**3GPP TSG-RAN WG4 Meeting #** **102-e *R4-2207125***

**Electronic meeting, February 21 – March 3, 2022**

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| *CR-Form-v12.1* |
| **CHANGE REQUEST** |
|  |
|  | **38.133** | **CR** | **-** | **rev** | **-** | **Current version:** | **17.4.0** |  |
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| *For* [***HE******LP***](http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm#_blank)*on using this form: comprehensive instructions can be found at* [*http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests*](http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests)*.* |
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| ***Proposed change affects:*** | UICC apps |  | ME | **X** | Radio Access Network |  | Core Network |  |

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| ***Title:***  | Big CR: RRM requirements for Rel-17 Further Multi-RAT Dual-Connectivity enhancements (TS 38.133) |
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| ***Source to WG:*** | Huawei, HiSilicon |
| ***Source to TSG:*** | R4 |
|  |  |
| ***Work item code:*** | LTE\_NR\_DC\_enh2-Core |  | ***Date:*** | 2022-3-7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| ***Category:*** | **B** |  | ***Release:*** | Rel-17 |
|  | *Use one of the following categories:****F*** *(correction)****A*** *(mirror corresponding to a change in an earlier release)****B*** *(addition of feature),* ***C*** *(functional modification of feature)****D*** *(editorial modification)*Detailed explanations of the above categories canbe found in 3GPP [TR 21.900](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/html-info/21900.htm). | *Use one of the following releases:**Rel-8 (Release 8)Rel-9 (Release 9)Rel-10 (Release 10)Rel-11 (Release 11)…Rel-15 (Release 15)Rel-16 (Release 16)Rel-17 (Release 17)Rel-18 (Release 18)* |
|  |  |
| ***Reason for change:*** | This big CR merge the draft CR endorsed in RAN4#101-bis-e and RAN4#102-e meetings.The following CRs are endorsed in RAN4#101-bis-e: R4-2202690, R4-2202691, R4-2202692, R4-2202694, R4-2202778, R4-2202696, R4-2202699. The reasons for change in the endorsed draft CR are copied below.* R4-2202690:Interruption due to A-TRS based fast SCell activation are agreed to be specifed.
* R4-2202691: A-TRS based fast SCell activation delay are agreed to be specified;
* R4-2202692: Interruption due to SCG activation/deactivation are agreed to be specified;
* R4-2202694: Interruption requirements due to RRM measurements on deactivated SCG for NR-DC are agreed to be specified;
* R4-2202778: Interruption requirementds due to RLM/BFD measurement during de-activated PScell are agreed to be specified;
* R4-2202696:The requirements for SCG Activation and deactivation delay are agreed to be introduced;
* R4-2202699: the requirements for Conditional PSCell addition delay are agreed to be specified.

The following CRs are endorsed in RAN4#102-e: R4-2207007, R4-2207102,R4-2207009, R4-2207011, R4-2207110, R4-2207013, R4-2207015, R4-2207016, R4-2207018, R4-2207017 and R4-2204900. The reasons for change in the endorsed draft CR are copied below.* R4-2207007: further specify A-TRS based fast SCell activation delay.
* R4-2207102: adding one reason which results in interruption in ENDC, SA, NE-DC and NR-DC scenarios: SCell in SCG is fast activated based on aperiodic CSI-RS.
* R4-2207009: Introduce requirements for interruption due to SCG activation/deactivation
* R4-2207011: Introduce requirements for SCG Activation and deactivation delay
* R4-2207110: Add Te requirement for the first transmission of RACH-less SCG activation
* R4-2207013: Introduce requirements for interruption requirements due to RRM measurements on deactivated PSCell and RRM measurements on deactivated SCC in deactivated SCG for NR-DC.
* R4-2207015: Introduce RLM measurement requirements based on SSB and CSI-RS for deactivated SCG.
* R4-2207016/R4-2207018: measCyclePSCell on deactivated PSCell is agreed to introduce. The corresponding RRM relaxation shall be specified.
* R4-2207017: contains changes to capture the UE requirements related to deactivated PSCell.

-Update to known TCI state accounting BFD on deactivated PSCell-Introduction of Requirements for SSB based beam failure detection for deactiavted PSCell-Introduction of Requirements for CSI-RS based beam failure detection for deactiavted PSCell* R4-2204900: Requirements of conditional PSCell addition are applicable for EN-DC and NR-DC. RRC procedure can be embodied in LTE message or in NR message.
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|  |  |
| ***Summary of change:*** | The following requirements are specified:* Requrements related with A-TRS based fast SCell activation.
* Requirements related with SCG activation/deactivation;
* Requirements related with CPCA.
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| ***Consequences if not approved:*** | No R17 further Multi-RAT Dual-Connectivity enhancements related RRM requirements. |
|  |  |
| ***Clauses affected:*** | 7.1.2, 8.1, 8.2, 8.3, 8.5, 8.9A(new), 8.10, 8.x(new), 9.2.5 |
|  |  |
|  | **Y** | **N** |  |  |
| ***Other specs*** |  | **X** |  Other core specifications  | TS/TR ... CR ...  |
| ***affected:*** | **X** |  |  Test specifications | TS 38.533 |
| ***(show related CRs)*** |  | **X** |  O&M Specifications | TS/TR ... CR ...  |
|  |  |
| ***Other comments:*** |  |
|  |  |
| ***This CR's revision history:*** |  |

< Start of Change 1>

### 7.1.2 Requirements

The UE initial transmission timing error shall be less than or equal to ±Te where the timing error limit value Te is specified in Table 7.1.2-1. This requirement applies:

- when it is the first transmission in a DRX cycle for PUCCH, PUSCH and SRS, or it is the PRACH transmission, or it is the msgA transmission, or it is the first transmission sent on the PSCell for activating the deactivated SCG without RACH.

The UE shall meet the Te requirement for an initial transmission provided that at least one SSB is available at the UE during the last 160 ms. The reference point for the UE initial transmit timing control requirement shall be the downlink timing of the reference cell minus . The downlink timing is defined as the time when the first detected path (in time) of the corresponding downlink frame is received from the reference cell. *N*TA for PRACH is defined as 0.

 (in *Tc* units) for other channels is the difference between UE transmission timing and the downlink timing immediately after when the last timing advance in clause 7.3 was applied. *N*TA for other channels is not changed until next timing advance is received. The value ofdepends on the duplex mode of the cell in which the uplink transmission takes place and the frequency range (FR). is defined in Table 7.1.2-2.

Table 7.1.2-1: Te Timing Error Limit

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Frequency Range | SCS of SSB signals (kHz) | SCS of uplink signals (kHz) | Te |
| 1 | 15 | 15 | 12\*64\*Tc |
|  |  | 30 | 10\*64\*Tc |
|  |  | 60 | 10\*64\*Tc |
|  | 30 | 15 | 8\*64\*Tc |
|  |  | 30 | 8\*64\*Tc |
|  |  | 60 | 7\*64\*Tc |
| 2 | 120 | 60 | 3.5\*64\*Tc |
|  |  | 120 | 3.5\*64\*Tc |
|  | 240 | 60 | 3\*64\*Tc |
|  |  | 120 | 3\*64\*Tc |
| Note 1: Tc is the basic timing unit defined in TS 38.211 [6] |

Table 7.1.2-2: The Value of 

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Frequency range and band of cell used for uplink transmission | (Unit: TC) |
| FR1 FDD or TDD band with neither E-UTRA–NR nor NB-IoT–NR coexistence case  | 25600 (Note 1) |
| FR1 FDD band with E-UTRA–NR and/or NB-IoT–NR coexistence case  | 0 (Note 1) |
| FR1 TDD band with E-UTRA–NR and/or NB-IoT–NR coexistence case | 39936 (Note 1) |
| FR2 | 13792 |
| Note 1: The UE identifies  based on the information n-TimingAdvanceOffset as specified in TS 38.331 [2]. If UE is not provided with the information n-TimingAdvanceOffset, the default value of  is set as 25600 for FR1 band. In case of multiple UL carriers in the same TAG, UE expects that the same value of n-TimingAdvanceOffset is provided for all the UL carriers according to clause 4.2 in TS 38.213 [3] and the value 39936 of  can also be provided for a FDD serving cell.Note 2: Void |

When it is not the first transmission in a DRX cycle or there is no DRX cycle, and when it is the transmission for PUCCH, PUSCH and SRS transmission, the UE shall be capable of changing the transmission timing according to the received downlink frame of the reference cell except when the timing advance in clause 7.3 is applied.

Table 7.1.2-3: void

If the UE uses a reference cell on a carrier frequency subject to CCA for deriving the UE transmit timing, then the UE shall meet all the transmit timing requirements defined in clause 7.1.2 provided that the reference cell is available at the UE. If the reference cell is not available at the UE on a carrier frequency subject to CCA, then the UE is allowed to transmit in the uplink provided that the UE meets all the transmit timing requirements defined in clause 7.1.2; otherwise the UE shall not transmit any uplink signal.

If a reference cell on a carrier frequency belonging to the PTAG, which is subject to CCA, is not available at the UE then the UE is allowed to use any of available activated SCell(s) at the UE in PTAG as a new reference cell. If the SCell used as reference cell is deactivated, or becomes not available, the UE is allowed to use another active serving cell in PTAG as new reference cell.

If a reference cell on a carrier frequency belonging to the STAG, which is subject to CCA is not available at the UE then the UE is allowed to use any of available activated SCell(s) at the UE in STAG as a new reference cell.

#### 7.1.2.1 Gradual timing adjustment

Requirements in this section shall apply regardless of whether the reference cell is on a carrier frequency subject to CCA or not.

When the transmission timing error between the UE and the reference timing exceeds ±Te then the UE is required to adjust its timing to within ±Te. The reference timing shall be  before the downlink timing of the reference cell. All adjustments made to the UE uplink timing shall follow these rules:

1) The maximum amount of the magnitude of the timing change in one adjustment shall be Tq.

2) The minimum aggregate adjustment rate shall be Tp per second.

3) The maximum aggregate adjustment rate shall be Tq per 200 ms.

 where the maximum autonomous time adjustment step Tq and the aggregate adjustment rate Tp are specified in Table 7.1.2.1-1.

Table 7.1.2.1-1: Tq Maximum Autonomous Time Adjustment Step and Tp Minimum Aggregate Adjustment rate

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Frequency Range | SCS of uplink signals (kHz) | Tq | Tp  |
| 1 | 15 | 5.5\*64\*Tc | 5.5\*64\*Tc |
|  | 30 | 5.5\*64\*Tc | 5.5\*64\*Tc |
|  | 60 | 5.5\*64\*Tc | 5.5\*64\*Tc |
| 2 | 60 | 2.5\*64\*Tc | 2.5\*64\*Tc |
|  | 120 | 2.5\*64\*Tc | 2.5\*64\*Tc |
| NOTE: Tc is the basic timing unit defined in TS 38.211 [6] |

#### 7.1.2.2 Void

Table 7.1.2.2-1: Void

<End of Change 1>

< Start of Change 2>

## 8.1 Radio Link Monitoring

### 8.1.1 Introduction

The requirements in clause 8.1 apply for radio link monitoring on:

- PCell in SA NR, NR-DC and NE-DC operation mode,

- PSCell in NR-DC and EN-DC operation mode.

- Deactivated PSCell in NR-DC and EN-DC operation mode.

The UE shall monitor the downlink radio link quality based on the reference signal configured as RLM-RS resource(s) in order to detect the downlink radio link quality of the PCell, PSCell and deactivated PSCell as specified in TS 38.213 [3]. The configured RLM-RS resources can be all SSBs, or all CSI-RSs, or a mix of SSBs and CSI-RSs. UE is not required to perform RLM outside the active DL BWP.

On each RLM-RS resource, the UE shall estimate the downlink radio link quality and compare it to the thresholds Qout and Qin for the purpose of monitoring downlink radio link quality of the cell.

The threshold Qout is defined as the level at which the downlink radio link cannot be reliably received and shall correspond to the out-of-sync block error rate (BLERout) as defined in Table 8.1.1-1. For SSB based radio link monitoring, Qout\_SSB is derived based on the hypothetical PDCCH transmission parameters listed in Table 8.1.2.1-1. For CSI-RS based radio link monitoring, Qout\_CSI-RS is derived based on the hypothetical PDCCH transmission parameters listed in Table 8.1.3.1-1.

The threshold Qin is defined as the level at which the downlink radio link quality can be received with significantly higher reliability than at Qout and shall correspond to the in-sync block error rate (BLERin) as defined in Table 8.1.1-1. For SSB based radio link monitoring, Qin\_SSB is derived based on the hypothetical PDCCH transmission parameters listed in Table 8.1.2.1-2. For CSI-RS based radio link monitoring, Qin\_CSI-RS is derived based on the hypothetical PDCCH transmission parameters listed in Table 8.1.3.1-2.

The out-of-sync block error rate (BLERout) and in-sync block error rate (BLERin) are determined from the network configuration via parameter *rlmInSyncOutOfSyncThreshold* signalled by higher layers. When UE is not configured with *rlmInSyncOutOfSyncThreshold* from the network, UE determines out-of-sync and in-sync block error rates from Configuration #0 in Table 8.1.1-1 by default. All requirements in clause 8.1 are applicable for BLER Configuration #0 in Table 8.1.1-1.

Table 8.1.1-1: Out-of-sync and in-sync block error rates

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Configuration | BLERout | BLERin |
| 0 | 10% | 2% |

UE shall be able to monitor up to NRLM RLM-RS resources of the same or different types in each corresponding carrier frequency range, depending on a maximum number  of SSBs per half frame according to TS 38.213 [3], where NRLM is specified in Table 8.1.1-2 according TS 38.213 [3], and meet the requirements as specified in clause 8.1. UE is not required to meet the requirements in clause 8.1 if RLM-RS is not configured and no TCI state for PDCCH is activated.

