**3GPP TSG-RAN WG4 Meeting #102-e R4-2200xxx**

**Electronic Meeting, 21th Feb – 3rd March, 2022**

**Agenda item:** 10.9.4.1, 10.9.4.2

**Source:** Moderator (Samsung)

**Title:** Email discussion summary for [102-e][320] NR\_HST\_FR2\_Demod\_Part1

**Document for:** Information

# Introduction

In RAN Plenary #89-e, the RAN4-led work item of NR support for high speed train (HST) scenario in FR2 has been approved [RP-202118] (which has been further revised to [RP-210800] with editorial revisions and updates on time schedule).

Based on the agreement captured in WF [R4-2203093], the test setup of UE demodulation was under discussion. For this meeting, companies are encouraged to further discuss the remaining issue for UE demodulation test set setup based on the FR2 HST deployment scenarios

In this email thread, the following agenda items will be discussed:

* 10.9.4..1 General
* 10.9.4.2 UE demodulation requirements
* 10.9.4.2.1 PDSCH requirements under Uni-directional scenario
* 10.9.4.2.2 PDSCH requirements under Bi-directional scenario

It is suggested to have the following target of 1st and 2nd round email discussion

* 1st round: Further discussion the remaining issue for UE demodulation test setup
* 2nd round: draft CR discussion and revised

# Topic #1: PDSCH requirement

*Main technical topic overview. The structure can be done based on sub-agenda basis.*

