# TSG RAN Meeting #15

Cheju, Korea, 5 - 8 March 2002

Title:	CRs (Rel-4) to TS 25.105
Source:	TSG RAN WG4
Agenda Item:	7.4.4

RAN4	Spec	CR	Rev	Phase	Title	Cat	Curr	New
Tdoc							Ver	Ver
R4-020393	25.105	97	1	Rel-4	Amendment for BS ACLR2 of 1.28 Mcps TDD option	F	4.3.0	4.4.0
R4-020394	25.105	98	1	Rel-4	Amendment for BS Spectrum Emission Mask of 1.28Mcps TDD option	F	4.3.0	4.4.0
R4-020411	25.105	101	1	Rel-4	Consideration of multi-carrier operation in ACLR requirements for 1.28 Mcps TDD option	F	4.3.0	4.4.0
R4-020251	25.105	104		Rel-4	Single and multi carrier in spurious emissions requirements for 1.28 Mcps TDD option	F	4.3.0	4.4.0
R4-020349	25.105	106		Rel-4	Addition of channelization code, scrambling code and midamble code parameter for BS performance requirements (1.28Mcps TDD)	F	4.3.0	4.4.0

**RP-020027** 

3GPP TSG RAN WG4 Meeting #21

R4-020411

Sophia Antipolis, France 28th January - 1st February 2002

	CHANGE REQUEST							
¥	25.105 CR 101 <sup># ev</sup> 1 <sup>#</sup> Curren	at version: <b>4.3.0</b> <sup>#</sup>						
For <u>HELP</u> of	n using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-u	p text over the X symbols.						
Proposed chang	<b>le affects:</b>	etwork X Core Network						
Title:	<ul> <li>Consideration of multi-carrier operation in ACLR requirer option</li> </ul>	nents for 1.28 Mcps TDD						
Source:	策 RAN WG4							
Work item code.	الله LCRTDD-RF Da	nte: ೫ <mark>1/2/2002</mark>						
Category:	F (correction)2A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)RSB (addition of feature),RSC (functional modification of feature)RSD (editorial modification)RSDetailed explanations of the above categories canRS	one of the following releases: (GSM Phase 2)						

Reason for change: ३	The interpretation of the current ACLR requirement in case of a multi-carrier Node-B is ambiguous.
Summary of change: <sup>\$</sup>	BS adjacent channel offsets clarified to cover single and multi-carrier Node-B.
Consequences if ३ not approved:	The ACLR requirement can be misinterpreted.
	Isolated Impact Analysis: Correction of a requirement where the specification was ambiguous or not sufficiently explicit. Would not affect implementations behaving like indicated in the CR, would affect implementations that do not behave like indicated in the CR.
Clauses affected: ३	6.6.2.2.1.2

Other specs affected:	ж Х	Other core specifications Test specifications O&M Specifications	ж	25.142
Other comments:	ж			

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- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be

downloaded from the 3GPP server under <u>ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/specs/</u> For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2001-03 contains the specifications resulting from the March 2001 TSG meetings.

3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

### 6.6.2.2 Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR)

Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) is the ratio of the average power centered on the assigned channel frequency to the average power centered on an adjacent channel frequency. In both cases the power is measured with filter that has a Root Raised Cosine (RRC) filter response with roll-off  $\alpha$ =0.22 and a bandwidth equal to the chip rate. The requirements shall apply for all configurations of BS (single carrier or multi-carrier), and for all operating modes foreseen by the manufacturer's specification.

The requirement depends on the deployment scenario. Three different deployment scenarios have been defined as given below.

#### 6.6.2.2.1 Minimum Requirement

#### 6.6.2.2.1.1 3,84 Mcps TDD Option

The ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.7.

#### Table 6.7: BS ACLR

BS adjacent channel offset	ACLR limit
± 5 MHz	45 dB
± 10 MHz	55 dB

#### 6.6.2.2.1.2 1,28 Mcps TDD Option

For the 1.28Mcps chip rate option, the ACLR <u>of a single carrier BS or a multi-carrier BS with contiguous carrier frequencies</u> shall be better than the value specified in Table 6.7A

#### Table 6.7A: BS ACLR (1.28Mcps chip rate)

ACLR limit
40 dB
50 dB

NOTE: This requirement is valid for co-existence with frame and switching point synchronised systems, or for non-synchronised systems if the path loss between the BSs is greater than 107dB.

If a BS provides multiple non-contiguous single carriers or multiple non-contiguous groups of contiguous single carriers, the above requirements shall be applied individually to the single carriers or group of single carriers.

3GPP TSG RAN WG4 Meeting #21

R4-020394

Sophia Antipolis, France 28th January - 1st February 2002

Г	CR-Form-v4					
CHANGE REQUEST						
¥	<b>25.105</b> CR <b>98 # rev 1 #</b> Current version: <b>4.3.0 #</b>					
For <b>HELP</b> on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the <b>#</b> symbols.						
Proposed change affects: # (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Access Network X Core Network						
Title: ೫	Amendment for BS Spectrum Emission Mask of 1.28Mcps TDD option					
Source: ೫	RAN WG4					
Work item code: ℜ	LCRTDD-RF Date: # 1/2/2002					
Category: अ	FRelease: %Rel-4Use one of the following categories:Use one of the following releases:F (correction)2A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)R96B (addition of feature),R97C (functional modification of feature)R98D (editorial modification)R99D (editorial modifications of the above categories canREL-4be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.REL-5					
Reason for change	e: # Align the spectrum emission mask with the ACLR2 change.					
Summary of chang	ge: # Spectrum emission mask for 1.28Mcps TDD is changed.					
Consequences if not approved:	<ul> <li>Not align the spectrum emission mask with the ACLR2 change.</li> <li><u>Isolated Impact Analysis:</u> Correction of a requirement where the specification was ambiguous or not sufficiently explicit. Would not affect implementations behaving like indicated in the CR, would affect implementations that do not behave like indicated in the CR.</li> </ul>					
Clauses affected:	₩ <mark>6.6.2</mark>					
Other specs affected:	%       Other core specifications       %         X       Test specifications       TS25.142         O&M Specifications       V					
Other comments:	ж					

#### How to create CRs using this form:

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- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under <u>ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/specs/</u> For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2001-03 contains the specifications resulting from the March 2001 TSG meetings.

