3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 Meeting #115-e R2-210xxxx

Electronic, August 16 –August 27, 2021

Agenda Item: 8.10.3.3

Source: CMCC

Title: Report of [AT115-e][112][NTN] SMTC and gaps (CMCC)

Document for: Discussion and Decision

# 1 Introduction

The UE measurement issue caused by propagation delay difference between satellites had been discussed in previous meetings, but there are still some controversial issues left. Hence, this offline discussion aims to address the left issue and reach some agreements for topics in 8.10.3.3 as follows:

* [AT115-e][112][NTN] SMTC and gaps (CMCC)

Final scope: Discuss the proposals in [R2-2108286](file:///C%3A%5CData%5C3GPP%5CExtracts%5CR2-2108286%20Remaining%20Issues%20on%20SMTC%20and%20measurement%20Gap%20configuration%20for%20NTN.docx)

Intended outcome: Summary of the offline discussion with e.g.:

§ List of proposals for agreement (if any)

§ List of proposals for further discussion

Final deadline (for companies' feedback): Thursday 2021-08-26 1000 UTC

Final deadline (for rapporteur's summary in R2-2109135): Thursday 2021-08-26 1500 UTC

Proposals marked "for agreement" in R2-2109135 not challenged Friday 2021-08-27 0300 UTC will be declared as agreed via email by the session chair (for the rest the discussion might continue online during the CB session).

We’d like to organize the offline discussion into two phases as follows:

**Phase1:** Participants are invited to give comments on the questions before the deadline and the deadline for phase1 is Thursday 2021-08-26 1000 UTC. After the deadline of phase1, the rapporteur will give the summary very soon and trigger Phase2 discussion with proposals.

**Phase2:** Companies are encourage to comments on the proposals in the summary before Thursday 2021-08-26 1500 UTC.

**Note1:** All the proposals listed in the summary will be categorized into two types:

**Type1:** proposal for agreement, e.g. reach consensus by the majority.

**Type2:** proposal needs further discussion.

Note2: Proposals marked "for agreement" in R2-2109135 not challenged Friday 2021-08-27 0300 UTC will be declared as agreed via email by the session chair (for the rest the discussion might continue online during the CB session).

**Background of the issues**

For NTN scenario, as shown in Fig.1, the situation on propagation delay difference in NTN system is quite different from that in TN system leading to quite large propagation delay difference. Then UE will miss the SSB/CSI-RS measurement window of neighbour satellites in NTN system, which is not expected. Therefore, the measurement configuration containing both SMTC and MG need to consider the propagation delay or propagation delay difference information as mentioned in [1~8].



**Fig.1 Distance difference between two satellites**

# 2 Discussion

In the RAN2 113bis-e meeting, one or more SMTC configuration(s) associated to one frequency can be configured has been agreed. While there is FFS issue that **(a) can the UE be configured with multiple SMTCs per carrier and use them all in parallel?** Considering different propagation delays between different satellites and a given UE, it is necessary to provide SMTC configuration for the UE to adapt to different propagation delays. So, companies are invited to provide preference about that whether to allow the UE be configured with multiple SMTCs per carrier and use them in parallel.

**Question 1: Do companies prefer to allow the UE be configured with multiple SMTCs per carrier and use them in parallel?**

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Yes/No** | **Comment / alternative proposal** |
| CMCC | Yes |  |
| Lenovo | Yes | The propagation delays to different neighboring cells may be different. |
| Ericsson | yes | Our understanding is that this was agreed |
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Summary:

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Regarding the specific maximum number of SMTC configuration in one measurement object with the same *ssbFrequency*, and considering the potential requirement for NR positioning, the current 2 SMTC configuration is not enough[1][2][8], however, there may be not so much appropriate neighbor satellites. So we could define the maximum number as 3 or 4.

**Question 2: Do companies would like that the specific maximum number of SMTC configuration in one measurement object with the same *ssbFrequency* can be 3 or 4? Or please provide your preferred maximum number.**

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| **Company** | **Yes/No** | **Comment / alternative proposal** |
| CMCC | Yes |  |
| Lenovo | Yes |  |
| Ericsson | yes |  |
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Summary:

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For the FFS issue that how the NW knows which SMTC (incl. offsets/periodicity, etc.) is relevant for a particular UE. Generally, the measurement configuration is generated and provided by NW, based on the propagation delay difference between at least one target cell and the serving cell for a given UE. Nevertheless, to address this issue, both the NW-based SMTC/GAP configuration scheme and the UE-based SMTC/GAP selection scheme could be considered.

**Option 1:** **NW-based solution,** i.e. the final SMTC/measurement gap configuration is generated and provided by NW, based on the propagation delay difference between at least one target cell and the serving cell of a given UE.

