**3GPP TSG-RAN WG2** **Meeting #113-e *R2-2101039***

**Online, 25th January – 5th February 2021**

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| *CR-Form-v12.1* | | | | | | | | |
| **CHANGE REQUEST** | | | | | | | | |
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|  | **36.331** | **CR** | **4563** | **rev** | **1** | **Current version:** | **16.3.0** |  |
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| *For* [***HE******LP***](http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm#_blank)*on using this form: comprehensive instructions can be found at* [*http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests*](http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests)*.* | | | | | | | | |
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| ***Proposed change affects:*** | UICC apps |  | ME | **X** | Radio Access Network |  | Core Network |  |

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| ***Title:*** | Correction to UAC parameters acquisition | | | | | | | | | |
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| ***Source to WG:*** | Huawei, HiSilicon | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Source to TSG:*** | R2 | | | | | | | | | |
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| ***Work item code:*** | LTE\_eMTC5-Core, NB\_IoTEnh3-Core | | | | |  | ***Date:*** | | | 2021-02-xx |
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| ***Category:*** | F |  | | | | | ***Release:*** | | | Rel-16 |
|  | *Use one of the following categories:* ***F*** *(correction)* ***A*** *(mirror corresponding to a change in an earlier release)* ***B*** *(addition of feature),* ***C*** *(functional modification of feature)* ***D*** *(editorial modification)*  Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP [TR 21.900](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/html-info/21900.htm). | | | | | | | | *Use one of the following releases: Rel-8 (Release 8) Rel-9 (Release 9) Rel-10 (Release 10) Rel-11 (Release 11) … Rel-15 (Release 15) Rel-16 (Release 16) Rel-17 (Release 17) Rel-18 (Release 18)* | |
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| ***Reason for change:*** | | 1. SIB25 is handled the same way as SIB14 in EPC, i.e. updates do not affect SIB1 value tag and are signalled via an indication in paging. However, it is not captured that the UE shall acquire a valid version of SIB25 before establishing or resuming an RRC connection, e.g. when the UE is entering a new cell or is using a DRX cycle longer than the BCCH modification period.  2. *ab-Enabled-5GC* in the MIB indicates that UAC is ongoing and UAC is also applicable in Connected mode. Thus UE shall acquire SIB14-NB before establishing or resuming a RRC connection, regardless of the establlishment cause, when *ab-Enabled-5GC* is set to TRUE.  3. eMTC and NB-IoT UEs in RRC\_CONNECTED use the UAC parameters acquired before entering connected mode. However, in case of RRC connection re-establishment, UE needs to acquire the UAC parameters in the new cell during the RRC Connection Re-establishment procedure. | | | | | | | | |
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| ***Summary of change:*** | | 1. Clarify that the eMTC UE connected to 5GC shall acquire SIB25 in RRC\_INACTIVE and RRC\_CONNECTED with T311 running and also when initiating a connection establishment / resumption if the UE does not have a valid version of SIB25  2. Clarify that the NB-IoT UE connected to 5GC shall acquire SIB14-NB before establishing/ resuming or re-estabishing a connection, regardless of the cause, when *ab-Enabled-5GC* is set to TRUE    3. Clarify that the UE shall acquire SIB25/SIB14-NB during the re-establishment procedure for later use in connected mode  **Impact Analysis**  Impacted functionality:  Connection to 5GC: UAC  Inter-operability:  The CR only impacts the UE, no inter-operability issue is foreseen. | | | | | | | | |
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| ***Consequences if not approved:*** | | The UE may not have a valid version of UAC parameters and not apply access barring as required. | | | | | | | | |
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| ***Clauses affected:*** | | 5.2.1.3, 5.2.1.7, 5.2.2.2, 5.2.2.3, 5.2.2.4. 5.3.16.1 | | | | | | | | |
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|  | | **Y** | **N** |  | | | |  | | |
| ***Other specs*** | |  | **X** | Other core specifications | | | | TS/TR ... CR ... | | |
| ***affected:*** | |  | **X** | Test specifications | | | | TS/TR ... CR ... | | |
| ***(show related CRs)*** | |  | **X** | O&M Specifications | | | | TS/TR ... CR ... | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***Other comments:*** | |  | | | | | | | | |
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| ***This CR's revision history:*** | |  | | | | | | | | |

