# 3GPP TSG RAN Meeting #20 Hämeenlinna, Finland, 3 - 6 June 2003

RP-030360

Title: 3GPP TSG RAN Work Item Description Sheets after meeting #19

**Active WIs** 

Source: 3GPP support team

14/04/2003



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# 1 Introduction

This document contains WI sheets in TSG RAN for active Work Items after TSG RAN meeting #19. Those of the approved study items are provided in a separate document, RAN\_Study\_Items. The WI sheets for finished WIs can be found in RAN\_Work\_Items\_History.

The "Terminal Power Savings" Feature was closed at TSG RAN #19. It is removed from this document and introduced in RAN\_Work\_Items\_History.

The following Work Items had its completion date changed at TSG RAN #19:

Improvement of inter frequency and inter system measurements (completion date changed from June 2003 to September 2003)

Improvement of RRM across RNS and RNS/BSS (completion date changed from June 2003 to December 2003)

Open interface between the SMLC and the SRNC within the UTRAN to support Rel-4 positioning methods (completion date changed from March 2003 to June 2003) HSDPA RF (completion date changed from March 2003 to June 2003)

The following Work Items have updated Description Sheets:

MIMO (Multiple Input Multiple Output antennas). Additionally, separate Work Task are created for the work in each WG

**UMTS 850** 

Introduction of the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) in RAN

The following new Work Items have been approved:

Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas – Physical Layer

Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas – Layer 2,3 aspects

Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas- Iub/Iur Protocol Aspects

Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas - RF Radio Transmission/ Reception, System

Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing

DS-CDMA Introduction in the 800 MHz Band

UMTS 1.7/2.1 GHz

Iu enhancements for IMS support in the RAN

Remote Control of Electrical Tilting Antennas

Network Assisted Cell Change (NACC) from UTRAN to GERAN – network-side aspects

The table below summarizes RAN Work Items open after meeting #19 and RAN Work Items closed at meeting #19 (finish date March 03):

Туре	WI name	WI acronym	Leading WG	%	Finish date	Status report RP#19
Feat	Radio Interface Improvement	RInImp	TSG RAN			
BB	Improvement of inter-frequency and inter-system measurements	RInImp-IfIsM	WG1	5%	Sept 03	RP-030151
BB	Terminal power saving features	RInImp-TPS	WG2	0%	March 03	RP-030007
BB	Improving Receiver Performance Requirements for the FDD UE	RInImp - UERecPerf	WG4	-	Sept 03	RP-030050
BB	UMTS 850	RInImp-UMTS850	WG4	10%	March 04	RP-030163
New BB	DS-CDMA Introduction in the 800 MHz Band	RInImp-UMTS800	WG4		Sept 03	
New BB	UMTS 1.7/2.1 GHz	RInImp- UMTS1721	WG4		Dec 03	
Feat	RAN Improvement Feature	RANimp	TSG RAN			
BB	Radio access bearer support enhancement	RANimp-RABSE	WG2	0%	Generic	RP-030006
New WT	Iu enhancements for IMS support in the RAN	RANimp-RABSE- luEnhIMS	WG3		Sept 03	
BB	Improvement of RRM across RNS and RNS/BSS	RRM1	WG3	35%	Dec 03	RP-030083
BB	Beamforming Enhancements	RANimp-BFE	WG1	80%	June 03	RP-030088
BB	RRM optimizations for lur and lub	RANimp-RRMopt	WG3		Generic	
New BB	Remote Control of Electrical Tilting Antennas	RANimp-TiltAnt	WG3		Dec 03	
New BB	Network Assisted Cell Change (NACC) from UTRAN to GERAN – network-side aspects	RANimp-NACC	WG3		Sept 03	
ВВ	UE positioning		TSG RAN			
WT	UE positioning enhancements		WG2			
WT	Open interface between the SMLC and the SRNC within the UTRAN to support Rel-4 positioning methods	LCS-Rel4Pos	WG2	90%	June 03	RP-030008
Feat	High Speed Downlink Packet Access	HSDPA	TSG RAN			
BB	HSDPA - RF Radio Transmission/ Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing	HSDPA-RF	WG4	90%	June 03	RP-030096
BB	Introduction of the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) in RAN	MBMS-RAN	WG2	15%	Sept 03	RP-030143
Feat	Evolution of the transport in the UTRAN	ETRAN	TSG RAN		Generic Feat.	
Feat	Multiple Input Multiple Output antennas (MIMO)	RInImp-MIMO	WG1	40%	Sept 03	RP-030012
New	Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas – Physical Layer	RInImp-MIMO- Phys	WG1	1070	Sept 03	1.1 000012
New WI	Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas – Layer 2,3 aspects	RInImp-MIMO- L23	WG2		Sept 03	
New WI	Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas - Iub/Iur Protocol Aspects	RInImp-MIMO- lublur	WG3		Sept 03	
New WI	Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas - RF Radio Transmission/ Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing	RInImp-MIMO-RF	WG4		March 04	

# 2 Radio Interface Improvement Feature

Last distributed as: RAN\_Work\_Items\_after\_RAN\_15 (originally WI-Radio-if-improve2)

# **Work Item Description**

# **Title: Radio Interface Improvement**

This work item intends to introduce new mechanisms allowing improvements on the way the Radio Interface is used.

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### **3** Justification

In order to cope with new techniques providing more efficient use of the bandwidth for the radio interface, it is necessary to ensure backward compatibility in terms of service offering.

When a new system is designed it is quite normal that some work is required also to enhance the already defined mechanism at the physical layer as well as at the signalling level. Thus this work item will cope with technical enhancement and improvement for the Radio path.

#### 4 Objective

The main objective for this feature is to ensure that adequate mechanisms are provided to allow enhancement of the radio interface in a backward compatible manner.

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J	Service 2	ASDUCIS

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

# 7 Charging Aspects

None

#### 8 Security Aspects

None

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

# 10 Expected Output and Time scale

To be defined on a per building block basis but potentially all specifications and report of the 25 series

This is a generic task which will be valid for all major releases

	New specifications							
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments	
			Affe	cted existi	ng specificatio	ns		
Spec No.	Spec No.   CR   Subject   Approved at plenary#   Comments						Comments	

Work item raporteurs

**TSG-RAN** 

Work item leadership

TSG-RAN

**Supporting Companies** 

TSG-RAN

14 Classification of the WI (if known)

X	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

# 14a The WI is a Feature

Generic Feature

# 2.1 Improvement of inter-frequency and inter-system measurements

Last distributed as: RAN\_Work\_Items\_after\_RAN\_15 (originally RP-000180)

# **Work Item Description**

Title: Improvement of inter-frequency and inter-system measurements

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

none

#### 3 Justification

Compressed mode in Release-99 covers limited set of methods of implementing the compressed mode for enabling measurements on other frequencies. There have been methods suggested that potentially improve the system capacity and operational flexibility in addition to the existing methods.

- The following two technologies have been identified as candidates for Release 2000 for compressed mode improvements:
- 1. Compressed mode with puncturing and flexible positions
- 2. Combination of the existing methods (including method in point 1)

#### 4 Objective

The purpose of this work item is to work on the compressed mode improvements for improved system performance.

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None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	
Don't know					

# 10 Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

		New spec	cifications	•	
Spec No.	Title	rsp. WG rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at blenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
		Affected existin	g specificatio	ns	
Spec No.	CR	Subject	Approved at	plenary#	Comments
25.212		Multiplexing and channel coding (FDD)	RAN #21		
25.215		Physical layer – Measurements (FDD)	RAN #21		
25.331		RRC Protocol Specification	RAN #21		Parameter update
25.423		UTRAN lur Interface RNSAP Signalling	RAN #21		Parameter update
25.433		UTRAN lub Interface NBAP Signalling	RAN #21		Parameter update

# Work item raporteurs

Antti Toskala, Nokia Networks

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG1

# 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14b The WI is a sub-building block part of the radio interface improvement building block.

# 2.2 Improving Receiver Performance Requirements for the FDD UE

Last distributed as: RAN\_Work\_Items\_after\_RAN\_16 (originally RP-020124)

# **Work Item Description**

Title: Improving Receiver Performance Requirements for the FDD UE

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

	X	Radio Access
		Core Network
ſ		Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### **3** Justification

Feasible methods exist which can enable improved performance requirements for the UE.

# 4 Objective

The objective of this Work Item is to establish improvements in the currently existing UE performance requirements.

5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X			
No	X		X	X	
Don't					
know					

# **Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)**

	Affected existing specifications									
Spec No.	CR	Subject	Approved at plenary#	Comments						
25.101		UE Radio transmission and reception (FDD)	RAN #21							

# Work item raporteurs

Shimon Moshavi, Intel (Shimon.Moshavi@intel.com)

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG4

# **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

Improvements of Radio Interface

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

(one Work Item identified as a building block)

# 2.3 UMTS 850

Approved at TSG RAN#18 as RP-020875. Modified at TSG RAN #19 as RP-030197.

# **Work Item Description**

Title: UMTS 850

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

WRC 2000 extended the current IMT 2000 frequency allocation to include bands currently occupied with in the 850 MHz. band. In particular, ITU-R Working Party 8F has recently forwarded into the ITU approval process a revision to ITU-R Recommendation M.[1036-1]. This revision includes recognition of the WRC 2000 bands identified for IMT-2000, in particular the band range 806-960 MHz.

The supporters of this WI proposal believe that GPRS/EDGE at 850 will eventually begin evolving into UMTS at 850 in the 2007 – 2008 time frame with in ITU Region 2. This band is currently occupied by a variety of technologies so studies of migration paths of the likely combinations of technologies should be considered (both internal and external to 3GPP). While progressing the specification work for UMTS 850 3GPP TSG RAN WG4 should consider studies performed by and recommendations given by Committee T1 (T1P1) concerning band plans, interference, and ITU Region 2 implementation issues.

It is suggested that the changes to incorporate UMTS in the 1900 MHz band could be used as the basis for this work which would reduce the effort required within 3GPP.

# 4 Objective

The purpose of this work item is to generate necessary information of the 850 MHz FDD system for potential deployment only in ITU Region 2 detailed below:

4.1 Generate a report summarizing a study of UTRA FDD in the 850 band (as described below) which includes, or will include the migration (including co-existing studies) of the following technologies: GPRS/EDGE, TIA/EIA-136, TIA/EIA/IS-95, and Analog AMPS into UMTS 850.

The specific bands to be studied are These uplink/downlink parings are consistent with the revision of ITU-R M.[1036-1]

824 – 849 MHz: Up-link (UE transmit, Node B receive) 869 – 894 MHz: Down-link (Node B transmit, UE receive)

- 4.2 Generate CR's to update the appropriate documents
- 4.3 TSG RAN WG2 study any issues related to UMTS at 850 MHz.

- 4.4 TSG RAN WG3 study any possible interface impacts to UMTS networks.
- 4.5 Any additional related issues.

# 5 Service Aspects

None

# 6 MMI-Aspects

None

# 7 Charging Aspects

None

# 8 Security Aspects

None

Affects	USI	ME	AN	CN	Others
:	M				
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't					
know					

				New sp	ecificat	ions		
Spec No.	-		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presen for inform at plen	ation	Approve d at plenary#	Comments
		<u> </u>	Affec	ted exist	ing spe	cifica	tions	1
Spec No. 25.101	CR	Subject UE Radio trai			App pler	oroved nary#		Comments
		reception (FD			200			
25.104		UTRA (BS) I transmission			RA 200		(March	
25.113		Base Station compatibility	Electro	magnetio	200		(March	
25.133		Requirements Radio Resour (FDD)					(March	
25.141		Base station of testing (FDD)		nance	RA 200		(March	
25.331		RRC Protoco			RA 200		(March	
25.942		RF System So	cenario	OS	RA 200		(March	
25.306		Radio UE cap	pability	7	RA 200		(March	
25.307		Requirements supporting a I Independent I	Release Freque	e ncy Band	200		(March	
34.121		Terminal Con Specification, Transmission	Radio	)	200	23 (Ma 4)	arch	

# 11 Work item raporteurs

Don Zelmer, Cingular Wireless LLC

# Work item leadership

RAN WG 4

# 13 Supporting Companies

# TSG RAN

(Cingular Wireless LLC, AT&T Wireless Services, Rogers Wireless, Nortel Networks, Motorola, Siemens, Nokia, Ericsson)

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

#### 14b The WI is a Building Block:

This WI is a building block part of the radio interface improvement feature.

# 14c Proposed Work Plan:

The following Table contains a break down of items needed to complete the WI and assigns the responsibility to various parties. The items in this Table are not necessarily in proper chronological order.

Item#	Effort Required	Responsibility
1	Provide description of existing band plan	T1P1.2
2	Define overall deployment scenarios for UMTS850	T1P1.2
3	Provide requirements for co-existence with other	T1P1.2
	technologies	
3.5	Provide guidance on simulation assumptions	T1P1.2
4	Define detailed simulation assumptions to cater for	RAN4
	items # 3 and 3.5 and collect them into a TR	
5	Perform simulations based on agreed upon simulation	RAN4
	assumptions and collect results into a TR	
6	Give guidance on simulation results. Recommend	T1P1.2
	more simulation as needed to complete task	
7	Generate CRs to update the appropriate specifications	RAN4
	and other documents.	
8	Study any signaling issues related to UMTS at 850	RAN2
	MHz	
9	Study any possible interface (lu, lub, lur) impacts to	RAN3
	UMTS network	
10	Any additional related issues	ALL

#### 15 WIDS History

Item 14c was accepted by T1P1.2 in the 6 March 2003 conference call. It has been updated and is proposed to be approved by RAN 19.

Item 4, the Objective, has been updated. It is proposed that the changes to item 4 be approved by RAN 19.

# 2.4 DS-CDMA Introduction in the 800 MHz Band

First distributed at TSG RAN #19 as RP-030178

# **Work Item Description**

Title: DS-CDMA Introduction in the 800 MHz Band

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

As for IMT-2000, spectrum was first identified by WARC-92. WRC-2000 also considered issues related to IMT-2000, resulting in the additional spectrum identification for the terrestrial component of IMT-2000. In addition, ITU-R Study Group 8 has recently forwarded into the ITU approval process a revision to ITU-R Recommendation M. [1036-1]. This revision includes recommended frequency arrangements for the additional IMT-2000 spectrum identified at WRC-2000; in particular the band 806-960 MHz.

In Japan, currently the band 806-960MHz is mainly used for several Mobile Services. The allocation for the services are rather fragmented and complicated compared with other countries. A working group has been established under the national telecommunication council in Japan to consider the technical condition of the frequency re-arrangement in 800MHz band in order to enhance frequency efficiency. Therefore, the proponents of this work item believe that there is high possibility that IMT-2000 would be introduced in Japan in the band near future.

It is suggested that the consideration of the evolution and migration to introduce DS-CDMA in the band 806-960MHz being studied in the working group under the national telecommunication council in Japan could be used as the basis for this work, which would reduce the effort required within 3GPP.

#### 4 Objective

The purpose of this work item is to:

4.1 Study of DS-CDMA in the 800 MHz band (as described below) for a potential deployment only in Japan. The study includes co-existing studies with the following technologies: ARIB STD-27(PDC), ARIB STD-T53(IS-95), and ARIB STD-T64 (cdma 2000), taking the frequency reframing plan in Japan into account. Generate a new technical report based on study results.

The specific bands to be studied are (These uplink/downlink parings are consistent with the revision of ITU-R M.[1036-1]):

[810 – 855] MHz: Up-link (UE transmit, Node B receive) [855 – 900] MHz: Down-link (Node B transmit, UE receive)

4.2 Generate CR's to update the appropriate documents

- 4.3 TSG RAN WG2 study signaling issues related to IMT-2000 DS-CDMA in 800 MHz band.
- 4.4 TSG RAN WG3 study any possible interface impacts to IMT-2000 DS-CDMA networks.
- 4.5 Any additional related issues.
- 5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

Affects :	USI M	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't					
know					

# 11 Expected Output and Time scale

				New spo	ecif	ications		
Spec No.			rsp. rsp. fo WG WG(s) in		for int	esented Approve d at formation plenary#		Comments
			RAN4	RAN2	RA	AN#20	RAN#21	New technical report.
			Affect	ted exist	ing	specificat	tions	
Spec No.	CR	Subject			<del>8</del>	Approved plenary#		Comments
25.101		UE Radio tra reception (Fl		ion and		RAN#21 (Septemb	per 2003)	
25.104		UTRA (BS) transmission				RAN#21 (Septemb	er 2003)	
25.113		Base Station compatibility		magnetio	С	RAN#21 (Septemb	er 2003)	
25.133		Requirement Radio Resou (FDD)				RAN#21 (Septemb	er 2003)	
25.141		Base station testing (FDD		nance		RAN#21 (Septemb	er 2003)	
25.331		RRC Protoco	ol			RAN#21 (Septemb	er 2003)	
25.942		RF System S	Scenario	os		RAN#21 (Septemb	er 2003)	
25.306		Radio UE ca	pability	7		RAN#21 (Septemb	er 2003)	
25.307		Requirement supporting a Independent	Release	e	- <b>-</b>	RAN#21 (Septemb	er 2003)	
34.121		Terminal Co Specification Transmission	, Radio	)		T#21 (Septemb	er 2003)	

# 11 Work item rapporteurs

Takehiro Nakamura (NTT DoCoMo)

# Work item leadership

RAN WG 4

# 13 Supporting Companies

TSG RAN

(NTT DoCoMo, Fujitsu, Mitsubishi Electric, NEC, Panasonic)

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

# 14b The WI is a Building Block:

This WI is a building block part of the radio interface improvement feature.

# 2.5 UMTS 1.7/2.1 GHz

First distributed at TSG RAN #19 as RP-030186

#### **Work Item Description**

**Title: UMTS 1.7/2.1 GHz** 

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

In the WRC 2000, additional spectrum was identified for IMT-2000, including the band 1710-1885 MHz. As a result of this decision the UMTS1800 work was concluded in rel-5 time frame in TSG RAN.

Recently there have been initiatives taken by one Administration in Region 2 that allows the band pairing between 1710 MHz UL and 2110 MHz DL. It is expected that other Administrations will follow.

3GPP has specified the band 2110-2170 MHz in its original rel-99 activity, and is also well suited for using with 1710-1770 MHz as uplink. Such an urgent specification work in 3GPP will allow for a timely global WCDMA arrangement so that the entire 2x60 MHz paired spectrum bands 1710-1770 and 2110-2170 MHz or parts of these bands may also be used with a consistent 400 MHz frequency separation between the uplink and the downlink.

While working with UMTS 1.7/2.1 GHz, 3GPP TSG RAN WG4 should consider information made available by FCC and Committee T1 (T1P1) concerning band plans, and ITU Region 2 implementation issues what may consider this new frequency allocation in North America.

# 4 Objective

The purpose of this work item is to generate necessary information of 1.7/2.1 GHz FDD system for potential deployment only in ITU Region 2 detailed below:

4.1 Generate a report summarizing a study of radio requirements UTRA FDD in the 1.7/2.1 GHz Band

?? 1710 – 1770 MHz: Up-link (UE transmit, Node B receive)

?? 2110 – 2170 MHz: Down-link (Node B transmit, UE receive)

It has to be noted that this WRC 1.7/2.1 GHz Band includes the current FCC band allocation given below for information

1710 – 1755 MHz: Up-link (UE transmit, Node B receive)

2110 – 2155 MHz: Down-link (Node B transmit, UE receive)

This report, while considering the radio requirements for UTRA FDD in the 1.7/2.1 GHz Band, shall investigate

- ?? The need of 2 sets of Node B's requirements : One for the full band and another one for the restricted FCC bands given above.
- ?? Scenarios about the use of UE's operating over 2\*60 MHz in North America with possible interferers in 1755- 1770 MHz and 2155-2170 MHz.
- 4.2 Generate CR's to update the appropriate documents.
- 4.3 TSG RAN WG2 study any issues related to UMTS at 1.7/2.1 GHz FDD band-signalling aspects.
- 4.4 TSG RAN WG3 study any possible interface impacts to UMTS networks.
- 4.5 Any additional related issues.
- 5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

Affects	USI M	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes	IVI	X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

# 12 Expected Output and Time scale

				New spo	ecifi	ications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	for inf	esented ormation olenary#	Approve d at plenary#	Comments
~	G.D.	To 11	Affec	ted exist		specificat		la .
Spec No.	CR	Subject				Approved plenary#	l at	Comments
25.101		UE Radio tra reception (Fl	DD)			RAN#22 (Decembe	er 2003)	
25.104		UTRA (BS) FDD; Radio transmission and reception			RAN#22 (Decembe	er 2003)		
25.113		Base Station Electromagnetic compatibility			С	RAN#22 (Decembe	er 2003)	
25.133		Requirements for Support of Radio Resource Management (FDD)			RAN#22 (Decembe	er 2003)		
25.141		Base station testing (FDD		nance		RAN#22 (Decembe	er 2003)	
25.331		RRC Protoco	ol			RAN#22 (Decembe	er 2003)	
25.942		RF System S	Scenario	os		RAN#22 (Decembe	er 2003)	
25.306		Radio UE ca	pability	7		RAN#22 (December	er 2003)	
25.307		Requirement supporting a Independent	Release	e		RAN#22 (Decembe	er 2003)	
34.121		Terminal Co Specification Transmission	, Radio	)	ı	T#23 (March 20	004)	

# Work item raporteurs

Jussi Numminen, Nokia

# Work item leadership

RAN WG 4

# 13 Supporting Companies

TSG RAN

(Cingular Wireless LLC, Nokia, Siemens, Nortel Networks, Ericsson)

#### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14b The WI is a Building Block:
This WI is a building block part of the radio interface improvement feature.

# 3 RAN Improvement Feature

Last distributed as: RAN\_Work\_Items\_after\_RAN\_15 (originally WI-RAN-improve2)

# **Work Item Description**

#### **Title: RAN Improvement**

This work item intends to introduce new mechanisms allowing improvements on all aspects dealing with the RNS internal interfaces as well as the interface towards the core network. In addition this includes internal mechanisms to be introduced in the Technical Specification under responsibility of TSG RAN for the RNS part of the network, e.g., algorithms for QoS handling.

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
X	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

This work item has been created to collect all evolutions of the Radio Network System. This includes transport of user and signalling plane as well as protocols over all interfaces of the RNS. The Iu and Iur reference points are also covered by this Feature description.

#### 4 Objective

The main objective of this Feature is to cover all evolution of the internal RNS architecture and protocol.

5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

Affects USIM ME	AN	CN	Others
-----------------	----	----	--------

:					
Yes			X	X	
No	X	X			X
Don't					
know					

# 11 Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

(to be defined on a per Building block or WT basis but this may impact most of the specifications 25 .4 series and some of the 25.3 series)

# 12 This is a generic task which will be valid for all major releases

				New spe	ecifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
			Affe	cted existi	ng specificatio	ns	
Spec No.							
							•

12	Work ite	m raporteurs

**TSG-RAN** 

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN

# **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

# 15 Classification of the WI (if known)

X	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

# 16a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

Generic Feature

# 3.1 Radio access bearer support enhancement

Last distributed as: RP-010915 (originally RP-000140)

# **Work Item Description**

Title: Radio Access Bearer support enhancement

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

#### 3 Justification

The increasing interest in IP based services demands special optimisation of the means by which a radio access bearer can be provided by UTRAN.

# 4 Objective

This work item should have the scope of adding necessary functionality to the Uu, Iur and Iu interface in order to efficiently support RT traffic, e.g. VoIP. Examples of such functionality are:

- ?? Radio Access Bearer multiplexing in PDCP
- ?? Support of variable formats over Iu and unequal error protection over Uu
- ?? Channel type switching for logical channels
  - ?? Today it is only possible to switch all logical channels of one UE, not individual. For DSCH it would be much better to be able to switch single logical channels
- ?? IP header removal as developed within GERAN
- ?? RFC3095 context relocation in SRNS relocation

# 5 Service Aspects

The intention with the work item is to better and more efficient support IP based services.

# 6 MMI-Aspects

None

# 7 Charging Aspects

None

# 8 Security Aspects

None

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

# 10 Expected Output and Time scale (to be defined on a per work task basis) This is a generic task which will be valid for all major releases

				New spe	ecifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
			Affe	cted existi	ng specificatio	ns	
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at p	olenary#	Comments

# Work item raporteurs

TSG-RAN WG2: Ainkaran Krishnarajah (Ericsson)

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG2

# **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature (one Work Item identified as a feature)

- RAN Improvement

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

(one Work Item identified as a building block)

# 3.1.1 Iu enhancements for IMS support in the RAN

First distributed at TSG RAN #19 as RP-030191

# **Work Item Description**

Title: Iu enhancements for IMS support in the RAN

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
X	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

RAB support enhancements

#### 3 Justification

This Work Item aims at enhancing the support of IMS in the RAN for the release 6.

Some requirements for the IMS support have been identified by SA2 and this has lead to the introduction of a new release 5 function at RAN3#34: a basic signalling indication on the Iu interface for concerned interactive RABs.

However, this indication enables a basic support for IMS by the RAN but it is believed that room of improvement may be brought e.g. by the introduction of additional QoS specific parameter(s)

•

This Work Item proposes to refine the requirements provided by SA2 from a RAN thorough perspective and evaluate possible further enhancements for the release 6 allowing some further optimisations of the handling of IMS RAB by an RNC.

# 4 Objective

The objective of this WI is to improve the support of RABs for IMS on the Iu interface.

5	<b>Service Aspects</b>
	None
6	MMI-Aspects
	None
7	<b>Charging Aspects</b>
	None
8	Security Aspects

None

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X	X	
No	X	X			
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

	New specifications								
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2 <sup>nd</sup> ary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for information at plenary#		Comments		
			Affec	ted exist	ing specificat	ions			
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved a plenary#	at	Comments		
25.413		UTRAN lu Interface RANAP Signalling			RAN#21		Definition of new RAB QoS parameters and addition of procedural text		

# Work item rapporteurs

Philippe Godin (Nortel Networks)

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

# 13 Supporting Companies

TSG RAN (Nortel Networks, AWS, 3, Ericsson)

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

I	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
ľ	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature RAB support enhancement

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 3.2 Improvement of RRM across RNS and RNS/BSS

Last distributed as: RAN\_Work\_Items\_after\_RAN\_16 (originally RP-010947)

# **Work Item Description**

Title: Improvement of RRM across RNS and RNS/BSS

#### 13GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None identified.

#### 3 Justification

Radio resource management across RNS and RNS/BSS is a necessary tool for operators with GSM and UMTS networks. The operator must be able to place traffic on the technology that meets the operator's strategy and requirements be it for coverage, service or load. .

# 4 Objective

The objective of this work item is to identify tools for facilitating an efficient and cost effective method for radio resource management across RNS and RNS/BSS. The method, which allows resource management across RNS and RNS/BSS shall not affect UE/MS. The method is targeted for operation between UTRAN & Iu mode GERAN.

If there is a need to define new interface, then this interface shall be open.

**5 Service Aspects** 

None identified.

6 MMI-Aspects

None identified.

7 Charging Aspects

None identified.

**8 Security Aspects** 

None identified.