**Option 2: UE-based solution,** i.e. the NW configures a UE with multiple SMTC/measurement gap configurations corresponding to different propagation delay information, and the UE select an appropriate measurement configuration matching the UE-calculated propagation delay difference. Further, to have a consistent understanding between UE and NW, UE needs explicitly or implicitly report the selected SMTC/measurement gap configuration to the NW

**Question 3: Which option is companies’ preference, option 1, option 2 or both?**

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Option 1, option 2 or both** | **Comment / alternative proposal** |
| CMCC | Both |  |
| Lenovo | Both | Option 1 can be the baseline. For option 2 alignment between UE and NW could be necessary. |
| Ericsson | either | If option 2 the explicit indication helps network to know a configured measurement gap is not needed. However, it may be changing over time and we need to be careful not to introduce too much extra signaling. |
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Summary:

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RAN2 had agreed that the multiple SMTC configurations are enabled by introducing different new offsets in addition to the legacy SMTC configuration. FFS how the offsets will be managed/signalled. Hence, for NW-based SMTC/GAP Configuration scheme, the final SMTC/measurement gap configuration is generated and provided by NW, based on the propagation delay difference between at least one target cell and the serving cell of a given UE. And network can derive the propagation delay difference between at least one target cell and the serving cell according to the ephemeris and/or UE reported information like propagation delay or UE location, etc., which is similar to the traditional procedure of UE requesting something from the NW, and the serving cell correspondingly provided proper measurement configuration to the UE taking the UE reported information into account.

Proposal 3: RAN2 can regard NW-based SMTC/GAP configuration scheme as baseline, i.e., the serving cell provided proper measurement configuration to the UE according to the ephemeris and/or UE reported information like UE location or propagation delay etc.

**Question 4: Do you think it is necessary of the UE to report assistant information to the NW (which can be configured by NW or upon NW’s request) to assist NW calculating the offset for SMTC/GAP configurations?**

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| **Company** | **Yes/No** | **Comment / alternative proposal** |
| CMCC | Yes | to assist NW calculating the offset for SMTC/GAP configurations |
| Lenovo | Yes | UE assistance information of the propagation delay difference can help in appropriate measurement gap/window configuration. The assistance information can be the propagation delay difference from the UE to its serving and neighboring cells, or just the propagation delay from the UE to its neighboring cells with TA reported in connected mode. |
| Ericsson | yes | UE’s location is useful and might be needed to be able to configured SMTC properly |
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**Question 5: If the answer to question 4 is yes, which information would you prefer, UE location or propagation delay?**

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| **Company** | **UE location or propagation delay** | **Comment / alternative proposal** |
| CMCC | No strong position on this |  |
| Lenovo | Propagation delay | Propagation delay difference is the very reason of the issue. The assistance information can be the propagation delay difference from the UE to its serving and neighboring cells, or just the propagation delay from the UE to its neighboring cells with TA reported in connected mode.More specifically, as information of propagation delay difference between feeder links can be obtained by network implementation, the propagation delay difference or delay included in UE assistance can be associated with the service links.UE location information is not always available due to privacy risks or UE’s consent. And to calculate the delay difference the location must be accurate enough. The propagation delay difference or delay is of less signaling overhead and can be directly used by network. |
| Ericsson | location | Already been discussed |
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If UE-based solution is supported, in order for the UE and the NW to have a consistent understanding, do companies agree to introduce an explicit or implicit indication to the NW to report the selected SMTC/measurement gap configuration, e.g. a configuration index.

**Question 6: Do companies agree that introducing an explicit or implicit indication to the NW to report the selected SMTC/measurement gap configuration by the UE to keep an alignment?**

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Yes/No** | **Comment / alternative proposal** |
| Lenovo | Yes if supported | Aligned understanding between UE and NW for the measurement gap/window is necessary. |
| Ericsson | positive | We think it is useful but are bit concerned on added signaling |
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Summary:

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To help the NW to configure the SMTC/Gaps correctly, UE needs to report some assistance information [4][5][6][8], e.g. propagation delays to different satellites or propagation delay difference information between at least one target cell and the serving cell, etc.. Then, taking into account the larger RTT compared to the terrestrial network, to reduce the reporting overhead, the reporting granularity of the propagation delay could be a specific delay or a step range, for example 10ms or 100ms as a step.

Question 7: Do compaines agree that considering the large RTT delay, the reporting granularity of the propagation delay could be a specific delay or a step range to reduce the reporting overhead?

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| **Company** | **Yes/No** | **Comment / alternative proposal** |
| CMCC | Agree |  |
| Lenovo | Agree |  |
| ericsson |  | If we go with the option then yes |
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Summary:

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Regarding another FFS issue, **is there any validity: in time or for certain location only, foreseen in such multiple SMTC configuration**? Definitely, to improve measurement robustness, the validity of the measurement configuration needs to be considered due to the long RTT and the high-speed movement of the satellite[1][7][8]. So, In case of NW-based SMTC/GAP Configuration scheme, a timer or a location threshold with a pre-configured drift rate or a relative value is needed to enable the UE can timely refresh the SMTC or GAP configuration to compensate the delay variation from the satellite’s moving.