Table 8.1.1-2: Maximum number of RLM-RS resources NRLM

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Carrier frequency range of PCell/PSCell  |  | Maximum number of RLM-RS resources, NRLM  |
| FR1, ≤ 3 GHzNote  | 4 | 2 |
| FR1, > 3 GHzNote  | 8 | 4 |
| FR2 | 64 | 8 |
| NOTE: For unpaired spectrum operation with Case C - 30 kHz SCS, 3GHz is replaced by 1.88GHz, as specified in clause 4.1 in TS 38.213 [3]. |

### 8.1.2 Requirements for SSB based radio link monitoring

#### 8.1.2.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause apply for each SSB based RLM-RS resource configured for PCell, PSCell or deactivated PSCell, provided that the SSB configured for RLM is actually transmitted within UE active DL BWP during the entire evaluation period specified in clause 8.1.2.2.

Table 8.1.2.1-1: PDCCH transmission parameters for out-of-sync evaluation

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Attribute | Value for BLER Configuration #0 |
| DCI format | 1-0 |
| Number of control OFDM symbols | 2 |
| Aggregation level (CCE) | 8 |
| Ratio of hypothetical PDCCH RE energy to average SSS RE energy | 4dB |
| Ratio of hypothetical PDCCH DMRS energy to average SSS RE energy | 4dB |
| Bandwidth (PRBs) | 24 |
| Sub-carrier spacing (kHz) | SCS of the active DL BWP |
| DMRS precoder granularity | REG bundle size |
| REG bundle size | 6 |
| CP length | Normal |
| Mapping from REG to CCE | Distributed |

Table 8.1.2.1-2: PDCCH transmission parameters for in-sync evaluation

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Attribute | Value for BLER Configuration #0 |
| DCI payload size | 1-0 |
| Number of control OFDM symbols | 2 |
| Aggregation level (CCE) | 4 |
| Ratio of hypothetical PDCCH RE energy to average SSS RE energy | 0dB |
| Ratio of hypothetical PDCCH DMRS energy to average SSS RE energy | 0dB |
| Bandwidth (PRBs) | 24 |
| Sub-carrier spacing (kHz) | SCS of the active DL BWP |
| DMRS precoder granularity | REG bundle size |
| REG bundle size | 6 |
| CP length | Normal |
| Mapping from REG to CCE | Distributed |

#### 8.1.2.2 Minimum requirement

UE shall be able to evaluate whether the downlink radio link quality on the configured RLM-RS resource estimated over the last TEvaluate\_out\_SSB [ms] period becomes worse than the threshold Qout\_SSB within TEvaluate\_out\_SSB [ms] evaluation period.

UE shall be able to evaluate whether the downlink radio link quality on the configured RLM-RS resource estimated over the last TEvaluate\_in\_SSB [ms] period becomes better than the threshold Qin\_SSB within TEvaluate\_in\_SSB [ms] evaluation period.

TEvaluate\_out\_SSB and TEvaluate\_in\_SSB are defined in Table 8.1.2.2-1 for FR1.

TEvaluate\_out\_SSB and TEvaluate\_in\_SSB are defined in Table 8.1.2.2-2 for FR2 with scaling factor N=8.

TEvaluate\_out\_SSB and TEvaluate\_in\_SSB are defined in Table 8.1.2.2-3 for FR1 (deactivated PSCell).

TEvaluate\_out\_SSB and TEvaluate\_in\_SSB are defined in Table 8.1.2.2-4 for FR2 (deactivated PSCell) with scaling factor N=8.

For FR1,

- $P=\frac{1}{1-\frac{T\_{SSB}}{MGRP}}$, when in the monitored cell there are measurement gaps configured for intra-frequency, inter-frequency or inter-RAT measurements, and these measurement gaps are overlapping with some but not all occasions of the SSB; and

- P = 1 when in the monitored cell there are no measurement gaps overlapping with any occasion of the SSB.

For FR2,

- $P=\frac{1}{1-\frac{T\_{SSB}}{T\_{SMTCperiod}}}$, when RLM-RS resource is not overlapped with measurement gap and the RLM-RS resource is partially overlapped with SMTC occasion (TSSB < TSMTCperiod).

- P is Psharing factor, when the RLM-RS resource is not overlapped with measurement gap and RLM-RS resource is fully overlapped with SMTC period (TSSB = TSMTCperiod).

- $P=\frac{1}{1-\frac{T\_{SSB}}{MGRP} - \frac{T\_{SSB}}{T\_{SMTCperiod}}}$, when the RLM-RS resource is partially overlapped with measurement gap and the RLM-RS resource is partially overlapped with SMTC occasion (TSSB < TSMTCperiod) and SMTC occasion is not overlapped with measurement gap and

- TSMTCperiod ≠ MGRP or

- TSMTCperiod = MGRP and TSSB < 0.5\*TSMTCperiod

- $P=\frac{P\_{sharing factor}}{1-\frac{T\_{SSB}}{MGRP}}$, when the RLM-RS is partially overlapped with measurement gap and the RLM-RS is partially overlapped with SMTC occasion (TSSB < TSMTCperiod) and SMTC occasion is not overlapped with measurement gap and TSMTCperiod = MGRP and TSSB = 0.5 × TSMTCperiod

-- $P=\frac{1}{1-\frac{T\_{SSB}}{T\_{SMTCperiod}}}$, when the RLM-RS resource is partially overlapped with measurement gap and the RLM-RS resource is partially overlapped with SMTC occasion (TSSB < TSMTCperiod) and SMTC occasion is partially or fully overlapped with measurement gap

- $P=\frac{P\_{sharing factor}}{1-\frac{T\_{SSB}}{MRGP}}$, when the RLM-RS resource is partially overlapped with measurement gap and the RLM-RS resource is fully overlapped with SMTC occasion (TSSB = TSMTCperiod) and SMTC occasion is partially overlapped with measurement gap (TSMTCperiod < MGRP)

- Psharing factor = 1, if the RLM-RS resource outside measurement gap is

* not overlapped with the SSB symbols indicated by *SSB-ToMeasure* and 1 data symbol before each consecutive SSB symbols indicated by *SSB-ToMeasure* and 1 data symbol after each consecutive SSB symbols indicated by *SSB-ToMeasure*, given that *SSB-ToMeasure* is configured, where the *SSB-ToMeasure* is the union set of *SSB-ToMeasure* from all the configured measurement objects merged on the same serving carrier, and,
* not overlapped by the RSSI symbols indicated by *ss-RSSI-Measurement* and 1 data symbol before each RSSI symbol indicated by *ss-RSSI-Measurement* and 1 data symbol after each RSSI symbol indicated by *ss-RSSI-Measurement*, given that *ss-RSSI-Measurement* is configured.

- Psharing factor = 3, otherwise.

where,

 If the high layer in TS 38.331 [2] signaling of *smtc2*is present, TSMTCperiod follows *smtc2*; Otherwise TSMTCperiod follows *smtc1.* TSMTCperiod is the shortest SMTC period among all CCs in the same FR2 band, provided the SMTC offset of all CCs in FR2 have the same offset.

If the high layer in TS 38.331 [2] signaling of *smtc2*is present, TSMTCperiod follows *smtc2*; Otherwise TSMTCperiod follows *smtc1.*

Longer evaluation period would be expected if the combination of RLM-RS resource, SMTC occasion and measurement gap configurations does not meet previous conditions.

For either an FR1 or FR2 serving cell, longer evaluation period would be expected during the period Tidentify\_CGI when the UE is requested to decode an NR CGI.

For either an FR1 or FR2 serving cell, longer evaluation period would be expected during the period Tidentify\_CGI,E-UTRAN when the UE is requested to decode an LTE CGI.

Table 8.1.2.2-1: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_out\_SSB and TEvaluate\_in\_SSB for FR1

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Configuration | TEvaluate\_out\_SSB (ms)  | TEvaluate\_in\_SSB (ms)  |
| no DRX | Max(200, Ceil(10 × P) × TSSB) | Max(100, Ceil(5 × P) × TSSB) |
| DRX cycle≤320ms | Max(200, Ceil(15 × P) × Max(TDRX,TSSB)) | Max(100, Ceil(7.5 × P) × Max(TDRX,TSSB)) |
| DRX cycle>320ms | Ceil(10 × P) × TDRX | Ceil(5 × P) × TDRX |
| NOTE: TSSB is the periodicity of the SSB configured for RLM. TDRX is the DRX cycle length. |

Table 8.1.2.2-2: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_out\_SSB and TEvaluate\_in\_SSB for FR2

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Configuration | TEvaluate\_out\_SSB (ms)  | TEvaluate\_in\_SSB (ms)  |
| no DRX | Max(200, Ceil(10 × P × N) × TSSB) | Max(100, Ceil(5 × P × N) × TSSB) |
| DRX cycle≤320ms | Max(200, Ceil(15 × P × N) × Max(TDRX,TSSB)) | Max(100, Ceil(7.5 × P × N) × Max(TDRX,TSSB)) |
| DRX cycle>320ms | Ceil(10 × P × N) × TDRX | Ceil(5 × P × N) × TDRX |
| NOTE: TSSB is the periodicity of the SSB configured for RLM. TDRX is the DRX cycle length. |

Table 8.1.2.2-3: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_out\_SSB and TEvaluate\_in\_SSB for FR1(deactivated PSCell)

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Configuration | TEvaluate\_out\_SSB (ms)  | TEvaluate\_in\_SSB (ms)  |
| no DRX | Ceil(10 × P) × measCyclePSCell | Ceil(5 × P) × measCyclePSCell |
| DRX cycle≤ [320]ms | Ceil(10 × P) × Max(1.5 × TDRX, measCyclePSCell) | Ceil(5 × P) × Max(1.5 × TDRX, measCyclePSCell) |
| DRX cycle> [320]ms | Ceil(10 × P) × Max(TDRX, measCyclePSCell) | Ceil(5 × P) × Max(TDRX, measCyclePSCell) |
| NOTE: TDRX is the DRX cycle length of SCG. measCyclePSCell is the measurement period of deactivated PSCell. |

Table 8.1.2.2-4: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_out\_SSB and TEvaluate\_in\_SSB for FR2(deactivated PSCell)

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Configuration | TEvaluate\_out\_SSB (ms)  | TEvaluate\_in\_SSB (ms)  |
| no DRX | Ceil(10 × P× N) × measCyclePSCell | Ceil(5 × P× N) × measCyclePSCell |
| DRX cycle≤ [320] ms | Ceil(10 × P× N) × Max(1.5 × TDRX, measCyclePSCell) | Ceil(5 × P× N) × Max(1.5 × TDRX, measCyclePSCell) |
| DRX cycle> [320] ms | Ceil(10 × P× N) × Max(TDRX, measCyclePSCell) | Ceil(5 × P× N) × Max(TDRX, measCyclePSCell) |
| NOTE: TDRX is the DRX cycle length of SCG. measCyclePSCell is the measurement period of deactivated PSCell. |

#### 8.1.2.3 Measurement restrictions for SSB based RLM

The UE is required to be capable of measuring SSB for RLM without measurement gaps. The UE is required to perform the SSB measurements with measurement restrictions as described in the following scenarios.

For FR1, when the SSB for RLM is in the same OFDM symbol as CSI-RS for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP measurement,

- If SSB and CSI-RS have same SCS, UE shall be able to measure the SSB for RLM without any restriction;

- If SSB and CSI-RS have different SCS,

- If UE supports *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology*, UE shall be able to measure the SSB for RLM without any restriction;

- If UE does not support *simultaneousRxDataSSB-DiffNumerology*, UE is required to measure one of but not both SSB for RLM and CSI-RS. Longer measurement period for SSB based RLM is expected, and no requirements are defined

For FR2, when the SSB for RLM measurement on one CC is in the same OFDM symbol as CSI-RS for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP measurement on the same CC or different CCs in the same band, UE is required to measure one of but not both SSB for RLM and CSI-RS. Longer measurement period for SSB based RLM is expected, and no requirements are defined.

For FR2, there is no measurement restriction allowed when the network configures mixed numerology between SSB for RLM measurement on one FR2 band and CSI-RS for RLM, BFD, CBD, L1-RSRP or L1-SINR measurement on the other FR2 band, provided that UE is capable of independent beam management on this FR2 band pair.

### 8.1.3 Requirements for CSI-RS based radio link monitoring

#### 8.1.3.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause apply for each CSI-RS based RLM-RS resource configured for PCell, PSCell or deactivated PSCell, provided that the CSI-RS configured for RLM is actually transmitted within UE active DL BWP during the entire evaluation period specified in clause 8.1.3.2. UE is not expected to perform radio link monitoring measurements on the CSI-RS configured as RLM-RS if the CSI-RS is not in the active TCI state of any CORESET configured in the UE active BWP.

Table 8.1.3.1-1: PDCCH transmission parameters for out-of-sync evaluation

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Attribute | Value for BLER Configuration #0 |
| DCI format | 1-0 |
| Number of control OFDM symbols | 2 |
| Aggregation level (CCE) | 8 |
| Ratio of hypothetical PDCCH RE energy to average CSI-RS RE energy | 4dB |
| Ratio of hypothetical PDCCH DMRS energy to average CSI-RS RE energy | 4dB |
| Bandwidth (PRBs) | 48 |
| Sub-carrier spacing (kHz) | SCS of the active DL BWP |
| DMRS precoder granularity | REG bundle size |
| REG bundle size | 6 |
| CP length | Normal |
| Mapping from REG to CCE | Distributed |

Table 8.1.3.1-2: PDCCH transmission parameters for in-sync evaluation

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Attribute | Value for BLER Configuration #0 |
| DCI payload size | 1-0 |
| Number of control OFDM symbols | 2 |
| Aggregation level (CCE) | 4 |
| Ratio of hypothetical PDCCH RE energy to average CSI-RS RE energy | 0dB |
| Ratio of hypothetical PDCCH DMRS energy to average CSI-RS RE energy | 0dB |
| Bandwidth (PRBs) | 48 |
| Sub-carrier spacing (kHz) | SCS of the active DL BWP |
| DMRS precoder granularity | REG bundle size |
| REG bundle size | 6 |
| CP length | Normal |
| Mapping from REG to CCE | Distributed |

#### 8.1.3.2 Minimum requirement

UE shall be able to evaluate whether the downlink radio link quality on the configured RLM-RS resource estimated over the last TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS ms period becomes worse than the threshold Qout\_CSI-RS within TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS ms evaluation period.

