TSGRP#12(01) 0454

TSG-RAN Meeting #12 Stockholm, Sweden, 12 - 15 June 2001

Title: Agreed CRs to TS 25.413

Source: TSG-RAN WG3

Agenda item: 8.3.3/8.3.4

Tdoc_Num	Specification	CR_Num	Revision_Num	CR_Subject	CR_Category	WG_Status	Cur_Ver_Num	New_Ver_Num	Workitem
R3-011858	25.413	276	2	Corrections and introduction of an appendix for usage of Criticality Diagnostics IE	F	agreed	3.5.0	3.6.0	TEI
R3-011859	25.413	277	1	Corrections and introduction of an appendix for usage of Criticality Diagnostics IE	A	agreed	4.0.0	4.1.0	TEI
R3-011323	25.413	278		Reporting of Logical Error with Error Indication Procedure	F	agreed	3.5.0	3.6.0	TEI
R3-011324	25.413	279		Reporting of Logical Error with Error Indication Procedure	А	agreed	4.0.0	4.1.0	TEI
R3-011331	25.413	280		Clarification of IEs order rule	F	agreed	3.5.0	3.6.0	TEI
R3-011332	25.413	281		Clarification of IEs order rule	А	agreed	4.0.0	4.1.0	TEI
R3-011348	25.413	284		CN Domain Indicator in ERROR INDICATION	F	agreed	3.5.0	3.6.0	TEI
R3-011349	25.413	285		CN Domain Indicator in ERROR INDICATION	А	agreed	4.0.0	4.1.0	TEI
R3-011350	25.413	286		Correction to RAB Release Procedures description	F	agreed	3.5.0	3.6.0	TEI
R3-011351	25.413	287		Correction to RAB Release Procedures description	A	agreed	4.0.0	4.1.0	TEI
R3-011352	25.413	288		TRELOCalloc_usage	F	agreed	3.5.0	3.6.0	TEI
R3-011353	25.413	289		TRELOCalloc_usage	А	agreed	4.0.0	4.1.0	TEI

R3-011354	25.413	290		Relocation Resource Allocation in case of Cell/URA Update	F	agreed	3.5.0	3.6.0	TEI
R3-011355	25.413	291		Relocation Resource Allocation in case of Cell/URA Update	A	agreed	4.0.0	4.1.0	TEI
R3-011672	25.413	293	1	Global Cell-ID IE in INITIAL UE MESSAGE	F	agreed	3.5.0	3.6.0	TEI
R3-011673	25.413	294	1	Global Cell-ID IE in INITIAL UE MESSAGE	A	agreed	4.0.0	4.1.0	TEI
R3-011817	25.413	295	2	CN Domain Indicator in OVERLOAD message	F	agreed	3.5.0	3.6.0	TEI
R3-011884	25.413	296	3	CN Domain Indicator in OVERLOAD message	A	agreed	4.0.0	4.1.0	TEI
R3-011733	25.413	298	1	Reference to superseeded versions of ASN.1 documents	F	agreed	3.5.0	3.6.0	TEI
R3-011734	25.413	299	1	Reference to superseeded versions of ASN.1 documents	A	agreed	4.0.0	4.1.0	TEI

										CR-Form-v3
CHANGE REQUEST										
Ж	25.413	CR CR	276	₩ rev	2	H	Current versi	on: 3.5	0.	*
For <u>HEL</u>	P on using	this form, see b	oottom of th	his page o	look	at th	e pop-up text	over the #	Ssyr	nbols.
Proposed c	hange affec	ts: 第 (U)SI	M N	1E/UE	Rad	io Ac	cess Network	X Cor	e Ne	twork X
Title:	₩ Co	rrections and ir	ntroduction	of an app	endix	for u	sage of <i>Critica</i>	ality Diagn	ostic	s IE
Source:	₩ R-\	NG3								
Work item c	ode: 郑 TE	I					Date: ♯	2001-05-	-16	
Category:	ЖF						Release: ₩	R99		
Use one of the following categories: F (essential correction) A (corresponds to a correction in a B (Addition of feature), C (Functional modification of feature) D (Editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories.							e) R96 R97 R98 R99 REL-4	the following (GSM Phas (Release 19 (Release 19 (Release 19 (Release 4) (Release 5)	se 2) 996) 997) 998) 999)	eases:
Reason for	change: 黑	understood o	or a missing ge of Critic	g IE. This i ality Diagr	needs ostics	to be	eeds to be m			t
Summary of	f change: 郑		n examples	s of the us			nostics IE and icality Diagnos			

The semantics of the *Repetition Number* IE in the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE and *Message Structure* IE have been improved.

One figure per example have been included in the Appendix.

One example on "missing IE" has been included in the Appendix.

The *Type of Error* IE has been added in the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE in the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE to allow the reporting of multiple causes to the inclusion of the Criticality Diagnostics IE.

The main reason for reporting Criticality Diagnostics can be indicated by the *Cause* IE, but the reason may be different for different reported IEs. E.g the main reason my be a missing IE (cause="Abstract Syntax Error (Falsely Constructed Message)") but still there may be a not understood IE reported as well (cause="Abstract Syntax Error (Reject)" or "Abstract Syntax Error (Ignore and Notify)").

The value range for the *Repetition Number* IE in the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE has been changed from (1..256) to (0..255).

The value range for the *Repetition Number* IE in the *Message Structure* IE has been changed from (1..256) to (1..256).

Information for revision 1:

It was recognised, that the addition of the extension marker for the *Repetition Number* IE in the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE and the *Message Structure* IE will lead to a non backwards compatible change, as it e.g. causes an transfer syntax (decoder) error if this IE is received by a node of an version which did not

implemented this change.

R2: correction in ASN.1+removal of ellipsis from the repetition number.

It will not be possible to know what type of error that is reported, making it difficult to take appropriate actions.

The proposed change is not backwards compatible due to:

The changes done to the value range for Repetition Number.

The introduction of the possibility to report missing IEs, thus making received information ambiguous for a receiver implemented according to Criticality Diagnostics without this possibility.

Clauses affected:	ж 9	.2.1.35, 9.2.1.42, 9.3.4, 9.3.6	and a	Appendix A.2 (new)	
Other specs	₩ X	Other core specifications	¥	25.413 V4.0.0, CR277 25.419 V3.4.0, CR035 25.419 V4.0.0, CR036 25.423 V3.5.0, CR340 25.423 V4.0.0, CR341 25.433 V3.5.0, CR389 25.433 V4.0.0, CR390	
affected:		Test specifications O&M Specifications			
Other comments:	ж				

How to create CRs using this form:

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at: http://www.3gpp.org/3G Specs/CRs.htm. Below is a brief summary:

- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked **%** contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

9.2.1.35 Criticality Diagnostics

For further details on how to use the Criticality Diagnostics IE, see Annex A.2.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and	Semantics description
-		9-	reference	раза
Criticality Diagnostics				
>Procedure Code	0		INTEGER (0255)	Procedure Code is to be used if Criticality Diagnostics is part of Error Indication procedure, and not within the response message of the same procedure that caused the error
>Triggering Message	0		ENUMERAT ED(initiating message, successful outcome, unsuccessful outcome, outcome)	The Triggering Message is used only if the Criticality Diagnostics is part of Error Indication procedure.
>Procedure Criticality	0		ENUMERAT ED(reject, ignore, notify)	This Procedure Criticality is used for reporting the Criticality of the Triggering message (Procedure). The value 'ignore' shall never be used.
Information Element Criticality Diagnostics		0 to <maxnoof errors=""></maxnoof>		
>IE Criticality	М		ENUMERAT ED(reject, ignore, notify)	The IE Criticality is used for reporting the criticality of the triggering IE. The value 'ignore' shall not be used.
>IE ID	М		INTEGER (065535)	The IE ID of the not understood or missing IE
>Repetition Number	0		INTEGER (042556)	The Repetition Number IE gives • in case of a not understood IE: The number of occurrences of the reported IE up to and including the not understood occurrence • in case of a missing IE: The number of occurrences up to but not including the missing occurrence. Note: All the counted occurrences of the reported IE must have the same topdown hierachical message structure of IEs with assigned criticality above them. The repetition number of the not understood IE within the bottom most repetition level identified by the message structure IE, if
>Message Structure	0		9.2.1.42	applicable The Message Structure IE describes the structure where the not understood or missing IE was detected. This IE is included if the not understood IE is not the top
>Type of Error	<u>M</u>		ENUMERAT ED(not	level of the message.

	understood,	
	missing,)	

Range bound	Explanation
maxnooferrors	Maximum no. of IE errors allowed to be reported with a single
	message. The value for maxnooferrors is 256.

9.2.1.42 Message Structure

The *Message Structure* IE gives information for each level with assigned criticality in an hierarchical message structure from top level down to the lowest level above the reported level for the occured error (reported in the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE).

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message structure		1 to <maxnoofle vels=""></maxnoofle>	Telerence	The first repetition of the Message Structure IE corresponds to the top level of the message. The last repetition of the Message Structure IE corresponds to the level above the reported level for the occured error of the message. Information given per level with assigned criticality in an hierachical message structure. Given from top level down to the level above the reported level for the occured error (reported in the Information Element Criticality Diagnostics IE).	GLOBAL	ignore
>IE ID	M		INTEGER (065535)	The IE ID of this level's IE containing the not understood or missing IE.	-	
>Repetition Number	0		INTEGER (1256)	The Repetition Number IE gives, if applicable, the number of occurrences of this level's reported IE up to and including the occurrence containing the not understood or missing IE. Note: All the counted occurrences of the reported IE must have the same topdown hierachical message structure of IEs with assigned criticality above them.The repetition number of this level's reported IE, if applicable	-	

Range bound	Explanation
maxnooflevels	Maximum no. of message levels to report. The value for
	maxnooflevels is 256.

