TSG RAN WG1 San Diego, USA, 29 Feb – 3 Mar, 2000

Source: Lucent Technologies, Nokia

Title: CR 25.215-044R1: Correction to UE/UTRAN GPS timing of cell frames for LCS

Document for: Approval

1. Introduction

During RAN WG1#10, CR 25.215-030R1 was approved [1].

During RAN WG1#11, the joint session between RAN WG1 and WG4 discussed the chip resolution for UE/UTRAN-GPS intersystem measurements [2].

Following discussion, CR 25.215 - 044Rev1 is presented here for approval.

2. References

- [1] Tdoc R1-00-0110: "CR 25.215-030R1"; RAN WG1 #10; 18 Jan 21 Jan 2000.
- [2] Tdoc R1-00-0324: "CR 25.215-044"; RAN WG1 #11; 29 Feb 3 Mar 2000.

3GPP/SMG Meeting WG1#11 San Diego, USA, 29 Feb – 3 Mar 2000

Document R1-00-0424

e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

	CHANGE I	REQUEST	Please see embedded help page for instructions on how	
	25.215	CR 044R	Current Versi	on: V 3.1.1
GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB	B) specification number↑	↑ CI	R number as allocated by MCC	support team
list expected approval meeting # h			strate non-strate form is available from: ftp://ftp.3gpp.c	gic use only)
Proposed change affer (at least one should be marked with		ME X	JTRAN / Radio X	Core Network
Source: Luce	ent Technologies		<u>Date:</u>	29 Feb 2000
	ection to sections: 5.1.15 Timing of Cell Frames		of Cell Frames for Lo	CS; 5.2.8 UTRAN
Work item: TS 2	25.215			
(only one category B Addishall be marked C Fund	rection responds to a correction i ition of feature ctional modification of fea orial modification		x Release:	Phase 2 Release 96 Release 97 Release 98 Release 99 Release 00
meth	ection of UE/UTRAN meanod to required accuracy. ned by RAN WG2 in LS F	The requirement		
Clauses affected:	5.1.15; 5.2.8			
affected: Other spe MS tes BSS te	3G core specifications GSM core ecifications st specifications est specifications specifications	$\begin{array}{c} \rightarrow \text{ List of} \\ \rightarrow \text{ List of} \\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} \rightarrow \text{ List of} \\ \rightarrow \text{ List of} \\ \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} \rightarrow \text{ List of} \\ \end{array}$	CRs: CRs: CRs:	
Other comments:				

<----- double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.

Definition	<u>Type 1:</u>
	The SFN-SFN observed time difference to cell is defined as: OFF×38400+ T _m , where:
	T _m = T _{RxSFNi} - T _{RxSFNj} , given in chip units with the range [0, 1,, 38399] chips
	T _{RxSFNj} is the time at the beginning of a received neighbouring P-CCPCH frame from cell j.
	T _{RxSFNi} is time at the beginning of the next received neighbouring P-CCPCH frame from cell i
	after the time instant T _{RXSFNj} in the UE. If the next neighbouring P-CCPCH frame is received
	exactly at T _{RxSFNj} then T _{RxSFNj} = T _{RxSFNi} (which leads to T _m =0).
	and
	OFF=(SFN _j - SFN _i) mod 256, given in number of frames with the range [0, 1,, 255] frames
	SFN_j = the system frame number for downlink P-CCPCH frame from cell j in the UE at the time
	T _{RXSFNj} .
	SFN _i = the system frame number for the P-CCPCH frame from cell i received in the UE at the
	time T _{RxSFNi} .
	<u>Type 2:</u>
	The relative timing difference between cell j and cell i, defined as $T_{CPICHRxj}$ - $T_{CPICHRxi}$, where: $T_{CPICHRxj}$ is the time when the UE receives one Primary CPICH slot from cell j
	T _{CPICHRxi} is the time when the UE receives the Primary CPICH slot from cell i that is closest in
	time to the Primary CPICH slot received from cell j
Applicable for	Type 1: Idle, Connected Intra
	Type 2: Idle, Connected Intra, Connected Inter
Range/mapping	Type 1: Time difference is given with a resolution of one chip with the range [0,, 9830399]
	chips.
	Type 2: Time difference is given with a resolution of 0.25 chip with the range [-1279.75,,
	1280] chips.

5.1.13 UE Rx-Tx time difference

Definition	The difference in time between the UE uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame transmission and the first
	significant path, of the downlink DPCH frame from the measured radio link. Measurement shall
	be made for each cell included in the active set.
	Note: The definition of "first significant path" needs further elaboration.
Applicable for	Connected Intra
Range/mapping	The UE Rx-Tx time difference is given with the resolution of 0.25 chip with the range [876,,
	1172] chips.

5.1.14 Observed time difference to GSM cell

Definition	The Observed time difference to GSM cell is defined as: $T_{RxSFNij}$, $T_{RxSFNij}$, where: T_{RxSFNi} is the time at the beginning of the P-CCPCH frame with SFN=0 from cell i. T_{RxGSMj} is the time at the beginning of the GSM BCCH 51-multiframe from GSM frequency j received closest in time after the time T_{RxSFNi} . If the next GSM multiframe is received exactly at T_{RxSFNi} then $T_{RxGSMj} = T_{RxSFNi}$ (which leads to $T_{RxGSMj} - T_{RxSFNi} = 0$). The timing measurement shall reflect the timing situation when the most recent (in time) P-CCPCH with SFN=0 was received in the UE.
Applicable for	Idle, Connected Inter
Range/mapping	The Observed time difference to GSM cell is given with the resolution of 3060/(4096*13) ms with the range [0,, 3060/13-3060/(4096*13)] ms.

5.1.15 UE GPS Timing of Cell Frames for LCS

Definition	The timing between cell j and GPS Time Of Week. T _{UE-GPSj} is defined as the time of occurrence of a specified UTRAN event according to GPS time. The specified UTRAN event is the beginning of a particular frame (identified through its SFN) in the first significant multipath of the cell j CPICH, where cell j is a cell within the active set.
Applicable for	Connected Intra, Connected Inter
Range/mapping	The resolution of $T_{UE-GPSj}$ is $4\mu S \pm 0.125$ chips. The range is from 0 to 6.04×10^{11} μS .

	-
Definition	Type 1: Measured on the DPDCH: The physical channel BER is an estimation of the average bit error rate (BER) before channel decoding of the DPDCH data after RL combination in Node B.
	Type 2: Measured on the DPCCH: The Physical channel BER is an estimation of the average bit error rate (BER) on the DPCCH after RL combination in Node B.
	It shall be possible to report a physical channel BER estimate of type 1 or of type 2 or of both types at the end of each TTI for the transferred TrCh's, e.g. for TrCh's with a TTI of x ms a x ms averaged physical channel BER shall be possible to report every x ms.
Range/mapping	The Physical channel BER shall be reported for $0 \le Physical$ channel BER ≤ 1 in the unit BER_dB where:
	BER_dB_00: Physical channel BER = 0
	BER_dB_01: -∞ < Log10(Physical channel BER) < -4.03
	BER_dB_02: -4.03 ≤ Log10(Physical channel BER) < -3.965
	BER_dB_03: -3.965 ≤ Log10(Physical channel BER) < -3.9
	 BER_dB_61: -0.195 ≤ Log10(Physical channel BER) < -0.13
	BER_dB_62: -0.13 ≤ Log10(Physical channel BER) < -0.065
	BER_dB_63: -0.065 ≤ Log10(Physical channel BER) ≤ 0

5.2.7 Round trip time

NOTE: The relation between this measurement and the TOA measurement defined by WG2 needs clarification.

Definition	Round trip time (RTT), is defined as
	$RTT = T_{RX} - T_{TX}$, where
	T_{TX} = The time of transmission of the beginning of a downlink DPCH frame to a UE.
	T _{RX} = The time of reception of the beginning (the first significant path) of the corresponding
	uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame from the UE.
	Note: The definition of "first significant path" needs further elaboration.
	Measurement shall be possible on DPCH for each RL transmitted from an UTRAN access point
	and DPDCH/DPCCH for each RL received in the same UTRAN access point.
Range/mapping	The Round trip time is given with the resolution of 0.25 chip with the range [876,, 2923.75]
	chips.

5.2.8 UTRAN GPS Timing of Cell Frames for LCS

Definition	The timing between cell j and GPS Time Of Week. T _{UTRAN-GPSj} is defined as the time of occurrence of a specified UTRAN event according to GPS time. The specified UTRAN event is the beginning of a particular frame (identified through its SFN) in the first significant multipath of the cell j CPICH, where cell j is a cell within the active set.
Applicable for	Connected Intra, Connected Inter
Range/mapping	The resolution of T _{UTRAN-GPSj} is 4μS±0.125 chips. The range is from 0 to 6.04×10 ¹¹ μS.