "IP", 0,0,<CR>	Establish secondary PDP Context, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.2
CGEQREQ	AT+CGEQREQ=1,2,64,64,,,1,320,"1E4","1E5",1,,3<CR> AT+CGEQREQ=1,3,64,64,,,1,320,"1E4","1E5",1,,<CR>	Quality of Service Profile (Requested), TS 27.007 clause 10.1.4
CMOD	AT+CMOD=0<CR> AT+CMOD=1<CR>	Call mode, TS 27.007 clause 6.4
CMSS	AT+CMSS=000<CR> AT+CMSS=001<CR> AT+CMSS=002<CR>	Send Message from Storage, TS 27.005 clause 3.5.2

### 8.8.1.5 AT commands in RRC ATS:

Command	Syntax in TTCN	Comments
ATA	ATA<CR>	Answer a call, TS 27.007 clause 6.35
ATD	ATD0123456902;<CR> ATD112;<CR> ATD0123456902<CR>	Originates a call, TS 27.007 clause 6.31
ATH	ATH<CR>	Hang-up a single mode call, TS 27.007 clause 6.36
CBST	AT+CBST=[<speed>[,<name>[,<ce>]]]<CR> <speed>=0,7,12,14,15,16,17,39,43,47,48,49,50,51,71,75,79,80,81,82,83,84,115,11 6,120,121 <name>=0,1,4,5 <ce>=0,1	Select bearer service type, TS 27.007 clause 6.7
CGACT	AT+CGACT=1,1<CR> AT+CGACT=0,1<CR>	PDP context activate or deactivate, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.10
CGATT	AT+CGATT=1<CR>	PS attach or detach, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.9
CGDCONT	AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","ABCDEF","200.1.1.80",0,0<CR> AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","GHIJK","200.1.1.90",0,0<CR>	Define PDP Context, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.1
CGDSCONT	AT+CGDSCONT=1,<CR> AT+CGDSCONT=1 , 1, "IP", 0,0,<CR>	Establish secondary PDP Context, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.2
CGEQREQ	AT+CGEQREQ=1,2,64,64,,,1,320,"1E4","1E5",1,,3<CR> AT+CGEQREQ=1,3,64,64,,,1,320,"1E4","1E5",1,,<CR>	Quality of Service Profile (Requested), TS 27.007 clause 10.1.4
CMOD	AT+CMOD=0<CR> AT+CMOD=1<CR>	Call mode, TS 27.007 clause 6.4
CMSS	AT+CMSS=000<CR> AT+CMSS=001<CR> AT+CMSS=002<CR>	Send Message from Storage, TS 27.005 clause 3.5.2

### 8.8.1.6 AT commands SMS ATS:

Command	Syntax in TTCN	Comments
CBST	AT+CBST=[<speed>[,<name>[,<ce>]]]<CR> <speed>=0,7,12,14,15,16,17,39,43,47,48,49,50,51,71,75,79,80,81,82,83,84,115,11 6,120,121 <name>=0,1,4,5 <ce>=0,1	Select bearer service type, TS 27.007 clause 6.7
CGACT	AT+CGACT=1,1<CR> AT+CGACT=0,1<CR>	PDP context activate or deactivate, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.10
CGATT	AT+CGATT=1<CR>	PS attach or detach, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.9
CGDCONT	AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","ABCDEF","200.1.1.80",0,0<CR> AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","GHIJK","200.1.1.90",0,0<CR>	Define PDP Context, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.1
CGDSCONT	AT+CGDSCONT=1,<CR> AT+CGDSCONT=1, 1, "IP", 0,0,<CR>	Establish secondary PDP Context, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.2
CGEQREQ	AT+CGEQREQ=1,2,64,64,,,1,320,"1E4","1E5",1,,3<CR> AT+CGEQREQ=1,3,64,64,,,1,320,"1E4","1E5",1,,<CR>	Quality of Service Profile (Requested), TS 27.007 clause 10.1.4
CGSMS	AT+CGSMS=1<CR> AT+CGSMS=0<CR>	Select service for MO SMS messages, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.20
CMGD	AT+CMGD=001<CR> AT+CMGD=1,4<CR>	Delete Message, TS 27.005 clause 3.5.4
CMGF	AT+CMGF=1<CR>	Message Format, TS 27.005 clause 3.2.3
CMGR	AT+CMGR=001<CR> AT+CMGR=002<CR> AT+CMGR=003<CR> AT+CMGR=004<CR>	Read Message, TS 27.005 clause 3.4.3
CMGW	AT+CMGW="1111111111",129, "The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog's back. Kaufen Sie Ihrer Frau vier bequeme Pelze. - 0123456789 - THE QUICK BROWN FOX JUMPS OVER THE LAZY DOG'S BACK."<CR>	Write Message to Memory, TS 27.005 clause 3.5.3
CMMS	AT+CMMS=1<CR>	More Messages to Send, TS 27.005 clause 3.5.6
CMOD	AT+CMOD=0<CR> AT+CMOD=1<CR>	Call mode, TS 27.007 clause 6.4
CMSS	AT+CMSS=000<CR> AT+CMSS=001<CR> AT+CMSS=002<CR>	Send Message from Storage, TS 27.005 clause 3.5.2
CPMS	AT+CPMS="SM","SM","MT"<CR> AT+CPMS="CB","CB","CB"<CR>	Preferred Message Storage, TS 27.005 clause 3.2.2
CSCA	AT+CSCA="2222222222",129<CR>	Service Centre Address, TS 27.005 clause 3.3.1
CSCS	AT+CSCS="GSM"<CR>	Select TE character set, TS 27.007 clause 5.5
CSMS	AT+CSMS=0<CR>	Select Message Service, TS 27.005 clause 3.2.1

## 8.9 Bit padding

Three different kinds of bit padding at the RRC layer are defined in 3GPP TS 25.331 [Error! Reference source not found.].

If a bit string is defined in ASN.1 and is an output from a (PER) encoder, it may need the segmentation and padding. One example is that each SIB message is PER-encoded and becomes a (PER) bit-string. A long bit-string is segmented in fixed length, for example with 222 bits. The (1 ... 7) padding bits shall be added at the last segment if its length is between 215 and 211.

No bit padding shall be generated by the PER encoder. Contrary to ITU-T Recommendation X.691 [Error! Reference source not found.], the unaligned PER encoder shall not generate any padding bit to achieve octet alignment at the end of a PER bit string.

RRC padding. The RRC padding bits shall be generated after PER encoder. If the PER bit strings are exchanged via AM or UM SAP, the (1 ... 7) padding bits shall be added to ensure the octet alignment. If the PER bit strings are exchanged via TR SAP, before the exchanges, RRC shall select the smallest transport format that fits the RRC PDU and shall add the lowest number of padding bits required to fit the size specified for the selected transport format. The RRC padding bits shall be taken into account at the calculation of the integrity checksum.

### 8.9.1 Requirements for implementation

The different kinds of bit padding occur at the different places in the testing architecture. Care must be taken, in order to ensure the correct implementation.

The bit padding for the embedded bit string in ASN.1 shall be resolved in TTCN. It is under the responsibility of the TTCN writer. Several TSO defined can resolve the necessary bit padding in the downlink direction.

The unaligned PER encoder used for TTCN shall not implement the octet alignment at the end of a PER bit string in the downlink direction.

The RRC padding should be implemented at the SS in the downlink direction both for AM/UM and TR modes according to 3GPP TS 25.331 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 12.1.3.

The SS PER decoder compliant with R99, Release 4 and Release 5 has no need to distinguish the extension and padding parts in the UL direction, and shall match and accept RRC PDUs with any bit string in the extension and padding parts. The remaining part of the received bit string shall be discarded regardless of the RLC mode.

## 8.10 Test PDP contexts

Table 128 defines test PDP contexts used in the generic procedures for the PS establishment and other SM tests. The test PDP contextDch1 is the default Test PDP context used in the test cases where no particular Test PDP contexts are specified and UE is in DCH state. The test PDP contextFach is the default Test PDP context used in the test cases where no particular Test PDP contexts are specified and UE is in FACH state.

**Table 128: Test PDP contexts**

	PDP ContextDch	PDP ContextFach	PDP Context3
<b>NSAPI</b>	Selected by UE in Activate PDP Context Request	Selected by UE in Activate PDP Context Request	Selected by UE in Activate PDP Context Request
<b>LLC SAPI</b>	0	0	0
<b>QoS</b>	QoSDch-UL64kAM-DL64kAM	QoSFach- UL32kAM-DL32kAM	QoS- UL8kAM-DL8kAM
<b>PDP address</b>	PIXIT	PIXIT	PIXIT
<b>Radio Priority</b>	1	1	1
<b>Access Point Name</b>	PIXIT	PIXIT	PIXIT
<b>Protocol configuration options</b>	-	-	-
<b>Packet Flow Identifier</b>	Best Effort	Best Effort	Best Effort

Table 129: Test QoS

	<b>QoSDch-UL64kAM-DL64kAM</b>	<b>QoSFach- UL32kAM-DL32kAM</b>	<b>QoS- UL8kAM-DL8kAM</b>
<b>Reliability class</b>	'011'B Unacknowledged GTP, LLC, and acknowledged RLC; Protected data	'011'B Unacknowledged GTP, LLC, and acknowledged RLC; Protected data	'001' Acknowledged GTP, LLC, and RLC; Protected data
<b>Delay class</b>	'011'B / '100'B 3 / 4 (Best effort)	'011'B / '100'B 3 / 4 (Best effort)	'100' Best effort
<b>Precedence class</b>	UL:'000'B, Subscribed DL:'011'B Class 3	UL:'000'B, Subscribed DL:'011'B Class 3	'100' Normal Class
<b>Peak throughput</b>	'0100'B 8 000 Octets/s	'0011' Up to 4 000 octet/s	'0110' Up to 32 000 octet/s
<b>Mean throughput</b>	'11111'B Best Effort	'11111'B Best Effort	'11111'B Best Effort
<b>Delivery of erroneous SDU</b>	'010' B Erroneous SDUs are delivered ('yes')	'010' B Erroneous SDUs are delivered ('yes')	'010' B Erroneous SDUs are delivered ('yes')
<b>Delivery order</b>	'01'B With delivery order ('yes')	'01'B With delivery order ('yes')	'01'B With delivery order ('yes')
<b>Traffic class</b>	'011' B / '100'B Interactive / Background	'011' B / '100'B Interactive / Background	'011' B Interactive class
<b>Maximum SDU size</b>	'20' O 320 bits]	'20'O 320 bits	'20'O 320 bits
<b>Maximum bit rate for uplink</b>	'40' O 64 kbps	'20'O 32 kbps	'08'O 32 kbps
<b>Maximum bit rate for downlink</b>	'40' O 64 kbps	'20'O 32 kbps	'08'O 32 kbps
<b>Residual BER</b>	'0111' 1X10E-5	'0111' 1X10E-5	'1001' 6X10E-3
<b>SDU error ratio</b>	'0100'B 1X10E-4	'0100'B 1X10E-4	'0011' 1X10E-3
<b>Traffic Handling priority</b>	UL: '00'B for Interactive, Any for Background DL: '11' B (for Interactive, for Background to be neglected by UE)	UL: '00'B for Interactive, Any for Background DL: '11' B (for Interactive, for Background to be neglected by UE)	'11' B Needs to be neglected by UE
<b>Transfer delay</b>	UL: Any DL: '111111' B spare (not applicable for Interactive / Background)	UL: Any DL: '111111' B spare (not applicable for Interactive / Background)	'111111' B spare (not applicable for Interactive / Background)
<b>Guaranteed bit rate for uplink</b>	UL: Any DL: '10' O 16 kbps	UL: Any DL: '10'O 32 kbps	'08'O 32 kbps
<b>Guaranteed bit rate for downlink</b>	UL: Any DL: '10' O 16 kbps	UL: Any DL: '10'O 16 kbps	'08'O 8 kbps

NOTE: Residual BER 1X10E-5 corresponds to CRC 16.

## 8.11 DCH-DSCH Configurations

### 1. Configure PDSCH physical channel

```

CPHY_RL_Setup_REQ(
    physicalChannelIdentity,
    pDSCHInfo)
-- set up the scrambling code and transmission power level for the PDSCH identified by
PhysicalChannelIdentity, and establishes the mapping between the spreading factor (and channelization
codes) used for the PDSCH and TFCI(field2) transmitted in associated PDCH

```

### 2. Configure DSCH transport channels

```

CPHY_TrCH_Config_REQ(
    physicalChannelIdentity,

```

```

    dlConnectedTrCHList,
    dlTFCS)
-- set up TFS for each of DSCH's carried by the PDSCH defined in step 1 and TFCS (will be presented
in TFCI(field2) of PDCH configured in step 5) for the CCTrCH consisting of these DSCH's

```

### 3. Configure MAC entity for DSCH

```

CMAC_Config_REQ(
    physicalChannelIdentity,
    uE_Info,
    dlConnectedTrCHList,
    dlTFCS)
-- set up TFS, DSCH-RNTI and TFCS (which will be presented in TFCI(field2) of PDCH configured in
step 5) for DSCH's, and map logical channel to DSCH transport channel

```

### 4. Configure RLC entity for DTCHs

```

CRLC_Config_REQ(
    physicalChannelIdentity,
    rBInfo)
-- set up RLC entity on top of DTCH logical channel which is mapped onto DSCH

```

### 5. Configure DPCH physical channel

```

CPHY_RL_Setup_REQ(
    physicalChannelIdentity,
    dPCHInfo)

```

### 6. Configure DCH transport channels

```

CPHY_TrCH_Config_REQ(
    physicalChannelIdentity,
    dlConnectedTrCHList,
    dlTFCS)
-- set up TFS for each DCH carried by the DPCH defined in step 5 and TFCS (TFCI(field1 and field2))
for the CCTrCH consisting of all DCH's mapped on the DPCH.

```

### 7. Configure MAC entity for DCH

```

CMAC_Config_REQ(
    physicalChannelIdentity,
    dlConnectedTrCHList,
    dlTFCS)
-- set up TFS and TFCS (TFCI(field1) for DCH's, and TFCI(field2) for associated DSCH), and map
logical channel to DCH transport channel.

```

### 8. Configure RLC for DTCH, DCCH

```

CRLC_Config_REQ(
    physicalChannelIdentity,
    rBInfo)
-- set up RLC entity on top of DTCH and DCCH logical channels which are mapped onto DCH

```

## 8.11a DCH with HS-DSCH Configurations (~~later than r4Rel-5 or later~~)

### 1. Configure DPCH physical channel

```

CPHY_RL_Setup_REQ(
    physicalChannelIdentity,
    dPCHInfo_r5)
-- hs_DPCCHInd is present in the dPCHInfo (only for HS-DSCH serving cell)
-- set up the DPCH associated with HS-PDSCH
-- set up the HS-DPCCH which is associated with the HS-PDSCH (this is done only for HS-DSCH serving
cell).

```

### 2. Configure DCH transport channels

```

CPHY_TrCH_Config_REQ(
    physicalChannelIdentity,
    dlConnectedTrCHList,
    dlTFCS)

```

```
-- set up TFS for each DCH carried by the DPCH defined in step 5 and TFCS for the CCTrCH consisting
of all DCH's mapped on the DPCH.
```

### 3. Configure MAC entity for DCH

```
CMAC_Config_REQ(
    physicalChannelIdentity,
    dlConnectedTrCHList,
    dlTFCS)
-- set up TFS and TFCS for DCH's, and map logical channel to DCH transport channel.
```

### 4. Configure RLC for DCCH

```
CRLC_Config_REQ(
    rB_Identity,
    rBInfo)
-- set up RLC entity on top of DCCH logical channels which are mapped onto DCH
```

### 5. Configure HS-PDSCH physical channel

```
CPHY_RL_Setup_REQ(
    physicalChannelIdentity,
    hs_PDSCHInfo)
-- set up the HS-PDSCH identified by PhysicalChannelIdentity
-- for the HS-PDSCH the configurable parameters are: the scrambling code, and
-- set up the HS-SCCH which is associated with the HS-PDSCH without physicalChannelIdentity
-- for the HS-SCCH the configurable parameters are: channelisation code set and H-RNTI
    hSDSCHPhysicalLayerCategory      HSDSCH_physical_layer_category,
    h_RNTI,                          H_RNTI,
    dlHSPDSCHInformation           DL_HSPDSCH_Information,
    ackNackRepetitionFactor        ACK_NACK_repetitionFactor,
    sttd_Indicator                  BOOLEAN
```

### 6. Configure HS-DSCH transport channels

```
CPHY_TrCH_Config_REQ(
    physicalChannelIdentity,
    hsDSCHMacdFlows)
-- set up the HS-DSCH transport channel which carries MAC_d flows identified by Mac_dFlowId
in the hsDSCHMacdFlows.
-- for each MAC_d flow the number of process queues of the MAC-d flow and their queue identities
are configurable;
-- for each MACsQueue the configurable parameters are: machsQueueId; priority;
mac_hsPduSizeInfoList; reorderingReleaseTimer, discardTimer and the MAC-dFlow identity to which
this MACsQueue belongs.
```

### 7. Configure MAC\_hs entity for HS-DSCH

```
CMAC_MAChs_TFRCconfigre_REQ(
    explicit TRFC config mode with:
        modulationScheme,
        channelisationCodeOffset,
        noOfChannelisatonCodes,
        tbSizeIndexOnHS_SCCH,
        minimumInterTTIInterval,
        redundancyVersion,
        hs_PDSCH_TxPower)

CMAC_Config_REQ(
    physicalChannelIdentity,
    uE_Info,
    hsDSCHMacdFlows)
-- the hsDSCHMacdFlows shall be same as that used in CPHY_TrCH_Config_REQ.
-- set up MAC_d flows identified by Mac_dFlowId in the hsDSCHMacdFlows.
-- for each MAC_d flow the number of process queues of the MAC-d flow and their queue identities
are configurable;
-- for each MACsQueue the configurable parameters are: machsQueueId; priority;
mac_hsPduSizeInfoList; reorderingReleaseTimer, discardTimer and the MAC-dFlow identity to which
this MACsQueue belongs.
-- set up the mapping between each MAC_d flow and the logical channels which mapped on the flow.
```

### 8. Configure RLC entity for DTCHs which is mapped on HS-DSCH

```
CRLC_Config_REQ(
```

```
rB_Identity,
rBInfo)
-- set up RLC entity on top of DTCH logical channel which is mapped onto MAC_d flow
```

## 9. MAC-hs reset, release of SS resources for HSDPA

```
MAC-hs reset:
CMAC_MAChs_Reset_REQ(
cellId)

RL release:
CPHY_RL_Release_REQ(
cellId, phyChId)
-- phyChid is the identity of HS-PDSCH physical channel or the associated DPCH channel
-- the HS-SSCH physical channel shall be also released when HS-PDSCH is released
-- the HS-DPCCH physical channel shall be released when the associated DPCH is released

TrCH release:
CPHY_TrCH_Release_REQ(
cellId, phyChId)
-- phyChid is the identity of HS-PDSCH physical channel

MAChs release:
CMAC_Config_REQ(
cellId, phyChId)
-- phyChid is the identity of HS-PDSCH physical channel

RLC release:
CRLC_Config_REQ(
cellId, rbId)
-- rbid is the identity of the radio bearer providing HSDPA service
```

**3GPP TSG-RAN WG5 Meeting #27**  
**Bath, UK, 25<sup>th</sup> – 29<sup>th</sup> April 2005**

**R5-050955**

CR-Form-v7

## CHANGE REQUEST



**34.123-3 CR 1335**

**rev**

-

Current version:

**5.0.0**



For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the **⌘** symbols.