9.3.4 Information Element Definitions

```
__ *******************
-- Information Element Definitions
__ *********************
RANAP-IEs {
itu-t (0) identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0)
umts-Access (20) modules (3) ranap (0) version1 (1) ranap-IEs (2) }
DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=
BEGIN
IMPORTS
   maxNrOfErrors,
   maxNrOfPDPDirections,
   maxNrOfPoints,
   maxNrOfRABs,
   maxNrOfSeparateTrafficDirections,
   maxRAB-Subflows,
   maxRAB-SubflowCombination,
   maxNrOfLevels,
   id-MessageStructure,
   id-TypeOfError
FROM RANAP-Constants
   Criticality,
   ProcedureCode,
   ProtocolIE-ID,
   TriggeringMessage
FROM RANAP-CommonDataTypes
   ProtocolExtensionContainer{},
   RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION
FROM RANAP-Containers;
-- A
AllocationOrRetentionPriority ::= SEOUENCE {
   priorityLevel
                         PriorityLevel,
   pre-emptionCapability
                             Pre-emptionCapability,
                             Pre-emptionVulnerability,
   pre-emptionVulnerability
   queuingAllowed
                          QueuingAllowed,
                          ProtocolExtensionContainer { {AllocationOrRetentionPriority-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
   iE-Extensions
```

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```
AllocationOrRetentionPriority-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
AreaIdentity ::= CHOICE {
    sAI
                    SAI,
    geographicalArea
                            GeographicalArea,
-- B
BindingID
                        ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (4))
-- C
Cause ::= CHOICE {
    radioNetwork
                            CauseRadioNetwork,
    transmissionNetwork
                            CauseTransmissionNetwork,
                    CauseNAS,
    nAS
    protocol
                        CauseProtocol,
    misc
                        CauseMisc,
    non-Standard
                            CauseNon-Standard,
CauseMisc ::= INTEGER {
    om-intervention (113),
    no-resource-available (114),
    unspecified-failure (115),
    network-optimisation (116)
} (113..128)
CauseNAS ::= INTEGER {
    user-restriction-start-indication (81),
    user-restriction-end-indication (82),
    normal-release (83)
} (81..96)
CauseProtocol ::= INTEGER
    transfer-syntax-error (97),
    semantic-error (98),
    message-not-compatible-with-receiver-state (99),
    abstract-syntax-error-reject (100),
    abstract-syntax-error-ignore-and-notify (101),
    abstract-syntax-error-falsely-constructed-message (102)
} (97..112)
CauseRadioNetwork ::= INTEGER {
    rab-pre-empted (1),
```

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```
trelocoverall-expiry (2),
    trelocprep-expiry (3),
    treloccomplete-expiry (4),
    tqueing-expiry (5),
    relocation-triggered (6),
    trellocalloc-expiry(7),
    unable-to-establish-during-relocation (8),
    unknown-target-rnc (9),
    relocation-cancelled (10),
    successful-relocation (11),
    requested-ciphering-and-or-integrity-protection-algorithms-not-supported (12),
    change-of-ciphering-and-or-integrity-protection-is-not-supported (13),
    failure-in-the-radio-interface-procedure (14),
    release-due-to-utran-generated-reason (15),
    user-inactivity (16),
    time-critical-relocation (17),
    requested-traffic-class-not-available (18),
    invalid-rab-parameters-value (19),
    requested-maximum-bit-rate-not-available (20),
    requested-guaranteed-bit-rate-not-available (21),
    requested-transfer-delay-not-achievable (22),
    invalid-rab-parameters-combination (23),
    condition-violation-for-sdu-parameters (24),
    condition-violation-for-traffic-handling-priority (25),
    condition-violation-for-quaranteed-bit-rate (26),
    user-plane-versions-not-supported (27),
    iu-up-failure (28),
    relocation-failure-in-target-CN-RNC-or-target-system(29),
    invalid-RAB-ID (30),
    no-remaining-rab (31),
    interaction-with-other-procedure (32),
    requested-maximum-bit-rate-for-dl-not-available (33),
    requested-maximum-bit-rate-for-ul-not-available (34),
    requested-quaranteed-bit-rate-for-dl-not-available (35),
    requested-quaranteed-bit-rate-for-ul-not-available (36),
    repeated-integrity-checking-failure (37),
    requested-report-type-not-supported (38),
    request-superseded (39),
    release-due-to-UE-generated-signalling-connection-release (40).
    resource-optimisation-relocation (41),
    requested-information-not-available (42),
    relocation-desirable-for-radio-reasons (43),
    relocation-not-supported-in-target-RNC-or-target-system (44),
    directed-retry (45),
    radio-connection-with-UE-Lost (46)
} (1..64)
CauseNon-Standard ::= INTEGER (129..256)
CauseTransmissionNetwork ::= INTEGER
    signalling-transport-resource-failure (65),
    iu-transport-connection-failed-to-establish (66)
} (65..80)
```

```
CriticalityDiagnostics ::= SEQUENCE {
    procedureCode
                            ProcedureCode
                                                    OPTIONAL,
    triggeringMessage
                            TriggeringMessage
                                                    OPTIONAL,
    procedureCriticality
                                Criticality
                                                    OPTIONAL,
    iEsCriticalityDiagnostics
                                    CriticalityDiagnostics-IE-List OPTIONAL,
                            ProtocolExtensionContainer { {CriticalityDiagnostics-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions
CriticalityDiagnostics-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
CriticalityDiagnostics-IE-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfErrors)) OF
    SEQUENCE {
       iECriticality
                            Criticality,
        iE-ID
                            ProtocolIE-ID,
        repetitionNumber
                                RepetitionNumber0
                                                        OPTIONAL,
        iE-Extensions
                                ProtocolExtensionContainer { {CriticalityDiagnostics-IE-List-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
CriticalityDiagnostics-IE-List-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
        ID id-MessageStructure CRITICALITY ignore
                                                        EXTENSION MessageStructure PRESENCE optional
        ID id-TypeOfError
                                CRITICALITY ignore
                                                        EXTENSION TypeOfError
                                                                                     PRESENCE mandatory },
MessageStructure ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfLevels)) OF
    SEQUENCE {
        iE-ID
                                ProtocolIE-ID,
        repetitionNumber
                                RepetitionNumber1
                                                        OPTIONAL,
        iE-Extensions
                                ProtocolExtensionContainer { {MessageStructure-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
MessageStructure-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
```

**** LOTS OF UNAFFECTED ASN.1 DESCRIPTION FROM SECTION 9.3.4 NOT SHOWN ****

```
RelocationType ::= ENUMERATED {
   ue-not-involved,
   ue-involved,
   ...
}
```

```
RepetitionNumber \underline{0} ::= INTEGER (\underline{0}1..25\underline{5}6)

RepetitionNumber1 ::= INTEGER (1..256)
```

**** LOTS OF UNAFFECTED ASN.1 DESCRIPTION FROM SECTION 9.3.4 NOT SHOWN ****

```
TriggerID
                      ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (3..22))
TypeOfError ::= ENUMERATED {
    not-understood,
   missing,
    . . .
-- U
UE-ID ::= CHOICE {
    imsi
                       IMSI,
                       IMEI,
    imei
UL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber
                           ::= INTEGER (0..65535)
UL-N-PDU-SequenceNumber
                           ::= INTEGER (0..65535)
UP-ModeVersions
                          ::= BIT STRING (SIZE (16))
USCH-ID
                          ::= INTEGER (0..255)
UserPlaneMode ::= ENUMERATED {
    transparent-mode,
    support-mode-for-predefined-SDU-sizes,
END
```

9.3.6 Constant Definitions

```
__ *******************
-- Constant definitions
__ **********************
RANAP-Constants {
itu-t (0) identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0)
umts-Access (20) modules (3) ranap (0) version1 (1) ranap-Constants (4) }
DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=
BEGIN
__ *******************
-- Elementary Procedures
__ *********************
id-RAB-Assignment
                                INTEGER ::= 0
id-Iu-Release
                                INTEGER ::= 1
id-RelocationPreparation
                                INTEGER ::= 2
id-RelocationResourceAllocation
                                INTEGER ::= 3
id-RelocationCancel
                                INTEGER ::= 4
id-SRNS-ContextTransfer
                                INTEGER ::= 5
id-SecurityModeControl
                                INTEGER ::= 6
id-DataVolumeReport
                                INTEGER ::= 7
id-Reset
                                INTEGER ::= 9
id-RAB-ReleaseRequest
                                INTEGER ::= 10
id-Iu-ReleaseRequest
                                INTEGER ::= 11
id-RelocationDetect
                                INTEGER ::= 12
id-RelocationComplete
                                INTEGER ::= 13
id-Paging
                                INTEGER ::= 14
id-CommonID
                                INTEGER ::= 15
id-CN-InvokeTrace
                                INTEGER ::= 16
id-LocationReportingControl
                                INTEGER ::= 17
id-LocationReport
                                INTEGER ::= 18
id-InitialUE-Message
                                INTEGER ::= 19
id-DirectTransfer
                                INTEGER ::= 20
id-OverloadControl
                                INTEGER ::= 21
id-ErrorIndication
                                INTEGER ::= 22
id-SRNS-DataForward
                                INTEGER ::= 23
id-ForwardSRNS-Context
                                INTEGER ::= 24
id-privateMessage
                                INTEGER ::= 25
id-CN-DeactivateTrace
                                INTEGER ::= 26
id-ResetResource
                                INTEGER ::= 27
id-RANAP-Relocation
                                INTEGER ::= 28
```

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*******************	*****	******
Extension constants		
******************	*****	******
maxPrivateIEs	INTEGER :	
maxProtocolExtensions	INTEGER :	:= 65535
maxProtocolIEs	INTEGER :	:= 65535
*****************	*****	******
Lists		
****************	******	******
maxNrOfDTs	INTEGER :	:= 15
maxNrOfErrors	INTEGER :	:= 256
maxNrOfIuSigConIds	INTEGER :	
maxNrOfPDPDirections	INTEGER :	
maxNrOfPoints	INTEGER :	
maxNrOfRABs	INTEGER :	
maxNrOfSeparateTrafficDirections	INTEGER :	
maxNrOfVol	INTEGER :	
maxNrOfLevels	INTEGER :	
		230
maxRAB-Subflows	INTEGER :	:= 7
maxRAB-SubflowCombination	INTEGER :	:= 64
***************	******	*****
IEs		
******************	*****	*****
id-AreaIdentity		INTEGER ::= 0
id-CN-DomainIndicator		INTEGER ::= 3
id-Cause		INTEGER ::= 4
id-ChosenEncryptionAlgorithm		INTEGER ::= 5
id-ChosenIntegrityProtectionAlgorit	hm	INTEGER ::= 6
id-ClassmarkInformation2		INTEGER ::= 7
id-ClassmarkInformation3		INTEGER ::= 8
id-CriticalityDiagnostics		INTEGER ::= 9
id-DL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber		INTEGER ::= 10
id-EncryptionInformation		INTEGER ::= 11
id-IntegrityProtectionInformation		INTEGER ::= 12
id-IuTransportAssociation		INTEGER ::= 13
id-L3-Information		INTEGER ::= 14
id-LAI		INTEGER ::= 15
id-NAS-PDU		INTEGER ::= 16
id-NonSearchingIndication		INTEGER ::= 17
id-NumberOfSteps		INTEGER ::= 18
id-OMC-ID		INTEGER ::= 19
		11.12021 17

