Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network
Marco Island, USA 4 - 7 June 2002

RP#16(02) 0411

TSG_Doc_Num	Specification	CR_Num	Revision_Num	3G_Release	CR_Subject	CR_Category	Cur_Ver_Num	New_Ver_Num	Tdoc_Num	WorkItem
RP-020411	25.430	031	1	R99	Definition of TFCI2 transport bearer in 25.430	F	3.7.0	3.8.0	R3-021553	TEI
RP-020411	25.430	032	1	Rel-4	Definition of TFCI2 transport bearer in 25.430	A	4.2.0	4.3.0	R3-021554	TEI
RP-020411	25.430	033	1	Rel-5	Definition of TFCI2 transport bearer in 25.430	A	5.0.0	5.1.0	R3-021555	TEI

3GPP TSG-RAN Working Group 3 Meeting #29
Gyeongju, South Korea, 13th – 17th May 2002

Tdoc R3-021553

CR-Form-v5

CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.430 CR 31** ⌘ ev **1** ⌘ Current version: **3.7.0** ⌘

*For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the ⌘ symbols.*

Proposed change affects: ⌘ (U)SIM ☐ ME/UE ☐ Radio Access Network **X** Core Network ☐

Title:	⌘	Definition of TFCI2 signalling bearer
Source:	⌘	R-WG3
Work item code:	⌘	TEI
Date:	⌘	04-2002
Category:	⌘	**F**
Release:	⌘	R99

Use one of the following categories:
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Clauses affected:	⌘	4.4; 4.5.1; 6.1; 6.2.1; 6.2.3; 7		
Other specs affected:	⌘	**X** Other core specifications	⌘	25.430 v4.2.0 (CR32) 25.430 v5.0.0 (CR33)
		☐ Test specifications		
		☐ O&M Specifications		
Other comments:	⌘			

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4.4 Iub Interface Capabilities

4.4.x Iub FDD TFCI2 data stream

The Iub interface provides the means for transport of control frames between DRNC and Node B. An Iub TFCI2 data stream corresponds to the TFCI2 signalling for one Node B communication context that is using one or more DSCH transport channels. A Node B communication context may ~~only~~ be assigned up to one TFCI2 data stream.

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6 Node B logical Model over Iub

6.1 Overview

The model described in figure 2 shows the Node B as seen from the controlling RNC. The model includes:

- The logical resources provided by Node B to UTRAN (via its Controlling RNC) - depicted as "cells" which include the physical channel resources DPCH, PDSCH, and PUSCH;
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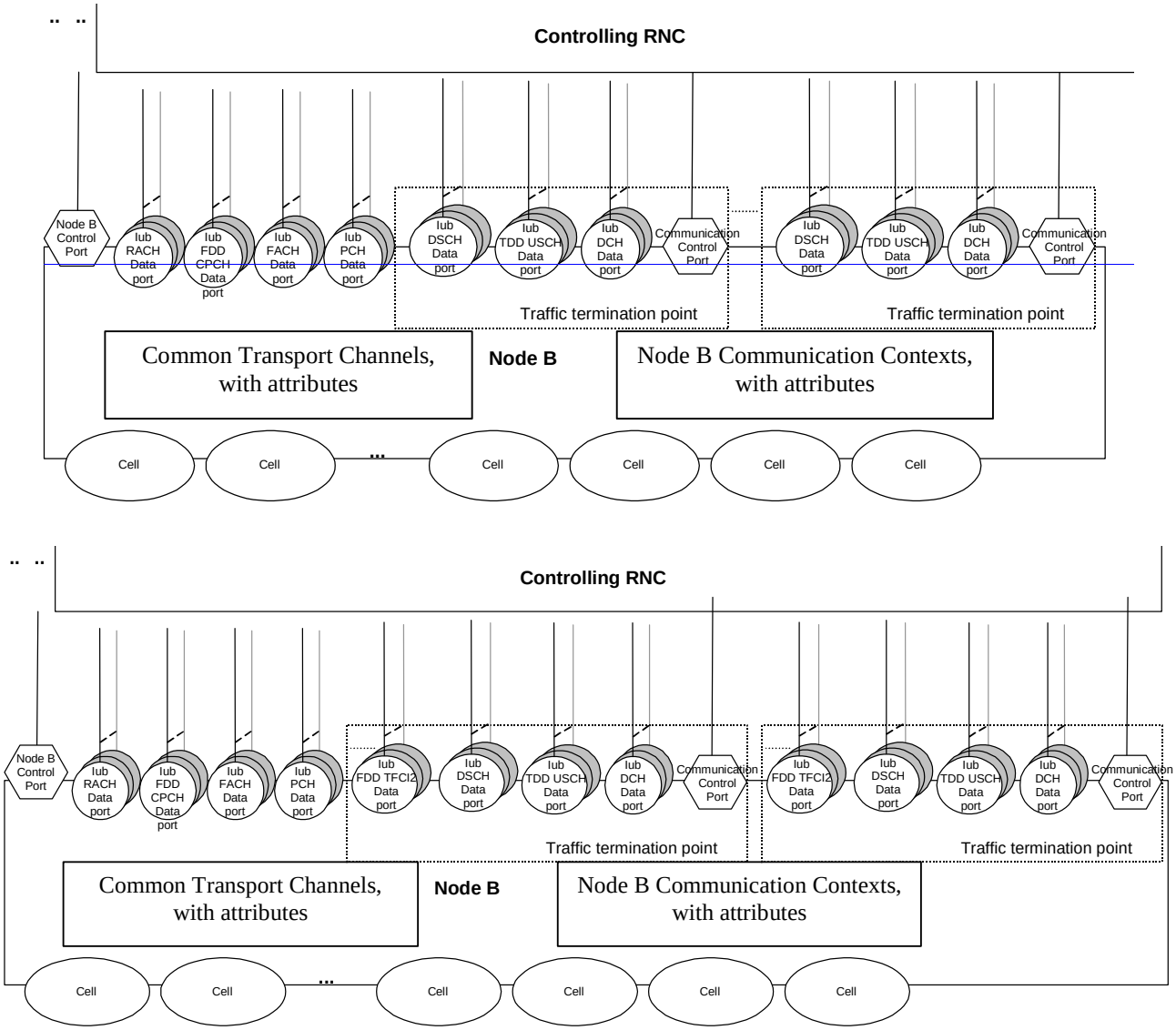

Figure 2: Logical Model of Node B

6.2 Elements of the logical model

6.2.1 Node B Communication Contexts for Dedicated and Shared Channels

A Node B Communication Context corresponds to all the dedicated resources that are necessary for a user in dedicated mode and using dedicated and/or shared channels as restricted to a given Node B. [TDD - The Node B Communication Context also exists for users in Cell_FACH mode (i.e. non-dedicated mode) provided a USCH and/or DSCH has been allocated to these users.]

There are a number of Node B Communication Contexts inside a given Node B.

The attributes to a Node B Communication Context shall include the following (not exhaustive):

- The list of Cells where dedicated and/or shared physical resources are used.
- The list of DCH which are mapped on the dedicated physical resources for that Node B Communication Context.
- The list of DSCH and USCH [TDD] which are used by the respective UE.

- The complete DCH characteristics for each DCH, identified by its DCH-identifier [4].
- The complete Transport Channel characteristics for each DSCH and USCH, identified by its Shared Channel identifier [4].
- The list of Iub DCH Data Ports.
- ~~-~~The list of Iub DSCH Data ports and Iub USCH data ports.
- [FDD - Up to one Iub TFCI2 Data Port.]
- For each Iub DCH Data Port, the corresponding DCH and cells which are carried on this data port.
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- Physical layer parameters (outer loop power control, etc).