**Proposed change affects:**  UICC apps  ME  Radio Access Network  Core Network

<b>Title:</b>	<b>⌘</b> Modifying AT Commands, ASPs, TSOs and PIXITs	
<b>Source:</b>	<b>⌘</b> 3GPP TSG RAN WG5 (Testing)	
<b>Work item code:</b>	<b>⌘</b> TEI	<b>Date:</b> <b>⌘</b> 18/04/2005
<b>Category:</b>	<b>⌘</b> <b>F</b> Use <u>one</u> of the following categories: <b>F</b> (correction) <b>A</b> (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) <b>B</b> (addition of feature), <b>C</b> (functional modification of feature) <b>D</b> (editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP <a href="#">TR 21.900</a> .	<b>Release:</b> <b>⌘</b> Rel-5 Use <u>one</u> of the following releases: 2 (GSM Phase 2) R96 (Release 1996) R97 (Release 1997) R98 (Release 1998) R99 (Release 1999) Rel-4 (Release 4) Rel-5 (Release 5) Rel-6 (Release 6)

<b>Reason for change:</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. MAC HS ASP definition changed to facilitate TTCN implementation</li> <li>2. New RAB configurations are required for HSDPA MAC testing</li> <li>3. SIB configuration references for Inter-RAT tests changed according to T1-050019</li> <li>4. Correction of inconsistency in test USIM configurations used in idle mode test cases</li> <li>5. TSO definition requires clarifying and new TSOs are required for testing the HSDPA RABs</li> <li>6. Handling AT commands in TTCN shall be unique. This allows the SS to implement and to map the different kinds of AT commands according to the UE implementation. This rule is followed in TTCN, but has not been documented. Proper documentation is required. New AT commands added according to prose CR T1-050445</li> <li>7. Test procedure for verification of HSDPA configuration is required.</li> <li>8. Alignment of PIXIT parameters with the TTCN</li> <li>9. Further clarification of wildcard usage is required</li> </ol> <p><b>Additional modification with R5-050457:</b></p> <p>The PIXIT px_OperationBandSupp is deleted. It is used in idle test cases but it is redundant with px_FDD_OperationBand that shall be used instead.</p>
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**Summary of change:**

- ⌘ 1. Added new modulationScheme type in clause 7.2.3.2.2.17a
2. New HSDPA RAB configurations are added in clause 8.3.34 and 8.3.35
3. SIB configuration references updated to match 34.108 in clause 8.4
4. USIM tables updated to conform to 34.123-1 in clause 8.5.5
5. o\_GetPI definition updated in clause 8.7.1 and TSOs used for testing HSDPA RABs are added in clause 8.7.5
6. A new clause 8.8.2 is added for AT command handling in TTCN. AT Command list updated to support AT+CHUP and AT+CVHU in clause 8.8.1.
7. A new clause 8.11b is added
8. PIXIT parameter tables are updated in Annex B.
9. Updated clause E3.7
- Additional modification with R5-050457:**
10. px\_OperationBand is deleted in table B.8

**Consequences if not approved:****Clauses affected:**

- ⌘ 7.2.3.2.2.17a, 8.3.34, 8.3.35, 8.4, 8.5.5, 8.7.1, 8.7.5, 8.8, 8.11b, B1.1, B1.2, B1.3, B1.4, B1.5, B1.8, B1.9, B1.10, B1.11, B1.12, E3.7

**Other specs affected:**

	Y	N	
⌘	X		Other core specifications
⌘	X		Test specifications
⌘	X		O&M Specifications

**Other comments:**

⌘ The additional modification item 10 is having impact on RRC idle test cases in TTCN.

### 7.3.2.2.17a CMAC\_MAChs\_TFRCconfigure (later than r4)

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CMAC_MAChs_TFRCconfigure_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	Applicable later than r4 Confirm a previous CMAC_MAChs_TFRCconfigure_REQ being successful.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63)
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CMAC_MAChs_TFRCconfigure_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	Applicable later than r4 To configure the TFRC selection in the MAC-hs entity, channelisationCodeOffset + noOfChannelisationCodes shall not be greater than 15. If explicit is selected in tfrcConfigMode, the SS shall use all the parameter values specified to configure a correct transport format and radio resources. If ss_Configured is selected, the parameter value range is specified. SS shall dynamically select the suitable values for the parameters "modulationScheme", "channelisationCodeOffset", "noOfChannelisatonCodes", "tbSizeIndexOnHS_SCCH", "redundancyVersion" and "hs_PDSCH_TxPower" according to UE's capability category and CQI information reported by the UE.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63),
tfrcConfigMode	CHOICE {
explicit	SEQUENCE {
modulationScheme	ENUMERATED {gpsk (0), gam16 (1)}
(+) ModulationScheme,	
channelisationCodeOffset	INTEGER (1..14),
noOfChannelisatonCodes	INTEGER (1..15),
tbSizeIndexOnHS_SCCH	INTEGER (0..63),
minimumInterTTIInterval	INTEGER (1..3),
redundancyVersion	INTEGER (0..7),
hs PDSCH TxPower	DL TxPower -- default offset related -- to p-CPICH or s-CPICH
},	
ss_Configured	SEQUENCE {
minChannelisationCodeOffset	INTEGER (1..14),
maxNoOfChannelisatonCodes	INTEGER (1..15),
iniHS PDSCH TxPower	DL TxPower -- default offset related -- to p-CPICH or s-CPICH
}	
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	ModulationScheme
Comment	
Type Definition	
ENUMERATED {gpsk (0), gam16 (1)}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CMAC_MAChs_HARQprocAsign_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	Applicable later than r4 Confirm a previous CMAC_MAChs_HARQprocAsign_REQ being successful.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63)
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CMAC_MACChs_HARQprocAsign_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	Applicable later than r4 To assign a HARQ process handling the next MAC-hs PDU transmission. This ASP provides TTCN the ability to select an HARQ process serving the next MAC-hs PDU which follows the ASP. After successful transmission the MAC-hs returns back to normal operation. In the normal operation a suitable HARQ process is selected by HARQ entity in the MAC-hs to serve the MAC-hs PDU without TTCN intervening.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63),
harqProcessId	INTEGER (0..7)
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CMAC_MACChs_Reset_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	Applicable later than r4 Confirm a previous CMAC_MACChs_Reset_REQ being successful.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63)
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CMAC_MACChs_Reset_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	Applicable later than r4 To reset the MAC-hs entity.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63)
}	

End of Modified Section

Next Modified Section

### 8.3.34 Configuration of Cell DCH HS DSCH (Rel-5 or later)

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.5.1 or 6.10.2.4.5.2. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1. The configuration is applied to those RRC and NAS signalling tests in the DCH state where a PS RAB on DTCH mapped on HS-DSCH is setup for the interactive or background service class.

Table ??: Uplink configuration of Cell DCH HS DSCH

<u>RB Identity</u>	tsc RB25 (25)	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on PRACH
<u>LogCh Type</u>	DTCH		
<u>LogCh Identity</u>	tsc UL DTC H1 (7)		
<u>RLC mode</u>	AM		
<u>TrCH Type</u>	DCH		
<u>TrCH identity</u>	tsc UL DCH 1 (1)		
<u>PhyCh Type</u>	DPDCH		
<u>PhyCH identity</u>	tsc UL DPCH1 (20)		tsc PRACH1 (8)

Table ??: Downlink configuration of Cell DCH HS DSCH

<u>RB Identity</u>	tsc RB25 (25)	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on SCCPCH
<u>LogCh Type</u>	DTCH		
<u>LogCh Identity</u>	tsc DL DTCH 1 (7)		
<u>RLC mode</u>	AM		
<u>MAC priority</u>	1		
<u>TrCH Type</u>	HS-DSCH		
<u>TrCH identity /QueueID</u>	0		
<u>PhyCh Type</u>	PDSCH	DPCH	Secondary CCPCH
<u>PhyCH identity</u>	tsc HSPDSCH (18)	tsc DL DPCH1 (26)	tsc S CCPCH1 (5)

### 8.3.35 Configuration of cell One DTCH HS DSCH MAC (Rel-5 or later)

The configuration is based on 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.5.1. The RB0/UM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.3.2.1.2 and RB0/TM-CCCH is referred to 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.10.2.4.4.1.1.1. The configuration is applied to those MAC-HS Signalling tests in the DCH state where a PS RAB on DTCH mapped on HS-DSCH is setup for the interactive or background service class.

Table ??: Uplink configuration of cell One DTCH HS DSCH MAC

<u>RB Identity</u>	tsc_RB_MAC_HS (-25)	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as uplink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on PRACH
<u>LogCh Type</u>	DTCH		
<u>LogCh Identity</u>	tsc_UL_DTC_H1 (7)		
<u>RLC mode</u>	TM		
<u>TrCH Type</u>	DCH		
<u>TrCH identity</u>	tsc_UL_DCH_1 (1)		
<u>PhyCh Type</u>	DPDCH		
<u>PhyCH identity</u>	tsc_UL_DPCH1 (20)		tsc_PRACH1 (8)

Table ??: Downlink configuration of Cell DCH HS DSCH

<u>RB Identity</u>	tsc_RB_MAC_HS (-25)	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on DPCH	Same as downlink configuration of Cell_DCH_StandAloneSRB on sCCPCH
<u>LogCh Type</u>	DTCH		
<u>LogCh Identity</u>	tsc_DL_DTCH_1 (7)		
<u>RLC mode</u>	TM		
<u>MAC priority</u>	8		
<u>TrCH Type</u>	HS-DSCH		
<u>TrCH identity /QueueID</u>	0		
<u>PhyCh Type</u>	PDSCH	DPCH	Secondary CCPCH
<u>PhyCH identity</u>	tsc_HSPDSCH (18)	tsc_DL_DPCH1 (26)	tsc_S_CCPCH1 (5)

End of Modified Section

Next Modified Section

## 8.4 System information blocks scheduling

All SIBs specified in 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.] are broadcast for all test cases in the present document. The repeat period of broadcasting of a complete SIB configuration is 64 frames (0.64 s) as the default configuration.

Except MIB and SB1, they have the highest scheduling rates, SIB 7 has also a higher scheduling rate.

According to the default SIB contents in 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.], SIB 11 and SIB12 have 3 segments. SIB 5 has 4 segments for FDD and 5 segments for 1.28 Mcps TDD. SIB 6 has 4 segments. MIB, SB1, SIB1, SIB 2, SIB 3, SIB 4, SIB 7 and SIB18 are not segmented, i.e. one segment for each. For the PDCP tests, SIB16 has 7 segments.

Use CMAC\_SYSINFO\_CONFIG\_REQ, CMAC\_SYSINFO\_CONFIG\_CNF and RLC\_TR\_DATA\_REQ as interface to SS for broadcasting.

Two TSOs are defined, one for PER encoding function, the other for segmentation function. The TSOs shall be implemented in the tester.

### 8.4.1 Grouping SIBs for testing

**Table 130**

<b>Mandatory in 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.]</b>	<b>Used in Idle Mode</b>	MIB, SB1, (SB2), SIB1, SIB2, SIB3, SIB5, SIB7, SIB11
	<b>Used in Connected Mode</b>	SIB4, SIB6, SIB12
<b>Mandatory for FDD CPCH</b>		SIB8, SIB9
<b>Mandatory for FDD DRAC</b>		SIB10
<b>Mandatory for TDD</b>		SIB14 (for 3.84 Mcps TDD), SIB17
<b>Mandatory for LCS</b>		SIB15, SIB15.1, SIB15.2, SIB15.3
<b>Mandatory for ANSI-41 system</b>		SIB13, SIB13.1, SIB13.2, SIB13.3, SIB13.4
<b>Mandatory for InterSys HO <a href="#">GERAN to UTRAN</a></b>		SIB16
<b>Mandatory for Cell reselection</b>		SIB18

### 8.4.2 SIB configurations

Currently the ATS contains three SIB configurations, Configuration 1 is default for [UTRAN/FDD SYSTEM](#), [UTRAN/TDD](#), [UTRAN/FDD + GERAN SYSTEM \(not involving inter-RAT handover\)](#) and [Inter-RAT UTRAN to GERAN](#). Configuration 2 is for test cases which need two S\_CCPCH or two PRACH. Configuration 3 is for inter-RAT [GERAN to UTRAN](#) handover test cases.

**Table 131**

<b>Configuration 1</b>	MIB, SB1, SIB1, SIB2, SIB3, SIB4, SIB5, SIB6, SIB7, SIB11, SIB12, SIB18
<b>Configuration 2</b>	MIB, SB1, SIB1, SIB2, SIB3, SIB4, SIB5, SIB7, SIB11, SIB12, SIB18
<b>Configuration 3</b>	MIB, SB1, SIB1, SIB2, SIB3, SIB4, SIB5, SIB7, SIB11, SIB16, SIB18

### 8.4.3 Test SIB default schedule

**Table 132**

<b>Frame No.</b>	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14
<b>REP-POS</b>	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB7	SIB6	MIB	SIB6	SIB6	SIB6
<b>Frame No.</b>	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
<b>REP-POS</b>	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB7/SIB3	SIB1/SIB2	MIB	SIB12	SIB12	SIB12
<b>Frame No.</b>	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46
<b>REP-POS</b>	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB7/SIB18	SIB5	MIB	SIB5	SIB5	SIB5
<b>Frame No.</b>	48	50	52	54	56	58	60	62
<b>REP-POS</b>	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB7/SIB4	- (FDD) SIB5(LCR TDD)	MIB	SIB11	SIB11	SIB11

SIB-repeat period (in frame)

**Table 133**

Block Type	MIB	SB1	SIB1	SIB2	SIB3	SIB4	SIB5	SIB6	SIB7	SIB11	SIB12	SIB18
<b>SIB Rep</b>	8	16	64	64	64	64	64	64	16	64	64	64
<b>Max. No of seg.</b>	1	1	1	1	1	1	4(FDD) 5(LCR TDD)	4	1	3	3	1

8.4.3.1 Test SIB schedule for idle mode, ~~and measurement~~[measurement and Inter-RAT UTRAN to GERAN test cases](#)

**Table 134**

<b>Frame No.</b>	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14
<b>REP-POS</b>	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB6	SIB6	MIB	SIB6	SIB6	SIB7/SIB 3
<b>Frame No.</b>	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
<b>REP-POS</b>	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB1/SIB2	SIB12	MIB	SIB12	SIB12	SIB7/SIB 12
<b>Frame No.</b>	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46
<b>REP-POS</b>	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB5	SIB5	MIB	SIB5	SIB5	SIB7/SIB 18
<b>Frame No.</b>	48	50	52	54	56	58	60	62
<b>REP-POS</b>	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB11	SIB11	MIB	SIB11	SIB11	SIB7/SIB 4

SIB-repeat period (in frame)

**Table 135**

Block Type	MIB	SB1	SIB1	SIB2	SIB3	SIB4	SIB5	SIB6	SIB7	SIB11	SIB12	SIB18
<b>SIB Rep</b>	8	16	64	64	64	64	64	64	16	64	64	64
<b>Max. No of seg.</b>	1	1	1	1	1	1	4(FDD) 5(LCR TDD)	4(FDD) 3(LCR TDD)	1	4	4	1

## 8.4.4 Test SIB special schedule

### 8.4.4.1 Test SIB schedule for two S-CCPCH or two PRACH

**Table 136**

<b>Frame No.</b>	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14
<b>REP-POS</b>	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1		MIB	SIB1	SIB18	SIB2
<b>Frame No.</b>	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
<b>REP-POS</b>	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB7	MIB	SIB3		SIB4
<b>Frame No.</b>	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46
<b>REP-POS</b>	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB5	MIB	SIB5	SIB5	SIB5
<b>Frame No.</b>	48	50	52	54	56	58	60	62
<b>REP-POS</b>	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB7	MIB	SIB11	SIB11	SIB11
<b>Frame No.</b>	64	66	68	70	72	74	76	78
<b>REP-POS</b>	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB5	MIB	SIB5	SIB5	SIB5
<b>Frame No.</b>	80	82	84	86	88	90	92	94
<b>REP-POS</b>	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB7	MIB	SIB3		SIB4
<b>Frame No.</b>	96	98	100	102	104	106	108	110
<b>REP-POS</b>	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1		MIB			
<b>Frame No.</b>	112	114	116	118	120	122	124	126
<b>REP-POS</b>	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB7	MIB	SIB12	SIB12	SIB12

SIB-repeat period (in frame)

**Table 137**

<b>Block Type</b>	MIB	SB1	SIB1	SIB2	SIB3	SIB4	SIB5	SIB7	SIB11	SIB12	SIB18
<b>SIB Rep</b>	8	16	128	128	64	64	128	32	128	128	128
<b>Max. No of seg.</b>	1	2	1	1	1	1	8	1	3	3	1

#### 8.4.4.2 Test SIB schedule for Inter-Rat Handover [from GERAN to UTRAN](#) Test

**Table 138**

Frame No.	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14
REP-POS	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Block Type	MIB	SB1	SB1		MIB	SIB1	SIB18	SIB2

Frame No.	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
REP-POS	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Block Type	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB7	MIB	SIB3		SIB4

Frame No.	32	34	36	38	40	42	44	46
REP-POS	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Block Type	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB5	MIB	SIB5	SIB5	SIB5

Frame No.	48	50	52	54	56	58	60	62
REP-POS	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Block Type	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB7	MIB	SIB11	SIB11	SIB11

Frame No.	64	66	68	70	72	74	76	78
REP-POS	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
Block Type	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB16	MIB	SIB16	SIB16	SIB16

Frame No.	80	82	84	86	88	90	92	94
REP-POS	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
Block Type	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB7	MIB	SIB3		SIB4

Frame No.	96	98	100	102	104	106	108	110
REP-POS	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
Block Type	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB16	MIB	SIB16	SIB16	SIB16

Frame No.	112	114	116	118	120	122	124	126
REP-POS	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
Block Type	MIB	SB1	SB1	SIB7	MIB			

SIB-repeat period (in frame)

**Table 139**

Block Type	MIB	SB1	SIB1	SIB2	SIB3	SIB4	SIB5	SIB7	SIB11	SIB16	SIB18
SIB Rep	8	16	128	128	64	64	128	32	128	128	128
Max. No of seg.	1	2	1	1	1	1	4	1	3	8	1

End of Modified Section

Next Modified Section

#### 8.5.5 Test USIM configurations

The default test USIM is defined in 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.]. This clause specifies a number of specific test USIM configurations which are used for the concerned test cases.

##### 8.5.5.1 Test USIM for Idle mode tests

The PLMN 1-12 identities used below have been defined in 3GPP TS 34.123-1 [Error! Reference source not found.], table 6.2. Clause numbers refer to 3GPP TS 34.123-1 [Error! Reference source not found.].

Test USIM is configured as bellow for PLMN selection of RPLMN, HPLMN, UPLMN and OPLMN in TC\_6\_1\_1\_1 and TC\_6\_1\_1\_4.

**Table 140**

<b>USIM field</b>	<b>Priority</b>	<b>PLMN</b>	<b>Access Technology Identifier</b>
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>		PLMN 1	
EF <sub>PLMNwAct</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 3	UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	PLMN 4	UTRAN
EF <sub>OPLMNwAct</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 5	UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	PLMN 6	UTRAN
EF <sub>FPLMN</sub>		PLMN 3	

Test USIM is configured as below for PLMN selection ~~of PLMN selection~~ of other PLMN with access technology combinations in TC\_6\_1\_1\_2 and ~~TC\_6\_1\_1\_5~~.

**Table 141**

<b>USIM field</b>	<b>Priority</b>	<b>PLMN</b>	<b>Access Technology Identifier</b>
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>		PLMN 46	
EF <sub>HPLMNwAct</sub>	4 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 2	UTRAN
EF <sub>PLMNwAct</sub>	4 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 3	UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	PLMN 4	UTRAN
EF <sub>OPLMNwAct</sub>	4 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 5	UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	PLMN 6	UTRAN
EF <sub>FPLMN</sub>		PLMN 10	

Test USIM is configured as below for automatic PLMN selection of other PLMN with access technology combinations in TC\_6\_1\_1\_5.

**Table 113a**

<b>USIM field</b>	<b>Priority</b>	<b>PLMN</b>	<b>Access Technology Identifier</b>
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>		PLMN 6	

Test USIM is configured as below for manual PLMN selection independent of RF level and preferred PLMN in TC\_6\_1\_1\_3.

**Table 142**

<b>USIM field</b>	<b>Priority</b>	<b>PLMN</b>	<b>Access Technology Identifier</b>
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>			
EF <sub>PLMNwAct</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 3	UTRAN

Test USIM is configured as below for emergency calls ~~requires that all the BCCH cells belong to the same PLMN, which is not the UE's home PLMN and is in the USIM's forbidden PLMN's list. This specific USIM requirement applies to in~~ TC\_6\_1\_2\_6.

**Table 114a**

<b>USIM field</b>	<b>Priority</b>	<b>PLMN</b>
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>		PLMN1
EF <sub>FPLMN</sub>		PLMN 3

Test USIMs are configured as bellow for Selection of the correct PLMN and associated RAT in TC\_6\_2\_1\_1. Two test USIMs are needed for the test.