UE shall be able to evaluate whether the downlink radio link quality on the configured RLM-RS resource estimated over the last TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS ms period becomes better than the threshold Qin\_CSI-RS within TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS ms evaluation period.

- TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS and TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS are defined in Table 8.1.3.2-1 for FR1.

- TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS and TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS are defined in Table 8.1.3.2-2 for FR2 with scaling factor N=1.

- TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS and TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS are defined in Table 8.1.3.2-3 for FR1 (deactivated PSCell).

- TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS and TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS are defined in Table 8.1.3.2-4 for FR2 (deactivated PSCell) with scaling factor N=1.

The requirements of TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS and TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS apply provided that the CSI-RS for RLM is not in a resource set configured with repetition ON. The requirements do not apply when the CSI-RS resource in the active TCI state of CORESET is the same CSI-RS resource for RLM and the TCI state information of the CSI-RS resource is not given, wherein the TCI state information means QCL Type-D to SSB for L1-RSRP or CSI-RS with repetition ON.

For FR1,

- $P=\frac{1}{1-\frac{T\_{CSI-RS}}{MGRP}}$, when in the monitored cell there are measurement gaps configured for intra-frequency, inter-frequency or inter-RAT measurements, and these measurement gaps are overlapping with some but not all occasions of the CSI-RS; and

- P=1 when in the monitored cell there are no measurement gaps overlapping with any occasion of the CSI-RS.

For FR2,

- P=1, when the RLM-RS resource is not overlapped with measurement gap and also not overlapped with SMTC occasion.

- $P=\frac{1}{1-\frac{T\_{CSI-RS}}{MGRP}}$, when the RLM-RS resource is partially overlapped with measurement gap and the RLM-RS resource is not overlapped with SMTC occasion (TCSI-RS < MGRP)

- $P=\frac{1}{1-\frac{T\_{CSI-RS}}{T\_{SMTCperiod}}}$, when the RLM-RS resource is not overlapped with measurement gap and the RLM-RS resource is partially overlapped with SMTC occasion (TCSI-RS < TSMTCperiod).

- P = Psharing factor, when the RLM-RS resource is not overlapped with measurement gap and RLM-RS resource is fully overlapped with SMTC occasion (TCSI-RS = TSMTCperiod).

- $P=\frac{1}{1-\frac{T\_{CSI-RS}}{MGRP} - \frac{T\_{CSI-RS}}{T\_{SMTCperiod}}}$, when the RLM-RS resource is partially overlapped with measurement gap and the RLM-RS resource is partially overlapped with SMTC occasion (TCSI-RS < TSMTCperiod) and SMTC occasion is not overlapped with measurement gap and

- TSMTCperiod ≠ MGRP or

- TSMTCperiod = MGRP and TCSI-RS < 0.5 × TSMTCperiod

- $P=\frac{P\_{sharing factor}}{1-\frac{T\_{CSI-RS}}{MGRP}}$, when the RLM-RS resource is partially overlapped with measurement gap and the RLM-RS resource is partially overlapped with SMTC occasion (TCSI-RS < TSMTCperiod) and SMTC occasion is not overlapped with measurement gap and TSMTCperiod = MGRP and TCSI-RS = 0.5 × TSMTCperiod

- $P=\frac{1}{1-\frac{T\_{CSI-RS}}{T\_{SMTCperiod}}}$, when the RLM-RS resource is partially overlapped with measurement gap and the RLM-RS resource is partially overlapped with SMTC occasion (TCSI-RS < TSMTCperiod) and SMTC occasion is partially or fully overlapped with measurement gap

- $P=\frac{P\_{sharing factor}}{1-\frac{T\_{CSI-RS}}{MGRP}}$, when the RLM-RS resource is partially overlapped with measurement gap and the RLM-RS resource is fully overlapped with SMTC occasion (TCSI-RS = TSMTCperiod) and SMTC occasion is partially overlapped with measurement gap (TSMTCperiod < MGRP)

- Psharing factor = 1, if the RLM-RS resource outside measurement gap is

- not overlapped with the SSB symbols indicated by *SSB-ToMeasure* and 1 data symbol before each consecutive SSB symbols indicated by *SSB-ToMeasure* and 1 data symbol after each consecutive SSB symbols indicated by *SSB-ToMeasure*, given that *SSB-ToMeasure* is configured, where the *SSB-ToMeasure* is the union set of *SSB-ToMeasure* from all the configured measurement objects merged on the same serving carrier, and,

- not overlapped by the RSSI symbols indicated by *ss-RSSI-Measurement* and 1 data symbol before each RSSI symbol indicated by *ss-RSSI-Measurement* and 1 data symbol after each RSSI symbol indicated by *ss-RSSI-Measurement*, given that *ss-RSSI-Measurement* is configured.

- Psharing factor = 3, otherwise.

where,

If the high layer in TS 38.331 [2] signaling of *smtc2*is present, TSMTCperiod follows *smtc2*; Otherwise TSMTCperiod follows *smtc1.* TSMTCperiod is the shortest SMTC period among all CCs in the same FR2 band, provided the SMTC offset of all CCs in FR2 have the same offset.

If the high layer in TS 38.331 [2] signaling of *smtc2*is present, TSMTCperiod follows *smtc2*; Otherwise TSMTCperiod follows *smtc1.*

Note: The overlap between CSI-RS for RLM and SMTC means that CSI-RS based RLM is within the SMTC window duration.

Longer evaluation period would be expected if the combination of RLM-RS resource, SMTC occasion and measurement gap configurations does not meet previous conditions.

For either an FR1 or FR2 serving cell, longer evaluation period would be expected during the period Tidentify\_CGI when the UE is requested to decode an NR CGI.

For either an FR1 or FR2 serving cell, longer evaluation period would be expected during the period Tidentify\_CGI,E-UTRAN when the UE is requested to decode an LTE CGI.

The values of Mout and Min used in Table 8.1.3.2-1, Table 8.1.3.2-2, Table 8.1.3.2-3 and Table 8.1.3.2-4 are defined as:

- Mout = 20 and Min = 10, if the CSI-RS resource configured for RLM is transmitted with higher layer CSI-RS parameter *density* [6, clause 7.4.1] set to 3 and over the bandwidth ≥ 24 PRBs.

Table 8.1.3.2-1: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS and TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS for FR1

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Configuration | TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS (ms)  | TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS (ms)  |
| no DRX | Max(200, Ceil(Mout×P)×TCSI-RS) | Max(100, Ceil(Min×P) × TCSI-RS) |
| DRX ≤ 320ms | Max(200, Ceil(1.5×Mout×P)× Max(TDRX, TCSI-RS)) | Max(100, Ceil(1.5×Min×P)× Max(TDRX, TCSI-RS)) |
| DRX > 320ms | Ceil(Mout×P) × TDRX | Ceil(Min×P) × TDRX |
| NOTE: TCSI-RS is the periodicity of the CSI-RS resource configured for RLM. The requirements in this table apply for TCSI-RS equal to 5 ms, 10ms, 20 ms or 40 ms. TDRX is the DRX cycle length. |

Table 8.1.3.2-2: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS and TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS for FR2

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Configuration | TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS (ms)  | TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS (ms)  |
| no DRX | Max(200, Ceil(Mout×P×N)×TCSI-RS) | Max(100, Ceil(Min×P×N) × TCSI-RS) |
| DRX ≤ 320ms | Max(200, Ceil(1.5×Mout×P×N)× Max(TDRX, TCSI-RS)) | Max(100, Ceil(1.5×Min×P×N)× Max(TDRX, TCSI-RS)) |
| DRX > 320ms | Ceil(Mout×P×N) × TDRX | Ceil(Min×P×N) × TDRX |
| NOTE: TCSI-RS is the periodicity of the CSI-RS resource configured for RLM. The requirements in this table apply for TCSI-RS equal to 5 ms, 10 ms, 20 ms or 40 ms. TDRX is the DRX cycle length. |

Table 8.1.3.2-3: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS and TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS for FR1 (deactivated PSCell)

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Configuration | TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS (ms)  | TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS (ms)  |
| no DRX | Ceil(Mout×P) × Max(TDRX, measCyclePSCell) | Ceil(Min×P) × Max(TDRX, measCyclePSCell) |
| DRX ≤ [320]ms | Ceil(Mout×P) × Max(1.5 × TDRX, measCyclePSCell) | Ceil(Min×P) × Max(1.5 × TDRX, measCyclePSCell) |
| DRX > [320]ms | Ceil(Mout×P) × Max(TDRX, measCyclePSCell) | Ceil(Min×P) × Max(TDRX, measCyclePSCell) |
| NOTE: TDRX is the DRX cycle length of SCG. measCyclePSCell is the measurement period of deactivated PSCell. |

Table 8.1.3.2-4: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS and TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS for FR2 (deactivated PSCell)

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Configuration | TEvaluate\_out\_CSI-RS (ms)  | TEvaluate\_in\_CSI-RS (ms)  |
| no DRX | Ceil(Mout×P×N) × Max(TDRX, measCyclePSCell) | Ceil(Min×P×N) × Max(TDRX, measCyclePSCell) |
| DRX ≤ [320]ms | Ceil(Mout×P×N) × Max(1.5 × TDRX, measCyclePSCell) | Ceil(Min×P×N) × Max(1.5 × TDRX, measCyclePSCell) |
| DRX > [320]ms | Ceil(Mout×P×N) × Max(TDRX, measCyclePSCell) | Ceil(Min×P×N) × Max(TDRX, measCyclePSCell) |
| NOTE: TDRX is the DRX cycle length of SCG. measCyclePSCell is the measurement period of deactivated PSCell. |

<End of Change 2>

< Start of Change 3>

### 8.2.1 EN-DC Interruption

#### 8.2.1.1 Introduction

This clause contains the requirements related to the interruptions on PSCell, and SCell, when

 E-UTRA PCell transitions between active and non-active during DRX, or

 E-UTRA PCell transitions from non-DRX to DRX, or

 E-UTRA SCell in MCG or SCell in SCG is added or released, or

 E-UTRA SCell in MCG or SCell(s) in SCG is activated or deactivated, or

 measurements on SCC with deactivated SCell in either E-UTRA MCG or NR SCG, or

 a supplementary UL carrier or an UL carrier is configured or de-configured, or

 UL/DL active BWP is switched on PSCell or SCell in SCG, or

 E-UTRA SCell in MCG or SCell(s) in SCG is directly activated and hibernated, or

 E-UTRA SCell in MCG is hibernated, or

 Multiple SCells in SCG are activated or deactivated, or

 SCell dormancy switches, or

 CQI/RRM measurement happens during SCell dormancy, or

 UE-specific CBW is changed on PSCell or SCell in SCG, or

 CGI reading of an NR neighbour cell with autonomous gaps, or

 CGI reading of an E-UTRA neighbour cell with autonomous gaps.

 NR SRS carrier based switching, or

 E-UTRA SRS carrier based switching, or

 UE dynamic Tx switches between two uplink carriers, or

SCell in SCG is activated based on aperiodic CSI-RS.

The requirements shall apply for E-UTRA-NR DC with an E-UTRA PCell.

This clause contains interruptions where victim cell is PSCell or SCell belonging to SCG. Requirements for interruptions requirements when the victim cell is E-UTRA PCell or E-UTRA SCell belonging to MCG are specified in TS 36.133 [15].

For a UE which does not support per-FR measurement gaps, interruptions to the PSCell or activated SCG SCells may be caused by EUTRA PCell, EUTRA SCells or SCells on any frequency range. For UE which support per-FR gaps, interruptions to the PSCell or activated SCG SCells may be caused by EUTRA PCell, EUTRA SCells or SCells on the same frequency range as the victim cell.

<End of Change 3>

<Start of Change 4>

##### 8.2.1.2.x Interruptions at fast SCell activation

The requirements in this clause shall apply for the UE configured with PSCell and one SCell when aperiodic CSI-RS resources is configured for fast SCell activation.

When one SCell in SCG is activated:

- an interruption on any serving cell in SCG:

- of up to X2 slot, if the active serving cell and the SCell being activated are in a FR1 band pair or in a FR1+FR2 band pair.

- of up to X2 slot, if the active serving cells and the SCells being activated are in a FR2 band pair and UE is capable of independent beam management on this FR2 band pair.

or

- of up to Y2 slot +TATRS\_duration if the active serving cells are in the same band as any of the SCells being activated, when

* + SCell to be activated is known and belongs to FR1, if the measurement period of the SCell being activated is larger than [2400ms], or
	+ SCell is unknown and belongs to FR1, and SCell is contiguous to an active serving cell in the same band

Where

- TATRS\_duration is CSI-RS burst for SCell activation where the CSI-RS burst is defined as four CSI-RS resources in two consecutive slots on the being activated SCell.

- X2 and Y2 are specified in Table 8.2.1.2.4-2.