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| First change |

#### 5.2.1.3 System information validity and notification of changes

Change of system information (other than for ETWS, CMAS, EAB, and UAC parameters and other than for AB parameters for NB-IoT) only occurs at specific radio frames, i.e. the concept of a modification period is used. System information may be transmitted a number of times with the same content within a modification period, as defined by its scheduling. The modification period boundaries are defined by SFN values for which SFN mod *m*= 0, where *m* is the number of radio frames comprising the modification period. The modification periodis configured by system information. If H-SFN is provided in *SystemInformationBlockType1-BR*, modification period boundaries for BL UEs and UEs in CE are defined by SFN values for which (H-SFN \* 1024 + SFN) mod *m*=0. For NB-IoT, H-SFN is always provided and the modification period boundaries are defined by SFN values for which (H-SFN \* 1024 + SFN) mod *m*=0.

To enable system information update notification for RRC\_IDLE UEs configured to use a DRX cycle longer than the modification period, an eDRX acquisition period is defined. The boundaries of the eDRX acquisition period are determined by H-SFN values for which H-SFN mod 256 =0. For NB-IoT, the boundaries of the eDRX acquisition period are determined by H-SFN values for which H-SFN mod 1024 =0.

NOTE 1: If the UE in RRC\_IDLE is configured to use extended DRX cycle, e.g., in the order of several minutes or longer, in case the eNB is reset the UE SFN may not be synchronized to the new eNB SFN. The UE is expected to recover, e.g., acquire MIB within a reasonable time, to avoid repeated paging failures.

When the network changes (some of the) system information, it first notifies the UEs about this change, i.e. this may be done throughout a modification period. In the next modification period, the network transmits the updated system information. During a modification period where ETWS or CMAS transmission is started or stopped, the SI messages carrying the SIBs scheduled in *schedulingInfoListExt* and/or SI messages carrying the posSIBs scheduled in *posSchedulingInfoList* may change, so the UE might not be able to successfully receive those SIBs and/or posSIBs in the remainder of the current modification period and next modification period according to the scheduling information received prior to the change. These general principles are illustrated in figure 5.2.1.3-1, in which different colours indicate different system information. Upon receiving a change notification, the UE not configured to use a DRX cycle that is longer than the modification period acquires the new system information immediately from the start of the next modification period. Upon receiving a change notification applicable to eDRX, a UE in RRC\_IDLE configured to use a DRX cycle that is longer than the modification period acquires the updated system information immediately from the start of the next eDRX acquisition period. The UE applies the previously acquired system information until the UE acquires the new system information. The possible boundaries of modification for *SystemInformationBlockType1-BR* are defined by SFN values for which SFN mod 512 = 0 except for notification of ETWS/CMAS for which the eNB may change *SystemInformationBlockType1-BR* content at any time. For NB-IoT, the possible boundaries of modification for *SystemInformationBlockType1-NB* are defined by SFN values for which (H-SFN \* 1024 + SFN) mod 4096 = 0.



Figure 5.2.1.3-1: Change of system Information

The *Paging* message is used to inform UEs in RRC\_IDLE and UEs in RRC\_CONNECTED about a system information change. If the UE is in RRC\_CONNECTED or is not configured to use a DRX cycle longer than the modification period in RRC\_IDLE, and receives a *Paging* message including the *systemInfoModification*, it knows that the system information will change at the next modification period boundary. A UE in RRC\_IDLE that is configured to use a DRX cycle longer than the modification period, and receives in an eDRX acquisition period at least one *Paging* message including the *systemInfoModification-eDRX*, shall acquire the updated system information at the next eDRX acquisition period boundary. Although the UE may be informed about changes in system information, no further details are provided e.g. regarding which system information will change, except if *systemInfoValueTagSI* is received by BL UEs or UEs in CE.

In RRC\_CONNECTED, BL UEs or UEs inCEor NB-IoT UEs are not required to acquire system information except when T311 is running, or upon handover where the UE is only required to acquire the *MasterInformationBlock* in the target PCell, or for UEs in CE to receive ETWS/CMAS information. In RRC\_IDLE, E-UTRAN may notify BL UEs or UEs inCEorNB-IoT UEs about SI update, and except for NB-IoT, ETWS and CMAS notification, EAB modification and UAC modification, using Direct Indication information, as specified in 6.6 (or 6.7.5 in NB-IoT) and TS 36.212 [22].