3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

## 6.6.2 Out of band emission

Out of band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the channel bandwidth resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. This out of band emission requirement is specified both in terms of a spectrum emission mask and adjacent channel power ratio for the transmitter.

#### 6.6.2.1 Spectrum emission mask

#### 6.6.2.1.1 3,84 Mcps TDD Option

The mask defined in Table 6.3 to 6.6 below may be mandatory in certain regions. In other regions this mask may not be applied.

For regions where this clause applies, the requirement shall be met by a base station transmitting on a single RF carrier configured in accordance with the manufacturer's specification. Emissions shall not exceed the maximum level specified in tables 6.3 to 6.6 for the appropriate BS maximum output power, in the frequency range from  $\Delta f = 2.5$  MHz to  $\Delta f_{max}$  from the carrier frequency, where:

- $\Delta f$  is the separation between the carrier frequency and the nominal -3dB point of the measuring filter closest to the carrier frequency.
- f\_offset is the separation between the carrier frequency and the center frequency of the measuring filter. f\_offset<sub>max</sub> is either 12.5 MHz or the offset to the UMTS Tx band edge as defined in section 5.2, whichever is the greater.
- $\Delta f_{max}$  is equal to f\_offset<sub>max</sub> minus half of the bandwidth of the mesurement filter.

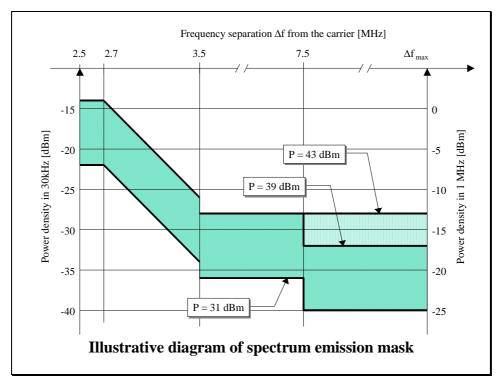


Figure 6.2

Frequency offset of measurement filter – 3dB point, Δf	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Maximum level	Measurement bandwidth
2.5 ≤ ∆f < 2.7 MHz	2.515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2.715MHz	-14 dBm	30 kHz
2.7 ≤ ∆f < 3.5 MHz	2.715MHz ≤ f_offset < 3.515MHz	- 14 - 15 (f_offset - 2.715)	30 kHz
		dBm	
(see note)	$3.515MHz \leq f_offset < 4.0MHz$	-26 dBm	30 kHz
$3.5 \le \Delta f MHz$	$4.0MHz \leq f_offset < f_offset_max$	-13 dBm	1 MHz

#### Table 6.3: Spectrum emission mask values, BS maximum output power $P \ge 43$ dBm

#### Table 6.4: Spectrum emission mask values, BS maximum output power $39 \le P < 43$ dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter – 3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Maximum level	Measurement bandwidth
2.5 ≤ ∆f < 2.7 MHz	2.515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2.715MHz	-14 dBm	30 kHz
$2.7 \le \Delta f < 3.5 \text{ MHz}$	$2.715MHz \le f_{offset} < 3.515MHz$	-14 - 15⋅(f_offset - 2.715) dBm	30 kHz
(see note)	$3.515MHz \le f_offset < 4.0MHz$	-26 dBm	30 kHz
3.5 ≤ ∆f < 7.5 MHz	$4.0MHz \leq f_offset < 8.0MHz$	-13 dBm	1 MHz
$7.5 \le \Delta f MHz$	$8.0MHz \le f_offset < f_offset_max$	P - 56 dBm	1 MHz

#### Table 6.5: Spectrum emission mask values, BS maximum output power $31 \le P < 39$ dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter – 3dB point,∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Maximum level	Measurement bandwidth
2.5 ≤ ∆f < 2.7 MHz	2.515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2.715MHz	P - 53 dBm	30 kHz
$2.7 \le \Delta f < 3.5 \text{ MHz}$	$2.715MHz \le f_{offset} < 3.515MHz$	P - 53 - 15 (f_offset - 2.715) dBm	30 kHz
(see note)	$3.515MHz \leq f_offset < 4.0MHz$	P - 65 dBm	30 kHz
$3.5 \le \Delta f < 7.5 \text{ MHz}$	$4.0MHz \leq f_offset < 8.0MHz$	P - 52 dBm	1 MHz
7.5 ≤ ∆f MHz	$8.0MHz \le f_offset < f_offset_max$	P - 56 dBm	1 MHz

#### Table 6.6: Spectrum emission mask values, BS maximum output power P < 31 dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter – 3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Maximum level	Measurement bandwidth
2.5 ≤ ∆f < 2.7 MHz	2.515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2.715MHz	-22 dBm	30 kHz
$2.7 \le \Delta f < 3.5 \text{ MHz}$	$2.715MHz \le f_offset < 3.515MHz$	-22 - 15 (f_offset - 2.715) dBm	30 kHz
(see note)	3.515MHz ≤ f_offset < 4.0MHz	-34 dBm	30 kHz
3.5 ≤ ∆f < 7.5 MHz	4.0MHz ≤ f_offset < 8.0MHz	-21 dBm	1 MHz
$7.5 \le \Delta f MHz$	$8.0MHz \le f_offset < f_offset_max$	-25 dBm	1 MHz

