**3GPP TSG-RAN WG4 Meeting #94-e R4-20xxxxx**

**Electronic Meeting, Feb.24th – Mar.6th 2020**

**Agenda item:** 8.1.4, 8.1.4.1-8.1.4.6, 8.1.4.14

**Source:** Ericsson

**Title:** Email discussion summary for RAN4#94e\_#46\_NR\_unlic\_RRM\_Core\_Part\_1

**Document for:** Information

# Introduction

The discussion covers NR-U AIs 8.1.4, 8.1.4.1-8.1.4.6, and 8.1.4.14.

The following open issues were identified, based on the contributions, for the 1st round:

1. **Topic #1: Specification Structure**

* Issue 1-1: do you agree to add “a” in section numbers in 36.133 for NR-U sections?
* Issue 1-2: do you agree that R4-1914628 (agreed in RAN4#93) is enough and CR (38.133) with just NR-U section titles is unnecessary?

1. **Topic #2: General Applicability Rules for NR-U Sections**

* Issue 2-1: do you agree to list the sections applicable for NR-U in the applicability section of the corresponding specification (36.133 and 38.133)?

1. **Topic #3: SIB Reading in Cell Reselection**

* Issue 3-1: do you agree that the Rel-15 approach shall apply and SIB reading shall not be included in cell reselection requirements for NR-U?

1. **Topic #4: SI Reading in RRC Release with Redirection, RRC Re-establishment, and Paging Interruption Requirements**

* Issue 4-1: SI acquisition time
* Issue 4-2: Soft combining assumption
* Issue 4-3: Paging interruption requirements

1. **Topic #5: Cell Reselection (Excluding SI Reading and Paging)**

* Issue 5-1: Mm,max for other DRX cycles (0.64 sec and 1.28 sec)
* Issue 5-2: X dB offset condition for the at least one cell to be checked by the UE
* Issue 5-3: How many times (Y) the UE is allowed to fail the on-going cell reselection due to exceeding any of Md,max, Mm,max, and Me,max?
* Issue 5-4: Ms definition

1. **Topic #6: SIB Reading in HO Requirements**

* Issue 6-1: do you agree that the Rel-15 approach shall apply and SIB reading shall not be included in handover requirements for NR-U?

1. **Topic #7: HO requirements (excluding SIB reading)**

* Issue 7-1: UE behaviour when UL LBT failure recovery is not configured or not supported
* Issue 7-2: UE behaviour when UL LBT failure recovery is configured in HO command

1. **Topic #8: RRC Release with Redirection**

* Issue 8-1: UE behaviour upon exceeding L1,max
* Issue 8-2: UE behaviour upon exceeding L2,max (max. number of missed PRACH occasions)

1. **Topic #9: RRC Re-Establishment**

* Issue 9-1: UE behaviour upon exceeding K1,max and K2,i,max
* Issue 9-2: UE behaviour upon exceeding K3,max
* Issue 9-3: UE behaviour upon exceeding KSI,max
* Issue 9-4: Values for K1,max
* Issue 9-5: Values for K2,i,max

1. **Topic #10: SCell activation**

* Issue 10-1: known SCell definition
* Issue 10-2: THARQ
* Issue 10-3: SCell activation delay, ΔCSI,max
* Issue 10-4: SCell activation delay, condition on HARQ delay
* Issue 10-5: SCell activation delay, max L-values
* Issue 10-6: SCell activation delay, definitions of L parameters
* Issue 10-7: SCell activation delay, X, Y, Z (see the agreement in RAN4#93)
* Issue 10-8: Does the interruption window length at SCell activation depend on DL LBT failures?

1. **Topic #11: PSCell addition**

* Issue 11-1: known PSCell definition
* Issue 11-2: PSCell addition delay, ΔPRACH in TPSCell\_ DU

1. **Topic #12: Active TCI state switching**

* Issue 12-1: known state definition
* Issue 12-2: UE behaviour upon exceeding the agreed maximum L values
* Issue 12-3: UE behaviour related to ΔHARQ

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* **use track changes while adding your comments in this document (only updates marked with change marks will be taken into the next version),**
* **change the file name, adding your company name and date,**
* **NOT change the version number (which can be incremented only by the moderator).**

# Topic #1: Specification Structure

*Main technical topic overview. The structure can be done based on sub-agenda basis.*

## Companies’ contributions summary

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **AI** | **T-doc number** | **Company** | **Proposals / Observations** |
| 8.1.4 | R4-2000039 | ZTE Corp. | CR (38.133) with spec structure for NR-U |
| R4-2000040 | ZTE Corp. | 1. Without a complete structure for all clauses and sub-clauses, companies might have problems adding sub-sections to 38.133.   If some CRs creating new sub-clauses are about to get approved in this meeting, then the whole structure has to be created to contain the added sub-clauses.  Proposal 1: Agree on the CR [4] to create the whole structure of new clauses in 38.133 due to NR-U.  A CR to create the entire structure and all the clauses is not needed in 36.133.  Proposal 2: In 36.133, newly created NR-U sub-clauses shall end with “.a” to avoid confusion with existing section naming. |

## Open issues summary

*Before e-Meeting, moderators shall summarize list of open issues, candidate options and possible WF (if applicable) based on companies’ contributions.*

### Sub-topic 1-1

*Sub-topic description:* ZTE’s proposal “In 36.133, newly created NR-U sub-clauses shall end with “.a” to avoid confusion with existing section naming.”

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 1-1: do you agree to add “a” in section numbers in 36.133 for NR-U sections?**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: yes
  + Option 2: no
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

### Sub-topic 1-2

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 1-2: do you agree that R4-1914628 (agreed in RAN4#93) is enough and CR (38.133) with just NR-U section titles is unnecessary?**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: yes
  + Option 2: no
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

## Companies views’ collection for 1st round

### Open issues

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| company | Sub topic 1-1:  Sub topic 1-2:  ….  Others: |

### CRs/TPs comments collection

*Major close-to-finalize WIs and Rel-15 maintenance, comments collections can be arranged for TPs and CRs. For Rel-16 on-going WIs, suggest to focus on open issues discussion on 1st round.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **Comments collection** |
| R4-2000039 | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |
| YYY | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |

## Summary for 1st round

### Open issues

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round, list all the identified open issues and tentative agreements or candidate options and suggestion for 2nd round i.e. WF assignment.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Status summary** |
| **Sub-topic#1** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

*Recommendations on WF/LS assignment*

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **WF/LS t-doc Title** | **Assigned Company,**  **WF or LS lead** |
| #1 |  |  |

### CRs/TPs

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round and provides recommendation on CRs/TPs Status update*

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| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **CRs/TPs Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 1st round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

## Discussion on 2nd round (if applicable)

## Summary on 2nd round (if applicable)

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 2nd round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs/WFs/LSs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP/LS/WF number** | **T-doc Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 2nd round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

# Topic #2: General Applicability Rules for NR-U Sections

*Main technical topic overview. The structure can be done based on sub-agenda basis.*

## Companies’ contributions summary

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **AI** | **T-doc number** | **Company** | **Proposals / Observations** |
| 8.1.4 | R4-2000040 | ZTE Corp. | **Observation 4**: Option 1) would mean a lot of statements added in different parts of the specifications TS 38.133 and TS 36.133.  **Observation 5**: If option 1) is taken and companies forget to add some of the statements, it would mean there’s no requirement at all for NR-U in related operations, thus resulting in a broken spec.  Proposal 3: In 38.133 and 36.133, assume by default that since NR-U is a part of NR, unless explicitly stated, all requirements in the current spec apply to NR-U operations. If different requirements are needed, new sub-sections shall be created so that readers will understand that the requirements in the parallel old sections don’t apply to NR-U operations. No statement is added anywhere. |
| 8.1.4.14 | R4-2001393 | Ericsson | CR (36.133), sections 1-3, applicability rules |
| R4-2001394 | Ericsson | CR (38.133), sections 1-3, applicability rules |

## Open issues summary

*Before e-Meeting, moderators shall summarize list of open issues, candidate options and possible WF (if applicable) based on companies’ contributions.*

### Sub-topic 2-1

*Sub-topic description:*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 2-1: do you agree to list the sections applicable for NR-U in the applicability section of the corresponding specification (36.133 and 38.133)?**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: yes
  + Option 2: no
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

## Companies views’ collection for 1st round

### Open issues

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| company | Sub topic 2-1:  ….  Others: |

### CRs/TPs comments collection

*Major close-to-finalize WIs and Rel-15 maintenance, comments collections can be arranged for TPs and CRs. For Rel-16 on-going WIs, suggest to focus on open issues discussion on 1st round.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **Comments collection** |
| R4-2001393 | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |
| R4-2001393 | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |

## Summary for 1st round

### Open issues

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round, list all the identified open issues and tentative agreements or candidate options and suggestion for 2nd round i.e. WF assignment.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Status summary** |
| **Sub-topic#1** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

*Recommendations on WF/LS assignment*

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| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **WF/LS t-doc Title** | **Assigned Company,**  **WF or LS lead** |
| #1 |  |  |

### CRs/TPs

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round and provides recommendation on CRs/TPs Status update*

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| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **CRs/TPs Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 1st round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

## Discussion on 2nd round (if applicable)

## Summary on 2nd round (if applicable)

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 2nd round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs/WFs/LSs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP/LS/WF number** | **T-doc Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 2nd round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

# Topic #3: SIB Reading in Cell Reselection

*Main technical topic overview. The structure can be done based on sub-agenda basis.*

## Companies’ contributions summary

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **AI** | **T-doc number** | **Company** | **Proposals / Observations** |
| 8.1.4.1 | R4-2000392 | Intel Corp. | **Observation 1**: In LTE and NR with the licensed carrier deployments, UE needs NOT to read the system information of the target cells in order to obtain their global ID (e.g. PLMN, CGI).  **Observation 2**: In LTE and NR with the licensed carrier deployments, it is possible to make UE know the priority of the neighbor cell via either the predefined message according to the deployed bands or by X1 signaling.  **Observation 3:** In NR-U UE still needs to read MIB/SIB1 of cells in “whitelist” if PCI collision happened between different operators.  **Observation 4:** In Rel15 LTE and NR RRM requirements for cell reselection (e.g . Tdetect,EUTRAN\_Intra ) did NOT include the time to detect the target cell’s SIB.  **Observation 5:** The start and ending points for cell reselection procedure in NR-U can be same as these of NR.  **Observation 6:** While camping on an unlicensed carrier, a completed cell reselection shall include UE decoding on the target cell’s SIB.  **Proposal 1:** The requirement for cell reselection NR-U RRC\_Idle in TS38.133 shall be revisited or clarify the quote to include SIB reading. |

## Open issues summary

*Before e-Meeting, moderators shall summarize list of open issues, candidate options and possible WF (if applicable) based on companies’ contributions.*