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		
No	X	X		X	

Don't			
know			

# 10 Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

This is a Release 6 work Item

New specifications								
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG		Presented for endorsement at plenary#		Comments	
New 3GPP TR		etween RNS NS/BSS	RAN WG3	TSG GERAN	RAN#17	RAN#22		
			Affecte	ed existing	specification	ns		
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at p	olenary#	Comments	
							To be determined based on the method(s) agreed	

# 11 Work item raporteurs

Antti Toskala, Nokia, Helsinki, Finland

# 12 Work item leadership

RAN 3

# 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

		Feature (go to 14a)
Ī	X	Building Block (go to 14b)
		Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block: Parent Feature: RAN Improvement

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 3.3 Beamforming enhancements

Last distributed as: RAN\_Work\_Items\_after\_RAN\_15 (originally RP-010711)

# **Work Item Description**

**Title: Beamforming Enhancements (originally Beamforming)** 

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

Beamforming with dedicated pilot symbols or with S-CPICH has potential to improve system capacity. Also UTRAN RRM could be improved by defining support for measurements that take into account the possible use of beamforming with S-CPICH or with dedicated pilots only.

# 4 Objective

This work item should define potential new measurements for UTRA FDD for efficient support of of RRM in case beamforming is used in UTRAN.

### 5 Service Aspects

None/Text

# 6 MMI-Aspects

None/Text

# 7 Charging Aspects

None/Text

# **8** Security Aspects

None/Text

Affects:	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		
No	X	X		X	X
Don't					
know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

	New specifications									
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments			
New TR	Bear	mforming	TSG	TSG	TSG	TSG				
	Enha	ancements	RAN	RAN	RAN#18	RAN#19				
			WG1	WG4						
			Affe	cted existi	ng specificatio	ns				
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at	olenary#	Comments			
TS 25.133					TSG RAN	<del>‡</del> 20				
TS 25.433	TS 25.433			TSG RAN	TSG RAN#20					
TS 25.215	TS 25.215				TSG RAN	<sup>‡</sup> 20				
Ì										

# 11 Work item raporteurs

Jussi Kähtävä, Nokia.

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG1

# **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

UTRAN Improvement Feature

# 3.4 RRM optimizations for lur and lub

Last distributed as: RAN\_Work\_Items\_after\_RAN\_15 (originally RP-000310)

# **Work Item Description**

Title: RRM optimizations for Iur and Iub

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

# 2 Linked work items

#### 3 Justification

Optimising the existing procedures will increase the efficiency of UTRAN and the quality of service to the end user.

# 4 Objective

This work item focuses on optimizing the existing procedures and functions of Iub and Iur.

# 5 Service Aspects

None

# 6 MMI-Aspects

None

# 7 Charging Aspects

None

# **8** Security Aspects

None

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be defined on a per work task basis) This is a generic task which will be valid for all major releases

				New sp	ecifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2 <sup>nd</sup> ary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
			Affe	cted existi	ing specificatio	ns	
Spec No. CR Subject					Approved a	t plenary#	Comments

Work item raporteurs

Gert-Jan van Lieshout (Ericsson)

Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

**Supporting Companies** 

TSG-RAN

14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

Radio Interface Improvement feature and UTRAN Improvement feature

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 3.5 Remote Control of Electrical Tilting Antennas

First distributed at TSG RAN #19 as RP-030193

# **Work Item Description**

**Title: Remote Control of Electrical Tilting Antennas** 

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None identified

#### 3 Justification

Because of the interference limitation property of the CDMA based UTRAN, the tilting of antennas is essential for the successful operation and optimisation of UMTS network coverage. It would be very beneficial if it were possible to remotely control the tilting of antennas in order to optimise radio coverage areas.

The ability for the operator to control the electrical tilt of the antennas remotely from the O&M Network is currently possible via the implementation-specific interfaces between Node B Element Manager and Node B. A "remote control" mechanism would decrease the costs incurred on the operator for site visits to change the tilt of the antennas manually and simplify the redeployment of antennas in a large network.

Remote electrical tilting (RET) solutions to date are proprietary and hence interfacing a mix of antennas and Node Bs from different vendors is not possible without a standardised interface. Therefore, in order to enable flexibility for the operator in choosing their antenna supplier(s), a new interface is required between RET antenna and Node B to control the electrical tilting. Additionally, RET functionality in the UTRAN accompanied by an appropriate set of signalling commands and control parameters from the Network Manager over the Ift-N interface would allow the operator to optimise the whole network using consistent commands – even in a multi-vendor environment.

#### 4 Objective

The objectives of this work item are:

- Specifying a standardised open interface to enable local RET antenna-controlling functionality situated in the Node B to allow the RET antenna system being provided by a third party vendor.
- Be able to control the antenna from the Network Manager, so that the operator is able to control the RET antenna remotely and consistently across the network.

#### **5** Service Aspects

None

# 6 MMI-Aspects

None

# **7** Charging Aspects

None

# **8** Security Aspects

None

# 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		X
No	X	X		X	
Don't					
know					

#### a) Work for TSG RAN WG 3

Definition and inclusion of the relevant items in the TSG RAN WG3 specification in order to control electrical tilting antennas

# b) Work for TSG SA WG 5

Provision of the parameters / functionality across the Itf-N interface needed for a network wide controlling of RET antenna devices

# 10 Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spec	cificatio	ns		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presente informati plenary#	ion at	Approved at plenary#	Comments
TR 25.xyz		rical Tilting		RAN#2	<u>?</u> 1	RAN#22		
			Affec	ted existin	g speci	fication	ıs	
Spec No.	Spec No. CR Subject			Аррі	Approved at plenary#		Comments	
25.401 UTRAN architecture description; stage 2			; RAI	RAN#22				

# 11 Work item rapporteur

Andreas Hauser, Vodafone D2 GmbH, Düsseldorf, Germany

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG 3

# **Supporting Companies**

## TSG RAN

(Vodafone Group, **3**, Lucent Technologies, Nortel Networks, Siemens AG, Telefónica, Telecom Italia, Alcatel)

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14b The WI is a Building Block: Parent Feature: RAN Improvement

# 3.6 Network Assisted Cell Change (NACC) from UTRAN to GERAN

First distributed at TSG RAN #19 as RP-030156

#### **Work Item Description**

Title: Network Assisted Cell Change (NACC) from UTRAN to GERAN -Network-side aspects

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
X?	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

Independent feature.

#### 3 Justification

Network Assisted Cell Change (NACC) is a feature that was specified in GERAN in Rel-4. NACC offers the possibility to reduce the delay when transiting between GPRS cells by providing the system information of the target cells.

Inter-RAT NACC for CELL\_DCH signalling over the Uu was agreed in Rel-5. This WI is required to specify how the RNC acquires the System Information (GERAN SI) required to be delivered to the UE/MS as part of the NACC function.

#### 4 Objective

The objective of this Work Item is to analyse the impacts on UTRAN architecture and provide the signalling support on the UTRAN Interfaces for Network Assisted Cell Change from UTRAN to GERAN.

#### 5 Service Aspects

None/Text

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None/Text

#### **7** Charging Aspects

None/Text

#### **8** Security Aspects

None/Text

#### 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X	X	
No	X	X			X
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

			New spe	cifications	<u> </u>	_
Spec No.	Title	Prime rsp. W0	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for information at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
		Aff	ected existi	ng specificati	ons	
Spec No.	CR	Subject		Approved a	t plenary#	Comments
23.060		Definition of NACC from U GERAN				
25.401	Architecture impacts of support for NACC from UTRAN to GERAN			C RAN #21		
25.410	Support of NACC on the lu interface			RAN #21		
25.413	25.413 Signalling support for NACC from UTRAN to GERAN on lu			N RAN #21		
25.420	Support of NACC on the lur interface			RAN #21		
25.423		Signalling support for NA	CC on the lur	RAN #21		

#### 11 Work item raporteurs

Brendan McWilliams, Brendan.McWilliams@gb.vodafone.co.uk

# Work item leadership

TSG RAN WG3

# **Supporting Companies**

TSG RAN

(Vodafone Group, Orange, Telecom Italia, Qualcomm, Nokia, Nortel)

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

Radio Access Network Improvement Feature

# 4 Location Services

This is a SA WG2 feature

# 4.1 UE Positioning

Last distributed as: UE\_positioning.doc

#### **Work Item Description**

**Title: UE positioning** 

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

- ?? Location Based Services (LCS)
- ?? Low Chip rate TDD option

#### 3 Justification

UE positioning is a function of UE and UTRAN (Access Stratum) which can be useful for a number of purposes:

- ?? Radio Resource Management
- ?? Support for location based services (LCS)

#### 4 Objective

UE positioning is a feature that allows:

- ?? UTRAN to calculate the geographical co-ordinates of a UE known by UTRAN
- ?? UTRAN to provide sufficient information so that capable UEs can calculate autonomously their geographical co-ordinates
- ?? UTRAN to answer to Core Networks requests for UE position

UE positioning feature encompasses a collection of positioning methods, allowing different level of accuracy and operational scenarios.

#### 5 Service Aspects

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

#### 7 Charging Aspects

None

#### 8 Security Aspects

None

#### 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	
Don't know					

#### **Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)**

This is a feature which is supported in release 99. For output and timescales, refer to the appropriate building block under the feature.

#### Work item rapporteur

Denis Fauconnier, Nortel Networks

#### Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG2

#### **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

#### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

X	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

- 14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature
  - ?? UE positioning enhancements
  - ?? Iub/Iur interfaces for UE positioning methods supported on the radio interface release 99
- 14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature
- 14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 4.1.1 UE positioning enhancements

Last distributed as: RP-010915 (originally RP-000509)

#### **Work Item Description**

Title: UE positioning enhancements

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

none

#### 3 Justification

UE positioning is a function of UE and UTRAN (Access Stratum) which can be utilised for a number of purposes:

- ?? Radio Resource Management
- ?? Support for location based services (LCS)

Different accuracy can be requested when positioning a UE for these purposes.

#### 4 Objective

The purpose of this work item are to increase the accuracy of the UE positioning or define methods allowing UE positioning with less complexity for a given accuracy.

Examples of enhancements are:

- ?? Addition of IPDL for UE positioning in TDD
- ?? Almanac corrections

#### 5 Service Aspects

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

#### 7 Charging Aspects

None

#### 8 Security Aspects

None

#### 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	
Don't know					

# 10 Expected Output and Time scale (to be defined on a per work task basis) This is a generic task which will be valid for all major releases

	New specifications						
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
			Affe	cted existi	ng specificatio	ns	
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at	olenary#	Comments

#### Work item rapporteur

Mark Beckmann, Siemens AG

#### Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG2

#### **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

#### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

UE positioning

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 4.1.2 Open interface between the SMLC and the SRNC within the UTRAN to support Rel-4 positioning methods

Last distributed as: RAN\_Work\_Items\_after\_RAN\_16 (originally RP-010719)

#### **Work Item Description**

Title: Open interface between the SMLC and the SRNC within the UTRAN to support Rel-4 positioning methods

#### 13GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None identified.

#### 3 Justification

In 3GPP standalone SMLC has been specified for A-GPS method and it is needed to consider also other Rel'4 positioning methods .

#### 4 Objective

The objective of this work item is to extend the Iupc interface for the support of all Rel'4 positioning methods positioning, i.e. Cell ID based, OTDOA based and A-GPS

It shall be transparent for the UE whether standalone SMLC is used or not.

**5 Service Aspects** 

None identified.

6 MMI-Aspects

None identified.

7 Charging Aspects

None identified.

**8 Security Aspects** 

None identified.

#### 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		
No	X	X		X	

Don't			
know			

#### 10 Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

This is a Release 5 Work Item

			New speci	fications		
Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)			Comments
SRNC – SMLC Location Protocol Architecture and Protocol Aspects		RAN 2	RAN 3	RAN #20	RAN #21	See Note 1.
		Affect	ed existing	specification	ns	
CR	Subject					Comments
	UTRAN architecture description; Stage 2			RAN #21		Extend current lu-pc interface as defined in 25.305
	UTRAN Stage 2			RAN #21		Modify Network Reference Model, to allow for Cell ID based, OTDOA and A-GPS positioning methods.
	SRNC Location Archite Protoc	SRNC – SMLC Location Protocol Architecture and Protocol Aspects  CR Subject UTRAN arch Stage 2	SRNC – SMLC RAN 2 Location Protocol Architecture and Protocol Aspects  Affect CR Subject UTRAN architecture des Stage 2	Title Prime rsp. 2ndary rsp. WG(s)  SRNC – SMLC RAN 2 RAN 3  Location Protocol Architecture and Protocol Aspects  Affected existing  CR Subject  UTRAN architecture description;  Stage 2	WG rsp. WG(s) endorsement at plenary#  SRNC – SMLC RAN 2 RAN 3 RAN #20  Location Protocol Architecture and Protocol Aspects  Affected existing specificatio  CR Subject Approved at 1 Stage 2	Title Prime rsp. WG(s) Presented for endorsement at plenary#  SRNC – SMLC RAN 2 RAN 3 RAN #20 RAN #21  Location Protocol Architecture and Protocol Aspects  Affected existing specifications  CR Subject Approved at plenary#  UTRAN architecture description; Stage 2  RAN #21

Note 1: the TR should identify the architectural alternatives with their pros and cons from the SMLC/SRNC functional split point of view

The SMLC principle will be such that the SRNC can query the standalone SMLC for the position of the UE.

#### 11 Work item raporteurs

Meik Kottkamp, Siemens, Germany

# 12 Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG2

#### 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

#### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature UE positioning

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 5 High Speed Downlink Packet Access (HSDPA)

Last distributed as: RAN\_Work\_Items\_after\_RAN\_16 (originally RP-010262)

#### **Work Item Description**

**Title: High Speed Downlink Packet Access** 

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

Х	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

**HSDPA** Physical Layer

HSDPA Layer 2 and 3 Protocol Aspects

HSDPA UTRAN Iub/Iur Protocol Aspects

HSDPA RF Radio Transmission/ Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing

#### 3 Justification

In RAN#7 a study item on High Speed Downlink Packet Access was approved. The aim of the study was to look at the feasibility and potential of various techniques such as Adaptive Modulation and Coding and Hybrid ARQ for increasing throughput and peak data rates with reduction in concomitant delay. Since RAN#7, RAN WG1 and RAN WG2 have considered many contributions on this subject and have concluded on the feasibility and potential of various techniques and provided recommendations on the inclusion of these techniques for Rel-5. This work item is in line with the recommendations from WG2 and WG1.

#### 4 Objective

The technical objective of this work item is the integration of HSDPA functionality in UTRA, in line with recommendations from WG1 and WG2, to increase the throughput and peak data rates while reducing the overall delay. The works tasks include support for both FDD and TDD. In those cases where differences between FDD and TDD are identified, they should be considered as separate work tasks.

- ?? For physical layer, the features include:
  - ?? Physical and Transport Channels mapping
  - ?? Higher Order Modulation
  - ?? Multiplexing and Hybrid ARQ Channel Coding
  - ?? Physical Layer procedures

#### ?? For higher layers:

- ?? Architecture aspects
- ?? MAC entity (Scheduling and Hybrid ARQ protocol)
- ?? Interlayer procedures in connected mode
- ?? Control plane aspects
- ?? UE capabilities

#### ?? For Iur/Iub interface:

For the adoption of HSDPA some modifications to the present Iub and Iur signalling and user data streams will need to be included.

- ?? For radio transmission and reception:
  - ?? UE radio transmission and reception
  - ?? BTS radio transmission and reception
  - ?? BTS Conformance testing
  - ?? Requirements for support of Radio Resource Management
- 5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

**8** Security Aspects

None

#### 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

#### **Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)**

	New specifications								
Spec No.	Title			rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#		Comments	
25.855			R2			RAN#	13		
25.308			R2			RAN#	13		
	Affected existing specifications								
Spec No.	CR	Subject					Approved at plenary#	Comments	

The expected finalisation date is TSG-RAN #17

#### Work item raporteurs

Ravi Kuchibhotla (Motorola)

#### Work item leadership

#### TSG-RAN WG2

#### **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

#### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

X	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

**HSDPA** Physical Layer

HSDPA Layer 2 and 3 Protocol Aspects

HSDPA UTRAN Iub/Iur Protocol Aspects

HSDPA RF Radio Transmission/ Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

(one Work Item identified as a feature)

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

(one Work Item identified as a building block)

# 5.1 High Speed Downlink Packet Access (HSDPA) - RF Radio Transmission/ Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing

Last distributed as: RAN\_Work\_Items\_after\_RAN\_16 (originally RP-010262)

#### **Work Item Description**

Title: High Speed Downlink Packet Access - RF Radio Transmission/ Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

HSDPA Physical Layer HSDPA Layer 2 and 3 Protocol Aspects HSDPA UTRAN Iub/Iur Protocol Aspects

#### 3 Justification

The study item on HSDPA was concluded in RAN WG#11with recommendations on the techniques to be included in Rel-5. This work item supports the specifications of the various RF characteristics of the HSDPA feature as they impact the base station and mobile station performance and the radio resource management aspects.

#### 4 Objective

The technical objective of this work item is the description of the HSDPA characteristics, the system performance requirements and conformance testing.

- ?? For radio transmission and reception:
  - ?? UE radio transmission and reception
  - ?? BTS radio transmission and reception
  - ?? BTS Conformance testing
  - ?? Requirements for support of Radio Resource Management
- 5 Service Aspects

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

#### 7 Charging Aspects

None

# 8 Security Aspects

None

# 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				Nev	w specification	s		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approv	ved at plenary#	Comments
TR 25.890	Dow Pac Acc Rad Trar and	ess: UE io nmission eption	WG4		RAN#16	RAN	#20	
	1	,		Affected 6	existing specifi	cations	S	
Spec No.	CR	Subject					Approved at plenary#	Comments
25.101		UE Rac (FDD)	lio Tran	smission	and Recepti	on	RAN #20	
25.102		UE Radio Transmission and Reception (TDD)			on	RAN #20		
25.104		Recepti	on		transmission		RAN#17 NOTE 1	
25.105		UTRA ( Recepti		D; Radio	transmission	n and	RAN#17 NOTE 1	
25.123		Requirements for support of Radio Resource Management (TDD)					RAN#17 NOTE 1	
25.133				for suppo agement	ort of Radio (FDD)		RAN#17 NOTE 1	
25.141		Base st	ation co	onforman	ce testing(FD	DD)	RAN#17 NOTE 1	
25.142		Base st	ation co	onforman	ce testing(TE	DD)	RAN#17 NOTE 1	

NOTE 1: The expected finalisation date is TSG-RAN #17 for all aspects except Tx Diversity, for which the expected finalisation date is TSG-RAN #18

# Work item raporteurs

Howard Benn (Motorola)

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG4

# **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

X	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature High Speed Downlink Packet Access (HSDPA)

# 6 Multimedia Broadcast and Multicast Service

This is a SA WG1 feature

# 6.1 Introduction of the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) in RAN

Originally RP-010812, revised at TSG RAN #19 as RP-030015

#### **Work Item Description**

Title: Introduction of the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) in RAN (originally Enhancement of Broadcast and Introduction of Multicast Capabilities in RAN)

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

- TSG SA WG1 WI title: "Enhancement of Broadcast and Introduction of Multicast"
- => TS 22.146: "Multicast Broadcast Multimedia Service (MBMS)-Stage 1"
- TSG SA WG2 WI title: "Multimedia Broadcast/Multicast Service Architecture"
- => TR 23.846: "Multimedia Broadcast/Multicast Service; Architecture and Functional Description-Stage 2"
- => TS 23.246 "Multimedia Broadcast/Multicast Service (MBMS); Architecture and Functional Description"
- TSG CN WG1 WI title "Support of the Multicast Broadcast Multimedia Service (MBMS) in CN protocols"
- => TR 29.846, "Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service; CN1 Procedure Description (Rel-6)":
- TSG GERAN WI title "Support of the Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service (MBMS) in GERAN"
- TSG SA3 WI title: "Security Aspects of Multimedia Broadcast/Multicast Service (MBMS)"
- => TS 33.246 " Security of Multimedia Broadcast/Multicast Service "
- TSG SA4 WI: expected to be generated to address codec issues for MBMS.

#### 3 Justification

TSG SA1 has been working on the service requirements of MBMS which is a new bearer service. TS 22.146 is the specification for the MBMS service requirements defined by TSG SA WG1. TSG SA2 has already started discussions (SA WG2 #20 meeting) on the architectural issues of MBMS.

The intention of this WI is to address the RAN issues and required changes in order to accommodate MBMS.

#### Objective

The objective of this WI is to analyse and provide the necessary changes and additions required for the efficient support of MBMS in the current RAN specifications. Some possible study areas are listed below:

- ?? analysis and creation/modification of UTRAN functions needed to be standardized for the efficient support of MBMS
- ?? impact on the logical/transport/physical channels
- ?? impact on the radio interface protocols
- ?? impact on the "MBMS context" concept on RAB signalling
- ?? impacts on lub and lur and lu-ps
- ?? decision making process between point-to-point or point-to-multipoint configurations needed for MBMS Multicast mode
- ?? interaction between MBMS and lu-flex
- ?? security aspects

#### 5 Service Aspects

Multimedia Broadcast and Multicast service capabilities have been introduced.

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

#### 7 Charging Aspects

It shall be possible to charge the receiver of the MBMS multicast mode.

#### 8 Security Aspects

It shall be possible to secure multicast.

#### 9 Impacts

Affects:	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		Χ	Х	Х	
No	Х				
Don't know					

#### 10 Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spe	cifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2 <sup>nd</sup> ary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
TR 25.992	Service UTRAI	edia cast/Multicast e (MBMS); N/GERAN ements	R2	GERAN2	RAN #19	RAN #20	New Technical Report
TS 25.346	Multim Broadd Service	cast/Multicast e (MBMS) in the Access Network	R2	R3	RAN #20	RAN#20	New Technical Specification
			Affe	cted existi	ng specificatio	ns	
Spec No. CR Subject				Approved at	olenary#	Comments	

Estimated date of RAN MBMS WI completion (stage-2 and stage-3): September 2003.

11 Work item raporteurs

Nokia (Dimitris Koulakiotis)

12 Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG2

13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

#### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
Χ	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

#### 14b The WI is a Building Block:

This WI is a building block part of the SA1 "Multimedia Broadcast and Multicast Service" feature.

# 7 Evolution of the transport in the UTRAN

Last distributed as: RAN\_Work\_Items\_after\_RAN\_9 (originally WI-EVUTRAN)

#### **Work Item Description**

Title: Evolution of the transport in the UTRAN

This work item intends to introduce mechanism necessary to allow an evolution of transport mechanism in the RNS following requirement put by the core network.

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### **3** Justification

In order to cope with new requirement coming from new service definition, it is necessary to introduce mechanism to support new transport mechanisms or to improve the existing ones. Typical examples of such mechanisms are the following: introduction of an IP transport inside the RNS and AAL2 QoS optimisation

#### 4 Objective

The main objective for this building block is to ensure that adequate mechanism are provided to handle the different type of traffic (i.e. signalling and user flow) inside the RNS to ensure that requirements in terms of QoS and delay are taken into account.

This shall be valid also for efficient O&M transport of the different interfaces inside the RNS. This includes the Iub, Iur and any protocol suites at the Iu reference point.

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X	X (1)	
No					
Don't know					

Note 1: This cross indicates that as soon as there is an impact on the Iu supported protocol this also touch upon the Access stratum part situated in the Core

network

Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

(to be defined on a per WT basis but all specifications 25 4x2 and 254x4)

14 This is a generic task which will be valid for all major releases

					ecifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
	-		Affe	cted existi	ng specificatio	ns	
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at	plenary#	Comments

Work item raporteurs

Francois Courau (Alcatel)

Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

Not Relevant

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

**Evolution of Transport** 

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

Not Relevant

# 8 Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas (MIMO)

Originally RP-010267, last distributed at TSG RAN #19 as RP-030192

#### Work item sheet description

**Title: Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas** 

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

MIMO Physical Layer

MIMO Layer 2 and 3 Protocol Aspects

MIMO UTRAN Iub Protocol Aspects

MIMO RF Radio Transmission/ Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing

#### 3 Justification

In RAN#11 MIMO was presented as part of the HSDPA feasibility study. It was agreed that MIMO offers significant performance gains with acceptable impact to both UE and UTRAN. MIMO shall be optional at the UE.

#### 4 Objective

The purpose of this work item is to improve system capacity and spectral efficiency by increasing the data throughput in the downlink within the existing 5MHz carrier. This will be achieved by means of deploying multiple antennas at both UE and Node-B side.

The technical objective of this work item is the integration of MIMO functionality in UTRA, in line with recommendations from WG1, to improve capacity and spectral efficiency. The works tasks include the support for both FDD and TDD. In those cases where differences between FDD and TDD are identified, they should be considered as separate work tasks.

For physical layer, the features include:

Physical Layer procedures

For higher layers:

Signalling aspects UE capabilities

For Iur/Iub interface:

For the adoption of MIMO some modifications to the present Iub signalling and user data streams may need to be included.

For radio transmission and reception:

UE radio transmission and reception

BTS radio transmission and reception BTS Conformance testing Requirements for support of Radio Resource Management

5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

**8** Security Aspects

None

## 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't					
know					

#### Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spe	ecifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
25.876	Multipl	e-Input e Output na Processing DPA	WG1		RAN#18	RAN#21	
25.996	Spatial channel model for multiple input multiple output simulations		WG1			RAN#21	
			Affe	cted existi	ng specificatio	ns	
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at	olenary#	Comments

#### Work item raporteurs

Howard Huang (hchuang@lucent.com)

# Work item leadership

TSG RAN WG1

#### **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

#### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

X	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

MIMO Physical Layer

MIMO Layer 2 and 3 Protocol Aspects

MIMO UTRAN Iub Protocol Aspects

MIMO RF Radio Transmission/ Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

(one Work Item identified as a feature)

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

(one Work Item identified as a building block)

# 8.1 Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas (MIMO) – Physical Layer

First distributed at TSG RAN #19 as RP-030192

#### Work item sheet description

#### Title: Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas – Physical Layer

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

MIMO Layer 2 and 3 Protocol Aspects

MIMO UTRAN Iub Protocol Aspects

MIMO RF Radio Transmission/ Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing

#### 3 Justification

In RAN#11 MIMO was presented as part of the HSDPA feasibility study. It was agreed that MIMO offers significant performance gains with acceptable impact to both UE and UTRAN. MIMO shall be optional at the UE.

#### 4 Objective

The technical objective of this work item is the integration of MIMO physical layer functionality in UTRA for both FDD and TDD.

The work task for physical layer procedures will also consider additional physical layer measurements that may be required.