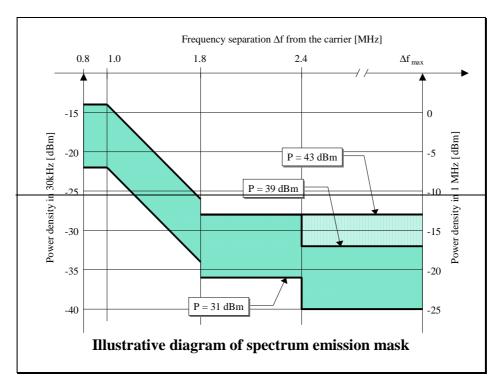
NOTE: This frequency range ensures that the range of values of f\_offset is continuous.

#### 6.6.2.1.2 1,28 Mcps TDD Option

The mask defined in Table 6.3A to 6.6A may be mandatory in certain regions. In other regions this mask may not be applied.

For regions where this clause applies, the requirement shall be met by a base station transmitting on a single RF carrier configured in accordance with the manufacturer's specification. Emissions shall not exceed the maximum level specified in table 6.3A to 6.6A for the appropriate BS maximum output power, in the frequency range from  $\Delta f = 0.8$  MHz to  $\Delta f_{max}$  from the carrier frequency, where:

- $\Delta f$  is the separation between the carrier frequency and the nominal -3dB point of the measuring filter closest to the carrier frequency.
- f\_offset is the separation between the carrier frequency and the center frequency of the measuring filter. f\_offset<sub>max</sub> is either 4 MHz or the offset to the UMTS Tx band edge as defined in section 5.2, whichever is the greater.
- $\Delta f_{max}$  is equal to f\_offset<sub>max</sub> minus half of the bandwidth of the mesurement filter.



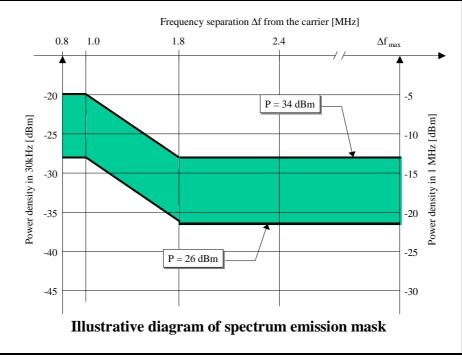


Figure 6.2A

#### Table 6.3A: Spectrum emission mask values, BS maximum output power $P \ge 43-34$ dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter – 3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Maximum level	Measurement bandwidth
0.8 <u>MHz</u> ≤ ∆f < 1.0 MHz	0.815MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.015MHz	-14 <u>-20</u> dBm	30 kHz
1.0 <u>MHz</u> ≤ ∆f < 1.8 MHz	1.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.815MHz	$\frac{-14 - 15 \cdot (f_offset - 1.015)  dBm}{-20  dBm - 10 \cdot \left(\frac{f_offset}{MHz} - 1,015\right) dB}$	30 kHz
See note	1.815MHz ≤ f_offset < 2.3MHz	-28 dBm	30 kHz
$1.8 \underline{MHz} \le \Delta f$ MHz $\le \Delta f_{max}$	2.3MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset <sub>max</sub>	-13 dBm	1 MHz

#### Table 6.4A: Spectrum emission mask values, BS maximum output power $39 \cdot 26 \le P < 43 \cdot 34 \text{ dBm}$

Frequency offset of measurement filter – 3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Maximum level	Measurement bandwidth
0.8 <u>MHz</u> ≤ ∆f < 1.0 MHz	0.815MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.015MHz	-14 <u>P-54</u> dB <del>m</del>	30 kHz
1.0 <u>MHz</u> ≤ ∆f < 1.8 MHz	1.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.815MHz	$\frac{-14 - 15 \cdot (f_{offset} - 1.015) dBm}{P - 54 dB - 10 \cdot \left(\frac{f_{offset}}{MHz} - 1.015\right) dB}$	30 kHz
<u>1.8 ≤ ∆f &lt; 2.4 MHz</u>	<u>1.815MHz_≤ f_offset</u> <del>&lt; 2.415MHz</del>	<del>-28 dBm</del>	<del>30 kHz</del>
See note	<u>2.4151.815</u> MHz ≤ f_offset < <del>2.9</del> 2.3MHz	P- <del>71-<u>62</u> dB<del>m</del></del>	30 kHz
<del>2.4<u>1.8</u> MHz</del> ≤ Δf MHz <u>≤Δf<sub>max</sub></u>	$\frac{2.92.3}{\text{MHz}} \leq f_{\text{offset}}$	<del>P56<u>P-47</u> dB<del>m</del></del>	1 MHz

#### Table 6.5A: Spectrum emission mask values, BS maximum output power 31 ≤ P < 39 dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter – 3dB point,∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Maximum level	Measurement bandwidth
<u>0.8 ≤ ∆f &lt; 1.0 MHz</u>	0.815MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.015MHz	<del>P - 53 dBm</del>	<del>30 kHz</del>
<u>1.0 ≤ ∆f &lt; 1.8 MHz</u>	1.015MHz	<del>P - 53 - 15 (f_offset –</del> <del>1.015) dBm</del>	<del>30 kHz</del>
<u>1.8 ≤ ∆f &lt; 2.4 MHz</u>	<u>1.815MHz ≤ f_offset &lt; 2.415MHz</u>	<del>P - 67 dBm</del>	<del>30 kHz</del>
See note	2.415MHz ≤ f_offset < 2.9MHz	<del>P - 71 dBm</del>	<del>30 kHz</del>
<u>2.4 ≤ ∆f MHz</u>	2.9MHz ≤ f_offset < f_offset <sub>max</sub>	<del>P - 56 dBm</del>	1 MHz