### Sub-topic 3-1

*Sub-topic description:*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 3-1: do you agree that the Rel-15 approach shall apply and SIB reading shall not be included in cell reselection requirements for NR-U?**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: yes
  + Option 2: no
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

## Companies views’ collection for 1st round

### Open issues

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| company | Sub topic 3-1:  ….  Others: |

### CRs/TPs comments collection

*Major close to finalize WIs and Rel-15 maintenance, comments collections can be arranged for TPs and CRs. For Rel-16 on-going WIs, suggest to focus on open issues discussion on 1st round.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **Comments collection** |
|  | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |
|  | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |

## Summary for 1st round

### Open issues

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round, list all the identified open issues and tentative agreements or candidate options and suggestion for 2nd round i.e. WF assignment.*

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|  | **Status summary** |
| **Sub-topic#1** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

*Suggestion on WF/LS assignment*

|  |  |  |
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|  | **WF/LS t-doc Title** | **Assigned Company,**  **WF or LS lead** |
| #1 |  |  |

### CRs/TPs

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **CRs/TPs Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 1st round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

## Discussion on 2nd round (if applicable)

## Summary on 2nd round (if applicable)

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 2nd round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs/WFs/LSs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP/LS/WF number** | **T-doc Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 2nd round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

# Topic #4: SI Reading in RRC Release with Redirection, RRC Re-establishment, and Paging Interruption Requirements

*Main technical topic overview. The structure can be done based on sub-agenda basis.*

## Companies’ contributions summary

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **AI** | **T-doc number** | **Company** | **Proposals / Observations** |
| 8.1.4.1 | R4-2000925 | MediaTek Inc. | **Observation 1**: To meet 95% of decoding success rate, 8, 5, 3, and 2 PDSCH samples are required under SNR condition of -3dB, -2dB, -1dB and 0 dB, respectively. |
| R4-2001745 | Ericsson | **Proposal**: Paging interruption delay requirements are defined for NR-U UEs in IDLE/INACTIVE state by taking into account the extended time needed to acquire the MIB and SIB1 due to LBT failure based on the simulation study. |
| 8.1.4.3 | R4-2001359 | Ericsson | **Observation 1**: SI acquisition time for RRC Release with Redirection and RRC Re-establishment procedures, TSI-NR, are given by TSI-NR = TMIB + TSIB1, where TMIB is the MIB acquisition time and TSIB1 is the SIB1 acquisition time.  **Proposal 1**: Define SI acquisition time for NR-U as TSI\_CCA = TMIB\_CCA + TSIB1\_CCA, where TMIB\_CCA is the MIB acquisition time for NR-U and TSIB1\_CCA is the SIB1 acquisition time for NR-U.  **Proposal 2**: Set TMIB\_CCA = TSMTC \* GMIB, where TSMTC is the configured SMTC period and GMIB = NMIB + MMIB\_CCA-failure, where NMIB=5 and M MIB\_CCA-failure is the number of LBT failures by the time BS transmits NMIB PBCH samples.  **Proposal 3**: Set TSIB1\_CCA = TSIB1 \* GSIB1, where TSIB1 is the SIB1 transmission repetition period (=20ms for FR1) and GSIB1 = NSIB1 + MSIB1\_CCA-failure, where MSIB1\_CCA-failure is the number of slots UE does not receive SIB1 on the SIB1 transmission occasions by the time UE receives NSIB1 PDSCH samples.  **Proposal 4**: Set the number of PDSCH samples for SIB1, NSIB1, to 4.  **Proposal 5**: Set the SI acquisition time based on the number of PBCH samples for MIB and the number of PDSCH samples for SIB1. |
|  | R4-2001442 | Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell | **Observation 1**: Currently, there is no core requirement for the time for the acquisition of the relevant system information. In Annex A6 in TS 38133, in the test cases, the TSI equals 1280ms.  **Observation 2**: For the MIB acquisition time, assuming the number of required PBCH samples is equal to 5, 1280 ms is enough to accommodate up to 5 CCA failures (50% failure), except for the case with TSMTC equal to 160 ms, in which 2 LBT failures can be accommodated within this period.  **Observation 3**: The simulation assumptions consider 24 PRBs for PDSCH. In NR-U, for CORESET0 with 30kHz, RAN1 has agreed that the minimum number of PRBs is 48.  **Observation 4**: For the SIB acquisition time, the simulation results show that the agreed SIB1 acquisition success rate is obtained assuming soft combining of 4 repetitions.  **Observation 5**: Considering the SIB1 TTI equal to 160 ms, and soft combining of 4 Repetitions, the total time for SIB1 acquisition time, already accommodating the delay caused by 50% CCA failure, is equal to 160 ms.  **Proposal 1**: RAN4 to keep the SI acquisition time equal to 1280 ms. |
|  | R4-2000049 | ZTE | **Observation 1**: 1280 ms of SI decoding time is already used in test cases for both intra-frequency case and inter-frequency case.  Proposal 1: SIB reading time in NR-U to be defined as 1280 ms.  **Proposal 2**: Define side conditions of RMSI PDSCH decoding with soft combining. |
| 8.1.4.14 | R4-2001564 | Huawei, HiSilicon | **Proposal**: The baseband SIB1 decoding delay is 13 SIB1 transmissions, provided that the scheduling periodicity is no larger than 80ms. |

## Open issues summary

*Before e-Meeting, moderators shall summarize list of open issues, candidate options and possible WF (if applicable) based on companies’ contributions.*

### Sub-topic 4-1

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 4-1: SI Acquisition Time**

* Proposals
  + Option 1 (MediaTek): To meet 95% of decoding success rate, 8, 5, 3, and 2 PDSCH samples are required under SNR condition of -3dB, -2dB, -1dB and 0 dB, respectively.
  + Option 2 (Huawei): The baseband SIB1 decoding delay is 13 SIB1 transmissions, provided that the scheduling periodicity is no larger than 80ms.
  + Option 3 (Ericsson): SI acquisition time is TSI\_CCA = TMIB\_CCA + TSIB1\_CCA, where

TMIB\_CCA = TSMTC \* GMIB is the MIB acquisition time for NR-U, where

TSMTC is the configured SMTC period,

GMIB = NMIB + MMIB\_CCA-failure, NMIB=[5], and MMIB\_CCA-failure is the number of LBT failures by the time BS transmits NMIB PBCH samples,

TSIB1\_CCA = TSIB1 \* GSIB1 is the SIB1 acquisition time for NR-U, where

TSIB1 is the SIB1 transmission repetition period (=20ms for FR1),

NSIB1=[4] is the number of PDSCH samples for SIB1,

GSIB1 = NSIB1 + MSIB1\_CCA-failure, MSIB1\_CCA-failure is the number of slots UE does not receive SIB1 on the SIB1 transmission occasions by the time UE receives NSIB1 PDSCH samples.

* + Option 4 (Nokia, ZTE): 1280 ms
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

### Sub-topic 4-2

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 4-2: Soft combining assumption**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: Assume RMSI PDSCH decoding with soft combining for deriving the SI acquisition time. Define the side conditions accordingly.
* Recommended WF: Discuss the proposals

### Sub-topic 4-3

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 4-3: Paging Interruption Requirements**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: Paging interruption delay requirements are defined for NR-U UEs in IDLE/INACTIVE state by taking into account the extended time needed to acquire the MIB and SIB1 due to LBT failure based on the simulation study.
  + Option 2: TBA
* Recommended WF: Discuss the proposals

## Companies views’ collection for 1st round

### Open issues

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| company | Sub topic 4-1:  Sub topic 4-2:  Sub topic 4-3:  ….  Others: |

### CRs/TPs comments collection

*Major close to finalize WIs and Rel-15 maintenance, comments collections can be arranged for TPs and CRs. For Rel-16 on-going WIs, suggest to focus on open issues discussion on 1st round.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **Comments collection** |
|  | Company A |
| Company B |
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|  | Company A |
| Company B |
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## Summary for 1st round

### Open issues

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round, list all the identified open issues and tentative agreements or candidate options and suggestion for 2nd round i.e. WF assignment.*

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|  | **Status summary** |
| **Sub-topic#1** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

*Suggestion on WF/LS assignment*

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|  | **WF/LS t-doc Title** | **Assigned Company,**  **WF or LS lead** |
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### CRs/TPs

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **CRs/TPs Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 1st round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

## Discussion on 2nd round (if applicable)

## Summary on 2nd round (if applicable)

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 2nd round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs/WFs/LSs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP/LS/WF number** | **T-doc Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 2nd round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

# Topic #5: Cell Reselection (Excluding SI Reading and Paging)

*Main technical topic overview. The structure can be done based on sub-agenda basis.*