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id-OldBSS-ToNewBSS-Information	INTEGER ::= 20
id-PagingAreaID	INTEGER ::= 21
id-PagingCause	INTEGER ::= 22
id-PermanentNAS-UE-ID	INTEGER ::= 23
id-RAB-ContextItem	INTEGER ::= 24
id-RAB-ContextList	INTEGER ::= 25
id-RAB-DataForwardingItem	INTEGER ::= 26
id-RAB-DataForwardingItem-SRNS-CtxReq	INTEGER ::= 27
id-RAB-DataForwardingList	INTEGER ::= 28
id-RAB-DataForwardingList-SRNS-CtxReq	INTEGER ::= 29
id-RAB-DataVolumeReportItem	INTEGER ::= 30
id-RAB-DataVolumeReportList	INTEGER ::= 31
id-RAB-DataVolumeReportRequestItem	INTEGER ::= 32
id-RAB-DataVolumeReportRequestList	INTEGER ::= 33
id-RAB-FailedItem	INTEGER ::= 34
id-RAB-FailedList	INTEGER ::= 35
id-RAB-ID	INTEGER ::= 36
id-RAB-QueuedItem	INTEGER ::= 37
id-RAB-QueuedList	INTEGER ::= 38
id-RAB-ReleaseFailedList	INTEGER ::= 39
id-RAB-ReleaseItem	INTEGER ::= 40
id-RAB-ReleaseList	INTEGER ::= 41
id-RAB-ReleasedItem	INTEGER ::= 42
id-RAB-ReleasedList	INTEGER ::= 43
id-RAB-ReleasedList-IuRelComp	INTEGER ::= 44
id-RAB-RelocationReleaseItem	INTEGER ::= 45
id-RAB-RelocationReleaseList	INTEGER ::= 46
id-RAB-SetupItem-RelocReq	INTEGER ::= 47
id-RAB-SetupItem-RelocReqAck	INTEGER ::= 48
id-RAB-SetupList-RelocReq	INTEGER ::= 49
id-RAB-SetupList-RelocReqAck	INTEGER ::= 50
id-RAB-SetupOrModifiedItem	INTEGER ::= 51
id-RAB-SetupOrModifiedList	INTEGER ::= 52
id-RAB-SetupOrModifyItem	INTEGER ::= 53
id-RAB-SetupOrModifyList	INTEGER ::= 54
id-RAC	INTEGER ::= 55
id-RelocationType	INTEGER ::= 56
id-RequestType	INTEGER ::= 57
id-SAI	INTEGER ::= 58
id-SAPI	INTEGER ::= 59
id-SourceID	INTEGER ::= 60
id-SourceRNC-ToTargetRNC-TransparentContainer	INTEGER ::= 61
id-TargetID	INTEGER ::= 62
id-TargetRNC-ToSourceRNC-TransparentContainer	INTEGER ::= 63
id-TemporaryUE-ID	INTEGER ::= 64
id-TraceReference	INTEGER ::= 65
id-TraceType	INTEGER ::= 66
id-TransportLayerAddress	INTEGER ::= 67
id-TriggerID	INTEGER ::= 68
id-UE-ID	INTEGER ::= 69
id-UL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber	INTEGER ::= 70
id-RAB-FailedtoReportItem	INTEGER ::= 71
id-RAB-FailedtoReportList	INTEGER ::= 72
Ta land lalleaconcepotentse	IIIIIGER /Z

id-KeyStatus	INTEGER	::=	75
id-DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient	INTEGER	::=	76
id-IuSigConIdList	INTEGER	::=	77
id-IuSigConIdItem	INTEGER	::=	78
id-IuSigConId	INTEGER	::=	79
id-DirectTransferInformationItem-RANAP-RelocInf	INTEGER	::=	80
id-DirectTransferInformationList-RANAP-RelocInf	INTEGER	::=	81
id-RAB-ContextItem-RANAP-RelocInf	INTEGER	::=	82
id-RAB-ContextList-RANAP-RelocInf	INTEGER	::=	83
id-RAB-ContextFailedtoTransferItem	INTEGER	::=	84
id-RAB-ContextFailedtoTransferList	INTEGER	::=	85
id-GlobalRNC-ID	INTEGER	::=	86
id-RAB-ReleasedItem-IuRelComp	INTEGER	::=	87
id-MessageStructure	INTEGER	::=	88
id-TypeOfError	INTEGER	::=	93

END

A.2 Guidelines for Usage of the Criticality Diagnostics IE

A.2.1 EXAMPLE MESSAGE Layout

Assume the following message format:

IE/Group Name	<u>Presence</u>	<u>Range</u>	IE type and referenc e	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	<u>M</u>				YES	<u>reject</u>
<u>A</u>	<u>M</u>				<u>YES</u>	<u>reject</u>
<u>A</u> <u>B</u>	<u>M</u>				<u>YES</u>	<u>reject</u>
> <u>E</u>		1 <maxe></maxe>			<u>EACH</u>	<u>ignore</u>
<u>>>F</u>		1 <maxf></maxf>			- 1	
<u>>>>G</u>		<u>03,</u>			<u>EACH</u>	<u>ignore</u>
<u>>>H</u>		1 <maxh></maxh>			<u>EACH</u>	<u>ignore</u>
<u>>>>G</u>		<u>03,</u>			<u>EACH</u>	ignore and
						<u>notify</u>
<u>>>G</u>	<u>M</u>				<u>YES</u>	<u>reject</u>
<u>>>J</u>		<u>1<maxj></maxj></u>			-	
<u>>>>G</u>		<u>03,</u>			<u>EACH</u>	<u>reject</u>
<u>C</u>	<u>M</u>				<u>YES</u>	<u>reject</u>
<u>>K</u>		<u>1<maxk></maxk></u>			<u>EACH</u>	ignore and notify
<u>>>L</u>		1 <maxl></maxl>		-		
>>> <u>M</u>	0				- 1	
<u>D</u>	<u>M</u>				<u>YES</u>	reject

Note 1. The IEs F, J, and L do not have assigned criticality. The IEs F, J, and L are consequently realised as the

ASN.1 type SEQUENCE OF of "ordinary" ASN.1 type, e.g. INTEGER. On the other hand, the repeatable

IEs with assigned criticality are realised as the ASN.1 type SEQUENCE OF of an IE object, e.g.

ProtocolIE-Container.

For the corresponding ASN.1 layout, see subclause A.2.4.

A.2.2 Example on a Received EXAMPLE MESSAGE

Assume further more that a received message based on the above tabular format is according to the figure below.

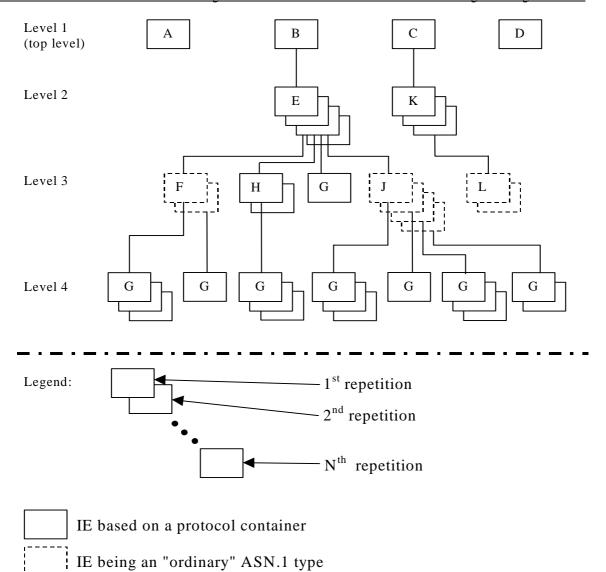
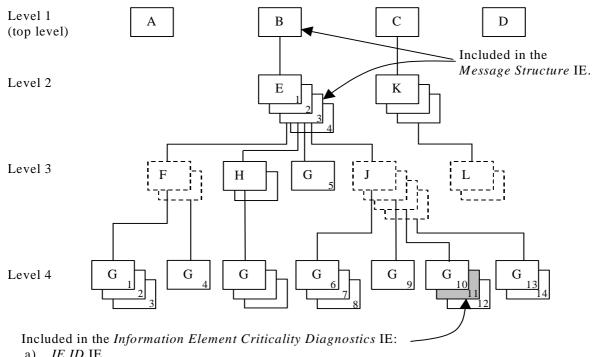


Figure A.1: Example of content of a received RANAP message based on the EXAMPLE MESSAGE

Content of Criticality Diagnostics A.2.3

A.2.3.1 Example 1



IE ID IE

Repetition Number IE

Figure A.2: Example of a received RANAP message containing a not comprehended IE

If there is an error within the instance marked as grey in the IE G in the IE J shown in the figure A.2 above, this will be reported within the Information Element Criticality Diagnostics IE within the Criticality Diagnostics IE as follows:

IE name	Value	Comment
IE Criticality	reject	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 4.
<u>IE ID</u>	id-G	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 4.
Repetition	<u>11</u>	Repetition number on the reported level, i.e. level 4.
<u>Number</u>		(Since the IE E (level 2) is the lowest level included in the Message Structure IE this is
		the eleventh occurrence of IE G within the IE E (level 2).
Type of Error	<u>not</u>	
	<u>underst</u>	
	<u>ood</u>	
Message Structur	e, first repe	<u>etition</u>
>IE ID	<u>id-B</u>	IE ID from level 1.
Message Structur	e, second	<u>repetition</u>
>IE ID	id-E	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.
>Repetition	3	Repetition number from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.
<u>Number</u>		

The IE J on level 3 cannot be included in the Message Structure IE since they have no criticality of their Note 2. own.

The repetition number of the reported IE indicates the number of repetitions of IE G received up to the Note 3. detected erroneous repetition, counting all occurrences of the IE G below the same instance of the previous level with assigned criticality (instance 3 of IE E on level 2).

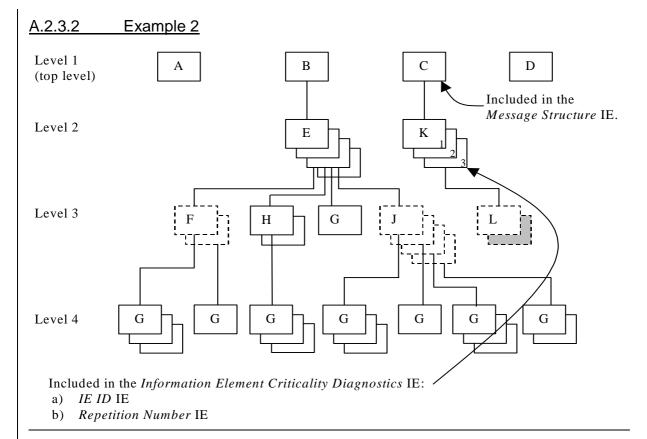
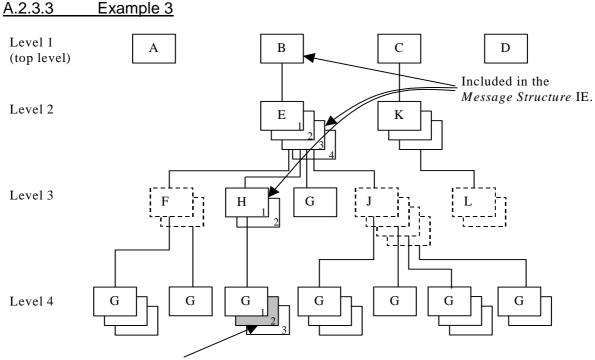


Figure A.3: Example of a received RANAP message containing a not comprehended IE

If there is an error within the second instance (marked as grey) in the sequence (IE L in the tabular format) on level 3 below IE K in the structure shown in the figure A.3 above, this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	Value	Comment
IE Criticality	<u>ignore</u>	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 2.
	<u>and</u>	
	<u>notify</u>	
<u>IE ID</u>	<u>id-K</u>	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 2.
Repetition	3	Repetition number on the reported level, i.e. level 2.
<u>Number</u>		
Type of Error	not	
	<u>underst</u>	
	<u>ood</u>	
Message Structu	re, <i>first rep</i>	<u>etition</u>
>IE ID	id-C	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 1.