**Table 143: USIM A**

USIM field	Priority	PLMN	Access Technology Identifier
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>			
EF <sub>HPLMNwAcT</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>		GSM
EF <sub>HPLMNwAcT</sub>	2 <sup>nd</sup>		UTRAN

**Table 144: USIM B**

USIM field	Priority	PLMN	Access Technology Identifier
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>			
EF <sub>HPLMNwAcT</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>		UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>		GSM

Test USIMs are configured as bellow for Selection of RAT for HPLMN in TC\_6\_2\_1\_2. Two test USIMs are needed for the test.

**Table 145: USIM A**

USIM field	Priority	PLMN	Access Technology Identifier
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>		PLMN 1	
EF <sub>HPLMNwAcT</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>		UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>		GSM

**Table 146: USIM B**

USIM field	Priority	PLMN	Access Technology Identifier
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>		PLMN 1	
EF <sub>HPLMNwAcT</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>		UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>		

Test USIMs are configured as bellow for Selection of RAT for HPLMN in TC\_6\_2\_1\_6. Two test USIMs are needed for the test.

**Table 115a: USIM A**

USIM field	Priority	PLMN	Access Technology Identifier
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>		PLMN 1	
EF <sub>HPLMNwAcT</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>		UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>		GSM
EF <sub>PLMNwAcT</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN3	UTRAN

**Table 116a: USIM B**

USIM field	Priority	PLMN	Access Technology Identifier
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>		PLMN 1	
EF <sub>HPLMNwAcT</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>		UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>		
EF <sub>PLMNwAcT</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN3	UTRAN

Test USIM for Selection of RAT for UPLMN or OPLMN in TC\_6\_2\_1\_3, TC\_6\_2\_1\_4, TC\_6\_2\_1\_7, TC\_6\_2\_1\_8 and for Selection of Other PLMN with access technology combinations"; Automatic mode in TC\_6\_2\_1\_9.

**Table 147**

USIM field	Priority	PLMN	Access Technology Identifier
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>		PLMN 1	
EF <sub>HPLMNwAcT</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>		UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>		GSM
EF <sub>PLMNwAcT</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 3	UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	PLMN 4	GSM
EF <sub>OPLMNwAcT</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 5	UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>	PLMN 6	GSM

Test USIM are configured as bellow for manual selection of other PLMN with access technology combinations in TC\_6\_2\_1\_5.

**Table 148**

USIM field	Priority	PLMN	Access Technology Identifier
EF <sub>LOCI</sub>		PLMN 17	
EF <sub>HPLMNwAcT</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 2	UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>		GSM
EF <sub>PLMNwAcT</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 3	UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>		GSM
EF <sub>OPLMNwAcT</sub>	1 <sup>st</sup>	PLMN 5	UTRAN
	2 <sup>nd</sup>		GSM
EF <sub>FPLMN</sub>		PLMN 87	
		PLMN 912	

Test USIM for cell reselection if cell becomes barred or for cell reselection timings requires that the USIM does not contain any preferred RAT. This specific test USIM applies to TC\_6\_2\_2\_1, TC\_6\_2\_2\_2 and TC\_6\_2\_2\_3.

**End of Modified Section**

**Next Modified Section**

## 8.7.1 Test suite operation definitions in the module BasicM

**Table 149: TSO definitions in BasicM**

TSO Name	Description
o_AuthRspChk	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BOOLEAN</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p>p_AuthRsp : AuthRsp      p_AuthRspExt : AuthRspExt      p_K : BITSTRING      p_RAND : BITSTRING      p_Ext : BOOLEAN</p> <p><b>Description</b></p> <p>Checks the input parameter p_AuthRsp and p_AuthRspExt, both received in an Authentication Response, according to the authentication algorithm defined in the following procedure.</p> <p>The extension, p_AuthRspExt, is optional. Its presence is indicated by p_Ext.</p> <p>Returns TRUE if the Authentication Response contained in parameters p_AuthRsp and eventually p_AuthRspExt is correct, FALSE otherwise.</p> <p>The value of tcv_Auth_n indicates whether the AuthRspExt has been provided by the UE or not (n=31, or <math>31 &lt; n &lt; 128</math>). See 3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 8.1.2.</p> <p>If not the parameter p_AuthRspExt is not to be used.</p> <p>Algorithm (without the knowledge of tcv_Auth_n):</p> <pre> ===== if NOT p_Ext EvaluateAuthRsp else EvaluateAuthRspAndAuthRspExt EvaluateAuthRsp: ===== resultbitstring = o_BitstringXOR(XRES, AuthRsp) if resultbitstring is all 0s then there is a match. EvaluateAuthRspAndAuthRspExt: ===== XREShigh = o_BitstringXtract(XRES, 32, 32, 0) /* XRES divides into 2 parts: the higher part of 32 bits related to AuthRsp and the lower part related to AuthRspExt */ /* SourceLength of 32 is only to ensure usage of the procedure */ resultbitstring = o_BitstringXOR(XREShigh, AuthRsp) if resultbitstring is all 0s then there is a match for the first 32 bits:EvaluateAuthRspExt else Authentication failed. EvaluateAuthRspExt: ===== /* As AuthRspExt may not be octet aligned the last octet indicated in AuthRspExt is not used for checking */ if (AuthRspExt.iel = 1) then Authentication passed /* there was only 1 possibly incomplete octet which is not used */ else {     AuthRspExthigh = o_BitstringXtract(AuthRspExt.authRsp, ((AuthRspExt.iel -1)* 8),     (AuthRspExt.iel -1)* 8, 0)     /* extract (AuthRspExt.iel -1)* 8 bits starting from bit 0 */     XRESlow = o_BitstringXtract(XRES, ((AuthRspExt.iel -1)* 8 + 32), (AuthRspExt.iel -1)* 8,     32)     /* extract (AuthRspExt.iel -1)* 8 bits starting from bit 32 */     resultbitstring = o_BitstringXOR(XRESlow, AuthRspExthigh, (AuthRspExt.iel -1)* 8)     if resultbitstring is all 0s then there is a match for the bits following the first 32 bits else     Authentication failed } </pre>

TSO Name	Description
o_BCD_Tolnt	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> INTEGER</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_bcdstring:HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b> The operation OC_BCDtolnt converts an HEXSTRING containing BCD coded digits to an integer representation of these relevant digits.</p> <p>EXAMPLE: OC_BCDtolnt( '12345'H ) := 12345</p>
o_BitstringChange	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BITSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> P_Str: BITSTRING p_Len: INTEGER p_Offset: INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b> Performs the manipulation of a bitstring by toggling the bit identified by p_Offset. The length of the string to be manipulated is specified in p_Len. This is only provided to help ensure that the p_Offset is less than p_Len. Returns a resulting bitstring of length p_Len.</p> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_BitstringChange('010101'B, 6, 5) produces '010100'B. EXAMPLE 2: o_BitstringChange('010101'B, 6, 0) produces '110101'B.</p>
o_BitstringConcat	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BITSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> P_Str1: BITSTRING p_Str2: BITSTRING p_Len1: INTEGER p_Len2: INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b> Performs the concatenation of 2 bitstrings of possibly different lengths. The bit significance is from left to right, ie the MSB is at the lefthand side. Returns a resulting bitstring p_Str1    p_Str2 of length p_Len1 + p_Len.</p> <p>EXAMPLE: o_BitstringConcat('010101'B,'11'B) produces '01010111'B of length 6 + 2 = 8.</p>
o_BitstringXOR	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BITSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> P_Str1: BITSTRING p_Str2: BITSTRING p_Len: INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b> Performs an XOR operation using 2 bitstrings of the same length (p_Len). Returns a resulting Bitstring of length p_Len.</p> <p>EXAMPLE: o_BitstringXOR('0011'B, '0101'B, 4) produces '0110'B.</p>
o_BitstringXtract	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BITSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> P_Str: BITSTRING p_SrcLen: INTEGER p_TargetLen: INTEGER p_Offset: INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b> Performs the wrap around extract of a bitstring. The length of the string from which extraction is to be made is specified in p_SrcLen. The length of the bitstring to be extracted is indicated as p_TargetLen, the offset in the original string is indicated in p_Offset. The bit position 0 is at the left side. Returns a resulting bitstring of length p_TargetLen.</p> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_BitstringXtract('101010'B, 6, 2, 1) produces '01'B. EXAMPLE 2: o_BitstringXtract('101010'B, 6, 4, 3) produces '0101'B, wrapping around. EXAMPLE 3: o_BitstringXtract('111000'B, 6, 4, 3) produces '0111'B, wrapping around.</p>

TSO Name	Description
o_BitToOct	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_Str: BITSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b> This TSO is used to convert the given BITSTRING into an OCTETSTRING. If the bitstring length is not a multiple of 8, 1 to 7 padding bits are added at the end to fill the final octet.</p>
o_BMC_DrxScheduling	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BMC_ResultOfSchedulingLevel2</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_BMC_CBS_Message1 : BMCCBSMESSAGE p_BMC_CBS_Message2 : BMCCBSMESSAGE p_BMC_CB_RepPeriod : INTEGER p_BMC_NoOfBroadcast_Req : INTEGER p_Offset : BMC_DRX_Offset</p> <p><b>Description</b> This TSO shall calculate all BMC CBS schedule Messages for the CBS messages as described in 3GPP TS 34.123-1, clause 7.4.3.1. The TSO has to precalculate the CTCH Block SETs needed, i.e. it shall have all necessary knowledge (RLC segmentation, MAC handling, if needed) to predict the CTCH with BMC contents for the given input to be sent.</p> <p>The TSO shall consider the BMC CBS Scheduling Level2 as described in 3GPP TS 25.324 [Error! Reference source not found.], 3GPP TR 25.925 [Error! Reference source not found.] and the description of BMC test architecture and test method in the present document, clause 6.8.</p> <p>The TSO calculates the BMC CBS Schedule messages to predict its next BlockSet to be sent. In addition, a DRX scheduling Bitmap is created for each CTCH allocated TTI alligned to the pre-calculated offset in between 2 CTCH Block Sets.</p> <p>The principle of DRX shall be followed by this TSO. I.e. BMC Messages shall be sent blockwise (CTCH Block Set) with predicted offset in between 2 Block Sets.</p> <p>The TSO shall consider the following aspects to calculate the DRX Selection Bitmap and to create the BMC CBS Schedule messages:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The first CTCH Block Set consists of the first BMC CBS Schedule message predicting the offset, length and content of the following Block Set where the BMC CBS Message1 shall be send as new message.</li> <li>2. The BMC CBS Message1 shall be repeated for p_BMC_CB_RepPeriod multiplied by p_BMC_NoOfBroadcast_Req times before the BMC CBS Message2 is broadcasted.</li> <li>3. The BMC CBS Schedule Messages shall be the last message of a CTCH Block Set, i.e. on the end of a Block Set.</li> <li>4. If no further repetition of BMC CBS Messages is needed, no further BMC CBS Schedule message shall be created.</li> </ol> <p><b>output parameter:</b> DrxSelectionBitmap: The TSO creates a Bitmap as Octetstring for scheduled CTCH allocated TTI as described in 3GPP TS 34.123-3: clause 6.8.2 BMC test method and architecture.</p> <p>CBS_Schedule_Message01, CBS_Schedule_Message02, CBS_Schedule_Message03: Considering the given BMC PDUs BMC_DRX_Offset and BMCCBSMESSAGE to be sent, the BMC Schedule messages have to be created according the given parameter.</p>
o_CheckStringStartWith	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BOOLEAN</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_SourceString: IA5String p_StartString : IA5String</p> <p><b>Description</b> o_CheckStringStartWith returns TRUE if the p_sourceString start with the p_StartString. Otherwise it returns FALSE.</p> <p>EXAMPLE: o_CheckStringStartWith ("+CLCC:1,0,0,2,0;", "+CLCC:1,0,0")=TRUE */.</p>

TSO Name	Description
o_ComputeSM_Contents	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_NumOfChars: INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b> This operation provides a short message's contents with a specified number of characters 'p_NumOfChars', each represented by 7 bits. As possibly different characters are sent, the characters are those corresponding to the 7-bit representation of 0, 1, 2, ... up to ('p_NumOfChars' - 1). If more than 128 characters are sent, the rest of the characters is the corresponding to 0, 1, ... up to ('p_NumOfChars' - 128 - 1), e.g. for 160 characters: 0, 1, ..., 127, 0, 1, ..., 31. The bits are arranged acc. to 3GPP TS 23.038 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.1.2.1.1.</p> <p>max. 160 characters, i.e. 140 octets.</p>
o_ComputeSM_ContentsSpec	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_NumOfChars: INTEGER p_Text: IA5String</p> <p><b>Description</b> This operation provides a short message's contents with a specified number of characters 'p_NumOfChars', each represented by 7 bits. 'p_Text' is used as contents of the short message. If 'p_Text' contains less than 'p_NumOfChars' characters, 'p_Text' is repeated until the short message reaches the 'p_NumOfChars' characters long. The bits are arranged acc. to 3GPP TS 23.038 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 6.1.2.1.1.</p> <p>max. 160 characters, i.e. 140 octets.</p>
o_ConcatStrg	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> IA5String</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> P_String1: IA5String p_String2: IA5String</p> <p><b>Description</b> o_ConcatString concatenates 'p_String1' and 'p_String2' and returns the resulting string.</p> <p>EXAMPLE: o_ConcatString ("AT+CBST=0" , ",0") = "AT+CBST=0,0"</p>
o_ConvertIMSI	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> IMSI_GSM_MAP</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> P_Imsi : HEXSTRING The input parameter `p_Imsi` is a BCD string (subset of HEXSTRING), the result is of type IMSI_GSM_MAP.</p>
o_ConvertTMSI	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> TMSI_GSM_MAP</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_Tmsi : OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b> The input parameter 'p_Tmsi' is an OCTETSTRING; the result is of type TMSI_GSM_MAP.</p>
o_ConvertPTMSI	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> P_TMSI_GSM_MAP</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_PTMSI : OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b> The input parameter 'PTMSI' is a OCTETSTRING, the result is of type P_TMSI_GSM_MAP.</p>

TSO Name	Description
o_ConvtPLMN	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>TMSI_GSM_MAP  <b>Parameters:</b> OCTETSTRING  p_MCC, p_MNC : HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b>  the functions of o_ConvtPLMN are as following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The least significant HEX of p_MNC is removed from p_MNC and inserted into p_MCC in the position left to the third HEX to form a new p_MCC of 4 HEXs, then swap the first HEX (left most, most significant Hex) with the second HEX of the new p_MCC.</li> <li>2. Swap the first Hex with the second HEX of the remaining part of p_MNC and append it to the new p_MCC formed in Step1 above.</li> </ol> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_ConvtPLMN('123'H, '456'H) = '216354'O.  EXAMPLE 2: o_ConvtPLMN ('234'H, '01F'H) = '32F410'O.</p>
o_ConvtAndConcatStr	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>OCTETSTRING  <b>Parameters:</b>  p_MCC, p_MNC : HEXSTRING; p_LAC : OCTETSTRING; p_RAC : OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b>  functions of o_ConvtAndConcatStr are as following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The least significant HEX of p_MNC is removed from p_MNC and inserted into p_MCC in the position left to the third HEX to form a new p_MCC of 4 HEXs, then swap the first HEX (left most, most significant Hex) with the second HEX of the new p_MCC.</li> <li>2. Swap the first Hex with the second HEX of the remaining part of p_MNC and append it to the new p_MCC formed in Step1 above.</li> <li>3. Append p_LAC to the result of Step 2, this is the final result if p_RAC is omitted.</li> <li>4. Append p_RAC to the result of Step 3, this is the final result.</li> </ol> <p>NOTE 1: Steps 1 and 2 are identical to o_ConvtPLMN.  NOTE 2: If p_RAC is omitted, 5 octets of Location Area Identification are produced (for SysInfo sending).  If p_RAC is not omitted, 6 octets of Routing Area Identification are produced (for SysInfo sending).</p> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_ConvtAndConcatStr ('123'H, '456'H, '0001'O, '01'O) = '216354000101'O.  EXAMPLE 2: o_ConvtAndConcatStr ('234'H, '01F'H, '0005'O, OMIT) = '32F4100005'O.</p>
o_DrawRandomNo	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> INTEGER  <b>Parameters:</b> p_LowerBound, p_UpperBound: INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b>  This operation draws a random number in the range of p_LowerBound and p_UpperBound. The result is in the range p_LowerBound, p_LowerBound+1, ..., p_UpperBound.</p>
o_FirstDigit	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> B4  <b>Parameters:</b>  p_BCDdigits : HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b>  The input parameter p_BCDdigits shall be a BCD string (subset of HEXSTRING), the result is a BITSTRING[4] of a binary representation of one BCD digit.  The function of the o_FirstDigit is to return the first (most significant) digit of the input parameter 'p_BCDdigits'.</p> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_FirstDigit('12345') = '0001'B.  EXAMPLE 2: o_FirstDigit('012345678') = '0000'B.</p>

TSO Name	Description
o_GetBit	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BITSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_Source: BITSTRING p_DataLength:INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b> o_GetBit returns the BITSTRING of length p_DataLength extracted from p_Source. The extraction shall start in the bit position 0 (at the left).</p>
3GPP TSG RAN WG5 (Testing)	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_Start, p_N: INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b> This operation returns N octets from a repeated pseudo random bit sequence, starting with octet position p_Start. The PRBS is the 2047 bit pseudo random test pattern defined in ITU-T Recommendation O.153 [Error! Reference source not found.] for measurements at 64 kbit/s and N x 64 kbit/s o_GetN_OctetsFromPRBS( p_Start, p_N ) generates an OCTETSTRING containing p_N octets starting from octet number p_Start in the PRBS.</p> <p>Requirements p_Start ≥ 0 p_N ≥ 1</p> <p>Definition Define the 2 047 bit PRBS sequence b(i) as an m-sequence produced by using the following primitive (over GF(2)) generator polynomial of degree 11: <math>X^{11} + X^9 + 1</math></p> <p>This sequence is defined recursively as: <math>b(i) = 1 \quad , i = 0, 1, \dots, 10</math> <math>b(i) = b(i - 2) + b(i - 11) \text{ modulo } 2 \quad , i = 11, 12, \dots, 2046</math></p> <p>The OCTETSTRING, o(j) generated by the present TSO is produced by extracting p_N octets from the repeated sequence b(i) as follows: <math display="block">o(j,k) = b( ( ( n_Start + j ) * 8 + k ) \text{ modulo } 2047 )</math></p> <p>where: <math>j = 0, 1, \dots, p_N - 1</math> <math>k = 0, 1, \dots, 7</math> <math>o(j,k)</math> is the kth bit of the jth octet in <math>o(j)</math>, <math>o(j,0)</math> is the MSB of the jth octet in <math>o(j)</math>, <math>o(j,7)</math> is the LSB of the jth octet in <math>o(j)</math>,</p> <p>Example results: o_GetN_OctetsFromPRBS( 0, 25 ) and o_GetN_OctetsFromPRBS( 2047, 25 ) both return: 'FFE665A5C5CA3452085408ABEECE4B0B813FD337873F2CD1E2'O o_GetN_OctetsFromPRBS( 255, 25 ) and o_GetN_OctetsFromPRBS( 255 + 2047, 25 ) both return '01FFCCCB4B8B9468A410A81157DD9C9617027FA66F0E7E59A3'O</p>
o_GetPI	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BITSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_Imsi : HEXSTRING p_Np: INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b> The PI is calculated as following: PI = drx_index mod np The drx_index is calculated as described hereafter: drx_index = (<a href="#">o_BCD_Toint(p_Imsi)</a> / 8192 )</p> <p>This calculation is defined in 3GPP TS 25.304 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 8.3. <a href="#">0 GetPI = "0000000...0000" B with length of Np (18, 36, 72 or 144), except the Plth bit shall be set to "1" B. For example, if PI is calculated as 2, the b2 is set to "1" B. The b0 is LSB that corresponds to when PI=0.</a> <a href="#">NOTE: The IMSI is passed as HEXSTRING, the relevant conversion shall be done.</a></p>