## Companies’ contributions summary

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **AI** | **T-doc number** | **Company** | **Proposals / Observations** |
| 8.1.4.1 | R4-2000714 | Qualcomm Inc. | **Observation 1**. In the initial acquisition stage, UE cannot reliably decide on the presence or absence of an SSB based on a single sample (SMTC occasion). Moreover, in initial acquisition stage, UE is not even aware of the value of *Q* factor as it may not have yet decoded PBCH.  **Proposal 1**. Ms is the number of DRX cycles with at least one SMTC where SSBs are unavailable at the UE during Nserv.  **Table 4.2A.2.2-1: Nserv**   |  |  | | --- | --- | | **DRX cycle length [s]** | **Nserv [number of DRX cycles]** | | 0.32 | M1\*4+M1\*Ms | | 0.64 | M1\*4+M1\*Ms | | 1.28 | 2+Ms | | 2.56 | 2+Ms | | Note 1: The requirements apply, provided that Ms<= Ms,max, where Ms,max=[8] for DRX cycle length < 1.28 s, [4] for DRX cycle length ≥ 1.28 s.  Note 2: The UE shall restart the measurements used for serving cell evaluation if Ms exceeds Ms,max.  Note 3: At least one SSB index in the same SSB position index shall satisfy the side conditions in clause B.1.2 during Nserv. | |   **Proposal 2.** All side condition tables in Appendix B.1 of TS 38.133 to be updated to reflect spectrum for unlicensed access. This update can follow the conclusion of discussions in RF room on REFSENS for NR-U.  **Observation 2**. In the detection stage, UE cannot reliably decide on the presence or absence of an SSB based on a single sample (SMTC occasion). If it could, then R15 requirements would have used one sample for the identification stage.  **Observation 3**. Mandating a UE that operates in unlicensed spectrum to always monitor all candidate SSB positions during measurement and evaluation phases results in increased power consumption compared to a R15 UE. In addition, in many deployments such as Industrial IoT or FBE, the rate of CCA failure is quite low.  **Proposal 3**. Clarification NOTEs to be added to Tables 4.2A.2.3-1 as in the following:  **Table 4.2A.2.3-1: Tdetect,NR\_Intra, Tmeasure,NR\_Intra and Tevaluate,NR\_Intra**   |  |  |  |  | | --- | --- | --- | --- | | **DRX cycle length [s]** | **Tdetect,NR\_Intra [s] (number of DRX cycles)** | **Tmeasure,NR\_Intra [s] (number of DRX cycles)** | **Tevaluate,NR\_Intra**  **[s] (number of DRX cycles)** | | 0.32 | 0.32x([36]+Md)xM2  {([36]+Md)xM2} | 0.32x([4]+Mm) xM2  {([4]+Mm)xM2} | 0.32x([16]+Me) x M2  {([16]+Me)xM2} | | 0.64 | 0.64x([28]+Md)  {[28]+Md} | 0.64x([2]+Mm)  {[2]+Mm} | 0.64x([8]+Me)  {[8]+Me} | | 1.28 | 1.28x([25]+Md)  {[25]+Md} | 1.28x([1]+Mm)  {[1]+Mm} | 1.28x([5]+Me)  {[5]+Me} | | 2.56 | 2.56x([23]+Md)  {[23]+Md} | 2.56x([1]+Mm)  {[1]+Mm} | 2.56x([3]+Me)  {[3]+Me} | | Note 1: M2 = 1.5 if SMTC periodicity of measured intra-frequency cell > 20 ms; otherwise M2=1.  Note 2: Md, Mm, Me are the number of SMTC occasions not available at the UE during the corresponding time periods.  Note 3: Mm,max, Md,max and Me,max is the maximum value of Mm, Md and Me. Mm,max: TBD for 0.32 s DRX cycle length; [8] for 0.64 s DRX cycle length; [4] for 1.28 s DRX cycle length; TBD for 2.56 s DRX cycle length, and Md,max=[4]\*Mm,max, Me,max=[2]\*Mm,max.  Note 4: UE shall restart the measurements if the limits are exceeded.  Note 5: At least one SSB index in the same SSB position index shall satisfy the side conditions in clause B.1.2 during Tdetect\_NR\_intra.  Note 6: UE considers a SMTC occasion unavailable if the SSB index of the identified cell at the detected SSB position index is not available. | | | |   Same notes to be added to Table 4.2A.2.4-1.  **Proposal 4.** After *N* unsuccessful measurement attempts due to exceeding the max number of unavailable SMTC occasions, UE should restart from the detection stage again. Value of *N* can be further discussed in RAN4.  **Observation 4.** No further specification is required in RAN4 to reflect the RAN2 agreement regarding lowering the priority of a frequency with unsuitable PLMN. |
| R4-2000924 | MediaTek Inc. | **Observation 1:** There will be a case that UE can only find the cells outside the predefined X dB but also fulfill the resection margins.  Proposal 1: Not necessary to specify XdB for cells to be checked by the UE for cell-reselection. |
| R4-2001438 | Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell | **Observation 1**: The unsuitable highest ranked cell is not considered for cell reselection for 300 seconds. Therefore, it will not affect the cell reselection procedure to other cells in the same frequency.  Proposal 1: RAN4 not to define an additional power limit between the strongest cell on a frequency, which is considered unsuitable for cell reselection, and the other cells checked by the UE for cell re-selection.  **Observation 2**: In previous RAN4 meetings, RAN 4 has discussed and agreed on sufficient mechanisms to handle LBT failures during cell re-selection.  **Observation 3**: RAN1 has also defined mechanisms to increase the probability of sending SSBs when there is an LBT failure during the DRS transmission window.  **Observation 4**: No new UE behaviour is needed to deal with the case in which the re-selection to the highest ranked cell fails due to LBT. |
| R4-2001554 | Huawei, HiSilicon | **Observation 1:** RAN2 has specified corresponding UE behaviors for the case when the best cell is not suitable for reselection.  **Proposal 1:** There is no need to introduce the additional restriction that the cell for reselection should not be X dB weaker than the strongest cell on that frequency. |
| R4-2001741 | Ericsson | **Proposal**: The UE shall attempt cell re-selection on at least one more cell (which fulfils the re-selection margin) after it has failed an on-going cell re-selection attempt due to exceeding any of Md,max, Mm,max and Me,max Y times, where Y=4. |
| R4-2001742 | Ericsson | CR (38.133) with RRC\_IDLE UE requirements for NR-U |
| R4-2001744 | Ericsson | **Proposal**: The definition of Ms, as agreed at previous meeting, shall always apply for UEs performing serving cell evaluation in IDLE/INACTIVE states. |
| R4-2001914 | Ericsson | CR (36.133) with inter-RAT RRC\_IDLE requirements for NR-U |

## Open issues summary

*Before e-Meeting, moderators shall summarize list of open issues, candidate options and possible WF (if applicable) based on companies’ contributions.*

### Sub-topic 5-1

*Sub-topic description:*

Agreements from RAN4#93:

[16] for 0.32 sec DRX cycle,

[4] for 2.56 sec DRX cycle.

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 5-1: Mm,max for other DRX cycles (0.64 sec and 1.28 sec)**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: Mm,max = [8] for DRX cycle = 0.64 seconds,

Mm,max = [4] for DRX cycle = 1.28 seconds

* + Option 2: TBA
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

### Sub-topic 5-2

*Sub-topic description:*

From RAN4#93: FFS: At least one cell which is checked by the UE for cell re-selection on each frequency is such that it is not more than X dB weaker than the strongest cell on that frequency, and it also fulfills the reselection margins, where value of X is TBD

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 5-2: X dB offset condition for the at least one cell to be checked by the UE**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: do not specify
  + Option 2: specify
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

### Sub-topic 5-3

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 5-3: How many times (Y) the UE is allowed to fail the on-going cell reselection due to exceeding any of Md,max, Mm,max, and Me,max?**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: Y=4.
  + Option 2: TBA
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

### Sub-topic 5-4

*Sub-topic description:*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 5-4: Ms definition**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: the agreed (in previous meetings) Ms definition shall always apply for cell reselection
  + Option 2: needs to take into account QCL factor
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

## Companies views’ collection for 1st round

### Open issues

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| company | Sub topic 5-1:  Sub topic 5-2:  Sub topic 5-3:  Sub topic 5-4:  ….  Others: |

### CRs/TPs comments collection

*Major close to finalize WIs and Rel-15 maintenance, comments collections can be arranged for TPs and CRs. For Rel-16 on-going WIs, suggest to focus on open issues discussion on 1st round.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **Comments collection** |
| R4-2001742 | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |
| R4-2001914 | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |

## Summary for 1st round

### Open issues

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round, list all the identified open issues and tentative agreements or candidate options and suggestion for 2nd round i.e. WF assignment.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Status summary** |
| **Sub-topic#1** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

*Suggestion on WF/LS assignment*

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| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **WF/LS t-doc Title** | **Assigned Company,**  **WF or LS lead** |
| #1 |  |  |

### CRs/TPs

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **CRs/TPs Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 1st round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

## Discussion on 2nd round (if applicable)

## Summary on 2nd round (if applicable)

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 2nd round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs/WFs/LSs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP/LS/WF number** | **T-doc Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 2nd round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

# Topic #6: SIB Reading in HO Requirements

*Main technical topic overview. The structure can be done based on sub-agenda basis.*

## Companies’ contributions summary

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **AI** | **T-doc number** | **Company** | **Proposals / Observations** |
| 8.1.4.2 | R4-2000393 | Intel Corp. | **Observation 1:** In LTE and NR with the licensed carrier deployments, UE needs NOT to read the system information of the measured neighbor cells to acquire their PLMN.  **Observation 2:** In NR-U,if UE reports the measurement results of all cells in unlicensed frequencies (both intra and inter frequency) without any PLMN, the serving cell may not make a correct HO decision.  **Proposal 1:** In NR-U, UE shall obtain the addition system information of the neighbor cells to avoid the ambiguity of the correct target cells during the HO decision and request.  **Observation 3a**: UE can report neighbor cell’s PLMN information known by UE to the serving cell.  **Observation 3b**: UE can also check the target cell’s accessibility autonomously and report the qualified target cells to the serving gNB only.  **Observation 4**: in RAN4, the start and end pint to define HO delay is the HO request from the serving cell and UE initiating random access respectively.  **Observation 5:** The time to be extended is the neighbor cell detection including the system information acquisition can be out of the duration to specify the handover interruption delay in RAN4.  **Proposal 2**: There are little impacts on NR-U HO requirement due to PLMN and other SIB reading but some clarifications on the side conditions.  **Observation 6**: In NR-U blind HO if the serving cell forward HO command without the PLMN or other CGI, UE needs to search and measure more cells beside the target cell indicated in HO command. And it is highly possible UE handover to the wrong target cell which has a same PCID with the target cell but not PLMN.  **Observation 7**: In NR-U blind HO in order to avoid the wrong handover, the additional information of the serving cell forward HO command (e.g. the PLMN or other CGI,) is needed. At a same time, UE needs to check the search cell’s PLMN via the SIB reading.  **Observation 8**: in RAN4, the requirements for blind HO in NR-U shall count the time for the SIB reading.  **Proposal 3**: For blind HO, Tsearch shall include SIB reading. |
| R4-2001440 | Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell | **Observation 1**: PCI collisions may also happen in licensed spectrum.  **Observation 2**: ANR function enables the network to identify PCI collisions.  **Observation 3**: RAN4 Rel-15 does not define specific extra time for reading the SIB due to possible PCI collisions.  **Observation 4**: RAN2 has introduced a whitelist mechanism to address the PCI collisions occurring in unlicensed spectrum.  **Observation 5**: RAN2 has agreed that no additional mechanisms are introduced to address PCI collisions in NR-U Rel-16.  **Observation 6**: There is no need for RAN4 to include an additional time for SI reading during handover.  **Proposal 1**: RAN4 to adopt the same approach for unlicensed spectrum, as in licensed spectrum, and do not define different requirements for handover cases with PCI collisions. |

## Open issues summary

*Before e-Meeting, moderators shall summarize list of open issues, candidate options and possible WF (if applicable) based on companies’ contributions.*

### Sub-topic 6-1

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 6-1: do you agree that the Rel-15 approach shall apply and SIB reading shall not be included in handover requirements for NR-U?**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: yes
  + Option 2: no
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

## Companies views’ collection for 1st round

### Open issues

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| company | Sub topic 6-1:  ….  Others: |

### CRs/TPs comments collection

*Major close to finalize WIs and Rel-15 maintenance, comments collections can be arranged for TPs and CRs. For Rel-16 on-going WIs, suggest to focus on open issues discussion on 1st round.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **Comments collection** |
| XXX | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |
| YYY | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |

## Summary for 1st round

### Open issues

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round, list all the identified open issues and tentative agreements or candidate options and suggestion for 2nd round i.e. WF assignment.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Status summary** |
| **Sub-topic#1** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