Note 4. The IE L on level 3 cannot be reported individually included in the *Message Structure* IE since it has no criticality of its own.



Included in the Information Element Criticality Diagnostics IE:

- a) IE ID IE
- b) Repetition Number IE

Figure A.4: Example of a received RANAP message containing a not comprehended IE

If there is an error within the instance marked as grey in the IE G in the IE H shown in the figure A.4 above, this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	<u>Value</u>	<u>Comment</u>					
IE Criticality	reject	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 4.					
IE ID	id-G	ID from the reported level, i.e. level 4.					
Repetition	<u>2</u>	Repetition number on the reported level, i.e. level 4.					
<u>Number</u>							
Type of Error	<u>not</u>						
	underst						
	<u>ood</u>						
Message Structur	<u>e, first repe</u>	<u>etition</u>					
>IE ID	<u>id-B</u>	IE ID from level 1.					
Message Structur	e, second	<u>repetition</u>					
>IE ID	<u>id-E</u>	IE ID from level 2.					
>Repetition	<u>3</u>	Repetition number from level 2.					
<u>Number</u>							
Message Structur	Message Structure, third repetition						
>IE ID	<u>id-H</u>	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 3.					
>Repetition	1	Repetition number from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 3.					
<u>Number</u>							

Note 5. The repetition number of level 4 indicates the number of repetitions of IE G received up to the detected erroneous repetition, counted below the same instance of the previous level with assigned criticality (instance 1 of IE H on level 3).

A.2.3.4 Example 4 Level 1 A В C D (top level) Included in the Message Structure IE. Level 2 K Level 3 G Η Level 4 G G G

Included in the Information Element Criticality Diagnostics IE:

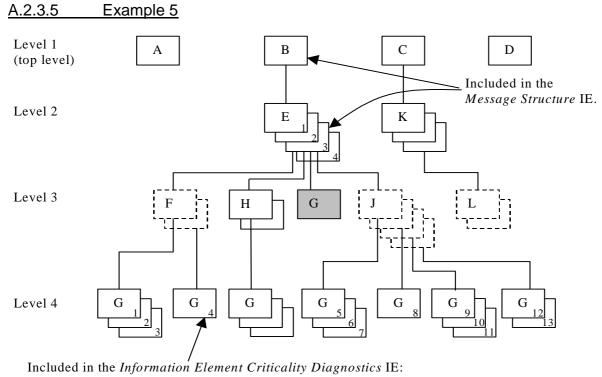
- a) IE ID IE
- b) Repetition Number IE

Figure A.5: Example of a received RANAP message containing a not comprehended IE

If there is an error within the instance marked as grey in the IE G in the IE E shown in the figure A.5 above, this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	<u>Value</u>	<u>Comment</u>				
IE Criticality	reject	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 3.				
<u>IE ID</u>	id-G	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 3.				
Repetition	<u>5</u>	Repetition number on the reported level, i.e. level 3.				
Number		(Since the IE E (level 2) is the lowest level included in the Message Structure IE this is				
		the fifth occurrence of IE G within the IE E (level 2).				
Type of Error	not					
	underst					
	ood					
Message Structur	e, first repe	etition_				
>IE ID	<u>id-B</u>	IE ID from level 1.				
Message Structur	Message Structure, second repetition					
>IE ID	<u>id-E</u>	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.				
>Repetition	3	Repetition number from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.				
Number						

Note 6. The repetition number of the reported IE indicates the number of repetitions of IE G received up to the detected erroneous repetition, counting all occurrences of the IE G below the same instance of the previous level with assigned criticality (instance 3 of IE E on level 2).



- a) IE ID IE
- b) Repetition Number IE

Figure A.6: Example of a received RANAP message with a missing IE

If the instance marked as grey in the IE G in the IE E shown in the figure A.6 above, is missing this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	<u>Value</u>	<u>Comment</u>		
IE Criticality	reject	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 3.		
<u>IE ID</u>	id-G	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 3.		
Repetition Number	4	Repetition number up to the missing IE on the reported level, i.e. level 3. (Since the IE E (level 2) is the lowest level included in the Message Structure IE there have been four occurrences of IE G within the IE E (level 2) up to the missing occurrence.		
Type of Error	missing			
Message Structur	e, first repe	<u>etition</u>		
>IE ID	<u>id-B</u>	IE ID from level 1.		
Message Structure, second repetition				
>IE ID	<u>id-E</u>	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.		
>Repetition Number	<u>3</u>	Repetition number from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.		

Note 7. The repetition number of the reported IE indicates the number of repetitions of IE G received up to but not including the missing occurrence, counting all occurrences of the IE G below the same instance of the previous level with assigned criticality (instance 3 of IE E on level 2).

A.2.4 ASN.1 of EXAMPLE MESSAGE

```
ExampleMessage ::= SEQUENCE {
    ProtocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container {{ExampleMessage-IEs}},
ProtocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer {{ExampleMessage-Extensions}}
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
}
CRITICALITY reject TYPE A PRESENCE mandatory CRITICALITY reject TYPE B PRESENCE mandatory
    { ID id-A
    { ID id-B
    { ID id-C CRITICALITY reject TYPE C PRESENCE mandatory} { ID id-D CRITICALITY reject TYPE D PRESENCE mandatory}
    . . .
B ::= SEQUENCE {
                    E-List,
    iE-Extensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {B-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
B-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
E-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxE)) OF ProtocolIE-Container { {E-IEs} }
E-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
  { ID id-E CRITICALITY ignore TYPE E PRESENCE mandatory },
E ::= SEQUENCE {
                    F-List,
                    H-List,
    h
                    G-List1,
    g
                   J-List,
ProtocolExtensionContainer { {E-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions
E-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
F-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxF)) OF F
F ::= SEQUENCE {
                    G-List2 OPTIONAL,
                    ProtocolExtensionContainer { {F-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions
            RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
F-ExtIEs
G-List2 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..3, ...)) OF ProtocolIE-Container { G2-IEs} }
G2-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    H-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxH)) OF ProtocolIE-Container { {H-IEs} }
H-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
  { ID id-H CRITICALITY ignore TYPE H PRESENCE mandatory },
H ::= SEQUENCE {
                    G-List3 OPTIONAL.
                                     ProtocolExtensionContainer { {H-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions
H-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
```

```
G-List3 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..3, ...)) OF ProtocolIE-Container { G3-IEs} }
G3-IEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   G-List1 ::= ProtocolIE-Container { G1-IEs} }
G1-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
  { ID id-G CRITICALITY reject TYPE G PRESENCE mandatory },
J-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxJ)) OF J
J ::= SEQUENCE {
                 G-List4 OPTIONAL,
    \begin{tabular}{ll} i E-Extensions & Protocol Extension Container $ \{ J-ExtIEs \} $ \} & OPTIONAL, \\ \end{tabular} 
J-ExtIES RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
G-List4 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..3, ...)) OF ProtocolIE-Container { {G4-IEs} }
G4-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
  { ID id-G CRITICALITY reject TYPE G PRESENCE mandatory },
C ::= SEQUENCE {
                  K-List,
  iE-Extensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {C-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
K-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxK)) OF ProtocolIE-Container { {K-IEs} }
K-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
{ ID id-K CRITICALITY notify TYPE K PRESENCE mandatory },
K ::= SEQUENCE {
   L-List,
iE-Extensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {K-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
  1
K-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
L-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxL)) OF L
L ::= SEQUENCE {
                  M OPTIONAL,
  iE-Extensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {L-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
L-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
{\tt ExampleMessage-Extensions\ RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION\ ::=\ \{}
```

		·					
		CHAN	GE REQ	UEST	•		CR-Form-v3
[¥] 25.4	413	CR 277	₩ rev	1 **	Current vers	ion: 4.0.0	#
For <u>HELP</u> on us	sing this for	rm, see bottom o	f this page or	look at th	e pop-up text	over the % sy	mbols.
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Title: #	Correction	ns and introducti	on of an appe	endix for u	sage of Critica	ality Diagnost	ics IE
Source: #	R-WG3						
Work item code: ₩	TEI				Date: ₩	2001-05-16	
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(decoder) error if this IE is received by a node of an version which did not implemented this change.

Correction in ASN.1+removal of ellipsis from the repetition number were performed.

It will not be possible to know what type of error that is reported, making it difficult to take appropriate actions.

The proposed change is not backwards compatible due to:

The changes done to the value range for Repetition Number.

The introduction of the possibility to report missing IEs, thus making received information ambiguous for a receiver implemented according to Criticality Diagnostics without this possibility.

Clauses affected:	# 9.2.1.35, 9.2.1.42, 9.3.4, 9.3.6 and Appendix A.2 (new)									
Other specs	** Other core specifications									
affected:	Test specifications O&M Specifications									
Other comments:	×									

How to create CRs using this form:

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at: http://www.3gpp.org/3G Specs/CRs.htm. Below is a brief summary:

- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked **#** contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

9.2.1.35 Criticality Diagnostics

For further details on how to use the Criticality Diagnostics IE, see Annex A.2.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and	Semantics description
_		90	reference	Communication
Criticality Diagnostics				
>Procedure Code	0		INTEGER (0255)	Procedure Code is to be used if Criticality Diagnostics is part of Error Indication procedure, and not within the response message of the same procedure that caused the error
>Triggering Message	0		ENUMERAT ED(initiating message, successful outcome, unsuccessful outcome, outcome)	The Triggering Message is used only if the Criticality Diagnostics is part of Error Indication procedure.
>Procedure Criticality	0		ENUMERAT ED(reject, ignore, notify)	This Procedure Criticality is used for reporting the Criticality of the Triggering message (Procedure). The value 'ignore' shall never be used.
Information Element Criticality Diagnostics		0 to <maxnoof errors=""></maxnoof>		
>IE Criticality	M		ENUMERAT ED(reject, ignore, notify)	The IE Criticality is used for reporting the criticality of the triggering IE. The value 'ignore' shall not be used.
>IE ID	М		INTEGER (065535)	The IE ID of the not understood or missing IE
>Repetition Number	0		INTEGER (<u>0</u> 425 <u>5</u> 6)	The Repetition Number IE gives in case of a not understood IE: The number of occurrences of the reported IE up to and including the not understood occurrence in case of a missing IE: The number of occurrences up to but not including the missing occurrence. Note: All the counted occurrences of the reported IE must have the same topdown hierachical message structure of IEs with assigned criticality above them. The repetition number of the not understood IE within the bottom most repetition level identified by the message structure IE, if applicable
>Message Structure	0		9.2.1.42	The Message Structure IE describes the structure where the not understood or missing IE was detected. This IE is included if the not understood IE is not the top
>Type of Error	<u>M</u>		ENUMERAT	level of the message.
			ED(not	

	underst	od,	
	missing)	

Range bound	Explanation			
maxnooferrors	Maximum no. of IE errors allowed to be reported with a single			
	message. The value for maxnooferrors is 256.			