<End of Change 4>

< Start of Change 5>

### 8.2.2 SA: Interruptions with Standalone NR Carrier Aggregation

#### 8.2.2.1 Introduction

This clause contains the requirements related to the interruptions on PCell and activated SCell if configured, when

 up to 7 SCells are configured, de-configured, activated or deactivated, or

 a supplementary UL carrier or an UL carrier is configured or de-configured, or

 measurements on SCC with deactivated SCell in NR SCG, or

 UL/DL BWP is switched on PCell or SCell, or

 CGI reading of an NR neighbour cell with autonomous gaps, or

 CGI reading of an E-UTRA neighbour cell with autonomous gaps.

 UE-specific CBW is changed on PCell or SCell, or

 NR SRS carrier based switching, or

 UE dynamic Tx switches between two uplink carriers, or

SCell is activated based on aperiodic CSI-RS.

Note: interruptions at SCell addition/release, activation/deactivation and during measurements on SCC may not be required by all UEs.

The interruptions shall not interrupt RRC signalling or ACK/NACKs related to RRC reconfiguration procedure according to TS38.331 [2] for SCell addition/release or MAC control signalling according to TS37.340 [17] for SCell activation/deactivation command.

This clause additionally contains requirements related to interruptions at inter-frequency SFTD between PCell in FR1 and neighbour cell in FR2.

For a UE which does not support per-FR measurement gap, interruptions to the PCell and activated SCell may be caused by SCells on any frequency range. For a UE which supports per-FR gaps, interruptions to PCell and activated SCell may be caused by SCells on the same frequency range as the victim cell.

 In addition to standalone NR carrier aggregation when no CCA is configured, the requirements in clause 8.2.2. and all subclauses of 8.2.2 apply when the UE is configured with

 -A PCell not using CCA in downlink and one or more SCells using CCA in downlink or

 -A PCell and one or more SCells using CCA in downlink

< End of Change 5>

<Start of Change 6>

##### 8.2.2.2.x Interruptions at fast SCell activation

When a SCell is activated and when aperiodic CSI-RS resources is configured for fast SCell activation, the UE is allowed

- an interruption on any active serving cell:

- of up to X2 slot, if the active serving cell and the SCell being activated are in a FR1 band pair or in a FR1+FR2 band pair.

- of up to X2 slot, if the active serving cell and the SCell being activated are in a FR2 band pair and UE is capable of independent beam management on this FR2 band pair.

Where X2 is specified in Table 8.2.2.2.2-1.

or

- of up to Y2 slot +TATRS\_duration, if the active serving cells are in the same band as any of the SCells being activated, when

* + SCell to be activated is known and belongs to FR1, if the measurement period of the SCell being activated is larger than [2400ms], or
	+ SCell is unknown and belongs to FR1, and SCell is contiguous to an active serving cell in the same band

Where

- TATRS\_duration is CSI-RS burst for SCell activation where the CSI-RS burst is defined as four CSI-RS resources in two consecutive slots on the being activated SCell.

- Y2 are specified in Table 8.2.1.2.4-2.

<End of Change 6>

<Start of Change 7>

### 8.2.3 NE-DC Interruptions

#### 8.2.3.1 Introduction

This clause contains the requirements related to the interruptions on PCell and SCell, when

 E-UTRA PSCell transitions between active and non-active during DRX, or

 E-UTRA PSCell transitions from non-DRX to DRX, or

 E-UTRA PSCell/SCell in SCG or SCell in MCG is added or released, or

 E-UTRA PSCell/SCell in SCG or SCell(s) in MCG is activated or deactivated, or

 measurements on SCC with deactivated SCell in either E-UTRA SCG or NR MCG or

 PUSCH/PUCCH carrier configuration and deconfiguration in NR MCG, or

 UL/DL BWP is switched on PCell or SCell in MCG, or

 CGI reading of an NR neighbour cell with autonomous gaps, or

 CGI reading of an E-UTRA neighbour cell with autonomous gaps.

 NR SRS carrier based switching, or

 E-UTRA SRS carrier based switching, or

SCell in NR MCG is activated based on aperiodic CSI-RS.

The requirements shall apply for NE-DC with an NR PCell.

This clause contains interruptions where victim cell is PCell or SCell belonging to MCG. Requirements for interruptions requirements when the victim cell is E-UTRA PSCell or E-UTRA SCell belonging to SCG are specified in TS 36.133 [15].

For a UE which does not support per-FR measurement gap, interruptions to the PCell, E-UTRA PSCell or activated MCG SCells may be caused by EUTRA PSCell, EUTRA SCells or SCells on any frequency range. For UE which support per-FR gap, interruptions to the PCell, E-UTRA PSCell or activated MCG SCells may be caused by EUTRA PSCell, EUTRA SCells or SCells on the same frequency range as the victim cell.

<End of Change 7>

<Start of Change 8>

##### 8.2.3.2.x Interruptions at fast SCell activation

The requirements in this clause shall apply for the UE configured with E-UTRA PSCell and one SCell when aperiodic CSI-RS resources is configured for fast SCell activation.

When one SCell in MCG is activated:

- the UE is allowed an interruption on any serving cell in MCG:

- of up to X2 slots, if the active serving cell is not in the same band as any of the SCells being activated, or

- of up to Y2 slots + TATRS\_duration if the active serving cells are in the same band as any of the SCells being activated, when

* + SCell to be activated is known and belongs to FR1, if the measurement period of the SCell being activated is larger than [2400ms], or
	+ SCell is unknown and belongs to FR1, and SCell is contiguous to an active serving cell in the same band

Where

- TATRS\_duration is CSI-RS burst for SCell activation where the CSI-RS burst is defined as four CSI-RS resources in two consecutive slots on the being activated SCell.

- X2 and Y2 are specified in Table 8.2.3.2.4-2.

<End of Change 8>

<Start of Change 9>

#### 8.2.4.1 Introduction

This clause contains the requirements related to the interruptions on PCell, PSCell and activated SCell if configured, when

 up to 1 SCell in FR1 and up to 7 SCell(s) in FR2 are configured, deconfigured, activated or deactivated or,

 a supplementary UL carrier or an UL carrier is configured or de-configured, or

 measurements on SCC with deactivated SCell in NR SCG, or

 measurements on the deactivated PSCell in NR SCG, or

 UL/DL BWP is switched on PCell, PSCell or SCell.

 transitions between active and non-active during DRX, or

 transitions from non-DRX to DRX, or

 CGI reading of an NR neighbour cell with autonomous gaps, or

 CGI reading of an E-UTRA neighbour cell with autonomous gaps.

 NR SRS carrier based switching,

RLM/BFD Measurement on deactivatd NR PSCell, or

NR SCell is activated based on aperiodic CSI-RS.

Note: interruptions at SCell addition/release, activation/deactivation and during measurements on SCC may not be required by all UEs.

The interruptions shall not interrupt RRC signalling or ACK/NACKs related to RRC reconfiguration procedure [2] for SCell addition/release or MAC control signalling [17] for SCell activation/deactivation command.

The requirements shall apply for NR-DC with an NR PCell, PSCell or SCell.

For a UE which does not support per-FR measurement gap, interruptions to the PCell and activated SCell may be caused by SCells on any frequency range. For a UE which supports per-FR gaps, interruptions to PCell, PSCell and activated SCell may be caused by SCells on the same frequency range as the victim cell.

<End of Change 9>

<Start of Change 10>

##### 8.2.4.2.w Interruptions at SCell activation

When a SCell is activated or deactivated as defined in TS 37.340 [17] and aperiodic CSI-RS resources is configured for fast SCell activation, the UE is allowed

- an interruption on any active serving cell:

- of up to the duration shown in table 8.2.4.2.2-1, if the active serving cell is not in the same band as the SCell being activated, where the requriements for Sync apply for synchronous NR-DC, and for asynchronous NR-DC if the active serving cell is in the same CG as the SCell being activated, and the requriements for Async apply for asynchronous NR-DC if the active serving cell is not in the same CG as the SCell being activated, or

- of up to Y2 slots + TATRS\_duration if the active serving cells are in the same band as the SCell being activated, when

* + SCell to be activated is known and belongs to FR1, if the measurement period of the SCell being activated is larger than [2400ms], or
	+ SCell is unknown and belongs to FR1, and SCell is contiguous to an active serving cell in the same band

Where

- TATRS\_duration is CSI-RS burst for SCell activation where the CSI-RS burst is defined as four CSI-RS resources in two consecutive slots on the being activated SCell.

- Y2 are specified in Table 8.2.3.2.4-2.

<End of Change 10>

<Start of Change 11>

##### 8.2.4.2.x Interruptions at SCG activation/deactivation

When SCG is activated or deactivated using an *RRCConnectionReconfiguration* message as defined in TS 38.331 [2], the UE is allowed an interruption on any activated serving cell in MCG during the RRC reconfiguration procedure as follows:

- an interruption on any active serving cell in MCG:

- of up to the duration shown in table 8.2.4.2.x-1, if the active serving cell is not in the same band as the PSCell being activated or deactivated, where the requriements for Sync apply for synchronous NR-DC. The requriements for Async apply for asynchronous NR-DC.

Table 8.2.4.2.x-1: Interruption duration for SCG activation/deactivation for inter-band DC/CA

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | NR Slot length (ms)  | Interruption length (slots) |
|  | of victim cell | Sync | Async |
| 0 | 1 | TBD | TBD |
| 1 | 0.5 | TBD | TBD |
| 2 | 0.25 | Both aggressor cell and victim cell are on FR2 | TBD | TBD |
|  |  | Either aggressor cell or victim cell is on FR1 | TBD |  |
| 3 | 0.125 | Aggressor cell is on FR2 | TBD | TBD |
|  |  | Aggressor cell is on FR1 | TBD |  |

<End of Change 11>

<Start of Change 12>

##### 8.2.4.2.y Interruptions due to RRM measurements on deactivated SCG

If the UE is not configured with RLM or BFD on the deactivated PSCell, interruptions on PCell or activated SCell(s) due to measurements on the deactivated PSCell are allowed with up to [0.5%] probability of missed ACK/NACK feedback when the configured *[measCyclePSCell]* is 640ms or longer. The UE is only allowed to cause interruptions on PCell or activated SCell(s) immediately before and immediately after an SMTC. Each interruption shall not exceed requirement in [Table 8.2.2.2.2-1].

*Editor’s Note: the name of the signalling IE [measCyclePSCell] subjects to final RAN2 decision.*

If the UE is configured with RLM or BFD on the deactivated PSCell, the rate of ACK/NACK feedback loss on any active serving cell resulting from RRM measurements on the deactivated PSCell shall not exceed [1.0%].

[Interruptions on PCell or activated SCell(s) due to measurements on the deactivated SCell(s) other than PSCell within the deactivated SCG shall meet requirements in clause 8.2.4.2.3.]

<End of Change 12>

<Start of Change 13>

##### 8.2.4.2.z Interruptions during RLM/BFD measurements on deactivated PScell

When NR PScell is deactivated, the UE is for the purpose RLM/BFD measurements on the deactivated PSCell allowed to cause interruptions to activated serving cell(s) which can either be Pcell or Scell in MCG.

The rate of ACK/NACK feedback loss on any activated serving cell resulting from RLM/BFD measurements on deactivated PSCell shall not exceed 0.5%.

<End of Change 13>

<Start of Change 14>

### 8.3.12 Fast SCell Activation Delay Requirement for Deactivated SCell

Aperiodic CSI-RS resources can be configured for fast SCell activation. The requirements in this clause shall apply for the UE configured with one downlink SCell in EN-DC, or in standalone NR carrier aggregation or in NE-DC or in NR-DC and when one SCell is being activated. The requirements in this clause shall apply for the UE provided with aperiodic CSI-RS resources for SCell activation for the target SCell.

Note: If UE is allocated A-TRS for fast Scell activation, the UE is not required to use the SSB of the target Scell.

The delay within which the UE shall be able to activate the deactivated SCell depends upon the specified conditions.

Upon receiving SCell activation command in slot *n*, the UE shall be capable to transmit valid CSI report and apply actions related to the activation command for the SCell being activated no later than in slot $n+\frac{T\_{HARQ}+T\_{activation\\_time}+T\_{CSI\\_Reporting}}{NR slot length}$ , where:

 THARQ (in ms) is the timing between DL data transmission and acknowledgement as specified in TS 38.213 [3]

 Tactivation\_time is the SCell activation delay in millisecond.

 If the SCell is known and belongs to FR1, Tactivation\_time is:

- TFirstATRS+ 5ms, if the measurement period of the SCell being activated is equal to or smaller than [2400ms].

- TFirstATRS + Tgap + TATRS + 5ms, if the measurement period of the SCell being activated is larger than [2400ms].

- The RSs on the all activated serving cell in the same band are not required to be transmitted in the same slot as the temporary RS.

- UE may report inaccurate non-zero CQI for the being-activated SCell during the SCell activation procedure only if the RSs on the other activated serving cell in the same band are not transmitted in the same slot as the aperiodic CSI-RS for SCell activation.

If the SCell is unknown and belongs to FR1, and SCell is contiguous to an active serving cell in the same band, provided that the side condition Ês/Iot ≥ -2dB is fulfilled, Tactivation\_time is:

- TFirstATRS + Tgap + TATRS + 5ms, if the following conditions are met,

- the SCell is contiguous to an active serving cell in the same band, and

- its *ssb-PositionInBurst* is same as the one of contiguous FR1 active serving cell, and

- its SMTC offset is same as the one of contiguous FR1 active serving cell, and

- its RTD with contiguous FR1 active serving cell is smaller than or equal to 260ns with respect to the to-be-activated SCell’s SSB numerology, and its reception power difference with contiguous FR1 active serving cell is smaller than or equal to 6dB;

- The RSs on the all activated serving cell in the same band are not required to be transmitted in the same slot as the temporary RS.