*Suggestion on WF/LS assignment*

|  |  |  |
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|  | **WF/LS t-doc Title** | **Assigned Company,**  **WF or LS lead** |
| #1 |  |  |

### CRs/TPs

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **CRs/TPs Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 1st round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

## Discussion on 2nd round (if applicable)

## Summary on 2nd round (if applicable)

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 2nd round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs/WFs/LSs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP/LS/WF number** | **T-doc Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 2nd round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

# Topic #7: HO Requirements (Excluding SIB Reading)

*Main technical topic overview. The structure can be done based on sub-agenda basis.*

## Companies’ contributions summary

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **AI** | **T-doc number** | **Company** | **Proposals / Observations** |
| 8.1.4.2 | R4-2001555 | Huawei, HiSilicon | **Observation 1**: There is already a timer T304 to limit the maximum duration of the Handover process which is sufficient avoid an overlong HO process due to LBT.  **Observation 2**: The consistent UL LBT recovery won’t apply in the PRACH transmission during the HO process.  **Observation 3**: UE will keep attempting PRACH transmission until T304 expires.  **Proposal 1**: From RAN4’s perspective, the UE behavior when UE cannot transmit in UL is defined by T304 in the Handover process. |
| R4-2002132 | Qualcomm Inc. | **Observation 1**: RAN2 specs show that network can configure lbt-FailureInstanceMaxCount, the maximum number of LBT failures that UE should experience before starting LBT failure recovery mechanisms.  **Observation 2**: UE is supposed to return to idle mode after the expiration of T304 timer.  **Observation 3**: RAN2 is currently discussing to make ‘LBT recovery mechanism’ a UE capability feature.  **Proposal 1**:   * The UEs that support UL LBT failure recovery feature, take one of the following two steps:   + perform LBT failure recovery procedure (as shown in 38.321) if they experience lbt-FailureInstanceMaxCount backoffs due to LBT before the expiration of T304 timer or   + return to idle mode after the expiration of T304 timer if they don't experience lbt-FailureInstanceMaxCount backoffs due to LBT before the expiration of T304 timer.   The UEs that don’t support UL LBT failure recovery feature try to transmit PRACH up to preambleTransMax attempts and return to idle mode after the expiration of T304 timer. |

## Open issues summary

*Before e-Meeting, moderators shall summarize list of open issues, candidate options and possible WF (if applicable) based on companies’ contributions.*

Agreement from RAN4#93:

Clarify UE behaviour (refer to RAN2 spec and T304 timer) when UE cannot transmit in UL.

### Sub-topic 7-1

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 7-1: UE behaviour when UL LBT failure recovery is not configured or not supported**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: transmit PRACH up to X attempts, abandon handover procedure after expiration of T304
  + Option 2: TBA
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

### Sub-topic 7-2

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 7-2: UE behaviour when UL LBT failure recovery is configured in HO command**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: perform UL LBT failure recovery, unless T304 expires (provided the UL LBT failure recovery can be configured in HO command – check with RAN2)
  + Option 2: TBA
* Recommended WF
  + Check with RAN2 prior to discussing the proposals

## Companies views’ collection for 1st round

### Open issues

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| company | Sub topic 7-1:  Sub topic 7-2:  ….  Others: |

# Topic #8: RRC Release with Redirection

*Main technical topic overview. The structure can be done based on sub-agenda basis.*

## Companies’ contributions summary

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **AI** | **T-doc number** | **Company** | **Proposals / Observations** |
| 8.1.4.3 | R4-2000047 | ZTE | **Observation 1**: UE behavior when not able to identify a suitable cell indicated by *redirectedCarrierInfo* in the *RRCRelease* message is already defined in TS 38.304. The UE is allowed to camp on any NR cell.  Proposal 1: When L1 exceeds L1,max, the UE is allowed to camp on any NR cell. After the UE selects which cell to camp on, the UE shall start to send random access to the target NR cell within TSI-NR + (1+L2)\*TRACH.  Proposal 2: When L1 exceeds L1,max, the UE shall select a cell to camp on within a limited time duration. For the requirement, take cell reselection requirement as baseline.  **Observation 2**: Existing RAN2 mechanism on UL LBT failure doesn’t apply to UEs in IDLE or INACTIVE mode.  **Proposal 3**: When L2 exceeds L2,max, the UE shall camp on any NR cell. The requirement shall be similar to the case when L1 exceeds L1,max. |
| R4-2001556 | Huawei, HiSilicon | **Proposal 3**: When the unavailable DMTC cycles during the cell search process exceeds the maximum values, the UE is allowed to camp on any suitable cell of the indicated RAT. |
|  | R4-2001847 | Ericsson | **Observation 1**: The cell search delay (Tidentify-NR) in RRC connection release procedure also includes L1 filtered SS-RSRP measurement.  **Proposal 1**: When L1 exceeds L1,max, the UE shall restart the identification of the target cell on the carrier configured for RRC connection release with redirection.  **Proposal 2**: Due to L1 exceeding L1,max, the UE is required to restart the identification of the target cell on the carrier configured for RRC connection release with redirection at least *N* times; where *N* =3. Upon exceeding *N* the UE shall initiate cell selection procedures for the selected PLMN as defined in TS 38.304.  **Observation 2**: According to the RAN2 procedure the UE upon reaching consistent uplink LBT failures on PRACH in PCell shall declare RLF.  **Proposal 3**: The parameter, maximum allowed number of missed PRACH occasions (L2, max), shall not be specified by RAN4. |
|  | R4-2002133 | Qualcomm Inc. | **Observation 1**: RAN2 specs show that network can configure lbt-FailureInstanceMaxCount, the maximum number of LBT failures that UE should experience before starting LBT failure recovery mechanisms.  **Observation 2**: RAN2 is currently discussing to make ‘LBT failure recovery mechanism’ a UE capability feature.  **Proposal 1**: Value of L2,max and K3,max do not need to be defined for RRC release with redirection request and RRC re-establishment delay.   * During these procedures, the UEs that support UL LBT failure recovery feature, take one of the following two steps:   + - perform LBT failure recovery procedure (as shown in 38.321) if they experience lbt-FailureInstanceMaxCount backoffs due to LBT before the expiration of T311 timer or     - return to idle mode after the expiration of T311 timer if they don't experience  lbt-FailureInstanceMaxCount backoffs due to LBT before the expiration of T311 timer. * The UEs that don’t support UL LBT failure recovery feature try to transmit PRACH up to preambleTransMax attempts and return to idle mode after the expiration of T311 timer.   **Proposal 2**: RAN4 agrees to include the following text within the ‘random access’ section of 38.133:  “If UE cannot transmit random access preamble due to LBT failure, it will perform the random access resource selection procedure defined in clause 5.1.2 in TS 38.321.” |

## Open issues summary

*Before e-Meeting, moderators shall summarize list of open issues, candidate options and possible WF (if applicable) based on companies’ contributions.*

Agreement from RAN4#93:

* FFS UE behavior upon exceeding L1,max
* FFS UE behavior upon exceeding L2,max

### Sub-topic 8-1

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 8-1:** **UE behaviour upon exceeding L1,max**

* Proposals
  + Option 1 (Ericsson): UE shall restart the identification of the target cell on the carrier configured for RRC connection release with redirection. UE can restart at least *N* times (e.g., *N* =3). Upon exceeding *N* the UE shall initiate cell selection procedures for the selected PLMN as defined in TS 38.304.
  + Option 2 (Huawei): Camp on any suitable cell on the configured for redirection carrier, and if not possible camp on any suitable cell of the indicated RAT.
  + Option 3 (ZTE): Camp on any suitable cell of the indicated RAT within a limited time, after which the UE shall start to send random access to the target NR cell within TSI-NR + (1+L2)\*TRACH.
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

### Sub-topic 8-2

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 8-2: UE behaviour upon exceeding L2,max (max. number of missed PRACH occasions)**

* Proposals
  + Option 1 (Ericsson, Qualcomm): do not specify L2,max, refer to 38.321.
  + Option 2 (Huawei): Camp on any suitable cell on the configured for redirection carrier, and if not possible camp on any suitable cell of the indicated RAT.
  + Option 3 (ZTE): Camp on any suitable cell of the indicated RAT, similar to the behaviour for L1,max
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

## Companies views’ collection for 1st round

### Open issues

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| company | Sub topic 8-1:  Sub topic 8-2:  ….  Others: |

### CRs/TPs comments collection

*Major close to finalize WIs and Rel-15 maintenance, comments collections can be arranged for TPs and CRs. For Rel-16 on-going WIs, suggest to focus on open issues discussion on 1st round.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **Comments collection** |
| XXX | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |
| YYY | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |

## Summary for 1st round

### Open issues

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round, list all the identified open issues and tentative agreements or candidate options and suggestion for 2nd round i.e. WF assignment.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Status summary** |
| **Sub-topic#1** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

*Suggestion on WF/LS assignment*

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| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **WF/LS t-doc Title** | **Assigned Company,**  **WF or LS lead** |
| #1 |  |  |

### CRs/TPs

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **CRs/TPs Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 1st round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

## Discussion on 2nd round (if applicable)

## Summary on 2nd round (if applicable)

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 2nd round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs/WFs/LSs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP/LS/WF number** | **T-doc Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 2nd round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

# Topic #9: RRC Re-Establishment

*Main technical topic overview. The structure can be done based on sub-agenda basis.*