TSO Name	Description
o_GetSC_TimeStamp	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> TP_ServCentreTimeSt</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_timezone : TZONES</p> <p>This operation provides the hexstring containing the Service Center Time Stamp (SCTS) according to 3GPP TS 23.040 [Error! Reference source not found.], clauses 9.2.2.1 and 9.2.3.11. The TSO reads the current time of the test systems clock and transforms the time in combination with the input parameter 'timezone' into a service center time stamp.</p> <p>Example: 2002 April 18, 15:32:46, timezone=4 o_GetSC_TimeStamp returns 20408151236440</p> <p>TPSCTS is HEXSTRING[14]</p>
o_HexToDigitsMCC	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>MCC</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_BCDdigits : HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b> The input parameter p_BCDdigits shall be a BCD string (subset of HEXSTRING), the result is a SEQUENCE (SIZE(3)) OF digit (MCC).</p> <p>NOTE: The length of p_BCDdigits shall be 3. User shall take the responsibility of fulfilling this requirement.</p> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_HexToDigitsMCC('111'H) = {1, 1, 1}. EXAMPLE 2: o_HexToDigitsMCC('123'H) = {1, 2, 3}.</p>
o_HexToDigitsMNC	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>MNC</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_BCDdigits : HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b> The function of this operation is:       <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The least significant HEX is removed if it is 'F' and the operation returns SEQUENCE (SIZE(2)) OF Digit.</li> <li>2. The operation returns SEQUENCE (SIZE(3)) OF Digit if all 3 HEX digits in p_BCDdigits are BCD Digit.</li> </ol> </p> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_HexToDigitsMNC('123'H) = {1, 2, 3}. EXAMPLE 2: o_HexToDigitsMNC('13F'H) = {1, 3}.</p>
o_HexToIA5	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> IA5String</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_String: HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b> o_HEX_TO_IA5 converts hexadecimal string 'p_String' to an IA5 String</p> <p>EXAMPLE: o_HEX_TO_IA5 ( '15A'H) = "15A".</p>
o_IA5_ToOct	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_String : IA5String</p> <p><b>Description</b> o_IA5_ToOct converts the string p_String from IA5String type to OCTETSTRING. Each character is mapped onto an octet, and bit 8 is set to 0. This TSO shall be used to convert Access Point Numbers for example. See 3GPP TS 24008, clause 10.5.6.1</p> <p>EXAMPLE: o_IA5_ToOct ( "15A") = '313541'O.</p>

TSO Name	Description
o_IA5_BMC_ToOct	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p>p_String :IA5String_BMC p_DCS: TP_DataCodingScheme</p> <p><b>Description</b></p> <p>o_IA5_BMC_ToOct converts the string p_String from IA5String_BMC type to OCTETSTRING.</p> <p>p_DCS determines how this is done (refer to 3GPP TS 23.038 [<b>Error! Reference source not found.</b>] clause 5).</p> <p>If a 7 bit packing is to be applied then proceed as described in 3GPP TS 23.038 [<b>Error! Reference source not found.</b>] clause 6.1.2.2.1 and clause 6.2.1. This is the default case.</p> <p>If 8bit data is to be used then proceed as described in 3GPP TS 23.038 [<b>Error! Reference source not found.</b>] clause 6.2.2.</p> <p>If UCS2is to be used then proceed as described in 3GPP TS 23.038 [<b>Error! Reference source not found.</b>] clause 6.2.3.</p> <p>The type IA5_BMC implies that the length of p_String is restricted to 1 246 octets. (Refer to 3GPP TS 23.041 [<b>Error! Reference source not found.</b>], 3GPP TS 23.038 [<b>Error! Reference source not found.</b>], 3GPP TS 25.324 [<b>Error! Reference source not found.</b>])</p> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_IA5_BMC_ToOct ("15A", '0F'0) = 'B15A10'0 ('0F'0 is the default codepoint, GSM 7 bit packed).</p> <p>EXAMPLE 2: o_IA5_BMC_ToOct ("15A", '00'0) = 'B15A10'0 (German Language, GSM 7 bit packed).</p> <p>EXAMPLE 3: o_IA5_BMC_ToOct ("15A", '01'0) = 'B15A10'0 (English Language, GSM 7 bit packed).</p> <p>EXAMPLE 4: o_IA5_BMC_ToOct ("15A", 'F0'0) = 'B15A10'0 (Data coding, no msg class, GSM 7 bit packed).</p> <p>EXAMPLE 5: o_IA5_BMC_ToOct ("15A", 'F1'0) = 'B15A10'0 (Data coding, class 1, GSM 7 bit packed).</p> <p>EXAMPLE 6: o_IA5_BMC_ToOct ("15A", 'F2'0) = &lt;8 bit data is user defined&gt; ( Data coding, no msg class, 8 bit data).</p>
o_IA5_IP_ToOct	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p>p_String: IA5String p_IP_V4: BOOLEAN</p> <p><b>Description</b></p> <p>o_IA5_IP_ToOct converts the string p_String from IA5String type to OCTETSTRING.</p> <p>p_String represents an IP address consisting of a number of fields of digits, separated by dots. Each one of the numbers of which the IP address consists is converted into one octet. The dots separating the numbers are ignored.</p> <p>p_IP_V4 is a BOOLEAN. When TRUE, an IP Version 4 address is to be converted, the maximum length of which is 4 octets, otherwise an IP Version 6 address is to be converted, the maximum length of which is 16 octets. See 3GPP TS 24.008 [<b>Error! Reference source not found.</b>], clause 10.5.6.4.</p> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_IA5_IP_ToOct ("200.1.1.80", TRUE) = 'C8010150'0.</p> <p>EXAMPLE 2: o_IA5_IP_ToOct ("200.1.1.80.100", TRUE) should result in an appropriate error message.</p> <p>EXAMPLE 3: o_IA5_IP_ToOct ("300.1.1.80", TRUE) should result in an appropriate error message.</p>
o_IA5_DigitsToOct	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p>p_String: IA5String</p> <p><b>Description</b></p> <p>o_IA5_DigitsToOct converts the string p_String from IA5String type to OCTETSTRING.</p> <p>Each pair of characters is considered a pair of numbers to be mapped onto 1 octet.</p> <p>Each character of p_String shall represent a digit (0..9).</p> <p>In case the number of characters is odd, then a filler '1111'B is used to fill the last octet required to represent the digits. See 3GPP TS 24.008 [<b>Error! Reference source not found.</b>], clause 10.5.4.7.</p>

TSO Name	Description
	<p>EXAMPLE 1: o_IA5_DigitsToOct ("0613454120") = '6031541402'O.      EXAMPLE 2: o_IA5_DigitsToOct ("06134541209") = '6031541402F9'O.      EXAMPLE 3: o_IA5_DigitsToOct ("A6134541209") should result in an appropriate error message.</p>
o_IntToOct	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>OCTETSTRING  <b>Parameters:</b>      p_N : INTEGER      p_L: INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b>      o_IntToOct converts the INTEGER `p_N` into OCTETSTRING with length = 'p_L'.      EXAMPLE 1: o_IntToOct(14,1) = '0E'O.      EXAMPLE 2: o_IntToOct(18,1) = '12'O.      EXAMPLE 3: o_IntToOct(18,2) = '0012'O.</p>
o_IntToIA5	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>IA5String  <b>Parameters:</b>      p_N : INTEGER; p_L: INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b>      o_IntToIA5 converts the INTEGER `p_N` into IA5 String with length = 'p_L'.      EXAMPLE 1: o_IntToIA5(160,3) = "160";      EXAMPLE 2: o_IntToIA5(160,4) = " 160";      EXAMPLE 3: o_IntToIA5(160,2) = "60".</p>
o_OctetstringConcat	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>OCTETSTRING  <b>Parameters:</b>      p_Str1, p_Str2: OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b>      o_OctetstringConcat Performs the concatenation of 2 octetstrings of possibly different lengths.      The octet significance is from left to right, i.e. the MSB is at the lefthand side.      Returns a resulting octetstring p_Str1    p_Str2.      EXAMPLE: o_OctetstringConcat('135'O, '9A38'O) = '1359A38'O.</p>
o_OctToBit	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BITSTRING  <b>Parameters:</b>      p_OctetStr: OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b>      Converts an OCTETSTRING into a BITSTRING.      The size of the resulting BITSTRING is 8 times the size of the input OCTETSTRING.</p>
o_OctToInt	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> INTEGER  <b>Parameters:</b>      p_oct : OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b>      Transform an OCTETSTRING of length 1 to 4 into an unsigned 32 bits IINTEGER value.      If the input octet string is larger than 4, then only the first 4 octets shall be considered.</p>
o_OctToIA5	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> IA5String  <b>Parameters:</b>      p_String: OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b>      o_OctToIA5 converts hexadecimal string 'p_String' to an IA5 String      EXAMPLE: o_OctToIA5 ('2A15AF'O) = "2A15AF".</p>

TSO Name	Description
o_OeBit	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>BITSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_BCDdigits: HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b> The input parameter 'p_BCDdigits' is a BCD string (subset of HEXSTRING), the result is BITSTRING[1]. The function of the o_OeBit is as the follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. It returns '1'B, if the length of the 'p_BCDdigits' is odd.</li> <li>2. It returns '0'B, if the length of the 'p_BCDdigits' is even.</li> </ol> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_OeBit('12583') = '1'B. EXAMPLE 2: o_OeBit('87259957') ='0'B.</p>
o_OtherDigits	<p><b>Type of the result:</b>OCTETSTRING</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_BCDdigits : HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b> The input parameter ` p_BCDdigits ` is a BCD string (subset of HEXSTRING), the result is an even string of BCD digits, with eventually a filler 'F'H used. */</p> <p>The function of the o_OtherDigits is as the follows:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the number of the 'p_BCDdigits' is odd, the operation removes the most significant digit, and then reverses the order of each pair of digits.</li> <li>2. If the number of the 'p_BCDdigits' is even, first the operation suffixes the `bcddigits` with 'F'H, then removes the most significant digit, and then reverses the order of each pair of digits.</li> </ol> <p>EXAMPLE 1: o_OtherDigi('12345') = '3254', EXAMPLE 2: o_OtherDigi('12345678') ='325476F8'. See o_FirstDigit for the handling of the first digit.</p>
o_RoutingParameterIMSIResponsePaging	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> RoutingParameter</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_IMSI : HEXSTRING</p> <p><b>Description</b> The input parameter p_Imsi is a BCD string (subset of HEXSTRING), the result is of type RoutingParameter.</p> <p>The tso returns the RoutingParameter, which consists of DecimalToBinary [(IMSI div 10) mod 1000]. The bits of the result are numbered from b0 to b9, with bit b0 being the least significant.</p>
o_SendInSameFrame	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BOOLEAN</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b> p_NumberMsg : INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description</b> o_SendInSameFrame is called to request SS to send the p_NumberMsg messages in the same frame. Then it returns TRUE.</p>



TSO Name	Description
o_SIB_SegmentationFirstSpecial	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> SegmentsOfSysInfoBlock</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p>p_SIB_BitString : BITSTRING p_FirstSegLength : INTEGER</p> <p><b>Description:</b> The function of the o_SIB_Segmentation_FirstShort is as following:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. If the p_SIB_BitString is less than or equal to p_FirstSegLength bits, the bit string is fit into one segment.</li> <li>2. If the input operand p_SIB_BitString is longer than p_FirstSegLength bits it is segmented from left to right into segments, each segment except the first one and the last one is 222 bits . The first one is p_FirstSegLength long. The last segment may be 222 bits or shorter. If the length of last segment is greater than 214 bits pad it to 222 bits with padding bits set to '0'B.</li> <li>3. The number of segments is assigned to segCount field of the result.</li> <li>4. The first segment is assigned to seg1 field of the result, the second segment is assigned to the seg2 field of the result, the third segment is assigned to the seg3 field of the result, and so on till the last segment.</li> <li>5. The value of parameter p_FirstSegLength shall be less than 197.</li> </ol>
o_CheckPDUsAcknowledge	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> BOOLEAN</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b></p> <p>p_NackList: NackList Contains a list of integers (possibly empty), each of which corresponds to a PDU SN. Negative acknowledgement is expected for each of these PDUs.</p> <p>p_FSN: INTEGER Contains an integer representing the first SN expected to be acknowledged.</p> <p>p_LSN: INTEGER Contains an integer representing the last SN expected to be acknowledged.</p> <p>p_SUFI_List: SuperFields This parameter contains the received SUFI list to be checked.</p> <p><b>Description:</b> This TSO is used to check that the given SUFI list contains any combination of SUFIs that fulfils the following requirements:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Negatively acknowledges all PDUs whose sequence numbers are in p_NackList. Note that the list may be empty.</li> <li>2. Positively acknowledges all other PDUs with sequence numbers greater than or equal to p_FSN, and less than or equal to p_LSN.</li> </ol> <p><b>Output:</b> This TSO returns a BOOLEAN value of TRUE if the SUFI list meets all of the requirements based on the given parameters. Otherwise the TSO returns FALSE.</p>

End of Modified Section

Next Modified Section

## 8.7.5 Specific test suite operation for RAB HS testing

**Table 150: TSO definitions for RAB HS testing**

<b>TSO Name</b>	<b>Description</b>
<a href="#">o_CalculateTestPoint656</a>	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> HSDPA TestPoint</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b>  <a href="#">p_Phycat:HSDSCH_physical_layer_category</a>  <a href="#">p_ModScheme:ModulationScheme</a>  <a href="#">p_NumOfPDU: INTEGER</a></p> <p><b>Description:</b>          TSO implements tables 14.1.3.4.1 for category 1 to 6, 14.1.3.4.2 for category 7 and 8, 14.1.3.4.3 for category 9, 14.1.3.4.4 for Category 10 and 14.1.3.4.5 for category 11 and 12.          It accepts UE category(1 to 12), Modulation scheme(qpsk or qam16) and number of MAC-D PDU's (1 to 70) as input.          If a test point is not defined for this combination of inputs, then returns flag = FALSE  <a href="#">noOfChannelisatonCodes =0</a>  <a href="#">tbSizeIndexOnHS_SCCH =0</a>          If a test point is defined for the combination of inputs, it returns, flag = TRUE  <a href="#">noOfChannelisatonCodes =value as per relevant table</a>  <a href="#">tbSizeIndexOnHS_SCCH =TFRI value as per relevant table</a>    <b>example:</b>  <a href="#">if input is physical category =1,modScheme=qpsk,Num Of PDU's =5</a>          TSO returns  <a href="#">flag = TRUE</a>  <a href="#">noOfChannelisatonCodes =5</a>  <a href="#">tbSizeIndexOnHS_SCCH =43</a>  <a href="#">If input is category =1,modScheme=qpsk,Num Of PDU's =10</a>          TSO returns  <a href="#">flag = FALSE</a>  <a href="#">noOfChannelisatonCodes =0</a>  <a href="#">tbSizeIndexOnHS_SCCH =0</a></p>
<a href="#">o_CalculateTestPoint336</a>	<p><b>Type of the result:</b> HSDPA TestPoint</p> <p><b>Parameters:</b>  <a href="#">p_Phycat:HSDSCH_physical_layer_category</a>  <a href="#">p_ModScheme:ModulationScheme</a>  <a href="#">p_NumOfPDU: INTEGER</a></p> <p><b>Description:</b>          TSO implements tables 14.1.3.3.1 for category 1 to 6, 14.1.3.3.2 for category 7 and 8, 14.1.3.3.3 for category 9, 14.1.3.3.4 for Category 10 and 14.1.3.3.5 for category 11 and 12.          It accepts UE category(1 to 12), Modulation scheme(qpsk or qam16) and number of MAC-D PDU's (1 to 70) as input.          If a test point is not defined for this combination of inputs, then returns flag = FALSE  <a href="#">noOfChannelisatonCodes =0</a>  <a href="#">tbSizeIndexOnHS_SCCH =0</a>          If a test point is defined for the combination of inputs, it returns, flag = TRUE  <a href="#">noOfChannelisatonCodes =value as per relevant table</a>  <a href="#">tbSizeIndexOnHS_SCCH =TFRI value as per relevant table</a>    <b>example:</b>  <a href="#">if input is physical category =1,modScheme=qpsk,Num Of PDU's =10</a>          TSO returns  <a href="#">flag = TRUE</a>  <a href="#">noOfChannelisatonCodes =5</a>  <a href="#">tbSizeIndexOnHS_SCCH =45</a>  <a href="#">If input is category =1,modScheme=qpsk,Num Of PDU's =17</a>          TSO returns  <a href="#">flag = FALSE</a>  <a href="#">noOfChannelisatonCodes =0</a></p>

<a href="#">tbSizeIndexOnHS_SCCH =0</a>
---

[\*\*Table ???: HSDPA TestPoint\*\*](#)

<a href="#"><b>Structure Type Definition</b></a>			
<b>Type Name:</b> HSDPA TestPoint			
<b>Encoding Variation:</b>			
<b>Comments:</b> To provide the information to SS to send data in every TTI on each RAB. Number of RBs depends on specific requirement. SS shall take care about all kind of discard info in all RLC modes and final aim is DL TFCs under test shall be selected in downlink for each TTI.			
<a href="#"><b>Element name</b></a>	<a href="#"><b>Type Definition</b></a>	<a href="#"><b>Field Encoding</b></a>	<a href="#"><b>Comments</b></a>
<a href="#">flag</a>	<a href="#">BOOLEAN</a>		<a href="#">TRUE if test point is applicable</a>
<a href="#">noOfChannelisatonCodes</a>	<a href="#">INTEGER</a>		<a href="#">Range 1 to 15</a> <a href="#">Valid value if flag =TRUE</a>
<a href="#">tbSizeIndexOnHS_SCCH</a>	<a href="#">INTEGER</a>		

**End of Modified Section**

**Next Modified Section**

## 8.8 AT commands

Table 127 shows a list of AT commands. By using these commands the ATSs communicate with the SS for an automatic execution. The column "ATS" indicates in which ATS the command is used.