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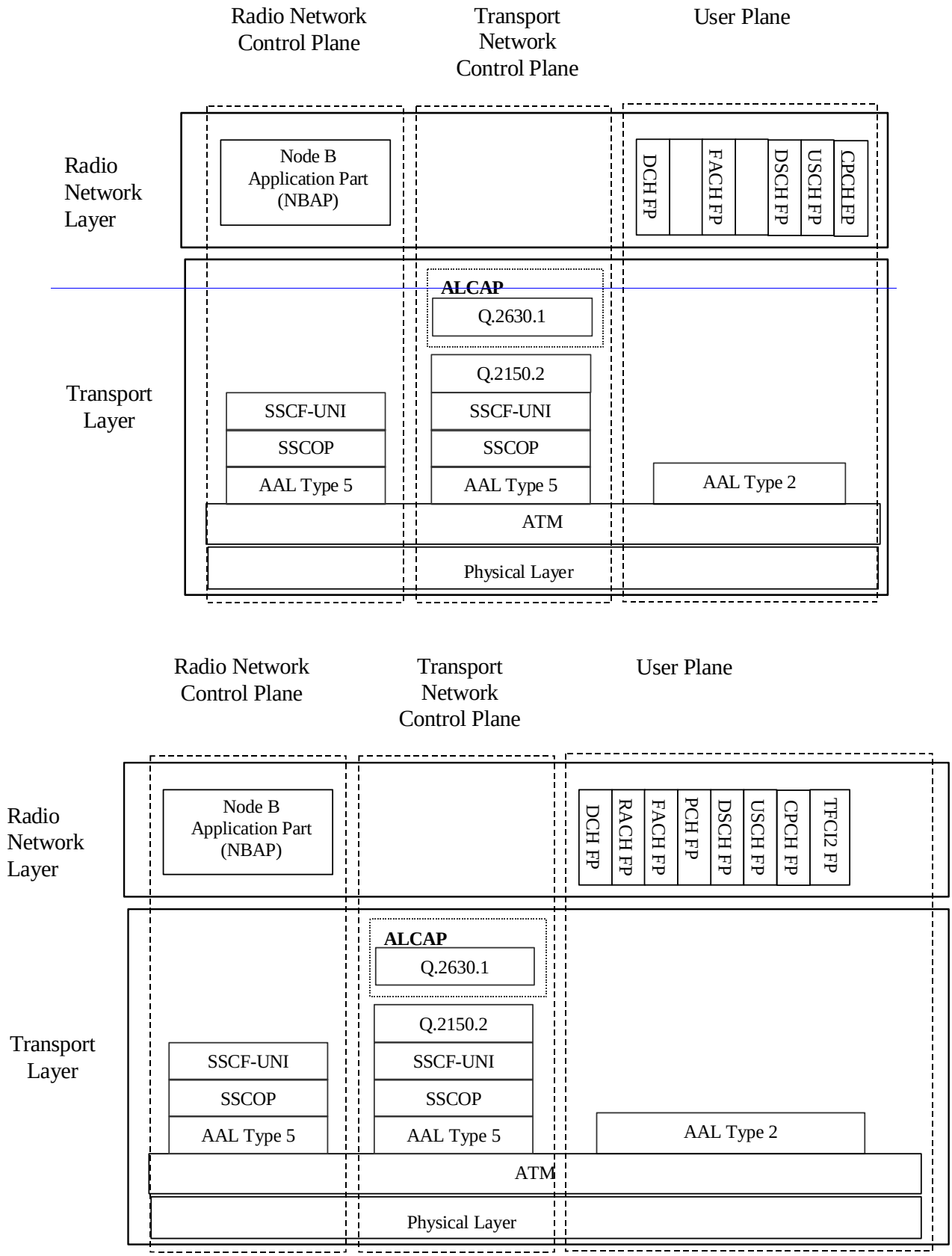
7 Iub Interface Protocol Structure



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1. Radio Network Layer, defines procedures related to the operation of Node B. The radio network layer consists of a radio network control plane and a radio network user plane.

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There shall be one dedicated AAL2 connection for each RACH, one for each FACH transport channel, and one for each CPCH [FDD].