9.2.1.42 Message Structure

The *Message Structure* IE gives information for each level with assigned criticality in an hierachical message structure from top level down to the lowest level above the reported level for the occured error (reported in the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE).

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message structure		1 to <maxnoofle vels></maxnoofle 		The first repetition of the Message Structure IE corresponds to the top level of the message. The last repetition of the Message Structure IE corresponds to the level above the reported level for the occured error of the message. Information given per level with assigned criticality in an hierachical message structure. Given from top level down to the level above the reported level for the occured error (reported in the Information Element Criticality Diagnostics IE).	GLOBAL	ignore
>IE ID	M		INTEGER (065535)	The IE ID of this level's IE containing the not understood or missing IE.	-	
>Repetition Number	0		INTEGER (1256)	The Repetition Number IE gives, if applicable, the number of occurrences of this level's reported IE up to and including the occurrence containing the not understood or missing IE. Note: All the counted occurrences of the reported IE must have the same topdown hierachical message structure of IEs with assigned criticality above them.The repetition number of this level's reported IE, if applicable	-	

Range bound	Explanation
maxnooflevels	Maximum no. of message levels to report. The value for
	maxnooflevels is 256.

9.3.4 Information Element Definitions

```
__ *******************
-- Information Element Definitions
__ *********************
RANAP-IEs {
itu-t (0) identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0)
umts-Access (20) modules (3) ranap (0) version1 (1) ranap-IEs (2) }
DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=
BEGIN
IMPORTS
   maxNrOfErrors,
   maxNrOfPDPDirections,
   maxNrOfPoints,
   maxNrOfRABs,
   maxNrOfSeparateTrafficDirections,
   maxRAB-Subflows,
   maxRAB-SubflowCombination,
   maxNrOfLevels,
   maxNrOfAltValues,
    id-MessageStructure,
   id-TypeOfError
FROM RANAP-Constants
   Criticality,
   ProcedureCode,
   ProtocolIE-ID,
   TriggeringMessage
FROM RANAP-CommonDataTypes
   ProtocolExtensionContainer{},
   RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION
FROM RANAP-Containers;
-- A
AllocationOrRetentionPriority ::= SEQUENCE {
   priorityLevel
                         PriorityLevel,
                             Pre-emptionCapability,
   pre-emptionCapability
   pre-emptionVulnerability
                             Pre-emptionVulnerability,
   queuingAllowed
                          QueuingAllowed,
   iE-Extensions
                          ProtocolExtensionContainer { {AllocationOrRetentionPriority-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    . . .
```

```
AllocationOrRetentionPriority-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
Alt-RAB-Parameters ::= SEQUENCE {
    altMaxBitrateInf
                                Alt-RAB-Parameter-MaxBitrateInf
                                                                                        OPTIONAL,
    altGuaranteedBitRateInf
                               Alt-RAB-Parameter-GuaranteedBitrateInf
                                                                                        OPTIONAL,
                           ProtocolExtensionContainer { {Alt-RAB-Parameters-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions
Alt-RAB-Parameters-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
Alt-RAB-Parameter-GuaranteedBitrateInf ::= SEQUENCE {
    altGuaranteedBitrateType
                                     Alt-RAB-Parameter-GuaranteedBitrateType,
    altGuaranteedBitrates
                                       Alt-RAB-Parameter-GuaranteedBitrates
                                                                                        OPTIONAL
    -- This IE is only present when a value range or discrete values are given --,
Alt-RAB-Parameter-GuaranteedBitrateType ::= ENUMERATED{
    unspecified,
    value-range,
    discrete-values,
Alt-RAB-Parameter-GuaranteedBitrates ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfAltValues)) OF
    Alt-RAB-Parameter-GuaranteedBitrateList
Alt-RAB-Parameter-GuaranteedBitrateList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfSeparateTrafficDirections)) OF GuaranteedBitrate
Alt-RAB-Parameter-MaxBitrateInf ::= SEQUENCE {
    altMaxBitrateType
                               Alt-RAB-Parameter-MaxBitrateType,
    altMaxBitrates
                               Alt-RAB-Parameter-MaxBitrates
                                                                        OPTIONAL
    -- This IE is only present when a value range or discrete values are given --,
Alt-RAB-Parameter-MaxBitrateType ::= ENUMERATED{
    unspecified,
    value-range,
    discrete-values,
    . . .
Alt-RAB-Parameter-MaxBitrates ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfAltValues)) OF
```

3GPP TS 25.413 V4.0.0 (2001-03)

Alt-RAB-Parameter-MaxBitrateList Alt-RAB-Parameter-MaxBitrateList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfSeparateTrafficDirections)) OF MaxBitrate AreaIdentity ::= CHOICE { geographicalArea GeographicalArea, Ass-RAB-Parameters ::= SEQUENCE { assMaxBitrateInf Ass-RAB-Parameter-MaxBitrateList OPTIONAL -- This IE is only present when RAB QoS Negotiation has been performed for the RAB Parameter in question --, assGuaranteedBitRateInf Ass-RAB-Parameter-GuaranteedBitrateList OPTIONAL -- This IE is only present when RAB QoS Negotiation has been performed for the RAB Parameter in question --, ProtocolExtensionContainer { {Ass-RAB-Parameters-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL, iE-Extensions . . . Ass-RAB-Parameters-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= { Ass-RAB-Parameter-GuaranteedBitrateList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfSeparateTrafficDirections)) OF GuaranteedBitrate Ass-RAB-Parameter-MaxBitrateList ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfSeparateTrafficDirections)) OF MaxBitrate -- B BindingID ::= OCTET STRING (SIZE (4)) -- C Cause ::= CHOICE { radioNetwork CauseRadioNetwork, transmissionNetwork CauseTransmissionNetwork, nAS CauseNAS, CauseProtocol, protocol misc CauseMisc, CauseNon-Standard, non-Standard CauseMisc ::= INTEGER om-intervention (113),

no-resource-available (114), unspecified-failure (115),

```
network-optimisation (116)
} (113..128)
CauseNAS ::= INTEGER {
    user-restriction-start-indication (81),
    user-restriction-end-indication (82),
    normal-release (83)
} (81..96)
CauseProtocol ::= INTEGER {
    transfer-syntax-error (97),
    semantic-error (98),
    message-not-compatible-with-receiver-state (99),
    abstract-syntax-error-reject (100),
    abstract-syntax-error-ignore-and-notify (101),
    abstract-syntax-error-falsely-constructed-message (102)
} (97..112)
CauseRadioNetwork ::= INTEGER {
    rab-pre-empted (1),
    trelocoverall-expiry (2),
    trelocprep-expiry (3),
    treloccomplete-expiry (4),
    tqueing-expiry (5),
    relocation-triggered (6),
    trellocalloc-expiry(7),
    unable-to-establish-during-relocation (8),
    unknown-target-rnc (9),
    relocation-cancelled (10),
    successful-relocation (11),
    requested-ciphering-and-or-integrity-protection-algorithms-not-supported (12),
    change-of-ciphering-and-or-integrity-protection-is-not-supported (13),
    failure-in-the-radio-interface-procedure (14),
    release-due-to-utran-generated-reason (15),
    user-inactivity (16),
    time-critical-relocation (17),
    requested-traffic-class-not-available (18),
    invalid-rab-parameters-value (19),
    requested-maximum-bit-rate-not-available (20),
    requested-guaranteed-bit-rate-not-available (21),
    requested-transfer-delay-not-achievable (22),
    invalid-rab-parameters-combination (23),
    condition-violation-for-sdu-parameters (24),
    condition-violation-for-traffic-handling-priority (25),
    condition-violation-for-guaranteed-bit-rate (26),
    user-plane-versions-not-supported (27),
    iu-up-failure (28),
    relocation-failure-in-target-CN-RNC-or-target-system(29),
    invalid-RAB-ID (30),
    no-remaining-rab (31),
    interaction-with-other-procedure (32),
    requested-maximum-bit-rate-for-dl-not-available (33),
```

```
requested-maximum-bit-rate-for-ul-not-available (34),
    requested-quaranteed-bit-rate-for-dl-not-available (35),
    requested-quaranteed-bit-rate-for-ul-not-available (36),
    repeated-integrity-checking-failure (37),
    requested-report-type-not-supported (38),
    request-superseded (39),
    release-due-to-UE-generated-signalling-connection-release (40),
    resource-optimisation-relocation (41),
    requested-information-not-available (42),
    relocation-desirable-for-radio-reasons (43),
    relocation-not-supported-in-target-RNC-or-target-system (44),
    directed-retry (45),
    radio-connection-with-UE-Lost (46),
    rNC-unable-to-establish-all-RFCs (47)
} (1..64)
CauseNon-Standard ::= INTEGER (129..256)
CauseTransmissionNetwork ::= INTEGER
    signalling-transport-resource-failure (65),
    iu-transport-connection-failed-to-establish (66)
} (65..80)
CriticalityDiagnostics ::= SEQUENCE {
    procedureCode
                            ProcedureCode
                                                    OPTIONAL.
    triggeringMessage
                            TriggeringMessage
                                                    OPTIONAL,
    procedureCriticality
                                Criticality
                                                    OPTIONAL,
    iEsCriticalityDiagnostics
                                    CriticalityDiagnostics-IE-List OPTIONAL,
                            ProtocolExtensionContainer { {CriticalityDiagnostics-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions
CriticalityDiagnostics-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
CriticalityDiagnostics-IE-List ::= SEOUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfErrors)) OF
    SEOUENCE {
        iECriticality
                            Criticality,
        iE-ID
                            ProtocolIE-ID,
        repetitionNumber
                                RepetitionNumber0
                                                        OPTIONAL,
                                ProtocolExtensionContainer { {CriticalityDiagnostics-IE-List-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
        iE-Extensions
CriticalityDiagnostics-IE-List-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
       ID id-MessageStructure CRITICALITY ignore
                                                        EXTENSION MessageStructure PRESENCE optional
        ID id-TypeOfError
                                CRITICALITY ignore
                                                        EXTENSION TypeOfError
                                                                                     PRESENCE mandatory
    . . .
MessageStructure ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxNrOfLevels)) OF
```