#### Table 6.6A5A: Spectrum emission mask values, BS maximum output power P < 31-26 dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter – 3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Maximum level	Measurement bandwidth
0.8 <u>MHz</u> ≤ ∆f < 1.0 MHz	0.815MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.015MHz	- <del>22-<u>28</u> d</del> Bm	30 kHz
1.0 <u>MHz</u> ≤ ∆f < 1.8 MHz	1.015MHz ≤ f_offset < 1.815MHz	<del>-22 - 15</del> _ <del>(f_offset – 1.015) dBm</del>	30 kHz

		$-28dBm - 10 \cdot \left(\frac{f \_ offset}{MHz} - 1,015\right) dB$	
1.8 <u>≤</u> ∆f < 2.4 MHz	1.815MHz ≤ f_offset < 2.415MHz	<del>-36 dBm</del>	<del>30 kHz</del>
See note	<del>2.4151.815</del> MHz ≤ f_offset < <del>2.9</del> 2.3MHz	-4 <del>0</del> - <u>36</u> dBm	30 kHz
<u>2.41.8 MHz</u> ≤ Δf MHz <u>≤∆f<sub>max</sub></u>	$\frac{2.92.3}{\text{MHz}} \leq f_{\text{offset}}$	- <del>25-</del> 21_dBm	1 MHz

NOTE: This frequency range ensures that the range of values of f\_offset is continuous.

3GPP TSG RAN WG4 Meeting #21

R4-020393

Sophia Antipolis, France 28th January - 1st February 2002

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Proposed change affects: # (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Access Network X Core Network														
Title: ೫	Am	endme	ent for	BS ACLE	R2 of 1.	28 Mcp	s TD	D op	tion					
Source: भ	RA	N WG4	4											
Work item code: <sup>ଝ</sup>	LCI	RTDD-	RF						Dat	<del>е:</del> Ж	1/2	/2002		
Category: ⊮	Deta	F (corr A (corr B (add C (fund D (edit iled exp	rection) respond lition of ctional r torial mo blanation	wing cate Is to a col feature), modification ns of the a TR 21.900	rrection on of fea n) above c	ature)		elease	R92 R98 R98 R51	<u>ne</u> of 6 7 8	the fo (GSN (Rele (Rele (Rele (Rele (Rele	-	e 2) 996) 997) 998) 999)	ases:
Reason for change	<del>:</del> Ж	BS A	CLR2	requirem	nent is s	stringer	<mark>it to 1</mark>	.28N	Icps TDD	)				
Summary of chang	<b>уе:</b> Ж	BS A	CLR2	for 1.28	<mark>Mcps T</mark>	DD opt	<mark>ion is</mark>	cha	nged fror	<mark>n 50</mark>	dB to	45dB		
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Clauses affected:	ж	6.6.2	.2											
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Other comments: #

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3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

## 6.6.2.2 Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR)

Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio (ACLR) is the ratio of the transmitted power to the power measured in an adjacent channel. Both the transmitted and the adjacent channel power are measured through a matched filter (Root Raised Cosine and roll-off 0.22) with a noise power bandwidth equal to the chip rate. The requirements shall apply for all configurations of BS (single carrier or multi-carrier), and for all operating modes foreseen by the manufacturer's specification.

The requirement depends on the deployment scenario. Three different deployment scenarios have been defined as given below.

#### 6.6.2.2.1 Minimum Requirement

#### 6.6.2.2.1.1 3,84 Mcps TDD Option

The ACLR shall be higher than the value specified in Table 6.7.

#### Table 6.7: BS ACLR

BS adjacent channel offset	ACLR limit
± 5 MHz	45 dB
± 10 MHz	55 dB

#### 6.6.2.2.1.2 1,28 Mcps TDD Option

For the 1.28Mcps chip rate option, the ACLR shall be better than the value specified in Table 6.7A

#### Table 6.7A: BS ACLR (1.28Mcps chip rate)

BS adjacent channel offset	ACLR limit
± 1.6 MHz	40 dB
± 3.2 MHz	<u>45</u> 50 dB

NOTE: This requirement is valid for co-existence with frame and switching point synchronised systems, or for non-synchronised systems if the path loss between the BSs is greater than 107dB.