## Companies’ contributions summary

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **AI** | **T-doc number** | **Company** | **Proposals / Observations** |
| 8.1.4.3 | R4-2000048 | ZTE | **Observation 1**: The UE behavior in cell selection is well defined by RAN2 spec TS 38.331.  Proposal 1: There is no need to define K1 and K2,i and UE behavior while exceeding K1,max and K2,i,max.  **Observation 2**: The UE behavior in PRACH transmission is already defined by RAN2 spec TS 38.331.  **Proposal 2**: There is no need to define K3 and UE behavior while exceeding K3,max. |
| R4-2000926 | MediaTek Inc. | **Observation 1**: New UE behavior upon exceeding the maximum values will have RAN2 impact.  **Proposal 1**: Use the existing RAN2 procedure upon the expiring of the T311 timer. Not to specify K1,max, K2,i,max, and KSI,max. |
| R4-2001556 | Huawei, HiSilicon | **Observation 1**: The requirements of cell search (both intra-frequency and inter-frequency) and the time for acquiring system information are restricted by T311  **Proposal 1**: UE behavior should follow existing T311 and no addition UE behaviors are needed for cell search and acquiring system information, which is the Option 2 in the WF.  **Observation 2**: UE will continuously attempt to transmit PRACH until the expiration of T301.  **Proposal 2**: UE behaviour for PRACH transmission should follow the existing T301, which means and K3,max is not needed. |
| R4-2002133 | Qualcomm Inc. | **Observation 1**: RAN2 specs show that network can configure lbt-FailureInstanceMaxCount, the maximum number of LBT failures that UE should experience before starting LBT failure recovery mechanisms.  **Observation 2**: RAN2 is currently discussing to make ‘LBT failure recovery mechanism’ a UE capability feature.  **Proposal 1**: Value of L2,max and K3,max do not need to be defined for RRC release with redirection request and RRC re-establishment delay.   * During these procedures, the UEs that support UL LBT failure recovery feature, take one of the following two steps:   + - perform LBT failure recovery procedure (as shown in 38.321) if they experience lbt-FailureInstanceMaxCount backoffs due to LBT before the expiration of T311 timer or     - return to idle mode after the expiration of T311 timer if they don't experience  lbt-FailureInstanceMaxCount backoffs due to LBT before the expiration of T311 timer. * The UEs that don’t support UL LBT failure recovery feature try to transmit PRACH up to preambleTransMax attempts and return to idle mode after the expiration of T311 timer.   **Proposal 2**: RAN4 agrees to include the following text within the ‘random access’ section of 38.133:  “If UE cannot transmit random access preamble due to LBT failure, it will perform the random access resource selection procedure defined in clause 5.1.2 in TS 38.321.” |
| R4-2001846 | Ericsson | **Observation 1**: RRC re-establishment timer (T311) can have very large value up to 30 seconds.  **Proposal 1**: Use option 3 (i.e. UE behavior is based on K1,max, K2,i,max, and KSI,max (FFS K3,max) and timer T311, whichever comes first) and specify corresponding UE behavior.  **Observation 2**: The cell search delay (Tidentify-NR) in RRC connection re-establishment procedure correspond to or at least include L1 filtered SS-RSRP measurement.  **Proposal 2**: When K1 exceeds K1,max for intra-frequency case or when K2,i exceeds K2,i,max for inter-frequency case, the UE shall restart the identification of the target cell on the carrier(s) configured for RRC connection re-establishment.  **Proposal 3**: UE behaviour upon missed SI occasions exceeding KSI,max needs to be defined once the methodology for specifying the SI acquisition in NR-U is agreed.  **Observation 2**: According to the RAN2 procedure the UE upon reaching consistent uplink LBT failures on PRACH in PCell shall declare RLF.  **Proposal 4**: The parameter, maximum allowed number of missed PRACH occasions (K3,max), shall not be specified by RAN4.  **Proposal 5**: Maximum allowed number of missed SMTC cycles for cell identification of an unknown intra-frequency cell is expressed in table 1:  **Table 1: Maximum allowed number of missed SMTC cycles for identification of unknown intra-frequency cell**   |  |  | | --- | --- | | **SMTC period (TSMTC)** | **Maximum allowed number of missed SMTC cycles (K1,max)** | | TSMTC ≤ 40 ms | 24 | | TSMTC > 40 ms | 16 |   **Proposal 6**: Maximum allowed number of missed SMTC cycles for cell identification of an unknown inter-frequency cell is expressed in table 2:  **Table 2: Maximum allowed number of missed SMTC cycles for identification of unknown intra-frequency cell**   |  |  | | --- | --- | | **SMTC period (TSMTC, i)** | **Maximum allowed number of missed SMTC cycles (**K2.i,max**)** | | TSMTC, i ≤ 40 ms | 20 | | TSMTC, i > 40 ms | 12 | |

## Open issues summary

*Before e-Meeting, moderators shall summarize list of open issues, candidate options and possible WF (if applicable) based on companies’ contributions.*

Agreement from RAN4#93:

* FFS UE behavior upon exceeding K1,max and K2,i,max
* FFS UE behavior upon exceeding K3,max
* UE behavior:
  + Option 1:
    - UE behavior is based on K1,max, K2,i,max, and KSI,max (FFS K3,max)
      * KSI,max is the maximum time for SI reading
  + Option 2:
    - Use the existing RAN2 procedure upon the expiring of the T311 timer
  + Option 3:
    - UE behavior is based on K1,max, K2,i,max, and KSI,max (FFS K3,max) and timer T311, whichever comes first

### Sub-topic 9-1

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 9-1: UE behaviour upon exceeding K1,max and K2,i,max**

* Proposals
  + Option 1 (Ericsson): Use option 3 agreed in RAN4#93 (i.e. UE behaviour is based on K1,max/K2,i,max and timer T311, whichever comes first) and specify corresponding UE behaviour. When K1 exceeds K1,max for intra-frequency case or when K2,i exceeds K2,i,max for inter-frequency case, the UE shall restart the identification of the target cell on the carrier(s) configured for RRC connection re-establishment.
  + Option 2 (ZTE, MediaTek, Huawei): option 2 in RAN4#93, do not specify K1,max and K2,i,max
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

### Sub-topic 9-2

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 9-2: UE behaviour upon exceeding K3,max**

Proposals

* + Option 1 (Ericsson, ZTE, Huawei, Qualcomm): do not specify K3,max
* Recommended WF
  + Is Option 1 agreeable?

### Sub-topic 9-3

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 9-3: UE behaviour upon exceeding KSI,max**

Proposals

* + Option 1 (Ericsson): Use option 3 agreed in RAN4#93 (i.e. UE behaviour is based on KSI,max and timer T311, whichever comes first) and specify corresponding UE behaviour. UE behaviour upon missed SI occasions exceeding KSI,max needs to be defined once the methodology for specifying the SI acquisition in NR-U is agreed.
  + Option 2 (MediaTek, Huawei): option 2 in RAN4#93, do not specify KSI,max
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

### Sub-topic 9-4

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 9-4: Values for K1,max**

Proposals

* Option 1 (Ericsson): Maximum allowed number of missed SMTC cycles for cell identification of an unknown intra-frequency cell is expressed in table 1:

**Table 1: Maximum allowed number of missed SMTC cycles for identification of unknown intra-frequency cell**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **SMTC period (TSMTC)** | **Maximum allowed number of missed SMTC cycles (K1,max)** |
| TSMTC ≤ 40 ms | 24 |
| TSMTC > 40 ms | 16 |

* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

### Sub-topic 9-5

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 9-5: Values for K2,i,max**

Proposals

* Option 1 (Ericsson): Maximum allowed number of missed SMTC cycles for cell identification of an unknown inter-frequency cell is expressed in table 2:

**Table 2: Maximum allowed number of missed SMTC cycles for identification of unknown intra-frequency cell**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **SMTC period (TSMTC, i)** | **Maximum allowed number of missed SMTC cycles (**K2.i,max**)** |
| TSMTC, i ≤ 40 ms | 20 |
| TSMTC, i > 40 ms | 12 |

* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

## Companies views’ collection for 1st round

### Open issues

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| company | Sub topic 9-1:  Sub topic 9-2:  Sub topic 9-3:  Sub topic 9-4:  Sub topic 9-5:  ….  Others: |

### CRs/TPs comments collection

*Major close to finalize WIs and Rel-15 maintenance, comments collections can be arranged for TPs and CRs. For Rel-16 on-going WIs, suggest to focus on open issues discussion on 1st round.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **Comments collection** |
| XXX | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |
| YYY | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |

## Summary for 1st round

### Open issues

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round, list all the identified open issues and tentative agreements or candidate options and suggestion for 2nd round i.e. WF assignment.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Status summary** |
| **Sub-topic#1** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

*Suggestion on WF/LS assignment*

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **WF/LS t-doc Title** | **Assigned Company,**  **WF or LS lead** |
| #1 |  |  |

### CRs/TPs

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **CRs/TPs Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 1st round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

## Discussion on 2nd round (if applicable)

## Summary on 2nd round (if applicable)

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 2nd round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs/WFs/LSs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP/LS/WF number** | **T-doc Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 2nd round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

# Topic #10: SCell Activation

*Main technical topic overview. The structure can be done based on sub-agenda basis.*

