TSG RAN Meeting #13 Beijing, China, 18-21 September 2001

- Title: CRs (Rel-4) to TS 25.106
- Source TSG RAN WG4

Agenda item: 8.4.4

RAN4 Tdoc	Spec	CR	Title	Cat	Phase	Curr Ver	New Ver
R4-011002	25.106	1	Editorial changes	F	Rel-4	4.0.0	4.1.0
R4-011309	25.106	2	Clarification in spectrum emission mask	F	Rel-4	4.0.0	4.1.0

3GPP TSG RAN WG4 Meeting #19

R4-011002

Edinburgh, Great Britain, 3rd - 7th September 2001

	CR-Form-v4				
CHANGE REQUEST					
¥	25.106 CR 1 * ev - * Current version: 4.0.0 *				
For <u>HELP</u> on L	using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the $#$ symbols.				
Proposed change	affects: ೫ (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Access Network X Core Network				
Title: ೫	Editorial changes				
Source: ೫	RAN WG4				
Work item code: ₩	RInImp-REP Date: # 10.07.2001				
Category: ₩	FRelease: %Rel-4Use one of the following categories:Use one of the following releases:F (correction)2A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)R96B (addition of feature),R97C (functional modification of feature)R98D (editorial modification)R99D (editorial modification)R99D tetailed explanations of the above categories canREL-4be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.REL-5				
Reason for change	e: % Editorial corrections required				
Summary of chang	ge:				
Consequences if not approved:	X				
Clauses affected:	第 9.2.1, 11.1, Table 9.5, 9.6 and 9.7				
Other specs affected:	 Contraction of the specification of th				
Other comments:	X				

How to create CRs using this form:

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at: <u>http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm</u>. Below is a brief summary:

- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked # contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under <u>ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/specs/</u> For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2001-03 contains the specifications resulting from the March 2001 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

9.2.1 MandatoryGeneral Requirements

The requirements of either subclause 9.2.1.1 or subclause 9.2.1.2 shall apply whatever the type of repeater considered (one or several operating bands). It applies for all configurations foreseen by the manufacturer's specification.

Either requirement applies at frequencies within the specified frequency ranges that are more than 12,5 MHz below the centre frequency of the first 5 MHz channel or more than 12,5 MHz above the centre frequency of the last 5 MHz channel in the operating band.

Table 9.5: Up-link and down-link: MandatoryGeneral spurious emissions limits, Category A

Band	Maximum level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
9kHz – 150kHz	-13 dBm	1 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1
150kHz – 30MHz		10 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1
30MHz – 1GHz		100 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1
1GHz – 12,75 GHz		1 MHz	Upper frequency as in ITU-R SM.329-8, s2.6

Table 9.6: Down-link: MandatoryGeneral spurious emissions limits, Category B

Band	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
9kHz ↔ 150kHz	-36 dBm	1 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1
$150 \text{kHz} \leftrightarrow 30 \text{MHz}$	- 36 dBm	10 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1
30MHz ↔ 1GHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1
1GHz ↔ Fc1 - 60 MHz or 2100 MHz whichever is the higher	-30 dBm	1 MHz	Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1
Fc1 – 60 MHz or 2100 MHz whichever is the higher ↔ Fc1 – 50 MHz or 2100 MHz whichever is the higher	-25 dBm	1 MHz	Specification in accordance with ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1
Fc1 – 50 MHz or 2100 MHz whichever is the higher ↔ Fc2 + 50 MHz or 2180 MHz whichever is the lower	-15 dBm	1 MHz	Specification in accordance with ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1
Fc2 + 50 MHz or 2180 MHz whichever is the lower ↔ Fc2 + 60 MHz or 2180 MHz whichever is the lower	-25 dBm	1 MHz	Specification in accordance with ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1
Fc2 + 60 MHz or 2180 MHz whichever is the lower ↔ 12,75 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz	Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1. Upper frequency as in ITU-R SM.329-8, s2.6

Band	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
9 kHz \leftrightarrow 150kHz	-36 dBm	1 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1
150kHz ↔ 30MHz	- 36 dBm	10 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1
$30MHz \leftrightarrow 1GHz$	-36 dBm	100 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1
1GHz ↔ Fc1 - 60 MHz or 1910 MHz whichever is the higher	-30 dBm	1 MHz	Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1
Fc1 – 60 MHz or 1910 MHz whichever is the higher ↔ Fc1 – 50 MHz or 1910 MHz whichever is the higher	-25 dBm	1 MHz	Specification in accordance with ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1
Fc1 – 50 MHz or 1910 MHz whichever is the higher ↔ Fc2 + 50 MHz or 1990 MHz whichever is the lower	-15 dBm	1 MHz	Specification in accordance with ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1
Fc2 + 50 MHz or 1990 MHz whichever is the lower ↔ Fc2 + 60 MHz or 1990 MHz whichever is the lower	-25 dBm	1 MHz	Specification in accordance with ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1
Fc2 + 60 MHz or 1990 MHz whichever is the lower ↔ 12,75 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz	Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329-8, s4.1. Upper frequency as in ITU-R SM.329-8, s2.6

Table 9.7: Up-link: MandatoryGeneral spurious emissions limits, Category B

11.1 MandatoryGeneral Requirement

The following requirement applies for interfering signals in the frequency bands defined in sub-clause 5.1(a) or 5.1(b), depending on the repeaters operating band. The requirement shall bet met with the repeater operating at maximum gain.

3GPP TSG RAN WG4 Meeting #19

R4-011309

Edinburgh, Great Britain, 3rd - 7th September 2001

	CR-F	Form-v4			
CHANGE REQUEST					
*	25.106 CR 2 * ev - * Current version: 4.0.0 *				
For <u>HELP</u> on us	ing this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the $lpha$ symbol	s.			
Proposed change a	ffects: # (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Access Network X Core Netwo	rk			
Title: #	Clarification in Spectrum emission mask section				
Source: #	RAN WG4				
Work item code: ℜ	RInImp-REP Date: # 04.09.2001				
Category: Ж	F Release: % Rel-4 Use one of the following categories: Use one of the following release. F (correction) 2 (GSM Phase 2) A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) R96 (Release 1996) B (addition of feature), R97 (Release 1997) C (functional modification of feature) R98 (Release 1998) D (editorial modification) R99 (Release 1999) Detailed explanations of the above categories can REL-4 (Release 4) be found in 3GPP TR 21.900. REL-5 (Release 5)	s:			
Reason for change	* Undefined terms (f_offset and Δf) in section 9.1.1.				
Summary of chang	Addition of definition of missing terms. Correction of mask boundary equations				
Consequences if an an approved:	Misunderstanding of spectrum emission mask requirements.				
Clauses affected:	Clauses affected: % 9.1.1				
Other specs affected:	%Other core specifications%XTest specificationsTS 25.143O&M Specifications				

Other comments: #

How to create CRs using this form:

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- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked # contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under <u>ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/specs/</u> For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2001-03 contains the specifications resulting from the March 2001 TSG meetings.

3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

9 Unwanted emission

9.1 Out of band emission

Out of band emissions are unwanted emissions immediately outside the operating band resulting from the modulation process and non-linearity in the transmitter but excluding spurious emissions. This out of band emission requirement is specified in terms of a spectrum emission mask.

9.1.1 Spectrum emission mask

The mask defined in tables 9.1 to 9.4 below may be mandatory in certain regions. In other regions this mask may not be applied.

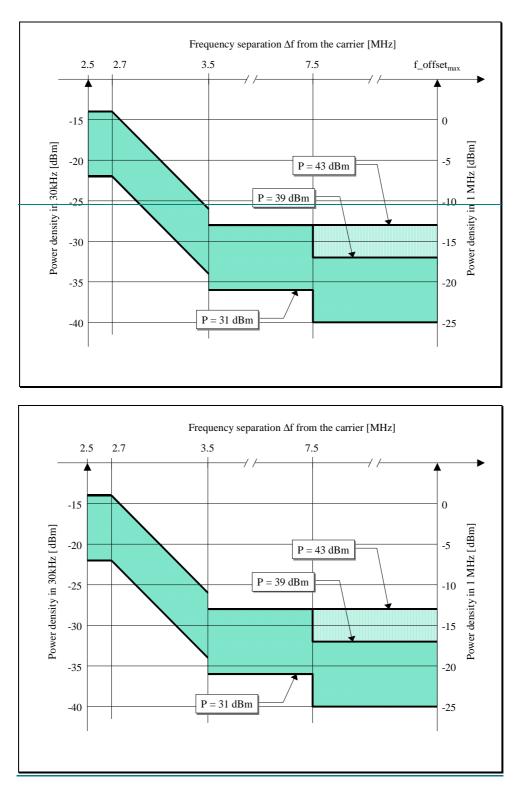
For regions where this clause applies, the requirement shall be met by a repeater's RF-signal output at maximum gain with WCDMA signals in the operating band of the repeater, at levels that produce the maximum rated output power per channel. The requirements shall also apply at maximum gain without WCDMA signals in the operating band.

Emissions shall not exceed the maximum level specified in tables 9.1 to 9.4 for the appropriate repeater maximum output power, in the frequency range from $\Delta f = 2,5$ MHz to $f_{-offset_{max}}$ from the 5 MHz channel, where:

- Δf is the separation between the centre frequency of first or last 5 MHz channel used in the operating band and the nominal -3 dB point of the measuring filter closest to the carrier frequency.
- f_offset is the separation between the centre frequency of first or last 5 MHz channel in the operating band and the centre of the measuring filter.
- f_offset_{max} is either 12,5 MHz or the offset to the UTRA band edge at both up- and down-link as defined in section 5.1, whichever is the greater.

<u>- Δf_{max} is equal to f_offset_{max}</u> minus half of the bandwidth of the measurement filter.







Frequency offset of measurement filter – 3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Maximum level	Measurement bandwidth
2,5 ≤ ∆f < 2,7 MHz	$2,515MHz \leq f_offset < 2,715MHz$	-14 dBm	30 kHz
2,7 ≤ ∆f < 3,5 MHz	2,715MHz ≤ f_offset < 3,515MHz	- 14 - 15 (f_offset- 2.715)	30 kHz
		dBm	
	$3,515MHz \le f_offset < 4,0MHz$	-26 dBm	30 kHz
$3,5 \le \Delta f MHz$	$4,0MHz \le f_offset < f_offset_max$	-13 dBm	1 MHz

Table 9.1: Spectrum emission mask values, maximum output power $P \ge 43$ dBm

Table 9.2: Spectrum emission mask values, maximum output power $39 \le P < 43$ dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter – 3dB point, ∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Maximum level	Measurement bandwidth
2,5 ≤ ∆f < 2,7 MHz	2,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2,715MHz	-14 dBm	30 kHz
2,7 ≤ ∆f < 3,5 MHz	2,715MHz ≤ f_offset < 3,515MHz	-14 - 15 (f_offset - 2,715)	30 kHz
		dBm	
(see note)	3,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 4,0MHz	-26 dBm	30 kHz
3,5 ≤ ∆f < 7,5 MHz	4,0MHz ≤ f_offset < 8,0MHz	-13 dBm	1 MHz
7,5 ≤ ∆f MHz	$8,0MHz \leq f_offset < f_offset_max$	P - 56 dBm	1 MHz

Table 9.3: Spectrum emission mask values, maximum output power $31 \le P < 39$ dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter – 3dB point,∆f	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Maximum level	Measurement bandwidth
2,5 ≤ ∆f < 2,7 MHz	2,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2,715MHz	P - 53 dBm	30 kHz
2,7 ≤ ∆f < 3,5 MHz	2,715MHz ≤ f_offset < 3,515MHz	P - 53 - 15 (f_offset -	30 kHz
		2,715) dBm	
(see note)	3,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 4,0MHz	P-65 dBm	30 kHz
3,5 ≤ ∆f < 7,5 MHz	4,0MHz ≤ f_offset < 8,0MHz	P - 52 dBm	1 MHz
7,5 ≤ ∆f MHz	$8,0MHz \leq f_offset < f_offset_max$	P - 56 dBm	1 MHz

Table 9.4: Spectrum emission mask values, maximum output power P < 31 dBm

Frequency offset of measurement filter – 3dB point, Δf	Frequency offset of measurement filter centre frequency, f_offset	Maximum level	Measurement bandwidth
2,5 ≤ ∆f < 2,7 MHz	2,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 2,715MHz	-22 dBm	30 kHz
2,7 ≤ ∆f < 3,5 MHz	$2,715MHz \le f_offset < 3,515MHz$	-22 - 15 (f_offset - 2,715)	30 kHz
		dBm	
(see note)	3,515MHz ≤ f_offset < 4,0MHz	-34 dBm	30 kHz
3,5 ≤ ∆f < 7,5 MHz	$4,0MHz \leq f_offset < 8,0MHz$	-21 dBm	1 MHz
7,5 ≤ ∆f MHz	$8,0MHz \leq f_offset < f_offset_max$	-25 dBm	1 MHz

NOTE: This frequency range ensures that the range of values of f_offset is continuous.