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

#### 7 Charging Aspects

None

#### 8 Security Aspects

None

# 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spe	cifi	cations		
о <b>р</b> оо т тог	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	end ple	esented for dorsement at nary#	,	Comments
25.876	Multiple-Input Multiple Output Antenna Processing for HSDPA		WG1		R#	AN#18	RAN#21	
25.996	Spatial channel model for multiple input multiple output simulations		WG1				RAN#21	
			Affect	ed existir	ng s	pecificatio	ns	
Spec No.	CR	Subject				Approved at	plenary#	Comments
25.211			annels and transport channels al channels (FDD)			RAN	#21	
25.212		Multiplexing coding (FDE		annel		RAN	#21	
25.213		Spreading a (FDD)	ind mod	lulation		RAN	#21	
25.214		FDD : Physi procedures	cal laye	er		RAN	#21	
25.215		Physical lay (FDD)	er mea	suremen	ts	RAN	#21	
25.221		mapping of onto physical	hysical channels and apping of transport channels nto physical channels (TDD)			RAN	#21	
25.222		coding (TD				RAN	#21	
25.223		(TDD)	and modulation			RAN	#21	
25.224		Physical lay (TDD)	•			RAN	# 21	
25.225		Physical lay (TDD)	er; Mea	suremer	nts	RAN	#21	

# Work item raporteurs

Howard Huang (hchuang@lucent.com)

# Work item leadership

TSG RAN WG1

# **Supporting Companies**

#### TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

- 14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature
- 14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas (MIMO)

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 8.2 Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas (MIMO) Layer 2,3 aspects

First distributed at TSG RAN #19 as RP-030192

#### **Work item sheet description**

Title: Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas – Layer 2,3 aspects

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

MIMO Physical Layer

MIMO UTRAN Iub Protocol Aspects

MIMO RF Radio Transmission/ Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing

#### **3** Justification

In RAN#11 MIMO was presented as part of the HSDPA feasibility study. It was agreed that MIMO offers significant performance gains with acceptable impact to both UE and UTRAN. MIMO shall be optional at the UE.

#### 4 Objective

The technical objective of this work item is the integration of MIMO physical layer functionality in UTRA to improve capacity and spectral efficiency. Some additional signalling may be required to support MIMO functionality

#### ?? For higher layers:

?? Signalling aspects

?? UE capabilities

#### 5 Service Aspects

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

#### 7 Charging Aspects

None

# 8 Security Aspects

None

# 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't					
know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

	New specifications							
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments	
25.876	Multip Anten	ssing for	WG1		RAN#18	RAN#21		
25.996	Spatial channel model for multiple input multiple output simulations		WG1			RAN#21		
			Affect	ed existir	ng specificatio	ns		
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at	plenary#	Comments	
25.306		UE Radio Access Capabilites		RAN#21				
25.331		Radio resource control (RRC) protocol specification			RAN#21			
25.321		Medium access control (MAC) protocol specification			RAN#21			

# Work item raporteurs

Howard Huang (hchuang@lucent.com)

# Work item leadership

TSG RAN WG2

# **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)

# Work Task (go to 14c)

- 14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature
- 14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 8.3 Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas (MIMO)-Iub/Iur Protocol Aspects

First distributed at TSG RAN #19 as RP-030192

#### Work item sheet description

Title: Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas- Iub/Iur Protocol Aspects.

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

MIMO Physical Layer

MIMO Layer 2 and 3 Protocol Aspects

MIMO RF Radio Transmission/ Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing

#### 3 Justification

In RAN#11 MIMO was presented as part of the HSDPA feasibility study. It was agreed that MIMO offers significant performance gains with acceptable impact to both UE and UTRAN. MIMO shall be optional at the UE.

#### 4 Objective

The technical objective of this work item is the integration of MIMO physical layer functionality in UTRA to improve capacity and spectral efficiency.

#### For Iur/Iub interface:

For the adoption of MIMO some modifications to the present Iub signalling and user data streams may need to be included.

5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

# 8 Security Aspects

None

# 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

New specifications							
Spec No.			Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#		Comments
25.876	Multiple-Input Multiple Output Antenna Processing for HSDPA		WG1		RAN#18	RAN#21	
25.996	Spatial channel model for multiple input multiple output simulations		WG1			RAN#21	
			Affect	ed existin	g specificatio	ns	
Spec No. TS 25.401	CR	Subject UTRAN Overall Description			Approved at RAN #21	plenary#	Comments
TS 25.420		UTRAN lur Into and Principles	TRAN lur Interface: General Aspects				
TS 25.422		UTRAN lur interface signalling transport			RAN #21		
TS 25.423 TS		UTRAN lur Interface RNSAP Signalling			RAN #21 & RAN #21		
25.424		UTRAN lur interface data transport & transport signalling for CCH data streams			X IVAIN#21		
TS 25.425		UTRAN lur interface user plane protocols for CCH data streams			RAN #21		
TS 25.426		UTRAN I <sub>Ir</sub> and Transport & Tr DCH Data Stre	ansport S ams	Signalling fo			
TS 25.430		UTRAN Lb Interface General Aspects and Principles					
TS 25.432 TS		UTRAN lub interface signalling transport			RAN #21		
25.433 TS		UTRAN lub Interface NBAP Signalling UTRAN lub interface data transport &			Ĭ		
25.434		transport signalling for CCH data streams					
TS 25.435 TS		UTRAN lub interface user plane protocols for CCH data streams			RAN #21		
15 25.442	UTRAN Implementation Specific O&M Transport			KIVI   TAN #2			

# 11 Work item raporteurs

Howard Huang (hchuang@lucent.com)

#### Work item leadership

TSG RAN WG3

#### **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

#### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 8.4 Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas (MIMO) - RF Radio Transmission/ Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing

First distributed at TSG RAN #19 as RP-030192

#### Work item sheet description

Title: Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas - RF Radio Transmission/ Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

MIMO Physical Layer MIMO Layer 2 and 3 Protocol Aspects MIMO UTRAN Iub Protocol Aspects

#### 3 Justification

In RAN#11 MIMO was presented as part of the HSDPA feasibility study. It was agreed that MIMO offers significant performance gains with acceptable impact to both UE and UTRAN. MIMO shall be optional at the UE.

#### 4 Objective

The technical objective of this work item is the description of the MIMO characteristics, the system performance requirements and conformance testing.

- For radio transmission and reception:
  - UE radio transmission and reception
  - BTS radio transmission and reception
  - BTS Conformance testing

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

## 7 Charging Aspects

None

#### 8 Security Aspects

None

#### 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spec	cific	cations		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp.	Pre	esented for dorsement at nary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
25.876	Multiple-Input Multiple Output Antenna Processing for HSDPA		WG1		RA	AN#18	RAN#21	
25.996	Spatial channel model for multiple input multiple output simulations		WG1				RAN#21	
			Affect	ed existin	ng s	pecificatio	ns	
Spec No.	CR	Subject				Approved at	plenary#	Comments
25.101		UE Radio Transmission and Reception (FDD)				RAN#23		
25.102		UE Radio Transmission and Reception (TDD)				RAN#23		
25.104		UTRA (BS) FDD; Radio transmission and Reception				RAN#23		
25.105		UTRA (BS) TDD; Radio transmission and Reception				RAN#23		
25.123		Requirements for support of Radio Resource Management (TDD)				RAN#23		
25.133		Requirements for support of Radio Resource Management (FDD)				RAN#23		
25.141		testing(FD	Base station conformance esting(FDD)			RAN#23		
25.142		Base station testing(TD		ormance	9	RAN#23		

# Work item raporteurs

Howard Huang (hchuang@lucent.com)

#### Work item leadership

TSG RAN WG4

# 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

#### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

Multiple Input Multiple Output Antennas

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 3GPP TSG RAN Meeting #20 Hämeenlinna, Finland, 3 - 6 June 2003

RP-030360

Title: 3GPP TSG RAN Study Item Description Sheets after meeting #19

**Active SIs** 

Source: 3GPP support team

(14/04/2003)



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# 1 Introduction

This document contains Study Item sheets in TSG-RAN (latest situation) for all approved Study Items. Those of the approved WIs are provided in a separate document, RAN\_Work\_Items. The SI sheets for finished SIs can be found in RAN\_Study\_Items\_History.

The FS "The Fast Cell Selection for HS-DSCH" is closed upon request of the rapporteur, the WIDS is removed from this document.

The following Study Item was approved at TSG RAN #19 and is included in this document for the first time:

Feasibility Study for Low Output Powers for general purpose FDD BSs

The following Study Items had its completion date changed at TSG RAN #19:

Feasibility Study on UTRA Wideband Distribution System (Completion date changed from March 03 to September 2003)

Feasibility Study for the viable deployment of UTRA in additional and diverse spectrum arrangements (completion date changed from March 2003 to June 2003)

Feasibility Study for the Improvement of inter-frequency and inter-system measurement for 1.28 Mcps TDD (completion date changed from March 2003 to September 2003)

Feasibility Study for the Analysis of OFDM for UTRAN enhancement (completion date changed from June 2003 to December 2003)

Feasibility Study on Uplink Enhancements for Dedicated Transport Channels (completion date changed from June 2003 to December 2003)

Feasibility Study on Analysis of higher chip rates for UTRA TDD evolution (completion date changed from June 2003 to December 2003)

Feasibility Study for the Early Mobile Handling in UTRAN (completion date changed from March 2003 to June 2003)

# The table below summarizes RAN Study Items open after meeting #19:

SI name	Acronym	Leading WG	%	Finish date	Status report
Radio Interface Improvement Feature					
FS on Radio link performance enhancements	RInImp-RIperf	WG1	40%	Sept 03	RP-030089
FS on UTRA Wideband Distribution System	RInImp-WDS	WG4	40%	Sept 03	RP-030013
FS for the viable deployment of UTRA in additional and diverse spectrum arrangements	RInImp- UMTSBands	WG4	90%	June 03	RP-030004
FS on Improvement of inter-frequency and inter-system measurement for 1.28 Mcps TDD	RInImp-IfIsMLCR	WG1	55%	Sept 03	RP-030180
FS for the Analysis of OFDM for UTRAN enhancement	RInImp-FSOFDM	WG1	30%	Dec 03	RP-030161
FS on Uplink Enhancements for Dedicated Transport Channels	RInImp- FSUpDTrCh	WG1	35%	Dec 03	RP-030158
FS on Analysis of higher chip rates for UTRA TDD evolution	RInImp- FSVHCRTDD	WG1	30%	Dec 03	RP-030094
FS on Low Output Powers for general purpose FDD BSs	RInImp-FSLoPw	WG4		Sept 03	
RAN Improvement Feature					
FS on the Evolution of UTRAN Architecture	RANimp-FSEvo	WG3	5%	June 03	RP-030085
FS for the Early Mobile Handling in UTRAN	RANimp- FSEarlyUE	WG2	65%	June 03	RP-030010
Improved Access to UE Measurement Data for CRNC to support TDD RRM	RANimp-RRMopt- FSUEMsD	WG3	15%	June 03	RP-030087
HED. W					
UE Positioning					
FS on Enhancements to OTDOA Positioning using advanced blanking methods	LCS-FSblank	WG2	50%	June 03	RP-030011

# 2 Radio link performance enhancements

Last distributed as: RP-010914 (originally RP-000181rev4)

#### Study Item Description

Title: Radio link performance enhancements

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

none

#### 3 Justification

After completition of Release –99, possible topics have been identified that could improve the radio link performance. In order to improve the performance it is felt necessary to continue related studies after Release –99 completition and to include possible agreed improvements to the coming UTRA releases.

#### 4 Objective

The purpose of this study item is to to study the radio link performance enhancements for both UTRA FDD and TDD. This is a permanent study item to be repeated for every UTRA Release.

5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

#### 9 Impacts

Affects	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
:					

Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	
Don't					
know					

# 10 Expected Output and Time scale (to be defined on a per work task basis) This is a generic task which will be valid for all major releases

	New specifications							
Spec No.	Title	Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments		
		WG1						

#### Work item raporteurs

Antti Toskala, Nokia Networks

#### Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG1

#### **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

#### 14 Classification of the SI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The SI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

14b The SI is a Building Block: parent Feature

This is a building block part of the radio interface improvement feature.

14c The SI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

(one Work Item identified as a building block)

# 3 UTRA Wideband Distribution Subsystems (WDS)

#### Ooriginally in RP-010488

#### **Study Item Description**

Title: Feasibility Study on UTRA Wideband Distribution Subsystems (WDS)

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

none

#### 3 Justification

This study item shall assess the feasibility for a new class of equipment that would allow for improved flexibility of radio access network solutions; this is here called *Wideband Distribution Subsystem*, or WDS – and includes a generic interface to the UTRA FDD Node B. TDD applicability is possible and will also be considered as part of the feasibility study.

WDS are a capable of flexible remoting of multiple Node B's RF interface, on a possible multioperator, multi-vendor scenario, both for indoor and outdoor applications while granting substantially compliant Node B performance.

In many cases existing 2G WDS were accepted for network integration under Operator's direct responsibility, as existing specifications were not addressable for clearly and neatly defining equipment reference specification and network integration techniques, with even more severe issues in case of a multi-operator application scenario.

#### 4 Objective

The feasibility study should identify the WDS' requirements for interfacing to Node B and demonstrate that WDS doesn't impact negatively into radio network performances on a multioperator environment. Therefore it shall include a study on WDS RF multicarrier performances, e.g.:

Linearity
Transparency
Inter-operator Power Control and RF transmit power behaviour
Transmit characteristics
Receive characteristics

These characteristics will be identified while considering WDS as ancillary equipment on a multivendor Node B scenario. TDD applicability shall also be investigated and clarified.

End-to-end system performance shall also be studied to identify the application scenario for WDS.

Additionally the study shall identify the requirements and the impact for a communication interface (e.g. for O&M purposes) between WDS and other network elements. RAN WG3 and SA WG5 will be involved for evaluation of any impact in O&M aspects. Submission of initial results is planned for RAN4 #18.

#### 5 Service Aspects

There could be service aspects to be considered, e.g. impact on LCS. The Feasibility Study should clarify this aspect.

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

#### 7 Charging Aspects

None

#### 8 Security Aspects

None

#### 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		O&M
No	X	X		X	
Don't know					

#### **Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)**

	New specifications								
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments		
25.867			WG4			RAN#19	TR on feasibility for WDS		
	Affected existing specifications								
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at	plenary#	Comments		

#### Work item rapporteurs

Andrea Casini (Tekmar Sistemi)

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG4

# 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the SI

Building Block (go to 14b)

14b The SI is a Building Block: parent Feature is Radio Interface Improvement Feature

# 4 FS for the viable deployment of UTRA in additional and diverse spectrum arrangements

Last distributed as: RAN\_Study\_Items\_after\_RAN\_16 (originally in RP-010718)

#### **Study Item Description**

Title: Feasibility Study considering the viable deployment of UTRA in additional and diverse spectrum arrangements

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

The present 3GPP specifications cover the IMT-2000 2 GHz band (Band I and II), in accordance with ITU-R Radio Regulations Article S5 Footnote S5.388, in R99 and Rel4 and the work is continuing with the UMTS1900 Band II improvements and UMTS 1800 Band III.

ITU-R WRC-2000 identified additional extension bands for IMT-2000 that requires further studies for the subsequent future deployment of UTRA in the whole or parts of the bands as indicated below:

- ?? 806 960 MHz (The whole band 806 960 MHz is not identified on a global basis for IMT-2000 due to variation in the primary Mobile Service allocation across the three ITU Regions)
- ?? 1710 1885 MHz, where the work is progressing under UMTS1800 SI.
- ?? 2500 2690 MHz (In ITU Region 1 the bands 2500 2520 MHz and 2670 2690 MHz is also allocated on a co-primary basis to the Mobile Satellite Service subject to market demand)

#### 4 Objective

The viable deployment of UTRA in additional and diverse spectrum arrangements should be assessed, including

- ?? Duplex spacing arrangements other than for Bands I, II and III.
- ?? Arbitrary selectable or variable duplex spacing methods
- ?? Use of asymmetric spectrum arrangements considering the need for additional downlink traffic capacity
- ?? Terminal capabilities and signalling
- ?? Possible interface impacts

The work will result in a technical report.

#### 5 Service Aspects

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

# 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spe	cifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
25.889	viable UTRA and div			RAN2 RAN3	RAN #16	RAN #20	
-			Atte	ctea existi	ng specificatio		
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at p	olenary#	Comments

# Work item raporteurs

Thomas Unshelm, Ericsson

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG4

# 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the SI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14b The SI is a Building Block: parent Feature

Radio Interface Improvement Feature

# 5 Improvement of inter-frequency and inter-system measurements for 1.28 Mcps TDD

#### Originally in RP-010929

#### **Study Item Description**

Title: Improvement of inter-frequency and inter-system measurements for 1.28 Mcps TDD.

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

none

#### 3 Justification

In the case of 1.28Mcps TDD, some idle time slots due to discontinuous transmission can be used for monitoring GSM, FDD and 3.84 Mcps TDD as compressed mode in FDD mode. However, the current Rel-4 specification may not reserve enough time for each inter-system measurement. This may cause the relativey long measurement time and may result in the increase of terminal power consumption or a call drop in case that UE is locatesd at handover region.

A candidate for some improvement can be as follows:

- Enlarging the measurement window for inter-system measurement.
- Change the location of measurement window for inter-system measurement.

#### 4 Objective

The purpose of this study item is to provide the enlarged measurement window and the change of the location of measurement window in 1.28 Mcps TDD for improved system performance.

5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

# 9 Impacts

Affects:	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

			New sp	ecifi	cations		
Spec No.	Title	Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	info	sented for rmation at nary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
TR 25.XXX		WG1		RA	N #17	RAN #21	
		Af	fected exist	ing s	specification	ns	
Spec No.	Subject				Approved at	plenary#	Comments
25.222		Mulplexing and channel coding(TDD)					
25.224	Physic	Physical Layer Procedures (TDD)					
25.331	RRC I	Protocol Specifica	tion				
25.423		UTRAN Iur Interface RNSAP Signalling					
25.433		UTRAN Iub Interface NBAP Signalling					
25.123		Requirements for Support of Radio Mesource Management (TDD)					

# 11 Study item raporteurs

Li Xiao Qiang, SAMSUNG

# 12 Study item leadership

TSG-RAN WG1

# **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the SI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The SI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

- 14b The SI is a part of the radio interface improvement features.
- 14c The SI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

(one Work Item identified as a building block)

# 6 Enhancements to OTDOA Positioning using advanced blanking methods

Last distributed as: RP-020453

#### **Study Item Description**

Title: Enhancements to OTDOA Positioning using advanced blanking methods

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None.

#### 3 Justification

Currently OTDOA and optionally IPDL are the supported OTD (Observed Time Difference) methods for UE positioning. The use of CDMA in the RAN introduces the problem of hearability, whereby a UE is unable to measure a distant Node B due to interference from a nearby Node B. To compute a position it is necessary to receive and measure signals from at least 3 geographically distinct Node Bs, although in practise it is necessary to receive many more than this if reliable and robust positioning is to be achieved in the presence of multipath.

Location Based Services are gaining momentum spurred on by requirements such as the FCC's E-911 directive. Phase 2 of this directive requires the UE to be located within 50m 67% of the time and within 150m 95% of the time. Any UE positioning technology adopted by RAN will need to meet this accuracy requirement.

IPDL was introduced to RAN in 1999 and the work on standardising it is now nearing completion. Several documents analysing the performance of IPDL have been presented to RAN4 recently. These indicate that it is probably able to meet the E-911 requirements, although it is likely to be some time before supporting field test results are available to verify its performance. Since IPDL's introduction three years ago considerable experience with the performance on E-OTD for GSM has been gathered and new Observed Time Difference techniques and methods have been developed.

In particular new software based approaches using interference cancellation algorithms have emerged. These promise much better performance than traditional IPDL without the need to physically blank the downlink transmission. Being based on software signal processing methods they enable multiple Node Bs to be "blanked" and this results in a dramatic improvement to the positioning accuracy and robustness.

These methods should be studied as they have the following main benefits:-

?? Improved performance, compliant with E-911 phase 2,

- ?? No effect upon existing or legacy UEs, or downlink capacity
- ?? Algorithmic enhancements can be made in the network without affecting already deployed UEs.

#### 4 Objective

The objectives of this Study Item are as follows:

- ?? To evaluate the performance of new interference cancellation techniques in comparison to IPDL for UE positioning using downlink OTDOA methods,
- ?? To identify the requirements and format of measurements that would be needed to support these algorithms, specifically avoiding specifying one particular algorithm,
- ?? To identify signalling requirements and message formats.
- 5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

#### 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	
Don't know					X

**Note:** Impact on the UE is only in so far as a UE implementing the methods will require support for the new measurements and signalling. UEs that do not implement the proposed methods are expected to be completely unaffected, irrespective of whether the network supports the methods or not.

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New Tech	nical Reports		
Spec No.	Title			2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for information at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
TR	OTD0 using	ncements to DA positioning advanced ing techniques.	R2	R1	RAN#18	RAN#19	
			Affe	cted existi	ng specification	ns	
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at	plenary#	Comments
						-	

#### Work item rapporteurs

David Bartlett, Cambridge Positioning Systems.

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG2 supported by WG1 Review by WG3 and WG4.

#### **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

#### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

WI 35, UE Positioning Enhancements.

# 7 Analysis of OFDM for UTRAN evolution

Distributed as RP-020672

#### **Study Item Description**

Title: Feasibility Study for the analysis of OFDM for UTRAN enhancement

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked study items

Feasibility Study considering the viable deployment of UTRA in additional and diverse spectrum arrangements

#### 3 Justification

As the mobile radio systems evolve and become more integrated with daily activities, there is an increasing requirement for services requiring very high bit rates and higher system capacity for such services. These include services to individuals as well as multimedia broadcast services. OFDM (Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing) is one of the technologies that are proving themselves well suited to mobile radio access for high rate and multimedia services (i.e. DAB, DVB-T, 802.11a). Given the availability of this radio technology, its applicability to UTRAN and its potential to enhance UTRAN should be studied.

#### 4 Objective

The objective of this Study Item is to study the applicability of OFDM in UTRAN and its potential to enhance UTRAN.

It should be possible to use OFDM in a 5MHz spectrum allocation. As a starting point, OFDM will be considered in the downlink only.

The use of OFDM should have minimal impact on the signalling as well as physical layer, changes be limited to those needed to support a new modulation in UTRAN.

The following list provides examples of areas that may be considered in the study:

- ?? Throughput for data services. To be compared with throughput of current UTRAN releases
- ?? Various options of UE receiving OFDM carrier in combination with Release 99/Release 5 UMTS
- ?? Support for MIMO and other advanced antenna array techniques
- ?? Support for personal, multimedia and broadcast services
- ?? Deployment scenarios, including frequency reuse aspects, within diverse spectrum allocations

The study should consider performance aspects, aspects linked to the evolution of UMTS (high level architecture, diverse spectrum arrangements and allocations), impact on signalling in UTRAN, aspects of capacity/cost/complexity/ coverage and aspects of co-existence with the existing UTRAN releases.

The output of the study item will be a Technical Report containing an analysis of the feasibility and potential benefits of introducing OFDM in UTRAN.

5 Service Aspects

No

6 MMI-Aspects

No

7 Charging Aspects

No

8 Security Aspects

No

### 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	
Don't know					

#### **Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)**

				New spe	ecifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for information at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
TR			RAN1 WG1	RAN WG4	19	22	
			Affe	cted existi	ng specificatio	ns	
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at	plenary#	Comments

44	**7	1 • 4	4
11	W	irk item	raporteurs
11	***	<i>,</i> , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	rabor wurs

Sarah Boumendil (Nortel Networks)

Work item leadership

RAN1

**Supporting Companies** 

# TSG RAN (Nortel Networks, Wavecom, France Telecom, Alcatel, Philips, Samsung)

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

- 14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature
- 14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature
- 14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 8 Uplink Enhancements for Dedicated Transport Channels

Distributed as RP-020658

#### Study Item Description

Title: Feasibility Study on Uplink Enhancements for Dedicated Transport Channels

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked study items

None

#### 3 Justification

As the use of IP based services becomes more important there is an increasing requirement to improve the coverage and throughput as well as reduce the delay of the uplink. Applications that could benefit from an enhanced uplink may include services like video-clips, multimedia, e-mail, telematics, gaming, video-streaming etc. This study item proposes to investigate enhancements that can be applied to UTRA in order to improve the performance on uplink dedicated transport channels.

#### 4 Objective

It is proposed that the study should include, but not be restricted to, the following topics related to enhanced uplink for UTRA FDD to enhance uplink performance in general or to enhance the uplink performance for background, interactive and streaming based traffic:

- ?? Adaptive modulation and coding schemes
- ?? Hybrid ARQ protocols
- ?? Node B controlled scheduling
- ?? Physical layer or higher layer signalling mechanisms to support the enhancements
- ?? Fast DCH setup
- ?? Shorter frame size and improved QoS

#### 5 Service Aspects

*None– better support of existing services* 

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

#### 7 Charging Aspects

*None– uses existing charging schemes* 

## **8** Security Aspects

None

### 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	
Don't know					

#### **Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)**

				New spe	ecifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for information at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
TR	Enhan UTRA	ced Uplink for FDD	R1	R2, R3, R4	RAN #19	RAN#22	New study item
			Affe	cted existi	ng specificatio	ns	<u> </u>
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at	plenary#	Comments

The technical report should present the results of the study and make a recommendation for which techniques should be incorporated intocurrent and future releases of the standard. The report should also detail the work items descriptions necessary to continue this work.

11 Study item rapporteur

Karri Ranta-aho, Nokia

12 Study item leadership

RAN WG1

13 Supporting Companies

TSG RAN

(Motorola, Ericsson, Nokia, AT&T Wireless Services)

14 Classification of the SI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
ſ	Building Block (go to 14b)
I	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The SI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Study Items identified as building blocks)

14b The SI is a Building Block: parent Feature

(one Study Item identified as a feature)

14c The SI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

(one Study Item identified as a building block)

# 9 Analysis of higher chip rates for UTRA TDD evolution

Distributed as RP-020673

#### **Study Item Description**

Title: Feasibility Study for the analysis of higher chip rates for UTRA TDD evolution

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked study items

"Feasibility Study considering the viable deployment of UTRA in additional and diverse spectrum arrangements"

#### 3 Justification

In the early standardisation of 3GPP several different chip rates were considered. These included multiples of the basic chip rate 1x, 2x and 4x or approximately 4Mcps, 8Mcps and 16Mcps. The limited amount of spectrum available in the core UMTS bands forced a choice of the lowest chip rate which ultimately became 3.84Mcps. However it was the assumption that higher chip rates would not be precluded from future releases and indeed the statement "The information presented in this section is based on a chip rate of 3.84 Mcps. NOTE: Other chip rates may be considered in future releases" is included in Section 5.1 under *Frequency bands and channel arrangement* of all Node B and UE specifications in Release 99 (25.101, 25.102, 25.104 and 25.105).

Therefore, with the imminent allocation of considerably more spectrum for 3G in bands other than the current IMT-2000 band in which systems are currently being deployed, and the demand for higher burst rates and sector throughputs for data traffic in the wide area, there is a necessity to reexamine the benefits and consequences of these higher chip rates for the 3GPP standards in this newer spectrum.

#### 4 Objective

The study will consider higher chip rates, such as 2x the standard chip rate, 7.68Mcps.

There is an increasing requirement for additional services requiring very high bit Rates. The potential added value of introducing higher chip rate UTRA TDD should be investigated.

The following list provides examples of areas that may be considered in the study:

- ?? Throughput for data services. To be compared with throughput of current UTRAN releases
- ?? Support for personal, multimedia and broadcast services
- ?? Deployment scenarios within diverse spectrum allocations

#### ?? Implementation complexity for NodeB and UE

The study should consider performance aspects, aspects linked to the evolution of UMTS (high level architecture, diverse spectrum arrangements and allocations), impact on signalling in UTRAN, aspects of capacity/cost/complexity/ coverage and aspects of co-existence with the existing UTRAN releases.

The output of the study item will be a Technical Report containing an analysis of the feasibility and potential benefits of introducing higher chip rate UTRA TDD in UTRAN, and a recommendation to RAN Plenary on a potential work item time-frame and work plan.