## Companies’ contributions summary

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **AI** | **T-doc number** | **Company** | **Proposals / Observations** |
| 8.1.4.4 | R4-2000057 | ZTE | **Proposal 1**: Do not extend the time period in the known condition for the target SCell under NR-U. |
| R4-2000715 | Qualcomm Inc. | **Proposal 1**. NR-U SCell is known if it has been meeting the following conditions:  - During the period equal to max([5] measCycleSCell, [5] DRX cycles) before the reception of the SCell activation command:  - the UE has sent a valid measurement report for the SCell being activated and  - the SSB measured remains detectable according to the cell identification conditions specified in clause 9.2A and 9.3A.  - the SSB measured during the period equal to max([5] measCycleSCell, [5] DRX cycles) also remains detectable during the SCell activation delay according to the cell identification conditions specified in 9.2A and 9.3A.  Otherwise NR-U SCell is unknown.  **Proposal 2**. RAN4 to further discuss the modification of the term “SSB remains detectable” for NR-U. Possible modifications can include the percentage of time within [5] seconds that SSB index identified by UE is available and additionally the number of successive occasions where that SSB index is missed due to DL LBT failure.  **Observation 1**. R16 HARQ enhancements – non-numerical K1, enhanced dynamic codebook, and one-shot feedback – provide opportunities for HARQ retransmission resulting in potentially different timelines/delays. Moreover, per R15 HARQ procedure, a failed HARQ transmission is treated as NACK and can be scheduled for retransmission by gNB. It is overly and unnecessarily complicated for RAN4 to define extension of THARQ for all of these scenarios. The procedures are already clearly defined in TS 38.213 specification to which RAN4 requirements can simply refer.  **Proposal 3**. RAN4 to not define a time limit, even a fixed one, on THARQ and rely on RAN2 procedure for persistent UL LBT failure.  **Proposal 4**. RAN4 to define THARQ as:  *“THARQ (in ms) is the timing between DL data transmission and acknowledgement as specified in TS 38.213 [3]. In the event of UL CCA failure, THARQ extends to the next HARQ feedback retransmission opportunities as specified in TS 38.213 [3].”*  **Proposal 5**. For known Scell activation and if the SCell measurement cycle is equal to or smaller than 160ms, Tactivation\_time = TFirstSSB + (L1)\* Trs + 5ms (X=5ms) where L1 refers to the number of occasions the reference signal in the SCell being activated is not available and L1 L1,max  **Proposal 6**. TFirstSSB\_MAX: is the time to first SSB indicated by the SMTC after n + THARQ+3ms. In case of intra-band SCell activation, the occasion when all active serving cells and SCells being activated or released are *scheduled* to transmit SSB bursts in the same slot. In case of inter-band SCell activation, the first occasion when the SCell being activated is *scheduled* to transmit SSB burst.  **Proposal 7**. For NR-U known SCell activation, if the SCell measurement cycle is larger than 160ms, Tactivation\_time = TFirstSSB\_MAX + L2,1\* TSMTC\_MAX + (1 + L2,2)\* Trs + 5ms (Y=5ms) .   * L2,2 refers to the number of occasions the reference signal, as indicated by SMTC of the SCell being activated, is not available and L2,2 L2,2,max * In inter-band scenarios,   + L2,1 refers to the number of occasions the reference signal, as indicated by SMTC of the SCell being activated, is not available in known cell conditions and L2,1 L2,1,max * In intra-band scenarios,   + L2,1 refers to the number of occasions that at least one SMTC from SCells already activated or SCell being activated is not available in known cell conditions and L2,1 L2,1,max   **Proposal 8**. For NR-U unknown SCell activation, if the SCell measurement cycle is larger than 160ms, Tactivation\_time = TFirstSSB\_MAX + (1+L3,1)\* TSMTC\_MAX + (2 + L3,2)\* Trs + 5ms (Z=5ms), where   * L3,2 refer to the number of occasions the reference signal, as indicated by SMTC of the SCell being activated, is not available L3,2 L3,2,max * In inter-band scenarios,   + L3,1 refers to the number of occasions the reference signal, as indicated by SMTC of the SCell being activated, is not available in unknown cell conditions and L3,1 L3,1,max * In intra-band scenarios,   + L3,1 refers to the number of occasions that at least one SMTC from SCells already activated or SCell being activated is not available in unknown cell conditions and L3,1 L3,1,max   **Proposal 9**. RAN4 to adopt the following max values:   * L1,max = 2 if Trs 40ms and L1,max = 1 if Trs 40ms * L2,1,max = 2 if TSMTC\_max  40ms and L2,1,max = 1 if TSMTC\_max  40ms * L2,2,max = 2 if Trs 40ms and L2,2,max = 1 if Trs 40ms * L3,1,max = 3 if TSMTC\_max  40ms and L2,1,max = 2 if TSMTC\_max  40ms * L3,2,max = 3 if Trs 40ms and L3,2,max = 2 if Trs 40ms   **Proposal 10**. RAN4 does not need to define a maximum limit on TCSI-ReportingDelay. Existing specifications in RAN1 and RAN2 adequately describe the UE behaviour.  **Proposal 11**. L4,max = 2 for TCSI-RS 40ms and L4,max = 1 for TCSI-RS 40ms  **Proposal 12**. With the clarification to the definition of THARQ as in proposals 3-4, the SCell deactivation delay requirement for activated SCell is the same as in Release 15 requirements.  **Proposal 13**. The activation interruption on PSCell (Scenario B) or PCell (Scenario A or C) or any activated Scell shall not occur before slot n+1+THARQ */NR\_slot\_length* and not occur after slot n+1*+*(THARQ +3ms + L\*TSMTC\_MAX + TSMTC\_duration)/NR\_slot\_length where THARQ is defined in Proposal 3-4 and L = L1 in known SCell case if the SCell measurement cycle is equal to or smaller than 160ms, L=L2,1 in known SCell case if the SCell measurement cycle is larger than 160ms, and L=L3,1 in unknown SCell case.   * RAN4 may need to revisit the interruption window length formulation in R15 specification.   **Proposal 14**. The deactivation interruption on PCell or PSCell or any activated SCell shall not occur before slot n+1+THARQ/*NR\_slot\_length* and not occur after slot n+1+(THARQ +3ms)/ *NR\_slot\_length* where THARQ is defined in Proposal 3-4. |
|  | R4-2001557 | Huawei, HiSilicon | **Observation 1**: Extending the time period before reception of the SCell activation command won’t bring significant benefits compared with the existing known conditions.  **Proposal 1**: Reuse the current known conditions without extension of the time period before reception of the SCell activation command.  **Observation 2**: No new UE behavior is needed from RAN4’s perspective. The exact wording should be clarified considering the enhancement and LBT impact.  **Proposal 2**: Tharq is the timing between DL data transmission and the successful transmission of acknowledgement scheduled by gNB. |
|  | R4-2001841 | Qualcomm Inc. | CR (38.133) on SCell activation/deactivation |
|  | R4-2001930 | Ericsson | **Proposal 1**: ΔHARQ,max=TBD≤ the remaining time until sCellDeactivationTimer expires if it is configured, otherwise 1280 ms. Upon exceeding ΔHARQ,max the UE can stop attempting to transmit HARQ feedback.  **Proposal 2**: The period before the reception of the SCell activation command is extended ΔDL:  ΔDL = LDL \* measCycleSCell in non-DRX case, and  ΔDL=LDL \* max(measCycleSCell, DRX cycle) in DRX case,  where LDL (LDL≤LDL,max) is the number of missed cycles at the UE due to DL LBT failures.  **Proposal 3**: LDL,max is as defined for intra-frequency measurements, upon exceeding LDL,max the UE may consider the SCell as unknown.  **Proposal 4**: The period can be further extended by ΔUL due to UL LBT, to account for the measurement reporting delay due to UE inability to send a valid measurement report on a carrier frequency with CCA (ΔUL=0 for UL channel access category 1).  **Proposal 5**: Upon exceeding ΔUL,max, the SCell can be considered unknown.  **Proposal 6:** ΔCSI,max=TBD≤ the remaining time until sCellDeactivationTimer expires if it is configured, otherwise 1280 ms.  **Proposal 7:** L1, L2,1, L2,2, L3,1, L3,2 are the numbers of SSB occasions not available at the UE due to DL LBT failures  **Proposal 8**: For a known SCell:  - TFirstSSB+ Trs \*L1+ 5ms, if the SCell measurement cycle is equal to or smaller than 160ms and ΔHARQ≤80 ms.  - (TSMTC\_MAX + Trs )\*(1+L2)+ 5ms, if the SCell measurement cycle is larger than 160ms or ΔHARQ>80 ms. |

## Open issues summary

*Before e-Meeting, moderators shall summarize list of open issues, candidate options and possible WF (if applicable) based on companies’ contributions.*

Agreement from RAN4#93:

Interruption window: Confirm RAN4#92-bis agreement on extending THARQ compared to Rel-15

* The exact wording is TBD
* FFS whether the extension depends on UE capability

Known cell definition: Extend the time before the reception of the SCell activation command from Rel-15 time TNR to time TNR-U

* Option 1: TNR-U = max([5+k] measCycleSCell,  [5+k] DRX cycles), k=TBD>0 and k is a fixed number
* Option 2: do not extend

Scell activation delay:

* THARQ
  + Confirm RAN4#92-bis agreement on extending THARQ compared to Rel-15
    - The exact wording is TBD
    - FFS whether the extension depends on UE capability
* TCSI\_reporting
  + Confirm RAN4#92-bis agreement on extending TCSI\_reporting compared to Rel-15 (TCSI\_reporting,ref) and also add the DL impact:
    - TCSI\_reporting = TCSI\_reporting,ref +L4\*TCSI-RS +ΔCSI
      * UE behavior upon exceeding L4,max (L4,max=TBD) is to abandon the SCell activation procedure
      * ΔCSI ≤ ΔCSI,max
      * FFS ΔCSI,max
        + Option 1: ΔCSI,max is determined by RAN1/RAN2 specifications
        + Option 2: ΔCSI,max is a pre-defined value
* Tactivation\_time
  + Tactivation\_time is extended to compensate for signal occasions not available at the UE
  + Known cell
    - TFirstSSB+ Trs \*L1+ X ms, if the SCell measurement cycle is ≤160ms
      * FFS: “and ΔHARQ≤TBD”
    - TSMTC\_MAX\*(1+L2,1) + Trs\*(1+L2,2)+ Y ms, if the SCell measurement cycle is >160ms
      * FFS: “or ΔHARQ>TBD”
  + Unknown cell
    - TSMTC\_MAX\*(2+L3,1)+ Trs\*(2+L3,2)+ Z ms, provided the SCell can be successfully detected in one attempt
  + UE behavior upon exceeding L1,max, L2,1,max, L2,2,max, L3,1,max, and L3,2,max: abandon SCell activation procedure
  + L1≤L1,max, L2,1≤L2,1,max, L2,2≤ L2,2,max, L3,1≤ L3,1,max, and L3,2≤ L3,2,max
    - The exact definition of L1, L2,1, L2,2, L3,1, L3,2 is FFS
* SCell deactivation: Confirm RAN4#92-bis agreement on extending THARQ compared to Rel-15
  + The exact wording is TBD
  + FFS whether the extension depends on UE capability

### Sub-topic 10-1

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 10-1: known SCell definition**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: TNR-U = max([5+k] measCycleSCell,  [5+k] DRX cycles), k=TBD>0 and k is a fixed number
  + Option 2: do not extend the time period in the known SCell condition
  + Option 3: do not extend the time period in the known SCell condition, but add an additional condition on “SSB remains detectable” to set the minimum percentage of time [5] seconds during which the SSB is available
  + Option 4: The period before the reception of the SCell activation command is extended by ΔDL:
    - ΔDL = LDL \* measCycleSCell in non-DRX case, and
    - ΔDL=LDL \* max(measCycleSCell, DRX cycle) in DRX case,
    - where LDL (LDL≤LDL,max) is the number of missed cycles at the UE due to DL LBT failures, and LDL,max is as defined for intra-frequency measurements, upon exceeding LDL,max the UE may consider the SCell as unknown.
  + Option 5: The period before the reception of the SCell activation command is extended by ΔDL+ ΔUL, to account for both DL and UL failures.
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

### Sub-topic 10-2

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 10-2: THARQ**

Proposals

* + Option 1: THARQ is extended by ΔHARQ,max=TBD≤ the remaining time until sCellDeactivationTimer expires if it is configured, otherwise (when not configured) 1280 ms. Upon exceeding ΔHARQ,max the UE can stop attempting to transmit HARQ feedback.
  + Option 2: Tharq is extended to account for UL LBT failures and is the timing between DL data transmission and the *successful* transmission of acknowledgement scheduled by gNB.
  + Option 3: THARQ (in ms) is the timing between DL data transmission and acknowledgement as specified in TS 38.213 [3]. In the event of UL CCA failure, THARQ extends to the next HARQ feedback retransmission opportunities as specified in TS 38.213 [3].
* Recommended WF
  + No extension of THARQ for channel access category 1
  + For other channel access categories THARQ is extended, further discuss details in the proposals

### Sub-topic 10-3

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 10-3: SCell activation delay, ΔCSI,max**

Proposals

* Option 1: ΔCSI,max=TBD≤ the remaining time until sCellDeactivationTimer expires if it is configured, otherwise (if not configured) 1280 ms.
* Option 2: no need to explicitly define ΔCSI,max, only refer to RAN2 specification.
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

### Sub-topic 10-4

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 10-4: SCell activation delay, condition on HARQ delay**