3GPP TSG-RAN Working Group 3 Meeting #29
Gyeongju, South Korea, 13th – 17th May 2002

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CHANGE REQUEST

⌘ **25.430** **CR** **32** ⌘ ev **1** ⌘ Current version: **4.2.0** ⌘

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Date:	⌘	04-2002
Category:	⌘	**A**
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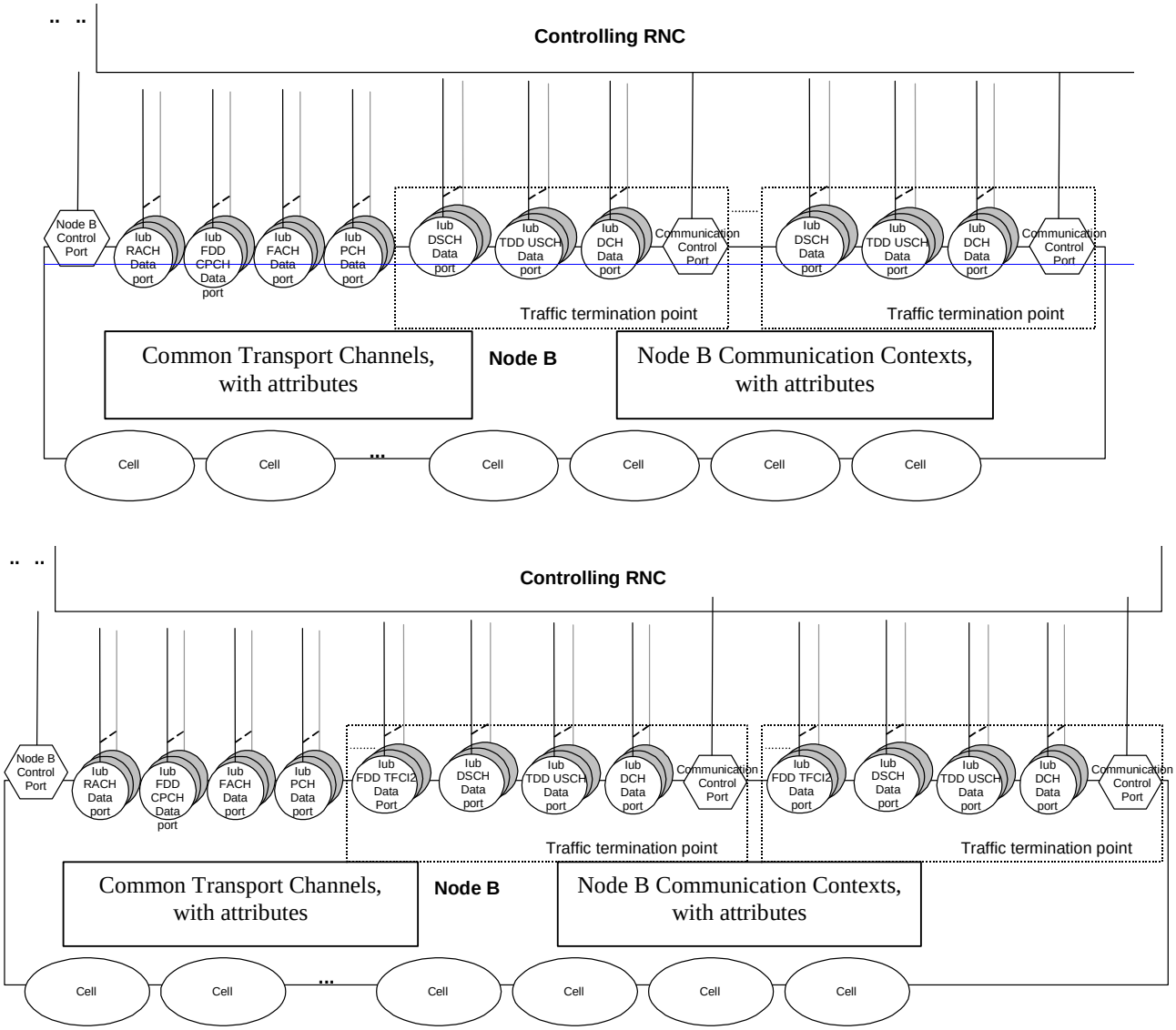