**Question 8: Do companies agree that in case of NW-based SMTC/GAP Configuration scheme, a timer or a location threshold with a pre-configured drift rate or a relative value is needed to enable the UE can timely refresh the SMTC or GAP configuration to compensate the delay variation from the satellite’s moving.**

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| **Company** | **Yes/No** | **Comment / alternative proposal** |
| CMCC | Agree |  |
| Lenovo | Agree |  |
| Ericsson | no | How does UE update configuration? Timer sounds complicated. Network can also update the configuration  |
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As some companies mentioned to send LS to RAN4 on the SMTC and GAP configuration in NTN, what’s your view?

**Question 9: Do companies consider that we should send LS to RAN4 on the SMTC and GAP configuration in NTN, e.g. maximum number of SMTC configuration per frequency?**

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| **Company** | **Yes/No** | **Comment / alternative proposal** |
| CMCC | Agree |  |
| Lenovo | Agree |  |
| Ericsson | yes | About maximum n of measurement gaps is fine |
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# **3 Summary**

Summary:

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# **4 Conclusion**

**List of proposals for agreement (if any):**

**List of proposals that require online discussions:**

# 5 References

1. R2-2001627 Impact of CG/SPS with periodicities non dividing HF length Sequans Communications[R2-2107521](file:///C%3A%5C%5CData%5C%5C3GPP%5C%5CExtracts%5C%5CR2-2107521%20Further%20views%20on%20SMTC%20configurations%20for%20NTN.docx%22%20%5Co%20%22C%3AData3GPPExtractsR2-2107521%20Further%20views%20on%20SMTC%20configurations%20for%20NTN.docx) Further views on SMTC configurations for NTN Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell discussion Rel-17 NR\_NTN\_solutions-Core [R2-2105000](file:///C%3A%5CData%5C3GPP%5Carchive%5CRAN2%5CRAN2%23114%5CTdocs%5CR2-2105000.zip)
2. [R2-2107566](file:///C%3A%5CData%5C3GPP%5CExtracts%5CR2-2107566%20SMTC%20and%20MG.doc) SMTC and MG enhancements Qualcomm Incorporated discussion Rel-17 NR\_NTN\_solutions-Core [R2-2105434](file:///C%3A%5CData%5C3GPP%5Carchive%5CRAN2%5CRAN2%23114%5CTdocs%5CR2-2105434.zip)
3. [R2-2107878](file:///C%3A%5CData%5C3GPP%5CExtracts%5CR2-2107878%20Measurement%20window%20enhancements%20for%20NTN%20cell.doc) Measurement window enhancements for NTN cell LG Electronics Inc. discussion Rel-17
4. [R2-2107911](file:///C%3A%5CData%5C3GPP%5CExtracts%5CR2-2107911%20UE%20assistance%20for%20measurement%20gap%20and%20SMTC%20configuration%20in%20NTN%20%28Revision%20of%20R2-2105819%29.docx) UE assistance for measurement gap and SMTC configuration in NTN Lenovo, Motorola Mobility discussion Rel-17
5. [R2-2108067](file:///C%3A%5CData%5C3GPP%5CExtracts%5CR2-2108067.docx) SMTC enhancement in NTN Sony discussion Rel-17 NR\_NTN\_solutions-Core
6. [R2-2108198](file:///C%3A%5CData%5C3GPP%5CExtracts%5CR2-2108198%20Remaining%20Issues%20on%20SMTC%20and%20measurement%20Gap%20configuration%20for%20NTN.docx) Discussion on UE feedback based SMTC and GAPS measurement configuration Rakuten Mobile, Inc discussion Rel-17 [R2-2105389](file:///C%3A%5CData%5C3GPP%5Carchive%5CRAN2%5CRAN2%23114%5CTdocs%5CR2-2105389.zip)
7. [R2-2108326](file:///C%3A%5CData%5C3GPP%5CExtracts%5CR2-2108326%20Efficient%20Configuration%20of%20SMTC%20and%20Measurement%20Gaps%20in%20NR-NTN.docx) Efficient Configuration of SMTC and Measurement Gaps in NR-NTN MediaTek Inc.
8. R2-2108286 Remaining Issues on SMTC and measurement Gap configuration for NTN CMCC,Ericsson,ZTE Corporation,Huawei,CATT,Lenovo, Motorola Mobility discussion Rel-17 NR\_NTN\_solutions-Core

# 6 Contact information

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| Company | Delegate contact |
| Lenovo | Min Xu (xumin13@lenovo.com) |
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