**** LOTS OF UNAFFECTED ASN.1 DESCRIPTION FROM SECTION 9.3.4 NOT SHOWN ****

```
RelocationType ::= ENUMERATED {
    ue-not-involved,
    ue-involved,
    ...
}

RepetitionNumber0 ::= INTEGER (01..2556)
RepetitionNumber1 ::= INTEGER (1..256)
```

**** LOTS OF UNAFFECTED ASN.1 DESCRIPTION FROM SECTION 9.3.4 NOT SHOWN ****

9.3.6 Constant Definitions

```
__ *******************
-- Constant definitions
RANAP-Constants {
itu-t (0) identified-organization (4) etsi (0) mobileDomain (0)
umts-Access (20) modules (3) ranap (0) version1 (1) ranap-Constants (4) }
DEFINITIONS AUTOMATIC TAGS ::=
BEGIN
  ****************
-- Elementary Procedures
__ ********************
id-RAB-Assignment
                               INTEGER ::= 0
id-Iu-Release
                               INTEGER ::= 1
id-RelocationPreparation
                               INTEGER ::= 2
id-RelocationResourceAllocation
                               INTEGER ::= 3
id-RelocationCancel
                               INTEGER ::= 4
id-SRNS-ContextTransfer
                               INTEGER ::= 5
id-SecurityModeControl
                               INTEGER ::= 6
id-DataVolumeReport
                               INTEGER ::= 7
id-Reset
                               INTEGER ::= 9
id-RAB-ReleaseRequest
                               INTEGER ::= 10
id-Iu-ReleaseRequest
                               INTEGER ::= 11
id-RelocationDetect
                               INTEGER ::= 12
id-RelocationComplete
                               INTEGER ::= 13
id-Paging
                               INTEGER ::= 14
id-CommonID
                               INTEGER ::= 15
id-CN-InvokeTrace
                               INTEGER ::= 16
id-LocationReportingControl
                               INTEGER ::= 17
id-LocationReport
                               INTEGER ::= 18
id-InitialUE-Message
                               INTEGER ::= 19
id-DirectTransfer
                               INTEGER ::= 20
id-OverloadControl
                               INTEGER ::= 21
id-ErrorIndication
                               INTEGER ::= 22
id-SRNS-DataForward
                               INTEGER ::= 23
id-ForwardSRNS-Context
                               INTEGER ::= 24
id-privateMessage
                               INTEGER ::= 25
id-CN-DeactivateTrace
                               INTEGER ::= 26
id-ResetResource
                               INTEGER ::= 27
id-RANAP-Relocation
                               INTEGER ::= 28
id-RAB-ModifyRequest
                               INTEGER ::= 29
```

*******************	*****	******
Extension constants		
******************	*****	******
maxPrivateIEs	INTEGER ::=	
maxProtocolExtensions	INTEGER ::=	
maxProtocolIEs	INTEGER ::=	65535
*****************	*****	******
Lists		
******************	******	******
maxNrOfDTs	INTEGER ::=	
maxNrOfErrors	INTEGER ::=	
maxNrOfIuSigConIds	INTEGER ::=	
maxNrOfPDPDirections	INTEGER ::=	
maxNrOfPoints	INTEGER ::=	
maxNrOfRABs	INTEGER ::=	
maxNrOfSeparateTrafficDirections	INTEGER ::=	
maxNrOfVol	INTEGER ::=	
maxNrOfLevels maxNrOfAltValues	INTEGER ::=	
MaxWIOIAICVAIUES	INTEGER ::=	16
maxRAB-Subflows	INTEGER ::=	7
maxRAB-SubflowCombination	INTEGER ::=	64
******************	* * * * * * * * * * *	******
TD::		
IEs		
*****************	******	******
id-AreaIdentity		INTEGER ::= 0
id-CN-DomainIndicator		INTEGER ::= 3
id-Cause		INTEGER ::= 4
id-ChosenEncryptionAlgorithm		INTEGER ::= 5
id-ChosenIntegrityProtectionAlgorit	hm	INTEGER ::= 6
id-ClassmarkInformation2		INTEGER ::= 7
id-ClassmarkInformation3		INTEGER ::= 8
id-CriticalityDiagnostics		INTEGER ::= 9
id-DL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber		INTEGER ::= 10
id-EncryptionInformation		INTEGER ::= 11
id-IntegrityProtectionInformation		INTEGER ::= 12
id-IuTransportAssociation		INTEGER ::= 13
id-L3-Information		INTEGER ::= 14
id-LAI		INTEGER ::= 15
id-NAS-PDU		INTEGER ::= 16

id-NonSearchingIndication	INTEGER ::= 17
id-NumberOfSteps	INTEGER ::= 18
id-OMC-ID	INTEGER ::= 19
id-OldBSS-ToNewBSS-Information	INTEGER ::= 20
id-PagingAreaID	INTEGER ::= 21
id-PagingCause	INTEGER ::= 22
id-PermanentNAS-UE-ID	INTEGER ::= 23
id-RAB-ContextItem	INTEGER ::= 24
id-RAB-ContextList	INTEGER ::= 25
id-RAB-DataForwardingItem	INTEGER ::= 26
id-RAB-DataForwardingItem-SRNS-CtxReq	INTEGER ::= 27
id-RAB-DataForwardingList	INTEGER ::= 28
id-RAB-DataForwardingList-SRNS-CtxReq	INTEGER ::= 29
id-RAB-DataVolumeReportItem	INTEGER ::= 30
id-RAB-DataVolumeReportList	INTEGER ::= 31
id-RAB-DataVolumeReportRequestItem	INTEGER ::= 32
id-RAB-DataVolumeReportRequestList	INTEGER ::= 33
id-RAB-FailedItem	INTEGER ::= 34
id-RAB-FailedList	INTEGER ::= 35
id-RAB-ID	INTEGER ::= 36
id-RAB-QueuedItem	INTEGER ::= 37
id-RAB-QueuedList	INTEGER ::= 38
id-RAB-ReleaseFailedList	INTEGER ::= 39
id-RAB-ReleaseItem	INTEGER ::= 40
id-RAB-ReleaseList	INTEGER ::= 41
id-RAB-ReleasedItem	INTEGER ::= 42
id-RAB-ReleasedList	INTEGER ::= 43
id-RAB-ReleasedList-IuRelComp	INTEGER ::= 44
id-RAB-RelocationReleaseItem	INTEGER ::= 45
id-RAB-RelocationReleaseList	INTEGER ::= 46
id-RAB-SetupItem-RelocReg	INTEGER ::= 47
id-RAB-SetupItem-RelocRegAck	INTEGER ::= 48
id-RAB-SetupList-RelocReq	INTEGER ::= 49
id-RAB-SetupList-RelocRegAck	INTEGER ::= 50
id-RAB-SetupOrModifiedItem	INTEGER ::= 51
id-RAB-SetupOrModifiedList	INTEGER ::= 52
id-RAB-SetupOrModifyItem	INTEGER ::= 53
id-RAB-SetupOrModifyList	INTEGER ::= 54
id-RAC	INTEGER ::= 55
id-RelocationType	INTEGER ::= 56
id-RequestType	INTEGER ::= 57
id-SAI	INTEGER ::= 58
id-SAPI	INTEGER ::= 59
id-SourceID	INTEGER ::= 60
id-SourceRNC-ToTargetRNC-TransparentContainer	INTEGER ::= 61
id-TargetID	INTEGER ::= 62
id-TargetRNC-ToSourceRNC-TransparentContainer	INTEGER ::= 63
id-TemporaryUE-ID	INTEGER ::= 64
id-TraceReference	INTEGER ::= 65
id-TraceType	INTEGER ::= 66
id-TransportLayerAddress	INTEGER ::= 67
id-TriggerID	INTEGER ::= 68
id-UE-ID	INTEGER ::= 69
14 01 12	11,1EGER 05

id-UL-GTP-PDU-SequenceNumber	INTEGER		
id-RAB-FailedtoReportItem	INTEGER	: :=	71
id-RAB-FailedtoReportList	INTEGER	::=	72
id-KeyStatus	INTEGER	::=	75
id-DRX-CycleLengthCoefficient	INTEGER	::=	76
id-IuSigConIdList	INTEGER	::=	77
id-IuSigConIdItem	INTEGER	::=	78
id-IuSigConId	INTEGER	::=	79
id-DirectTransferInformationItem-RANAP-RelocInf	INTEGER	::=	80
id-DirectTransferInformationList-RANAP-RelocInf	INTEGER	::=	81
id-RAB-ContextItem-RANAP-RelocInf	INTEGER	::=	82
id-RAB-ContextList-RANAP-RelocInf	INTEGER	::=	83
id-RAB-ContextFailedtoTransferItem	INTEGER	::=	84
id-RAB-ContextFailedtoTransferList	INTEGER	::=	85
id-GlobalRNC-ID	INTEGER	::=	86
id-RAB-ReleasedItem-IuRelComp	INTEGER	::=	87
id-MessageStructure	INTEGER	::=	88
id-Alt-RAB-Parameters	INTEGER	::=	89
id-Ass-RAB-Parameters	INTEGER	::=	90
id-RAB-ModifyList	INTEGER	::=	91
id-RAB-ModifyItem	INTEGER	::=	92
id-TypeOfError	INTEGER	::=	93

A.2 Guidelines for Usage of the Criticality Diagnostics IE

A.2.1 EXAMPLE MESSAGE Layout

Assume the following message format:

IE/Group Name	<u>Presence</u>	<u>Range</u>	IE type and referenc e	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	<u>M</u>				<u>YES</u>	<u>reject</u>
<u>A</u>	<u>M</u>				<u>YES</u>	<u>reject</u>
<u>A</u> <u>B</u>	<u>M</u>				<u>YES</u>	<u>reject</u>
<u>>E</u>		<u>1<maxe></maxe></u>			<u>EACH</u>	<u>ignore</u>
<u>>>F</u>		1 <maxf></maxf>			<u>-</u>	
<u>>>>G</u>		<u>03,</u>			<u>EACH</u>	<u>ignore</u>
<u>>>H</u>		1 <maxh></maxh>			<u>EACH</u>	<u>ignore</u>
<u>>>>G</u>		<u>03,</u>			<u>EACH</u>	ignore and
						<u>notify</u>
<u>>>G</u>	<u>M</u>				<u>YES</u>	<u>reject</u>
<u>>>J</u>		<u>1<maxj></maxj></u>			-	
<u>>>>G</u>		<u>03,</u>			<u>EACH</u>	<u>reject</u>
<u>C</u>	<u>M</u>				<u>YES</u>	<u>reject</u>
<u>>K</u>		<u>1<maxk></maxk></u>			<u>EACH</u>	ignore and notify
>>L		<u>1<maxl></maxl></u>			-	
>>> <u>M</u>	0				-	
<u>D</u>	<u>M</u>				<u>YES</u>	<u>reject</u>

Note 1. The IEs F, J, and L do not have assigned criticality. The IEs F, J, and L are consequently realised as the

ASN.1 type SEQUENCE OF of "ordinary" ASN.1 type, e.g. INTEGER. On the other hand, the repeatable

IEs with assigned criticality are realised as the ASN.1 type SEQUENCE OF of an IE object, e.g.