# 3GPP TSG RAN WG4 Meeting #21R4-020349Sophia Antipolis, France 28th January - 1st February 2002

CR-Form-V4							
<b>#</b>	<b>25.105</b> CR <b>106 #</b> ev <b>_ #</b> Current version: <b>4.3.0 #</b>						
For <u>HELP</u> on us	sing this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the $#$ symbols.						
Proposed change a	affects: ೫ (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Access Network X Core Network						
Title: Ж	Addition of channelization code, scrambling code and midamble code parameter for BS performance requirements (1.28Mcps TDD)						
Source: #	RAN WG4						
Work item code: ℜ	LCRTDD-RF Date: # 1/2/2002						
Category: ₩	FRelease: %Rel-4Use one of the following categories:Use one of the following releases:F (correction)2A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)R96B (addition of feature),R97C (functional modification of feature)R98D (editorial modification)R99D (editorial modification)R99D tetailed explanations of the above categories canREL-4be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.REL-5						
Reason for change	<ul> <li>Control The BLER performance depends on channelization code, scrambling code and basic midamble code number used for DPCH and DPCH<sub>0</sub>. However, these parameters are specified only for 3.84 Mcps TDD and not specified for 1.28 Mcps TDD in current specification.</li> </ul>						
Summary of chang	<b>Ie:</b> <sup>#</sup> Channelization code, scrambling code and basic midamble code number used for DPCH and DPCH <sub>0</sub> are added to parameters for performance requirements of 1.28 Mcps TDD. Table 8.2A, Table 8.4A, Table 8.6A and Table 8.8A are changed.						
Consequences if not approved:	<ul> <li>Parameters of BLER performance test for 1.28 Mcps TDD are ambiguous.</li> <li>Isolated Impact Analysis: Correction to a function where the specification was: missing parameter in the specification. Would affect implementations that do not follow it. Would not affect implementations that follow it.</li> </ul>						
Clauses affected:	<b>೫</b> 8.2.1.1.2, 8.3.1.1.2, 8.3.2.1.2, 8.3.3.1.2						
Other specs affected:	Image: Second system       Image: Second system         Image: Second						
Other comments:	¥						

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- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

## 8.2 Demodulation in static propagation conditions

## 8.2.1 Demodulation of DCH

The performance requirement of DCH in static propagation conditions is determined by the maximum Block Error Rate (BLER) allowed when the receiver input signal is at a specified  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  limit. The BLER is calculated for each of the measurement channels supported by the base station.

#### 8.2.1.1 Minimum requirement

#### 8.2.1.1.1 3,84 Mcps TDD Option

For the parameters specified in Table 8.2 the BLER should not exceed the piece-wise linear BLER curve specified in Table 8.3. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Parameters	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4			
Number of DPCH₀		6	4	0	0			
$DPCH_o \_ E_c$	dB	-9	-9.5	0	0			
I <sub>or</sub>								
l <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	dBm/3.84 MHz -89						
Cell Parameter*		0,1						
DPCH Channelization	C(k,Q)	C(1,8)	C(1,4)	C(1,2)	C(1,2)			
Codes*			C(5,16)	C(9,16)				
DPCH <sub>o</sub> Channelization	C(k,Q)	C(i,16)	C(i,16)	-	-			
Codes*		3≤ i ≤8	6≤ i ≤9					
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.2	64	144	384			
*Note: Refer to TS 25.22	23 for definition of ch	nannelization coc	les and cell param	eter.				

#### Table 8.2: Parameters in static propagation conditions

Table 8.3: Performance req	uirements in AWGN channel.

Test Number	$rac{\hat{I}_{or}}{I_{oc}}$ [dB]	BLER
1	-2.0	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	-0.4	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	-0.1	10 <sup>-2</sup>
3	-0.2	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	0.1	10 <sup>-2</sup>
4	-0.8	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	-0.6	10 <sup>-2</sup>

#### 8.2.1.1.2 1,28 Mcps TDD Option

For the parameters specified in Table8.2A the BLER should not exceed the piece-wise linear BLER curve specified in Table8.3A. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Parameters	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Number of DPCH <sub>o</sub>		4	1	1	0
Spread factor of DPCH <sub>o</sub>		8	8	8	-
Scrambling code and basic		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
midamble code number*					
DPCH Channelization	<u>C(k,Q)</u>	<u>C(1,8)</u>	<u>C(1,2)</u>	<u>C(1,2)</u>	<u>C(1,2)</u>
Codes*					<u>C(5,8)</u>
DPCH <sub>o</sub> Channelization	<u>C(k,Q)</u>	<u>C(i,8)</u>	<u>C(5,8)</u>	<u>C(5,8)</u>	<u>-</u>
Codes*		<u>2≤ i ≤5</u>			
$DPCH_o \_E_c$	dB	-7	-7	-7	0
I <sub>or</sub>					
loc	dBm/1.28MH	-91			
	Z				
Information Data Rate	Kbps	12.2	64	144	384
*Note: Refer to TS 25.223 for definition of channelization codes, scrambling code and basic midamble code.					

Table 8.2A: Parameters in static pa	propagation conditions
-------------------------------------	------------------------

Test Number	$rac{\hat{I}_{or}}{I_{oc}}$ [dB]	BLER
1	0.5	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	-1.1	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	-0.7	10 <sup>-2</sup>
3	-0.5	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	-0.3	10 <sup>-2</sup>
4	0.1	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	0.4	10-2

## 8.3 Demodulation of DCH in multipath fading conditions

## 8.3.1 Multipath fading Case 1

The performance requirement of DCH in multipath fading Case 1 is determined by the maximum Block Error Rate (BLER) allowed when the receiver input signal is at a specified  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  limit. The BLER is calculated for each of the measurement channels supported by the base station.

#### 8.3.1.1 Minimum requirement

#### 8.3.1.1.1 3,84 Mcps TDD Option

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4 the BLER should not exceed the piece-wise linear BLER curve specified in Table 8.5. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Parameters	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Number of DPCH <sub>o</sub>		6	4	0	0
$DPCH_o \_E_c$	dB	-9	-9.5	0	0
I <sub>or</sub>					
l <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	-89			
Cell Parameter*		0,1			
DPCH Channelization Codes*	C(k,Q)	C(1,8)	C(1,4) C(5,16)	C(1,2) C(9,16)	C(1,2)
DPCH <sub>o</sub> Channelization Codes*	C(k,Q)	C(i,16) 3≤ i ≤8	C(i,16) 6≤ i ≤9	-	-
Information Data Rate	kbps	12.2	64	144	384
*Note: Refer to TS 25.22	3 for definition of ch	nannelization coc	es and cell param	eter.	

#### Table 8.5: Performance requirements in multipath Case 1 channel.

Test Number	$rac{\hat{I}_{or}}{I_{oc}}$ [dB]	BLER
1	6.5	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	5.5	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	9.8	10 <sup>-2</sup>
3	5.5	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	9.8	10 <sup>-2</sup>
4	5.1	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	9.5	10 <sup>-2</sup>

#### 1,28 Mcps TDD Option 8.3.1.1.2

For the parameters specified in Table 8.4A the BLER should not exceed the piece-wise linear BLER curve specified in Table 8.5A .These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Parameters	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Number of DPCH₀		4	1	1	0
Spread factor of DPCH <sub>o</sub>		8	8	8	-
Scrambling code and basic midamble code number*		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
DPCH Channelization Codes*	<u>C(k,Q)</u>	<u>C(1,8)</u>	<u>C(1,2)</u>	<u>C(1,2)</u>	<u>C(1,2</u> C(5,8
<u>DPCH<sub>o</sub> Channelization</u> Codes*	<u>C(k,Q)</u>	<u>C(i,8)</u> <u>2≤ i ≤5</u>	<u>C(5,8)</u>	<u>C(5,8)</u>	-
$\frac{DPCH_o\_E_c}{I_{or}}$	DB	-7	-7	-7	0
l <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/1.28 MHz		-!	91	
Information Data Rate	Kbps	12.2	64	144	384

<sup>1</sup> 

Test Number	$rac{\hat{I}_{or}}{I_{oc}}$ [dB]	BLER
1	10.7	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	5.3	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	9.6	10 <sup>-2</sup>
3	5.7	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	10.3	10 <sup>-2</sup>
4	6.0	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	10.3	10-2

#### Table 8.5A: Performance requirements in multipath Case 1 channel.

## 8.3.2 Multipath fading Case 2

The performance requirement of DCH in multipath fading Case 2 is determined by the maximum Block Error Rate (BLER) allowed when the receiver input signal is at a specified  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  limit. The BLER is calculated for each of the measurement channels supported by the base station.

#### 8.3.2.1 Minimum requirement

#### 8.3.2.1.1 3,84 Mcps TDD Option

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6 the BLER should not exceed the piece-wise linear BLER curve specified in Table 8.7. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
	2	0	0	0
dB	-6	0	0	0
dBm/3.84 MHz		-8	39	
	0,1			
C(k,Q)	C(1,8)	C(1,4)	C(1,2)	C(1,2)
		C(5,16)	C(9,16)	
C(k,Q)	C(i,16)	-	-	-
	3≤ i ≤4			
kbps	12.2	64	144	384
	dB dBm/3.84 MHz C(k,Q) C(k,Q)	$\begin{array}{c c} & 2 \\ \hline & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ \hline & & \\ & \\ \hline & & \\ & \\$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

 Table 8.6: Parameters in multipath Case 2 channel

#### Table 8.7: Performance requirements in multipath Case 2 channel.

Test Number	$rac{\hat{I}_{or}}{I_{oc}}$ [dB]	BLER
1	-0.4	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	0.2	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	2.5	10 <sup>-2</sup>
3	3.6	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	6.0	10 <sup>-2</sup>
4	2.8	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	5.2	10 <sup>-2</sup>

#### 8.3.2.1.2 1,28 Mcps TDD Option

For the parameters specified in Table 8.6A the BLER should not exceed the piece-wise linear BLER curve specified in Table 8.7A. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Parameters	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Number of DPCH <sub>o</sub>		4	1	1	0
Spread factor of DPCH <sub>o</sub>		8	8	8	-
Scrambling code and basic		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
midamble code number*					
DPCH Channelization	<u>C(k,Q)</u>	<u>C(1,8)</u>	<u>C(1,2)</u>	<u>C(1,2)</u>	<u>C(1,2)</u>
Codes*					<u>C(5,8)</u>
DPCH <sub>o</sub> Channelization	<u>C(k,Q)</u>	<u>C(i,8)</u>	<u>C(5,8)</u>	<u>C(5,8)</u>	<u>-</u>
Codes*		<u>2≤ i ≤5</u>			
$\underline{DPCH_o \_ E_c}$	DB	-7	-7	-7	0
I <sub>or</sub>					
l <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/1.28	-91			
	MHz				
Information Data Rate	Kbps	12.2	64	144	384
*Note: Refer to TS 25.223 for definition of channelization codes, scrambling code and basic midamble code.					

#### Table 8.6A: Parameters in multipath Case 2 channel

Table 8.7A: Performance re	equirements in mu	Itipath Case 2 channel.
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Test Number	$rac{\hat{I}_{or}}{I_{oc}}$ [dB]	BLER
1	6.7	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	3.5	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	5.9	10 <sup>-2</sup>
3	4.0	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	6.4	10 <sup>-2</sup>
4	4.4	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	6.3	10-2

## 8.3.3 Multipath fading Case 3

The performance requirement of DCH in multipath fading Case 3 is determined by the maximum Block Error Rate (BLER) allowed when the receiver input signal is at a specified  $\hat{I}_{or}/I_{oc}$  limit. The BLER is calculated for each of the measurement channels supported by the base station.

#### 8.3.3.1 Minimum requirement

#### 8.3.3.1.1 3,84 Mcps TDD Option

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8 the BLER should not exceed the piece-wise linear BLER curve specified in Table 8.9. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Parameters	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Number of DPCH₀		2	0	0	0
$DPCH_o \_ E_c$	dB	-6	0	0	0
I <sub>or</sub>					
l <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/3.84 MHz	-89			
Cell Parameter*		0,1			
DPCH Channelization	C(k,Q)	C(1,8)	C(1,4)	C(1,2)	C(1,2)
Codes*			C(5,16)	C(9,16)	
DPCH <sub>o</sub> Channelization	C(k,Q)	C(i,16)	-	-	-
Codes*		3≤ i ≤4			
Information Data Rate	Kbps	12.2	64	144	384
*Note: Refer to TS 25.22	23 for definition of ch	nannelization cod	es and cell param	neter.	

Table 8.8: Parameters in multipath Case 3 channel

Test Number	$rac{\hat{I}_{or}}{I_{oc}}$ [dB]	BLER
1	-0.1	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	0.8	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	2.7	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	4.2	10 <sup>-3</sup>
3	4.5	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	6.3	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	8.0	10 <sup>-3</sup>
4	3.6	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	5.0	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	6.3	10 <sup>-3</sup>

#### Table 8.9: Performance requirements in multipath Case 3 channel.

#### 8.3.3.1.2 1,28 Mcps TDD Option

For the parameters specified in Table 8.8A the BLER should not exceed the piece-wise linear BLER curve specified in Table 8.9A. These requirements are applicable for TFCS size 16.

Parameters	Unit	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4
Number of DPCH <sub>o</sub>		4	1	1	0
Spread factor of DPCH <sub>o</sub>		8	8	8	-
Scrambling code and basic		<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	0
midamble code number*					
DPCH Channelization	<u>C(k,Q)</u>	<u>C(1,8)</u>	<u>C(1,2)</u>	<u>C(1,2)</u>	<u>C(1,2)</u>
Codes*					<u>C(5,8)</u>
DPCH <sub>o</sub> Channelization	<u>C(k,Q)</u>	<u>C(i,8)</u>	<u>C(5,8)</u>	<u>C(5,8)</u>	<u>-</u>
Codes*		<u>2≤ i ≤5</u>			
$\underline{DPCH_o \_ E_c}$	DB	-7	-7	-7	0
I <sub>or</sub>					
l <sub>oc</sub>	dBm/1.28	-91			
	MHz				
Information Data Rate	Kbps	12.2	64	144	384

#### Table 8.9A: Performance requirements in multipath Case 3 channel.

Test Number	$rac{\hat{I}_{or}}{I_{oc}}$ [dB]	BLER
1	5.9	10 <sup>-2</sup>
2	3.2	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	4.8	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	6.1	10-3
3	3.7	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	5.0	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	6.1	10 <sup>-3</sup>
4	4.1	10 <sup>-1</sup>
	5.1	10 <sup>-2</sup>
	5.9	10 <sup>-3</sup>

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Sophia Antipolis, France 28th January - 1st February 2002

<sup>ж</sup> 2	5.105 CR 104 <sup>#</sup> ev _ <sup>#</sup> Current version: 4.3.0 <sup>#</sup>			
For <u>HELP</u> on using	g this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the $\mathfrak{K}$ symbols.			
Proposed change affe	ects: # (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Access Network X Core Network			
Title: ¥ S	ingle and multi carrier in spurious emissions requirements for 1.28 Mcps TDD option			
Source: ೫ R	AN WG4			
Work item code: ж _ L	CRTDD-RF Date: # 1/2/2002			
De	Release: % Rel-4e one of the following categories:Use one of the following releases:F (correction)2(GSM Phase 2)A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)R96(Release 1996)B (addition of feature),R97(Release 1997)C (functional modification of feature)R98(Release 1998)D (editorial modification)R99(Release 1999)tailed explanations of the above categories canREL-4(Release 4)found in 3GPP TR 21.900.REL-5(Release 5)			
Reason for change: 3	The current spurious emissions requirement for 1.28 Mcps TDD covers single and multicarrier BS for Category A and B requirements, but not for the co- existence and co-location requirements. This is in conflict with the ITU- R M.[IMT.UNWANT-BS], where all spurious emission requirements are for both single and multicarrier. The application of the limits, as stated in ITU-R SM.329-8 and ITU-R M.[IMT.UNWANT-BS] for the additional requirements is missing.			
Summary of change:	The provisions for single and multicarrier and for application of limits are moved to section 6.6.3, which is the general section for spurious emissions.			
Consequences if not approved:	There would be a conflict between the spurious emission requirements in the core specification and the one in ITU-R M.[IMT.UNWANT-BS].			
	Isolated Impact Analysis: Correction of a requirement where the specification was ambiguous or not sufficiently explicit. Would not affect implementations behaving like indicated in the CR, would affect implementations that do not behave like indicated in the CR.			
Clauses affected:	<sup>₭</sup> 6.6.3, 6.6.3.1, 6.6.3.1.1.1.2, 6.6.3.1.2.1.2			
Other specs	K       Other core specifications       %         X       Test specifications       25.142         O&M Specifications       25.142			
Other comments:	K .			

#### How to create CRs using this form:

- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked **#** contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under <u>ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/specs/</u> For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2001-03 contains the specifications resulting from the March 2001 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

## 6.6.3 Spurious emissions

Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emission, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions. This is measured at the base station RF output port.

The requirements shall apply whatever the type of transmitter considered (single carrier or multi carrier). It applies for all transmission modes foreseen by the manufacturer's.

For 1.28 Mcps TDD option, either requirement applies at frequencies within the specified frequency ranges which are more than 4 MHz under the first carrier frequency used or more than 4 MHz above the last carrier frequency used.

Unless otherwise stated, all requirements are measured as mean power.

