R1-01-0923

3GPP TSG RAN Meeting #13 Beijing, China, 18th – 21st, September, 2001

CHANGE REQUEST								CR-Form-v4		
¥	<mark>25.211</mark>	CR 113	ж	rev 2	ж	Current vers	^{sion:} 3.7.0	ж		
For <u>HELP</u> on us	For HELP on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the # symbols.									
Proposed change affects: # (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Access Network X Core Network										
Title: ೫	Removal	of another refe	erence to F	ACH bear	nform	ning				
Source: ೫	TSG RAN	WG1								
Work item code: #	TEI					Date: ೫	20-09-2001			
Category: %	F Use <u>one</u> of F (cor A (cor B (add C (fun D (edu Detailed ex be found in	the following cat rection) responds to a co dition of feature), octional modificati torial modificatio planations of the 3GPP <u>TR 21.90</u>	regories: prrection in a tion of featur n) above cate <u>0</u> .	an earlier re re) gories can	elease	Release: % Use <u>one</u> of 2 () R96 R97 R98 R99 REL-4 REL-5	R99 the following re (GSM Phase 2, (Release 1996) (Release 1997, (Release 1999, (Release 4) (Release 5)	leases:))))		
Reason for change:	# TSG remo there	-RAN WG1 #2 oved (CR25.21 e is still a refere	0 meeting 1 099/100) ence to FA	the refere . Howeve CH beamf	nce to r, in th formin	p FACH using he introduction ng.	g beamforming on section of T	g was S25.211		
Summary of change	e: ೫ The	reference to F/	ACH beam	<mark>forming is</mark>	remo	oved in section	on 4.1.2.2			
Consequences if not approved:	ж Inco	nsistency in de	scpription	of FACH i	n TS2	25.211				
Clauses affected:	೫ 4.1. 2	2.2								
Other specs Affected:	ж О Т О	ther core speci est specification &M Specification	ifications ns ons	ж						
Other comments:	ж									

How to create CRs using this form:

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at: <u>http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm</u>. Below is a brief summary:

- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked **#** contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under <u>ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/specs/</u> For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2001-03 contains the specifications resulting from the March 2001 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request

4 Services offered to higher layers

4.1 Transport channels

Transport channels are services offered by Layer 1 to the higher layers. General concepts about transport channels are described in [12].

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A transport channel is defined by how and with what characteristics data is transferred over the air interface. A general classification of transport channels is into two groups:

- Dedicated channels, using inherent addressing of UE;
- Common channels, using explicit addressing of UE if addressing is needed.

4.1.1 Dedicated transport channels

There exists only one type of dedicated transport channel, the Dedicated Channel (DCH).

4.1.1.1 DCH - Dedicated Channel

The Dedicated Channel (DCH) is a downlink or uplink transport channel. The DCH is transmitted over the entire cell or over only a part of the cell using e.g. beam-forming antennas.

4.1.2 Common transport channels

There are six types of common transport channels: BCH, FACH, PCH, RACH, CPCH and DSCH.

4.1.2.1 BCH - Broadcast Channel

The Broadcast Channel (BCH) is a downlink transport channel that is used to broadcast system- and cell-specific information. The BCH is always transmitted over the entire cell and has a single transport format.

4.1.2.2 FACH - Forward Access Channel

The Forward Access Channel (FACH) is a downlink transport channel. The FACH is transmitted over the entire cell-orover only a part of the cell using e.g. beam-forming antennas. The FACH can be transmitted using slow power control.

4.1.2.3 PCH - Paging Channel

The Paging Channel (PCH) is a downlink transport channel. The PCH is always transmitted over the entire cell. The transmission of the PCH is associated with the transmission of physical-layer generated Paging Indicators, to support efficient sleep-mode procedures.

4.1.2.4 RACH - Random Access Channel

The Random Access Channel (RACH) is an uplink transport channel. The RACH is always received from the entire cell. The RACH is characterized by a collision risk and by being transmitted using open loop power control.

4.1.2.5 CPCH - Common Packet Channel

The Common Packet Channel (CPCH) is an uplink transport channel. CPCH is associated with a dedicated channel on the downlink which provides power control and CPCH Control Commands (e.g. Emergency Stop) for the uplink CPCH. The CPCH is characterised by initial collision risk and by being transmitted using inner loop power control.

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CHANGE REQUEST										
x	<mark>25.211</mark>	CR <mark>114</mark>	₩r	^{ev} 2	ж	Current vers	^{ion:} 4.1.0	ж		
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Reason for change:	ж TSG remo there	RAN WG1 #20 wed (CR25.211 is still a refere) meeting th 099/100). nce to FAC	ne referer However H beamfo	nce to , in th orming	FACH using e introductio g.	g beamforming on section of T	g was S25.211		
Summary of change	e: # The	reference to FA	CH beamfo	orming is	remov	ved in sectio	on 4.1.2.2			
Consequences if not approved:	# Incor	nsistency in des	scpription o	f FACH ir	n TS2	5.211				
Clauses affected:	೫<mark>4.1.2</mark>	2								
Other specs Affected:	# 01 Te	ther core specif est specification &M Specificatio	ications is ins	ж						
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