- UE may report inaccurate non-zero CQI for the being-activated SCell during the SCell activation procedure only if the RSs on the other activated serving cell in the same band are not transmitted in the same slot as the aperiodic CSI-RS for SCell activation.

 If the SCell being activated belongs to FR2 and if there is at least one active serving cell on that FR2 band, then Tactivation\_time is TFirstATRS+ 5ms provided:

- The UE is provided with aperiodic CSI-RS resources for SCell activation for the target SCell, and

- The SSBs in the serving cell(s) and the SSBs in the SCell fulfil the condition defined in clause 3.6.3,

- The parameter *ssb-PositionsInBurst* is same for the serving cell(s) and the SCell.

- SSB is in the same half-frame on the SCell and the contiguous FR2 active serving cell

 If the SCell being activated belongs to FR2 and if there is no active serving cell on that FR2 band provided that PCell or PSCell is in FR1 or in FR2, and assuming PDCCH TCI and PDSCH TCI (when applicable) are associated with the triggered aperiodic CSI-RS resources for fast SCell activation, and when the following conditions are fulfillied:

* One of the candidate TCI states configured in TCI-StatesPDCCH-ToAddList has the same QCL source of the triggered A-TRS,
* The QCL source of CSI-RS for CQI reporting is the same as the triggered A-TRS,
* The TCI state for PDCCH/PDSCH is the same as A-TRS remain unchanged during SCell activation,

then

If the target SCell is known to UE and semi-persistent CSI-RS is used for CSI reporting, then Tactivation\_time is:

- 3ms + max(TFirstATRS + 2ms, Tuncertainty\_SP), where Tuncertainty\_SP=0 if UE receives the SCell activation command and semi-persistent CSI-RS activation command at the same time.

 If the target SCell is known to UE and periodic CSI-RS is used for CSI reporting, then Tactivation\_time is:

- max(TFirstATRS + 5ms, Tuncertainty\_RRC + TRRC\_delay-THARQ).

 where,

TFirstATRS: is the time to the end of the first complete CSI-RS burst for SCell activation after slot n + $\frac{T\_{HARQ}+3ms}{NR slot length}$, where the CSI-RS burst is defined as four CSI-RS resources in two consecutive slots.

 TATRS is the CSI-RS burst for SCell activation where the CSI-RS burst is defined as four CSI-RS resources in two consecutive slots.

Tgap is a gap length between two aperiodic CSI-RS bursts, where one CSI-RS burst is defined as four CSI-RS resources in two consecutive slots.

 Tuncertainty\_RRC is the time period between reception of the RRC configuration message for TCI of periodic CSI-RS for CQI reporting (when applicable) relative to SCell activation command.

 Tuncertainty\_SP is the time period between reception of the activation command for semi-persistent CSI-RS resource set for CQI reporting relative to SCell activation command for known case.

 TRRC\_delay is the RRC procedure delay as specified in TS38.331 [2].

TCSI\_reporting is the delay (in ms) including uncertainty in acquiring the first available downlink CSI reference resource, UE processing time for CSI reporting and uncertainty in acquiring the first available CSI reporting resources as specified in TS 38.331 [2].

SCell in FR1 is known if it has been meeting the following conditions:

- During the period equal to max(5\*measCycleSCell,  5\*DRX cycles) for FR1 before the reception of the SCell activation command:

- the UE has sent a valid measurement report for the SCell being activated and

- the SSB measured remains detectable according to the cell identification conditions specified in clause 9.2 and 9.3.

- the SSB measured during the period equal to max(5\*measCycleSCell, 5\*DRX cycles) also remains detectable during the SCell activation delay according to the cell identification conditions specified in clause 9.2 and 9.3.

Otherwise SCell in FR1 is unknown.

For the first SCell activation in FR2 bands, the SCell is known if it has been meeting the following conditions:

- During the period equal to 4s for UE supporting power class 1/5 and 3s for UE supporting power class 2/3/4 before UE receives the last activation command for PDCCH TCI, PDSCH TCI (when applicable) and semi-persistent CSI-RS for CQI reporting (when applicable):

- the UE has sent a valid L3-RSRP measurement report with SSB index

- SCell activation command is received after L3-RSRP reporting and no later than the time when UE receives MAC-CE command for TCI activation

- During the period from L3-RSRP reporting to the valid CQI reporting, the reported SSBs with indexes remain detectable according to the cell identification conditions specified in clauses 9.2 and 9.3, and the TCI state is selected based on one of the latest reported SSB indexes.

Otherwise, the first SCell in FR2 band is unknown.

In addition to CSI reporting defined above, UE shall also apply other actions related to the activation command specified in TS 38.331 [2] for a SCell at the first opportunities for the corresponding actions once the SCell is activated.

The starting point of an interruption window on spCell or any activated SCell, as specified in clause 8.2, shall not occur before slot n+1+$\frac{T\_{HARQ}}{NR slot length}$ and not occur after slot slot n+1+$\frac{T\_{HARQ}+3ms+T\_{X}}{NR slot length}$, where NR slot length is with respect to the numerology used in the SCell being activated, and TX is:

- TFirstATRS, for any scenario where Tactivation\_time includes TFirstATRS;

The length of the interruption window may be different for different victim cells, and depends on the applicable scenario and on the frequency band relation between the aggressor cell and the victim cell.

The requirements in this clause and requriements on interruption due to SCell activation in clause 8.x apply provided that the SSB and A-TRS of the to-be-activated SCell is within the first active DL BWP of the Scell.

Starting from the slot specified in clause 4.3 of TS 38.213 [3] (timing for secondary Cell activation/deactivation) and until the UE has completed the SCell activation, the UE shall report out of range if the UE has available uplink resources to report CQI for the SCell.

<End of Change 14>

<Start of Change 15>

### 8.5.1 Introduction

The UE shall assess the downlink radio link quality of a serving cell based on the reference signal in the set  as specified in TS 38.213 [3] in order to detect beam failure on:

- PCell in SA, NR-DC, or NE-DC operation mode,

- PSCell in NR-DC and EN-DC operation mode,

- SCell in SA, NR-DC, NE-DC or EN-DC operation mode.

- Deactivated PSCell in NR-DC operation mode

The RS resource configurations in the set  on PCell, PSCell or deactivated PSCell (if configured) can be periodic CSI-RS resources and/or SSBs. RS resource configuration in the set  on SCell shall be periodic CSI-RS. UE is not required to perform beam failure detection outside the active DL BWP. UE is not required to meet the requirements in clause 8.5.2 and 8.5.3 if UE does not have set . UE is not required to perform beam failure detection on a deactivated SCell, and also not required to perform beam failure detection on resources which is implicitly configured for a deactivated SCell. When more than 2 periodic CSI-RS resources on a CC are configured in the set  for current SCell or implicitly configured in the set  for other SCell, it is up to UE implementation to select two of CSI-RS resources in active BWP in current CC to perform beam failure detection. UE is not required to perform beam failure detection on a SCell on which  is not configured.

On each RS resource configuration in the set , the UE shall estimate the radio link quality and compare it to the threshold Qout\_LR for the purpose of accessing downlink radio link quality of the serving cell beams.

The threshold Qout\_LR is defined as the level at which the downlink radio level link of a given resource configuration on set  cannot be reliably received and shall correspond to the BLERout = 10% block error rate of a hypothetical PDCCH transmission. For SSB based beam failure detection, Qout\_LR\_SSB is derived based on the hypothetical PDCCH transmission parameters listed in Table 8.5.2.1-1. For CSI-RS based beam failure detection, Qout\_LR\_CSI-RS is derived based on the hypothetical PDCCH transmission parameters listed in Table 8.5.3.1-1.

Upon request the UE shall deliver configuration indexes from the set as specified in TS 38.213 [3] , to higher layers, and the corresponding L1-RSRP measurement provided that the measured L1-RSRP is equal to or better than the threshold Qin\_LR, which is indicated by higher layer parameter *rsrp-ThresholdSSB*. The UE applies the Qin\_LR threshold to the L1-RSRP measurement obtained from an SSB. The UE applies the Qin\_LR threshold to the L1-RSRP measurement obtained for a CSI-RS resource after scaling a respective CSI-RS reception power with a value provided by higher layer parameter *powerControlOffsetSS*. The RS resource configurations in the set  can be periodic CSI-RS resources or SSBs or both SSB and CSI-RS resources. UE is not required to perform candidate beam detection outside the active DL BWP. UE is not required to perform candidate beam detection on a SCell on which  is not configured.

For a deactivated SCG, the UE can be provided via an RRC reconfiguration message with activated TCI states for PDCCH/PDSCH reception at the transition from deactivated SCG to activated SCG while the SCG is deactivated. After the reception of the RRC reconfiguration message the UE shall perform the BFD on the serving cell of the deactivated SCG using the activated TCI states provided for the PDCCH reception at the transition from deactivated SCG to activated SCG

### 8.5.2 Requirements for SSB based beam failure detection

#### 8.5.2.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause apply for each SSB resource in the set  configured for a serving cell, provided that the SSB configured for beam failure detection is actually transmitted within the UE active DL BWP during the entire evaluation period specified in clause 8.5.2.2. The requirements in this clause could not be applicable if UE is required to perform beam failure detection on more than 1 serving cell per band.

Table 8.5.2.1-1: PDCCH transmission parameters for beam failure instance

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Attribute | Value for BLER |
| DCI format | 1-0 |
| Number of control OFDM symbols | 2 |
| Aggregation level (CCE) | 8 |
| Ratio of hypothetical PDCCH RE energy to average SSS RE energy | 0dB |
| Ratio of hypothetical PDCCH DMRS energy to average SSS RE energy | 0dB |
| Bandwidth (PRBs) | 24 |
| Sub-carrier spacing (kHz) | Same as the SCS of RMSI CORESET |
| DMRS precoder granularity | REG bundle size |
| REG bundle size | 6 |
| CP length | Normal |
| Mapping from REG to CCE | Distributed |

#### 8.5.2.2 Minimum requirement

UE shall be able to evaluate whether the downlink radio link quality on the configured SSB resource in set  estimated over the last TEvaluate\_BFD\_SSB ms period becomes worse than the threshold Qout\_LR\_SSB within TEvaluate\_BFD\_SSB ms period.

The value of TEvaluate\_BFD\_SSB is defined in Table 8.5.2.2-1 for FR1.

The value of TEvaluate\_BFD\_SSB is defined in Table 8.5.2.2-2 for FR2 with scaling factor N=8

For FR1,

- $P=\frac{1}{1-\frac{T\_{SSB}}{MGRP}}$, when in the monitored cell there are measurement gaps configured for intra-frequency, inter-frequency or inter-RAT measurements, which are overlapping with some but not all occasions of the SSB.

- P=1 when in the monitored cell there are no measurement gaps overlapping with any occasion of the SSB.

For FR2,

- $P=\frac{1}{1-\frac{T\_{SSB}}{T\_{SMTCperiod}}}$, when BFD-RS resource is not overlapped with measurement gap and the BFD-RS resource is partially overlapped with SMTC occasion (TSSB < TSMTCperiod).

- P = Psharing factor, when the BFD-RS resource is not overlapped with measurement gap and the BFD-RS resource is fully overlapped with SMTC period (TSSB = TSMTCperiod).

- $P=\frac{1}{1-\frac{T\_{SSB}}{MGRP} - \frac{T\_{SSB}}{T\_{SMTCperiod}}}$, when the BFD-RS resource is partially overlapped with measurement gap and the BFD-RS resource is partially overlapped with SMTC occasion (TSSB < TSMTCperiod) and SMTC occasion is not overlapped with measurement gap and

- TSMTCperiod ≠ MGRP or

- TSMTCperiod = MGRP and TSSB < 0.5\*TSMTCperiod

- $P=\frac{P\_{sharing factor}}{1-\frac{T\_{SSB}}{MGRP}}$, when the BFD-RS resource is partially overlapped with measurement gap and the BFD-RS resource is partially overlapped with SMTC occasion (TSSB < TSMTCperiod) and SMTC occasion is not overlapped with measurement gap and TSMTCperiod = MGRP and TSSB = 0.5\*TSMTCperiod

- $P=\frac{1}{1-\frac{T\_{SSB}}{T\_{SMTCperiod}}}$, when the BFD-RS resource is partially overlapped with measurement gap (TSSB <MGRP) and the BFD-RS resource is partially overlapped with SMTC occasion (TSSB < TSMTCperiod) and SMTC occasion is partially or fully overlapped with measurement gap.

- $P=\frac{P\_{sharing factor}}{1-\frac{T\_{SSB}}{MGRP}}$, when the BFD-RS resource is partially overlapped with measurement gap and the BFD-RS resource is fully overlapped with SMTC occasion (TSSB = TSMTCperiod) and SMTC occasion is partially overlapped with measurement gap (TSMTCperiod < MGRP)

- Psharing factor = 1, if the BFD-RS resource outside measurement gap is

- not overlapped with the SSB symbols indicated by SSB-ToMeasure and 1 data symbol before each consecutive SSB symbols indicated by SSB-ToMeasure and 1 data symbol after each consecutive SSB symbols indicated by SSB-ToMeasure, given that SSB-ToMeasure is configured, where the *SSB-ToMeasure* is the union set of *SSB-ToMeasure* from all the configured measurement objects merged on the same serving carrier, and;

- not overlapped with the RSSI symbols indicated by ss-RSSI-Measurement and 1 data symbol before each RSSI symbol indicated by ss-RSSI-Measurement and 1 data symbol after each RSSI symbol indicated by ss-RSSI-Measurement, given that ss-RSSI-Measurement is configured.- Psharing factor = 3, otherwise.

where,

If the high layer in TS 38.331 [2] signaling of *smtc2* is configured, TSMTCperiod corresponds to the value of higher layer parameter *smtc2*; Otherwise TSMTCperiod corresponds to the value of higher layer parameter *smtc1*. TSMTCperiod is the shortest SMTC period among all CCs in the same FR2 band, given the SMTC offset of all CCs in FR2 provided the same offset.