NOTE 2: Upon system information change essential for BL UEs, UEs in CE, or NB-IoT UEs in RRC\_CONNECTED, E-UTRAN may initiate connection release.

*SystemInformationBlockType1* (or *MasterInformationBlock-NB/ MasterInformationBlock-TDD-NB* in NB-IoT) includes a value tag *systemInfoValueTag*, that indicates if a change has occurred in the SI messages. UEs may use *systemInfoValueTag*, e.g. upon return from out of coverage, to verify if the previously stored SI messages are still valid. *MasterInformationBlock* (using *systemInfoUnchanged-BR*) and RSS (if transmitted) may indicate that a change has not occurred in the SIB1-BR and SI messages of the current cell at least over the SI validity time, and the BL UEs or UEs in CE may use *systemInfoUnchanged-BR* or RSS, e.g. upon return from out of coverage, to verify if the previously stored SIB1-BR and SI messages are still valid. Additionally, for other than BL UEs or UEs in CE or NB-IoT UEs, the UE considers stored system information to be invalid after 3 hours from the moment it was successfully confirmed as valid, unless specified otherwise. BL UE or UE in CE considers stored system information to be invalid after 24 hours from the moment it was successfully confirmed as valid, unless the UE is configured by parameter *si-ValidityTime* to consider stored system information to be invalid 3 hours after validity confirmation. NB-IoT UE considers stored system information to be invalid after 24 hours from the moment it was successfully confirmed as valid. If a BL UE, UE in CE or NB-IoT UE in RRC\_CONNECTED state considers the stored system information invalid, the UE shall continue using the stored system information while in RRC\_CONNECTED state in the serving cell.

For BL UEs or UEs in CE or NB-IoT UEs, the change of specific SI message can additionally be indicated by a SI message specific value tag *systemInfoValueTagSI.* If *systemInfoValueTag* included in the *SystemInformationBlockType1-BR* (or *MasterInformationBlock-NB/ MasterInformationBlock-TDD-NB* in NB-IoT) is different from the one of the stored system information and if *systemInfoValueTagSI* is included in the *SystemInformationBlockType1-BR* (or *SystemInformationBlockType1-NB* in NB-IoT)for a specific SI messageand is different from the stored one, the UE shall consider this specific SI message to be invalid. If only *systemInfoValueTag* is included and is different from the stored one, the BL UE or UE in CE should consider any stored system information except *SystemInformationBlockType10*, *SystemInformationBlockType11*, *SystemInformationBlockType12,* *SystemInformationBlockType14* and *SystemInformationBlockType25* to be invalid; the NB-IoT UE should consider any stored system information except *SystemInformationBlockType14-NB* to be invalid.

On MBMS-dedicated cell and on FeMBMS/Unicast-mixed cell, the change of system information and ETWS/CMAS notification is indicated by using Direct Indication FeMBMS defined in 6.6a. The modification periodicity follows MCCH modification periodicity as defined in 5.8.1.3.

E-UTRAN may not update *systemInfoValueTag* upon change of some system information e.g. ETWS information, CMAS information, RLOS indication (i.e., *rlos-Enabled*), regularly changing parameters like time information (*SystemInformationBlockType8*, *SystemInformationBlockType16,* *hyperSFN-MSB* in *SystemInformationBlockType1-NB*), EAB and AB parameters, UAC parameters, or positioning system information blocks. Similarly, E-UTRAN may not include the *systemInfoModification* within the *Paging* message upon change of some system information.

The UE that is not configured to use a DRX cycle longer than the modification period verifies that stored system information remains valid by either checking *systemInfoValueTag* in *SystemInformationBlockType1* (or *MasterInformationBlock-NB/ MasterInformationBlock-TDD-NB* in NB-IoT) after the modification period boundary,or attempting to find the *systemInfoModification* indication at least *modificationPeriodCoeff* times during the modification period in case no paging is received, in every modification period*.* If no paging message is received by the UE during a modification period, the UE may assume that no change of system information will occur at the next modification period boundary. If UE in RRC\_CONNECTED, during a modification period, receives one paging message, it may deduce from the presence/ absence of *systemInfoModification* whether a change of system information other than ETWS information, CMAS information, EAB and UAC parameters will occur in the next modification period or not.

When the RRC\_IDLE UE is configured with a DRX cycle that is longer than the modification period, and at least one modification period boundary has passed since the UE last verified validity of stored system information, the UE verifies that stored system information remains valid by checking the *systemInfoValueTag* before establishing or resuming an RRC connection.

ETWS and/or CMAS capable UEs in RRC\_CONNECTED, other than BL UEs and UEs in CE, shall attempt to read paging at least once every *defaultPagingCycle* to check whether ETWS and/or CMAS notification is present or not.

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| Next change |

#### 5.2.1.7 Access Barring parameters change in NB-IoT

Change of Access Barring (AB) parameters can occur at any point in time. The AB parameters are contained in *SystemInformationBlockType14-NB*. Update of the AB parameters does not impact the *systemInfoValueTag* in the *MasterInformationBlock-NB/ MasterInformationBlock-TDD-NB* or the *systemInfoValueTagSI* in *SystemInformationBlockType1-NB*.

If *SystemInformationBlockType14-NB* is scheduled, a NB-IoT UE connected to EPC is required to acquire *MasterInformationBlock-NB/ MasterInformationBlock-TDD-NB* before initiating RRC connection establishment / resume for all access causes except mobile terminating calls to check *ab-Enabled* indication . If access barring is enabled the UE shall not initiate the RRC connection establishment / resume for all access causes except mobile terminating calls until the UE has acquired the *SystemInformationBlockType14-NB*.

If *SystemInformationBlockType14-NB* is scheduled, a NB-IoT UE connected to 5GC is required to acquire *MasterInformationBlock-NB/ MasterInformationBlock-TDD-NB* before initiating RRC connection establishment / resume / re-establishment to check *ab-Enabled-5GC* indication. If access barring is enabled the UE shall not initiate the RRC connection establishment / resume / re-establishment until the UE has acquired the *SystemInformationBlockType14-NB*.

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| Next change |

#### 5.2.2.2 Initiation

The UE shall apply the system information acquisition procedure upon selecting (e.g. upon power on) and upon re-selecting a cell, after handover completion, after entering E-UTRA from another RAT, upon return from out of coverage, upon receiving a notification that the system information has changed, upon receiving an indication about the presence of an ETWS notification, upon receiving an indication about the presence of a CMAS notification, upon receiving a notification that the EAB parameters have changed, upon receiving a request from CDMA2000 upper layers, upon receiving a request from positioning upper layers, upon receiving a notification that the UAC parameters have changed and upon exceeding the maximum validity duration. Unless explicitly stated otherwise in the procedural specification, the system information acquisition procedure overwrites any stored system information, i.e. delta configuration is not applicable for system information and the UE discontinues using a field if it is absent in system information unless explicitly specified otherwise.

In RRC\_CONNECTED, BL UEs and UEs in CE are required to acquire system information when T311 is running or upon handover where the UE is only required to acquire the *MasterInformationBlock* in the target PCell.

NOTE: Upon handover, E-UTRAN provides system information required by the UE in RRC\_CONNECTED except MIB with RRC signalling, i.e. *systemInformationBlockType1Dedicated* and *mobilityControlInfo*.

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| Next change |

#### 5.2.2.3 System information required by the UE

The UE shall:

1> ensure having a valid version, as defined below, of (at least) the following system information, also referred to as the 'required' system information:

2> if in RRC\_IDLE:

3> if the UE is a NB-IoT UE:

4> the *MasterInformationBlock-NB/ MasterInformationBlock-TDD-NB* and *SystemInformationBlockType1-NB* as well as *SystemInformationBlockType2-NB* through *SystemInformationBlockType5-NB, SystemInformationBlockType22-NB*;

3> else:

4> the *MasterInformationBlock* and *SystemInformationBlockType1* (or *SystemInformationBlockType1-BR* depending on whether the UE is a BL UE or the UE in CE) as well as *SystemInformationBlockType2* through *SystemInformationBlockType8* and *SystemInformationBlockType24* (depending on support of the concerned RATs), *SystemInformationBlockType17* (depending on support of RAN-assisted WLAN interworking when the UE is connected to EPC), *SystemInformationBlockType25* (depending on support of E-UTRA/5GC), *SystemInformationBlockType29* (only for BL UE or the UE in CE depending on support of resource reservation);

2> if in RRC\_INACTIVE:

3> the *MasterInformationBlock* and *SystemInformationBlockType1* as well as *SystemInformationBlockType2* through *SystemInformationBlockType8* (depending on support of the concerned RATs), *SystemInformationBlockType24* (depending on support of the concerned RATs), *SystemInformationBlockType25*;

2> if in RRC\_CONNECTED; and

2> the UE is not a BL UE; and

2> the UE is not in CE; and

2> the UE is not a NB-IoT UE:

3> the *MasterInformationBlock*, *SystemInformationBlockType1* and *SystemInformationBlockType2* as well as *SystemInformationBlockType8* (depending on support of CDMA2000), *SystemInformationBlockType17* (depending on support of RAN-assisted WLAN interworking when the UE is connected to EPC), *SystemInformationBlockType25* (depending on support of E-UTRA/5GC);

2> if in RRC\_CONNECTED and T311 is running; and

2> the UE is a BL UE or the UE is in CE or the UE is a NB-IoT UE;

3> the *MasterInformationBlock* (or *MasterInformationBlock-NB/ MasterInformationBlock-TDD-NB* in NB-IoT), *SystemInformationBlockType1-BR* (or *SystemInformationBlockType1-NB* in NB-IoT) and *SystemInformationBlockType2* (or *SystemInformationBlockType2-NB* in NB-IoT), *SystemInformationBlockType25* (only for BL UE or the UE in CE depending on support of E-UTRA/5GC), and for NB-IoT *SystemInformationBlockType22-NB*;

1> delete any stored system information after 3 hours or 24 hours from the moment it was confirmed to be valid as defined in 5.2.1.3, unless specified otherwise;

1> consider any stored system information except *SystemInformationBlockType10,* *SystemInformationBlockType11,* *systemInformationBlockType12, systemInformationBlockType14* (*systemInformationBlockType14-NB* in NB-IoT)and *systemInformationBlockType25* to be invalid if *systemInfoValueTag* included in the *SystemInformationBlockType1* (*MasterInformationBlock-NB/ MasterInformationBlock-TDD-NB* in NB-IoT) is different from the one of the stored system information and in case of NB-IoT UEs, BL UEs and UEs in CE, *systemInfoValueTagSI* is not broadcasted. Otherwise consider system information validity as defined in 5.2.1.3;

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| Next change |

#### 5.2.2.4 System information acquisition by the UE

The UE shall:

1> apply the specified BCCH configuration defined in 9.1.1.1 or BR-BCCH configuration defined in 9.1.1.8;

1> if the procedure is triggered by a system information change notification:

2> if the UE uses an idle DRX cycle longer than the modification period:

3> start acquiring the required system information, as defined in 5.2.2.3, from the next eDRX acquisition period boundary;

2> else

3> start acquiring the required system information, as defined in 5.2.2.3, from the beginning of the modification period following the one in which the change notification was received;

NOTE 1: The UE continues using the previously received system information until the new system information has been acquired.

1> if the UE is in RRC\_IDLE and enters a cell for which the UE does not have stored a valid version of the system information required in RRC\_IDLE, as defined in 5.2.2.3:

2> acquire, using the system information acquisition procedure as defined in 5.2.3, the system information required in RRC\_IDLE, as defined in 5.2.2.3;

1> following successful handover completion to a PCell for which the UE does not have stored a valid version of the system information required in RRC\_CONNECTED, as defined in 5.2.2.3:

2> acquire, using the system information acquisition procedure as defined in 5.2.3, the system information required in RRC\_CONNECTED, as defined in 5.2.2.3;

2> upon acquiring the concerned system information:

3> discard the corresponding radio resource configuration information included in the *radioResourceConfigCommon* previously received in a dedicated message, if any;

1> following a request from CDMA2000 upper layers:

2> acquire *SystemInformationBlockType8*, as defined in 5.2.3;

1> neither initiate the RRC connection establishment/resume procedure nor initiate transmission of the *RRCConnectionReestablishmentRequest* message until the UE has a valid version of the *MasterInformationBlock* (*MasterInformationBlock-NB/ MasterInformationBlock-TDD-NB* in NB-IoT) and *SystemInformationBlockType1* (*SystemInformationBlockType1-NB* in NB-IoT) messages as well as *SystemInformationBlockType2* (*SystemInformationBlockType2-NB* in NB-IoT), and for NB-IoT, *SystemInformationBlockType22-NB*;

1> not initiate the RRC connection establishment/resume procedure subject to EAB until the UE has a valid version of *SystemInformationBlockType14*, if broadcast;

1> if the UE is ETWS capable:

2> upon entering a cell during RRC\_IDLE, following successful handover or upon connection re-establishment:

3> discard any previously buffered *warningMessageSegment*;

3> clear, if any, the current values of *messageIdentifier* and *serialNumber* for *SystemInformationBlockType11*;

2> when the UE acquires *SystemInformationBlockType1* following ETWS indication, upon entering a cell during RRC\_IDLE, following successful handover or upon connection re-establishment:

3> if *schedulingInfoList* indicates that *SystemInformationBlockType10* is present:

4> if the UE is in CE:

5> start acquiring *SystemInformationBlockType10*;

4> else

5> start acquiring *SystemInformationBlockType10* immediately;

3> if *schedulingInfoList* indicates that *SystemInformationBlockType11* is present:

4> start acquiring *SystemInformationBlockType11* immediately;

NOTE 2: UEs shall start acquiring *SystemInformationBlockType10* and *SystemInformationBlockType11* as described above even when *systemInfoValueTag* in *SystemInformationBlockType1* has not changed.

1> if the UE is CMAS capable:

2> upon entering a cell during RRC\_IDLE, following successful handover or upon connection re-establishment:

3> discard any previously buffered *warningMessageSegment*;

3> clear, if any, stored values of *messageIdentifier* and *serialNumber* for *SystemInformationBlockType12* associated with the discarded *warningMessageSegment*;

2> when the UE acquires *SystemInformationBlockType1* following CMAS indication, upon entering a cell during RRC\_IDLE, following successful handover and upon connection re-establishment:

3> if *schedulingInfoList* indicates that *SystemInformationBlockType12* is present:

4> acquire *SystemInformationBlockType12*;

NOTE 3: UEs shall start acquiring *SystemInformationBlockType12* as described above even when *systemInfoValueTag* in *SystemInformationBlockType1* has not changed.

1> if the UE is interested to receive MBMS services:

2> if the UE is capable of MBMS reception as specified in 5.8:

3> if *schedulingInfoList* indicates that *SystemInformationBlockType13* is present and the UE does not have stored a valid version of this system information block:

4> acquire *SystemInformationBlockType13*;

3> else if *SystemInformationBlockType13* is present in *SystemInformationBlockType1-MBMS* and the UE does not have stored a valid version of this system information block:

4> acquire *SystemInformationBlockType13* from *SystemInformationBlockType1-MBMS*;

2> if the UE is capable of SC-PTM reception as specified in 5.8a:

3> if *schedulingInfoList* indicates that *SystemInformationBlockType20* (*SystemInformationBlockType20-NB* in NB-IoT) is present and the UE does not have stored a valid version of this system information block:

4> acquire *SystemInformationBlockType20* (*SystemInformationBlockType20-NB* in NB-IoT);

2> if the UE is capable of MBMS Service Continuity:

3> if *schedulingInfoList* indicates that *SystemInformationBlockType15* (*SystemInformationBlockType15-NB* in NB-IoT) is present and the UE does not have stored a valid version of this system information block:

4> acquire *SystemInformationBlockType15* (*SystemInformationBlockType15-NB* in NB-IoT);

1> if the UE is EAB capable:

2> when the UE does not have stored a valid version of *SystemInformationBlockType14* upon entering RRC\_IDLE, or when the UE acquires *SystemInformationBlockType1* following EAB parameters change notification, or upon entering a cell during RRC\_IDLE, or before establishing an RRC connection if using eDRX with DRX cycle longer than the modification period:

3> if *schedulingInfoList* indicates that *SystemInformationBlockType14* is present:

4> start acquiring *SystemInformationBlockType14* immediately;

3> else:

4> discard *SystemInformationBlockType14*, if previously received;

NOTE 4: EAB capable UEs start acquiring *SystemInformationBlockType14* as described above even when *systemInfoValueTag* in *SystemInformationBlockType1* has not changed.

NOTE 5: EAB capable UEs maintain an up to date *SystemInformationBlockType14* in RRC\_IDLE.

1> if the UE is capable of sidelink communication and is configured by upper layers to receive or transmit sidelink communication:

2> if the cell used for sidelink communication meets the S-criteria as defined in TS 36.304 [4]; and

2> if *schedulingInfoList* indicates that *SystemInformationBlockType18* is present and the UE does not have stored a valid version of this system information block:

3> acquire *SystemInformationBlockType18*;

1> if the UE is capable of sidelink discovery and is configured by upper layers to receive or transmit sidelink discovery announcements on the primary frequency:

2> if *schedulingInfoList* of the serving cell/ PCell indicates that *SystemInformationBlockType19* is present and the UE does not have stored a valid version of this system information block:

3> acquire *SystemInformationBlockType19*;

1> if the UE is capable of sidelink discovery and, for each of the one or more frequencies included in *discInterFreqList*, if included in *SystemInformationBlockType19* and for which the UE is configured by upper layers to receive sidelink discovery announcements on:

2> if *SystemInformationBlockType19* of the serving cell/ PCell does not provide the corresponding reception resources; and

2> if *schedulingInfoList* of the cell on the concerned frequency indicates that *SystemInformationBlockType19* is present and the UE does not have stored a valid version of this system information block:

3> acquire *SystemInformationBlockType19*;

1> if the UE is capable of sidelink discovery and, for each of the one or more frequencies included in *discInterFreqList*, if included in *SystemInformationBlockType19* and for which the UE is configured by upper layers to transmit sidelink discovery announcements on:

2> if *SystemInformationBlockType19* of the serving cell/ PCell includes *discTxResourcesInterFreq* which is set to *acquireSI-FromCarrier*; and

2> if *schedulingInfoList* of the cell on the concerned frequency indicates that *SystemInformationBlockType19* is present and the UE does not have stored a valid version of this system information block:

3> acquire *SystemInformationBlockType19*;

1> if the UE is a NB-IoT UE connected to EPC and if *ab-Enabled* included in *MasterInformationBlock-NB/ MasterInformationBlock-TDD-NB* is set to *TRUE*:

2> not initiate the RRC connection establishment/resume procedure for all access causes except mobile terminating calls until the UE has acquired the *SystemInformationBlockType14*-*NB*;

1> if the UE is capable of V2X sidelink communication and is configured by upper layers to receive or transmit V2X sidelink communication on a frequency:

2> if *schedulingInfoList* on the serving cell/PCell indicates that *SystemInformationBlockType21* is present and the UE does not have stored valid version of this system information block:

3> acquire *SystemInformationBlockType21* from serving cell/PCell;

2> if *schedulingInfoList* on the serving cell/PCell indicates that *SystemInformationBlockType26* is present and the UE does not have stored valid version of this system information block;

3> acquire *SystemInformationBlockType26* from serving cell/PCell;

1> if the UE is capable of V2X sidelink communication and is configured by upper layers to receive V2X sidelink communication on a frequency, which is not primary frequency:

2> if neither *SystemInformationBlockType21* nor *SystemInformationBlockType26* of the serving cell/ PCell provide reception resource pool for V2X sidelink communication for the concerned frequency; and

2> if the cell used for V2X sidelink communication on the concerned frequency meets the S-criteria as defined in TS 36.304 [4]:

3> if *schedulingInfoList* on the concerned frequency indicates that *SystemInformationBlockType21* is present and the UE does not have stored a valid version of this system information block:

4> acquire *SystemInformationBlockType21* from the concerned frequency;

3> if *schedulingInfoList* on the concerned frequency indicates that *SystemInformationBlockType26* is present and the UE does not have stored a valid version of this system information block:

4> acquire *SystemInformationBlockType26* from the concerned frequency;

1> if the UE is capable of V2X sidelink communication and is configured by upper layers to transmit V2X sidelink communication on a frequency, which is not primary frequency and is not included in *v2x-InterFreqInfoList* in *SystemInformationBlockType21* nor *SystemInformationBlockType26* of the serving cell/PCell:

2> if the cell used for V2X sidelink communication on the concerned frequency meets the S-criteria as defined in TS 36.304 [4]:

3> if *schedulingInfoList* on the concerned frequency indicates that *SystemInformationBlockType21* is present and the UE does not have stored a valid version of this system information block:

4> acquire *SystemInformationBlockType21* from the concerned frequency;

3> if *schedulingInfoList* on the concerned frequency indicates that *SystemInformationBlockType26* is present and the UE does not have stored a valid version of this system information block:

4> acquire *SystemInformationBlockType26* from the concerned frequency;

1> if the NB-IoT UE supports NPRACH resources using preamble format 2:

2> if *schedulingInfoList* indicates that *SystemInformationBlockType23-NB* is present and the UE does not have stored a valid version of this system information block:

3> acquire *SystemInformationBlockType23-NB*;

1> following a request from positioning upper layers:

2> acquire *SystemInformationBlockPos*, as defined in 5.2.3;

1> if the UE is capable of NR sidelink communication and is configured by upper layers to receive or transmit NR sidelink communication on a frequency:

2> if *schedulingInfoList* on the serving cell/PCell indicates that *SystemInformationBlockType28* is present and the UE does not have stored valid version of this system information block:

3> acquire *SystemInformationBlockType28* from serving cell/PCell;

1> if the UE connected to 5GC is a BL UE or a UE in CE:

2> when the UE does not have stored a valid version of *SystemInformationBlockType25* upon entering RRC\_IDLE, or when the UE acquires *SystemInformationBlockType1-BR* following UAC parameters change notification, or upon entering a cell during RRC\_IDLE, or before establishing, resuming or re-establishing an RRC connection if using an eDRX cycle longer than the modification period:

3> if *schedulingInfoList* indicates that *SystemInformationBlockType25* is present:

4> start acquiring *SystemInformationBlockType25* immediately stablishing or resuming an RRC connection;

3> else:

4> discard *SystemInformationBlockType25*, if previously received;

NOTE 5a: When connected to 5GC, BL UEs or a UEs in CE start acquiring *SystemInformationBlockType25* as described above even when *systemInfoValueTag* in *SystemInformationBlockType1-BR* has not changed.

NOTE 5b: When connected to 5GC, BL UEs or a UEs in CE maintain an up to date *SystemInformationBlockType25* in RRC\_IDLE.

1> if the UE is a NB-IoT UE connected to 5GC and if *ab-Enabled5GC* included in *MasterInformationBlock-NB/ MasterInformationBlock-TDD-NB* is set to *TRUE*:

2> not initiate the RRC connection establishment/ resume/ re-establishment procedure for all access causes until the UE has acquired the *SystemInformationBlockType14*-*NB*;

The UE may apply the received SIBs or posSIBs immediately, i.e. the UE does not need to delay using a SIB or posSIB until all SI messages have been received. The UE may delay applying the received SIBs until completing lower layer procedures associated with a received or a UE originated RRC message, e.g. an ongoing random access procedure.

NOTE 6: While attempting to acquire a particular SIB/posSIB, if the UE detects from *schedulingInfoList*/ *posSchedulingInfoList* that it is no longer present, the UE should stop trying to acquire the particular SIB/ posSIB.

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| --- |
| Next change |

#### 5.3.16.1 General

The purpose of this procedure is to perform access barring check for an access attempt associated with a given Access Category and one or more Access Identities upon request from upper layers according to TS 24.501 [95] or the RRC layer.

BL UE or UE in CE in RRC\_CONNECTED uses *SystemInformationBlockType25,* if broadcasted,acquired when entering RRC\_CONNECTED or acquired while T311 is running.

Except for BL UE and UE in CE, after a handover resulting in change of PCell in RRC\_CONNECTED the UE shall defer access barring checks until it has obtained valid UAC information (from *SystemInformationBlockType25*) from the target cell if the *SystemInformationBlockType25* is broadcasted. For BL UE or UE in CE after a handover resulting in change of PCell, the UE shall consider sy*stemInformationBlockType25* is not broadcast in the target cell until the UE leaves RRC\_CONNECTED.

In NB-IoT, in RRC\_CONNECTED, the UE uses *MasterInformationBlock-NB* */ MasterInformationBlock-TDD-NB* and *SystemInformationBlockType14-NB,* if broadcasted,acquired when entering RRC\_CONNECTED or acquired while T311 is running.