## Companies’ contributions summary

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **T-doc number** | **Company** | **Proposals / Observations** |
| R4-2205754 | Huawei, HiSilicon, | Draft CR on minimum requirements for PDSCH HST-DPS (38.101-4) |
| R4-2206077 | Qualcomm | draft CR for FR2 HST - High speed Train Scenarios (B.3.4) |
| R4-2203541 | Samsung | Simulation results summary for Rel-17 FR2 HST UE demod |
| R4-2203543 | Samsung | Proposal 1: RAN4 define UE demodulation requirements with transmission schemes as   * Case 1: Uni-directional scenario A with DPS scheme 1b * Case 2: Bi-directional scenario B with DPS scheme 1a * Test applicable rule   + If UE is capable of more than 1 activated TCI state, UE should pass test both case 1 and case 2, otherwise, UE should only pass test of case 2   Proposal 2: RAN4 apply the following value for PDSCH allocation timeline for Uni-directional scenario A with DPS scheme 1b   * THARQ = 4 * TMAC = 24   Proposal 3: RAN4 apply the following test setup for Uni-directional scenario A with DPS scheme 1b   * Step 1: Two RRHs of RRH#(2k), RRH#(2k+1) are assumed, and SSB#(2k mod 4) and SSB#((2k+1 )mod 4) are transmitted for each TRPs, separately, where k is the RRH number with k =0, 1, 2, ….   + UE is configured with TCI#(2k mod 4) and TCI #((2k+1)mod 4) that are associated with TRS #(2k mod 4) and TRS#((2k+1)mod 4) transmitted from RRH#(2k) and RRH#(2k+1) respectively by RRC signalling tci-StatesToAddModList in the PDSCH-Config and tci-PresentInDCI is not configured;   + All the configured TCI states are known to UE. UE is configured with NZP-CSI-RS resource for L1-RSRP measurements by RRC signaling nzp-CSI-RS-ResourceSet within the CSI-ResourceConfig and periodic CSI reporting by setting reportConfigType to periodic and reportQuantity to cri-RSRP (Note: reported L1-RSRP mesurements are not tested) * Step 2: TE actives TCI #0 for PDCCH by “TCI State Indication for UE-specific PDCCH MAC CE”; * Step 3: PDSCH associated with TCI #0 is transmitted during the slots from 0 to [n-1 + THARQ + TMAC] * Step4 : In slot n TE start triggering TCI state switching command to TCI #1 by “TCI State Indication for UE-specific PDCCH MAC CE”; * Step 5: PDSCH associated with TCI #1 is transmitted in slots from n+1 + THARQ + TMAC to [N-1]. * PDSCH associated with TCI#(k mod 4) (k=1) is transmitted in slot from 0 to [n-1 + THARQ + TMAC] * PDSCH associated with TCI #(k mod 4) (k=2, 3,…) is transmitted in slot from [(k-1)\*n+1 + THARQ + TMAC] to [(k)n-1+ THARQ + TMAC], where n =57600 is the number of slots between the location of (k-1)Ds- DS\_offset and the location of (k)⋅DS-DS\_offset. And k is the RRH number in the channel model. * PDCCH and PDSCH are DTXed in other slots in which throughput statistics are not considered * The output of RRM discussion regarding FR2 HST TCI state switching time line can be considered to PDSCH requirement test setup. |
| R4-2203544 | Samsung | Proposal 1: RAN4 apply the following value for PDSCH allocation timeline for Bi-directional scenario B with DPS scheme 1a   * THARQ = 4 * TMAC proc = 24 * TfirstSSB = 80 * TSSB proc = 16 * TfirstTRSafterSSB  = 24 * TTRS proc = 16   **P**roposal 2: RAN4 apply the following test setup for Bi-directional scenario B with DPS scheme 1a   * Step 1: Three RRHs of RRH#(k-1), RRH#(k), RRH#(k+1) are assumed, and SSB#((2(k-1)+l)mod8), SSB#((2k+l)mod8), and SSB#((2(k+1)+l)mod8) are transmitted from each TRPs, separately, where k is the RRH number with k=1,2,3,…, l is the SSB index with l=0,1   + UE is configured with TCI#((2(k-1)+1) mod 8) (l=0,1) , TCI #((2k+1) mod 8) (l=0,1) and TCI#(((2k+1)+1)mod 8) (l=0,1) transmitted from RRH#(k-1), RRH#(k) and RRH#(k+1) respectively by RRC signalling tci-StatesToAddModList in the PDSCH-Config and tci-PresentInDCI is not configured;   + All the configured TCI states are known to UE. UE is configured with NZP-CSI-RS resource for L1-RSRP measurements by RRC signaling nzp-CSI-RS-ResourceSet within the CSI-ResourceConfig and periodic CSI reporting by setting reportConfigType to periodic and reportQuantity to cri-RSRP (Note: reported L1-RSRP measurements are not tested) * Step 2: TE actives TCI #2 for PDCCH by “TCI State Indication for UE-specific PDCCH MAC CE”; * Step 3: PDSCH associated with TCI #2 is transmitted during the slots from 0 to [n-1 + THARQ + TMAC ]; * Step 4: In slot n TE start triggering TCI state switching command to TCI #1 by “TCI State Indication for UE-specific PDCCH MAC CE”; * Step 5: PDSCH associated with TCI #1 is transmitted in slots from n+1 + THARQ + TMAC + TfirstSSB + TSSB proc + TfirstTRSafterSSB + TTRS proc to [2n-1+ THARQ + TMAC] * Step 6: In slot 2n TE start triggering TCI state switching command to TCI# 4 by “TCI State Indication for UE-specific PDCCH MAC CE” * Step 7: PDSCH associated with TCI #4 is transmitted in slots from [2n+1 + THARQ + TMAC + TfirstSSB + TSSB proc + TfirstTRSafterSSB + TSSB proc] to [3n-1+THARQ + TMAC] ; * PDSCH associated with TCI#(2k mod 8) (k=1) is transmitted in slot from 0 to [n-1 + THARQ + TMAC] * PDSCH associated with TCI #(2k mod 8) (k=2,3, …) is transmitted in slot from [(2k-2)n +1 + THARQ + TMAC + TfirstSSB + TSSB proc + TfirstTRSafterSSB + TTRS proc] to [(2k-1)n-1 + THARQ + TMAC] * PDSCH associated with TCI #((2k+1)mod 8) (k=0,1,2,…) is transmitted in slot from [(2k+1)n +1+ THARQ + TMAC + TfirstSSB + TSSB proc + TfirstTRSafterSSB + TTRS proc] to [(2(k+1)n-1+ THARQ + TMAC], where n =28800 slots is the half of the number of slots between two RRHs. * PDCCH and PDSCH are DTXed in other slots in which throughput statistic are not considered * The output of RRM discussion regarding FR2 HST TCI state switching time line can be considered to PDSCH requirement test setup. |
| R4-2204255 | CMCC | Observation 1: taking different scenario (scenario A and scenario B, uni-directional deployment and bi-directional deployment) and DPS transmission scheme into account, in total, there are 5 cases need to be considered:   * uni-directional scenario A with DPS scheme 1b (case 1) * uni-directional scenario A with DPS scheme 1a * uni-directional scenario B with DPS scheme 1b * uni-directional scenario B with DPS scheme 1a * bi-directional scenario B with DPS scheme 1a (case 2)   Observation 2: with the applicability rule of option 1, the performance of uni-directional scenario B with DPS scheme 1b and the performance of uni-directional scenario B with DPS scheme 1a are not guaranteed.  Observation 3: with the applicability rule of option 2, the performance of 5 cases summarized in observation 1 are guaranteed without introducing additional test cases.  Proposal 1: the applicability rule is proposed as following (option 2):   * If UE is capable of more than 1 activated TCI state, UE should pass test both case 1 and case 2, otherwise, UE should only pass test of case 2 * If UE passes case 1 (Uni-directional scenario A with DPS scheme 1b), the performance of Uni-directional scenario B with DPS scheme 1b are also guaranteed. |
| R4-2204387 | Intel | Proposal 1: Consider CSI-RS offset as 5 slots for CSI-RS for tracking resources 1, 2, 5 and 6. Consider CSI-RS offset as 6 slots for CSI-RS for tracking resources 3, 4, 7 and 8.  Proposal 2: Consider THARQ and TMAC Proc as 2 and 24 slots respectively for un-directional scenario A.  Proposal 3: For test case with bi-directional deployment consider: slot index per frame to carry MAC CE command is 2; THARQ as 2 slots; TMAC Proc as 24 slots; TfirstSSB as 134 slots; TSSB proc as 16 slots; TfirstTRSafterSSB as 69 slots; TTRS pro as 16 slots.  Proposal 4: Consider Option 1 as the test applicability rule.  Proposal 5: Schedule PDSCH in TDD special slots |
| R4-2204388 | Intel | DraftCR to TS 38.101-4: Applicability rules for HST FR2 PDSCH requirements |
| R4-2204432 | ZTE | Proposal 1: Option 1 is preferred for UE demodulation requirements.  Proposal 2: The following values can be considered as the excluded period for throughput statistics.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | **parameter** | **Value(# of slot)** | | **THARQ** | **8** | | **TMAC proc** | **8** | | **TfirstSSB** | **80** | | **TSSB proc** | **8** | | **TfirstTRSafterSSB** | **40** | | **TTRS pro** | **8** | |
| R4-2205083 | Ericsson | Proposal 1: Define UE demodulation requirements for Rel-17 FR2 HST-DPS with the applicability rule:   * Define FR2 PDSCH demodulation requirements with two cases:   + Case 1: Uni-directional scenario A with DPS scheme 1b   + Case 2: Bi-directional scenario B with DPS scheme 1a * If UE is capable of more than one activated TCI states, UE should pass both Case 1 and Case 2. If UE is capable of one activated TCI state, UE should pass Case 2 only.   Proposal 2: Configure NZP CSI-RS resources for CSI acquisition for all the TCI states so that the target TCI sate is known at the active TCI switching.  Proposal 3: Use the following parameters to derive the period after receiving MAC CE active TCI switching.   * THARQ = 2 (slots) * TMAC Proc = 3 (slots) * TSSB Proc = TTRS Proc = 2 (slots) * TfirstSSB and TfirstTRSafterSSB depending on the scheduling |
| R4-2205084 | Ericsson | draft CR: FRC for PDSCH demodulation requirement for FR2 HST |
| R4-2205756 | Huawei | Proposal 1: Agree the following applicability and do not any have impact on the specification.   * If UE passes case 1 (Uni-directional scenario A with DPS scheme 1b), the performance of Uni-directional scenario B with DPS scheme 1b are also guaranteed.   Proposal 2: For Uni-directional scenario with DPS scheme 1b, use same method as HST FR1 DPS to scheduling TCI state switching command using MCS4 in the slots where SSB transmitted, i.e. slot#57600n+56800 that is the closest SSB transmission slots. Then THARQ can be 4 slots based on specific “DDDSU” TDD pattern and TMAC Proc can be 24 slots that is corresponding to 3ms.  Proposal 3: Change the TRS configuration for TRS resource set 2 from l0=6/10 to l0=4/8. |
| R4-2205757 | Huawei | Proposal 1: For Bi-directional scenario with DPS scheme 1a, use same method as HST FR1 DPS to scheduling TCI state switching command using MCS4 in the slots where SSB transmitted, i.e. slot#28800n that is the closest SSB transmission slots. Then THARQ can be 4 slots based on specific “DDDSU” TDD pattern, TMAC Proc can be 24 slots that is corresponding to 3ms, TfirstSSB can be 132 slots that is calculated by min(SSB@slot#160n-THARQ-TMAC Proc), TSSB proc can be 16 slots that is corresponding to 2ms, TfirstTRSafterSSB can be 66 slots that is calculated by min(TRS@slot#(80n+2)-TSSB), TTRS proc can be 16 slots that is corresponding to 2ms.  Proposal 2: Change the TRS configuration for TRS resource set 2 from l0=6/10 to l0=4/8. |
| R4-2206073 | Qualcomm | Proposal 1: On the test applicability rules, we prefer to keep current agreement and support Option 1.  Proposal 2: Regarding the PDSCH timeline for bidirectional deployment, assume THARQ, TMAC proc, TSSB proc, TTRS proc, TfirstTRSafterSSB according to the computations above.   * THARQ Number of slots between PDSCH and corresponding HARQ-ACK information = 4 Slots (based on the agreed DDDSU TDD Pattern); * TMAC proc Number of slots for MAC CE processing = 24 Slots; (assuming 3ms); * TSSB proc Number of slots for SSB processing = 16 Slots (assuming 2ms); * TTRS proc Number of slots for TRS processing = 16 Slots (assuming 2ms); * TfirstTRSafterSSB Number of slots to the first TRS transmission occasion available after (TfirstSSB + TSSB proc) = 64 Slots (based on the agreed 10ms periodicity and TSSB proc=16);   Proposal 3: Regarding the PDSCH timeline, agree on the number of slots between adjacent TCI switch points on the tracks: n = 28800 Slots (assuming UE speed = 350km/h).  Observation 1: If the frame timing and the TCI switch pattern are aligned at t=0, x=0, then according to the values proposed in the previous section, TfirstSSB = 131 Slots.  Observation 2: If the frame boundary is not aligned with the UE at the start or only the first TCI switching command is offset with respect to the pattern, then TfirstSSB can be chosen during the design phase and reduced to optimize UE processing of target RS.  Proposal 4: RAN4 to consider how to set TfirstSSB depending on the two proposed approaches for alignment between TDD Frame and TCI switching timeline as described above and in the picture. |

## Open issues summary

Last RAN4 meeting agreements in the WF R4-2203093

List of open issues

* Sub-topic 1-1 Common setup
  + Issue 1-1-1: Test cases definition and test applicability rule
  + Issue 1-1-2: CSI-RS/TRS configuration
  + Issue 1-1-3: NZP CSI-RS resource configuration
  + Issue 1-1-4: Whether to schedule PDSCH in TDD special slots
* Sub-topic 1-2: PDSCH requirement for Uni-directional scenario
  + Issue 1-2-1: Slot for scheduling TCI switching command
  + Issue 1-2-2: PDSCH allocation timeline for Uni-directional scenario with DPS scheme 1b
  + Issue 1-2-3: Test setup for PDSCH allocation timeline for Uni-directional scenario
* Sub-topic 1-3: PDSCH requirement for Bi-directional scenario
  + Issue 1-3-1: Slot for scheduling TCI switching command
  + Issue 1-3-2: Method to set Tfirst SSB
  + Issue 1-3-3: PDSCH allocation time for Bi-directional scenario with DPS scheme 1a
  + Issue 1-3-4: Test setup for PDSCH allocation timeline for Bi-directional scenario

### Sub-topic 1-1: Common setup

**Issue 1-1-1: Test cases definition and test applicability rule**

* Observation
  + Observation 1(CMCC):
    - taking different scenario (scenario A and scenario B, uni-directional deployment and bi-directional deployment) and DPS transmission scheme into account, in total, there are 5 cases need to be considered:
* uni-directional scenario A with DPS scheme 1b (case 1)
* uni-directional scenario A with DPS scheme 1a
* uni-directional scenario B with DPS scheme 1b
* uni-directional scenario B with DPS scheme 1a
* bi-directional scenario B with DPS scheme 1a (case 2)
* PDCCH/PDSCH/PBCH SFN transmitted from two RRHs
  + - With current applicability agreed in last meeting, even if both case 1 (Uni-directional scenario A with DPS scheme 1b) and case 2 (Bi-directional scenario B with DPS scheme 1a) are tested, the performance of bi-directional scenario A with DPS scheme 1b and the performance of uni-directional scenario B with DPS 1a are not guaranteed.
    - With the applicability rule of option 2, the performance of 5 cases summarized in observation 1 are guaranteed without introducing additional test cases.
* Proposals
  + Option 1 (Intel, Samsung, ZTE, Qualcomm, Ericsson):
    - If UE is capable of more than 1 activated TCI state, UE should pass test both case 1 and case 2, otherwise, UE should only pass test of case 2
  + Option 2 (CMCC): Update the test applicability rule
    - If UE is capable of more than 1 activated TCI state, UE should pass test both case 1 and case 2, otherwise, UE should only pass test of case 2
    - If UE passes case 1 (Uni-directional scenario A with DPS scheme 1b), the performance of Uni-directional scenario B with DPS scheme 1b are also guaranteed.
  + Option 3 (Huawei): Agree the following applicability and do not have any impact on the specification.
    - If UE passes case 1 (Uni-directional scenario A with DPS scheme 1b), the performance of Uni-directional scenario B with DPS scheme 1b are also guaranteed.
* Recommended WF
  + RAN4 define UE demodulation requirements with transmission schemes with test applicable rule as
    - Case 1: Uni-directional scenario A with DPS scheme 1b
    - Case 2: Bi-directional scenario B with DPS scheme 1a
    - Test applicable rule
* If UE is capable of more than 1 activated TCI state, UE should pass test both case 1 and case 2, otherwise, UE should only pass test of case 2

**Issue 1-1-2: CSI-RS/TRS configuration**

* Proposals
  + Option 1(Huawei): Change the TRS configuration for TRS resource set 2 from l0=6/10 to l0 =4/8
  + Option 2(Intel): Consider CSI-RS offset as 5 slots for tracking resources 1,2, 5 and 6, and consider CSI-RS offset as 6 slots for CSI-RS for tracking resource 3,4,7 and 8
* Recommended WF
  + Encourage comments if any.

**Issue 1-1-3: NZP CSI-RS resources configuration**

* Proposals
  + Option 1(Ericsson): Configure NZP CSI-RS resources for CSI acquisition for all the TCI states so that the target TCI sate is known at the active TCI switching.
* Recommended WF
  + Option 1

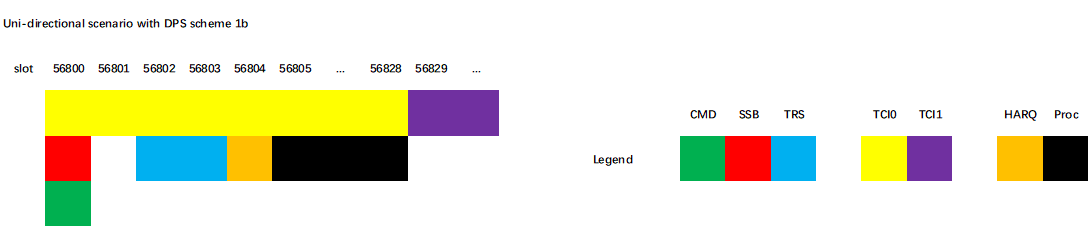
**Issue 1-1-4: Whether to schedule PDSCH in TDD special slots**

* Proposals
  + Option 1(Intel): Yes
* Recommended WF
  + Option 1

### Sub-topic 1-2: PDSCH requirement for Uni-directional scenario

**Issue 1-2-1: Slot for scheduling TCI switching command**

* Proposals
  + Option 1(Samsung): slot# 57600n slots (assuming UE speed =350km/h)
  + Option 2 (Huawei): slot#57600n+56800 slots



* Recommended WF
  + Encourage comments if any.

**Issue 1-2-2: PDSCH allocation timeline for Uni-directional scenario A with DPS scheme 1b**

* Proposals
  + Option 1(Samsung, Huawei, Qualcomm):
    - THARQ = 4 (slots)
    - TMAC proc = 24 (slots)
  + Option 2(ZTE):
    - THARQ = 8 (slots)
    - TMAC proc = 8 (slots)
  + Option 3(Ericsson):
    - THARQ = 2 (slots)
    - TMAC proc = 3 (slots)
  + Option 4(Intel):
    - THARQ = 2 (slots)
    - TMAC proc = 24 (slots)
* Recommended WF
  + RAN4 apply the following value for PDSCH allocation timeline for Uni-directional scenario A with DPS scheme 1b
    - THARQ = 4 (slots)
    - TMAC proc = 24 (slots)

**Issue 1-2-3: Test setup for PDSCH allocation timeline for Uni-directional scenario**

* Proposals
  + Option 1(Samsung):
    - Step 1: Two RRHs of RRH#(2k), RRH#(2k+1) are assumed, and SSB#(2k mod 4) and SSB#((2k+1 )mod 4) are transmitted for each TRPs, separately, where k is the RRH number with k =0, 1, 2, ….
* UE is configured with TCI#(2k mod 4) and TCI #((2k+1)mod 4) that are associated with TRS #(2k mod 4) and TRS#((2k+1)mod 4) transmitted from RRH#(2k) and RRH#(2k+1) respectively by RRC signalling tci-StatesToAddModList in the PDSCH-Config and tci-PresentInDCI is not configured;
* All the configured TCI states are known to UE. UE is configured with NZP-CSI-RS resource for L1-RSRP measurements by RRC signaling nzp-CSI-RS-ResourceSet within the CSI-ResourceConfig and periodic CSI reporting by setting reportConfigType to periodic and reportQuantity to cri-RSRP (Note: reported L1-RSRP mesurements are not tested)
  + - Step 2: TE actives TCI #0 for PDCCH by “TCI State Indication for UE-specific PDCCH MAC CE”;
    - Step 3: PDSCH associated with TCI #0 is transmitted during the slots from 0 to [n-1 + THARQ + TMAC]
    - Step4 : In slot n TE start triggering TCI state switching command to TCI #1 by “TCI State Indication for UE-specific PDCCH MAC CE”;
    - Step 5: PDSCH associated with TCI #1 is transmitted in slots from n+1 + THARQ + TMAC to [N-1].
    - PDSCH associated with TCI#(k mod 4) (k=1) is transmitted in slot from 0 to [n-1 + THARQ + TMAC]
    - PDSCH associated with TCI #(k mod 4) (k=2, 3,…) is transmitted in slot from [(k-1)\*n+1 + THARQ + TMAC] to [(k)n-1+ THARQ + TMAC], where n =57600 is the number of slots between the location of (k-1)Ds- DS\_offset and the location of (k)⋅DS-DS\_offset. And k is the RRH number in the channel model.
    - PDCCH and PDSCH are DTXed in other slots in which throughput statistics are not considered
    - The output of RRM discussion regarding FR2 HST TCI state switching time line can be considered to PDSCH requirement test setup.
* Recommended WF
  + Encourage comments if any.

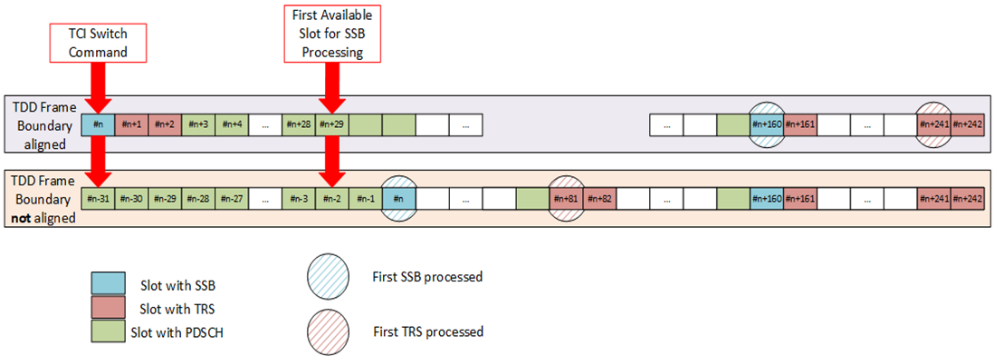
### Sub-topic 1-3: PDSCH requirement for Bi-directional scenario

**Issue 1-3-1: Slot for scheduling TCI switching command**

* Proposals
  + Option 1(Qualcomm, Huawei, Samsung): slot# 28800n slots (assuming UE speed =350km/h)
* Recommended WF
  + Option 1

**Issue 1-3-2: Method to set Tfirst SSB**

* Observations
  + Observation 1(Qualcomm):
    - If the frame timing and the TCI switch pattern are aligned at t=0, x=0, then according to the values proposed in the previous section, TfirstSSB = 131 Slots.
    - If the frame boundary is not aligned with the UE at the start or only the first TCI switching command is offset with respect to the pattern, then TfirstSSB can be chosen during the design phase and reduced to optimize UE processing of target RS.
* Proposals
  + Option 1(Qualcomm):
    - RAN4 to consider how to set TfirstSSB depending on the two proposed approaches for alignment between TDD Frame and TCI switching timeline as described above and in the picture



* Recommended WF
  + Encourage comments if any

**Issue 1-3-3: PDSCH allocation timeline for Bi-directional scenario B with DPS scheme 1a**

* Proposals
  + Option 1(Samsung):
    - THARQ = 4 (slots)
    - TMAC proc = 24 (slots)
    - TfirstSSB = 80 (slots)
    - TSSB pros  = 16 (slots)
    - TfirstTRSafterSSB = 24 (slots)
    - TTRSproc  = 16 (slots)
  + Option 2(ZTE):
    - THARQ = 8 (slots)
    - TMAC proc = 8 (slots)
    - TfirstSSB = 80(slots)
    - TSSB pros  = 80 (slots)
    - TfirstTRSafterSSB = 40 (slots)
    - TTRSproc  = 8 (slots)
  + Option 3(Intel)
    - THARQ = 2 (slots)
    - TMAC proc = 24 (slots)
    - TfirstSSB = 134 (slots)
    - TSSB pros  = 16 (slots)
    - TfirstTRSafterSSB = 69 (slots)
    - TTRSproc  = 16 (slots)
  + Option 4(Ericsson):
    - THARQ = 2 (slots)
    - TMAC proc = 3 (slots)
    - TSSB pros  = 2 (slots)
    - TTRSproc  = 2 (slots)
    - TfirstTRSafterSSB and TfirstSSB depending on the scheduling
  + Option 5(Huawei):
    - THARQ = 4 (slots)
    - TMAC proc = 24 (slots)
    - TfirstSSB = 132 (slots), based on min (SSB@slot#160n-THARQ-TMAC Proc)
    - TSSB pros  = 16 (slots)
    - TfirstTRSafterSSB = 66 (slots), based on min(TRS@slot#(80n+2)-TSSB)
    - TTRSproc  = 16 (slots)
  + Option 6(Qualcomm):
    - THARQ = 4 (slots) (based on agreed DDDSU TDD pattern)
    - TMAC proc = 24 (slots) (Assuming 3ms)
    - TSSB pros  = 16 (slots) (Assuming 2ms)
    - TTRSproc  = 16 (slots) (Assuming 2m)
    - TfirstSSB = 131 (slots), based on the alignment of TDD pattern and TCI switching timeline
    - TfirstTRSafterSSB = 64 (slots), based on the agreed 10ms periodicity and TSSB proc =16
* Recommended WF
  + RAN4 apply the following value for PDSCH allocation timeline for Bi-directional scenario A with DPS scheme 1a
    - THARQ = 4 (slots)
    - TMAC proc = 24 (slots)
    - TTRSproc  = 16 (slots)
    - TSSB pros = 16 (slots)
  + FFS on Value of TfirstSSB
    - Option 1 (Samsung): 80
    - Option 2 (ZTE): 80
    - Option 3 (Intel): 134
    - Option 4 (Ericsson): pending on the schedule
    - Option 5 (Huawei): 132
    - Option 6 (Qualcomm): 131
  + FFS on Value of TfirstTRSafterSSB
    - Option 1 (Samsung): 24
    - Option 2 (ZTE): 40
    - Option 3 (Intel ): 69
    - Option 4 (Ericsson): pending on the schedule
    - Option 5 (Huawei): 66
    - Option 6 (Qualcomm): 64

**Issue 1-3-4: Test setup for PDSCH allocation timeline for Bi-directional scenario**

* Proposals
  + Option 1(Samsung):
    - Step 1: Three RRHs of RRH#(k-1), RRH#(k), RRH#(k+1) are assumed, and SSB#((2(k-1)+l)mod8), SSB#((2k+l)mod8), and SSB#((2(k+1)+l)mod8) are transmitted from each TRPs, separately, where k is the RRH number with k=1,2,3,…, l is the SSB index with l=0,1
* UE is configured with TCI#((2(k-1)+1) mod 8) (l=0,1) , TCI #((2k+1) mod 8) (l=0,1) and TCI#(((2k+1)+1)mod 8) (l=0,1) transmitted from RRH#(k-1), RRH#(k) and RRH#(k+1) respectively by RRC signalling tci-StatesToAddModList in the PDSCH-Config and tci-PresentInDCI is not configured;
* All the configured TCI states are known to UE. UE is configured with NZP-CSI-RS resource for L1-RSRP measurements by RRC signalling nzp-CSI-RS-ResourceSet within the CSI-ResourceConfig and periodic CSI reporting by setting reportConfigType to periodic and reportQuantity to cri-RSRP (Note: reported L1-RSRP measurements are not tested)
  + - Step 2: TE actives TCI #2 for PDCCH by “TCI State Indication for UE-specific PDCCH MAC CE”;
    - Step 3: PDSCH associated with TCI #2 is transmitted during the slots from 0 to [n-1 + THARQ + TMAC ];
    - Step 4: In slot n TE start triggering TCI state switching command to TCI #1 by “TCI State Indication for UE-specific PDCCH MAC CE”;
    - Step 5: PDSCH associated with TCI #1 is transmitted in slots from n+1 + THARQ + TMAC + TfirstSSB + TSSB proc + TfirstTRSafterSSB + TTRS proc to [2n-1+ THARQ + TMAC]
    - Step 6: In slot 2n TE start triggering TCI state switching command to TCI# 4 by “TCI State Indication for UE-specific PDCCH MAC CE”
    - Step 7: PDSCH associated with TCI #4 is transmitted in slots from [2n+1 + THARQ + TMAC + TfirstSSB + TSSB proc + TfirstTRSafterSSB + TSSB proc] to [3n-1+THARQ + TMAC] ;
    - PDSCH associated with TCI#(2k mod 8) (k=1) is transmitted in slot from 0 to [n-1 + THARQ + TMAC]
    - PDSCH associated with TCI #(2k mod 8) (k=2,3, …) is transmitted in slot from [(2k-2)n +1 + THARQ + TMAC + TfirstSSB + TSSB proc + TfirstTRSafterSSB + TTRS proc] to [(2k-1)n-1 + THARQ + TMAC]
    - PDSCH associated with TCI #((2k+1)mod 8) (k=0,1,2,…) is transmitted in slot from [(2k+1)n +1+ THARQ + TMAC + TfirstSSB + TSSB proc + TfirstTRSafterSSB + TTRS proc] to [(2(k+1)n-1+ THARQ + TMAC), where n =28800 slots is the half of the number of slots between two RRHs.
    - PDCCH and PDSCH are DTXed in other slots in which throughput statistic are not considered
    - The output of RRM discussion regarding FR2 HST TCI state switching time line can be considered to PDSCH requirement test setup
* Recommended WF
  + Encourage comments if any.

## Companies views’ collection for 1st round

### Open issues

*One of the two formats, i.e. either example 1 or 2 can be used by moderators.*

Sub topic 1-1

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| XXX | Issue 1-1-1  Issue 1-1-2  Issue 1-1-3  Issue 1-1-4 |

Sub topic 1-2

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| XXX | Issue 1-2-1  Issue 1-2-2  Issue 1-2-3 |

Sub topic 1-3

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| XXX | Issue 1-3-1  Issue 1-3-2  Issue 1-3-3  Issue 1-3-4 |

### CRs/TPs comments collection

*For close-to-finalize Wis and maintenance work, comments collections can be arranged for TPs and CRs. For ongoing Wis, suggest to focus on open issues discussion on 1st round.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **Comments collection** |
| R4-2204388  (DraftCR to TS 38.101-4: Applicability rules for HST FR2 PDSCH requirements) | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |
| R4-2205084  (draft CR: FRC for PDSCH demodulation requirement for FR2 HST) | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |
| R4-2205754  (Draft CR on minimum requirements for PDSCH HST-DPS (38.101-4)) | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |
| R4-2206077  (draft CR for FR2 HST - High speed Train Scenarios (B.3.4)) | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |

## Summary for 1st round

### Open issues

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round, list all the identified open issues and tentative agreements or candidate options and suggestion for 2nd round i.e. WF assignment.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Status summary** |
| **Sub-topic #1** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

### CRs/TPs

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round and provides recommendation on CRs/TPs Status update*

*Note: The tdoc decisions shall be provided in Section 3 and this table is optional in case moderators would like to provide additional information.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **CRs/TPs Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 1st round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

## Discussion on 2nd round (if applicable)

# Recommendations for Tdocs

## 1st round

**New tdocs**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Title** | **Source** | **Comments** |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

**Existing tdocs**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Tdoc number** | **Title** | **Source** | **Recommendation** | **Comments** |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Notes:

1. Please include the summary of recommendations for all tdocs across all sub-topics incl. existing and new tdocs.
2. For the Recommendation column please include one of the following:
   1. CRs/TPs: Agreeable, Revised, Merged, Postponed, Not Pursued
   2. Other documents: Agreeable, Revised, Noted
3. For new LS documents, please include information on To/Cc WGs in the comments column
4. Do not include hyper-links in the documents

## 2nd round

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Tdoc number** | **Title** | **Source** | **Recommendation** | **Comments** |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Notes:

1. Please include the summary of recommendations for all tdocs across all sub-topics.
2. For the Recommendation column please include one of the following:
   1. CRs/TPs: Agreeable, Revised, Merged, Postponed, Not Pursued
   2. Other documents: Agreeable, Revised, Noted
3. Do not include hyper-links in the documents

# Annex

Contact information

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Name** | **Email address** |
| Moderator (Samsung) | Yunchuan Yang | yc0301.yang@samsung.com |

Note:

1. Please add your contact information in above table once you make comments on this email thread.
2. If multiple delegates from the same company make comments on single email thread, please add you name as suffix after company name when make comments i.e. Company A (XX, XX)