Longer evaluation period would be expected if the combination of BFD-RS resource, SMTC occasion and measurement gap configurations does not meet pervious conditions.

For either an FR1 or FR2 serving cell, longer evaluation period would be expected during the period Tidentify\_CGI when the UE is requested to decode an NR CGI.

For either an FR1 or FR2 serving cell, longer BFD evaluation period would be expected during the period Tidentify\_CGI,E-UTRAN when the UE is requested to decode an LTE CGI.

Table 8.5.2.2-1: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_BFD\_SSB for FR1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Configuration | TEvaluate\_BFD\_SSB (ms)  |
| no DRX | Max(50, Ceil(5 × P) × TSSB) |
| DRX cycle ≤ 320ms | Max(50, Ceil(7.5 × P) × Max(TDRX,TSSB)) |
| DRX cycle > 320ms | Ceil(5 × P) × TDRX |
| Note: TSSB is the periodicity of SSB in the set . TDRX is the DRX cycle length. |

Table 8.5.2.2-2: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_BFD\_SSB for FR2

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Configuration | TEvaluate\_BFD\_SSB (ms)  |
| no DRX | Max(50, Ceil(5 × P × N) × TSSB) |
| DRX cycle ≤ 320ms | Max(50, Ceil(7.5 × P × N) × Max(TDRX,TSSB)) |
| DRX cycle > 320ms | Ceil(5 × P × N) × TDRX |
| Note: TSSB is the periodicity of SSB in the set . TDRX is the DRX cycle length. |

Table 8.5.2.2-3: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_BFD\_SSB for deactivated PSCell in FR1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Configuration | TEvaluate\_BFD\_SSB (ms)  |
| no DRX | Max(50, Ceil(5 × P) × measCyclePscell) |
| DRX cycle ≤ 320ms | Max(50, Ceil(7.5 × P) × Max(measCyclePscell,TSSB)) |
| DRX cycle > 320ms | Ceil(5 × P) × measCyclePscell |
| Note: DRX cycle is the configured DRX cycle of the PSCell. |

Table 8.5.2.2-4: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_BFD\_SSB for deactivated PSCell in FR2

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Configuration | TEvaluate\_BFD\_SSB (ms)  |
| no DRX | Max(50, Ceil(5 × P × N) × measCyclePscell) |
| DRX cycle ≤ 320ms | Max(50, Ceil(7.5 × P × N) × Max(measCyclePscell,TSSB)) |
| DRX cycle > 320ms | Ceil(5 × P × N) × measCyclePscell |
| Note: DRX cycle is the configured DRX cycle of the PSCell. |

<End of Change 15>

<Start of Change 16>

8.5.3 Requirements for CSI-RS based beam failure detection

8.5.3.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause apply for each CSI-RS resource in the set  of resource configurations for a serving cell, provided that the CSI-RS resource(s) in set for beam failure detection are actually transmitted within the UE active DL BWP during the entire evaluation period specified in clause 8.5.3.2. UE is not expected to perform beam failure detection measurements on the CSI-RS configured for BFD if the CSI-RS is not QCL-ed, with QCL-TypeD when applicable, with the RS in the active TCI state of any CORESET configured in the UE active BWP. The requirements in this clause apply when UE is required to perform beam failure detection on no more than 1 serving cell per band.

**Table 8.5.3.1-1: PDCCH transmission parameters for beam failure instance**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Attribute** | **Value for BLER** |
| DCI format | 1-0 |
| Number of control OFDM symbols | 2 |
| Aggregation level (CCE) | 8 |
| Ratio of hypothetical PDCCH RE energy to average CSI-RS RE energy | 0dB |
| Ratio of hypothetical PDCCH DMRS energy to average CSI-RS RE energy | 0dB |
| Bandwidth (PRBs) | 48 |
| Sub-carrier spacing (kHz) | SCS of the active DL BWP |
| DMRS precoder granularity | REG bundle size |
| REG bundle size | 6 |
| CP length | Normal |
| Mapping from REG to CCE | Distributed |

8.5.3.2 Minimum requirement

UE shall be able to evaluate whether the downlink radio link quality on the CSI-RS resource in set  estimated over the last TEvaluate\_BFD\_CSI-RS ms period becomes worse than the threshold Qout\_LR\_CSI-RS within TEvaluate\_BFD\_CSI-RS ms period.

The value of TEvaluate\_BFD\_CSI-RS is defined in Table 8.5.3.2-1 for FR1.

The value of TEvaluate\_BFD\_CSI-RS is defined in Table 8.5.3.2-2 for FR2 with N=1. The requirements of TEvaluate\_BFD\_CSI-RS apply provided that the CSI-RS for BFD is not in a resource set configured with repetition ON. The requirements shall not apply when the CSI-RS resource in the active TCI state of CORESET is the same CSI-RS resource for BFD and the TCI state information of the CSI-RS resource is not given, wherein the TCI state information means QCL Type-D to SSB for L1-RSRP or CSI-RS with repetition ON.

For FR1,

- $P=\frac{1}{1-\frac{T\_{CSI-RS}}{MGRP}}$, when in the monitored cell there are measurement gaps configured for intra-frequency, inter-frequency or inter-RAT measurements, which are overlapping with some but not all occasions of the CSI-RS.

- P = 1 when in the monitored cell there are no measurement gaps overlapping with any occasion of the CSI-RS.

For FR2,

- P = 1, when the BFD-RS resource is not overlapped with measurement gap and also not overlapped with SMTC occasion.

- $P=\frac{1}{1-\frac{T\_{CSI-RS}}{MGRP}}$, when the BFD-RS resource is partially overlapped with measurement gap and the BFD-RS resource is not overlapped with SMTC occasion (TCSI-RS < MGRP)

- $P=\frac{1}{1-\frac{T\_{CSI-RS}}{T\_{SMTCperiod}}}$, when the BFD-RS resource is not overlapped with measurement gap and the BFD-RS resource is partially overlapped with SMTC occasion (TCSI-RS < TSMTCperiod).

- P = Psharing factor, when the BFD-RS resource is not overlapped with measurement gap and the BFD-RS resource is fully overlapped with SMTC occasion (TCSI-RS = TSMTCperiod).

- $P=\frac{1}{1-\frac{T\_{CSI-RS}}{MGRP} - \frac{T\_{CSI-RS}}{T\_{SMTCperiod}}}$, when the BFD-RS resource is partially overlapped with measurement gap and the BFD-RS resource is partially overlapped with SMTC occasion (TCSI-RS < TSMTCperiod) and SMTC occasion is not overlapped with measurement gap and

- TSMTCperiod ≠ MGRP or

- TSMTCperiod = MGRP and TCSI-RS < 0.5 × TSMTCperiod

- $P=\frac{P\_{sharing factor}}{1-\frac{T\_{CSI-RS}}{MGRP}}$, when the BFD-RS resource is partially overlapped with measurement gap and the BFD-RS resource is partially overlapped with SMTC occasion (TCSI-RS < TSMTCperiod) and SMTC occasion is not overlapped with measurement gap and TSMTCperiod = MGRP and TCSI-RS = 0.5 × TSMTCperiod

- $P=\frac{1}{1-\frac{T\_{CSI-RS}}{T\_{SMTCperiod}}}$, when the BFD-RS resource is partially overlapped with measurement gap (TCSI-RS < MGRP) and the BFD-RS resource is partially overlapped with SMTC occasion (TCSI-RS < TSMTCperiod) and SMTC occasion is partially or fully overlapped with measurement gap.

- $P=\frac{P\_{sharing factor}}{1-\frac{T\_{CSI-RS}}{MGRP}}$, when the BFD-RS resource is partially overlapped with measurement gap and the BFD-RS resource is fully overlapped with SMTC occasion (TCSI-RS = TSMTCperiod) and SMTC occasion is partially overlapped with measurement gap (TSMTCperiod < MGRP)

- Psharing factor = 1, if the BFD-RS resource outside measurement gap is

- not overlapped with the SSB symbols indicated by *SSB-ToMeasure* and 1 data symbol before each consecutive SSB symbols indicated by *SSB-ToMeasure* and 1 data symbol after each consecutive SSB symbols indicated by *SSB-ToMeasure*, given that *SSB-ToMeasure* is configured, where the *SSB-ToMeasure* is the union set of *SSB-ToMeasure* from all the configured measurement objects merged on the same serving carrier, and;

- not overlapped with the RSSI symbols indicated by *ss-RSSI-Measurement* and 1 data symbol before each RSSI symbol indicated by *ss-RSSI-Measurement* and 1 data symbol after each RSSI symbol indicated by *ss-RSSI-Measurement*, given that *ss-RSSI-Measurement* is configured,

- Psharing factor = 3, otherwise.

where,

 If the high layer in TS 38.331 [2] signaling of *smtc2* is configured, TSMTCperiod corresponds to the value of higher layer parameter *smtc2*; Otherwise TSMTCperiod corresponds to the value of higher layer parameter *smtc1*. TSMTCperiod is the shortest SMTC period among all CCs in the same FR2 band, provided the SMTC offset of all CCs in FR2 have the same offset.

Note: The overlap between CSI-RS for BFD and SMTC means that CSI-RS for BFD is within the SMTC window duration.

Longer evaluation period would be expected if the combination of the BFD-RS resource, SMTC occasion and measurement gap configurations does not meet pervious conditions.

For either an FR1 or FR2 serving cell, longer evaluation period would be expected during the period Tidentify\_CGI when the UE is requested to decode an NR CGI.

For either an FR1 or FR2 serving cell, longer BFD evaluation period would be expected during the period Tidentify\_CGI,E-UTRAN when the UE is requested to decode an LTE CGI.

The values of MBFD used in Table 8.5.3.2-1 and Table 8.5.3.2-2 are defined as

- MBFD = 10, if the CSI-RS resource(s) in set  used for BFD is transmitted with Density = 3 and over the bandwidth ≥ 24 PRBs.

The values of PBFD used in Table 8.5.3.2-1 and Table 8.5.3.2-2 are defined as

 For each CSI-RS resource in the set  configured for PCell or PSCell in EN-DC or NE-DC or SA; or PCell in NR-DC

- PBFD = 1.

For each CSI-RS resource in the set  configured for PSCell in NR-DC

PBFD = 2 if UE is configured for beam failure detection on SCell, 1 otherwise.

 For each CSI-RS resource in the set  configured for a SCell

- PBFD = Z in EN-DC or NE-DC or SA.

- PBFD = 2\* Z in NR-DC.

Where Z is the number of band(s) on which UE is performing beam failure detection only for SCell.

**Table 8.5.3.2-1: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_BFD\_CSI-RS for FR1**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Configuration** | **TEvaluate\_BFD\_CSI-RS (ms)**  |
| no DRX | Max(50, Ceil(MBFD × P × PBFD) × TCSI-RS) |
| DRX cycle ≤ 320ms | Max(50, Ceil(1.5 × MBFD × P × PBFD) × Max(TDRX, TCSI-RS)) |
| DRX cycle > 320ms | Ceil(MBFD × P × PBFD) × TDRX |
| Note: TCSI-RS is the periodicity of CSI-RS resource in the set . TDRX is the DRX cycle length. |

**Table 8.5.3.2-2: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_BFD\_CSI-RS for FR2**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Configuration** | **TEvaluate\_BFD\_CSI-RS (ms)**  |
| no DRX | Max(50, Ceil(MBFD × P × N × PBFD) × TCSI-RS) |
| DRX cycle ≤ 320ms | Max(50, Ceil(1.5 × MBFD × P × N × PBFD) × Max(TDRX, TCSI-RS)) |
| DRX cycle > 320ms | Ceil(MBFD × P × N × PBFD) × TDRX |
| Note: TCSI-RS is the periodicity of CSI-RS resource in the set . TDRX is the DRX cycle length. |

**Table 8.5.3.2-3: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_BFD\_CSI-RS for deactivated PSCell in FR1**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Configuration** | **TEvaluate\_BFD\_CSI-RS (ms)**  |
| no DRX | Max(50, Ceil(MBFD × P × PBFD) × measCyclePscell) |
| DRX cycle ≤ 320ms | Max(50, Ceil(1.5 × MBFD × P × PBFD) × Max(measCyclePscell, TCSI-RS)) |
| DRX cycle > 320ms | Ceil(MBFD × P × PBFD) × measCyclePscell |
| Note: DRX cycle is the configured DRX cycle of the PSCell. |

**Table 8.5.3.2-4: Evaluation period TEvaluate\_BFD\_CSI-RS for deactivated PSCell in FR2**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Configuration** | **TEvaluate\_BFD\_CSI-RS (ms)**  |
| no DRX | Max(50, Ceil(MBFD × P × N × PBFD) × measCyclePscell) |
| DRX cycle ≤ 320ms | Max(50, Ceil(1.5 × MBFD × P × N × PBFD) × Max(measCyclePscell, TCSI-RS)) |
| DRX cycle > 320ms | Ceil(MBFD × P × N × PBFD) × measCyclePscell |
| Note: DRX cycle is the configured DRX cycle of the PSCell. |

<End of Change 16>

<Start of Change 17>

## 8.9A Conditional PSCell Addition Delay

### 8.9A.1 Introduction

This clause defines requirements for the delay within which the UE shall be able to perform conditional PSCell addition in EN-DC or NR-DC. The requirements in this clause are applicable to EN-DC and NR-DC.

### 8.9A.2 Conditional PSCell Addition Delay Requirement

The requirements in this clause shall apply for the UE configured with only PCell in FR1.