5 Service Aspects

None/Text

6 MMI-Aspects

None/Text

7 Charging Aspects

None/Text

**8** Security Aspects

None/Text

9 Impacts

Affects :	UICC apps	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	
Don't know					

#### **Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)**

				New spe	ecifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	rsp. WG(s)	Presented for information at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
TR			WG1	WG4	RAN#19	RAN#22	
			Affe	cted existi	ng specification	ons	
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at	plenary#	Comments

#### Work item raporteurs

Tim Wilkinson (IPWireless)

#### Work item leadership

WG1

## 13 Supporting Companies

TSG RAN

(IPWireless Inc, Cingular Wireless LLC, Cisco Systems Europe, Vodafone Group)

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

(one Work Item identified as a feature)

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

(one Work Item identified as a building block)

# 10 Evolution of UTRAN Architecture

#### **Study Item Description**

Title: Feasibility Study on the Evolution of UTRAN Architecture

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work/study items

None

#### 3 Justification

The first step of UTRAN architecture evolution was the introduction of the IP transport in Rel-5. The next step is to study the architecture evolution for UTRAN that could lead to better transport layer utilization. The study could for example consider new of distribution of some RAN functionalities e.g. Node Bs would contain more control operation. Also potential benefits for the radio capacity may be achieved from the proposed methods due e.g. reduced delay.

## 4 Objective

The objective of this study item is to study UTRAN architecture evolution considering a new functional split berween the nodes. It should be possible to introduce this evolved architecture together with the existing Release'99 based network elements. The study item should consider also impacts on the existing UTRAN interfaces and co-existence with the existing UTRAN architecture as well as potential benefits for the system performance, deployment and radio interface evolution.

The study item includes study on new distribution of some RAN functionalities between existing nodes e.g. between Node Bs and RNCs.

The new architecture to be considered shall be such there is no UE impacts i.e. support R99 and later radio interface.

#### 5 Service Aspects

None/Text

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None/Text

#### **7** Charging Aspects

None/Text

#### **8** Security Aspects

None/Text

9 Impacts

Affects:	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		
No	X	X			X
Don't know				X	

10 Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

	New specifications										
Spec No.	Title	Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for information at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments					
TR	Distributed RA architecture	AN R3			RAN#20						
		Affe	cted existi	ng specificatio	ns						
Spec No.	CR Subject			Approved at	plenary#	Comments					
25.401											

# 11 Study item raporteurs

Woonhee Hwang, Nokia.

## 12 Study item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

# **Supporting Companies**

TSG RAN

(Nokia, H3G, NEC, T-Mobil, Sonera, mmO2, Siemens)

# 14 Classification of the SI (if known)

		Feature (go to 14a)
		Building Block (go to 14b)
2	X	Work Task (go to 14c)

# 14 The SI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

UTRAN Improvement Feature

#### Early UE handling in UTRAN 11

## **Study Item Description**

Title: Feasibility Study on the early UE handling in UTRAN

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked study items

SA WI on Early UE handling? CN SI on early UE handling? GERAN SI on early UE handling?

#### 3 Justification

The stimulus for the work is the concern that mobiles are unable to be fully tested against all of the features (or combinations of features) in the R'99 standard. Hence when one of the un-tested features is "switched on" in a network, there is a risk that some mobiles will not work with this feature (or particular combination of features). Hence, Operators are keen that methods are available that provide the ability to handle these early mobiles in a smooth manner.

#### 4 **Objective**

The objective of this Study Item is to study the UTRAN impacts and merits of handling indications regarding UE maturity.

The candidates, as a complement to the new TR (equivalent to 09.94), were:

- 1) Hooks included into some early RRC messages; hook may be IMEI-SV, derived from IMEI-SV, or other indication
- 2) Extension mechanism to the RRC messages allowing rel-99 corrections, when rel-4 changes needs to be backwards compatible.
- 3) IMEI-SV solution to the CN, with an indication to the RAN; indication may be derived from IMEI-SV or may be IMEI-SV itself.

In order that the relative merits of these methods can be studied, it is required that outstanding issues with their handling are resolved.

5 No	Service Aspects
<b>6</b> No	MMI-Aspects
7	Charging Aspects

# **8** Security Aspects

No

# 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X	X	
No	X			X	
Don't know					

## 10 Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spe	ecifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG		Presented for information at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
TR	SI on Early UE handling in RAN		RAN WG2	RAN WG3	18	20	
	Ĭ						
	•		Affe	cted existi	ng specification	ons	
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at	plenary#	Comments

#### Work item raporteurs

Alan Law (Vodafone Ltd)

# Work item leadership

RAN WG2

# 13 Supporting Companies

TSG RAN

(Vodafone Group, Nortel, Nokia, Ericsson, Siemens)

#### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block Early UE handling (SA2)?

# 12 Improved Access to UE Measurement Data for CRNC to support TDD RRM

Approved at TSG RAN #18 as RP-020901

#### **Study Item Description**

Title: Improved Access to UE Measurement Data for CRNC to support TDD RRM.

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked study items

None

#### 3 Justification

The Controlling RNC (CRNC) is a critical element of the Radio Resource Management (RRM) function. In TDD the CRNC is responsible for Dynamic Channel Allocation (DCA). In order to effectively perform DCA, the CRNC needs access to measurements that characterize interference and path loss on both a cell and time slot basis.

Currently the Serving RNC (SRNC) requests and receives UE specific measurements. In the case that the SRNC and CRNC are not collocated, the CRNC will be unable to access these critical measurement data, even though they are inherently available to the network.

It is desirable for the CRNC to have access to UE related measurements such as:

- ?? Downlink CCPCH RSCP
- ?? UE TX power
- ?? DL ISCP

The current Iur interface allows the SRNC to forward some UE related measurements in certain scenarios (e.g. DL ISCP data to support Downlink Power Control). However, there is no mechanism to allow the CRNC to request this information according to its own needs.

To better implement DCA, especially for multi-vendor configurations, it may be beneficial to provide the CRNC with a means to initiate the transfer of UE measurement data, rather than be limited by the scheduling dictated by the SRNC.

#### 4 Objective

The objective of this Study Item is to study the need for CRNC access to UE measurements for TDD DCA and the methods to be used to allow the CRNC to receive those measurements. The CRNC may gain access to the measurements through:

?? New procedures for the Iur to support transfer of UE measurement information from the SRNC to the CRNC.

?? N	ew proc	edures	for perm	itting the C	CRNC to request	measuremer	nts directly from the UE					
5	Se	rvice As	pects									
	No	one										
6	M	MMI-Aspects										
	No	one										
7	C	hargin	g Aspect	s								
	No	one										
8	Se	curity	Aspects									
	No	one										
9	In	npacts										
Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others							
Yes			X									
No	X	X		X								
Don't know												
10	Ex	xpected	d Output	and Time	e scale (to be upd	lated at eac	h plenary)					
				Ne	ew specifications							
Spec I	No. Title			Prime 2nd	<u> </u>	Approved at	Commonto					

				New spe	ecifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for information at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
TR 25.xyz	UE Me Data f	ved Access to easurement or CRNC to rt TDD RRM	WG3		RAN#20	RAN#20	
	•		Affe	cted existi	ng specificatio	ns	
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at	plenary#	Comments

# 11 Study item raporteurs

Jim Miller, InterDigital

# 12 Study item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

# 13 Supporting Companies

TSG RAN (InterDigital, Siemens, Samsung, CATT)

## 14 Classification of the SI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The SI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature (list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

14b The SI is a Building Block: parent Feature

14c The SI is a Work Task: parent Building Block RRM optimizations for Iur and Iub

# 13 Low Output Powers for general purpose FDD BS

Approved at TSG RAN #19 as RP-030198

#### **Study Item Description**

Title: Low Output Powers for general purpose FDD BSs

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

none

#### 3 Justification

Many companies have shown interest in the feasibility of a low output power FDD Base Station and the possibilities it offers, e.g.:

- 1. the flexibility in radio network deployment, which should be one of the characteristics of a 3G system,
- 2. it is not necessary to attenuate a high power signal before feeding an active external distribution system (lower power consumption, positive environmental effects),
- 3. it facilitates the sharing of the infrastructure among operators, especially in locations where it is difficult to find sites, or where operators are forced by regulators to share the infrastructures.
- 4. it allows the placement of one or several base stations in a centralised position with separate RF power amplifiers distributed closer to the subscriber positions, thus reducing interference while meeting the unwanted emissions requirements.
- 5. by placing the base stations at one location, less supporting infrastructure is required and maintenance is simplified.

#### 4 Objective

The study item shall identify the application scenarios and the relevant parameters that best characterise this low output power FDD Base Station, for instance the range of output powers to be considered (eg. -15 to 10 dBm). It shall identify the changes needed in the specifications to permit this low output power FDD Base Station, taking into account the document RP-030194, and other contributions.

Submission of initial results is planned for RAN4 #27 and RAN3#36 The conclusion of the study item is planned for RAN #21.

#### **5** Service Aspects

## 6 MMI-Aspects

None

## 7 Charging Aspects

None

# **8** Security Aspects

None

# 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		O&M, RRM
No	X	X		X	
Don't know					

# 10 Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

New specifications							
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	rsp. WG(s)	Presented for information at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
TR xx.yyy.	Low out	put power Base Station	WG4	WG3	RAN#20	RAN#21	
Affected existing specifications							
Spec No.	CR	Subject		Approv	/ed at plenary#		Comments

## 11 Work item rapporteurs

José Alberto Martín & Ana Burgos (Telefónica)

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG4

# **Supporting Companies**

TSG RAN

(Tekmar Sistemi, Telefónica, TDF, Mikom, Marconi)

#### 14 Classification of the SI

Building Block (go to 14b)

14b	The SI is a Building Block: parent Feature is Radio Interface Improvement Feature

# 3GPP TSG RAN Meeting #20 Hämeenlinna, Finland, 3 - 6 June 2003

RP-030360

Title: 3GPP TSG RAN Work Item Description Sheets after meeting #19

**Concluded WIs** 

Source: 3GPP support team

(14/04/2003)



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# 1 Introduction

This document contains Work Item sheets in TSG RAN for all approved Work Items that have been finished. The WI sheets of the approved and finished Study Items are provided in a separate document, RAN\_Study\_Items\_History. The SI sheets for active WIs can be found in the document RAN\_Work\_Items.

The following Work Item was closed at TSG RAN #19 due to the lack of progress and it is included in Annex A of this document for the first time:

**Terminal Power Saving Feature** 

The following table lists all TSG RAN Work Items included in Release 4 under their parent WI (if applicable) and the group that led the work:

Туре	Rel-4 WI name	WI Acronym	Leading Group	Section in this document	
Feat	Transcoder-Free Operation	TrFO	WG CN4	3	
BB	OoBTC Solution	TRFO-OOBTC WG CN4 3			
WT	Implementation in UTRAN	TRFO-OOBTC-UTRAN	WG RAN3	3.1.1	
Feat	Low Chip Rate TDD option	LCRTDD	WG RAN1	2	
BB	Physical layer	LCRTDD-Phys	WG RAN1	2.1	
BB	Layer 2 and layer 3 protocol aspects	LCRTDD-L23	WG RAN2	2.2	
BB	UE radio access capability	LCRTDD-UErac	WG RAN2	2.3	
BB	lub/lur protocol aspects	LCRTDD-lublur	WG RAN3	2.4	
BB	RF radio transmission/reception, system performance requirements and conformance testing	LCRTDD-RF	WG RAN4	2.5	
Feat	UMTS QoS Architecture for PS Domain	QoSPS	WG SA2	4	
ВВ	RAB Quality of Service (re)Negotiation over lu	QoSPS-MAPEND- RABQoS	WG RAN3	4.1	
WT	RAB Quality of Service Negotiation over Iu	QoSPS-MAPEND- RABQoS -Negot	WG RAN3	4.1.1	
WT	RAB Quality of Service Negotiation over Iu during relocation	QoSPS-MAPEND- RABQoS -NegotReloc	WG RAN3	4.1.3	
WT	RAB Quality of Service Re-Negotiation over lu	QoSPS-MAPEND- RABQoS-ReNegot	WG RAN3	4.1.2	
Feat	Rel-4 Evolutions of the transport in the UTRAN	ETRAN	TSG RAN	5	
BB	QoS optimisation for AAL2 connections over lub and lur interfaces	ETRAN-QoSAAL2	WG RAN3	5.1	
ВВ	Transport bearer modification procedure on lub, lur, and lu	ETRAN-MigrMod	WG RAN3	5.2	
Feat	Rel-4 Improvements of Radio Interface	RInImp	TSG RAN	6	
BB	UTRA repeater specification (master)	RInImp-REP	WG RAN4	6.1	
BB	DSCH power control improvement in soft handover	RInImp-DSCHsho	WG RAN1	6.2	
BB	UMTS 1800	RInImp-UMTS18	WG RAN4	6.3	
BB	UMTS 1900	RInImp-UMTS19	WG RAN4	6.4	
Feat	Rel-4 RAN improvements	RANimp	TSG RAN	7	
BB	Node B synchronisation for TDD	RANimp-NBsync	WG RAN1	7.1	
BB	RAB support enhancement for Rel-4	RANimp-RABSE	WG RAN2	12.3	
Feat	Rel-4 Location Services enhancements	LCS1	WG SA2	8	
BB	UE positioning Rel-4	LCS1-UEpos	TSG RAN	8.1	
WT	lub/lur interfaces for methods Rel 99	LCS1-UEpos-lublur	WG RAN3	8.1.1	

Туре	Rel-4 WI name	WI Acronym	Leading Group	Section in this document
WT	UE positioning enhancements - IPDL for TDD	LCS1-UEpos-enh	WG RAN2	8.1.2

The following table lists all TSG RAN Work Items included in Release 5 under their parent WI (if applicable) and the group that led the work:

Туре	Rel-5 WI name	WI Acronym	Leading Group	Section in this document			
Feat	Rel-5 Evolution of the transport in the UTRAN	ETRAN	TSG RAN	10			
BB	IP transport in the UTRAN	ETRAN-IPtrans	WG RAN3	10.1			
Feat	High Speed Downlink Packet Access	HSDPA	WG RAN2	9			
BB	Physical Layer	HSDPA-Phys	WG RAN1	9.1			
BB	Layer 2 and 3 aspects	HSDPA-L23	WG RAN2	9.2			
BB	lub/lur protocol aspects	HSDPA-lublur	WG RAN3	9.3			
ВВ	RF Radio Transmission/ Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing	HSDPA-RF	WG RAN4	Note *)			
Feat	Rel-5 Improvements of Radio Interface	RInImp	TSG RAN	11			
ВВ	Base station classification	RInImp-BSClass	WG RAN4	11.1			
WT	TDD Base station classification	RInImp-BSClass-TDD	WG RAN4	11.1.1			
WT	Base Station Classification for 1.28 Mcps TDD option	RInImp-BSClass- LCRTDD	WG RAN4	11.1.2			
ВВ	Enhancement on the DSCH hard split mode	RInImp-DSCHhsp	WG RAN1	11.2			
Feat	Rel-5 RAN improvements	RANimp	TSG RAN	12			
BB	RRM optimization for lur and lub	RANimp-RRMopt	WG RAN3	12.1			
WT	lur common transport channel efficiency optimisation	RANimp-RRMopt-ctc	WG RAN3	12.1.1			
WT	lur neighbouring cell reporting efficiency optimisation	RANimp-RRMopt-ncr	WG RAN3	12.1.2			
BB	RL Timing Adjustment	RANimp-RLTA	WG RAN3	12.1.3			
BB	Separation of resource reservation and radio link activation	RANimp-SepRR	WG RAN3	12.1.4			
BB	Re-arrangements of lub transport bearers	RANimp-TTPS	WG RAN3	12.2			
BB	RAB support enhancement for Rel-5	RANimp-RABSE5	WG RAN2	12.3			
BB	Beamforming requirements for UE	RANimp-BFR-UE	WG RAN1	12.4			
BB	Support of Site Selection Diversity Transmission in UTRAN	RANimp-SSDT	WG RAN1	12.5			
BB	Node B Synchronisation for 1.28 Mcps TDD	RANimp-NBSLCR	WG RAN1	12.6			
BB	UTRAN sharing in connected Mode	NETSHARE	WG RAN3	12.7			
Feat	Rel-5 Location Services enhancements	LCS1	WG SA2	13			
BB	UE positioning	LCS1-UEpos	TSG RAN	13.1			
WT	UE positioning enhancements for 1.28 Mcps TDD	LCS-128Pos	WG RAN2	13.1.1			
WT	Open SMLC-SRNC Interface within the UTRAN to support A-GPS Positioning	LCS-INTF	WG RAN2	13.1.2			
Feat	Intra Domain Connection of RAN Nodes to Multiple CN Nodes	IUFLEX	WG SA2	14			
BB	Stage 3: RAN node selecting CN node	IUFLEX	WG RAN3	14.1			

Note \*): The Work Task HSDPA-RF is still active

The following Release 6 Work Item is finished:

FDD BS Classification (RInImp-BSClass-FDD), WG RAN4 leading, section 15.

# 2 Low chip rate TDD option

Originally RP-000191

# **Work Item Description**

Title: Low chip rate TDD option

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

Low Chip Rate TDD Physical Layer

Low chip rate TDD layer 2 and layer 3 protocol aspects

Low Chip Rate TDD RF Radio Transmission/Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing

Low Chip Rate TDD UE radio access Capability

Low chip rate TDD UTRAN network Iub/Iur protocol aspects

#### 3 Justification

The integration of TDD low chip rate option in Release 2000 is discussed and approved in RAN#6. This paper is to describe the work plan of the integration for low chip rate TDD in R00.

### 4 Objective

The technical objective of this work item is the integration of the low chiprate TDD functionality in UTRA TDD, in line with decisions at RAN#6.

- ?? For physical layer, the features include:
  - ?? The frame structure and the burst structure
  - ?? Channel description and mapping
  - ?? Modulation and spreading
  - ?? Channel coding and multiplexing
  - ?? Physical layer procedures
  - ?? Measurements by physical layer

### ?? For higher layers:

The work will focus on adding extensions and Add-Ons for low chip rate support.

#### ?? For Iur/Iub interface:

For the adoption of some new features, e.g. the smart antenna, baton hand-over, some additional messages in Iur and Iub interface signalling for low chip rate TDD option should be taken into consideration.

### ?? For radio transmission and reception:

?? The system performance requirements supporting low chip rate services

- ?? The Rx characteristics requirement
- ?? The Transmitter characteristics requirement
- ?? The frequency bands and channel arrangements

### 5 Service Aspects

None

# 6 MMI-Aspects

None

# 7 Charging Aspects

None

# **8** Security Aspects

None

# 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

New specifications										
Spec No.	Title			rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#		Approved at plenary# Co		Comments
				Affected 6	existing specifi	cations	3			
Spec No.	Spec No.   CR   Subject   Approved at plenary#   C						Comments			

The expected finalisation date is TSG-RAN #11

# Work item raporteurs

Mr. Guiliang Yang (CATT/CWTS)

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG1

# **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

X	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)
The building blocks should be discussed and approved via email discussion

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

(one Work Item identified as a feature)

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 2.1 Low chip rate TDD physical layer

Originally RP-000311

# **Work Item Description**

Title: Low chip rate TDD physical layer

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

Χ	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

Low Chip Rate TDD UE radio access capabilities

Low chip rate TDD Layer 2 and Layer 3 protocol aspects

Low chip rate TDD Iub/Iur protocol aspects

Smart Antenna

Low chip rate TDD RF Radio Transmission/Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing

Low Chip Rate TDD Inter-working with GERAN

#### 3 Justification

For the low chip rate TDD, it has commonalties but also difference on physical layer with the high chip rate TDD option e.g. chip rate, frame structure, burst structure, some physical layer procedures etc. This paper is to describe one of the low chip rate TDD building blocks –physical layer.

#### 4 Objective

The technical objective of this work item is to clarify the integration work to be done for the physical layer. And this work will affect the specifications for working group on physical layer. The integration work for low chip rate TDD with its properties should maximize the commonality with high chip rate TDD options.

- ?? For physical layer, it includes the following work tasks:
  - ?? Physical Channels and Mapping of Transport Channels onto Physical Channels
  - ?? Multiplexing and Channel Coding
  - ?? Modulation and spreading
  - ?? Physical layer procedures
  - ?? Physical Layer Measurements

### 5 Service Aspects

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

# 7 Charging Aspects

None

# 8 Security Aspects

None

# 9 Impacts

Affect	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
s:					
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't					
know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New	specification	ns		
Spec No.	Title	•	Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorseme nt at plenary#	Appro	oved at plenary#	Comme nts
25.928	Rate	Chip e TDD sical er	WG1		RAN #10	RAN		
				fected e	xisting spec	ificati	ons	
Spec No.	CR	Subject					Approved at plenary#	Comme nts
25.201		Physica	l layer -	- Genera	al description		RAN#11	
25.221	Physical channels and mapping of transport channels onto physical channel (TDD)			ınnels	RAN#11			
25.222		Multiple	xing an	d chann	el coding (TD	DD)	RAN#11	
25.223		Spreadi	ng and	modulat	ion (TDD)		RAN#11	
25.224	, ,				RAN#11			
25.225	Physical layer; measurements				RAN#11			
25.302			Services Provided by the physical layer			/er	RAN#11	
25.944					RAN#11			

# Work item raporteurs

Mr. Guiliang Yang (CATT/CWTS)

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG1

# 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

Ī		Feature (go to 14a)
	X	Building Block (go to 14b)
		Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

Low chip rate TDD

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 2.2 Low chip rate TDD layer 2 and layer 3 protocol aspects

Originally RP-000312

### **Work Item Description**

Title: Low chip rate TDD layer 2 and layer 3 protocol aspects

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

Low Chip Rate TDD physical layer

Low chip rate TDD Iub/Iur protocol aspects

Smart Antenna

Low chip rate TDD RF Radio Transmission/Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing

Low Chip Rate TDD Inter-working with GERAN

Low chip rate TDD UE radio access capabilities

#### 3 Justification

Although most of the L2/L3 features are common with high chip rate TDD option , there are some differences ,e.g. modification of signalling, baton handover etc., which should be described and clarified. Basically, most of them were originated from the differences of physical layer between low chip rate TDD and UTRA TDD and the involvement of Smart Antenna. This paper is to describe one of the low chip rate TDD building blocks – layer 2 and layer 3 protocol aspects.

#### 4 Objective

The technical objective of this work item is to complete the low chip rate TDD L2/L3 functionality adaptation in UTRA TDD. And this work will affect the specifications for working group on L2/L3. The integration work for low chip rate TDD with its properties should follow the principle to maximize the commonality with high chip rate TDD.

- For layer 2 and layer 3 protocol aspects, it includes the following work tasks:
  - ?? UE procedures in idle mode
  - ?? Interlayer procedures in connected mode
  - ?? Control plane protocol aspects
  - ?? User plane protocol aspects
  - ?? mobility aspects

_	<b>a</b> • • •
5	Service Aspects
J	DUI VICE ASSICES

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

#### 7 Charging Aspects

None

# 8 Security Aspects

None

# 9 Impacts

Affect s:	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New	specification	ns		
Spec No.	Title	•	Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorseme nt at plenary#	Appro	oved at plenary#	Comme nts
25.834 Low chip rate TDD layer 2 and layer 3 protocol aspects		TDD er 2 and er 3 ocol	WG2		RAN #11	RAN		
				fected e	xisting spec	ificati		
Spec No.	CR	Subject					Approved at plenary#	Comme nts
25.301		Radio ir	nterface	protoco	l architecture		RAN#11	
25.302		Service	provide	ed by the	physical Lay	er	RAN#11	
25.303		UE fund connect			ayer procedu	res in	RAN#11	
25.304						RAN#11		
25.305					RAN#11			
25.321	Medium access control (MAC) protocol RAN#11 specification				RAN#11			
25.322		Radio link control(RLC) protocol RAN#11 specification						
25.331		Radio resource control (RRC) protocol RAN#11 specification						
25.324		Radio In Service		for Broa	adcast/Multica	ast	RAN#11	
25.925		Radio Ir Service		for Broa	adcast/Multica	ast	RAN#11	
25.922		Radio R	Resourc	e Manag	jement Strate	gies	RAN#11	

Mr. Yanhui LIU (CATT/CWTS)

# Work item leaders hip

TSG-RAN WG2

### 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

low chip rate TDD

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

(one Work Item identified as a building block)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

low chip rate TDD

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 2.3 Low Chip Rate TDD UE radio access Capability

Originally RP-000315

### **Work Item Description**

Title: Low chip rate TDD UE radio access capability

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

Χ	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

Low Chip Rate TDD physical layer

Low chip rate TDD Layer 2 and Layer 3 protocol aspectsLow chip rate TDD Iub/Iur protocol aspects

Smart Antenna

Low chip rate TDD RF Radio Transmission/Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing

Low Chip Rate TDD Inter-working with GERAN

#### 3 Justification

For the low chip rate TDD, it has commonalties but also difference on radio access capabilities with the high chip rate TDD option e.g. usage of timeslots for different UE classes, usage of USCH /DSCH, etc. This paper is to describe one of the low chip rate TDD building block – UE radio access capabilities.

#### 4 Objective

The technical objective of this work item is complete the UE radio access capabilities. And this work will affect the specifications for working group on UE radio access capability.

- ?? For UE radio access capability, it includes the following work tasks:
  - ?? Definition of UE radio access capabilities for low chip rate option

5	Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

**8** Security Aspects

None

Affect	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
s:					
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

	New specifications							
Spec Title No.		rsp.	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorseme nt at plenary#	Appro	oved at plenary#	Comme nts	
			A £	faataal a	vioting open	f: 1:	•••	
				rectea e	xisting spec	incati	ons	
Spec	CR	CR Subject					Approved at	Comme
No.	.     ple			plenary#	nts			
25.926	25.926 UE Radio Access Capabilities RAN				RAN #11			

# Work item raporteurs

Mr. Yanhui LIU (CATT/CWTS)

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG2

# 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

ſ		Feature (go to 14a)
Ī	X	Building Block (go to 14b)
Ī		Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

Low chip rate TDD

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 2.4 Low chip rate TDD UTRAN network lub/lur protocol aspects

Originally RP-000316

### **Work Item Description**

Title: Low chip rate TDD Iub/Iur protocol aspects

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

Low Chip Rate TDD physical layer

Low chip rate TDD layer2 and layer3 protocol aspects

Smart Antenna

Low chip rate TDD RF Radio Transmission/Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing

Low chip rate TDD UE radio access capabilities

Low Chip Rate TDD Inter-working with GERAN

#### 3 Justification

In Iub and Iur interfaces, especially, low chip rate TDD will result in adaptations of Information Elements in radio link related signaling, to support the changed physical channel parameters. In addition, low chip rate TDD should define some procedures which are different from those of high chip rate TDD such as uplink synchronisation. This paper is to describe one of the low chip rate TDD building blocks – Low chip rate TDD Iub/Iur protocol aspects

#### 4 Objective

The integration work for low chip rate TDD with its properties should follow the principle to maximize the commonality with high chip rate TDD.

- ?? For Low chip rate TDD Iub/Iur protocolaspects, it includes the following work tasks:
  - ?? Iub aspects
  - ?? Iur aspects

_	α .	A 4
•	Service	Achecte
J	DUI VICC	ASDUCES

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

Affect s:	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		
No	X	X		X	X
Don't know					

# 10 Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New	specificatio	ns		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorseme nt at plenary#	Approved	at plenary#	Comme nts
25.937	TR or chip records TDD I protocolaspec	ate lub/lur col	WG3		RAN #11	RAN #11		
				fected e	xisting spec	ifications		
Spec No.	CR	Subje					Approved at plenary#	Comme nts
25.401	23	UTRA	N Ove	rall Desc	ription		RAN#11	
25.402	14	Synch	ronisat	ion in UT	RAN Stage 2	2	RAN#11	
25.433	358, 359	UTRA	UTRAN lub Interface NBAP Signalling RAN#11					
25.423	309	UTRA	N lur Ir	nterface l	RNSAP Signa	alling	RAN#11	
25.425	23	for (	JTRAN lur Interface User Plane Protocols RAN#11 or Common Transport Channel data treams					
25.427	42	UTRA Proto			nterface Us ta streams	er Plane	RAN#11	
25.430	14		UTRAN I <sub>ub</sub> Interface: General Aspects and RAN#11 Principles					
25.435	37	_	RAN lub Interface User Plane Protocols RAN#11 Common Transport Channel data					

# Work item raporteurs

Mr. Bing Xu (CATT/CWTS)

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

# 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)

# Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

low chip rate TDD

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 2.5 Low Chip Rate TDD RF Radio Transmission/ Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing

Originally RP-000313

### **Work Item Description**

Title: RF Radio Transmission/Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

Χ	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

Low chip Rate TDD physical layer
Low Chip Rate TDD UE radio access capabilities
Low chip rate TDD Layer 2 and Layer 3 protocol aspects
Low chip rate TDD Iub/Iur protocol aspects
Low Chip Rate TDD Inter-working with GERAN
Smart Antenna

#### 3 Justification

For the low chip rate TDD, due to the difference on chip rate, the parameters for RF are affected like e.g. operation band width, mask, out of band emission, blocking, etc. This paper is to describe one of the low chip rate TDD building blocks - RF Radio Transmission/Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing.

#### 4 Objective

The technical objective of this work item is the description of the low chiprate TDD RF characters, the system performance requirements and conformance testing. And this work will affect the specifications for working group on RF character and other working group related to the system performance and conformance testing and the work on UE radio access capability.

- ?? As a building block, it includes the following work task:
- ?? UE radio transmission and reception
- ?? BTS radio transmission and reception
- ?? BTS Conformance testing
- ?? BTS Electromagnetic compatibility
- ?? Requirements for support of Radio Resource Management

### 5 Service Aspects

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 **Charging Aspects** 

None

8 **Security Aspects** 

None

9 **Impacts** 

Affect s:	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

#### **Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary) 10**

				New	specification	ns		
Spec No.	Title	}	Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorseme nt at plenary#	' ' '		Comme nts
25.945			WG4		RAN #10	RAN	#11	
			Af	fected e	xisting spec	ificat	ions	
Spec No.	CR	Subject					Approved at plenary#	Comme nts
25.102		UE Rac (TDD)	UE Radio Transmossion and Reception				RAN#11	
25.105		BTS Ra (TDD)	BTS Radio Transmission and Reception RAN#11				RAN#11	
25.123				for suppo	ort of Radio : (TDD)		RAN#11	
25.142		Base station conformance testing(TDD) RAN#11						
25.942		RF system scenarios RAN#11						
25.113		Base station EMC RAN#11				RAN#11		
25.133		Requirements for support of Radio Resource Management (FDD)					RAN#11	

#### 11 Work item raporteurs

Mr. Daijun Zhang (CATT/CWTS)

**12** Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG4

**Supporting Companies** TSG-RAN 13

14 Classification of the WI (if known)

Feature (go to 14a)

X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

Low chip rate TDD

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 3 Transcoder Free Operation

This was a Feature led by CN WG4.

# 3.1 Transcoder Free Operations in UTRAN

Originally RP-000507

### **Work Item Description**

Title: Transcoder Free Operations in UTRAN

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

Out of band Transcoder Control (CN Work Item)

#### 3 Justification

This WI is the complementary part of the WI that has been agreed for TSG CN. It shall provide more details for the Radio Access Network standardisation that is required for the Transcoder Free Operation.

### 4 Objective

- ?? The number of transcoders to be installed in the core network can be minimised.
- ?? The bandwidth to be provided in the core network may be reduced by TrFO or transcoder at the core network edge for both MS to MS calls and for MS from/to wireline calls.

#### 5 Service Aspects

The service aspects for Transcoder Free Operation are:

- ?? Usage of the framing protocol as defined in TS 25.415 in the Core Network needs to be supported
- ?? Symmetrical set of RFCIs needs to be supported
- ?? The behaviour of an RNC for receiving RFCIs at Iu UP initialisation from the core network shall be changed to be applied for both uplink and downlink.
- ?? The mechanism to make the RFCIs available during TrFO Break needs to be supported (storage of RFCIs)
- ?? Specific adaptations of the inband rate control procedure needs to be performed ("distributed—", "maximum—", and "immediate rate control")
- ?? RNC behaviour on a RAB Assignment Request needs to be adopted for TrFO calls.
- ?? 25.415 should in principle define the IuUP framing protocol in a way, that it covers its applicability for the Nb interface as well. This needs to be confirmed and co-ordinated with CN3.

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

#### 7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

#### 9 Impacts

Affects:	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X	X	
No	X	X			
Don't know					X

### 10 Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spe	cifications		
Spec No.		Title		2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for information at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
23.153	Transco	Out of Band Transcoder Control - Stage 2		RAN3	TSG-CN#7	TSG-CN#10	
	<u> </u>		Affe	cted existi	ng specificatio	ns	
Spec No.	CR		70	Subject	3 орос	Approve d at plenary#	Comments
TS 25.401						TSG- RAN#11	
TS 25.410						TSG- RAN#11	
TS 25.413		see "Service	Aspects"			TSG- RAN#11	
TS 25.415		see "Service	Aspects"			TSG- RAN#11	

#### Work item rapporteurs

Siemens, Alexander Vesely (alexander.vesely@siemens.at)

12 Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

**14b** The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

**Out of Band Transcoder Control** 

# 4 UMTS QoS Architecture for PS Domain

This was a feature led by SA WG2.

# 4.1 RAB Quality of Service Negotiation/Renegotiation over Iu

Originally RP-000137, major revision RP-000498, part of it included in WI 'RAB Quality of Service Negotiation over Iu" (see section 4.1.1 below)

# **Work Item Description**

Title: RAB Quality of Service Negotiation/Renegotiation over Iu

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
X	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

In release 99, UTRAN can only accept or reject a radio access bearer request from the core network. For services that could accept looser QoS requirements than those requested by the CN in the RAB establishment request there exist no means for UTRAN to propose alternative (looser) QoS. For such services the RAB establishment will fail, or alternatively the CN could re-attempt the RAB reestablishment with looser QoS requirements which would significantly increase the setup time.

Release 99 also does not allow the UTRAN to renegotiate RAB/QoS parameters for on-going calls/session. Since the UTRAN is responsible for managing the radio resources, it is necessary for the UTRAN to be able to initiate RAB renegotiation for efficient use of the radio interface.

### 4 Objective

This work item should enhance the Radio Access Bearer setup to something more sophisticated using e.g. QoS profiles to align with the already existing CN solution used in GPRS. However, it should be as simple as possible.

This work item should also enhance the management of Radio Access Bearers for on-going calls/session so that QoS parameters can be renegotiated by the UTRAN.

#### 5 Service Aspects

The intention with the work item is to reduce the setup time of services.

The intention is also to allow continuation of service through UTRAN initiated QoS renegotiation.

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

### 7 Charging Aspects

None

#### **8** Security Aspects

# 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X	X	
No	X	X			X
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spe	ecifications	•	
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for information at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
			Affe	cted existi	ng specification	ons	
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at		Comments
25.413					RAN #11		
23.060							
24.008							
				-		<u> </u>	

# Work item raporteurs

Anders Molander, Ericsson

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

# 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

UMTS QoS Architecture for PS Domain

# 4.1.1 RAB Quality of Service Negotiation over Iu

Originally partly in RP-000137, revised in RP-000499

# **Work Item Description**

Title: RAB Quality of Service Negotiation over Iu

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
X	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

In release 99, UTRAN can only accept or reject a radio access bearer request from the core network. For services that could accept looser QoS requirements than those requested by the CN in the RAB establishment request there exist no means for UTRAN to propose alternative (looser) QoS. For such services the RAB establishment will fail, or alternatively the CN could re-attempt the RAB reestablishment with looser QoS requirements which would significantly increase the setup time.

### 4 Objective

This work item should enhance the Radio Access Bearer setup to something more sophisticated using e.g. QoS profiles to align with the already existing CN solution used in GPRS. However, it should be as simple as possible.

### 5 Service Aspects

The intention with the work item is to reduce the setup time of services.

### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

# 7 Charging Aspects

None

### 8 Security Aspects

None

Affects	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
:					
Yes			X	X	

No	X	X		X
Don't				
know				

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spe	cifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for information at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
			Δffe	cted existi	ng specification	ons	
Spec No.	CR	Subject	Aile	oteu existi	Approved at		Comments
25.413					RAN #11		
23.060							
24.008							
						•	

# Work item raporteurs

Anders Molander, Ericsson

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

# **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

RAB Quality of Service Negotiation/Renegotiation over Iu

# 4.1.2 RAB Quality of Service Renegotiation over lu

Originally RP-000500

# **Work Item Description**

Title: RAB Quality of Service Renegotiation over Iu

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
X	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

Release 99 also does not allow the UTRAN to renegotiate RAB/QoS parameters for on-going calls/session. Since the UTRAN is responsible for managing the radio resources, it is necessary for the UTRAN to be able to initiate RAB renegotiation for efficient use of the radio interface.

# 4 Objective

This work item should also enhance the management of Radio Access Bearers for on-going calls/session so that QoS parameters can be renegotiated by the UTRAN.

#### 5 Service Aspects

The intention is also to allow continuation of service through UTRAN initiated QoS renegotiation.

### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

### 7 Charging Aspects

None

### 8 Security Aspects

None

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X	X	
No	X	X			X
Don't know					

# **Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)**

				New spe	cifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG		Presented for information at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
			Affe	cted existi	ng specification	ons	
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at	plenary#	Comments
25.413					RAN #11		
23.060							
24.008							

# Work item raporteurs

Sania Irwin, Motorola

# Work item leaders hip

TSG-RAN WG3

# **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

RAB Quality of Service Negotiation/Renegotiation over Iu

# 4.1.3 RAB Quality of Service Negotiation over Iu during relocation

Last distributed as: RP-010168

# **Work Item Description**

Title: RAB Quality of Service Negotiation over Iuduring relocation

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
X	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### **3** Justification

In release 99, for services that could accept looser QoS requirements than those requested by the CN in the relocation request, there exist no means for UTRAN to propose alternative (looser) QoS. For such services the relocation will fail.

# 4 Objective

This work item should enhance the relocation so that QoS parameters can be negotiated by the UTRAN during relocation. However, it should be as simple as possible.

#### 5 Service Aspects

The intention of the work item is to allow continuation of service during relocation

### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

# 7 Charging Aspects

None

### 8 Security Aspects

None

Affects	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
:					
Yes			X	X	
No	X	X			X
Don't					

know			

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

	New specifications							
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for information at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments	
			Affe	cted existi	ng specification	ons		
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at		Comments	
25.413					RAN #11			
23.060								
24.008								
1								

# Work item raporteurs

Chenghock Ng, NEC

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

# **Supporting Companies**

NEC, Siemens, Motorola, Telecom Italia, Alcatel

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

RAB Quality of Service Negotiation/Renegotiation over Iu

# 4.2 PS-Domain handover for real-time services

Originally RP-000127

### **Work Item Description**

Title: PS-Domain handover for real-time services

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access	
X	Core Network	
	Services	

#### 2 Linked work items

(list of linked WIs)

#### 3 Justification

In release 99, Relocation for services from PS domain is only optimised for non-real-time services. In current design, the content of the data buffers from the source RNC are fetched, which is not fully optimal for real-time services, and means that delay may exceed the requirement for real-time services. It is expected that real-time services from the PS domain, such as voice over IP would benefit from fully optimised handover.

### 4 Objective

This work item should design handover in RAN (mainly Iu) that supports real-time services from PS domain in an optimised way. The solution should be as simple as possible.

#### 5 Service Aspects

The intention with the work item is to assure more optimised support for services such as voice over IP.

### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

### 7 Charging Aspects

None

#### 8 Security Aspects

None

Affects	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
1:					

Yes			X	X		
No	X	X			X	
Don't know						

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spe	ecifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
25.936	5.936 PS-Domain handover for real- time services		R3		RAN #10	RAN #11	
			Affe	cted existi	ng specificatio	ns	
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at	plenary#	Comments
25.413					RAN #11		

### Work item raporteurs

Atte Länsisalmi (Nokia)

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

# **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

Radio Interface Improvement, RAN Improvement and Evolution of bearers on the radio to enable IP based multimedia in UMTS Features

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 5 Rel-4 Evolution of the transport in UTRAN

This is a generic Work Item

# 5.1 QoS optimization for AAL type 2 connections over lub and lur interfaces

Originally RP-000188

### **Work Item Description**

Title: QoS optimization for AAL type 2 connections over Iub and Iur interfaces

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

(list of linked Wis)

#### 3 Justification

In Release 99, traffic like compressed voice (AAL type 2 connection) and traffic like data (AAL type 2 connection) are accommodated in common underlying VC(s) for AAL type 2 connections as real time traffics over Iub and Iur interfaces to ease management of CFN (Connection Frame Number) allocation to Down link data frame or scheduling at SRNC (Serving RNC). In addition to that, in sections with AAL type 2 switches, I.363.2 and Q.2630.1 referred in Release 99 have no capability to prioritize real time traffic like compressed voice or non-real time traffic like data.

In general, this requires much higher capacity underlying VC for AAL type 2 connections to meet the delay requirements for real time traffic like compressed voice especially in case of real time traffic data frame (smaller) right after non-real time traffic data frame (much bigger). Typical simulation on the case was given in TSG R3#8(99)e19 by Alcatel in Release 99 time frame. Higher capacity underlying VC for AAL type 2 connections over Iub interface impacts very much on initial and running costs of the Iub interface which usually consists of leased line.

#### 4 Objective

This work item intends to introduce the capability to optimize the bandwidth of underlying VC for AAL type 2 connections over Iub and Iur interfaces in addition to the scheduling capability at SRNC in Release 4 time frame.

The capability should be realized with standardized solution(s) for multi-vendor environment, and the one(s) should cover all possible UTRAN transport network configurations.

5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		
No	X	X		X	X
Don't know					

				New spe	cifications		
Spec No.	Title		rsp. WG rsp. WG(s) end		Presented for endorsement at plenary#		Comments
25.934	QoS optimization for AAL type 2 connections over lub and lur interfaces		WG3		RAN #10	RAN #11	
	1		Affe	cted existi	ng specification	ons	<u> </u>
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at		Comments
TS 25.414	26	UTRAN lu inte			RAN #11		
TS 25.415	51	UTRAN lu inte	erface: u	ser plane	RAN #11		
TS 25.420	11	UTRAN lur int	_	RAN #11			
TS 25.424	10	UTRAN lur interface: data transport & transport signalling for common transport channel data streams			RAN #11		
TS 25.425	25	UTRAN lur interface: user plane protocols for common transport channel data streams			RAN #11		
TS 25.426	13	UTRAN lur and lub interfaces: data transport & transport signalling for DCH data streams			RAN #11		
TS 25.430	17	UTRAN lub interface: general aspects and principles			RAN #11		
TS 25.434	8	UTRAN lub interface: data transport & transport signalling for common transport channel data streams					
TR 25.931	7	UTRAN function signalling processing		imples on	RAN #11		

# Work item rapporteurs

Takayuki Yoshimura (Japan Telecom)

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

# 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

(one Work Item identified as a feature)

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

Evolution of transport in UTRAN

# 5.2 Transport bearer modification procedure on lub, lur, and lu

Originally RP-000446

### **Work Item Description**

Title: Transport bearer modification procedure on Iub, Iur, and Iu (originally Migration to Modification procedure)

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
X	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

Subclause 7.8 "Radio access bearer modification" of 3G TR 25.931 "UTRAN functions, examples on signalling procedures" (Release 99) utilizes Modification procedure of transport network bearer. But it is associated with a note that if the referred signalling protocol does not have the modification procedure, tentative procedure with establish new bearer and then release old one is applied to. The referred signalling protocol does not have the procedure.

The modification procedure has advantages to the tentative procedure in the transport network bearer bandwidth optimization and required number of signalling messages for the capability. Furthermore the procedure also becomes functionally less complex; A transport channel needs no longer be moved from one transport bearer to another. Especially in the unsynchronised reconfiguration case (e.g. subclause 7.14.1 (should be 7.14.2) "Unsyncronised transport channel reconfiguration" in TR 25.931), the current/tentative procedure seems quite complex with respect to the "moment of moving".

#### 4 Objective

In Release 2000 time frame, the modification procedure is available in enhanced the referred transport network signalling protocol.

This work item is to make successful migration from the tentative procedure to the modification procedure.

5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

# 8 Security Aspects

None

# 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		
No	X	X		X	X
Don't know					

# 10 Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spe	ecifica	tions		
Spec No.			rsp. WG rsp. WG(s) info		Prese inform	esented for Approved at plenary# plenary#		Comments
			WG3				RAN #10	
			A 66 a	cted existi	n a o o	aaifiaatia	<u> </u>	
Spec No.	CR	Subject	Ane	cted existi	<u> </u>	proved at		Comments
TS 25.410	15	UTRAN lu inte				AN #11	pioriary	Commonte
TS 25.413	250	UTRAN lu Inte Signalling	erface R	ANAP	R	AN #11		
TS 25.414	25	UTRAN lu inte			R.	AN #11		
TS 25.420	10	UTRAN lur int			R	AN #11		
TS 25.424	9	UTRAN lur int transport & tra common trans streams	insport s	signalling f	or	AN #11		
TS 25.426	12	UTRAN lur an data transport signalling for I	& trans	port		AN #11		
TS 25.430	16	UTRAN lub in aspects and p			R	AN #11		
TS 25.434	7	UTRAN lub in transport & transcommon transstreams	insport s	signalling f	or	AN #11		
TR 25.931	6	UTRAN function signalling processing the state of the sta		mples on	R	AN #11		

# Work item rapporteurs

Takayuki Yoshimura (Japan Telecom)

# Work item leadership

### TSG-RAN WG3

# 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

(one Work Item identified as a feature)

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

Evolution of transport in UTRAN

# 6 Rel-4 Improvements of the Radio interface

This is a generic Work Item

# 6.1 UTRA FDD Repeater Specification

Originally RP-000083

### Work item Description

Title: UTRA FDD Repeater Specification

#### 1 3GPP work area

Radio Access

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

Repeaters have proven to be useful for extending the coverage into buildings, train/car tunnels, subways, highways, etc in 2<sup>nd</sup> generation systems. Also, by installing repeaters at the sector borders or in highly dense areas, the transmitted power from the MS and the BS could possibly be lowered, leading to an improvement in C/I and thereby capacity.

For the installation of repeaters in cellular networks a specification is needed in e.g. Europe due to regulatory requirements.

For operators without the capability of handover to 2<sup>nd</sup> generation systems, extending the coverage of UTRA will be of importance especially at the initial rollout stage. For operators with capability of handover to 2<sup>nd</sup> generation systems, user requirements (e.g. high data rates) may not be met by those systems and extended UTRA coverage might be needed.

#### 4 Objective

The objective of the work item is to create a technical specification of the UTRA repeater's minimum RF characteristics which, at least, should include:

- ?? Spurious emissions
- ?? Intermodulation products
- ?? Out of band gain
- ?? Frequency stability
- ?? Modulation accuracy
- ?? Blocking characteristics

In addition to the minimum RF characteristics, conformance requirements and Electro Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) shall also be specified.

#### **5** Service Aspects

The use of repeater in a network may reduce the performance of the LCS method OTDOA. This is addressed in more detail in document R4-000012.

### 6 MMI-Aspects

### **7** Charging Aspects

None

### **8** Security Aspects

None

### 9 Impacts

Affects:	USIM	ME	Access Network	Core Network	Others
Yes			X		
No	Х	Х		Х	
Don't know					

### 10 Expected Output and Time scales

			New s	pecification	ns		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	rsp. WG(s)	Presented for information at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
TS 25.106	06 UTRA Repeater; Radio transmission and reception		WG4		RAN#9	RAN#11	Repeater minimum RF characteristics
	3 UTRA Repeater; Conformance testing		WG4		RAN#9	RAN#11	Repeater conformance testing
Spec No.	CR	Affe   Subject		sting spec			Comments
TS 25.113		UTRA Repeater EMC	R.	RAN#11			Repeater EMC requirements

### 11 Work item rapporteurs

Martin Nilsson, Allgon AB Thomas Kummetz, Mikom GmbH

### Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG4

### 13 Supporting companies

TSG-RAN

### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

### 14b The WI is a Building Block:

This is a building block part of the radio interface improvement feature.

In addition there is a relation to the building block UE positioning in UTRA FDD.

# 6.2 DSCH power control improvement in soft handover

Originally RP-000442

### **Work Item Description**

Title: DSCH power control improvement in soft handover

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

none

#### 3 Justification

After consideration in TSG RAN WG1 it was identified that DSCH power control operation in case of soft handover possibility (for the associated DCH is ) needs improvement. This topic has been studied in TSG RAN WG1 as part of the study item "radio link performance improvements".

### 4 Objective

- The purpose of this work item is to specify improvement for the DSCH power control operation.

5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

### 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	
Don't					
know					

### Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spe	ecification	าร		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented information plenary#		Approved at plenary#	Comments
25.841	DSCH power control improvement in SHO		WG1		RAN #1′	1	RAN #11	
			Δffe	cted existi	na snecif	icatio	ne	
Spec No.	CR	Subject	Alle	Cleu existi				Comments
25.211		Physical Char of transport ch channels (FDI	nannels		)	RAN		
25.214		Physical Lay (FDD)	ayer Procedures			RAN	#11	
25.331		RRC Protoco	ol Speci	ification		RAN	#11	
25.423		UTRAN Iur Signalling	Interfac	ce RNSA	P	RAN	#11	
25.433		UTRAN Iub Signalling	Interfac	ce NBAP		RAN	#11	
25.101						RAN	#11	
25.104						RAN	#11	
25.141						RAN	#11	
34.121						RAN	#11	

### Work item raporteurs

Antti Toskala, Nokia

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG1

# 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

### 14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

This is a building block part of the radio interface improvement feature.

# 6.3 UMTS 1800

Originally RP-000448

### **Work Item Description**

Title: UMTS 1800

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

none

#### 3 Justification

A decision was made at WARC 00 to extend the current IMT 2000 frequency allocation to include the current 2G cellular bands.

### 4 Objective

The purpose of this work item is to add the following frequency band to the 3GPP specifications

UMTS 1 800 Band:

1 710 - 1 785 MHz: mobile transmit, base receive 1 805 - 1 880 MHz: base transmit, mobile receive

A report will be generated to study the radio compatibilities of DCS1800 and UMTS1800.

TSG RAN WG2 will be asked to study the terminal capabilities. TSG RAN WG3 will be asked to study any possible interface impacts.

5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

**8** Security Aspects

None

9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spe	cif	ications	-	_
Spec No.	. Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	info	esented for ormation at nary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
			Λffo	ctod ovieti	200	specification	ne	
Spec No.	CR	Subject	Alle	Cleu existi	ny	Approved at p		Comments
25.101		UE Radio transmission and reception (FDD)			RAN	-		
25.104		UTRA (BS) F	UTRA (BS) FDD; Radio			RAN	#14	
25.141			ransmission and reception  Base station conformance esting (FDD)			RAN	#14	
34.121		Terminal Con Specification, Transmission	forma Radio	)		Т#	:14	

### Work item raporteurs

Howard Benn (howard.benn@motorola.com)

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG4

### 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

### 14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

This is a building block part of the radio interface improvement feature.

### 6.4 UMTS 1900

Originally RP-010234

### **Work Item Description**

Title: UMTS 1900

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

A decision was made at WARC 00 to extend the current IMT 2000 frequency allocation to include the bands currently occupied by PCS-1900. It is noted that Release 99 does not provide complete support for these bands. In addition, coexistence with other technologies has not been evaluated.

#### 4 Objective

The purpose of this work item is to generate a report summarizing a study of co-existence of UTRA FDD and PCS1900, TIA/EIA-136, TIA/EIA/IS-95 in the following bands:

1850 – 1910 MHz: Up-link (UE transmit, Node B receive) 1930 – 1990 MHz: Down-link (Node B transmit, UE receive)

Based on the report the RF characteristics for both UE and BTS supporting this band will need to be added/corrected compared to Release 99.

TSG RAN WG2 will be asked to study the terminal capabilities. TSG RAN WG3 will be asked to study any possible interface impacts.

5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

# 9 Impacts

Affects	USI	ME	AN	CN	Others
:	M				
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't					
know					

# 10 Expected Output and Time scale

				New spe	ecifications		
Spec No.	Title	Γitle		2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for information at plenary#	Approve d at plenary#	Comments
			Affect	ted existi	ng specifica	tions	
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved plenary# RAN#14		Comments
25.101		UE Radio tra reception (FI		ion and	KAN#14		
25.104		UTRA (BS) transmission	,		RAN#14		
25.113		Requirement Radio Resou (FDD)					
25.133		Base Station compatibility		_	RAN#14		
25.141		Base station testing (FDD		nance	RAN#14		
25.331		RRC Protoco	ol		RAN#14		
25.942		RF System S			RAN#14		
25.306		Radio UE ca			RAN#14		
34.121		Terminal Co Specification Transmission	, Radio	)	T#14		

# Work item raporteurs

Howard Benn

# Work item leadership

RAN WG 4

# 13 Supporting Companies

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

This is a building block part of the radio interface improvement feature.

# 7 Rel-4 RAN improvements

This is a generic Work Item

# 7.1 Node B Synchronisation for TDD

Originally RP-000055

### **Work Item Description**

Title: Node B Synchronisation for UTRA TDD mode

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

none

#### 3 Justification

NodeB synchronisation is beneficial in UTRA TDD to minimise cross-interference in neighbouring cells. Currently, no method has been specified how NodeB synchronisation can be achieved with UTRAN's and UE's internal resources such as signalling via the air interface.

The following benefits of the introduction of NodeB synchronisation by means of internal resources are seen:

- ?? A substantial reduction of the cost of the transmission network.
- ?? An autonomous synchronisation procedure without the need of external references.
- ?? An easily extendable method for the purpose of inter-system NodeB synchronisation.

#### 4 Objective

The purpose of this new work item is to enable the synchronisation of NodeBs in UTRA TDD by means of UTRAN's and UE's internal resources such as air interface signals and NodeB cross measurements. NodeB synchronisation involves

- ?? radio frame und multi frame synchronisation and
- ?? intra-system and inter-system synchronisation.
- 5 Service Aspects

None

### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

# 7 Charging Aspects

None

# 8 Security Aspects

None

# 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spe	cifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
25.836	NodeB		WG1		RAN #10	RAN #11	
	synchr TDD	onisation for					
25.838	NodeB	}	WG3		RAN #10	RAN #11	
	synchr TDD	onisation for					
			Affe	cted existi	ng specification	ons	
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at	plenary#	Comments
25.123		Requirements Radio Resour (TDD)			RAN #11		
25.221		Physical channels and mapping of transport channels onto physical channels (TDD)			I		
25.224		Physical Laye	r Proced	dures (TDI	D) RAN #11		
25.225		Physical layer (TDD)	- Meas	urements	RAN #11		
25.301		Radio Interfac Architecture	e Protoc	col	RAN #11		
25.302		Services prov layer	ided by	the physic	al RAN #11		
25.303		Interlayer production		in	RAN #11		
25.321		MAC Protocol	Specific	cation	RAN #11		
25.331		RRC Protocol Specification			RAN #11		
25.402		Synchronisation	on in UT	RAN Stag	e RAN #11		
25.433		UTRAN lub In Signalling			RAN #11		
25.423		UTRAN lur In Signalling	terface F	RNSAP	RAN #11		

### Work item raporteurs

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG1

# **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature Radio Interface Improvements and RAN Improvements Features

# 8 Rel-4 Location services enhancements

This is a generic Feature led by SA WG2

# 8.1 UE positioning

This is a generic Building Block led by TSG RAN

# 8.1.1 lub/lur interfaces for UE positioning methods supported on the radio interface release 99

Originally RP-000509

### **Work Item Description**

Title: Iub/Iur interfaces for UE positioning methods supported on the radio interface release 99

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

### 2 Linked work items

none

#### 3 Justification

Currently, the UE positioning if a function of UTRAN where several methods are supported on the radio interface:

- ?? cell coverage based positioning method;
- ?? OTDOA method with network configurable idle periods; and
- ?? network assisted GPS method.

Nevertheless, only the cell coverage based positioning method is supported on the Iub and Iur interface of release 99.

#### 4 Objective

The purpose of this work item is to add on the Iub and Iur protocols the necessary support for the positioning methods defined for release 99.

5 Service Aspects

None

### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

# 7 Charging Aspects

None

# 8 Security Aspects

None

# 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		
No	X	X		X	
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spe	ecif	ications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	info	esented for ormation at nary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
	1	To	Affe	cted existi	ng	specificatio		
Spec No.	CR	Subject				Approved at p		Comments
25.401		UTRAN Ov	erall De	escriptio	n	RAN	l #10	
25.420		UTRAN lur Interface: General Aspects and Principles				RAN	#10	
25.423		UTRAN lur Interface RNSAP Signalling				RAN	#10	
25.430		UTRAN lub Interface: General Aspects and Principles				RAN	l #10	
25.433		UTRAN lub Signalling	Interfa	ace NBA	Р	RAN	#10	

# Work item raporteurs

to be decided by RAN WG3

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

# 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

- 14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature
- 14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature
- 14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

UE positioning

# 8.1.2 UE positioning enhancements- IPDLs for TDD

Originally RP-000509

### **Work Item Description**

Title: UE positioning enhancements

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

none

#### 3 Justification

UE positioning is a function of UE and UTRAN (Access Stratum) which can be utilised for a number of purposes:

- ?? Radio Resource Management
- ?? Support for location based services (LCS)

Different accuracy can be requested when positioning a UE for these purposes.

### 4 Objective

The purpose of this work item are to increase the accuracy of the UE positioning or define methods allowing UE positioning with less complexity for a given accuracy.

Examples of enhancements are:

- ?? Addition of IPDL for UE positioning in TDD [This was finished in TSG-RAN #11]
- ?? Almanac corrections

#### 5 Service Aspects

None

### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

### 7 Charging Aspects

None

### 8 Security Aspects

None

#### 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

			New spe	cifications		
Spec No.	Title	Prime rsp. WG	2ndary	Presented for information at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
		Affe	cted existi	ng specificatio		
Spec No.	CR Subject			Approved at		Comments
25.305	Stage 2 Fur Specificatio Services in	n of Lo UTRA	cation N		I #11	
25.123	Requirements Radio Resour (TDD)				l #11	
25.224	Physical La (TDD)	yer Pro	ocedures	,	l #11	
25.225	Physical lay Measureme		DD)		l #11	
25.302	Services prophysical lay	er	•		l #11	
25.303	Interlayer p connected r		res in		l #11	
25.304	UE Procedu and Proced Reselection Mode	ures fo	r Cell	de RAN	J #11	
25.331	RRC Protoc	ol Spe	cificatio	n RAN	l #11	
25.420	UTRAN lur General As Principles	Interfa	ce:	RAN	l #11	
25.423	UTRAN lur RNSAP Sig		ce	RAN	l #11	
25.430	UTRAN lub General As Principles	pects a	and		l #11	
25.433	UTRAN lub Signalling	Interfa	ace NBA	P RAN	l #11	

### Work item rapporteur

Mark Beckmann, Siemens AG

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG2

# 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

UE positioning

# 9 High Speed Downlink Packet Access (HSDPA)

This WI has not finished yet. See RAN\_Work\_Items.

# 9.1 High Speed Downlink Packet Access (HSDPA) - *Physical Layer*

Last distributed as: RP-010915 (originally RP-010262)

### **Work Item Description**

Title: High Speed Downlink Packet Access - Physical Layer

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

Х	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

HSDPA Layer 2 and 3 Protocol Aspects HSDPA UTRAN Iub/Iur Protocol Aspects

HSDPA RF Radio Transmission/ Reception, System Performance Requirements and Conformance Testing

#### **3** Justification

The study item on HSDPA was concluded in RAN WG#11with recommendations on the techniques to be included in Rel-5. This work item enables the inclusion of the identified techniques at the physical layer.

### 4 Objective

The technical objective of this work item is the integration of HSDPA physical layer functionality in UTRA, while maintaining commonality with the R99 general physical layer aspects to the maximum extent possible.

- ?? For physical layer, the features include:
  - ?? Physical and Transport Channels mapping
  - ?? Higher Order Modulation
  - ?? Multiplexing and Hybrid ARQ Channel Coding
  - ?? Physical Layer procedures

The work task for physical layer procedures will also consider additional physical layer measurements that may be required.

#### 5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

# 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				Nev	w specification	S		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approv	red at plenary#	Comments
25.858			R1		RAN#14			
				Affected	existing specifi	cations	3	
Spec No.	CR	Subject					Approved at plenary#	Comments
25.201		Physica	I layer -	- Genera	I description		RAN#15	
25.211		, ,	Physical channels and mapping of transport channels onto physical channels (FDD)				RAN#15	
25.212		Multiple	Multiplexing and channel coding (FDD)				RAN#15	
25.213		Spreadi	Spreading and modulation (FDD)				RAN#15	
25.214		Physica	l layer <sub>l</sub>	procedur	es(FDD)		RAN#15	
25.221			transport channels onto physical channels				RAN#15	
25.222		Multiple	xing an	d channe	el coding (TD	D)	RAN#15	
25.223		Spreadi	ng and	modulati	ion (TDD)		RAN#15	
25.224		Physica	l layer <sub>l</sub>	procedur	es(TDD)		RAN#15	

The expected finalisation date is TSG-RAN #15

### Work item raporteurs

Amitava Ghosh (Motorola)

Work item leadership

### TSG-RAN WG1

# **Supporting Companies**

Motorola, Nokia, Ericsson, Vodafone Group, Mannesmann Mobilfunk

### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

High Speed Downlink Packet Access (HSDPA)

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 9.2 High Speed Downlink Packet Access (HSDPA) - layer 2 and 3 aspects

Last distributed as: RP-010915 (originally RP-010262)

### **Work Item Description**

Title: High Speed Downlink Packet Access - layer 2 and 3 aspects

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

HSDPA Physical Layer
HSDPA UTRAN Iub/Iur Protocol Aspects
HSDPA RF Radio Transmission/ Reception, System Performance Requirements and
Conformance Testing

#### 3 Justification

The study item on HSDPA was concluded in RAN WG#11with recommendations on the techniques to be included in Rel-5. This work item enables the inclusion of the identified techniques at layers 2 and 3.

#### 4 Objective

The technical objective of this work item is the integration of HSDPA physical layer functionality in UTRA, while maintaining commonality with the R99 general layer 2 and 3 aspects to the maximum extent possible. While most of the control aspects will be identical to those for R99, some additional signaling for the configuration of HSDPA channels will need to be defined. Also, in order to enable the support of fast scheduling, support for a new MAC-HSDSCH entity shall be included. This new entity at the Node B will handle all the scheduling and HARQ (non-physical layer aspects) of the HSDPA feature. UE capabilities will need to be updated to indicate support of HSDPA. Physical Layer aspects of UE capabilities will be handled by WG1.

- ?? For layers 2 and 3, the features include:
  - ?? Architecture aspects
  - ?? MAC entity (Scheduling and Hybrid ARQ protocol)
  - ?? Interlayer procedures in connected mode
  - ?? Control plane aspects
  - ?? UE capabilities

#### 5 Service Aspects

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

### 9 Impacts

Affects	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

### Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				Nev	w specifications	s		
Spec No.	Title				Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approv	red at plenary#	Comments
				Aff11				
				Affected	existing specifi	cations	5	
Spec No.	CR	Subject					Approved at plenary#	Comments
25.301		Radio ir	nterface	protocol	architecture		RAN#15	
25.302		Service	ervice provided by the physical Layer				RAN#15	
25.303		UE func			ayer procedu	res in	RAN#15	
25.306		UE Rad	lio Acce	ess Capa	bilites		RAN#15	
25.321		Medium specific		s control	(MAC) protoc	ol	RAN#15	
25.331		Radio re specific		control	(RRC) protoc	ol	RAN#15	

The expected finalisation date is TSG-RAN #15

### Work item raporteurs

Ravi Kuchibhotla (Motorola)

Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG2

### 13 Supporting Companies

Motorola, Nokia, Ericsson, Vodafone Group, Mannesmann Mobilfunk

14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

- 14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature
- 14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

High Speed Downlink Packet Access (HSDPA)

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 9.3 High Speed Downlink Packet Access (HSDPA) - *lub/lur Protocol Aspects*

Last distributed as: RP-010915 (originally RP-010262)

### **Work Item Description**

Title: High Speed Downlink Packet Access - Iub/Iur Protocol Aspects

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

HSDPA Physical Layer
HSDPA Layer 2 and 3 Protocol Aspects
HSDPA RF Radio Transmission/ Reception, System Performance Requirements and
Conformance Testing

#### 3 Justification

The study item on HSDPA was concluded in RAN WG#11with recommendations on the techniques to be included in Rel-5. This work item enables support of the identified techniques over the Jub and Jur.

#### 4 Objective

The technical objective of this work item is the integration of HSDPA physical layer functionality in UTRA, while maintaining commonality with the R99 general Iub and Iur aspects to the maximum extent possible. While most of the control aspects will be identical to those for R99, some additional signaling for the configuration of HSDPA shared channels will need to be defined. Also frame protocol for the user data stream will need to be defined for the HSDPA shared channels. Flow control for the HSDPA channels on the Iub will need to be supported.

- ?? For Iub and Iur, the features include:
  - Iub and Iur architecture aspects
  - Iub and Iur control plane aspects
  - Iub and Iur user plane aspects

#### 5 Service Aspects

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

#### 7 Charging Aspects

None

# 8 Security Aspects

None

# 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				Nev	w spe	cification	s		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)			Appro	ved at plenary#	Comments
				Affected 6	existi	ng specifi	cation	S	
Spec No.	CR	Subject				<u> </u>		Approved at plenary#	Comments
TS 25.401		UTRAN O	verall Des	cription		RAN #15			
TS 25.420			r Interface	: General As	spects	RAN #15		1	
TS 25.422		UTRAN lu transport		signalling		RAN #15		1	
TS 25.423		UTRAN lu Signalling	r Interface	RNSAP		RAN #15		]	
TS 25.424				data transp or CCH data		RAN #15			
TS 25.425				user plane ata streams		RAN #15		]	
TS 25.426			& Transpo	erface Data ort Signalling		RAN #15			
TS 25.430			Interface	General Asp	pects	RAN #15		1	
TS 25.432		UTRAN lu transport	b interface	signalling		RAN #15		]	
TS 25.433		UTRAN lu	b Interface	NBAP Sign	alling	RAN #15		1	
TS 25.434				data transp or CCH data		RAN #15			
TS 25.435				e user plane ata streams		RAN #15			
TS 25.442		UTRAN Im Transport	plementat	tion Specific	O&M	RAN #15			

The expected finalisation date is TSG-RAN #15

# Work item raporteurs

Mike Diesen, Motorola

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

# **Supporting Companies**

### Motorola, Nokia, Ericsson, Vodafone Group, Mannesmann Mobilfunk

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

		Feature (go to 14a)
Χ	ζ.	Building Block (go to 14b)
		Work Task (go to 14c)

- 14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature
- 14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

High Speed Downlink Packet Access (HSDPA)

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 10 Rel-5 Evolution of the transport in the UTRAN

This is a generic feature

# 10.1 IP transport in UTRAN

### **Work Item Description**

Title: IP-transport in UTRAN

### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### **3** Justification

Release 2000 workplan includes, as an option, an all-IP transport architecture aimed at allowing operators to deploy IP technology to deliver 3<sup>rd</sup> generation services.

The foreseen benefits of the introduction of IP as transport technology inside the UTRAN are:

- ?? To give the operator the option to use IP transport as an alternative to AAL2/ATM transport within UTRAN.
- ?? In which networks, or parts of network, the IP option is beneficial over the AAL2/ATM option will vary between different operators, e.g. depending on existing transport network infrastructure, other applications using the same transport, available physical links, etc.
- ?? A consistent approach allowing for end-to-end IP transport solutions.
- ?? The more detailed requirements and expected benefits will be documented in the Technical Report.

### 4 Objective

The purpose of this new work task is to enable the usage of IP technology for the transport of signalling and user data over Iu, Iur and Iub in the UTRAN. This work task is only related to the transport aspects.

5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

### 8 Security Aspects

Security aspects linked with the use of IP as transport technology.

### 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X	$X^{1}$	
No	X	X			
Don't know					

### Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

The first step of the work will consist in providing the necessary changes to the generic specifications (TS 25.401, TS 25.402). Then, the CRs to the other specs introducing the possibility to use IP as a transport mechanism will be generated. The QOS aspects should be studied closely with IETF.

New specifications								
Spec No.	Title	-		Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments		
TR 25.933	IP Transport in UTRAN Work Task Technical Report	WG3		RAN #14	RAN #15			

	Affected existing specifications					
Spec No.	CR	Subject	Approved at plenary#	Comments		
TS 25.401		UTRAN Overall Description	RAN #15	Only text related to Transport Network Layer.		
TS 25.402		Synchronisation in UTRAN, Stage 2	RAN #15	To be confirmed during the study		
TS 25.410		UTRAN lu Interface: General Aspects and Principles	RAN #15	Only text related to Transport Network Layer.		
TS 25.411		UTRAN lu Interface Layer 1	RAN #15			
TS 25.412		UTRAN lu interface signalling transport	RAN #15			
TS 25.413		UTRAN lu Interface RANAP Signalling	RAN #15	Only parameters and interface related to the Transport Network Layer.		
TS 25.414		UTRAN lu interface data transport & transport signalling	RAN #15			
TS 25.415		UTRAN lu interface user plane protocols	RAN #15	Only parameters and interface related to the Transport Network Layer.		
TS 25.420		UTRAN lur Interface: General Aspects and Principles	RAN #15	Only text related to Transport Network Layer.		
TS 25.422		UTRAN lur interface signalling transport	RAN #15			
TS 25.423		UTRAN lur Interface RNSAP Signalling	RAN #15	Only parameters and interface related to the Transport Network Layer.		
TS 25.424		UTRAN lur interface data transport & transport signalling for CCH data streams	RAN #15			
TS 25.425		UTRAN lur interface user plane protocols for CCH data streams	RAN #15	Only parameters and interface related to the Transport Network Layer.		
TS 25.426		UTRAN l <sub>Ir</sub> and l <sub>Ib</sub> Interface Data Transport & Transport Signalling for DCH Data Streams	RAN #15			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> None of the TSG-CN specifications are impacted.

TS 25.430	UTRAN <sub>lb</sub> Interface General Aspects and Principles	RAN #15	Only text related to Transport Network Layer.
TS 25.432	UTRAN lub interface signalling transport	RAN #15	
TS 25.433	UTRAN lub Interface NBAP Signalling	RAN #15	Only parameters and interface related to the Transport Network Layer.
TS 25.434	UTRAN lub interface data transport & transport signalling for CCH data streams	RAN #15	
TS 25.435	UTRAN lub interface user plane protocols for CCH data streams	RAN #15	Only parameters and interface related to the Transport Network Layer.
TS 25.442	UTRAN Implementation Specific O&M Transport	RAN #15	
TR 25.931	UTRAN Functions, Examples on Signalling Procedures	RAN #15	Only messages related to transport bearers.
TR 25.932	Delay Budget within the Access Stratum	RAN #15	

### Work item rapporteurs

Nicolas Drevon, Alcatel

### Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

### 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

(one Work Item identified as a feature)

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

Parent Building Block is "Evolution of the Transport in the UTRAN".

# 11 Rel-5 Improvements of the Radio interface

This is a generic feature.

### 11.1 Base station classification

This Building Block is split between Release 5 and Release 6. Its Work tasks are as follows:

- FDD BS classification (Rel-6)
- TDD BS classification (Rel-5)
- LCR TDD BS classification (Rel-5)

The Description Sheet is in section 15 of this document.

#### 11.1.1 TDD Base station classification

Originally RP-000185

#### **Work Item Description**

Title: TDD Base Station Classification

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

none

#### 3 Justification

Current TSG RAN WG4 specifications have been done according to the requirements for the macrocell base stations (NodeBs). For the UTRA evolution requirements specific for other type of base stations are needed as well (e.g. micro, pico)

### 4 Objective

- definition of base station classes according to deployment scenarios (e.g. macro, micro, pico)
- identification, review and possible update of radio parameters dependent on deployment scenarios
- identification, review and possible update of UTRAN (Node B) measurement requirements and conformance where the maximum base station output power is reflected, dependent on deployment scenarios
- review and possible update of conformance test specifications
- recording of related information into RF System Scenarios

#### 5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

**8** Security Aspects

None

## 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		
No	X	X		X	
Don't					
know					

## Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

	New specifications							
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	end	sented for orsement at ary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
25.952	TDD Base station classification		R4		RA	N #16	RAN #16	
			Affe	cted existi	ing s	pecificatio	ns	
Spec No.	CR	Subject				Approved a	t plenary#	Comments
25.105		UTRA (BS) TDD, Radio Transmission and Reception				RAN #16		
25.142		Base Station Conformance Testing (TDD)				RAN #16		
25.123		RF parameters in support of RRM (TDD)			RM	RAN #16		?
25.942		RF System So	cenarios			RAN #16		

## Work item raporteurs

Antti Toskala, Nokia Networks

Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG4

13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

(one Work Item identified as a feature)

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block: Base Station Classification

(one Work Item identified as a building block)

## 11.1.2 Base Station Classification for 1.28 Mcps TDD

Originally RP-010450

## **Work Item Description**

Title: Base Station Classification for 1.28 Mcps TDD option

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

none

#### 3 Justification

Current TSG RAN WG4 specifications have been done according to the requirements for the general purpose base station (Node B). For the UTRA evolution requirements specific for other type of base stations are needed as well (e.g. local area base station).

## 4 Objective

- definition of base station classes according to deployment scenarios (e.g. indoor, outdoor)
- identification, review and possible update of radio parameters dependent on deployment scenarios
- identification, review and possible update of UTRAN (Node B) measurement requirements and conformance where the maximum received signal level at the base station is reflected, dependent on deployment scenarios
- review and possible update of conformance test specifications
- recording of related information into RF System Scenarios

#### 5 Service Aspects

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

### 7 Charging Aspects

None

#### 8 Security Aspects

None

#### 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		
No	X	X		X	
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spe	cifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
25.882	Base station classification for 1.28 Mcps TDD option		R4		RAN #16	RAN #16	
			A ff o	atad aviati	na anaaifiaatia		
		T	Alle	ctea existi	ng specification		
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved a	at plenary#	Comments
25.105			UTRA (BS) TDD, Radio Transmission and Reception				
25.142			Base Station Conformance Testing (TDD)				
25.123		•	Requirements for Support of Radio Resources Management (TDD)				
25.942		RF System S	Scenarios		RAN #16		

## Work item raporteurs

Meik Kottkamp, Siemens

## Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG4

## 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

## 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block: Base Station Classification

# 11.2 Enhancement on the DSCH hard split mode

Originally RP-010216

### **Work Item Description**

Title: Enhancement on the DSCH hard split mode

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

none

#### 3 Justification

- 1) It was identified by RAN WG's (WG1, WG2 and WG3) that in the current Rel99 specification, logical split cannot be supported over Iur during the DSCH soft handover if DSCH scheduling should be done in DRNC. Furthermore, hard split has advantage over logical split in the sense that it can be supported over Iur. However, it was also identifed that hard split has some limitation and therefore there is some need to study the enhancement for TFCI coding in the DSCH hard split mode
- 2) And also, it was identified by RAN WG1, that in the current Rel99 specification, TFCI2 (TFCI for DSCH) is not transmitted from all the cells in the active set when the UE is in soft handover. Furthermore, in the current specification, the power offset should be set high enough to always detect TFCI bits reliably even if UE is not in soft handover.

### 4 Objective

The purpose of this work item is to specify the enhancements of TFCI coding and power control in DSCH hard split mode for UTRA FDD. This work item is composed of two work tasks.

1)TFCI coding in DSCH hard split mode

Currently DSCH hard split mode can support only 5 bit long DSCH and DCH TFCIs. As a result, the number of TFCI is limited upto 32 for DCH and DSCH in DSCH hard split mode. A new TFCI coding scheme to support the variable bit length can enhance the DSCH hard split mode.

2) TFCI power control in DSCH hard split mode

Currently the reliability of TFCI cannot be guaranteed when the UE is in soft handover. As well, in the current specification, the power offset should be set high enough to always detect TFCI bits reliably even if UE is not in soft handover. New power control scheme for TFCI can enhance the DSCH hard split mode.

5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

# 8 Security Aspects

None

# 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	
Don't know					

## Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spe	cif	ications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime sp. WG	,	end	esented for dorsement at nary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
TR 25.870					ŘΑ	N # 14	RAN # 16	
			Affe	cted existi	ng	specificatio	ns	
Spec No. 25.212	CR	Subject Multiplexing and (FDD)		· ·		Approved at p RAN	#16	Comments
25.214 25.331		Physical Layer Procedure (FDD) RRC Protocol Specification				RAN RAN	I #16 #16	
25.423		UTRAN lur Inte Signalling	rface F	RNSAP		RAN	#16	
25.433		UTRAN lub Inte	erface I	NBAP		RAN	#16	

### Work item raporteurs

Jaeyoel KIM, SAMSUNG Electronics. <u>kimjy@samsung.com</u>

## Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG1

# **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

14a

## 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

This is a building block part of the radio interface improvement feature.

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

Work Task 1:TFCI coding in DSCH hard split mode

Work Task 2:TFCI power control in DSCH hard split mode

# 12 Rel-5 RAN improvements

This is a generic feature.

# 12.1 RRM optimizations for lur and lub

Originally RP-000310

The Work Tasks finished in TSG-RAN #11 are mentioned in this WI description

### **Work Item Description**

Title: RRM optimizations for Iur and Iub

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

Optimising the existing procedures will increase the efficiency of UTRAN and the quality of service to the end user.

#### 4 Objective

This work item focuses on optimising the existing procedures and functions related to:

### 1) Congestion handling of DCH

Currently a DRNC accepting a dedicated RL, in principle needs to reserve resources for the maximum bitrate which could possibly be required for the DCH's on this RL. This because the DRNC has a very limited view on the load statistics of the DCH's (source descriptor) and has no possibility to control the DL-rate of the DCH's in congestion situations.

### 2) Procedure parallelism on Iub/Iur

Currently almost no procedure parallelism is allowed in NBAP/RNSAP (dedicated) procedures. As a result, an RRM procedure used for handling problems in a fast changing radio environment, could have to wait for termination of a procedure e.g. introducing a new service on the RL.

In order to improve the capability of the UTRAN to respond to fast changes in the radio environment, the restrictions on parallelism between procedures coping with radio environment changes (e.g. RL\_ADDITION/RL\_DELETION) and other procedures (e.g. RL\_RECONFIGURATION) should be decreased.

#### 3) <u>DPC Rate Reduction in soft handover</u>

Currently R1 describes two DPC\_modes in 25.214, however mode change signalling is not supported by R3.

By supporting DPC-mode change signalling in the UTRAN, the UTRAN should be better capable of combating power drifting in the DL.

#### 4) <u>Introduction of common measurements over Iur</u>

It is proposed to study the usefulness of / possibilities for introducing common measurements on Iur. For example, at present an SRNC has no information regarding cell load information in neighbouring cells on a DRNC when making soft handover decisions. A study should indicate whether clear benefits exist of providing such load information to a neighbouring CRNC.

If this, or other possible measurements are identified, a common measurement procedure as currently supported on Iub could be introduced in RNSAP.

### 5) Extension of Radio Interface Parameters updating in the user plane

Currently the Iub/Iur DCH FP supports a fast update of the TPC Power Offset in the DL RL via user plane signalling.

It should be studied if more radio interface parameters would benefit from a similar handling. If such parameters are identified, the user plane should be extended for this purpose.

### 6) Separation of resource reservation and radio link activation

This work task aims at introducing the possibility to have dedicated resources reserved in UTRAN without transmitting energy on the corresponding radio link(s). Furthermore, a separate mecha-nism for activating and deactivating radio transmission related to the reserved resources shall be introduced.

The separation will enable the following optimisations in UTRAN:

- delayed activation of a radio link at soft handover for high bit rate users, thus avoiding a potential handover problem;
- quicker channel type switching back to Cell\_DCH;
- quicker radio link additions of radio links that recently were part of the active set;
- 7) Triggering of the Common Transport Channel Resources Initiation procedure by DRNC Currently the DRNC has no possibility to request an SRNC to move a UE from using one combination of RACH/FACH channels to other RACH/FACH channels. However this functionality is provided by R(99) RRC signalling and is considered beneficial for obtaining a good distribution of the common resource usage in the DRNS.

For R(00) an appropriate solution should be specified to provide this capability to the DRNC.

5	Service Aspec	ts
	None	

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

**8** Security Aspects

#### None

## 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

### **Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)**

It is proposed to maintain the "RRM optimizations for Iur and Iub Building Block" as a continuously ongoing Building Block.

It is also proposed to handle Release 5 worktasks under this BB in separate WI-sheets, and result in separate TR's. Therefore, TR25.935 can be brought to v4.0.0, finalising the 6 worktasks indicated below.

### 1) Congestion handling of DCH

	New specifications										
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2 <sup>nd</sup> ary rsp. WG(s)		rsement at	Approved at plenary#	Comments			
25.935		optimizations and lub	WG3		' '		RAN #11				
			Affe	cted existi	ing sp	ecificatio	ns				
Spec No.   CR   Subject				Approved at plenary#		Comments					
25.423	5.423 339 RNSAP					RAN #11					

### 2) Procedure parallelism on Iub/Iur

	New specifications									
Spec No.	Title	Prime rsp. WG		Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments				
25.935	RRM optimization for lur and lub	ns WG3		RAN #11	RAN #11					
		Affe	cted existi	ng specificatio	ns					
Spec No.	CR Subject			Approved a	t plenary#	Comments				

Finalised without specification impact.

## 3) <u>DPC Rate Reduction in soft handover</u>

	New specifications									
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG		2 <sup>nd</sup> ary rsp. Presen WG(s) endors plenary		Approved at plenary#	Comments		
25.935		optimizations and lub	WG3			N #11	RAN #11			
			Affe	cted existi	ng s	pecificatio	ns			
Spec No.	CR	Subject				Approved a	t plenary#	Comments		
25.427	45	lub/lur dedica user plane	lub/lur dedicated transport channel user plane			RAN #11				
25.423	320	RNSAP			RAN #11					
25.433	373	NBAP			RAN #11					
25.433	387	NBAP				RAN #11				

### 4) <u>Introduction of common measurements over Iur</u>

	New specifications								
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2 <sup>nd</sup> ary rsp. WG(s)	endo	sented for orsement at ary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments	
25.935	RRM optimizations for lur and lub		WG3		RAI	N #11	RAN #11		
			Affe	cted existi	ng s	pecificatio	ns		
Spec No.	CR	Subject	Subject			Approved a	t plenary#	Comments	
25.420	12	lur general as	general aspects and principles			RAN #11			
25.423	323	RNSAP				RAN #11			

# 5) Extension of Radio Interface Parameters updating in the user plane

	New specifications									
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG		Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments			
25.935		optimizations and lub	ations WG3 RAN #11		RAN #11	RAN #11				
			Affe	cted existi	ng specificatio	ns				
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved a	t plenary#	Comments			

Finalised without specification impact.

## 6) Separation of resource reservation and radio link activation

Not finalised; proposed to be handled in separate WI-sheet for Release 5.

7) Triggering of the Common Transport Channel Resources Initiation procedure by DRNC

	New specifications								
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2 <sup>nd</sup> ary rsp. WG(s)		rsement at	Approved at plenary#	Comments	
25.935		optimizations and lub	WG3		RAN #11		RAN #11		
	Affected existing specifications								
Spec No.	CR	Subject				Approved at	t plenary#	Comments	

Finalised without specification impact.

### Work item raporteurs

Gert-Jan van Lieshout (Ericsson)

## Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

### **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

Radio Interface Improvement feature and UTRAN Improvement feature

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

Starting from Release 5, each Work Task under this Building Block will be described in a separate WI-sheet.

## 12.1.1 Iur Common Transport Channel Efficiency Optimisation

Originally RP-010473

### **Work Item Description**

Title: Iur Common Transport Channel Efficiency Optimisation

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### **3** Justification

Optimising the existing procedures will increase the efficiency of UTRAN and the quality of service to the end user.

### 4 Objective

Currently in RACH/FACH state, the SRNC will have to execute the RNSAP Common Transport Channel Resources Initialisation procedure every time the UE moves from one cell to another cell in the DRNS. This procedure is required to provide the SRNC with:

A) Information on supported MAC-C lengths;

B) Flow control information;

C) Possibility to request another bearer;

In many cases, many (all) S-CCPCH's in a DRNS will be configured with the same TB sizes. If in such a situation a UE moves from one cell to another cell under the same DRNS, there is no reason to update A).

If the DRNS can continue to use the same flow-control situation, there is no reason to update B).

If, in the case A) and B) are not required and the SRNC does not require the UE to start using a new transport bearer, there is no need to execute the CommonTransport Resource Initialisation procedure.

A mechanism shall be introduced which reduces the need for a Common Transport Resources Initialisation procedure where possible.

### 5 Service Aspects

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

#### 7 Charging Aspects

None

# 8 Security Aspects

None

# 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		
No	X	X		X	X
Don't know					

## Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

	New specifications									
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG		Presented for endorsement plenary#		Comments			
25.xxx			WG3		RAN #15	RAN #15				
			Affe	cted existi	ng specifica	ntions				
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approve	ed at plenary#	Comments			
25.423	25.423 RNSAP RAN #15									

## Work item raporteurs

Shahrokh Amirijoo (Ericsson)

## Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

## 13 Supporting Companies

Ericsson, NEC, Nortel, Vodafone

## 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

RRM optimizations for Iur and Iub

# 12.1.2 Iur Neighbouring cell reporting Efficiency Optimisation

Originally RP-010474

## **Work Item Description**

Title: Iur Neighbouring cell reporting Efficiency Optimisation

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### **3** Justification

Optimising the existing procedures will increase the efficiency of UTRAN and the quality of service to the end user.

## 4 Objective

In Rel99/Rel4, everytime a RL is established in a certain cell, the SRNC will get information about certain characteristics of cells neighbouring the cell in which the RL is established. This information is provided regardless of whether the SRNC already has received this information before e.g. as neighbouring cell information for a previous RL establishment.

A mechanism shall be studied and if it is considered beneficial introduced, which increases the efficiency of the neighbouring cell information reporting by avoiding the transport of information the SRNC is already aware of.

5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

### 9 Impacts

Affects	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
:					

Yes			X		
No	X	X		X	X
Don't know					

## Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

	New specifications							
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG		Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments	
25.xxx			WG3		RAN #15	RAN #15		
			Affe	cted existi	ng specificatio	ns		
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved a	t plenary#	Comments	
25.423	25.423 RNSAP			RAN #15				

## Work item raporteurs

Shahrokh Amirijoo (Ericsson)

## Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

## 13 Supporting Companies

Ericsson, IDC, Nortel, Siemens, Vodafone

## 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

## 14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

RRM optimizations for Iur and Iub

## 12.1.3 RL Timing Adjustment

Originally RP-010261

## **Work Item Description**

Title: RL Timing Adjustment

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### **3** Justification

Optimising the existing procedures will increase the efficiency of UTRAN and the quality of service to the end user.

#### 4 Objective

WG1 has already expressed (outgoing liaison R1-010135) that in the event of RL adjustment being required, the Rel99/Rel4 process of deleting and re-establishing a RL temporarily causes additional DL interference in one or more cells due to loss of macro-diversity gain. In addition it slightly increases the risk of dropped calls. Therefore RAN WG1 asked RAN WG3 to consider implementing a RL adjustment procedure for a future release.

This work task aims at introducing this possibility to execute a timing adjustment of one individual RL, typically one of several RLs in the active set.

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

#### 7 Charging Aspects

None

### 8 Security Aspects

None

### 9 Impacts

Affects USIM ME	AN	CN	Others
-----------------	----	----	--------

:					
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

## Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New sp	ecific	ations		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2 <sup>nd</sup> ary rsp. WG(s)		rsement at	Approved at plenary#	Comments
25.xxx			WG3	WG2	RAN	N #15	RAN #15	
			Affe	cted exist	ing s <sub>l</sub>	pecificatio	ns	
Spec No.	CR	Subject				Approved a	t plenary#	Comments
25.423		RNSAP				RAN #15		
25.433		NBAP				RAN #15		
25.331		RRC				<b>RAN #15</b>		

## Work item raporteurs

Elena Voltolina (Ericsson)

## Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

### **Supporting Companies**

Ericsson, Nokia, Philips, Qualcomm

### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

RRM optimizations for Iur and Iub

## 12.1.4 Separation of resource reservation and radio link activation

Originally RP-010487

## **Work Item Description**

Title: Separation of resource reservation and radio link activation

### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

Optimising the existing procedures will increase the efficiency of UTRAN and the quality of service to the end user.

### 4 Objective

This work task aims at introducing the possibility to have dedicated resources reserved in UTRAN without transmitting energy on the corresponding radio link(s). Furthermore, a separate mechanism for activating and deactivating radio transmission related to the reserved resources shall be introduced. The study of this mechanism shall also consider the possibility to reserve resources without allocating them to a particular UE. In this case, the actual allocation of the reserved resources to a particular UE would be delayed until the activation of the radio transmission.

The separation will enable the following optimisations in UTRAN:

- delayed activation of a radio link at soft handover for high bit rate users, thus avoiding a potential handover problem;
- quicker channel type switching back to Cell DCH;
- quicker radio link additions of radio links that recently were part of the active set;
- benefit from statistical multiplexing at RRM level (by reserving resources on a given cell based on HO probability laws, Busy Hour Call Attempts statistics,...).

#### 5 Service Aspects

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

#### 7 Charging Aspects

None

### 8 Security Aspects

## 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		
No	X	X		X	X
Don't					
know					

## Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spe	ecific	ations		
Spec No.	Title		Prime sp. WG	2 <sup>nd</sup> ary rsp. WG(s)		rsement at	Approved at plenary#	Comments
25.xxx		١	NG3		RAN	N #15	RAN #15	
			Affe	l cted existi	ng s	pecificatio	ns	
Spec No.	CR	Subject				Approved a	t plenary#	Comments
25.420		lur general asp	ects ar	nd principl	es	RAN #15		
25.423		RNSAP				RAN #15		
25.430		lub general asp	ects a	nd princip	les	RAN #15		
25.433		NBAP				RAN #15		

# Work item raporteurs

Gert-Jan van Lieshout (Ericsson)

## Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

## 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

RRM optimizations for Iur and Iub

# 12.2 Re-arrangement of lub Transport Bearers

Originally RP-010465

### **Work Item Description**

Title: Re-arrangement of Iub Transport Bearers (originally Traffic Termination Point Swapping)

### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None identified.

#### 3 Justification

In the current NBAP specification (TS25.433) there is no mechanism to change the D-NBAP link for the given Node B Communication Context and secondly there is no mechanism to switch the existing transport bearers from one physical termination point to another. Fixing of the transport resources may cause the transport resource fragmentation problem in the implementation where the physical resources are distributed. In the worst case the transport resource fragmentation may cause the rejection of some large capacity call. To solve this problem there is a need for a new procedure allowing the Node B to initiate transport resource reallocation. This new procedure allows the use of distributed physical resources more efficiently by allowing a defragmentation of the resources and it may be used also due the O&M reasons.

#### 4 Objective

The objective of this work item is to introduce a new procedure in the NBAP enabling Node B to initiate switching of the transport bearers and a Communication Control Port from one physical termination point to another.

**5 Service Aspects** 

None identified.

6 MMI-Aspects

None identified.

7 Charging Aspects

None identified.

**8 Security Aspects** 

None identified.

9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		
No	X	X		X	
Don't know					

## 10 Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

This is a Release 5 Work Item

	New specifications						
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
			Affecte	ed existing	specification	ns	
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at p	olenary#	Comments
25.433	UTRAN lub Interface NBAP Signalling			RAN #15			

## 11 Work item raporteurs

Antti Toskala, Nokia, Helsinki, Finland

## 12 Work item leadership

RAN 3

### **13 Supporting Companies**

Nokia, Nortel Networks, InterDigital, Siemens

## 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block:

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 12.3 Radio access bearer support enhancement

Originally RP-000140

"Robust Header Compression" was finished in TSG-RAN #11

"RFC 3095 context relocation in SRNS relocation" was finished in TSG-RAN #16

### **Work Item Description**

Title: Radio Access Bearer support enhancement

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

#### 3 Justification

The increasing interest in IP based services demands special optimisation of the means by which a radio access bearer can be provided by UTRAN.

### 4 Objective

This work item should have the scope of adding necessary functionality to the Uu and Iu interface in order to efficiently support RT traffic, e.g. VoIP. Examples of such functionality are:

- ?? Radio Access Bearer multiplexing in PDCP
- ?? Header compression for VoIP
  - ?? Normally referenced from an IETF RFC
- ?? Support of variable formats over Iu and unequal error protection over Uu
- ?? Channel type switching for logical channels
  - ?? Today it is only possible to switch all logical channels of one UE, not individual. For DSCH it would be much better to be able to switch single logical channels
- ?? IP header removal as developed within GERAN

#### 5 Service Aspects

The intention with the work item is to better and more efficient support IP based services.

## 6 MMI-Aspects

None

### 7 Charging Aspects

None

### 8 Security Aspects

## 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

## Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

			New spe	cifications	_	
Spec No.	Title		2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
		Affec	cted existi	ng specificatio	ons	
Spec No.	CR	Subject		Approved at	plenary#	Comments
25.331		RRC protocol specifica	ation	RAN#11		
25.323		PDCP protocol specific	RAN#11			
25.413		UTRAN lu interface Rasignalling	ANAP	RAN#11		
25.415		UTRAN lu interface us protocols	er plane	RAN#11		

## Work item raporteurs

TSG-RAN WG2: Ainkaran Krishnarajah (Ericsson) TSG-RAN WG3: Martin Israelsson (Ericsson)

### Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG2

### **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

(one Work Item identified as a feature)

- RAN Improvement
- Evolution of bearers on the radio to enable IP based multimedia in UMTS

# 12.4 Beamforming requirements for UE

Last distributed as: RP-010950

## **Work Item Description**

Title: Beamforming requirements for UE

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

### 2 Linked work items

None

## 3 Justification

Beamforming with dedicated pilot symbols or with S-CPICH has potential to improve system capacity.

## 4 Objective

This work item should define the Rel'5 UE performance requirements for efficient support of beamforming.

#### 5 Service Aspects

None/Text

### 6 MMI-Aspects

None/Text

### 7 Charging Aspects

None/Text

### **8** Security Aspects

None/Text

#### 9 Impacts

Affects:	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

### 10 Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

	New specifications							
Spec No.	pec No. Title			2ndary rsp. WG(s)			Approved at plenary#	Comments
Affected existing specifications								
Spec No.	CR	Subject				proved at p		Comments
TS 25.133	240	Active set size dedicated pilo		on for	T	SG RAN	<b>#14</b>	
TS 25.101	25.101 142 Performance requirement for dedicated pilot			TS	SG RAN	<b>#14</b>		
acceptance process								

### Work item raporteurs

Jussi Kähtävä, Nokia.

### Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG1

### **Supporting Companies**

Nokia, Motorola, Panasonic, Qualcomm

### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

UTRAN Improvement Feature

# 12.5 Support of Site Selection Diversity Transmission in UTRAN

Originally RP-010951

### **Work Item Description**

Title: Support of Site Selection Diversity Transmission in UTRAN

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

	X	Radio Access
		Core Network
Ī		Services

•			• 4
<i>).</i>	Linked	work	items

None.

#### 3 Justification

SSDT is defined in R99 and Rel4 specifications. In recent discussions in RAN#14 it was clarified that there is no full support of SSDT in the UTRAN. Indeed in R99 and Rel4 specifications it is assumed that the Qth parameter in Node B is set as an OAM parameter with vendor specific definition & signaling ranges. However support of Qth parameter over NBAP would be needed for multi-vendor NodeBs for deployment of SSDT and hence full support of SSDT on the UTRAN side. In addition the physical quantity (UTRAN measurement) used in combination with the Qth parameter should be defined in RAN 1 25.214 specification and performance requirements for the Node B defined.

#### 4 Objective

The objective of this WI is to provide the necessary changes and additions required in the current RAN specifications to provide full support of SSDT in UTRAN. Specifically the work item should:

- ?? Specify the Qth parameter
- ?? Specify the physical measurement quantity at node B for use in combination with the Qth parameter
- ?? Specify performance requirements for Node B in RAN4 specifications
- ?? Specify signalling of the Qth parameter over the Iub and Iur interfaces

Aspects

None

25 MMI-Aspects

None

25 Charging Aspects

None

25 Security Aspects

None

## 25 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		
No	X	X		X	
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

		N	lew speci	fications		
Spec No. Title			G(s) er	resented for adorsement at enary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
		Affecte	d existing	specification	ons	
Spec No.	CR	Subject	·	Approved at	plenary#	Comments
25.214		Physical Layer Procedure	es (FDD)	RAN#16		
25.104		Radio transmission and F (FDD)	Radio transmission and Reception			
25.433		UTRÁN lub interface NBA signalling	AΡ	RAN#16		
25.423		UTRAN lur interface RNS signalling	SAP	RAN#16		
25.141		Base Station Conformance Testing (FDD)	е	RAN#16		

# Work item rapporteurs

NEC

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG1

# **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

RAN improvements

# 12.6 Node B Synchronisation for 1.28 Mcps TDD

Last distributed as: RP-010915 (originally RP-010216)

### **Work Item Description**

Title: Node B Synchronisation for 1.28 Mcps TDD

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

none

#### 3 Justification

NodeB synchronisation is beneficial in UTRA TDD to minimise cross-interference in neighbouring cells. Currently, for the 1.28 Mcps TDD option no method has been specified how NodeB synchronisation can be achieved with UTRAN's and UE's internal means such as signalling via the air interface.

The following benefits of the introduction of NodeB synchronisation by internal means are seen:

- ?? A substantial reduction of the cost of the transmission network.
- ?? An autonomous synchronisation procedure without the need of external references.
- ?? An easily extendable method for the purpose of inter-system NodeB synchronisation.

### 4 Objective

The purpose of this new work item is to enable the synchronisation of NodeBs in UTRA TDD for the 1.28 Mcps option by UTRAN's and UE's internal means such as air interface signals and NodeB cross measurements. NodeB synchronisation involves

- ?? radio frame and multi frame synchronisation and
- ?? intra-system and inter-system synchronisation.
- 5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

# 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spe	ecifi	cations		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary Presented for rsp. WG(s) endorsemer plenary#		orsement at	Approved at plenary#	Comments
25.868	NodeB synchronisation for 1.28 Mcps TDD		WG1		RA	N # 14	RAN # 15	
			Affe	cted existi	ng s	specificatio	ns	
Spec No.	CR	Subject				Approved at p	plenary#	Comments
25.123		Requirements for Support of Radio Resource Management (TDD)				RAN # 15		
25.221		Physical channels and mapping of transport channels onto physical channels (TDD)				RAN # 15		
25.223		Spreading and modulation (TDD)			D)	RAN # 15		
25.224		Physical Layer Procedures (TDD)				RAN # 15		
25.225		Physical layer (TDD)	– Meas	urements		RAN # 15		
25.302		Services provided by the physical layer			al	RAN # 15		
25.331		RRC Protocol	Specific	cation		RAN # 15		
25.402		Synchronisation in UTRAN Stage 2			ge	RAN # 15		
25.433		UTRAN lub In Signalling	terface l	NBAP		RAN # 15		
25.423		UTRAN lur Interface RNSAP Signalling				RAN # 15		

## Work item raporteurs

Ms. Jinling HU (CWTS/CATT)

# Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG1

## 13 Supporting Companies

CATT, China Mobile, Huawei, Motorola, Nortel Networks, Samsung, Siemens

## 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)

Work Task (go to 14c)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature Radio Interface Improvements and RAN Improvements Features

# 12.7 UTRAN Sharing in Connected Mode

Originally RP-020246

### **Work Item Description**

Title: UTRAN Sharing in Connected Mode (originally Shared Network support in Connected Mode)

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

Based on the Release-99 specifications, the CN+UTRAN have mechanisms available to provide UE-specific access restrictions for LA's of the current PLMN and other PLMN's when the UE is in Idle Mode<sup>2</sup>. These mechanisms can be used for implementing shared networks solutions in which, based on roaming agreements, the access restrictions to be applied might be different for different UE's.

Although the Release-99 specifications specify these mechanisms for handling the UE when in Idle Mode, insufficient mechanisms are specified to provide similar access restrictions in Connected Mode. In Connected mode the UE mobility is handled by the UTRAN and the UTRAN does not have the necessary information (e.g. roaming agreements) to provide a consistent access restriction handling in Connected Mode.

#### 4 Objective

The objective of this WI is to enable the CN+UTRAN to provide a consistent UTRAN mobility access restriction handling based on roaming agreements in both Idle and Connected Mode.

5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

**8** Security Aspects

None

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Mechanisms include UE-specific LOCATION UPDATING ACCEPT/REJECT & inclusion of LA-specific/UE-specific equivalent PLMN information in LOCATION UPDATING ACCEPT.

## 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X	X	
No	X	X			
Don't know					

# 10 Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New sp	ecifi	cations		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2 <sup>nd</sup> ary rsp. WG(s)	info	sented for ormation at nary#		Comments
			A 66			161		
			Affe	cted exis		specificat		
Spec No.	CR	Subject				Approved at plenary#		Comments
25.401		UTRAN architecture description; Stage 2			n; l	RAN#17		
25.413		UTRAN lu Inte	N lu Interface RANAP ling			RAN#17		
25.423		UTRAN lur interface RNSAP signalling				RAN#17		

### Work item rapporteurs

Martin Israelsson, Ericsson

### Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

### 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

RAN Improvement feature

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 13 Rel-5 Location services enhancements

This is a generic Feature led by SA WG2

# 13.1 UE positioning

This is a generic Building Block led by TSG RAN

# 13.1.1 UE positioning enhancements for 1.28 Mcps TDD

Originally RP-010215

### **Work Item Description**

Title: UE positioning enhancements for 1.28 Mcps TDD

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

none

#### 3 Justification

UE positioning is a function of UE and UTRAN (Access Stratum) which can be utilised for a number of purposes:

- ?? Radio Resource Management
- ?? Support for location based services (LCS)

Different accuracy can be requested when positioning a UE for these purposes.

### 4 Objective

The purpose of this work item are to increase the accuracy of the UE positioning or define methods allowing UE positioning with less complexity for a given accuracy.

Examples are refinement and adoption of methods that are defined for release 5.

#### 5 Service Aspects

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

## 7 Charging Aspects

None

# 8 Security Aspects

None

# 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	
Don't know					

# Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

			New spe	cifications				
Spec No.	Title	Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement plenary#	at plenary#	t Comments		
25.859	UE positioning enhancements for 1.28 Mcps TDD	WG2		RAN # 13				
Affected existing specifications								
Spec No.	CR Subject		_		at plenary#	Comments		
25.305	Specificatio	Stage 2 Functional Specification of Location Services in UTRAN			AN # 15			
25.123	Requirements Radio Resour (TDD)	ce Mana	agement		AN # 15			
25.224	Physical Lag (TDD)	Physical Layer Procedures			N # 15			
25.225		Physical layer – Measurements (TDD)			AN # 15			
25.302		Services provided by the physical layer			AN # 15			
25.303		Interlayer procedures in connected mode			AN # 15			
25.304	UE Procedu and Proced Reselection Mode	ures fo	r Cell	de RA	AN # 15			
25.331	RRC Protoc	ol Spe	cification	n RA	N # 15			
25.420	UTRAN lur	UTRAN lur Interface: General Aspects and			AN # 15			
25.423		JTRAN lur Interface RNSAP Signalling			AN # 15			
25.430	General As <sub>l</sub> Principles	lub Interface: Aspects and es			AN # 15			
25.433	UTRAN lub Signalling	Interfa	ace NBA	P RA	N # 15			

### Ms. Xiaohua MEI (CWTS/CATT)

## Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG2

## 13 Supporting Companies

CATT, China Mobile, Huawei, Motorola, Nortel Networks, Samsung, Siemens

# 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

UE positioning

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 13.1.2 Open interface between the SMLC and the SRNC within the UTRAN to support A-GPS Positioning

Last distributed as: RP-010414

## Work Item Description

Title: Open interface between the SMLC and the SRNC within the UTRAN to support A-GPS Positioning

#### 13GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None identified.

#### 3 Justification

At the 3GPP LCS Work Shop held in London on 1/11/01 and 1/12/01 it was agreed that for A-GPS positioning, sufficient functional separation existed with RNC functions to justify the opening the interface towards a standalone SMLC.

#### 4 Objective

The objective of this work item is to provide for support of an open interface between the SMLC and the SRNC within the UTRAN for the support of A-GPS positioning. This new interface would be analogous to the Lb interface defined in the GSM LCS specifications with the exceptions that the positioning messages are terminated at the SRNC and mapped to release 99 RRC messages and that the positioning messages also support broadcast of LCS assistance data in support of the RRC broadcast messages.

The addition of the interface should be compatible the release 99 Iu, Iur and Iub and radio interfaces. The addition of this interface does not preclude the A-GPS to be supported in the SRNC.

5 Sei	vice	Aspects
-------	------	---------

None identified.

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None identified.

#### 7 Charging Aspects

None identified.

#### 8 Security Aspects

None identified.

## 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		
No	X	X		X	
Don't know					

			Nev	v specifi	cations		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for information at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
3GPP TS 25.453		oning Calculation ation Part (PCAP)	RAN 2	RAN 3	RAN #12	RAN #12	
3GPP TS 25.452		N l <sub>upc</sub> Interface: ling Transport	RAN 2	RAN 3	RAN #13	RAN #13	
3GPP TS 25.451	UTRAN l <sub>upc</sub> Interface: Layer 1		RAN 2	RAN 3	RAN #12	RAN #12	
3GPP TS 25.450	UTRAN l <sub>upc</sub> Interface: General Aspects and Principles		RAN 2	RAN 3	RAN #12	RAN #12	
			Affected o	Vioting (	specification		<u> </u>
Spec No.	CR	Subject	Anecteu e		Approved at p		Comments
25.401		UTRAN architectu Stage 2	re descrip		RAN #12	,	Add new lupc interface and new stand alone A-GPS SMLC network entity.
25.305		UTRAN Stage 2			RAN #11		Modify Network Reference Model to show stand alone A-GPS SMLC and add stage 2 call flows for A-GPS positioning.

#### 11 Work item raporteurs

Ie-Hong Lin (Qualcomm) Vince Jolley (Qualcomm)

## 12 Work item leadership

RAN 2

## 13 Supporting Companies

Qualcomm, SBC, Cingular Wireless, Samsung Electronics Research Institute, Hutchison 3G, NEC, Orange PCS, and Vodafone Group

## 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)

## Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature UE positioning

1 Provision of SRNC - SMLC Open Interface

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

# 14 Intra Domain Connection of RAN Nodes to Multiple CN Nodes

This feature was led by SA WG2

# 14.1 RAN work for Intra Domain Connection of RAN Nodes to Multiple CN Nodes

Originally RP-000689

#### **Work Item Description**

Title: RAN work for Intra Domain Connection of RAN Nodes to Multiple CN Nodes

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

F1 Intra Domain Connection of RAN Nodes to Multiple CN Nodes: Overall System Architecture

SA 2 is responsible for this.

- BB3 GERAN work for Intra Domain Connection of RAN Nodes to Multiple CN Nodes [GERAN 2 is predicted to lead the work in GERAN]
- BB4 CN work for Intra Domain Connection of RAN Nodes to Multiple CN Nodes [CN 1 is predicted to lead the work in CN]

#### 3 Justification

In the current network architecture, an RNC can only be connected to one MSC and/or one SGSN. The same restriction applies to BSCs. This has the following consequences:

- a) when a BSC (or RNC) has a relatively large capacity compared to that of an MSC/SGSN there are frequently significant wastages of hardware. (For example, if a BSC has 40% of the capacity of an MSC, do you connect 2 or 3 BSCs to that MSC?)
- b) as networks carry more traffic, the geographic area covered by one MSC or SGSN (of a given capacity) decreases. However, subscribers still tend to travel the same physical distances and therefore there are more inter-MSC/SGSN registration updates. The signalling associated with these inter MSC/SGSN updates causes additional load on MSCs, SGSNs, HLRs, the core network signalling networks and on the radio interface signalling channels.

The ability to connect RNCs and BSCs to more than one MSC and to more than one SGSN could reduce the above problems. In addition, the ability to provide load sharing between MSCs (SGSNs) would further improve the efficiency of hardware utilisation.

This work will focus on a solution where a routeing function is placed in the RNC (or BSC). This avoids most of the problems of a standalone node (TR 23.913 called it the Turbo Routeing Function), while retaining the other advantages of described in R'99, TR 23.913.

This Work Item (which is a Feature) proposes to provide a standardised mechanism for the connection of multiple MSCs (and SGSNs) to an RNC or a BSC (both A/Gb mode and Iu mode) which reduces mobility management signalling and permits improved efficiency in hardware utilisation.

It is intended that this new concept is an architectural option for any PLMN. Its deployment, or non-deployment, by one network operator should not place requirements on other network operators.

## 4 Objective

The objective of this Work Item is to produce the necessary updates to the RAN TSs.

The list of affected existing specifications is given in section 10.

#### 5 Service Aspects

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

#### 7 Charging Aspects

None

## **8 Security Aspects**

None

#### 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X
Don't know					

				New spe	ecific	cations		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2 <sup>nd</sup> ary rsp. WG(s)	endo	sented for orsement at ary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
25.875	25.875 RAN work for Intra Domain Connection of RAN Nodes to Multiple CN Nodes		R3		RAI	N#14	RAN#15	
	ı		Affe	cted existi	ing s	pecificatio	ns	
Spec No.	CR	Subject			-	Approved at	plenary#	Comments
25.331			Inclusion of NAS routeing parameter in Initial Direct Transfer					
25.401		RAN architecture description						
25.413		Addition of "current MSC/SGSN load" message to RANAP			I			

## Work item raporteurs

Brendan McWilliams, Vodafone

## Work item leadership

RAN 3

#### **Supporting Companies**

Vodafone, Nokia, Ericsson, Nortel, Mannesmann

## 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

## 14b The WI is a Building Block

Parent feature: F1: Intra Domain Connection of RAN Nodes to Multiple CN Nodes:

Overall

System Architecture

SA 2 is responsible for this.

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

(one Work Item identified as a building block)

# 15 Rel-6 Improvements of the Radio Interface

## 15.1 Base station classification

Last distributed as: RAN\_Work\_Items\_after\_RAN\_15 (originally RP-000186)

#### **Work Item Description**

**Title: Base station classification** 

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### **3** Justification

This work item proposes a building block for new base station classifications

## 4 Objective

This is the parent building block for the TDD and FDD basestation classification work tasks. Technical details for the work tasks can be found in TDoc RP-000132, and RP-000183

## 5 Service Aspects

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

## 7 Charging Aspects

None

#### 8 Security Aspects

None

## 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		
No	X	X		X	

Don't			
know			

	New specifications								
Spec No.	Title			2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments		
			R4		RAN #18	RAN #18			
			Affe	cted existi	ng specificatio	ns			
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at p	olenary#	Comments		

Work item raporteurs

Antti Toskala, Nokia

Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG4

13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)	
X	Building Block (go to 14b)	
	Work Task (go to 14c)	

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature – Radio Interface Improvement

#### 15.1.1 FDD Base station classification

Last distributed as: RAN\_Work\_Items\_after\_RAN\_15 (originally RP-000183)

## **Work Item Description**

**Title: FDD Base Station Classification** 

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

none

#### 3 Justification

Current TSG RAN WG4 specifications have been done according to the requirements for the macrocell base stations (NodeBs). For the UTRA evolution requirements specific for other type of base stations are needed as well (e.g. micro, pico)

#### 4 Objective

- definition of base station classes according to deployment scenarios (e.g. macro, micro, pico)
- identification, review and possible update of radio parameters dependent on deployment scenarios
- identification, review and possible update of UTRAN (Node B) measurement requirements and conformance where the maximum base station output power is reflected, dependent on deployment scenarios
- review and possible update of conformance test specifications
- recording of related information into RF System Scenarios

#### 5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		
No	X	X		X	
Don't know					

				New spe	cifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG		Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
25.951		Base station fication	R4		RAN #18	RAN #18	
			A ff o	otod ovicti	ng specificatio	ne	
			Alle	Cleu existi	ng specificatio	113	
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved a	it plenary#	Comments
25.104		UTRA (BS) F Transmission			RAN #18		
25.141		Base Station Conformance Testing (FDD)			RAN #18		
25.133		Requirement Radio Resou (FDD)			RAN #18		?
25.942		RF System S	Scenarios		RAN #18		

## Work item raporteurs

Antti Toskala, Nokia Networks

## Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG4

## 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

#### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

## 14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block: Base Station Classification

(one Work Item identified as a building block)

## Annex A: Work Items with anomalous conclusion

# A.1 UE positioning in UTRA TDD

Originally RP-000053

This WI and WI 6. were replaced by WIs 'Tub/Iur interfaces for UE positioning methods supported on the radio interface release 99" and " UE positioning enhancements" in TSG-RAN #9.

# A.2 UE positioning in UTRA FDD

Originally RP-000135

This WI and WI 5. were replaced by WIs "Iub/Iur interfaces for UE positioning methods supported on the radio interface release 99" and " UE positioning enhancements" in TSG-RAN #9.

# A.3 Hybrid ARQ II/III

Originally RP-000054

This Work Item was deleted from the approved Work Items at TSG-RAN #14

# A.4 Radio Interface Testing

This Work Item was deleted from the approved Work Items at TSG-RAN #9

# A.5 Requirement on Equipment

This Work Item was deleted from the approved Work Items at TSG-RAN #10

## A.6 Smart antenna

Originally RP-000314

This Work Item was deleted from the approved Work Items at TSG-RAN #10

# A.7 RAN Technical Small Enhancements and Improvements

Originally in RP-000468 as R4-000729

This WI was replaced by a general WI for all TSGs established during TSG-SA #10 in Bangkok. No WI sheet was needed.

## A.8 Gated DPCCH Transmission

Last distributed as: RP-010266

This Work Item was deleted from the approved Work Items at TSG-RAN #12

# A.9 Improved usage of downlink resource in FDD for CCTrCHs of dedicated type

This Work Item was closed at TSG RAN #17 (September 2002) due to the lack of progress. It was intended for Release 6.
Originally RP-000169

## **Work Item Description**

Title: Improved usage of downlink resource in FDD for CCTrCHs of dedicated type

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

In the RAN 1 specifications, one CCtrCH of dedicated type may be mapped onto several physical channels (channel isation codes). However these codes must have the same spreading factor in order to have an equal physical channel segmentation. In order to have some flexibility in the resource allocation in downlink, the possibility to have multiple CCtrCHs of dedicated type was introduced in the RAN 1 specifications for R99. This allows to have codes with different spreading factors and distribute transport channels onto separate CCtrCHs taking into account possibly very different QoS requirements, which results in some cases in a smaller amount of allocated resource. RAN 2 and RAN 3 specifications do not support multiple CCTrCHs of dedicated types in R99, limiting hence the flexibility on resource allocation.

#### 4 Objective

Introduction of the possibility to map transport channels belonging to a radio link onto multiple codes with different spreading factors as a way to minimise the overall amount of allocated resource, while fulfilling possibly very different QoS requirements for each of the transport channels,

5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

## **8** Security Aspects

None

## 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	
Don't know					

#### Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				N	lew spec	ifications		
Spec No.	Tit	le		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary	Approved at plenary	
				Affecte	d existin	g specification	ıs	
Spec No	o.   CR   Subject   Approved at plenary   Comme		Comments					
25.331						RAN #18		
25.423						RAN #18		
25.433						RAN #18		
25.212						RAN #18		?
25.214				RAN #18				
25.926				RAN #18				

#### Work item raporteurs

Claudiu Mihailescu (Nortel Networks)

## 12 Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG2

#### 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

## 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

## 14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

## 14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

radio interface improvement feature

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

(one Work Item identified as a building block)

# A.10 Terminal power saving features

This Generic Feature was closed at TSG RAN #19 (March 2003) due to the lack of progress.

Last distributed as: RP-010485 (originally RP-000189)

## **Work Item Description**

Title: Terminal power saving

#### 1. 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

The UE battery is an essential resource which has direct impact on standby and connected time and can be enhanced by new features defined for UTRA.

## 4 Objective

The objective of this Work Item is to define new features which can contribute to gains in terms of battery saving. This encompasses both enhancements on the radio interface or network interfaces which would allow a network to optimise battery utilisation.

**5** Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

None

## 9 Impacts

Affects:	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		?	?		
No					?
Don't know	?			?	

New specifications							
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
			Affecte	ed existing	specifications		
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at p	plenary#	Comments

11 Work item rapporteurs

Denis Fauconnier, Nortel Networks

**12** Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG2

**Supporting Companies** TSG-RAN **13** 

#### Classification of the WI (if known) 14

	Feature (go to 14a)	
X	Building Block (go to 14b)	
	Work Task (go to 14c)	

The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature is "Radio Interface improvement" 14b

Title: 3GPP TSG RAN Study Item Description Sheets after meeting #19

**Concluded Studies** 

Source: 3GPP support team

(14/04/2003)



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*	
	High speed downlink packet access

# 1 Introduction

This document contains Study Item sheets in TSG-RAN for all approved Study Items that have been finished. The WI sheets of the approved and finished WIs are provided in a separate document, RAN\_Work\_Items\_History. The SI sheets for active SIs can be found in RAN\_Study\_Items.

The FS "The Fast Cell Selection for HS-DSCH" is closed upon request of the rapporteur, the WIDS is included in this document for the first time.

.

# 2 High speed downlink packet access

Last distributed as: RAN\_Study\_Items\_after\_RAN\_9 (originally RP-000032)

## **Study Item Description**

Title: High Speed Downlink Packet Access

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

This work item proposes to study enhancements that can be applied to UTRA in order to provide very high speed downlink packet access. It's aim is to identify a long term evolution path for the UTRA air interface.

## 4 Objective

It is proposed that the study should include, but not be restricted to, the following topics:

- ?? Adaptive modulation and coding schemes
- ?? Hybrid ARQ protocols
- ?? Position of the scheduling function within UTRAN
- ?? Other advanced techniques

[note: Technical details of one proposal can be found in TDoc 126]

## 5 Service Aspects

Probably none-better support of existing packet data services

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

#### 7 Charging Aspects

None– uses existing packet data charging schemes

#### **8** Security Aspects

## 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	
Don't know					

## Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spe	cifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG		Presented for information at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
TR	Speed	tion of High Downlink Data Service	R2	R1, R3, R4	RAN #10	RAN #11	New technical report
	ı		Affe	cted existi	ng specification	ons	
Spec No.	CR	Subject		Approved at plenary#			Comments
			•	•			

The technical report should present the results of the study and make a recommendation for which techniques should be incorporated into future releases of the standard. The report should also detail the work items descriptions necessary to continue this work.

Work item raporteurs

Amitava Ghosh, Motorola

Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG2

**Supporting Companies** 

TSG-RAN

#### 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

Feature (go to 14a)
Building Block (go to 14b)
Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

(one Work Item identified as a feature)

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

(one Work Item identified as a building block)

# 3 Uplink Synchronous Transmission Scheme

Last distributed as: RP-010914 (originally RP-000291)

## **Study Item Description**

Title: Uplink Synchronous Transmission Scheme (USTS)

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

none

#### 3 Justification

USTS is expected to provide good capacity in the uplink with low overhead and minimal impact on hardware and software resources at UE and in the UTRAN.

## 4 Objective

The purpose of this work item is to increase the uplink capacity by means of making a cell receive orthogonalized signals from UEs.

#### 5 Service Aspects

None

## 6 MMI-Aspects

None

#### 7 Charging Aspects

None

#### 8 Security Aspects

None

#### 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	X

Don't			
know			

	New specifications									
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for s) information at plenary#		Approved at plenary#	Comments		
25.854	USTS		WG1		R/	N #12	RAN #14			
25.839	USTS		WG3		R/	N #12	RAN #14			
	•		Affe	cted existi	ng	specificatio	ns			
Spec No. <b>25.211</b>	CR	Subject Physical chan transport char				Approved at p	-	Comments		
25.213		channels (FDI Spreading a	<b>)</b>			RAN	#14			
25.214		(FDD) FDD : Physical layer			RAN	#14				
25.331		Procedures Radio Resource Control				RAN	#14			
25.413		(RRC) Protocol Specification UTRAN lu Interface RANAP Signalling			RAN	#14				
25.423		UTRAN lur Interface RNSAP Signalling			RAN	#14				
25.433		UTRAN lub Signalling	Interfa	ace NBA	Р	RAN	#14			

## Work item raporteurs

Duk Kyung Kim (kdk@sktelecom.com)

## Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG1

## **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

## 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

This is a building block part of the radio interface improvement feature.

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

(one Work Item identified as a building block)

# 4 Feasibility Study of UE antenna efficiency test methods performance requirements

Last distributed as: RAN\_Study\_Items\_after\_RAN\_9 (originally in RP-000468 as R4-000732)

## **Study Item Description**

Title: Feasibility study of UE antenna efficiency test methods performance requirements

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

Χ	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

This is parented to the RAN improvement feature.

#### 3 Justification

Antenna performance of the UE is very critical to the operation of the network. RAN WG4 had agreed that this should be performed in future releases of its specifications.

## 4 Objective

To perform a feasibility study on antenna test methods to be used for evaluating the efficiency of UE antenna. The feasibility study will also consider different requirements on different UE types.

- 5 Proposed building blocks and work tasks:
- 6 Service Aspects

None

7 MMI-Aspects

None

8 Charging Aspects

None

9 Security Aspects

None

## 10 Impacts

Affects	SIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
:					

Yes		Χ			
No	Χ		Χ	X	
Don't know					

						•	1 7/
			l	New specif	fications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for information at RAN#	Approved at RAN	Comments
	TR on UE methods	antenna test				RAN #12	
			Affecte	d existing	specifications	<u> </u> 	
Spec No	. CR	Subject			Approved	at RAN#12	Comments

Work item rapporteur

Olle Edvardsson, Allgon

Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG4

14 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

15 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 15a)
	Building Block (go to 15b)
Χ	Work Task (go to 15c)

15c The WI is a Work Task: parent Feature: Radio interface improvement feature

# 5 Improvement of Radio Resource Management across RNS and RNS/BSS

Last distributed as: RP-010480

#### **Study Item Description**

Title: Study Item Description for an Improvement of RRM across RNS and RNS/BSS

#### 13GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None identified.

#### 3 Justification

At the 3GPP UTRAN Evolution workshop, held in Helsinki, it was agreed to go forward with studies in the area of <u>Multiradio support</u>. To allow an easier load sharing and better quality of service management across RNS and RNS/BSS, a proper method should be studied.

#### 4 Objective

The objective of this study item is to work out the functional grouping and the interface aspects in order to provide efficient resource management across RNS and RNS/BSS. The method which allows efficient resource management across RNS and RNS/BSS shall not affect UE/MS.

If there is a need to define new interface, then the possible interface shall be open.

The objective is also to look into the aspects between GERAN and UTRAN for this feature.

5 Serv	vice A	spects
--------	--------	--------

None identified.

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None identified.

#### 7 Charging Aspects

None identified.

#### **8 Security Aspects**

None identified.

## 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		
No	X	X		X	
Don't know					

## 10 Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

This is a Release 5 Study Item

	New specifications						
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG		Presented for information at plenary#		Comments
25.881	Improv RRM a	Item iption for vement of across RNS NS/BSS	RAN3	RAN2	RAN #13	RAN #14	
	Affected existing specifications						
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at p		Comments

## 11 Study item raporteurs

Antti Toskala, Nokia, Helsinki, Finland

## 12 Study item leadership

RAN 3

## 13 Supporting Companies

Nokia, Orange PCS Ltd, Siemens, Vodafone Group,

## 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14b The WI is a Building Block: Parent Feature: RAN Improvement

# 6 Mitigating the Effect of CPICH Interference at the UE

Last distributed as: RAN\_Study\_Items\_after\_RAN\_14 (originally in RP-010431)

## **Study Item Description**

Title: Mitigating the Effect of CPICH Interference at the UE

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

Because the CPICH is typically allocated a significant portion of the total Node-B transmit power, the interference impact of the CPICH is particularly strong. On the other hand, the information content and structure of the CPICH channels are completely known a priori at the receiver, which can considerably simplify efforts to mitigate the CPICH interference effect. Mitigating the effect of CPICH interference at the UE may significantly improve UE performance requirements and increase radio network capacity.

#### 4 Objective

The objectives of this study are the verification of the benefits of this feature through additional simulation studies, and further evaluation of complexity issues. Depending on the results of this study, recommendations will be made as to whether to establish a 3GPP Work Item in order to incorporate this feature into the 3GPP standard. This would ultimately involve the establishment of appropriate test scenarios and procedures, as well as the derivation of improved UE performance requirements through physical layer simulations.

5 Service Aspects

None

6 MMI-Aspects

None

7 Charging Aspects

None

8 Security Aspects

## 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X			
No	X		X	X	
Don't know					

## Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

Spec No.   Title   Prime rsp. WG   Prime rsp. WG(s)   Presented for endorsement at plenary#   Presented for endorsement at ple				New spe	cifications		
Affected existing specifications  Spec No.   CR   Subject   Approved at plenary#   Comments  25.101   UE Radio transmission and reception (FDD)   RAN #15  34.121   Terminal Conformance   T #15  Specification, Radio	Spec No.	Title		rsp. WG(s)	endorsement at		Comments
Spec No.   CR   Subject   Approved at plenary#   Comments   25.101   UE Radio transmission and reception (FDD)   RAN #15   34.121   Terminal Conformance   T #15   Specification, Radio   T #15	25.991		R4		RAN#14	RAN#15	
UE Radio transmission and reception (FDD)  RAN #15  Terminal Conformance T #15  Specification, Radio		1	Affec	ted existir	ng specificatio	ns	
(FDD)  34.121 Terminal Conformance T #15 Specification, Radio	Spec No.	CR		Subject			Comments
Specification, Radio	25.101			RAN #15			
	34.121		Specification, Radio		T #15		

## Work item raporteurs

Shimon Moshavi, Intel (Shimon.Moshavi@intel.com)

## Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG4

## 13 Supporting Companies

Cingular, T-Mobil, Telecom Italia, AWS, Omnitel/Vodafone, Lucent, Intel

## 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

- 14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature
  (list of Work Items identified as building blocks)
  14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature
  Improvements of Radio Interface
- 14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block (one Work Item identified as a building block)

## 7 Re-introduction of the downlink SIR measurement

Last distributed as: RAN\_Study\_Items\_after\_RAN\_13 (originally in RP-010434)

## **Study Item Description**

Title: Introduction of SIR measurement

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

none

#### 3 Justification

The SIR measurement is recognised to be a valuable tool to an operator, since it provides the ability to obtain an indication of intercell interference and hence coverage from subscriber UEs while in call within a network. This is a useful measure when trying to optimise the capacity and coverage of the cells.

## 4 Objective

The purpose of the study is to:

- ?? elaborate the purposes of the SIR measurement,
- ?? set performance requirements to meet those purposes,
- ?? identify possible techniques to meet those requirements, including techniques that might already be used for other purposes,
- ?? identify reporting procedures and signalling, and
- ?? alignment with the O&M procedures.

#### 5 Service Aspects

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

#### 7 Charging Aspects

None

#### 8 Security Aspects

None

## 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	
Don't know					

## Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

				New spe	cifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG		Presented for information at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
						RAN#14	
			Affe	cted existi	ng specificati	ons	
Spec No. 25.133 25.123 25.215 25.225 25.331 25.302		Subject			Approved a	t plenary#	Comments

## Work item raporteurs

Torgny Palenius, Ericsson

## Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG4

#### **Supporting Companies**

Telecom Italia, Blu, Ericsson, Mobilkom Austria, One2One, Telefonica

## 14 Classification of the WI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
X	Building Block (go to 14b)
	Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The WI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

14b The WI is a Building Block: parent Feature

RAN improvements

14c The WI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

(one Work Item identified as a building block)

## 8 SRNS Relocation Procedure Enhancement

#### Originally in RP-010490

## **Study Item Description**

**Title: SRNS Relocation Procedure Enhancement** 

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

SRNS relocation is used to move the control of a UE connection from a source (old serving) RNC to a target (new serving) RNC. This means that both control and user plane are moved to the target (new serving) RNC.

The current SRNS relocation procedure requires that the Drift RNC maintains all the radio links prior to it becoming the target RNC. In addition it does not support the relocation of a UE to a Drift RNC when another Drift RNC is involved or when previous SRNC is involved. The Iu-r, while the relocation is taking place, is not allowed to establish connections from the new SRNC to the previously existing DRNCs or to the previous SRNC.

Both of these relocation scenarios are included in TR 25.832 Manifestations for Handover and SRNS Relocation (section 5.2.2), but are marked as unsupported by R99 procedures.

#### 4 Objective

The purpose of this Study Item is to identify which enhancements could be made to the SRNS relocation procedure to remove some of the limitations applicable in release 99 and R4.

#### 5 Service Aspects

None/Text

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None/Text

#### 7 Charging Aspects

None/Text

#### **8** Security Aspects

None/Text

## 9 Impacts

The Core Network part of Iu signalling (RANAP) is not affected by the changes implied in this Working Item.

Affects:	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		
No	X	X			X
Don't				X	
know					

	New specifications							
Spec No.	Title	)	Prime rsp. WG	rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments	
TR			R3			RAN#17		
ON-	Affected existing specifications							
Spec No.	CR	Subject			Approved at	pienary#	Comments	
1								

## 11 Work item raporteurs

Olivier Guyot, Nokia.

#### Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

## **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

## 14 Classification of the SI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

- 14a The SI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature
- 14b The SI is a Building Block: parent Feature
- 14c The SI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

UTRAN Improvement Feature

# 9 Introduction of direct transport bearers between SRNC and Node-B

Last distributed as: RAN\_Study\_Items\_after\_RAN\_15 (originally in RP-010492)

#### **Study Item Description**

Title: Introduction of direct transport bearers between SRNC and Node-B; removing the artificial limitation present in the Rel99/Rel4 specifications.

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

SRNS relocation enhancement

#### 3 Justification

Increased efficiency of the UTRAN and the quality of service to the end user.

## 4 Objective

In Rel99/Rel4, all Iub/Iur transport bearers used for the transport of Dedicated Transport Channels need to be terminated at the DRNC. However when accepting certain limitations, there is no reason why these transport bearers should not go directly from SRNC to Node-B.

Going directly from SRNC to Node-B has some obvious benefits like decreasing the processing required by the DRNC and decreasing the delay of UTRAN internal transport.

This objective with this study is to identify consequences resulting from removal of the artificial limitation which currently requires transport bearers to be terminated at the DRNC.

None

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

#### 7 Charging Aspects

None

## **8** Security Aspects

## 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes			X		
No	X	X		X	X
Don't know					

## Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)

	New specifications									
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG		Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments			
			WG3			RAN #16				
			Affe	cted exist	ing specificatio	ns				
Spec No.	CR	Subject	Approved at plenary# Comments							
			•			·				

## Work item raporteurs

Risto Sepponen (Ericsson)

## Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG3

## 13 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

## 14 Classification of the SI (if known)

	Feature (go to 14a)
	Building Block (go to 14b)
X	Work Task (go to 14c)

14c The SI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

RRM optimizations for Iur and Iub

# 10 Feasibility study of UE antenna efficiency test methods performance requirements (2)

## **Study Item Description**

Title: Feasibility study of UE antenna efficiency test methods performance requirements (2)

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

Χ	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

This is parented to the RAN improvement feature.

#### 3 Justification

Antenna performance of the UE is very critical to the operation of the network. RAN WG4 had agreed that this should be performed in future releases of its specifications.

## 4 Objective

To perform a feasibility study on antenna test methods to be used for evaluating the efficiency of UE antenna. The feasibility study will also consider different requirements on different UE types.

- 5 Proposed building blocks and work tasks:
- 6 Service Aspects

None

7 MMI-Aspects

None

8 Charging Aspects

None

9 Security Aspects

None

#### 10 Impacts

Affects	SIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
:					

Yes		Χ			
No	Χ		Χ	X	
Don't know					

			1	New specif	ications	_	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for information at RAN#	Approved at RAN	Comments
	TR on UE methods	antenna test				RAN #18	
			Affecte	d existing	specifications	3	
Spec No	. CR	Subject		Approved at RAN			Comments
						_	

Work item rapporteur

Alf Ahlström, Allgon

Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG4

14 Supporting Companies

TSG-RAN

15 Classification of the SI (if known)

	Feature (go to 15a)
	Building Block (go to 15b)
Χ	Work Task (go to 15c)

15c The SI is a Work Task: parent Feature: Radio interface improvement feature

# 11 Fast Cell Selection (FCS) for HS-DSCH

Originally in RP-010227

Closed at TSG RAN #19 due to the lack of progress and upon rapporteur's request. Last Status Report in RP-030154.

## **Study Item Description**

Title: Fast Cell Selection (FCS) for HS-DSCH

#### 1 3GPP Work Area

X	Radio Access
	Core Network
	Services

#### 2 Linked work items

None

#### 3 Justification

In RAN#7 a study item on High Speed Downlink Packet Access was approved for consideration. FCS was one of the features for HS-DSCH. However, RAN1 recommended that both intra and inter Node-B FCS should be studied further during Release#5 HSDPA work so that it can be a part of Release-6 specification.

#### 4 Objective

Initial simulation studies on HSDPA indicate that FCS provides some benefit in average throughput in certain cases. However, the results were not conclusive. As such, a FCS study item is proposed for Rel-5 so that its benefits w.r.t HSDPA can be fully evaluated. The following analysis should be part of the study item on FCS:

- 1. Investigate the benefits of FCS with full motion simulator instead of the quasi-motion simulator (users experience Rayleigh faded but do not move) as used in the previous study.
- 2. Model integrated voice and data, different traffic models (web browsing, WAP, video streaming etc.) and TCP/IP in the system simulator.
- 3. Model the handoff process in the system simulator.

#### 5 Service Aspects

*Probably none– better support of existing packet data services* 

#### 6 MMI-Aspects

None

## 7 Charging Aspects

None- uses existing packet data charging schemes

## **8** Security Aspects

None

## 9 Impacts

Affects :	USIM	ME	AN	CN	Others
Yes		X	X		
No	X			X	
Don't know					

## **Expected Output and Time scale (to be updated at each plenary)**

				New spe	ecifications		
Spec No.	Title		Prime rsp. WG	2ndary rsp. WG(s)	Presented for endorsement at plenary#	Approved at plenary#	Comments
TR		ation of FCS -DSCH	R1	R2, R3, R4	RAN #19	RAN #20	New technical report
			Affe	cted existi	ng specificatio	ns	
Spec No.	CR	Subject		Approved at plenary#			Comments

The technical report should present the results of the study and make a recommendation for which techniques should be incorporated into future releases of the standard. The report should also detail the work items descriptions necessary to continue this work.

## Work item raporteurs

Rizwan Hassan, Lucent

#### Work item leadership

TSG-RAN WG1

## **Supporting Companies**

TSG-RAN

## 14 Classification of the SI (if known)

Feature (go to 14a)
Building Block (go to 14b)

## Work Task (go to 14c)

14a The SI is a Feature: List of building blocks under this feature

(list of Work Items identified as building blocks)

14b The SI is a Building Block: parent Feature

(one Work Item identified as a feature)

14c The SI is a Work Task: parent Building Block

(one Work Item identified as a building block)