#### 6.6.3.1 Mandatory Requirements

The requirements of either subclause 6.6.3.1.1 or subclause 6.6.3.1.2 shall apply whatever the type of transmitter considered (single carrier or multi carrier). It applies for all transmission modes foreseen by the manufacturer's.

#### 6.6.3.1.1 Spurious emissions (Category A)

The following requirements shall be met in cases where Category A limits for spurious emissions, as defined in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329-8 [1], are applied.

#### 6.6.3.1.1.1 Minimum Requirement

#### 6.6.3.1.1.1.1 3,84 Mcps TDD Option

Either requirement applies at frequencies within the specified frequency ranges which are more than 12.5MHz under the first carrier frequency used or more than 12.5 MHz above the last carrier frequency used. The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Band	Minimum requirement	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
9kHz – 150kHz		1 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329-8, s4.1
150kHz – 30MHz	-13 dBm	10 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329-8, s4.1
30MHz – 1GHz	-13 0611	100 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329-8, s4.1
1GHz – 12.75 GHz		1 MHz	Upper frequency as in ITU SM.329-8, s2.5 table 1

#### 6.6.3.1.1.1.2 1,28 Mcps TDD Option

Either requirement applies at frequencies within the specified frequency ranges which are more than 4MHz under the first carrier frequency used or more than 4 MHz above the last carrier frequency used. The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Band	Minimum requirement	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
9kHz – 150kHz		1 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329-8, s4.1
150kHz – 30MHz		10 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329-8, s4.1
30MHz – 1GHz	-13 dBm	100 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329-8, s4.1
1GHz – 12.75 GHz		1 MHz	Upper frequency as in ITU SM.329-8, s2.5 table 1

#### Table 6.10A: BS Mandatory spurious emissions limits, Category A

NOTE: only the measurement bands are different according to the occupied bandwidth.

#### 6.6.3.1.2 Spurious emissions (Category B)

The following requirements shall be met in cases where Category B limits for spurious emissions, as defined in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329-8 [1], are applied.

6.6.3.1.2.1 Minimum Requirement

6.6.3.1.2.1.1 3,84 Mcps TDD Option

Either requirement applies at frequencies within the specified frequency ranges which are more than 12.5MHz under the first carrier frequency used or more than 12.5 MHz above the last carrier frequency used. The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Band	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
9kHz – 150kHz	-36 dBm	1 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329-8, s4.1
150kHz – 30MHz	- 36 dBm	10 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329-8, s4.1
30MHz – 1GHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329-8, s4.1
1GHz ↔ Fc1-60 MHz or FI -10 MHz whichever is the higher	-30 dBm	1 MHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329-8, s4.1
Fc1 - 60 MHz or FI -10 MHz whichever is the higher ↔ Fc1 - 50 MHz or FI -10 MHz whichever is the higher	-25 dBm	1 MHz	Specification in accordance with ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.3 and Annex 7
Fc1 - 50 MHz or FI -10 MHz whichever is the higher ↔ Fc2 + 50 MHz or Fu +10 MHz whichever is the lower	-15 dBm	1 MHz	Specification in accordance with ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.3 and Annex 7
Fc2 + 50 MHz or Fu + 10 MHz whichever is the lower ↔ Fc2 + 60 MHz or Fu + 10 MHz whichever is the lower	-25 dBm	1 MHz	Specification in accordance with ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.3 and Annex 7
Fc2 + 60 MHz or Fu + 10 MHz whichever is the lower ↔ 12,75 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz	Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.3 and Annex 7. Upper frequency as in ITU-R SM.329-8, s2.5 table 1

Table 6.11: BS Mandatory spurious emissions limits, Category B

Fc1: Center frequency of emission of the first carrier transmitted by the BS

Fc2: Center frequency of emission of the last carrier transmitted by the BS

Fl : Lower frequency of the band in which TDD operates

Fu : Upper frequency of the band in which TDD operates

6.6.3.1.2.1.2 1,28 Mcps TDD Option

either requirement applies at frequencies within the specified frequency ranges which are more than 4MHz under the first carrier frequency used or more than 4 MHz above the last carrier frequency used. The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Band	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
9kHz – 150kHz	-36 dBm	1 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329-8, s4.1
150kHz – 30MHz	- 36 dBm	10 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329-8, s4.1
30MHz – 1GHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329-8, s4.1
1GHz ↔ Fc1-19.2 MHz or FI –3.2 MHz whichever is the higher	-30 dBm	1 MHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329-8, s4.1
Fc1 – 19.2 MHz or FI -3.2MHz whichever is the higher ↔ Fc1 - 16 MHz or FI –3.2 MHz whichever is the higher	-25 dBm	1 MHz	Specification in accordance with ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1
Fc1 - 16 MHz or FI –3.2 MHz whichever is the higher ↔ Fc2 + 16 MHz or Fu +3.2 MHz whichever is the lower	-15 dBm	1 MHz	Specification in accordance with ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1
Fc2 + 16 MHz or Fu + 3.2MHz whichever is the lower ↔ Fc2 +19.2 MHz or Fu + 3.2MHz whichever is the lower	-25 dBm	1 MHz	Specification in accordance with ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1
Fc2 + 19.2 MHz or Fu +3.2 MHz whichever is the lower $\leftrightarrow$ 12,5 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz	Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1. Upper frequency as in ITU-R SM.329-8, s2.5 table 1

Table 6.11A: BS Mandatory spurious emissions limits, Category B

Fc1: Center frequency of emission of the first carrier transmitted by the BS

Fc2: Center frequency of emission of the last carrier transmitted by the BS

- Fl : Lower frequency of the band in which TDD operates
- Fu : Upper frequency of the band in which TDD operates