Proposals

* Option 1: For a known SCell:
  + TFirstSSB+ Trs \*L1+ 5ms, if the SCell measurement cycle is ≤160ms and **ΔHARQ≤[TBD] ms**.
  + (TSMTC\_MAX + Trs )\*(1+L2)+ 5ms, if the SCell measurement cycle is >160ms or **ΔHARQ>[TBD] ms**.
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

### Sub-topic 10-5

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 10-5: SCell activation delay, max L-values**

Proposals

* Option 1:
  + L1,max = 2 if Trs 40ms and L1,max = 1 if Trs 40ms
  + L2,1,max = 2 if TSMTC\_max  40ms and L2,1,max = 1 if TSMTC\_max  40ms
  + L2,2,max = 2 if Trs 40ms and L2,2,max = 1 if Trs 40ms
  + L3,1,max = 3 if TSMTC\_max  40ms and L2,1,max = 2 if TSMTC\_max  40ms
  + L3,2,max = 3 if Trs 40ms and L3,2,max = 2 if Trs 40ms
  + L4,max = 2 for TCSI-RS 40ms and L4,max = 1 for TCSI-RS 40ms
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

### Sub-topic 10-6

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 10-6: SCell activation delay, definitions of L parameters**

Proposals

* Option 1:
  + Known SCell
    - L1 (L1≤L1,max) is the number of occasions the reference signal in the SCell being activated is not available
    - L2,1 (L2,1≤ L2,1,max)
      * inter-band scenarios: the number of occasions the reference signal, as indicated by SMTC of the SCell being activated, is not available in known cell conditions
      * intra-band scenarios: the number of occasions that at least one SMTC from SCells already activated or SCell being activated is not available in known cell conditions
    - L2,2 (L2,2≤ L2,2,max) is the number of occasions the reference signal, as indicated by SMTC of the SCell being activated, is not available
  + Unknown SCell
    - L3,1 (L3,1≤ L3,1,max)
      * inter-band scenarios: the number of occasions the reference signal, as indicated by SMTC of the SCell being activated, is not available in unknown cell conditions
      * intra-band scenarios: the number of occasions that at least one SMTC from SCells already activated or SCell being activated is not available in unknown cell conditions
    - L3,2 (L3,2≤ L3,2,max) is the number of occasions the reference signal, as indicated by SMTC of the SCell being activated, is not available
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

### Sub-topic 10-7

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 10-7: SCell activation delay, X, Y, Z (see the agreement in RAN4#93)**

Proposals

* Option 1:
  + X=5 ms
  + Y=5 ms
  + Z=5 ms
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

### Sub-topic 10-8

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 10-8:** **Does the interruption window length at SCell activation depend on DL LBT failures?**

Proposals

* Option 1: no (already agreed in previous meetings)
* Option 2: yes, for activation interruption only.
  + For example: The activation interruption on PSCell (Scenario B) or PCell (Scenario A or C) or any activated Scell shall not occur before slot n+1+THARQ */NR\_slot\_length* and not occur after slot n+1*+*(THARQ +3ms + L\*TSMTC\_MAX + TSMTC\_duration)/NR\_slot\_length where THARQ is extended due to UL LBT failures, and L = L1 in known SCell case if the SCell measurement cycle is equal to or smaller than 160ms, L=L2,1 in known SCell case if the SCell measurement cycle is larger than 160ms, and L=L3,1 in unknown SCell case.
* Recommended WF
  + Option 1 was already agreed in previous meetings. Option 2 can only be considered if there is an issue with Option 1.

## Companies views’ collection for 1st round

### Open issues

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| company | Sub topic 10-1:  Sub topic 10-2:  Sub topic 10-3:  Sub topic 10-4:  Sub topic 10-5:  Sub topic 10-6:  Sub topic 10-7:  Sub topic 10-8:  ….  Others: |

### CRs/TPs comments collection

*Major close to finalize WIs and Rel-15 maintenance, comments collections can be arranged for TPs and CRs. For Rel-16 on-going WIs, suggest to focus on open issues discussion on 1st round.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **Comments collection** |
| R4-2001841 | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |
| YYY | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |

## Summary for 1st round

### Open issues

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round, list all the identified open issues and tentative agreements or candidate options and suggestion for 2nd round i.e. WF assignment.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Status summary** |
| **Sub-topic#1** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

*Suggestion on WF/LS assignment*

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|  | **WF/LS t-doc Title** | **Assigned Company,**  **WF or LS lead** |
| #1 |  |  |

### CRs/TPs

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs Status update suggestion*

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| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **CRs/TPs Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 1st round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

## Discussion on 2nd round (if applicable)

## Summary on 2nd round (if applicable)

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 2nd round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs/WFs/LSs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP/LS/WF number** | **T-doc Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 2nd round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

# Topic #11: PSCell Addition

*Main technical topic overview. The structure can be done based on sub-agenda basis.*

## Companies’ contributions summary

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **AI** | **T-doc number** | **Company** | **Proposals / Observations** |
| 8.1.4.5 | R4-2000058 | ZTE | **Proposal 1**: Do not extend the time period in the known condition for the target PSCell under NR-U. |
| R4-2000716 | Qualcomm Inc. | **Proposal 1**. The formulation of delay component due to PRACH in PSCell addition for NR-U to be amended to account for UL CCA failure:  TPSCell\_ DU\_withCCA = TPSCell\_ DU  + LRACH.TRACH  where TPSCell\_ DU is identical to its definition in R15, LRACH is the number of RACH association periods missed due to UL CCA failure and TRACH is the periodicity of RACH association period associated with the detected SS/PBCH block for PSCell addition.  **Proposal 2**. RAN4 to not define a maximum value for LRACH as the process is already governed by several procedures already defined in RAN1 and/or RAN2 (e.g., T304 timer and/or exceeding the threshold for persistent UL LBT failure).  **Observation 1**. The agreement in RAN4#93 to extend the duration of the condition of the cell to remain known in RRC\_CONNECTED state from 5 seconds to 8 seconds does not automatically imply that the duration for PSCell to remain known should also be extended. During the measurements in RRC\_CONNECTED, UE can be configured with very long DRX cycles and to ensure that, in longer DRX cycles, at least one LBT failure is tolerated, the definition of known cell is extended. While longer DRX cycles are not prohibited in the specification from being configured immediately preceding the PSCell addition command, it is not a reasonable operational scenario and such case should not be driving the RRM requirements.  **Proposal 3**. NR-U PSCell is known if it has been meeting the following conditions:  During the last [5] seconds before the reception of the NR-U PSCell configuration command:   * the UE has sent a valid measurement report for the NR-U PSCell being configured and * One of the SSBs measured from the NR-U PSCell being configured remains detectable according to the cell identification conditions specified in section 9.3A of TS 38.133   One of the SSBs measured from NR-U PSCell being configured also remains detectable during the NR-U PSCell configuration delay according to the cell identification conditions specified in section 9.3A of TS 38.133  **Proposal 4**. RAN4 to further discuss the modification of the term “cell remains detectable” for NR-U. Possible modifications can include the percentage of time within [5] seconds that SSB index identified by UE is available and additionally the number of successive occasions where that SSB index is missed due to DL LBT failure. |
|  | R4-2000927 | MediaTek Inc. | **Observation 1**: Stopping PSCell addition procedure upon exceeding L1max and L2max will have RAN2 impact.  **Proposal 1**: PSCell addition procedure should not be terminated due to the number of missing DRS occasions exceeds the upper limit.  **Proposal 2**: Not to specify L1max and L2max. |
|  | R4-2001558 | Huawei, HiSilicon | **Observation 1**: Extending the time period before reception of the PSCell addition command won’t bring significant benefits compared with the existing conditions.  **Proposal 1**: Reuse the current known conditions without extension of the time period before reception of the PSCell configuration command. |
|  | R4-2001842 | Qualcomm Inc. | CR (38.133) on PSCell addition/release |
|  | R4-2001932 | Ericsson | **Proposal 1**: The time between the reception of the PSCell configuration command and measurement/report is extended to 8 sec.  **Proposal 2**: RAN4 confirms the agreement in [2]:  TPSCell\_ DU is extended by ΔPRACH to account for UL LBT failures (ΔPRACH=0 for channel access category 1). The maximum value of ΔPRACH (ΔPRACH,max) is TBD, upon exceeding which the UE can stop attempting to transmit PRACH and can abandon the PSCell addition procedure. |

## Open issues summary

*Before e-Meeting, moderators shall summarize list of open issues, candidate options and possible WF (if applicable) based on companies’ contributions.*

Agreement from RAN4#93:

Known cell definition: The time between the reception of the PSCell configuration command and measurement/report is

* Option 1: extended from 5 seconds to [8] seconds
* Option 2: not extended

PSCell addition delay:

* L1max=3 for SMTC periodicity >40 ms, L1max=5 for SMTC periodicity ≤40 ms
* L2max=2 for SMTC periodicity >40 ms, L2max=3 for SMTC periodicity ≤40 ms
* Upon exceeding L1max or L2max or upon T304 timer, whichever comes first, the UE shall stop the PSCell addition procedure

### Sub-topic 11-1

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 11-1: known PSCell definition**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: extended from 5 seconds to [8] seconds, e.g., to allow for network operation with long DRX cycles
  + Option 2: not extended, implying that the cell is always unknown for long DRX cycles
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

### Sub-topic 11-2

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 11-2: PSCell addition delay, ΔPRACH in TPSCell\_ DU**

Proposals

* + Option 1: ΔPRACH is the time until successful transmission, to account for UL LBT failures. The maximum value of ΔPRACH (ΔPRACH,max) is TBD, upon exceeding which the UE can stop attempting to transmit PRACH and can abandon the PSCell addition procedure.
  + Option 2: ΔPRACH= LRACH\*TRACH, where LRACH is the number of RACH association periods missed due to UL CCA failure and TRACH is the periodicity of RACH association period associated with the detected SS/PBCH block for PSCell addition. The maximum value for LRACH is controlled by several procedures already defined in RAN1 and/or RAN2 (e.g., T304 timer and/or exceeding the threshold for persistent UL LBT failure).
* Recommended WF
  + ΔPRACH=0 for channel access category 1, for other channel access categories discuss further details in the proposals

## Companies views’ collection for 1st round

### Open issues

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| company | Sub topic 11-1:  Sub topic 11-2:  ….  Others: |

### CRs/TPs comments collection

*Major close to finalize WIs and Rel-15 maintenance, comments collections can be arranged for TPs and CRs. For Rel-16 on-going WIs, suggest to focus on open issues discussion on 1st round.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **Comments collection** |
| R4-2001842 | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |
| YYY | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |

## Summary for 1st round

### Open issues

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round, list all the identified open issues and tentative agreements or candidate options and suggestion for 2nd round i.e. WF assignment.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Status summary** |
| **Sub-topic#1** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

