Tdoc TSGRP#11(01)0187

3GPP TSG-RAN, Meeting #11 Palm Spring, USA, 13-16 March 2001

Agenda item:	6.11
Source:	Alcatel
Title:	Proposed Work Item Description 'Node B Resource Model improvements'
Document for:	Approval

Introduction

At RAN WG3 #18 meeting, it was agreed that the Spreading Code is not very representative of the processing power resource of the Node B in many cases. It was proposed to keep the Spreading Factor in R99, but to create a new Work Item for R4 or R5 in order to enhance the accuracy of the model regarding that issue.

The Work Item Sheet is proposed below.

Work Item Description

Title

Node B Resource Model improvements

1 3GPP Work Area

Х	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

2 Linked work items

none

3 Justification

The Node B resource model, image of the physical resources implemented in a Node B, should be as accurate as possible to ensure an efficient Admission Control in the CRNC. Currently, the consumption law used in the credit mechanism is based on the spreading factor, which is not representative of the processing power resource in many cases.

For example:

- Channel decoding requires a large amount of processing. This processing depends on the net bit rate, i.e. the bit rate before the channel decoder, rather than the physical channel rate (or equivalently the spreading factor). For example, considering a spreading factor of 128 (and therefore a physical channel rate of 30 kbps), the net bit rate may have different values depending on the coding rate and matching rate (repetition or puncturing rate), e.g. 5 and 15 kbps. Therefore, for a fixed spreading factor, the processing effort in the Node B may vary significantly (by a factor larger than 3), which cannot be taken into account by the current modelling of the Node B resources.
- The number of Rake fingers required for the channel and data estimation is highly dependent on the number of radio links. The maximum number of Rake fingers in the Node B cannot currently be taken into account in admission control, considering the current capacity modelling in the 'resource status indication' message, since this limitation is not related to the spreading factor.
- The processing power may also depend on the kind of channel coding (convolutional coding, turbo-coding).

The following benefits of the Node B resource model improvements are seen:

- A substantial improvement of admission control in the controlling RNC.
- A decrease of the credit updates from the Nodes B.

4 Objective

The purpose of this new work item is to enhance the Node B resource model by e.g. basing the consumption law, used in the credit mechanism over Iub, on better parameters and algorithms. Credit mechanism principles and functional split between CRNC and Node B shall be kept unchanged.

5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

9 Impacts

Affects:	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		Х	Х		
No	Х			X	
Don't					
know					

10 Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

New specifications								
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Pres infor plen	sented for mation at ary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
			Affe	cted existi	ing s	specificatio	ns	
Spec No.	CR	Subject				Approved at p	olenary#	Comments
25.430		Node B resource model				RAN	#12	
25.433		Credits and consumption law				RAN	#12	

11 Work item rapporteurs

Nicolas Drevon, Alcatel

12 Work item leadership

RAN WG3

13 Supporting Companies

Alcatel, xxxx

14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Footure
14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block in the WI is a Work Task in the Building Block in the WI is a Work Task in the Building Block in the WI is a Work Task in the Building Block in the Bu