**Table 151: AT commands used in 3GPP ATs**

<b>Command</b>	<b>Reference</b>	<b>ATS</b>
+CGACT	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	BMC, MAC, NAS, RAB, RLC, RRC, PDCP, SMS
+CGATT	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	BMC, MAC, NAS, RAB, RLC, RRC, PDCP, SMS
+CGCMOD	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	NAS
+CGDCONT	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	BMC, MAC, NAS, RAB, RLC, RRC, PDCP, SMS
+CGDSCONT	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	NAS
+CGEQREQ	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	BMC, MAC, NAS, RAB, RLC, RRC, PDCP, SMS
+CLCC	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	NAS
+VTS	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	NAS
H	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	NAS, RAB, RRC, SMS
+CBST	3GPP TS 27.007 [Error! Reference source not found.]	NAS, RAB, RRC, SMS
+CMOD	3GPP TS 27.007	NAS, RAB, RRC, SMS

	<b>[Error! Reference source not found.]</b>	
A	3GPP TS 27.007 <b>[Error! Reference source not found.]</b>	NAS, RAB, RRC, SMS
D	3GPP TS 27.007 <b>[Error! Reference source not found.]</b>	BMC, MAC, NAS, RAB, RLC, RRC, PDCP, SMS
+CGMD	3GPP TS 27.005 <b>[Error! Reference source not found.]</b>	SMS
+CGMF	3GPP TS 27.005 <b>[Error! Reference source not found.]</b>	SMS
+CGMR	3GPP TS 27.005 <b>[Error! Reference source not found.]</b>	SMS
+CMGW	3GPP TS 27.005 <b>[Error! Reference source not found.]</b>	SMS
+CMSS	3GPP TS 27.005 <b>[Error! Reference source not found.]</b>	NAS, RAB, RRC, SMS
+CPMS	3GPP TS 27.005 <b>[Error! Reference source not found.]</b>	SMS
+CSCA	3GPP TS 27.005 <b>[Error! Reference source not found.]</b>	SMS
+CSCS	3GPP TS 27.005 <b>[Error! Reference source not found.]</b>	SMS
+CSMS	3GPP TS 27.005 <b>[Error! Reference source not found.]</b>	SMS
+CVHU	<a href="#">3GPP TS 27.005 [22]</a>	<a href="#">NAS, RAB, RRC, SMS, IR_U, IR_G</a>
+CHUP	<a href="#">3GPP TS 27.005 [22]</a>	<a href="#">NAS, RAB, RRC, SMS, IR_U, IR_G</a>

## 8.8.1 AT command lists in ATSS

### 8.8.1.1 AT commands in IR\_U ATs:

Command	Syntax in TTCN	Comments
CBST	AT+CBST=[<speed>[,<name>[,<ce>]]]<CR> <speed>=0,7,12,14,15,16,17,39,43,47,48,49,50,51,71,75,79,80,81,82,83, 84,115,116,120,121 <name>=0,1,4,5 <ce>=0,1	Select bearer service type, TS 27.007 clause 6.7
CGACT	AT+CGACT=1,1<CR> AT+CGACT=0,1<CR>	PDP context activate or deactivate, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.10
CGATT	AT+CGATT=1<CR>	PS attach or detach, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.9
CGDSCONT	AT+CGDSCONT= 1,<CR> AT+ CGDSCONT=1 , 1, "IP", 0,0,<CR>	Establish secondary PDP Context, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.2
CGEQREQ	AT+CGEQREQ=1,2,64,64,,,1,320,"1E4","1E5",1,,3<CR> AT+CGEQREQ=1,3,64,64,,,1,320,"1E4","1E5",1,,<CR>	Quality of Service Profile (Requested), TS 27.007 clause 10.1.4
<a href="#">CHUP</a>	<a href="#">AT+CHUP&lt;CR&gt;</a>	<a href="#">Hang up call, TS 27.007 clause 6.5</a>
CMOD	AT+CMOD=0<CR> AT+CMOD=1<CR>	Call mode, TS 27.007 clause 6.4
CMSS	AT+CMSS=000<CR> AT+CMSS=001<CR> AT+CMSS=002<CR>	Send Message from Storage, TS 27.005 clause 3.5.2
<a href="#">CVHU</a>	<a href="#">AT+CVHU=0&lt;CR&gt;</a>	<a href="#">Voice Hang up control, TS 27.007 clause 6.20</a>

### 8.8.1.2 AT commands in MAC and RLC ATs:

Command	Syntax in TTCN	Comments
CGATT	AT+CGATT=1<CR>	PS attach or detach, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.9

### 8.8.1.3 AT commands in NAS ATS:

Command	Syntax in TTCN	Comments
CBST	AT+CBST=[<speed>[,<name>[,<ce>]]]<CR> <speed>=0,7,12,14,15,16,17,39,43,47,48,49,50,51,71,75,79,80,81,82,8 3,84,115,116,120,121 <name>=0,1,4,5 <ce>=0,1	Select bearer service type, TS 27.007 clause 6.7
CGACT	AT+CGACT=1,1<CR> AT+CGACT=0,1<CR>	PDP context activate or deactivate, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.10
CGATT	AT+CGATT=1<CR> AT+CGATT=0<CR>	PS attach or detach, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.9
CGDATA	AT+CGDATA=PPP,1<CR>	Enter data state, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.12
CGDCONT	AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","ABCDEF","200.1.1.80",0,0<CR> AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","GHIJK","200.1.1.90",0,0<CR>	Define PDP Context, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.1
CGDSCONT	AT+CGDSCONT=1,<CR> AT+CGDSCONT=1 , 1, "IP", 0,0,<CR>	Establish secondary PDP Context, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.2
CGEQMIN	AT+CGEQMIN=1,3,32,32,,,1,320,"1E3","4E3",1,,<CR> AT+CGEQMIN=1,3,64,64,,,1,320,"1E3","4E3",1,,<CR> AT+CGEQMIN=1,2,32, 32, 32, 32, 1, 320, 1E4,6E8,1,,,<CR> AT+CGEQMIN=1,3,32, 32, 32, 32, 1, 320, 1E4,6E8,1,,,<CR> AT+CGEQMIN=1,2,32, 32, 32, 32, 1, 320, 1E3,6E8,1,,,<CR> AT+CGEQMIN=1,3,32, 32, 32, 32, 1, 320, 1E3,6E8,1,,,<CR> AT+CGEQMIN=1,2,64, 64, 64, 64, 1, 320, 1E3,6E8,1,,,<CR> AT+CGEQMIN=1,3,64, 64, 64, 64, 1, 320, 1E3,6E8,1,,,<CR>	Quality of Service Profile (Minimum acceptable), TS 27.007 clause 10.1.4
CGEQREQ	AT+CGEQREQ=1,2,64,64,,,1,320,"1E4","1E5",1,,3<CR> AT+CGEQREQ=1,3,64,64,,,1,320,"1E4","1E5",1,,<CR> AT+CGEQREQ=1,2,64, 64, 64, 64, 1, 320, 1E4,6E8,1,,,<CR> AT+CGEQREQ=1,3,64, 64, 64, 64, 1, 320, 1E4,6E8,1,,,<CR>	Quality of Service Profile (Requested), TS 27.007 clause 10.1.4
<a href="#">CHUP</a>	<a href="#">AT+CHUP&lt;CR&gt;</a>	<a href="#">Hang up call, TS 27.007 clause 6.5</a>
CLCC	AT+CLCC<CR>	List current calls, TS 27.007 clause 7.18
CMOD	AT+CMOD=0<CR> AT+CMOD=1<CR>	Call mode, TS 27.007 clause 6.4
CMSS	AT+CMSS=000<CR> AT+CMSS=001<CR> AT+CMSS=002<CR>	Send Message from Storage, TS 27.005 clause 3.5.2
VTS	AT+VTS=0,100<CR> AT+VTS=1,50<CR> AT+VTS=2,60<CR> AT+VTS=3,40<CR> AT+VTS=4,50<CR> AT+VTS=5,60<CR> AT+VTS=6,70<CR> AT+VTS=7,80<CR> AT+VTS=8,90<CR> AT+VTS=9,100<CR> AT+VTS=#,110<CR> AT+VTS=\*,120<CR> AT+VTS=A,130<CR> AT+VTS=B,140<CR> AT+VTS=C,150<CR> AT+VTS=D,200<CR>	DTMF and tone generation, TS 27.007 clause C.2.11
<a href="#">CVHU</a>	<a href="#">AT+CVHU=0&lt;CR&gt;</a>	<a href="#">Voice Hang up control, TS 27.007 clause 6.20</a>

#### 8.8.1.4 AT commands in RAB ATS:

Command	Syntax in TTCN	Comments
CBST	AT+CBST=[<speed>[,<name>[,<ce>]]]<CR> <speed>=0,7,12,14,15,16,17,39,43,47,48,49,50,51,71,75,79,80,81,82,83,8 4,115,116,120,121 <name>=0,1,4,5 <ce>=0,1	Select bearer service type, TS 27.007 clause 6.7
CGACT	AT+CGACT=1,1<CR> AT+CGACT=0,1<CR>	PDP context activate or deactivate, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.10
CGATT	AT+CGATT=1<CR>	PS attach or detach, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.9
CGDCONT	AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","ABCDEF","200.1.1.80",0,0<CR> AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","GHIJK","200.1.1.90",0,0<CR>	Define PDP Context, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.1
CGDSCONT	AT+CGDSCONT=1,<CR> AT+CGDSCONT=1 , 1, "IP", 0,0,<CR>	Establish secondary PDP Context, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.2
CGEQREQ	AT+CGEQREQ=1,2,64,64,,,1,320,"1E4","1E5",1,,3<CR> AT+CGEQREQ=1,3,64,64,,,1,320,"1E4","1E5",1,,<CR>	Quality of Service Profile (Requested), TS 27.007 clause 10.1.4
<a href="#">CHUP</a>	<a href="#">AT+CHUP&lt;CR&gt;</a>	<a href="#">Hang up call, TS 27.007 clause 6.5</a>
CMOD	AT+CMOD=0<CR> AT+CMOD=1<CR>	Call mode, TS 27.007 clause 6.4
CMSS	AT+CMSS=000<CR> AT+CMSS=001<CR> AT+CMSS=002<CR>	Send Message from Storage, TS 27.005 clause 3.5.2
<a href="#">CVHU</a>	<a href="#">AT+CVHU=0&lt;CR&gt;</a>	<a href="#">Voice Hang up control, TS 27.007 clause 6.20</a>

#### 8.8.1.5 AT commands in RRC ATS:

Command	Syntax in TTCN	Comments
ATA	ATA<CR>	Answer a call, TS 27.007 clause 6.35
ATD	ATD0123456902;<CR> ATD112;<CR> ATD0123456902<CR>	Originates a call, TS 27.007 clause 6.31
ATH	ATH<CR>	Hang-up a single mode call, TS 27.007 clause 6.36
CBST	AT+CBST=[<speed>[,<name>[,<ce>]]]<CR> <speed>=0,7,12,14,15,16,17,39,43,47,48,49,50,51,71,75,79,80,81,82,83,8 4,115,116,120,121 <name>=0,1,4,5 <ce>=0,1	Select bearer service type, TS 27.007 clause 6.7
CGACT	AT+CGACT=1,1<CR> AT+CGACT=0,1<CR>	PDP context activate or deactivate, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.10
CGATT	AT+CGATT=1<CR>	PS attach or detach, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.9
CGDCONT	AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","ABCDEF","200.1.1.80",0,0<CR> AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","GHIJK","200.1.1.90",0,0<CR>	Define PDP Context, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.1
CGDSCONT	AT+CGDSCONT=1,<CR> AT+CGDSCONT=1 , 1, "IP", 0,0,<CR>	Establish secondary PDP Context, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.2
CGEQREQ	AT+CGEQREQ=1,2,64,64,,,1,320,"1E4","1E5",1,,3<CR> AT+CGEQREQ=1,3,64,64,,,1,320,"1E4","1E5",1,,<CR>	Quality of Service Profile (Requested), TS 27.007 clause 10.1.4
<a href="#">CHUP</a>	<a href="#">AT+CHUP&lt;CR&gt;</a>	<a href="#">Hang up call, TS 27.007 clause 6.5</a>
CMOD	AT+CMOD=0<CR> AT+CMOD=1<CR>	Call mode, TS 27.007 clause 6.4
CMSS	AT+CMSS=000<CR> AT+CMSS=001<CR> AT+CMSS=002<CR>	Send Message from Storage, TS 27.005 clause 3.5.2
<a href="#">CVHU</a>	<a href="#">AT+CVHU=0&lt;CR&gt;</a>	<a href="#">Voice Hang up control, TS 27.007 clause 6.20</a>

Command	Syntax in TTCN	Comments
		<a href="#">27.007 clause 6.20</a>

### 8.8.1.6 AT commands SMS ATS:

Command	Syntax in TTCN	Comments
CBST	AT+CBST=[<speed>[,<name>[,<ce>]]]<CR> <speed>=0,7,12,14,15,16,17,39,43,47,48,49,50,51,71,75,79,80,81,82 ,83,84,115,116,120,121 <name>=0,1,4,5 <ce>=0,1	Select bearer service type, TS 27.007 clause 6.7
CGACT	AT+CGACT=1,1<CR> AT+CGACT=0,1<CR>	PDP context activate or deactivate, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.10
CGATT	AT+CGATT=1<CR>	PS attach or detach, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.9
CGDCONT	AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","ABCDEF","200.1.1.80",0,0<CR> AT+CGDCONT=1,"IP","GHIJK","200.1.1.90",0,0<CR>	Define PDP Context, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.1
CGDSCONT	AT+CGDSCONT=1,<CR> AT+CGDSCONT=1, 1, "IP", 0,0,<CR>	Establish secondary PDP Context, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.2
CGEQREQ	AT+CGEQREQ=1,2,64,64,,,1,320,"1E4","1E5",1,,3<CR> AT+CGEQREQ=1,3,64,64,,,1,320,"1E4","1E5",1,<CR>	Quality of Service Profile (Requested), TS 27.007 clause 10.1.4
CGSMS	AT+CGSMS=1<CR> AT+CGSMS=0<CR>	Select service for MO SMS messages, TS 27.007 clause 10.1.20
<a href="#">CHUP</a>	<a href="#">AT+CHUP&lt;CR&gt;</a>	<a href="#">Hang up call, TS 27.007 clause 6.5</a>
CMGD	AT+CMGD=001<CR> AT+CMGD=1,4<CR>	Delete Message, TS 27.005 clause 3.5.4
CMGF	AT+CMGF=1<CR>	Message Format, TS 27.005 clause 3.2.3
CMGR	AT+CMGR=001<CR> AT+CMGR=002<CR> AT+CMGR=003<CR> AT+CMGR=004<CR>	Read Message, TS 27.005 clause 3.4.3
CMGW	AT+CMGW="1111111111",129, "The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog's back. Kaufen Sie Ihrer Frau vier bequeme Pelze. - 0123456789 - THE QUICK BROWN FOX JUMPS OVER THE LAZY DOG'S BACK."<CR>	Write Message to Memory, TS 27.005 clause 3.5.3
CMMS	AT+CMMS=1<CR>	More Messages to Send, TS 27.005 clause 3.5.6
CMOD	AT+CMOD=0<CR> AT+CMOD=1<CR>	Call mode, TS 27.007 clause 6.4
CMSS	AT+CMSS=000<CR> AT+CMSS=001<CR> AT+CMSS=002<CR>	Send Message from Storage, TS 27.005 clause 3.5.2
CPMS	AT+CPMS="SM","SM","MT"<CR> AT+CPMS="CB","CB","CB"<CR>	Preferred Message Storage, TS 27.005 clause 3.2.2
CSCA	AT+CSCA="2222222222",129<CR>	Service Centre Address, TS 27.005 clause 3.3.1
CSCS	AT+CSCS="GSM"<CR>	Select TE character set, TS 27.007 clause 5.5
CSMS	AT+CSMS=0<CR>	Select Message Service, TS 27.005 clause 3.2.1
<a href="#">CVHU</a>	<a href="#">AT+CVHU=0&lt;CR&gt;</a>	<a href="#">Voice Hang up control, TS 27.007 clause 6.20</a>

### 8.8.2 AT Command Handling in TTCN

#### 8.8.2.1 AT Command Interface

The AT Command Interface resides between the UE and the System Simulator (SS). The implementation of AT commands in the UE is optional[3]. It is agreed, however, that it is the responsibility of the SS – not the ATS – to map

AT commands onto appropriate MMI commands. This means that the ATSSs issue AT commands which have to be mapped appropriately and forwarded to the UE, and vice versa.

The ATSSs have been implemented in such a way that AT commands are to be answered immediately. This means that the TTCN expects the answers right away and progresses only afterwards. As a consequence only positive AT responses are assumed.

There is only one exception from the rule of immediate answering: the CGACT command. For this command the TTCN does not expect an immediate AT response. Once the CGACT command has been issued a subsequent UE behaviour is expected. The AT response is issued by the UE only after execution of the AT command, and it will only then be accounted for by the ATSSs.

### **8.8.2.2 AT Command Dialogues**

In some cases AT commands trigger a dialogue between the AT command interface and the UE. An example used in the SMS ATs is the CMGW command.

Example:

```
AT+CMGW="9501231234"      (write message)
> This is the message body^Z
+CMGW: 7                  (index number in storage returned)
OK
```

A special character (^Z) marks the end of the dialogue.

The ATSSs generate information to be sent to the UE as one block. If the command mapping function cannot proceed with the dialogue that way, it has to divide the received block into the appropriate pieces prior to forwarding them.

### **8.8.2.3 AT Response Types**

The term ‘response type’ shall allow a distinction between different types of contents to answer upon an AT command issued by the TTCN.

#### **8.8.2.3.1 ‘OK’ Response**

Most AT commands are to be answered with ‘OK’. All exceptions are according to 27.007, for example +CGDATA is to be answered with ‘CONNECT’.

#### **8.8.2.3.2 Name String**

There are a number of AT commands which, in the positive case, trigger an answer string from UEs. Such strings start with the command which is being answered.

Example:

```
AT+CPMS?                  (check memory settings)
+CPMS: "ME", 4,10, "ME", 4,10, "ME", 4,10
OK
```

The implementation of this type of AT commands is such that the TTCN expects and checks the beginning of the response string. This would (later) facilitate possible direct connections between SS and UE.

#### **8.8.2.3.3 Error strings**

There are situations when the UE cannot react positively upon an AT command. Different types of reactions are foreseen. The strings ‘ERROR’ or ‘CMS ERROR:<err>’ may be issued by UEs.

“...subparameter values of a command are not accepted by the TA (or command itself is invalid, or command cannot be performed for some reason), result code <CR><LF>ERROR<CR><LF> is sent to the TE and no subsequent commands in the command line are processed.”

“Final result code +CMS\_ERROR: <err> indicates an error related to mobile equipment or network. The operation is similar to ERROR result code. None of the following commands in the same command line is executed. Neither ERROR nor OK result code shall be returned. ERROR is returned normally when error is related to syntax or invalid parameters.”

The chosen way of realisation prevents, in general, that error strings generated by the UE are passed to the SS. This holds for both intended and unintended errors (from the tester perspective).

#### 8.8.2.4 AT Command Parameters And Options

Many AT commands take parameters some of which are optional. Thus, there is a degree of freedom left to the UEs. This freedom is widely used in the AT commands used in the SMS ATS. To allow flexible parametrization PIXIT items can be used to set the parameters as understood by the UEs.

An example of such parameters are the preferred memories to be used when testing.

End of Modified Section

Next Modified Section

### 8.11b HS-DSCH Configuration Verification

In most HSDPA test cases although the HSDPA channels (HS-SCCH, HS-PDSCH, HS-DSCH & HS-DPCCH) are set up and reconfigured using RRC peer messages, no data is sent on HS-DSCH and all the signalling is transmitted through the associated DPCH physical channel.

In order to ensure that the HS-DPCCH channel has been configured, the SS shall, upon request, forward one CQI report to the TTCN.

End of Modified Section

Next Modified Section

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## B.1 Parameter values

### B.1.1 BasicM test suite parameter declarations

The following parameters are common to all ATSS.

**Table B.1: BasicM PIXIT**

Parameter name	Description	Type	Default value	Supported value
px_AuthAMF	Authentication Management Field (16 bits). The value shall be different from '1111 1111 1111 1111'B (AMFresynch).	BITSTRING	See note 2	
px_AuthK	Authentication Key (128 bits)	BITSTRING	'0101111001001 0101011001101 0110001001000 1001101110101 1101001010101 1101110100000 0100101110011 0011111000011 0000100110100 11000101001'B	
px_AuthN	Value of n to initialize tcv_Auth_n (length of extended response)	INTEGER	127	

Parameter name	Description	Type	Default value	Supported value
	min 31, max 127 (3GPP TS 34.108 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 8.1.2)			
px_AuthRAND	Random Challenge (128 bits)	BITSTRING	'01010101...01' B	
px_CipherAlg	Cipher algorithm.	B3	Default value: (A5/1) '000'B	
px_CipheringOnOff	Security mode - TRUE if ciphering is applicable	BOOLEAN	TRUE	
px_CN_DomainTested	CN domain to be tested. This parameter is used in test cases that handle both PS and CS domains.	CN_DomainIdentity	cs_domain	
px_DL_MaxCC_TB_bits	Maximum sum of number of bits of all convolutionally coded transport blocks being received at an arbitrary time instant.	MaxNoBits	b163840	
px_DL_MaxCCTrCH	Maximum number of Simultaneous CCTrCH for downlink	MaxSimultaneousCCTrCH_Count	8	
px_DL_MaxTB_bits	Maximum sum of number of bits of all transport blocks being received at an arbitrary time instant.	MaxNoBits	b163840	
px_DL_MaxTF	Maximum number of TF for downlink	MaxNumberOfTF	tf1024	
px_DL_MaxTFS	Maximum number of TFC in the TFCS for downlink	MaxNumberOfTFC_DL	tfc1024	
px_DL_MaxTrCHs	Maximum number of simultaneous transport channels for downlink.	MaxSimultaneousTransChsDL	e32	
px_DL_MaxTTI_TB	Maximum total number of transport blocks received within TTIs that end within the same 10 ms interval.	MaxTransportBlocksDL	tb512	
px_FRESH	Value for FRESH	Fresh	See note 1	
px_FDD_OperationBand	Applicable for FDD The operation band under test as defined in 34.108 clause 5.1.1	INTEGER	1, see note 3	Band 1 – Band 6 All other values are not defined.
px_IMSI_Def	Default IMSI value	HEXSTRING	'001010123456063'H	
px_PriScrmCode	Applicable for FDD Primary scrambling code	PrimaryScramblingCode	100	
px_MaxAM_EntityNumber_RLC_Cap	Maximum AM Entity Number for RLC.	MaximumAMEntityNumberRLCap	am30	
px_MaxNoDPCH_BitsTransmitted	Part of UL_PhysChCapabilityFDD	MaxNoDPDCH_BitsTransmitted	b57600	
px_MaxNoDPCH_PDSCH_Codes	Part of DL_PhysChCapabilityFDD. INTEGER (1..8).	INTEGER	8	px_MaxNoDPCH_PDSCH_Codes
px_MaxNoPhysChBitsReceived	Part of DL_PhysChCapabilityFDD.	MaxNoPhysChBitsReceived	b76800	px_MaxNoPhysCh_BitsReceived
px_MaxRLC_WindowSize	Maximum RLC window size.	MaximumRLC_WindowSize	mws4095	
px_MS_ClsmkESIND	default Early Sending Indication	B1	'0'B	
px_MS_ClsmkRevLvl	default Revision Level	B2	'10'B	
px_MS_ClsmkRF_PwrCap	default RF Power Capability	B3	'000'B	
px_PTMSI_Def	default PTMSI	OCTETSTRING	'12345678'O	
px_PTMSI_SigDef	default PTMSI signature (3 octets, 3GPP 24.008 [Error! Reference source not found.], clause 10.5.5.8).	OCTETSTRING	'AB1234'O	

Parameter name	Description	Type	Default value	Supported value
px_RAT	Applicable for FDD This parameter is used to specify which radio access technology is being used for the current test execution. Valid values: fdd and tdd	RatType	fdd	
px_RRC_CS_ServTested	CS service to be tested for RRC test cases.	RRC_ServTested	Speech	
px_RRC_PS_ServTested	PS service to be tested for RRC test cases.	RRC_ServTested	Speech	
px_SRNC_Id	SRNC Id	SRNC_Identity	'0000 0000 0001'B	
px_SRNTI	S RNTI	S_RNTI	'0000 0000 0000 0000 0001'B	
px_TCellA	TCell value for cell A	Tcell	0	
px_TCellB	TCell value for cell B	Tcell	512	
px_TCellC	TCell value for cell C	Tcell	1536	
px_TCellD	TCell value for cell D	Tcell	321	
px_TCellE	TCell value for cell E	Tcell	833	
px_TCellF	TCell value for cell F	Tcell	6577	
px_TCellG	TCell value for cell G	Tcell	7253	
px_TCellH	TCell value for cell H	Tcell	4351	
px_TMSI_Def	Default TMSI	OCTETSTRING	'12345678'0	
px_TotalRLC_AM_BufferSize	Total RLC AM buffer size.	TotalRLC_AM_BufferSize	NA	
px_UARFCN_High	Applicable for LCR TDD High range UARFCN value.	INTEGER	9596	The value shall be set within the operation band supported
px_UARFCN_Low	Applicable for LCR TDD Low range UARFCN value.	INTEGER	9504	The value shall be set within the operation band supported
px_UARFCN_Mid	Applicable for LCR TDD Middle range UARFCN value	INTEGER	9550	The value shall be set within the operation band supported
px_UARFCN_D_Mid	Applicable for FDD Mid Range downlink UARFCN value	INTEGER	10700	
px_UARFCN_D_Low	Applicable for FDD Low Range downlink UARFCN value	INTEGER	10563	
px_UARFCN_D_High	Applicable for FDD High Range downlink UARFCN value	INTEGER	10837	
px_UARFCN_U_High	Applicable for FDD High Range uplink UARFCN value. This value shall be set based on the operation band supported.	INTEGER	9887	
px_UARFCN_U_Low	Applicable for FDD Low Range uplink UARFCN value. This value shall be set based on the operation band supported.	INTEGER	9613	
px_UARFCN_U_Mid	Applicable for FDD Mid Range uplink UARFCN value. This value shall be set based on the operation band supported.	INTEGER	9750	
px_UE_OpModeDef	Default UE operation mode (either opModeA or opModeC). (For most UEs this corresponds class-A or class-C, and can not be changed by the user)	UE_OperationMode	opModeA	
px_UE_PositioningNetworkAssistedGPS_Sup	UE positioning capability: supports the network assisted GPS	NetworkAssistedGPS_Supported	networkBased	
px_UE_PowerClass	UE_PowerClass value.	UE_PowerCl	1	px_UE_PowerCl

Parameter name	Description	Type	Default value	Supported value
px_UL_MaxCC_TB_bits	Maximum sum of number of bits of all convolutionally coded transport blocks being transmitted at an arbitrary time instant.	MaxNoBits	b163840	
px_UL_MaxTB_bits	Maximum sum of number of bits of all transport blocks being transmitted at an arbitrary time instant.	MaxNoBits	b163840	
px_UL_MaxTF	Maximum number of TF for uplink.	MaxNumber OfTF	tf1024	
px_UL_MaxTFS	Maximum number of TFC in the TFCS for uplink.	MaxNumber OfTFC_DL	tfc1024	
px_UL_MaxTrCHs	Maximum number of simultaneous transport channels for uplink.	MaxSimultaneousTransChsUL	e32	
px_UL_MaxTTI_TB	Maximum total number of transport blocks transmitted within TTIs that start at the same time.	MaxTransportBlocksUL	tb512	
px_UL_ScramblingCode	Applicable for FDD UL scrambling code value to be used by UE.	UL_ScramblingCode	0	
px_UTRAN_GERAN	This parameter is used to specify for which environment region the system information blocks are broadcast in the test execution. Valid values: "UTRAN only" and "UTRAN and GERAN".	Region	"UTRAN and GERAN"	
NOTE 1: No default value can be proposed (Manufacturer defined value).				
NOTE 2: No default value can be proposed, because not enough information is available in 3GPP TS 34.109 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 8.1.2.				
NOTE 3: This value shall be set in synchronisation with the values that are being set for the 6 other pixits viz: px_UARFCN_D_High, px_UARFCN_U_High, px_UARFCN_D_Mid, px_UARFCN_L_Mid, px_UARFCN_D_Low, px_UARFCN_U_Low				

## B.1.2 L3M test suite parameters declarations

The following parameters are commonly used in the RRC and NAS ATSS.

**Table B.2: L3M PIXIT**

Parameter name	Description	Type	Default value	Supported value
px_BcapDataCompression	Data compression supported (used in the Bearer Capability)	B1	'0'B	
px_BcapFNUR	Fixed Network User rate supported: '00001'B: FNUR 9.6 kbit/s '00010'B: FNUR 14.4 kbit/s '00011'B: FNUR 19.2 kbit/s '00100'B: FNUR 28.8 kbit/s '00101'B: FNUR 38.4 kbit/s '00110'B: FNUR 48.0 kbit/s '00111'B: FNUR 56.0 kbit/s '01000'B: FNUR 64.0 kbit/s '01001'B: FNUR 33.6 kbit/s '01010'B: FNUR 32.0 kbit/s	B5	'00001'B	
px_BcapITC	Information transfer capability supported (used for the generation of the Bearer Capability) 0 - UDI 1 - RDI 2 - 31 kHz Audio 3 - Other	Itclnt	2	
px_BcapModemType	Modem type supported (used in the Bearer Capability)	B5	'00110'B	
px_BcapNumberDataBits	Number of data bits supported (used in the Bearer Capability)	B1	'1'B	
px_BcapNumberStopBits	Number of Stop bits supported (used in the Bearer Capability)	B1	'1'B	

Parameter name	Description	Type	Default value	Supported value
px_BcapOtherModemType	Other modem type supported (used in the Bearer Capability)	B2	'10'B	
px_BcapParity	Parity supported (used in the Bearer Capability)	B3	'011'B	
px_BcapSACP	Signalling access protocol supported (used in the Bearer Capability)	B3	'001'B	
px_BcapSyncAsync	Synchronous '0'B or Asynchronous '1'B mode supported by IUT	B1	'1'B	
px_BcapUeFlowControl	UE flow control. 0-outband, 1-inband, 2-no flow control. 3-X.25 4-X.75 Default: 0, outband flow control	FlowControl	0	
px_CC_CallDiallingDigits	Dialling digits used to initiate a CC MO call (used with the AT dial D command).	IA5String	"0123456902"	
px_CC_Serv	Service selected for Mobile Originated calls and Mobile Terminated calls. The possible values are ("Telephony", "EmergencyCall", "31kHz", "V110", "V120", "PIAFS", "FTM", "X31", "BTM", "MmediaCall")	Services	"31kHz"	
px_DeltaSS_DelayTime	Tdelta value (refer to 34.108 clause 4.2.3) in ms.	INTEGER	55ms	
px_IMEI_Def	Default IMEI value	HEXSTRING	See note 1	
px_IMEISV_Def	Default IMEISV value	HEXSTRING	See note 1	
px_IMSI_Diff	Different IMSI from the IMSI stored in the USIM	HEXSTRING	'0010106543210 63'H	
px_NwOrgPDP_Support	This indicates if the UE implementation supports network originated PDP Context. TRUE indicates, supported FALSE indicate, not supported	BOOLEAN	FALSE	
px_PDP_IP_AddrInfoDCH	A string parameter that identifies the MT in the address space applicable to the PDP for DCH.	IA5String	"200.1.1.80"	
px_PDP_IP_AddrInfoFACH	A string parameter that identifies the MT in the address space applicable to the PDP for FACH.	IA5String	"200.1.1.90"	
px_PTMSI_2	Second PTMSI used for testing.	OCTETSTRING	'09876543'O	
px_PTMSI_Sig2	Second PTMSI signature used for testing.	OCTETSTRING	'AB1234'O	
px_TMSI_2	Second TMSI value for testing	OCTETSTRING	'09876543'O	
px_SMS_IndexOffset	<a href="#">SMS index offset for the numbering of short messages, value range: (0,1)</a>	INTEGER	0	
NOTE 1: No default value can be proposed (Manufacturer defined value).				

### B.1.3 NAS test suite parameters declarations

The following parameters are commonly used in the NAS ATS.

**Table B.3: NAS PIXIT**

Parameter name	Description	Type	Default value	Supported value
px_AuthRAND_2	A second Random Challenge (128 bits)	BITSTRING	'1010101...10'B	
px_AutocallingBlacklistNumber	Number of B-party numbers that can be stored in the list of blacklisted numbers	INTEGER	20	
px_AutocallingCause1or2	Cause value of category 1 or 2 to be	INTEGER	18	

Parameter name	Description	Type	Default value	Supported value
	used in TC_17_1_3			
px_AutocallingNumber	Called number to be used for auto calling	IA5String	"0613454120"	
px_AutocallingRepeatCat10r2	Number of repeat attempt done for the category 1 or 2 to be used in TC_17_1_3	INTEGER	10	
px_CC_ServNotSupp	Not supported service selected for Mobile Originated calls and Mobile Terminated calls. The possible values are ("Telephony", "EmergencyCall", "31kHz", "V110", "V120", "PIAFS", "FTM", "X31", "BTM", "MmediaCall")	Services	"BTM"	
px_DTMF_BasicCharSet	TRUE if DMTF Chars 0-9, *, # supported	BOOLEAN	TRUE	
px_DTMF_OtherCharSet	TRUE if DMTF Chars A, B, C, D supported	BOOLEAN	TRUE	
px_DTMF_ToneInd	TRUE if UE support DTMF tone indication	BOOLEAN	TRUE	
px_EmergencyCallNumber	Emergency Number used by UE to initiate an emergency call	EmergencyNumber	"112"	
<a href="#">px_PTMSI_Sig3</a>	<a href="#">Second PTMSI signature used for testing</a>	OCTETSTRING	'AB1239'0	
px_UuiInfo	User-user information for TC_10_3	OCTETSTRING	'01020304'0	
px_Uupd	User-user protocol discriminator for TC_10_3	B8	'00000100'B	
px_VTS_AT_CommandSupp	TRUE if the AT command +VTS is supported	BOOLEAN	TRUE	

## B.1.4 SMS test suite parameters declarations

These parameters are used in the SMS ATS.

**Table B.4: SMS PIXIT**

Parameter name	Description	Type	Default value	Supported value
px_BMC_CB_RepPeriod01	CB repetition period for CB message 1	INTEGER	2	
px_BMC_CB_RepPeriod02	CB repetition period for CB message 2	INTEGER	2	
px_BMC_NoOfBC_Req01	No of broadcasts requested for CB message 1	INTEGER	2	
px_BMC_NoOfBC_Req02	No of broadcasts requested for CB message 2	INTEGER	2	
px_MaxCP_DataRetx	max. number of CP data retransmissions for SMS	INTEGER	3	
<del>px_MaxNumOfChars</del>	<del>max. number of characters in a MO SMS</del>	<del>INTEGER</del>	<del>160</del>	
px_SMS_CB_Data01	Contents of the first Cell Broadcast Message sent will be converted to an OCTETSTRING	IA5String	"First Cell Broadcast Message"	
px_SMS_CB_Data02	Contents of the second Cell Broadcast Message sent will be converted to an OCTETSTRING	IA5String	"Second Cell Broadcast Message"	
px_SMS_CB_MsgId01	Message Id to be used for the first Cell Broadcast Message sent	B16	'0000000000000000 001'B	
px_SMS_CB_MsgId02	Message Id to be used for the second Cell Broadcast Message sent	B16	'0000000000000000 010'B	
<a href="#">px_SMS_MsgFmt</a>	<a href="#">SMS Message Format &lt;mode&gt; of TS 27.005 cl. 3.2.3</a>	<a href="#">IA5String</a>	<a href="#">"0"</a>	
<a href="#">px_SMS_PrefMem1</a>	<a href="#">SMS Preferred Memory 1 &lt;mem1&gt; of TS 27.005 cl. 3.1</a>	<a href="#">IA5String</a>	<a href="#">"SM"</a>	
<a href="#">px_SMS_PrefMem2</a>	<a href="#">SMS Preferred Memory 2 &lt;mem2&gt; of TS 27.005 cl. 3.1</a>	<a href="#">IA5String</a>	<a href="#">"SM"</a>	
<a href="#">px_SMS_PrefMem3</a>	<a href="#">SMS Preferred Memory 3 &lt;mem3&gt; of TS 27.005 cl. 3.1</a>	<a href="#">IA5String</a>	<a href="#">"MT"</a>	
<a href="#">px_SMS_Service</a>	<a href="#">SMS Service &lt;service&gt; of TS 27.005 cl. 3.2.1</a>	<a href="#">IA5String</a>	<a href="#">"0"</a>	
px_TC1M	Value for timer TC1M, to be declared by the manufacturer	INTEGER	10000	

## B.1.5 RRC\_M test suite parameters declarations

These parameters are used in the RRC and RAB ATS.

**Table B.5: RRC and RAB PIXIT**

Parameter name	Description	Type	Default value	Supported value
<del>px_DL_MaxCC_TB_bits</del>	<del>Maximum sum of number of bits of all convolutionally-coded transport blocks being received at an arbitrary time instant.</del>	<del>MaxNoBits</del>	<del>b163840</del>	
<del>px_DL_MaxCCTrCH</del>	<del>Maximum number of Simultaneous CCTrCH for downlink</del>	<del>MaxSimultaneousCCTrCH_Count</del>	<del>8</del>	
<del>px_DL_MaxTB_bits</del>	<del>Maximum sum of number of bits of all transport blocks being received at an arbitrary time instant.</del>	<del>MaxNoBits</del>	<del>b163840</del>	

Parameter name	Description	Type	Default value	Supported value
px_DL_MaxTC_TB_bits	Maximum sum of number of bits of all turbo coded transport blocks being received at an arbitrary time instant.	MaxNoBits	b163840	
px_DL_MaxTF	Maximum number of TF for downlink	MaxNumberOfTF	#1024	
px_DL_MaxTFS	Maximum number of TFC in the TFCS for downlink	MaxNumberOfTFC_DL	#fc1024	
px_DL_MaxTrCHs	Maximum number of simultaneous transport channels for downlink.	MaxSimultaneousTransChsDL	e32	
px_DL_MaxTTI_TB	Maximum total number of transport blocks received within TTIs that end within the same 10 ms interval.	MaxTransportBlocksDL	#b512	
px_MaxAM_EntityNumberRLC_Cap	Maximum AM Entity Number for RLC.	MaximumAM_EntityNumberRLC_Cap	am30	
px_MaxHcContextSpace	MaxHcContextSpace if RFC 2507 [Error! Reference source not found.] is supported.	MaxHcContextSpace	by512	
px_MaxNoDPCH_PDSCH_Codes	Part of DL_PhysChCapabilityFDD. INTEGER (1..8).	INTEGER	8	
px_MaxNoDPDCH_BitsTransmitted	Part of UL_PhysChCapabilityFDD.	MaxNoDPDCH_BitsTransmitted	b57600	
px_MaxNoPhysChBitsReceived	Part of DL_PhysChCapabilityFDD.	MaxNoPhysCh_BitsReceived	b76800	
px_MaxNoSCCPCH_RL	Part of SimultaneousSCCPCH_DPCH_ Reception.	MaxNoSCCPCH_RL	r1	
px_MaxRLCWindowSize	Maximum RLC window size.	MaximumRLC_WindowSize	mws1095	
px_TotalRLC_AM_BufferSize	Total RLC AM buffer size.	TotalRLC_AM_BufferSize	NA	
px_Ue_PowerClass	UE_PowerClass value.	UE_PowerClass	4	
px_UL_MaxCC_TB_bits	Maximum sum of number of bits of all convolutionally-coded transport blocks being transmitted at an arbitrary time instant.	MaxNoBits	b163840	
px_UL_MaxTB_bits	Maximum sum of number of bits of all transport blocks being transmitted at an arbitrary time instant.	MaxNoBits	b163840	
px_UL_MaxTC_TB_bits	Maximum sum of number of bits of all turbo coded transport blocks being transmitted at an arbitrary time instant.	MaxNoBits	b163840	
px_UL_MaxTF	Maximum number of TF for uplink.	MaxNumberOfTF	#1024	
px_UL_MaxTFS	Maximum number of TFC in the TFCS for uplink.	MaxNumberOfTFC_DL	#fc1024	
px_UL_MaxTrCHs	Maximum number of simultaneous transport channels for uplink.	MaxSimultaneousTransChsUL	e32	
px_UL_MaxTTI_TB	Maximum total number of transport blocks transmitted within TTIs that start at the same time.	MaxTransportBlocksUL	#b512	
px_Ue_PositioningNetworkAssistedGPS_Sup	UE positioning capability: supports network assisted by GPS	NetworkAssistedGPS_Supported	networkBased	

End of Modified Section

Next Modified Section

## B.1.8 RRC test suite parameters declarations

These parameters are used in the RRC ATS.

**Table B.8: RRC PIXIT**

Parameter name	Description	Type	Default value	Supported value
<code>px_OperationBandSupp</code>	Operating Band supported (1, 2 or 3).	INTEGER	1	
<code>px_RB_DataStreaming_14_4</code>	Data to be sent	BITSTRING	INT_TO_BIT (2473304159874563 214258, 576)	
<code>px_RB_DataStreaming_28_8</code>	Data to be sent.	BITSTRING	58966325147895411 44447788454777, 1152)	
<code>px_RB_InteractiveOrBackground</code>	Data to be sent for RB test	BITSTRING	INT_TO_BIT (1535898745698746 52133132650, 1344)	
<code>Px_CipherAlg</code>	Cipher algorithm.	B3	Default value: (A5/1) '000'B	
<code>Px_CipherKey</code>	Cipher key (64 bits)	B64	Default value: '0101111001001010 10110011010110001 00100010011011101 0111010010101010'B	

## B.1.9 RAB test suite parameters declarations

These parameters are used in the RAB ATS.

**Table B.9: RAB PIXIT**

Parameter Name	Description	Type	Default Value	Supported Value
<a href="#">px_CB_Data1</a>	<a href="#">the operator shall define CBS data as IA5String together with the CB message ID used for transmitting this CB data, which is indicated by the UE after reception in a clear way according to the capabilities stored on the SIM. Furthermore, the operator shall describe the indication on the UE side (e.g. certain CBS traffic information)</a>	<a href="#">IA5String_BMC</a>		<a href="#">the CB data range is 1..1246 Octets which refers to a IA5String of 1..1246</a>
<a href="#">px_DSCH_RNTI</a>	<a href="#">DSCH RNTI</a>	<a href="#">DSCH_RNTI</a>	'0000 0000 0000 0010'B	
<a href="#">px_SMS_CB_MsgId01</a>	<a href="#">the operator shall define the CB Message ID for the CB data1 used for transmitting this CB data, different to CB-Data 2 IXIT</a>	<a href="#">MsgIdType</a>	'000'H	
<a href="#">px_gS01</a>	<a href="#">used in the Serial No. of the CB_Data01 given as PIXIT, which differentiates between CBS messages from the same source and type</a>	<a href="#">B2</a>	'00'B	
<a href="#">px_MsgCode01</a>	<a href="#">used in the Serial No. of the CB_Data01 given as PIXIT, which is theGeographical Scope indicates the area over which the msg_code is unique</a>	<a href="#">MsgCodeType</a>	'0000000000'B	
<a href="#">px_UpdateNumber01</a>	<a href="#">used in the Serial No. of the CB_Data01 given as PIXIT, which indicates a change of the message content of the same CBS message</a>	<a href="#">B4</a>	'0000'B	
<a href="#">px_PowerDSCH</a>	<a href="#">transmission power level of DSCH</a>	<a href="#">DL_TxPower</a>		

## B.1.10 RLC & MAC test suite parameters declarations

These parameters are used in the MAC ATS.

**Table B.10: RLC & MAC PIXIT**

Parameter Name	Description	Type	Default Value	Supported Value
px_NumOfSegInPagResOrServReq	This Pixit is used in MAC test cases 7.1.1.2, 7.1.1.3, 7.1.1.4, 7.1.1.5 and 7.1.1.8 This indicates the number of RLC segments the Paging Response (CS Domain) or Service Request (PS domain) will be segmented in.	INTEGER	2	
px_RLC_SDU_bufferingOrDiscard	Is used in RLC TC 7.2.3.13, indicating the way to handle RLC SDU data for UL transmission when the transmission window is full	INTEGER BOOLEAN UE for buffering, FALSE for discard)	1	

## B.1.11 Multi RAT test suite parameters declarations

These parameters are used in the MultiRAT ATS.

**Table B.11: MultiRAT PIXIT**

Parameter name	Description	Type	Default value	Supported value
px_GSM_BandUnderTest	indicates which band is under test:	INTEGER		1 -> GSM450; 2 -> GSM480; 3 -> GSM700; 4 -> GSM850; 5 -> GSM-P-900; 6-> GSM-E-900; 7-> DCS1800; 8 -> PCS1900. 9 -> 450 & 900 MultiBand test 10 -> 450 & 1800 MultiBand test 11 -> 480 & 900 MultiBand test 12 -> 480 & 1800 MultiBand test 13 -> 900 & 1800 MultiBand test
px_GSM_CipheringOnOff	GSM Ciphering to be started or not	B1	1	
px_CipherKey	Cipher key (64 bits)	B64	'01011110010010101 011001101011000100 100010011011101011 10100101010'B	
px_MS_TXPWR_MAX_CCH	MS TXPWR MAX CCH	B5	'01010'B	
px_RXLEV_ACCESS_MIN	minimum received signal level at MS	B6	'000000'B	
px_SplitOnCCCH	split paging cycle on CCCH supported indication	B1	'0'B not supported	
px_TSC	Training sequence code for traffic channels	B3	'011'B	

<a href="#">px_PowerLevel</a>	<a href="#">power level value for L1 header</a>	B5		
<a href="#">px_TimingAdvance</a>	<a href="#">Timing advance value for L1 header</a>	B1	'0000000'B	
<a href="#">px_CDMA2000</a>	<a href="#">UE support of CDMA2000, used in classmark3</a>	B1	'0'B	
<a href="#">px_EDGEPwrCap1</a>	<a href="#">EDGE Power Class used in classmark3</a>	B2		
<a href="#">px_EDGEPwrCap2</a>	<a href="#">EDGE Power Class used in classmark3</a>	B2		
<a href="#">px_EOTD_Based</a>	<a href="#">Support of MS based EOTD used in classmark3</a>	BOOLEAN		
<a href="#">px_ExtDTM_MultislotClass</a>	<a href="#">Used in Classmark 3</a>	B2		
<a href="#">px_ExtDTM_EGPRS_MultislotClass</a>	<a href="#">Used in Classmark 3</a>	B2		
<a href="#">px_ExtMeasCap</a>	<a href="#">UE support of Extended Measurements used in classmark3</a>	B1		
<a href="#">px_8PSKPowerProfile</a>	<a href="#">Used in classmark3</a>	B2		
<a href="#">px_GMSKPowerProfile</a>	<a href="#">Used in classmark3</a>	B2		
<a href="#">px_GSM400_RadioCapability</a>	<a href="#">Used in classmark3</a>	B4		
<a href="#">px_HighMultiSlotCap</a>	<a href="#">Used in Classmark 3</a>	B2		
<a href="#">px_RGSM_RadioCapability</a>	<a href="#">Used in classmark3</a>	B3		
<a href="#">px_ModulationCapability</a>	<a href="#">Used in classmark3 to specify supported modulation schemes other than GMSK</a>	B1		<a href="#">0 = 8PSK supported for downlink only, 1 = 8PSK supported for uplink and downlink</a>
<a href="#">px_MultiSlotClass</a>	<a href="#">used in classmark3 to define the multislotclass supported by the UE</a>	B5		
<a href="#">px_EGPRS_MultiSlotClass</a>	<a href="#">used in classmark3 to define the EDGE multislotclass supported by the UE</a>	B5		
<a href="#">px_DTM_EDGE_MultiSlotSubClass</a>	<a href="#">indicates DTM EGPRS capabilities of the UE, used in classmark3</a>	B2		
<a href="#">px_SM_Value</a>	<a href="#">indicates the time needed for the UE to switch from one radio channel to another and perform a neighbour cell power measurement, used in classmark3</a>	B4		<a href="#">Switch-Measure Value</a>
<a href="#">px_SMS_Value</a>	<a href="#">indicates the time needed for the UE to switch from one radio channel to another, perform a neighbour cell power measurement and then switch from that radio channel to another radio channel, used in classmark3</a>	B4		<a href="#">Switch-Measure-Switch Value</a>

## B.1.12<sub>4</sub> MMI questions

Table B.11 requests additional information needed for the execution of the MMI commands used in the ATSSs, the column 'ATS' indicates in which ATS the question is used.

**Table B.12<sub>4</sub>: MMI questions**

Required information for MMI question	ATS
How to switch the PLMN selection mode of the UE to automatic selection?	All ATSSs
How to switch the PLMN selection mode of the UE to manual selection?	All ATSSs
How to select a given PLMN manually?	All ATSSs
How to power off the UE?	All ATSSs
How to power on the UE?	All ATSSs
How to switch off the UE?	All ATSSs
How to switch on the UE?	All ATSSs
How to insert the USIM card into the UE?	All ATSSs
How to remove the USIM card from the UE?	All ATSSs
How to check that DTCH is trough connected ?	RRC, SMS, NAS
How to configure UE for a MO telephony call?	RRC, SMS, NAS
How to configure UE for an emergency call?	RRC, SMS, NAS
How to configure UE for a MT telephony call?	RRC, SMS, NAS
How to send any NAS message in order for RRC to receive data?	RRC, SMS, NAS
How to initiate a non call related supplementary service which is supported by the UE?	NAS
How to initiate sending of a mobile originated short message from the UE?	NAS
How to insert 2 <sup>nd</sup> SIM card with short IMSI?	NAS
How to initiate an autocalling call with a given number?	NAS
How to initiate an autocalling call for a number that will be put in the blacklisted list?	NAS
How to reset the autocalling list of blacklisted numbers?	NAS
How to check that the DTMF tone indication has been generated?	NAS
How to enable call refusal on the UE?	NAS
How to check the contents of the received CBS?	SMS
How to check that the Memory Capacity Exceeded Flag has been set to the USIM simulator?	SMS
How to check if the Memory Capacity Exceeded Flag has been unset on the USIM simulator?	SMS
How to check the length and the contents of a given received Short Message ?	SMS
How to check whether the USIM simulator indicated an attempt made by the ME to store the short message in the USIM and return the status response 'Memory Problem'('92 40')?	SMS
How to check whether the USIM simulator indicates an attempt made by the ME to store the short message in the USIM and returns the status response 'OK' ('90 00')?	SMS
How to connect the USIM simulator to the UE?	SMS
How to send an SMS COMMAND message containing a request to delete the previously submitted Short Message?	SMS
How to send an SMS COMMAND message containing an enquiry about the previously submitted SM?	SMS
How to check that NO recalled short Message is displayed?	SMS
How to reply to a short Message with a given length?	SMS
How to insert a USIM card of type B into the UE?	MAC

## E.3.7 Wildcards in PDU constraints for structured types should not be used

Contrary to popular belief, TR 101 666 [**Error! Reference source not found.**] does not support the use of wildcards for TTCN ASP parameters, or TTCN PDU fields whose type is structured. It is not clearly stated if wildcards are permitted for TTCN structured type elements whose type is structured but it is assumed that they are not permitted because the semantics for this are not clearly specified.

Note that this does not apply to ASN.1 Type definitions, ASPs, or PDUs.

Most tools do support wildcards for TTCN ASP parameters / TTCN PDU fields / TTCN structured type elements whose type is structured, but there is ambiguity between implementations since the semantics are not clearly specified in the core specification.

This feature is commonly used by TTCN developers, and is present in many existing test suites, including the 3GPP test suite, and in constraints that are being re-used from GERAN tests.

One problem with values "?" and "\*" in constraints where they are used to indicate values of structured types, is that they would allow any combinations of values - even incorrect ones - which is not admissible according to the specifications. It is to be kept in mind that in tabular form each field is optional! It would be better to create and use an "any"-constraint which would deal with all the fields in detail (mandatory, IF PRESENT, etc.).

For the purpose of the present annex, the following rules shall apply:

1. '?' shall not be used to indicate values of TTCN ASP parameters / TTCN PDU fields / TTCN structured type elements whose type is structured. Known TTCN implementations differ significantly in their implementation of this feature.
2. '\*' shall not be used for TTCN PDU fields, or TTCN ASP parameters whose type is structured (i.e. at the top level).

[2.1 Usage of wildcards should be avoided in structured type identifiers. Only simple type fields should use \\* or ?](#)

3. '\*' is permitted but discouraged for structured type elements whose type is structured. Note that this may result in ambiguous behaviour between TTCN implementations because the semantics are not specified in TR 101 666 [Error! Reference source not found.].
4. One of the following two options shall be used as an alternative to using a "?" for a TTCN ASP parameter / TTCN PDU field / TTCN structured type element whose type is structured.

4.1 Option 1: Use '\*' instead (only applicable to structured type elements due to rules 2 and 3 above).

**WARNING:** This may result in the situation where a UE omits a mandatory field, but passes the test anyway, and / or different behaviour depending on the TTCN tool used.

4.2 Option 2 (preferred option; supported by TR 101 666 [Error! Reference source not found.]): Use an 'any' constraint, in conjunction with IF PRESENT if appropriate (whole TTCN ASP parameters / TTCN PDU fields / TTCN structured type elements may be omitted according to TR 101 666 [Error! Reference source not found.]). This means that the constraint value specified for the parameter / field / element shall be a reference to another constraint of the appropriate structured type, which may in turn use wildcards for each of its elements according to the rules specified in the present annex.

[5. A structured type formal parameter should not be used together with the IF\\_PRESENT indication inside a structured type constraint. If this is required, then this shall be clearly commented.](#)

## CHANGE REQUEST

**34.123-3 CR 1336** rev Current version: **5.0.0**

For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the symbols.

**Proposed change affects:** UICC apps ME  Radio Access Network Core Network

<b>Title:</b>	HSDPA ASP Modification	
<b>Source:</b>	3GPP TSG RAN WG5 (Testing)	
<b>Work item code:</b>	TEI	<b>Date:</b> 14/04/2005
<b>Category:</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>Release:</b> Rel-5 Use <u>one</u> of the following categories: <b>F</b> (correction) <b>A</b> (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) <b>B</b> (addition of feature), <b>C</b> (functional modification of feature) <b>D</b> (editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP <a href="#">TR 21.900</a> . <b>Rel-5</b> (Release 5) <b>Rel-6</b> (Release 6)

**Reason for change:** In the current ASP definitions, HS-DPCCH channel is enabled in the Uplink CPHY\_RL\_Setup\_REQ or CPHY\_RL\_Modify\_REQ ASP's by setting the OPTIONAL field hs\_DPCCHInd to truevalue. This means that we only inform SS that there is an associated HS-DPCCH to the UL-DPCH.

UE is using HS-DPCCH to send the AckNack and CQI indication; therefore we need to configure the HS-DPCCH in SS using CQI and AckNack repetition factors to correctly detect the signals.

In the current ASP, CQI and AckNack repetition factors are defined in the DOWNLINK CPHY\_RL\_Setup\_REQ (or CPHY\_RL\_Modify\_REQ) and the DOWNLINK CPHY\_TrCh\_Config\_REQ ASP's. This means that we need to "remember" parameters from one primitive to another.

Therefore, to facilitate the ASP implementation, it is proposed to change the DPCHInfo\_r5 ASP element to duplicate the CQI and AckNack.

**Summary of change:** Modification of DPCHInfo\_r5 and creation of HS\_DPCCHInfo.

**Consequences if not approved:** The implementation of HSDPA ASP in SS will be untidy.

**Clauses affected:**

7.3.2.2.11

**Other specs affected:**

	Y	N
	X	
	X	
	X	

Other core specifications  
Test specifications  
O&M Specifications

**Other comments:**

TTCN changes required.

### How to create CRs using this form:

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at <http://www.3gpp.org/specs/CR.htm>.

Below is a brief summary:

- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked [?] contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under <ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/specs/> For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2001-03 contains the specifications resulting from the March 2001 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

### **7.3.2.2.11 CPHY\_RL\_Setup**

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CPHY_RL_Setup_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To confirm to setup the Radio Link
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER(0..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CPHY_RL_Setup_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To request to setup the associated transport channels and the Radio Link itself.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE	<pre>{     cellId                      INTEGER(0..63),     routingInfo,     ratType,     setupMessage }</pre>

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	CphyRISetupReq
Comment	To request to setup the Radio Link
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
physicalChannelInfo	CHOICE {
primaryCPICHInfo	PrimaryCPICHInfo,
secondaryCPICHInfo	SecondaryCPICHInfo,
primarySCHInfo	PrimarySCHInfo,
secondarySCHInfo	SecondarySCHInfo,
primaryCCPCHInfo	PrimaryCCPCHInfo,
secondaryCCPCHInfo	SecondaryCCPCHInfo,
pRACHInfo	PRACHInfo,
pICHInfo	PICHInfo,
aICHInfo	AICHInfo,
dPCHInfo	DPCHInfo,
}	
pDSCHInfo	PDSCHInfo,
dPCHInfo_r5	DPCPCHInfo_r5, -- later than r4
hs_PDSCHInfo	HS_PDSCHInfo -- later than r4
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	PrimaryCPICHInfo
Comment	
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE	<pre>{     dl_TxPower_PCPICH          DL_TxPower_PCPICH,     tx_diversityIndicator      BOOLEAN }</pre>

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	SecondaryCPICHInfo
Comment	
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
scramblingCode	INTEGER(0..15),
dl_ChannelizationCode	SF512_AndCodeNumber,
dl_TxPower	DL_TxPower
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	PrimarySCHInfo
Comment	
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
tstdIndicator	BOOLEAN,
dl_TxPower	DL_TxPower
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	SecondarySCHInfo
Comment	
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
tstdIndicator	BOOLEAN,
dl_TxPower	DL_TxPower
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	PrimaryCCPCHInfo
Comment	
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
sttd_Indicator	BOOLEAN,
dl_TxPower	DL_TxPower
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	SecondaryCCPCHInfo
Comment	The range for powerOffsetOfTFCI_PO1 and powerOffsetOfPILOT_PO3 is 0-6 dB, 0.25 dB per step.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
scramblingCode	INTEGER(0..15),
dl_ChannelizationCode	SF256_AndCodeNumber,
sCCPCHSlotFormat	SCCPCHSlotFormat,
timingOffset	INTEGER (0..149),
positionFixedOrFlexible	PositionFixedOrFlexible,
sttd_Indicator	BOOLEAN,
dl_TxPower	DL_TxPower,
powerOffsetOfTFCI PO1	INTEGER (0..24),
powerOffsetOfPILOT PO3	INTEGER (0..24)
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	PRACHInfo
Comment	
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
fdd_tdd	CHOICE {
fdd	SEQUENCE {
preambleSignature	AvailableSignatures,
spreadingFactorForDataPart	SF_PRACH,
preambleScramblingCode	PreambleScramblingCodeWordNumber,
puncturingLimit	PuncturingLimit,
accessSlot	AvailableSubChannelNumbers
},	
tdd	SEQUENCE {
-- timeSlot	TimeSlot,
-- spreadingCode	SpreadingCode,
-- midambleCode	MidambleCode,
}	
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	PICHInfo
Comment	
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
pichinfo	PICH_Info,
dl_TxPower	PICH_PowerOffset,
scpcchId_associated	INTEGER (0..31)
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	AICHInfo
Comment	
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
aichinfo	AICH_Info,
dl_TxPower	AICH_PowerOffset
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	DPCHInfo
Comment	At least one of the fields shall be present.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
ul_DPCH_Info	UL_DPCH_Info     OPTIONAL,
dl_DPCHInfo	DL_DPCHInfo     OPTIONAL
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	DL_DPCHInfo
Comment	The range for powerOffsetOfTPC_PO2 and powerOffsetOfTFCI_PO1 and powerOffsetOfPILOT_PO3 is 0 dB to 6 dB, 0,25 dB per step.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
dl_CommonInformation	DL_CommonInformation,
dl_DPCH_InfoPerRL	DL_DPCH_InfoPerRL,
powerOffsetOfTFCI_PO1	INTEGER (0..24),
powerOffsetOfTPC_PO2	INTEGER (0..24),
powerOffsetOfPILOT_PO3	INTEGER (0..24),
dl_TxPower	DL_TxPower,
dl_TxPowerMax	DL_TxPower,
dl_TxPowerMin	DL_TxPower
}	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	DPCHInfo_r5
Comment	<p>Applicable later than r4</p> <p>At least one of the first two fields shall be present.</p> <p>Presence of hs_DPCCHInd (value = truevalue) means that the HS-DPCCH shall be configured in the uplink DPCH. If hs_DPCCHInd is absent no HS-DPCCH shall be configured in the uplink DPCH, or the configured HS-DPCCH shall be removed in the modify ASP. In the active set which has radio links from more than one cell the HS-DPCCH is configured only in the HS-DSCH serving cell.</p> <p>Three combinations are valid: ul_DPCH_Info only, dl_DPCHInfo only and ul_DPCH_Info + hs_DPCCHInd.</p>
Type Definition	
<pre>SEQUENCE{     ul_DPCH_Info      UL_DPCH_Info_r5      OPTIONAL,     dl_DPCHInfo       DL_DPCHInfo_r5      OPTIONAL,     hs_DPCCHInd      HS_DPCCHInfo<del>ENUMERATED</del>(truevalue(0)) } OPTIONAL</pre>	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	HS_DPCCHInfo
Comment	
Type Definition	
<pre>SEQUENCE{     cqi_RepetitionFactor   CQI_RepetitionFactor,     ackNackRepetitionFactor ACK_NACK_repetitionFactor }</pre>	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	DL_DPCHInfo_r5
Comment	Applicable later than r4
Type Definition	
<pre>SEQUENCE {     dl_CommonInformation      DL_CommonInformation_r5,     dl_DPCH_InfoPerRL        DL_DPCH_InfoPerRL_r5,     powerOffsetOfTFCI_P01    INTEGER (0..24),     powerOffsetOfTPC_P02     INTEGER (0..24),     powerOffsetOfPILOT_P03   INTEGER (0..24),     dl_TxPower               DL_TxPower,     dl_TxPowerMax            DL_TxPower,     dl_TxPowerMin             DL_TxPower }</pre>	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	HS_PDSCHInfo
Comment	<p>Applicable later than r4</p> <p>When CHY_RL_Setup_REQ is called with CHOICE of hS_PDSCHInfo HS_PDSCH and HS-SCCH shall be configured in SS.</p> <p>The following HS-DSCH related parameters are passed to the SS implicitly by HSDSCH_physical_layer_category:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Maximum number of HS-DSCH codes can be received by UE,</li> <li>- Minimum inter-TTI interval,</li> <li>- Maximum number of bits of an HS-DSCH transport block within an HS-DSCH TTI</li> <li>- Total number of soft channel bits".</li> </ul> <p>HSDSCH_physical_Layer_category is also used for interpretation of the meaning of CQI value.</p>
Type Definition	
<pre>SEQUENCE {     hSDSCHPhysicalLayerCategory      HSDSCH_physical_layer_category,     h_RNTI                           H_RNTI,     dlHSPDSCHInformation            DL_HSPDSCH_Information,     sttd Indicator                  BOOLEAN,     hs SCCH TxPower                 DL_TxPower -- offset related to pilot bits  -- on DL-DPCCH (25.433, 9.2.2.18I) }</pre>	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	DL_TxPower_PCPICH
Comment	Absolute Tx Power of PCPICH
Type Definition	
INTEGER (-60..-30)	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	DL_TxPower
Comment	Downlink Tx Power relative to PCPICH
Type Definition	
INTEGER (-35..+15)	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	SCCPCHSlotFormat
Comment	Reference to 3GPP TS25.211 [Error! Reference source not found.]
Type Definition	
INTEGER (0..17)	

ASN.1 Type Definition	
Type Name	PDSCHInfo
Comment	
Type Definition	
<pre>SEQUENCE {     fdd tdd         fdd   CHOICE {                     SEQUENCE {                         pdsch CodeMapping      PDSCH_CodeMapping  },                     tdd    SEQUENCE {                         --pdsch_Identity      PDSCH_Identity,                         --pdsch_Info           PDSCH_Info,                         --pdsch_PowerControlInfo PDSCH_PowerControlInfo OPTIONAL  },                 },     dl_TxPower          DL_TxPower }</pre>	

## CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ 34.123-3 CR 1337 ⌘ rev - ⌘ Current version: 5.0.0 ⌘

For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.

**Proposed change affects:** ⌘ UICC apps ⌘ ME ⌘ Radio Access Network ⌘ Core Network ⌘

<b>Title:</b>	⌘ Modifying G_L2_SYSINFO_REQ ASP	
<b>Source:</b>	⌘ Anite, MCC task 160	
<b>Work item code:</b>	⌘ TEI	<b>Date:</b> ⌘ 28/04/2005
<b>Category:</b>	⌘ F	<b>Release:</b> ⌘ Rel-5
Use <u>one</u> of the following categories: F (correction) A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) B (addition of feature), C (functional modification of feature) D (editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP <a href="#">TR 21.900</a> . Use <u>one</u> of the following releases: 2 (GSM Phase 2) R96 (Release 1996) R97 (Release 1997) R98 (Release 1998) R99 (Release 1999) Rel-4 (Release 4) Rel-5 (Release 5) Rel-6 (Release 6)		

<b>Reason for change:</b>	⌘ On test cases 6.2.2.2, 20.25.3 and others, it is required to send the SI2q on the BCCH Ext, while on other "normal" test cases, SI2q should be sent on the BCCH Norm. In order to send this system information message, the G_L2_SYSINFO_REQ ASP is used in all test cases regardless of where it should be sent. In the detailed comment section of that ASP, it is specified that "SI13, SI2bis and SI2quater are scheduled in TC=4 on BCCH norm not on BCCH Ext".
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<b>Summary of change:</b>	⌘ Add the field 'BCCHExt' to G_L2_SYSINFO_REQ ASP
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<b>Consequences if not approved:</b>	⌘ SS has no way of knowing when SI2quater message is to be sent and Test cases 20.25.3 and 6.2.2.2 cannot be performed correctly
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<b>Clauses affected:</b>	⌘ 7.3.4.3.1.1													
<b>Other specs affected:</b>	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td>Y</td> <td>N</td> </tr> <tr> <td>⌘ X</td> <td></td> </tr> </table> Other core specifications <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td>X</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table> Test specifications <table border="1" style="display: inline-table; vertical-align: middle;"> <tr> <td>X</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> </table> O&M Specifications	Y	N	⌘ X		X				X				⌘ 34.123-3 (TTCN)
Y	N													
⌘ X														
X														
X														
<b>Other comments:</b>	⌘ This CR requires TTCN changes													

## 7.3.4.3.1.1

## ASPs for data transmission and reception through GERAN L2

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_L2_DATA_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to send L3 signalling message on the signalling channels or user data on the traffic channels to the UE/MS in acknowledged mode.	
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
CellId	CellId	
SAPI	SAPI	0 or 3
PhysicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
g_LogicChType	G_LogicChType	
SubChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: TCH/H, FACCH/H, SACCH/TH, SDCCH/8, SACCH/C8, SDCCH/4, and SACCH/C4. For TCH/H, FACCH/H and SACCH/TH value is (0..1); For SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3). This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
Rfn	RFN	The reduced frame number of the first frame on which this message is sent. This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if the field t2 of rfn is coded as '11111'B.
Msg	PDU	Signalling message or user data to be sent
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	Parameter rfn is only used in the test cases that require L3 message to be sent on specified frame number.	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_L2_DATA_IND	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to receive a L3 signalling message on the signalling channels or user data on the traffic channels from the UE/MS in acknowledged mode.	
<b>Parameter Name</b>	<b>Parameter Type</b>	<b>Comments</b>
CellId	CellId	
SAPI	SAPI	0 or 3
PhysicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
g_LogicChType	G_LogicChType	
SubChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: TCH/H, FACCH/H, SACCH/TH, SDCCH/8, SACCH/C8, SDCCH/4, and SACCH/C4. For TCH/H, FACCH/H and SACCH/TH value is (0..1); For SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3). This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
Rfn	RFN	The reduced frame number of the first frame carrying the message
msg	PDU	Signalling message or user data received
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_L2_L2Estab_IND	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to receive an indication of that L2 multiple frame operation on the specified channel has been established.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
CellId	CellId	
PhysicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
g_LogicChType	G_LogicChType	
SubChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: FACCH/H, SDCCH/8 and SDCCH/4, This field shall be coded as 15 if it is not applicable.
SAPI	SAPI	0,3
establish_mode	OCTETSTRING[1]	
Rfn	RFN	The reduced frame number of the first frame carries the L2 SABM frame
Msg	PDU	this field is present only when the establish mode is CoRes (collision resolution)
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	see 3GPP TS 44.006 [Error! Reference source not found.] clauses 7.1.1 and 7.1.3	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_L2_UNITDATA_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to send L3 signalling message on the signalling channels or send user data on the traffic channels to the UE/MS in unacknowledged mode.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
CellId	CellId	
SAPI	SAPI	0 or 3
PhysicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
g_LogicChType	G_LogicChType	
SubChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: TCH/H, FACCH/H, SACCH/TH, SDCCH/8, SACCH/C8, SDCCH/4, and SACCH/C4. For TCH/H, FACCH/H and SACCH/TH value is (0..1); For SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3). This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
Rfn	RFN	The reduced frame number of the first frame on which this message is sent. This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if the field t2 of rfn is coded as '11111'B.
msg	PDU	Signalling message or user data to be sent
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	Parameter fn is only used in the test cases that require specific L3 message to be sent on specified frame number.	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_L2_UNITDATA_IND	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to receive a L3 signalling message on the signalling channels or user data on the traffic channels from the UE/MS in unacknowledged mode.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
CellId	CellId	
sAPI	SAPI	0 or 3
PhysicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	
SubChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: TCH/H, FACCH/H, SACCH/TH, SDCCH/8, SACCH/C8, SDCCH/4, and SACCH/C4. For TCH/H, FACCH/H and SACCH/TH value is (0..1); For SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3). This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
Rfn	RFN	The reduced frame number of the first frame carrying the message
msg	PDU	Signalling message or user data received
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_L2_ACCESS_IND	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to receive a random access or handover access burst on the specified channel.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
CellId	CellId	
PhysicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	RACH, FACCH, SDCCH/8, SDCCH/4. RACH is used for random access burst; others are used for handover access burst
SubChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: FACCH/H, SDCCH/8, SDCCH/4. This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
Rfn	RFN	The reduced frame number of the first frame carrying the burst
Burst	PDU	Random access burst or handover access burst
<b>Detailed Comments</b>		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_L2_Paging_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to send a paging message on the specified paging group of the specified paging channel to the UE/MS, when the UE/MS is in idle mode or the UE/MS not supporting SPLIT_PG_CYCLE on CCCH is in GPRS attached mode and PCCCH is absent.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
CellId	CellId	
SAPI	SAPI	0
PhysicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier of the right CCCH_GROUP
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	PCH
PagingGroup	PAGING_GROUP	
PagingMode	PagingMode	0-normal paging; 1-extended paging; 2-paging reorganization.
msg	PDU	Paging message
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	<p>The SS is required to send valid layer 3 messages continuously on all paging subchannels on CCCH where paging can appear.</p> <p>For "normal paging" the SS send the paging message in the specified pagingGroup;</p> <p>For "extended paging" the SS send the paging message in the specified pagingGroup and in the "next but one" position on the PCH, following the block corresponding to pagingGroup;</p> <p>For "paging reorganization" the SS send the paging message in all paging subchannels.</p> <p>The required 51-multiframe occurs when:</p> <p>pagingGroup div (N div BS_PA_MFRMS) = (FN div 51) mod (BS_PA_MFRMS)</p> <p>The index to the required paging block in the 51-multiframe determined above:</p> <p>Paging block index = pagingGroup mod (N div BS_PA_MFRMS)</p> <p>N = (9-BS_AG_BLKS_RES) * BS_PA_MFRMS    CCCH not combined or</p> <p>N = (3-BS_AG_BLKS_RES) * BS_PA_MFRMS    CCCH + SDCCH combined</p>	

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_L2_PagingGPRS_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to send a paging message on the specified paging group of the specified paging channel to the UE/MS, when the UE/MS supporting SPLIT_PG_CYCLE on CCCH is in GPRS attached mode and PCCCH absent.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
CellId	CellId	
SAPI	SAPI	0
PhysicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier of the right CCCH_GROUP
g_LogiCChType	G_LogiCChType	PCH
PagingGroup	PAGING_GROUP	
PagingMode	PagingMode	0-normal paging; 1-extended paging; 2-paging reorganization.
msg	PDU	Paging message
<b>Detailed Comments</b>	<p>The SS is required to send valid layer 3 messages continuously on all paging subchannels on CCCH where paging can appear.</p> <p>For "normal paging" the SS send the paging message in the specified pagingGroup;</p> <p>For "extended paging" the SS send the paging message in the specified pagingGroup and in the "next but one" position on the PCH, following the block corresponding to pagingGroup;</p> <p>For "paging reorganization" the SS send the paging message in all paging subchannels.</p> <p>The required 51-multiframe occurs when:</p> <p>pagingGroup div (M div 64) = (FN div 51) mod 64</p> <p>The index to the required paging block in the 51-multiframe determined above:</p> <p>Paging block index = pagingGroup mod (M div 64)</p> <p>M = (9-BS_AG_BLKS_RES) × 64    CCCH not combined or</p> <p>M = (3-BS_AG_BLKS_RES) × 64    CCCH + SDCCH combined</p>	

NOTE: This ASP may not be implemented if the MS/UE does not support SPLIT\_PG\_CYCLE on CCCH.

<b>Type Name</b>	CellId
<b>Type Definition</b>	INTEGER
<b>Type Encoding</b>	
<b>Comments</b>	

<b>Type Name</b>	SAPI
<b>Type Definition</b>	INTEGER
<b>Type Encoding</b>	
<b>Comments</b>	Service access point identifier for GERAN L2 and LLC

<b>Type Name</b>	PhysicalChId
<b>Type Definition</b>	INTEGER(0..31)
<b>Type Encoding</b>	
<b>Comments</b>	Physical channel identifier in GERAN

<b>Type Name</b>	G_LogicChType
<b>Type Definition</b>	INTEGER
<b>Type Encoding</b>	
<b>Comments</b>	GERAN logical channel type: 0-BCCH; 1-RACH; 2-PCH; 3-AGCH; 4-SDCCH/4; 5-SACCH/C4; 6-SDCCH/8; 7-SACCH/C8; 8-TCH/F; 9-FACCH/F; 10-SACCH/TF; 11-TCH/H; 12-FACCH/H; 13-SACCH/TH; 14-PBCCH; 15-PRACH; 16-PPCH; 17-PAGCH; 18-PDTCH/F; 19-PACCH/F; 20-PTCCH/F; 21-E-TCH/F; 22-E-IACCH/F; 23-E-FACCH/F; 24-SACCH/M; 25-SACCH/MD

<b>Type Name</b>	SubChannelNumber
<b>Type Definition</b>	INTEGER
<b>Type Encoding</b>	
<b>Comments</b>	Subchannel number for TCH/H, FACCH/H, SACCH/TH, SDCCH/4, SDCCH/C4, SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8. For TCH/H, FACCH/H and SACCH/TH value is (0..1); For SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); For SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3).

<b>Type Name</b>	PAGING_GROUP
<b>Type Definition</b>	INTEGER
<b>Type Encoding</b>	
<b>Comments</b>	3GPP TS 05.02 or 3GPP TS 45.002 [Error! Reference source not found.] clauses 6.5.2 and 6.5.6

Type Name	PagingMode
Type Definition	INTEGER
Type Encoding	
Comments	0 - normal paging; 1 - extended paging; 2 - paging reorganization.

Type Name	RFN		
Encoding Variation			
Comments	The reduced frame number, its range is 0 -- 42431 (FN modulo 42432) about 195.8 s		
Element Name	Type Definition	Field Encoding	Comments
t1_	BITSTRING[5]	(FN div 1326) mod 32	
t3	BITSTRING[6]	FN mod 51	
t2	BITSTRING[5]	FN mod 26	
Detailed Comments	see 3GPP TS 04.18 or 3GPP TS 44.018 [Error! Reference source not found.] clause 10.5.2.38. The reduced frame number, FN modulo 42432 can be calculated in the following formula: $51 \times ((t3 - t2) \text{ mod } 26) + t3 + 1326 \times t1_$ . RFN is used for starting time and TBF starting time.		

ASP Name	G_L2_Release_CNF	
PCO Type	G_DSAP	
Comments	This ASP from L2, indicates that the multiple frame operation release was successful. This means that the UA message was received in response to L2 DISC command.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
CellId	CellId	
SAPI	SAPI	0 or 3
PhysicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
g_LogicChType	G_LogicChType	
SubChannel	SubChannelNumber	For SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3). This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
ReleaseMode	BITSTRING[1]	0 = normal release; 1 = local release.
Detailed Comments		

ASP Name	G_L2_Release_REQ	
PCO Type	G_DSAP	
Comments	This ASP requests L2 to send Layer 2 DISC command on the indicated SAPI.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
CellId	CellId	
SAPI	SAPI	0 or 3
PhysicalChId	PhysicalChId	Channel identifier
g_LogicChType	G_LogicChType	
SubChannel	SubChannelNumber	For SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3). This field is not applicable and the SS shall ignore it if this field is coded as 15.
ReleaseMode	BITSTRING[1]	0 = normal release; 1 = local release.
Detailed Comments		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_L2_Release_IND	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to receive an indication of the termination of an established multiple frame operation or an indication of an unsuccessful establishment attempt.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
CellId	CellId	
SAPI	SAPI	0
PhysicalChld	PhysicalChld	Channel identifier
g_LogicChType	G_LogicChType	
SubChannel	SubChannelNumber	Valid only for logical channel types: TCH/H, FACCH/H, SACCH/TH, SDCCH/8, SACCH/C8, SDCCH/4, and SACCH/C4. For TCH/H, FACCH/H and SACCH/TH value is (0..1); for SDCCH/8 and SACCH/C8 value is (0..7); for SDCCH/4 and SACCH/C4 value is (0..3).
ReleaseMode	BITSTRING[1]	0 = normal release; 1 = local end release
outstanding_Indicator	BOOLEAN	whether or not there are outstanding acknowledgements or unsolved G_L2_DATA_REQ primitives.
Detailed Comments		

<b>ASP Name</b>	G_L2_SYSINFO_REQ	
<b>PCO Type</b>	G_DSAP	
<b>Comments</b>	The ASP is used to send system information messages to the lower layer emulator.	
Parameter Name	Parameter Type	Comments
CellId	CellId	
SAPI	SAPI	0
PhysicalChld	PhysicalChld	
g_LogicChType	G_LogicChType	BCCH or SACCH
InstanceIndex	INTEGER	To indicate the instance of the system information messages. For SYSTEM INFORMATION Type 2ter, 18, 19, 20 the value is (0..7); for type 14, 15 the value is (0..3); for type 2quater the value is (0..15); for all other type the value is 0.
SysInfoType	SysInfoType	SYSTEM INFORMATION Type 5, 5bis, 5ter, and 6 are sent on SACCH, the other SYSTEM INFORMATION's are sent on BCCH.
<u>BCCHExt</u>	<u>B1</u>	'0' indicates message sent on BCCH Norm, '1' indicates message sent on BCCH Ext. Only valid for SI 2quater, 7, 8, 13, 16, 17. Default value '0'
msg	PDU	This field contains SYSTEM INFORMATION message. See 3GPP TS 44.018 [43] clause 9.1.31 to clause 9.1.43h for SYSTEM INFORMATION message definitions.
Detailed Comments	The lower layer emulator shall store the SYSTEM INFORMATION's, and transmit them periodically according to the rules specified in clause 6.3.1.3 of 3GPP TS 05.02 or 3GPP TS 45.002 [Error! Reference source not found.]. The msg shall override the same type system information message previous stored in the lower layer emulator.	

Type Name	SysInfoType
Type Definition	INTEGER
Type Encoding	
Comments	<p>25--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 1      26--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 2      2 -- SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 2bis      3 -- SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 2ter      7 -- SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 2quater      27--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 3      28--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 4      29--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 5      5 -- SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 5bis      6 -- SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 5ter      30--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 6      31--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 7      24--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 8      4 -- SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 9</p> <p>0 -- SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 13      61--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 16      62--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 17      64--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 18      65--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 19      66--SYSTEM INFORMATION TYPE 20</p>

## CHANGE REQUEST

 **34.123-3 CR 1338**  rev  -  Current version: **5.0.0** 

For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the  symbols.

**Proposed change affects:**  UICC apps   ME  Radio Access Network  Core Network 

<b>Title:</b>	 CR to 34.123-3 Rel-5: Addition of a new ASP required for test case tc_8_1_7_1d	
<b>Source:</b>	 Rohde & Schwarz	
<b>Work item code:</b>	 TEI	<b>Date:</b>  26/04/2005
<b>Category:</b>	 <b>F</b> <i>Use one of the following categories:</i> <b>F</b> (correction) <b>A</b> (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) <b>B</b> (addition of feature), <b>C</b> (functional modification of feature) <b>D</b> (editorial modification) <i>Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP <a href="#">TR 21.900</a>.</i>	<b>Release:</b>  Rel-5 <i>Use one of the following releases:</i> 2 (GSM Phase 2) R96 (Release 1996) R97 (Release 1997) R98 (Release 1998) R99 (Release 1999) Rel-4 (Release 4) Rel-5 (Release 5) Rel-6 (Release 6)

<b>Reason for change:</b> 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>In test case tc_8_1_7_1d a timer of 120 msec is used to assume that a message has been transferred successfully to the UE. Then the radio bearer is stopped to leave the procedure being executed (Security Mode procedure) incomplete.</li> <li>The timer used is smaller than the timer tolerance allowed per 3G TS 34.108. In practice the results achieved when running the test case proved to be unreliable: UE failures because of timing problems occurred.</li> <li>A specific ASP shall be used which ensures that messages are transmitted successfully, but the acknowledgement from the UE is left unsuccessful.</li> </ul>
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<b>Summary of change:</b> 	<p>An ASP shall be used to achieve that</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>It is ensured that messages sent by the SS are transmitted successfully to the UE.</li> <li>Acknowledgements sent by the UE thereupon are not confirmed by the SS at the RLC level.</li> </ol> <p>This CR proposes ASP for this purpose.</p>
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**Consequences if not approved:** ☷ The test is unreliable and may fail conformant UEs.

**Clauses affected:** ☷ 7.3.2.2.26b

<b>Other specs affected:</b>	Y	N	34.123-1
	☒	X	
	X		

Other core specifications  
Test specifications  
O&M Specifications

**Other comments:** ☷ Affects R99, Rel-4 and Rel-5.

### How to create CRs using this form:

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at <http://www.3gpp.org/specs/CR.htm>. Below is a brief summary:

- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked ☷ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to .
- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under <ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/specs/> For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2001-03 contains the specifications resulting from the March 2001 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request

<START OF NEW SECTION>

CRLC\_NotAckNxtRxSDU

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_NotAckNxtRxSDU_CNF
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To confirm that the next received SDU has not been acknowledged.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo
}	

ASN.1 ASP Type Definition	
Type Name	CRLC_NotAckNxtRxSDU_REQ
PCO Type	CSAP
Comment	To request that the next received SDU is not acknowledged. The received SDU is passed to the upper layers.
Type Definition	
SEQUENCE {	
cellId	INTEGER (-1..63),
routingInfo	RoutingInfo,
mode	ENUMERATED{start(0)}
}	

<END OF MODIFIED SECTION>