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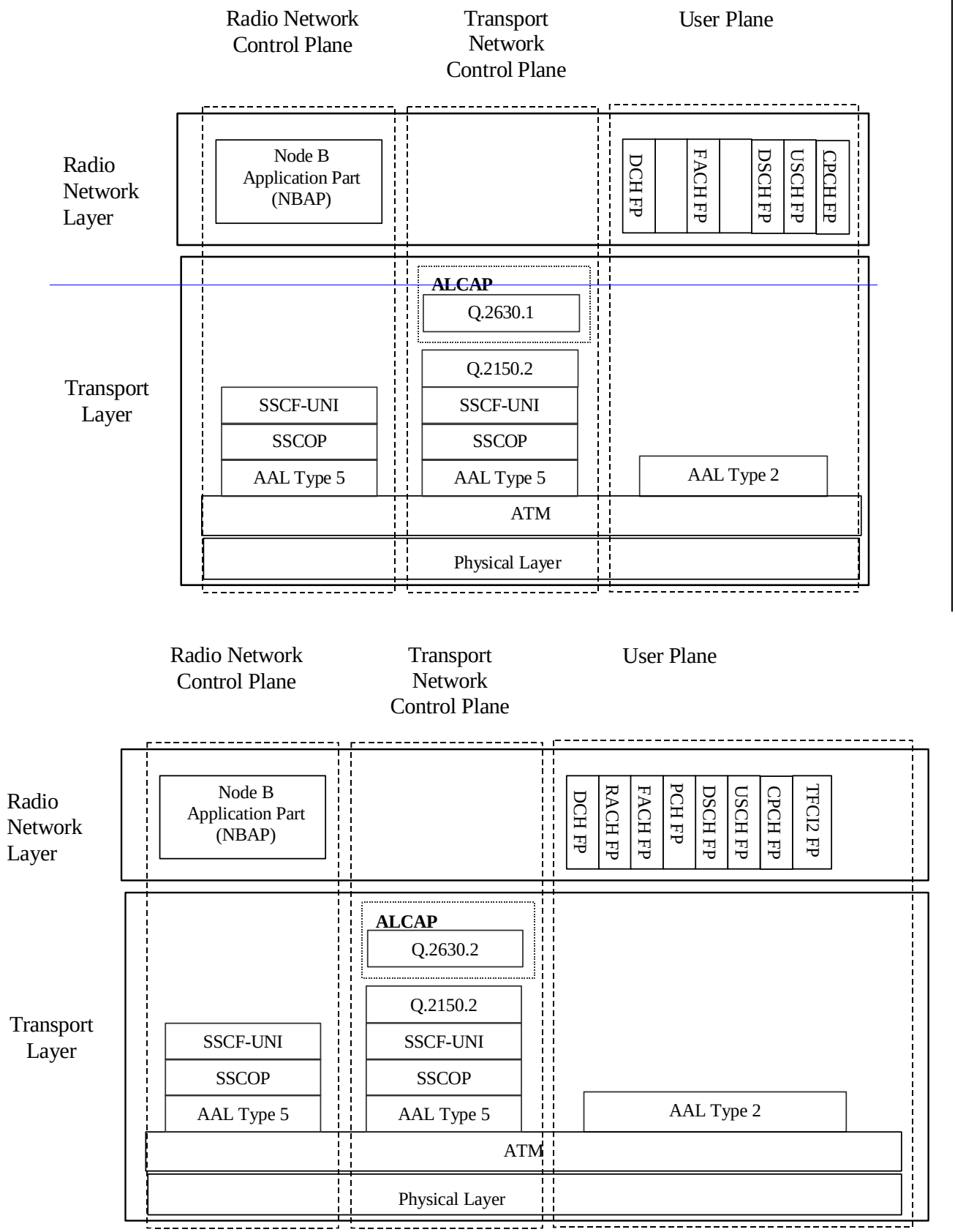

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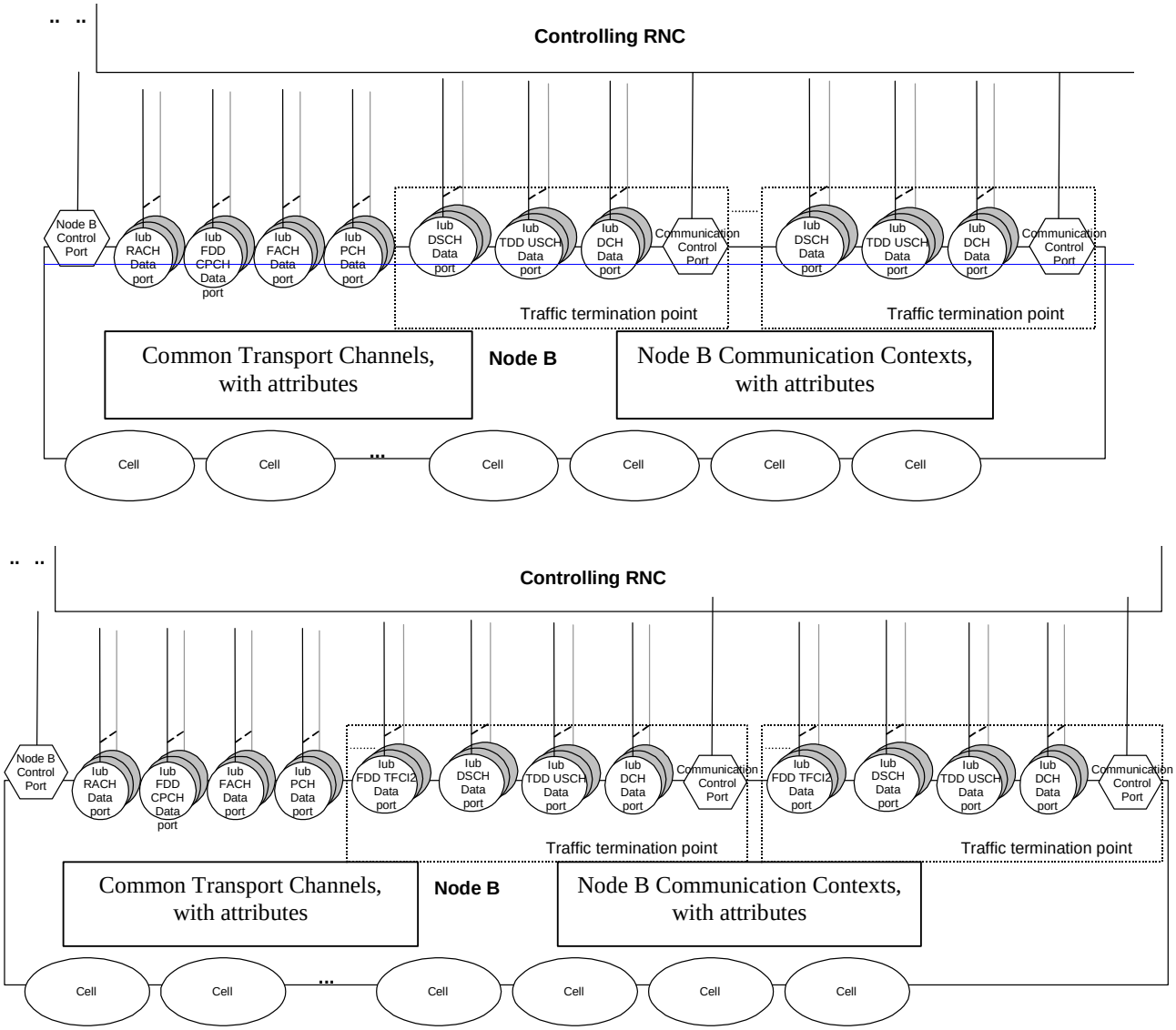

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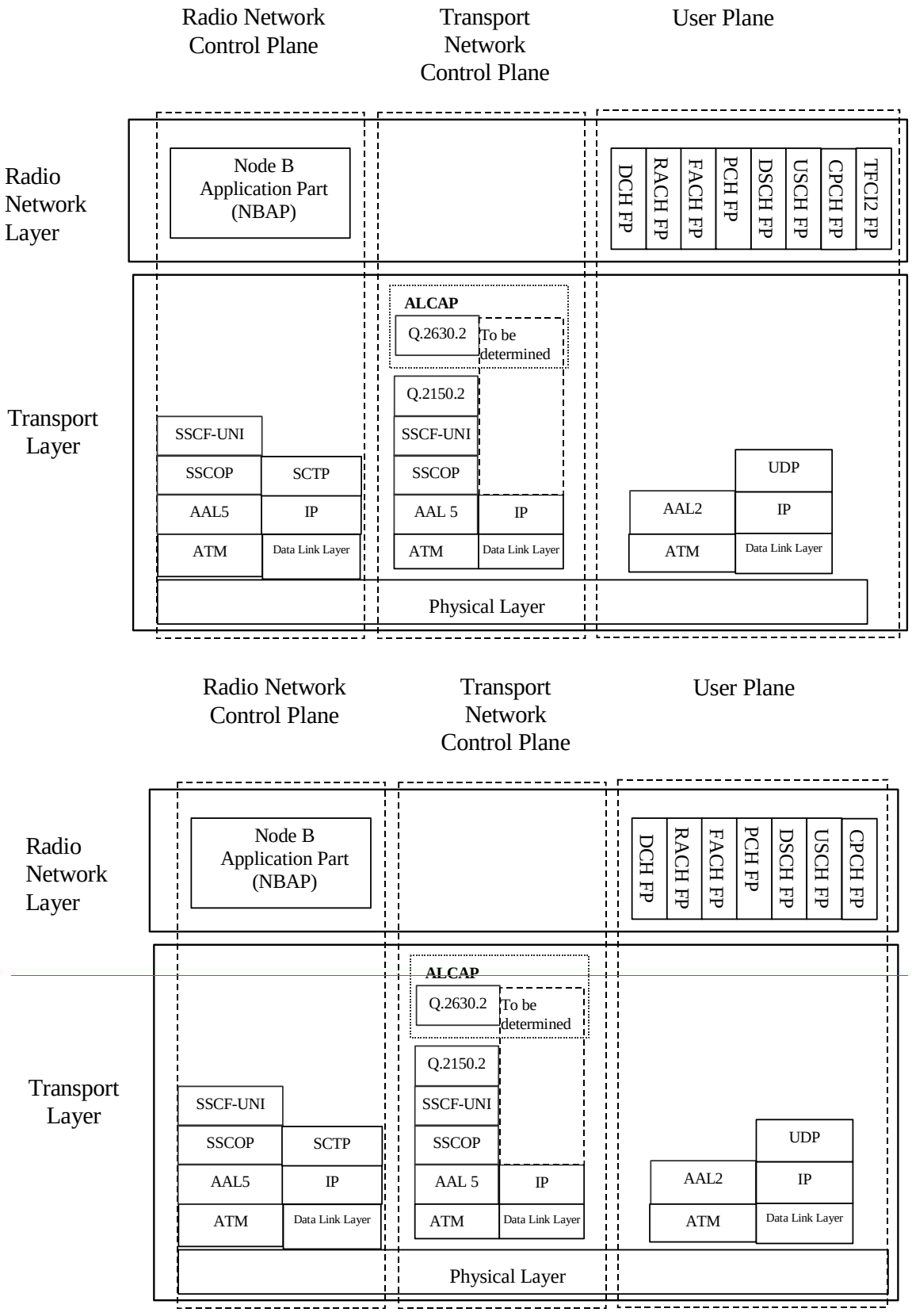

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