*Suggestion on WF/LS assignment*

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| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **WF/LS t-doc Title** | **Assigned Company,**  **WF or LS lead** |
| #1 |  |  |

### CRs/TPs

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **CRs/TPs Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 1st round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

## Discussion on 2nd round (if applicable)

## Summary on 2nd round (if applicable)

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 2nd round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs/WFs/LSs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP/LS/WF number** | **T-doc Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 2nd round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

# Topic #12: Active TCI State Switching

*Main technical topic overview. The structure can be done based on sub-agenda basis.*

## Companies’ contributions summary

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **AI** | **T-doc number** | **Company** | **Proposals / Observations** |
| 8.1.4.6 | R4-2000717 | Qualcomm Inc. | **Proposal 1**. For RRC-based active TCI state switch:   1. Upon exceeding LRRC\_known\_max in known case, UE may stop active TCI state switching procedure and declare beam failure 2. Upon exceeding L1RRC\_unknown\_max or L2RRC\_unknown\_max in unknown case, UE may stop active TCI state switching procedure and declare beam failure   **Proposal 2**. RAN4 to wait for further clarification of R15 MAC-CE based active TCI state switching requirements before its specification in R16 for NR-U.  **Observation 1**. R16 HARQ enhancements – non-numerical K1, enhanced dynamic codebook, and one-shot feedback – provide opportunities for HARQ retransmission resulting in potentially different timelines/delays. Moreover, per R15 HARQ procedure, a failed HARQ transmission is treated as NACK and can be scheduled for retransmission by gNB. It is overly and unnecessarily complicated for RAN4 to define extension of THARQ for all of these scenarios. The procedures are already clearly defined in TS 38.213 specification to which RAN4 requirements can simply refer.  **Proposal 3**. RAN4 to not define a time limit, even a fixed one, on THARQ and rely on RAN2 procedure for persistent UL LBT failure.  **Proposal 4**. RAN4 to define THARQ as:  *“THARQ (in ms) is the timing between DL data transmission and acknowledgement as specified in TS 38.213 [3]. In the event of UL CCA failure, THARQ extends to the next HARQ feedback retransmission opportunity(ies) as specified in TS 38.213 [3].”*  **Proposal 5**. Definition of the parameter Tfirst-SSB should be modified in NR-U from “*time to first SSB transmission*” to “*time to first SSB instance*” to reflect the possibility of transmission failure due to CCA. |
| R4-2000928 | MediaTek Inc. | **Observation 1**: When DL LBT fails, additional time is required for UE to synchronize with the new TCI state. In addition, for unknown TCI switch, additional time is also required for RX beam refinement.  **Observation 2**: Exceeding the maximum number of DL LBT failures (i.e. L) is led by heavy loading on the unlicensed band, and staying in the old TCI would still encounter the high DL LBT failure rate.  **Observation 3**: The reason for network to trigger TCI state switch should still be valid even after several LBT failures. Staying in the old TCI state will increase the probability of beam failure.  **Observation 4**: The DL LBT failure is known at network. Network is able to trigger another new TCI state switch if the original TCI state switch command is considered as outdated.  **Proposal 1**: For both RRC based and MAC-CE based TCI switch, UE continues the active TCI state switching with additional time when DL LBT fails till sufficient DRS samples are received or further TCI-state switch request received from network. The maximum extension is not necessary. |
|  | R4-2001559 | Huawei, HiSilicon | **Observation 1**: No new UE behavior is needed from RAN4’s perspective. The exact wording should be clarified considering the enhancement and LBT impact.  **Proposal 1**: Tharq is the timing between DL data transmission and the successful transmission of acknowledgement scheduled by gNB. |
|  | R4-2001931 | Ericsson | **Proposal 1**: T1=[1280]+ L\*TSSB ms+Δ, where L (≤Lmax) is the number of measurement occasions with SSBs not available at the UE due to CCA, and Δ (≤Δmax) is the reporting delay due to UL LBT failure and UE reattempt to report at least 1 measurement for the target TCI state provided the UL resources are configured for the UE (Δ=0 for channel access category 1).  **Proposal 2**: Upon exceeding Lmax (Lmax=TBD) and Δmax the UE may consider the TCI state to be unknown.  **Proposal 3**: Δ UL,max is the time period from the time of the first reporting attempt failed due to UL CCA failure until the time when the UE detects consistent UL LBT failure and the corresponding RAN2 procedure is triggered [TS 38.321].  **Proposal 4**: For RRC-based switching to a known state, upon exceeding LRRC,known,max the UE shall stop the active TCI state switching procedure and declares beam failure.  **Proposal 5**: For MAC-CE based switching to a known state, upon exceeding LMAC,known,max the UE shall stop the active TCI state switching procedure and stay in the old state.  **Proposal 6**: For switching to a known state, the extended THARQ becomes THARQ,ref+ΔHARQ, where THARQ,ref is Rel-15 THARQ with no LBT failures, and ΔHARQ≤ΔHARQ,max.  **Proposal 7**: For switching to a known state, upon exceeding ΔHARQ,max, the UE shall stop attempting to transmit HARQ feedback, shall stop the active TCI state switching procedure and stay in the old state.  **Proposal 8**: For RRC-based switching to an unknown state, upon exceeding L1RRC,unknown,max or L2RRC,unknown,max the UE shall abandon the active TCI state switching procedure and declare beam failure.  **Proposal 9**: For MAC-CE based switching to an unknown state, upon exceeding L1MAC,unknown,max or L2MAC,unknown,max the UE shall abandon the active TCI state switching procedure and stay in the old state.  **Proposal 10**: For switching to an unknown state, the extended THARQ becomes THARQ,ref+ΔHARQ, where THARQ,ref is Rel-15 THARQ with no LBT failures, and ΔHARQ≤ΔHARQ,max.  **Proposal 11**: For switching to an unknown state, upon exceeding ΔHARQ,max, the UE shall stop attempting to transmit HARQ feedback, shall stop the active TCI state switching procedure and stay in the old state. |

## Open issues summary

*Before e-Meeting, moderators shall summarize list of open issues, candidate options and possible WF (if applicable) based on companies’ contributions.*

Agreement from RAN4#93:

Active TCI state switching delay (known state):

* RRC-based:
  + LRRC,known,max =[2] for TSSB≤40 ms, LRRC,known,max =[1] for TSSB>40 ms
    - Upon exceeding LRRC,known,max the UE may stop the active TCI state switching procedure and FFS: declare beam failure
* MAC-CE based:
  + LMAC,known,max =[2] for TSSB≤40 ms, LMAC,known,max =[1] for TSSB>40 ms
    - Upon exceeding LMAC,known,max the UE may stop the active TCI state switching procedure and FFS: stay in the old state
  + Confirm RAN4#92-bis agreement on extending THARQ for MAC-CE based switching
    - The exact wording is TBD

Active TCI state switching delay (unknown state):

* RRC-based:
  + L1RRC,unknown,max =[2] for TCSI-RS/SSB ≤40 ms, L1MAC,unknown,max = [1] for TCSI-RS/SSB>40 ms
  + L2RRC,unknown,max =[2] for TSSB ≤40 ms, L2MAC,unknown,max = [1] for TSSB>40 ms
  + Upon exceeding L1RRC,unknown,max or L2RRC,unknown,max the UE may abandon the active TCI state switching procedure and FFS: declare beam failure
* MAC-CE based switching:
  + L1MAC,unknown,max = [2] for TCSI-RS/SSB≤40 ms, L1MAC,unknown,max = [1] for TCSI-RS/SSB>40 ms
  + L2MAC,unknown,max =[2] for TSSB≤40 ms, L2MAC,unknown,max = [1] for TSSB>40 ms
  + Upon exceeding L1MAC,known,max or L2MAC,known,max the UE may stop the active TCI state switching procedure and FFS: stay in the old state
  + Confirm RAN4#92-bis agreement on extending THARQ for MAC-CE based switching
    - The exact wording is TBD

### Sub-topic 12-1

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 12-1: known state definition**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: the time period is extended by L\*TSSB ms, where L (≤Lmax) is the number of measurement occasions with SSBs not available at the UE due to CCA.
  + Option 2: the time period is extended by L\*TSSB ms+Δ, where L (≤Lmax) is the number of measurement occasions with SSBs not available at the UE due to CCA, and Δ (≤Δmax) is the reporting delay due to UL LBT failure and UE reattempt to report at least 1 measurement for the target TCI state provided the UL resources are configured for the UE (Δ=0 for channel access category 1).
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

### Sub-topic 12-2

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 12-2:** **UE behaviour upon exceeding the agreed maximum L values**

Proposals

* + Option 1:
    - RRC-based: upon exceeding LRRC,known,max, UE shall stop the active TCI state switching procedure and declare beam failure; upon exceeding L1RRC,unknown,max or L2RRC,unknown,max the UE shall abandon the active TCI state switching procedure and declare beam failure.
    - MAC-CE based: upon exceeding LMAC,known,max, the UE shall stop the active TCI state switching procedure and stay in the old state; upon exceeding L1MAC,unknown,max or L2MAC,unknown,max the UE shall abandon the active TCI state switching procedure and stay in the old state.
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

### Sub-topic 12-3

*Sub-topic description*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 12-3: UE behaviour related to ΔHARQ (additional time until the successful transmission of acknowledgement scheduled by gNB after UL LBT failure)**

Proposals

* + Option 1: ΔHARQ≤ΔHARQ,max, upon exceeding the limit ΔHARQ,max (controlled by RAN1 spec), the UE shall stop attempting to transmit HARQ feedback, shall stop the active TCI state switching procedure and stay in the old state.
  + Option 2: THARQ is extended by ΔHARQ according to TS 38.213. Do not define ΔHARQ,max.
* Recommended WF
  + Discuss the proposals

## Companies views’ collection for 1st round

### Open issues

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| company | Sub topic 12-1:  Sub topic 12-2:  Sub topic 12-3:  ….  Others: |

### CRs/TPs comments collection

*Major close to finalize WIs and Rel-15 maintenance, comments collections can be arranged for TPs and CRs. For Rel-16 on-going WIs, suggest to focus on open issues discussion on 1st round.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **Comments collection** |
| XXX | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |
| YYY | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |

## Summary for 1st round

### Open issues

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round, list all the identified open issues and tentative agreements or candidate options and suggestion for 2nd round i.e. WF assignment.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Status summary** |
| **Sub-topic#1** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

*Suggestion on WF/LS assignment*

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|  | **WF/LS t-doc Title** | **Assigned Company,**  **WF or LS lead** |
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### CRs/TPs

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs Status update suggestion*

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| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **CRs/TPs Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 1st round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

## Discussion on 2nd round (if applicable)

## Summary on 2nd round (if applicable)

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 2nd round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs/WFs/LSs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP/LS/WF number** | **T-doc Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 2nd round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |