

TSG-RAN Meeting #27
Tokyo, Japan, 09-11 March 2005

RP-050111
Agenda item 9.8

Source: TSG-RAN WG2

Title: CR to 25.301 Rel-6 on uncomplete logical channel identification for FACH

Spec	CR	Rev	Phase	Subject	Cat	Version-Current	Version-New	Doc-2nd-Level	Workitem
25.301	072	-	Rel-6	Uncomplete logical channel identification for FACH	F	6.1.0	6.2.0	R2-050292	TEI6

CR-Form-v7.1

CHANGE REQUEST

25.301 CR 072 # rev **-** # Current version: **6.1.0**

For **HELP** on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the # symbols.

Proposed change affects: UICC apps# ME Radio Access Network Core Network

Title:	# Uncomplete logical channel identification for FACH		
Source:	# RAN WG2		
Work item code:	# TEI6	Date:	# 14/01/2005
Category:	# F	Release:	# Rel-6
	<i>Use <u>one</u> of the following categories:</i> F (correction) A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) B (addition of feature), C (functional modification of feature) D (editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900 .		<i>Use <u>one</u> of the following releases:</i> Ph2 (GSM Phase 2) R96 (Release 1996) R97 (Release 1997) R98 (Release 1998) R99 (Release 1999) Rel-4 (Release 4) Rel-5 (Release 5) Rel-6 (Release 6) Rel-7 (Release 7)

Reason for change:	# Although section 5.3.1.1.2.2 and 3GPP TS 25.321 specify that BCCH and SHCCH can be mapped on FACH, they are missing from the list of possible logical channels occurring on FACH in sections 5.3.5.4, 5.3.5.6 and 5.3.5.18.		
Summary of change:	# BCCH is added to the list of logical channels occurring on FACH in sections 5.3.5.4, 5.3.5.6, 5.3.5.18. SHCCH is added to the list of logical channels occurring on FACH in sections 5.3.5.18.		
Consequences if not approved:	# The specification is not correct.		

Clauses affected:	# 5.3.5.4, 5.3.5.6, 5.3.5.18										
Other specs affected:	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; text-align: center;">Y</td> <td style="width: 20px; text-align: center;">N</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">#</td> <td style="text-align: center;">X</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">#</td> <td style="text-align: center;">X</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">#</td> <td style="text-align: center;">X</td> </tr> </table> Other core specifications # Test specifications # O&M Specifications #	Y	N	#	X	#	X	#	X		
Y	N										
#	X										
#	X										
#	X										
Other comments:	#										

How to create CRs using this form:

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at <http://www.3gpp.org/specs/CR.htm>. Below is a brief summary:

- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked # contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.

- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under <ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/specs/> For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2001-03 contains the specifications resulting from the March 2001 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

5.3.5.4 Data flow for CCCH mapped to FACH/RACH

For CCCH, transparent transmission mode on RLC is employed on the uplink (when mapped to RACH). Unacknowledged transmission mode on RLC is employed on the downlink (when mapped to FACH). A MAC header is used for logical channel identification ([BCCH](#), CCCH, CTCH, SHCCH, DCCH, DTCH). If the transparent RLC transfer mode is applied, the data flow Figure 7 is applicable. If the unacknowledged RLC transfer mode is applied, the data flow Figure 9 is applicable.

*** next modified section ***

5.3.5.6 Data flow for SHCCH mapped to FACH/RACH

For SHCCH, transparent transmission mode on RLC is employed on the uplink (when mapped to RACH). Unacknowledged transmission mode on RLC is employed on the downlink (when mapped to FACH). A MAC header may be used for logical channel identification ([BCCH](#), CCCH, CTCH, SHCCH, DCCH, DTCH). When no MAC header is used, SHCCH must be the only channel mapped to RACH/FACH. If the transparent RLC transfer mode is applied, depending on whether the MAC header is needed or not, either the data flow Figure 6 or Figure 7 is applicable. If the unacknowledged RLC transfer mode is applied, depending on whether the MAC header is needed or not, either the data flow Figure 8 or Figure 9 is applicable.

*** next modified section ***

5.3.5.18 Data flow for CTCH mapped to FACH

For CTCH, unacknowledged transmission mode on RLC is employed. A MAC header is used for logical channel identification ([BCCH](#), CCCH, CTCH, [SHCCH](#), DCCH, DTCH). The data flow shown in Figure 9 is applicable.