Upon receiving conditional PSCell addition in subframe *n*, the UE shall be capable to transmit PRACH preamble towards PSCell no later than in subframe *n* + Tconfig\_PSCell\_Addition\_Conditional:

Where:

 Tconfig\_PSCell\_Addition\_Conditional = TRRC\_delay + TEvent\_DU + Tmeasure + TUE\_preparation + Tprocessing + T∆ + TPSCell\_ DU + 2 ms

 TRRC\_delay is the RRC processing delay defined in Clause 11.2 in 36.331 [16] which is the corresponding RRC message embedded in E-UTRA RRC message, otherwise it is the RRC procedure delay defined in clause 12 in TS 38.331 [2] for processing the conditional PSCell addition command.

 TEvent\_DU is the delay uncertainty which is the time from when the UE successfully decodes a conditional PSCell addition command until a condition exists at the measurement reference point which will trigger the conditional PSCell addition.

 Tmeasure is the measurements time stated in clause 8.9A.2.1.

 TUE\_preparation is the UE preparation time for conditional PSCell addition, and starts after UE realizes the condition of PSCell addition is met and identity of the PSCell is determined. TUE\_preparation is up to 10 ms.

 Tprocessing is the SW processing time needed by UE, including RF warm up period. Tprocessing = 20 ms when PSCell is in FR1, and Tprocessing = 40 ms when PSCell is in FR2.

 T∆ is time for fine time tracking and acquiring full timing information of the target cell. T∆ = 1\*Trs ms.

 TPSCell\_ DU is the delay uncertainty in acquiring the first available PRACH occasion in the PSCell. TPSCell\_ DU is up to the summation of SSB to PRACH occasion association period and 10 ms. SSB to PRACH occasion associated period is defined in Table 8.1-1 of TS 38.213 [3].

 Trs is the SMTC periodicity of the target cell if the UE has been provided with an SMTC configuration for the target cell in PSCell addition message, otherwise Trs is the SMTC configured in the measObjectNR having the same SSB frequency and subcarrier spacing. If the UE is not provided SMTC configuration or measurement object on this frequency, the requirement in this clause is applied with Trs = 5 ms assuming the SSB transmission periodicity is 5 ms. There is no requirement if the SSB transmission periodicity is not 5 ms.

The PCell interruption specified in clause 8.2 is allowed only after the UE starts to execute a conditional PSCell addition.

#### 8.9A.2.1 Measurement time

The measurement time delay is defined from the end of TEvent\_DU until UE executes a PSCell addition and interruption time starts.

The measurement time delay measured without Time To Trigger (TTT) and L3 filtering shall be less than Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index or Tidentify\_inter\_with\_index defined in clause 9.3.4. When TTT or L3 filtering is used an additional delay can be expected.

A cell is detectable only if at least one SSB measured from the cell being configured remains detectable during the time period Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index or Tidentify\_inter\_with\_index for PSCell addition. If a cell, which has been detectable at least for the time period Tidentify\_inter\_without\_index or Tidentify\_inter\_with\_index for PSCell addition, becomes undetectable for a period and then the cell becomes detectable again and triggers a PSCell addition, the measurement time delay shall be less than TSSB\_measurement\_period\_inter provided the timing to that cell has not changed more than ± 3200/$2^{µ}$ Tc while the measurement gap has not been available and the L3 filter has not been used, where *µ* is the SCS configuration as defined in clause 4.2 of TS 38.211 [3]. When L3 filtering is used, an additional delay can be expected.

<End of Change 17>

<Start of Change 18>

## 8.10 Active TCI state switching delay

8.10.1 Introduction

The requirements in this clause apply for a UE configured with one or more TCI state configurations on serving cell in MR-DC or standalone NR. UE shall complete the switch of active TCI state within the delay defined in this clause.

8.10.2 Known conditions for TCI state

The TCI state is known if the following conditions are met:

- During the period from the last transmission of the RS resource used for the L1-RSRP measurement reporting for the target TCI state to the completion of active TCI state switch, where the RS resource for L1-RSRP measurement is the RS in target TCI state or QCLed to the target TCI state

- TCI state switch command is received within 1280 ms upon the last transmission of the RS resource for beam reporting or measurement

- The UE has sent at least 1 L1-RSRP report for the target TCI state before the TCI state switch command

- The TCI state remains detectable during the TCI state switching period

- The SSB associated with the TCI state remain detectable during the TCI switching period

- SNR of the TCI state ≥ -3dB

- If it is configured to perform BFD while the SCG is deactivated

- During the period from the PSCell deactivation to the completion of PSCell activation, while PSCell was deactivated,

- UE has not detected beam failure

Otherwise, the TCI state is unknown.

<End of Change 18>

<Start of Change 19>

## 8.x SCG Activation and Deactivation Delay

### **8.x.1 Introduction**

This clause defines requirements for the delay within which the UE shall be able to activate one SCG and deactivate on SCG.

The requirements shall apply for NR-DC with an NR PCell, PSCell or SCell..

### **8.x.2 SCG Activation Delay Requirement**

The requirements in this clause shall apply for the UE configured with one deactivated SCG in NR-DC and when PScell in one SCG is being activated.

The delay within which the UE shall be able to activate the deactivated SCG depends upon the specified conditions.

Upon receiving SCG activation command in slot *n*, the UE shall be capable to transmit PRACH preamble or PUCCH towards PSCell no later than in slot $n+\frac{T\_{activation\\_time}}{NR slot length}$ ,

where:

 Tactivation\_time = TRRC\_delay + Tprocessing + Tsearch + T∆ + TIU + 2 ms

TRRC\_delay is the RRC procedure delay as specified in TS 38.331 [2].

 Tprocessing is the SW processing time needed by UE, including RF warm up period. When PSCell is activated from deactivated state, if any PSCell parameter is modified, Tprocessing = [20ms]. Otherwise, Tprocessing = [5 or 10ms].

Tsearch is the time for AGC settling and PSS/SSS detection.

For RACH based PSCell activation, if the target cell is a known NR FR2 PSCell, Tsearch = 0 ms. If the target cell is an unknown FR2 PSCell and Es/Iot ≥ -2 dB, then Tsearch = 24\* Trs ms.

For RACH-less based PSCell activation, if RLM and BFD are configured and no failure is detected, Tsearch = 0 ms if the target cell is a known FR2 PScell. There are no requirements if PSCell is unknown.

 T∆ is time for fine time tracking and acquiring full timing information of the target PSCell. T∆ = 1\*Trs ms.

 TIU: When RACH based PSCell activation is configured, it is the delay uncertainty in acquiring the first available PRACH occasion in the PSCell. TIU is up to the summation of SSB to PRACH occasion association period and 10 ms. SSB to PRACH occasion associated period is defined in Table 8.1-1 of TS 38.213 [3].

When RACH-less based PSCell activation is configured, it is the uncertainty in acquiring the first PUSCH transmission occasion [or SR on PUCCH]. TIU is up to the summation of SSB to PUCCH occasion association period and 10 ms. SSB to PUCCH occasion associated period is defined in Table 8.1-1 of TS 38.213 [3].

Trs is the SMTC periodicity of the PSCell if the UE has been provided with an SMTC configuration for the target cell in PSCell addition message, otherwise Trs is the SMTC configured in the measObjectNR having the same SSB frequency and subcarrier spacing. If the UE is not provided SMTC configuration or measurement object on this frequency, the requirement in this clause is applied with Trs = 5 ms assuming the SSB transmission periodicity is 5 ms. There is no requirement if the SSB transmission periodicity is not 5

In FR1 and FR2, the PSCell is known if it has been meeting the following conditions:

- During the last 5 seconds before the reception of the SCG activation command:

- the UE has sent a valid measurement report for the PSCell being activated and

- One of the SSBs measured from the PSCell being activated remains detectable according to the cell identification conditions specified in clause 9.3.

- One of the SSBs measured from PSCell being activated also remains detectable during the PSCell activation delay Tconfig\_PSCell according to the cell identification conditions specified in clause 9.3.

otherwise it is unknown.

The PCell interruption specified in clause 8.2 is allowed only during the RRC reconfiguration procedure [2].

### **8.x.2 SCG Deactivation Delay Requirement**

The requirements in this clause shall apply for a UE which is configured with at least PCell and PScell.

Upon receiving RRC-based SCG deactivation command in subframe *n*, the UE shall accomplish the deactivationactions specified in TS 38.331 [2] no later than in slot $n+\frac{T\_{RRC\\_delay}}{NR slot length}$:

where

 TRRC\_delay is the RRC procedure delay as specified in TS 38.331 [2].

The PCell interruption specified in clause 8.2 is allowed only during the RRC reconfiguration procedure [2].

FFS: MAC CE based SCG deactivation delay requirements.

<End of Change 19>

<Start of Change 20>

### 9.2.5 Intrafrequency measurements without measurement gaps

#### 9.2.5.1 Intrafrequency cell identification

The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable intra-frequency cell within Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index if the UE is not indicated to report SSB based RRM measurement result with the associated SSB index(*reportQuantityRsIndexes* or *maxNrofRSIndexesToReport* is not configured), or the UE is indicated that the neighbour cell is synchronous with the serving cell (*deriveSSB-IndexFromCell* is enabled). Otherwise UE shall be able to identify a new detectable intra frequency cell within Tidentify\_intra\_with\_index. The UE shall be able to identify a new detectable intra frequency SS block of an already detected cell within Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index. It is assumed that *deriveSSB-IndexFromCell* is always enabled for FR1 TDD and FR2.

Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index = (TPSS/SSS\_sync\_intra + T SSB\_measurement\_period\_intra) ms

Tidentify\_intra\_with\_index = (TPSS/SSS\_sync\_intra + T SSB\_measurement\_period\_intra + TSSB\_time\_index\_intra) ms

Where:

 TPSS/SSS\_sync\_intra: it is the time period used in PSS/SSS detection given in table 9.2.5.1-1, 9.2.5.1-2, 9.2.5.1-4 (deactivated SCell), 9.2.5.1-5 (deactivated SCell), 9.2.5.1-9 (deactivated PSCell) or 9.2.5.1-10 (deactivated PSCell).

 TSSB\_time\_index\_intra: it is the time period used to acquire the index of the SSB being measured given in table 9.2.5.1-3, 9.2.5.1-6 (deactivated SCell) or 9.2.5.1-11 (deactivated PSCell).

 T SSB\_measurement\_period\_intra: equal to a measurement period of SSB based measurement given in table 9.2.5.2-1, table 9.2.5.2-2 table 9.2.5.2-3 (deactivated SCell), 9.2.5.2-4(deactivated SCell), 9.2.5.2-6(deactivated PSCell) or 9.2.5.2-7(deactivated PSCell).

 CSSFintra: it is a carrier specific scaling factor and is determined

 according to CSSFoutside\_gap,i in clause 9.1.5.1 for measurement conducted outside measurement gaps, i.e. when intra-frequency SMTC is fully non overlapping or partially overlapping with measurement gaps, or according to CSSFwithin\_gap,i in clause 9.1.5.2 for measurement conducted within measurement gaps, i.e. when intra-frequency SMTC is fully overlapping with measurement gaps.

 if the high layer in TS 38.331 [2] signalling of *smtc2* is configured, the assumed periodicity of intra-frequency SMTC occasions corresponds to the value of higher layer parameter *smtc2*; Otherwise the assumed periodicity of intra-frequency SMTC occasions corresponds to the value of higher layer parameter *smtc1*.

 Mpss/sss\_sync\_w/o\_gaps : For a UE supporting FR2 power class 1 or 5, Mpss/sss\_sync\_w/o\_gaps =40. For a UE supporting power class 2, Mpss/sss\_sync\_w/o\_gaps =24. For a UE supporting FR2 power class 3, Mpss/sss\_sync\_w/o\_gaps =24. For a UE supporting FR2 power class 4, Mpss/sss\_sync\_w/o\_gaps =24

 Mmeas\_period\_w/o\_gaps : For a UE supporting power class 1 or 5, Mmeas\_period\_w/o\_gaps =40. For a UE supporting FR2 power class 2, Mmeas\_period\_w/o\_gaps =24. For a UE supporting power class 3, Mmeas\_period\_w/o\_gaps =24. For a UE supporting power class 4, Mmeas\_period\_w/o\_gaps =24.

 When intra-frequency SMTC is fully non overlapping with measurement gaps or intra-frequency SMTC is fully overlapping with MGs, Kp=1

 When intra-frequency SMTC is partially overlapping with measurement gaps, Kp = 1/(1- (SMTC period /MGRP)), where SMTC period < MGRP. For calculation of Kp, if the high layer signalling (TS 38.331 [2]) of *smtc2* is configured, for cells indicated in the *pci-List* parameter in *smtc2*, the SMTC periodicity corresponds to the value of higher layer parameter *smtc2*; for the other cells, the SMTC periodicity corresponds to the value of higher layer parameter *smtc1.*

 If the higher layer signaling in TS38.331 [2] signalling of *smtc2* is present and smtc1 is fully overlapping with measurement gaps and smtc2 is partially overlapping with measurement gaps, requirements are not specified for Tidentify\_intra\_without\_index or Tidentify\_intra\_with\_index

 For FR2,

 Klayer1\_measurement=1,

- if all of the reference signals configured for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP for beam reporting on any FR2 serving frequency in the same band outside measurement gap are not fully overlapped by intra-frequency SMTC occasions, or

- if all of the reference signal configured for RLM, BFD, CBD or L1-RSRP for beam reporting on any FR2 serving frequency in the same band outside measurement gap and fully-overlapped by intra-frequency SMTC occasions are not overlapped with any of the SSB symbols and the RSSI symbols, and 1 symbol before each consecutive SSB symbols and the RSSI symbols, and 1 symbol after each consecutive SSB symbols and the RSSI symbols, given that *SSB-ToMeasure* and *SS-RSSI-Measurement* are configured, where SSB symbols are indicated by the union set of SSB-ToMeasure from all the configured measurement objects on the same serving carrier which can be merged.and RSSI symbols are indicated by *SS-RSSI-Measurement*;

 Klayer1\_measurement=1.5, otherwise.

 If the above-mentioned reference signal configured for L1-RSRP measurement is aperiodic CSI-RS resource, longer cell identification delay would be expected.

 If MCG DRX is in use, cell identification requirements for intra-frequency measurement in MCG specified in Table 9.2.5.1-1, Table 9.2.5.1-2, Table 9.2.5.1-3, Table 9.2.5.1-4, Table 9.2.5.1-5 and Table 9.2.5.1-6 shall depend on the MCG DRX cycle. If SCG DRX is in use, cell identification requirements for intra-frequency measurement in SCG specified in Table 9.2.5.1-1, Table 9.2.5.1-2, Table 9.2.5.1-3, Table 9.2.5.1-4, Table 9.2.5.1-5, Table 9.2.5.1-6, Table 9.2.5.1-9, Table 9.2.5.1-10 and Table 9.2.5.1-11 shall depend on the SCG DRX cycle. Otherwise, the requirements for when DRX is not in use shall apply.

Table 9.2.5.1-1: Time period for PSS/SSS detection, (Frequency range FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | TPSS/SSS\_sync\_intra |
| No DRX | max( 600ms, ceil( 5 x Kp) x SMTC period )Note 1 x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | max( 600ms, ceil(M2 Note 2x 5 x Kp) x max(SMTC period,DRX cycle)) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle>320ms | ceil(5 x Kp) x DRX cycle x CSSFintra |
| NOTE 1: If different SMTC periodicities are configured for different cells, the SMTC period in the requirement is the one used by the cell being identifiedNOTE 2: When *highSpeedMeasFlag-r16* is not configured, M2 = 1.5; When *highSpeedMeasFlag-r16* is configured, M2 = 1.5 if SMTC periodicity > 40 ms; otherwise M2=1.NOTE 3: When *highSpeedMeasFlag-r16* is configured, the requirements apply only to UE supporting either *measurementEnhancement-r16* or *[intraRAT-MeasurementEnhancement-r16]* on measurements of the primary component carrier and do not apply to measurements of a secondary component carrier with active SCell. |

Table 9.2.5.1-2: Time period for PSS/SSS detection, (Frequency range FR2)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | TPSS/SSS\_sync\_intra |
| No DRX | max(600ms, ceil(Mpss/sss\_sync\_w/o\_gaps x Kp x Klayer1\_measurement)x SMTC period)Note 1 x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | max(600ms, ceil(1.5 x Mpss/sss\_sync\_w/o\_gaps x Kp x Klayer1\_measurement)x max(SMTC period,DRX cycle)) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle>320ms | ceil(Mpss/sss\_sync\_w/o\_gaps x Kp x Klayer1\_measurement) x DRX cycle x CSSFintra |
| NOTE 1: If different SMTC periodicities are configured for different cells, the SMTC period in the requirement is the one used by the cell being identified |

**Table 9.2.5.1-3: Time period for time index detection (FR1)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | TSSB\_time\_index\_intra |
| No DRX | max(120ms, ceil( 3 x Kp )x SMTC period)Note 1 x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | max(120ms, ceil (M2 Note 2 x 3 x Kp) x max(SMTC period,DRX cycle)) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle>320ms | Ceil(3 x Kp) x DRX cycle x CSSFintra |
| NOTE 1: If different SMTC periodicities are configured for different cells, the SMTC period in the requirement is the one used by the cell being identifiedNOTE 2: When *highSpeedMeasFlag-r16* is not configured, M2 = 1.5; When *highSpeedMeasFlag-r16* is configured, M2 = 1.5 if SMTC periodicity > 40 ms;,otherwise M2=1NOTE 3: When *highSpeedMeasFlag-r16* is configured, the requirements apply only to UE supporting either *measurementEnhancement-r16* or *[intraRAT-MeasurementEnhancement-r16]* on measurements of the primary component carrier and do not apply to measurements of a secondary component carrier with active SCell. |

**Table 9.2.5.1-4: Time period for PSS/SSS detection, deactivated SCell (FR1)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | TPSS/SSS\_sync\_intra |
| No DRX | Ceil(5 x Kp) x measCycleSCell x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | Ceil(5 x Kp) x max(measCycleSCell, 1.5xDRX cycle) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle> 320ms | Ceil(5 x Kp) x max(measCycleSCell, DRX cycle) x CSSFintra |

**Table 9.2.5.1-5: Time period for PSS/SSS detection, deactivated SCell (FR2)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | TPSS/SSS\_sync\_intra |
| No DRX | Ceil(Mpss/sss\_sync\_w/o\_gaps x Kp) x measCycleSCell x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | Ceil(Mpss/sss\_sync\_w/o\_gaps x Kp) x max(measCycleSCell, 1.5xDRX cycle) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle> 320ms | Ceil(Mpss/sss\_sync\_w/o\_gaps x Kp) x max(measCycleSCell, DRX cycle) x CSSFintra |

**Table 9.2.5.1-6: Time period for time index detection, deactivated SCell (FR1)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | TSSB\_time\_index\_intra |
| No DRX | Ceil(3 x Kp) x measCycleSCell x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | Ceil(3 x Kp) x max(measCycleSCell, 1.5xDRX cycle) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle> 320ms | Ceil(3 x Kp) x max(measCycleSCell, DRX cycle) x CSSFintra |

Table 9.2.5.1-7: Void

Table 9.2.5.1-8: Void

**Table 9.2.5.1-9: Time period for PSS/SSS detection, deactivated PSCell (FR1)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | TPSS/SSS\_sync\_intra |
| No DRX | Ceil(5 x Kp) x [measCyclePSCell] x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | Ceil(5 x Kp) x max([measCyclePSCell], 1.5xDRX cycle) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle> 320ms | Ceil(5 x Kp) x max([measCyclePSCell], DRX cycle) x CSSFintra |

**Table 9.2.5.1-10: Time period for PSS/SSS detection, deactivated PSCell (FR2)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | TPSS/SSS\_sync\_intra |
| No DRX | Ceil(Mpss/sss\_sync\_w/o\_gaps x Kp) x [measCyclePSCell] x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | Ceil(Mpss/sss\_sync\_w/o\_gaps x Kp) x max([measCyclePSCell], 1.5xDRX cycle) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle> 320ms | Ceil(Mpss/sss\_sync\_w/o\_gaps x Kp) x max([measCyclePSCell], DRX cycle) x CSSFintra |

**Table 9.2.5.1-11: Time period for time index detection, deactivated PSCell (FR1)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | TSSB\_time\_index\_intra |
| No DRX | Ceil(3 x Kp) x [measCyclePSCell] x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | Ceil(3 x Kp) x max([measCyclePSCell], 1.5xDRX cycle) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle> 320ms | Ceil(3 x Kp) x max([measCyclePSCell], DRX cycle) x CSSFintra |

#### 9.2.5.2 Measurement period

The measurement period for intra-frequency measurements without gaps is as shown in table 9.2.5.2-1, 9.2.5.2-2, 9.2.5.2-3 (deactivated SCell), 9.2.5.2-4 (deactivated SCell), 9.2.5.2-6 (deactivated SCG applicable for PSCell) or 9.2.5.2-7 (deactivated SCG applicable for PSCell). When *highSpeedMeasFlag-r16* is configured, T SSB\_measurement\_period\_intra is specified in Table 9.2.5.2-5.

If the higher layer signaling in TS38.331 [2] signalling of *smtc2* is present and smtc1 is fully overlapping with measurement gaps and smtc2 is partially overlapping with measurement gaps, requirements are not specified for TSSB\_measurement\_period\_intra

If MCG DRX is in use, measurement period requirements for intra-frequency measurement in MCG specified in Table 9.2.5.2-1, Table 9.2.5.2-2, Table 9.2.5.2-3 and Table 9.2.5.2-4 shall depend on the MCG DRX cycle. If SCG DRX is in use, measurement period requirements for intra-frequency measurement in SCG specified in Table 9.2.5.2-1, Table 9.2.5.2-2, Table 9.2.5.2-3, Table 9.2.5.2-4, Table 9.2.5.2-6 and Table 9.2.5.2-7,shall depend on the SCG DRX cycle. Otherwise, the requirements for when DRX is not in use shall apply.

For FR2, a longer measurement period is allowed, if aperiodic CSI-RS resource is measured for L1-RSRP measurement on any FR2 serving frequency in the same band, and the CSI-RS resource is outside measurement gap and overlapped with any of the SSB symbols and the RSSI symbols, and 1 symbol before each consecutive SSB symbols and the RSSI symbols, and 1 symbol after each consecutive SSB symbols and the RSSI symbols. If *SSB-ToMeasure* or *SS-RSSI-Measurement* is configured, the SSB symbols are indicated by the union set of *SSB-ToMeasure* from all the configured measurement objects on the same band which can be merged and the RSSI symbols are indicated by *SS-RSSI-Measurement*.

Table 9.2.5.2-1: Measurement period for intra-frequency measurements without gaps (FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | T SSB\_measurement\_period\_intra  |
| No DRX | max(200ms, ceil( 5 x Kp) x SMTC period)Note 1 x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | max(200ms, ceil(1.5x 5 x Kp) x max(SMTC period,DRX cycle)) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle>320ms | ceil( 5 x Kp ) x DRX cycle x CSSFintra |
| NOTE 1: If different SMTC periodicities are configured for different cells, the SMTC period in the requirement is the one used by the cell being identified |

Table 9.2.5.2-2: Measurement period for intra-frequency measurements without gaps (FR2)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | T SSB\_measurement\_period\_intra  |
| No DRX | max(400ms, ceil(Mmeas\_period\_w/o\_gaps x Kp x Klayer1\_measurement) x SMTC period)Note 1 x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | max(400ms, ceil(1.5x Mmeas\_period\_w/o\_gaps x Kp x Klayer1\_measurement) x max(SMTC period,DRX cycle)) x CSSFintra  |
| DRX cycle>320ms | ceil(Mmeas\_period\_w/o\_gaps xKp x Klayer1\_measurement ) x DRX cycle x CSSFintra |
| NOTE 1: If different SMTC periodicities are configured for different cells, the SMTC period in the requirement is the one used by the cell being identified |

Table 9.2.5.2-3: Measurement period for intra-frequency measurements without gaps (deactivated SCell) (FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | T SSB\_measurement\_period\_intra  |
| No DRX | Ceil(5 x Kp) x measCycleSCell x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | Ceil(5 x Kp) x max(measCycleSCell, 1.5xDRX cycle) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle> 320ms | Ceil(5 x Kp) x max(measCycleSCell, DRX cycle) x CSSFintra |

**Table 9.2.5.2-4: Measurement period for intra-frequency measurements without gaps (deactivated SCell) (FR2)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | T SSB\_measurement\_period\_intra  |
| No DRX | Ceil(Mmeas\_period\_w/o\_gaps x Kp) x measCycleSCell x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | Ceil(Mmeas\_period\_w/o\_gaps x Kp) x max(measCycleSCell, 1.5xDRX cycle) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle> 320ms | Ceil(Mmeas\_period\_w/o\_gaps x Kp) x max(measCycleSCell, DRX cycle) x CSSFintra |

Table 9.2.5.2-5: T SSB\_measurement\_period\_intra When *highSpeedMeasFlag-r16* is configured (Frequency range FR1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | T SSB\_measurement\_period\_intra  |
| No DRX Note 2 | max(200ms, ceil( 5 x Kp) x SMTC period)Note 1 x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 160ms | max(200ms, ceil(5 x M2 Note 2 x Kp) x max(SMTC period,DRX cycle)) x CSSFintra |
| 160ms < DRX cycle≤ 320ms | ceil(4 x M2 Note 2 x Kp) x DRX cycle x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle>320ms | ceil( Y Note 3 x Kp ) x DRX cycle x CSSFintra |
| NOTE 1: If different SMTC periodicities are configured for different cells, the SMTC period in the requirement is the one used by the cell being identifiedNOTE 2: M2 = 1.5 if SMTC period > 40 ms, otherwise M2=1NOTE 3: Y=3 when SMTC period <= 40ms, Y=5 when SMTC period > 40msNOTE 4: When *highSpeedMeasFlag-r16* is configured, the requirements apply only to UE supporting either *measurementEnhancement-r16* or *[intraRAT-MeasurementEnhancement-r16]* on measurements of the primary component carrier and do not apply to measurements of a secondary component carrier with active SCell. |

Table 9.2.5.2-6 Measurement period for intra-frequency measurements without gaps (deactivated SCG applicable for PSCell) (FR1)

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | T SSB\_measurement\_period\_intra  |
| No DRX | Ceil(5 x Kp) x measCyclePSCell x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | Ceil(5 x Kp) x max(measCyclePSCell, 1.5xDRX cycle) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle> 320ms | Ceil(5 x Kp) x max(measCyclePSCell, DRX cycle) x CSSFintra |

**Table 9.2.5.2-7: Measurement period for intra-frequency measurements without gaps (deactivated SCG applicable for PSCell) (FR2)**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| DRX cycle | T SSB\_measurement\_period\_intra  |
| No DRX | Ceil(Mmeas\_period\_w/o\_gaps x Kp) x measCyclePSCell x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle≤ 320ms | Ceil(Mmeas\_period\_w/o\_gaps x Kp) x max(measCyclePSCell, 1.5xDRX cycle) x CSSFintra |
| DRX cycle> 320ms | Ceil(Mmeas\_period\_w/o\_gaps x Kp) x max(measCyclePSCell, DRX cycle) x CSSFintra |

<End of Change 20>