ProtocolIE-Container.

For the corresponding ASN.1 layout, see subclause A.2.4.

A.2.2 Example on a Received EXAMPLE MESSAGE

Assume further more that a received message based on the above tabular format is according to the figure below.

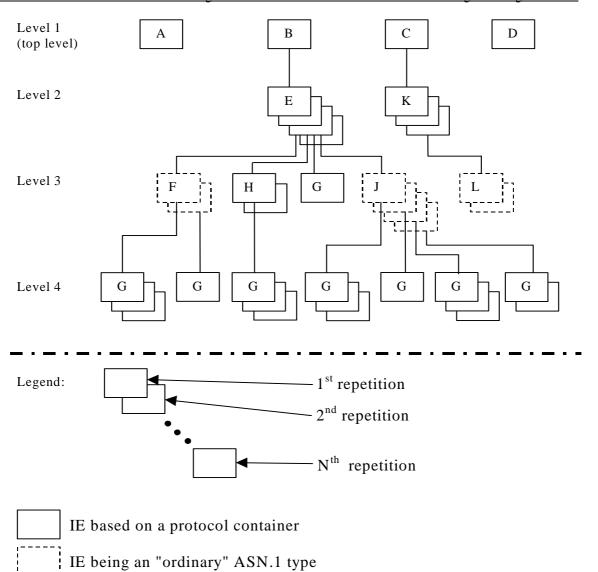
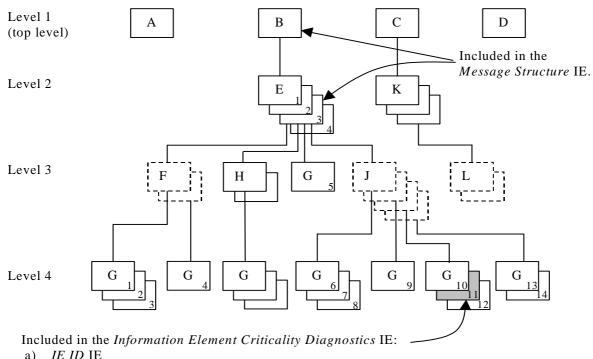


Figure A.1: Example of content of a received RANAP message based on the EXAMPLE MESSAGE

Content of Criticality Diagnostics A.2.3

Example 1 A.2.3.1



IE ID IE

Repetition Number IE

Figure A.2: Example of a received RANAP message containing a not comprehended IE

If there is an error within the instance marked as grey in the IE G in the IE J shown in the figure A.2 above, this will be reported within the Information Element Criticality Diagnostics IE within the Criticality Diagnostics IE as follows:

IE name	Value	Comment
IE Criticality	reject	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 4.
<u>IE ID</u>	id-G	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 4.
Repetition	<u>11</u>	Repetition number on the reported level, i.e. level 4.
<u>Number</u>		(Since the IE E (level 2) is the lowest level included in the Message Structure IE this is
		the eleventh occurrence of IE G within the IE E (level 2).
Type of Error	<u>not</u>	
	<u>underst</u>	
	<u>ood</u>	
Message Structur	e, first repe	<u>etition</u>
>IE ID	<u>id-B</u>	IE ID from level 1.
Message Structur	e, second	<u>repetition</u>
>IE ID	id-E	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.
>Repetition	3	Repetition number from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.
<u>Number</u>		

The IE J on level 3 cannot be included in the Message Structure IE since they have no criticality of their Note 2. own.

The repetition number of the reported IE indicates the number of repetitions of IE G received up to the Note 3. detected erroneous repetition, counting all occurrences of the IE G below the same instance of the previous level with assigned criticality (instance 3 of IE E on level 2).

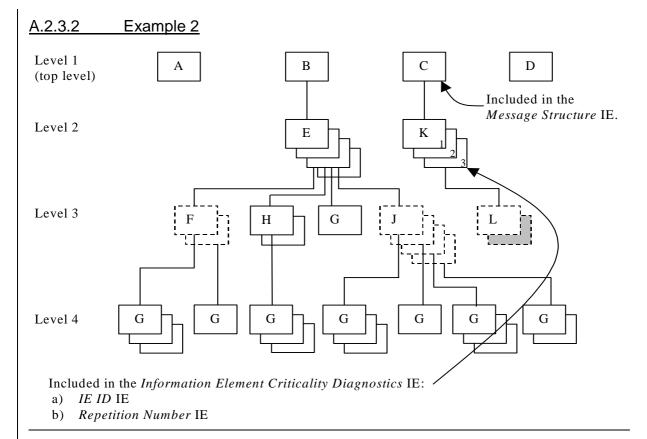
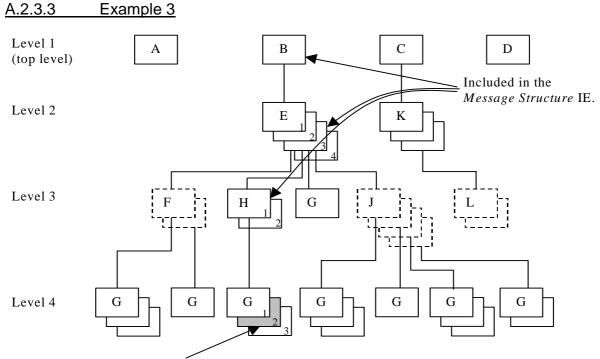


Figure A.3: Example of a received RANAP message containing a not comprehended IE

If there is an error within the second instance (marked as grey) in the sequence (IE L in the tabular format) on level 3 below IE K in the structure shown in the figure A.3 above, this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	Value	<u>Comment</u>
IE Criticality	ignore and	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 2.
	and notify	
<u>IE ID</u>	<u>id-K</u>	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 2.
Repetition	3	Repetition number on the reported level, i.e. level 2.
<u>Number</u>		
Type of Error	not	
	underst	
	<u>ood</u>	
Message Structur	re, <i>first rep</i> e	<u>etition</u>
>IE ID	id-C	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 1.

Note 4. The IE L on level 3 cannot be reported individually included in the *Message Structure* IE since it has no criticality of its own.



Included in the Information Element Criticality Diagnostics IE:

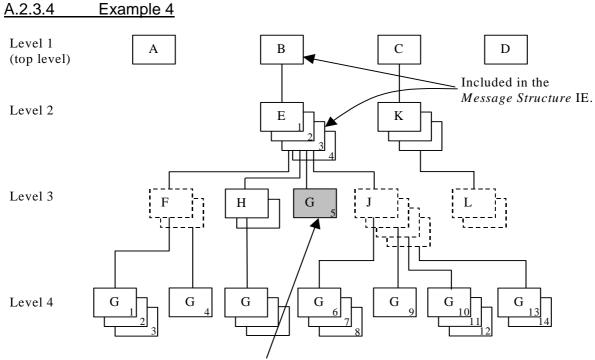
- a) IE ID IE
- b) Repetition Number IE

Figure A.4: Example of a received RANAP message containing a not comprehended IE

If there is an error within the instance marked as grey in the IE G in the IE H shown in the figure A.4 above, this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	<u>Value</u>	<u>Comment</u>		
IE Criticality	reject	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 4.		
IE ID	id-G	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 4.		
Repetition	<u>2</u>	Repetition number on the reported level, i.e. level 4.		
<u>Number</u>				
Type of Error	<u>not</u>			
	underst			
	<u>ood</u>			
Message Structur	<u>e, first repe</u>	<u>etition</u>		
>IE ID	<u>id-B</u>	IE ID from level 1.		
Message Structur	e, second	<u>repetition</u>		
>IE ID	<u>id-E</u>	IE ID from level 2.		
>Repetition	<u>3</u>	Repetition number from level 2.		
<u>Number</u>				
Message Structure, third repetition				
>IE ID	<u>id-H</u>	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 3.		
>Repetition	1	Repetition number from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 3.		
<u>Number</u>				

Note 5. The repetition number of level 4 indicates the number of repetitions of IE G received up to the detected erroneous repetition, counted below the same instance of the previous level with assigned criticality (instance 1 of IE H on level 3).



Included in the Information Element Criticality Diagnostics IE:

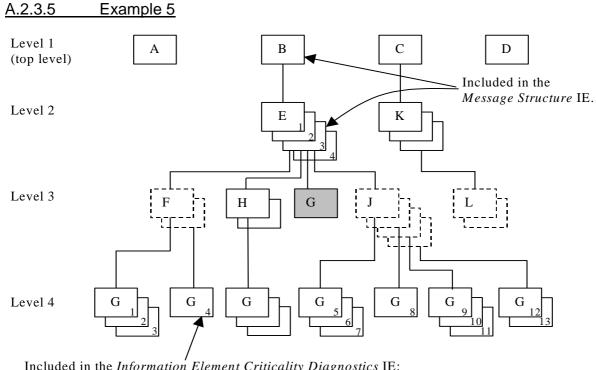
- a) IE ID IE
- b) Repetition Number IE

Figure A.5: Example of a received RANAP message containing a not comprehended IE

If there is an error within the instance marked as grey in the IE G in the IE E shown in the figure A.5 above, this will be reported within the *Information Element Criticality Diagnostics* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE as follows:

IE name	<u>Value</u>	<u>Comment</u>
IE Criticality	reject	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 3.
<u>IE ID</u>	id-G	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 3.
Repetition	<u>5</u>	Repetition number on the reported level, i.e. level 3.
Number		(Since the IE E (level 2) is the lowest level included in the Message Structure IE this is
		the fifth occurrence of IE G within the IE E (level 2).
Type of Error	<u>not</u>	
	underst	
	<u>ood</u>	
Message Structur	e, first repe	etition
>IE ID	<u>id-B</u>	IE ID from level 1.
Message Structur	e, second	<u>repetition</u>
>IE ID	<u>id-E</u>	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.
>Repetition	3	Repetition number from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.
Number		

Note 6. The repetition number of the reported IE indicates the number of repetitions of IE G received up to the detected erroneous repetition, counting all occurrences of the IE G below the same instance of the previous level with assigned criticality (instance 3 of IE E on level 2).



Included in the Information Element Criticality Diagnostics IE:

- IE ID IE
- Repetition Number IE

Figure A.6: Example of a received RANAP message with a missing IE

If the instance marked as grey in the IE G in the IE E shown in the figure A.6 above, is missing this will be reported within the Information Element Criticality Diagnostics IE within the Criticality Diagnostics IE as follows:

IE name	<u>Value</u>	<u>Comment</u>
IE Criticality	reject	Criticality for IE on the reported level, i.e. level 3.
IE ID	<u>id-G</u>	IE ID from the reported level, i.e. level 3.
Repetition Number	4	Repetition number up to the missing IE on the reported level, i.e. level 3. (Since the IE E (level 2) is the lowest level included in the Message Structure IE there have been four occurrences of IE G within the IE E (level 2) up to the missing occurrence.
Type of Error	missing	
Message Structur	re, first repe	etition_
>IE ID	<u>id-B</u>	IE ID from level 1.
Message Structur	re, second	<u>repetition</u>
>IE ID	<u>id-E</u>	IE ID from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.
>Repetition Number	<u>3</u>	Repetition number from the lowest level above the reported level, i.e. level 2.

The repetition number of the reported IE indicates the number of repetitions of IE G received up to but Note 7. not including the missing occurrence, counting all occurrences of the IE G below the same instance of the previous level with assigned criticality (instance 3 of IE E on level 2).

A.2.4 ASN.1 of EXAMPLE MESSAGE

```
ExampleMessage ::= SEQUENCE {
    ProtocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container {{ExampleMessage-IEs}},
ProtocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer {{ExampleMessage-Extensions}}
                                                                                     OPTIONAL,
}
CRITICALITY reject TYPE A PRESENCE mandatory CRITICALITY reject TYPE B PRESENCE mandatory
    { ID id-A
    { ID id-B
    { ID id-C CRITICALITY reject TYPE C PRESENCE mandatory} { ID id-D CRITICALITY reject TYPE D PRESENCE mandatory}
    . . .
B ::= SEQUENCE {
                    E-List,
    iE-Extensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {B-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
B-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
E-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxE)) OF ProtocolIE-Container { {E-IEs} }
E-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
  { ID id-E CRITICALITY ignore TYPE E PRESENCE mandatory },
E ::= SEQUENCE {
                    F-List,
                    H-List,
    h
                    G-List1,
    g
                   J-List,
ProtocolExtensionContainer { {E-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions
E-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
F-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxF)) OF F
F ::= SEQUENCE {
                    G-List2 OPTIONAL,
                    ProtocolExtensionContainer { {F-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions
            RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
F-ExtIEs
G-List2 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..3, ...)) OF ProtocolIE-Container { G2-IEs} }
G2-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
    H-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxH)) OF ProtocolIE-Container { {H-IEs} }
H-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
  { ID id-H CRITICALITY ignore TYPE H PRESENCE mandatory },
H ::= SEQUENCE {
                    G-List3 OPTIONAL.
                                     ProtocolExtensionContainer { {H-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
    iE-Extensions
H-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
```

```
G-List3 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..3, ...)) OF ProtocolIE-Container { G3-IEs} }
G3-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-G CRITICALITY notify TYPE G PRESENCE mandatory },
G-List1 ::= ProtocolIE-Container { G1-IEs} }
G1-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
  { ID id-G CRITICALITY reject TYPE G PRESENCE mandatory },
J-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxJ)) OF J
J ::= SEQUENCE {
                  G-List4 OPTIONAL,
     \begin{tabular}{ll} i E-Extensions & Protocol Extension Container $ \{ J-ExtIEs \} $ \} & OPTIONAL, \\ \end{tabular} 
J-ExtIES RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
G-List4 ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..3, ...)) OF ProtocolIE-Container { {G4-IEs} }
G4-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
  { ID id-G CRITICALITY reject TYPE G PRESENCE mandatory },
C ::= SEQUENCE {
                   K-List,
  iE-Extensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {C-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
K-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxK)) OF ProtocolIE-Container { {K-IEs} }
K-IES RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
{ ID id-K CRITICALITY notify TYPE K PRESENCE mandatory },
K ::= SEQUENCE {
   L-List,
iE-Extensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {K-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
  1
K-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
L-List ::= SEQUENCE (SIZE (1..maxL)) OF L
L ::= SEQUENCE {
                   M OPTIONAL,
  iE-Extensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {L-ExtIEs} } OPTIONAL,
\underline{\text{L-ExtIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION}} ::= \; \big\{
{\tt ExampleMessage-Extensions\ RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION\ ::=\ \{}
```

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #20 Beijing, China, April 2nd – April 6th, 2001

CHANGE REQUEST								
[#] 25	.413	CR	278 **	rev .	. #	Current versi	ion: 3.5.0	*
For <u>HELP</u> on t	using thi	s form, see bo	ottom of this pa	ge or lo	ok at th	e pop-up text	over the % syi	mbols.
Proposed change	affects	: Ж (U)SIM	1 ME/UE	. R	adio Ac	ccess Network	X Core Ne	etwork X
Title:	g Error	Indication for	reporting of log	gical erro	or			
Source:	R-W	9 3						
Work item code: #	B TEI					Date: ℜ	2001-04-23	
Category:	f F					Release: ♯	R99	
	F A B C D	(Addition of fea (Functional modi (Editorial modi	ection) o a correction in ature), odification of feat fication) of the above cate	ure)		2 R96 R97 R98 R99 REL-4	the following rel (GSM Phase 2) (Release 1996) (Release 1997) (Release 1998) (Release 1999) (Release 4) (Release 5)	
Reason for chang	1	NDICATION r within the <i>Criti</i>	it is not clear the same of the same of the same of the logical the logical its many the logical in the logical the logical the logical in th	Procedui ics IE m	re Code lust be i	EIE and the Ti	riggering Mess	sage IE
Summary of chan	1	he <i>Triggering</i>	10.4 is update Message IE w ntify the messa	ithin the	Critical	lity Diagnostic	s IE must be in	
Consequences if not approved:		reporting a loo Additional info		h may l	ead to d	different imple		when
		The proposed	change is bac	Kwaius	Compan	ible.		
Clauses affected:	* :	9.2.1.35, 10.4						
Other specs affected:	ж <mark>х</mark>	Other core : Test specifi O&M Speci		X	25.413	CR279 REL-4	4	
Other comments:	ж							

How to create CRs using this form:

- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked \$\mathbb{K}\$ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be

- downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

9.2.1.35 Criticality Diagnostics

The *Criticality Diagnostics* IE is sent by the RNC or the CN when parts of a received message have not been comprehended or were missing, or if the message contained logical errors. When applicable, it contains information about which IEs that were not comprehended or were missing.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
Criticality Diagnostics				
>Procedure Code	0		INTEGER (0255)	Procedure Code is to be used if Criticality Diagnostics is part of Error Indication procedure, and not within the response message of the same procedure that caused the error
>Triggering Message	0		ENUMERAT ED(initiating message, successful outcome, unsuccessful outcome, outcome,	The Triggering Message is used only if the Criticality Diagnostics is part of Error Indication procedure.
>Procedure Criticality	0		ENUMERAT ED(reject, ignore, notify)	This Procedure Criticality is used for reporting the Criticality of the Triggering message (Procedure). The value 'ignore' shall never be used.
Information Element Criticality Diagnostics		0 to <maxnoof errors=""></maxnoof>		
>IE Criticality	М		ENUMERAT ED(reject, ignore, notify)	The IE Criticality is used for reporting the criticality of the triggering IE. The value 'ignore' shall not be used.
>IE ID	М		INTEGER (065535)	The IE ID of the not understood or missing IE
>Repetition Number	0		INTEGER (1256)	The repetition number of the not understood IE within the bottom most repetition level identified by the message structure IE, if applicable
>Message Structure	0		9.2.1.42	

Range bound	Explanation
maxnooferrors	Maximum no. of IE errors allowed to be reported with a single
	message. The value for maxnooferrors is 256.

10.4 Logical Error

Logical error situations occur when a message is comprehended correctly, but the information contained within the message is not valid (i.e. semantic error), or describes a procedure which is not compatible with the state of the receiver. In these conditions, the following behaviour shall be performed (unless otherwise specified) as defined by the class of the elementary procedure, irrespective of the criticality information of the IEs/IE groups containing the erroneous values.

Class 1:

Where the logical error occurs in a request message of a class 1 procedure, and the procedure has a failure message, the failure message shall be sent with an appropriate cause value. Typical cause values are:

- Semantic Error.
- Message not compatible with receiver state.

Where the logical error is contained in a request message of a class 1 procedure, and the procedure does not have a failure message, the procedure shall be terminated and the Error Indication procedure shall be initiated with an appropriate cause value. The *Procedure Code* IE and the *Triggering Message* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE shall then be included in order to identify the message containing the logical error.

Where the logical error exists in a response message of a class 1 procedure, local error handling shall be initiated.

Class 2:

Where the logical error occurs in a message of a class 2 procedure, the procedure shall be terminated and the Error Indication procedure shall be initiated with an appropriate cause value. The *Procedure Code* IE and the *Triggering Message* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE shall then be included in order to identify the message containing the logical error.

Class 3:

Where the logical error occurs in a request message of a class 3 procedure, and the procedure has a failure message, the failure message shall be sent with an appropriate cause value. Typical cause values are:

- Semantic Error.
- Message not compatible with receiver state.

Where the logical error is contained in a request message of a class 3 procedure, and the procedure does not have a failure message, the procedure shall be terminated and the Error Indication procedure shall be initiated with an appropriate cause value. The *Procedure Code* IE and the *Triggering Message* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE shall then be included in order to identify the message containing the logical error.

Where the logical error exists in a response message of a class 3 procedure, local error handling shall be initiated.

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #20 Beijing, China, April 2nd – April 6th, 2001

		CHANG	E REQI	JEST			CR-Form-v3
[#] 25.	.413	CR 279	₩ rev	- #	Current version:	4.0.0	*
For <u>HELP</u> on u	using this fo	m, see bottom of t	his page or l	ook at the	e pop-up text ove	r the 兆 syn	nbols.
Proposed change	affects: 業	(U)SIM N	ME/UE	Radio Ac	cess Network X	Core Ne	twork X
Title: #	Error Indi	cation for reporting	of logical er	ror			
Source: #	R-WG3						
Work item code: ₩	TEI				Date: 第 20	01-04-23	
Category: #	BA				Release: # RE	EL-4	
	F (ess A (cor B (Add C (Fur D (Edr Detailed ex	the following categor ential correction) responds to a correction of feature), nctional modification torial modification) planations of the abo 3GPP TR 21.900.	tion in an earl		e) R96 (Rel R97 (Rel R98 (Rel R99 (Rel REL-4 (Rel	following rele M Phase 2) lease 1996) ease 1997) ease 1998) ease 1999) ease 4)	ases:
Reason for change	INDI withi	ause 10.4 it is not of CATION message in the <i>Criticality Dia</i>	, the <i>Proced</i> agnostics IE i	<i>ure Code</i> must be i	IE and the Trigge	ering Mess	age IE
Summary of chang	the 7	in clause 10.4 is u Friggering Message der to identify the r	e IE within th	e Critical	lity Diagnostics IE		
Consequences if not approved:	repo	I not be clear which rting a logical error tional information: proposed change	r, which may	lead to c	lifferent implemer		vhen
Clauses affected:	% 9.2.1	.35, 10.4					
Other specs affected:	Te	ther core specificatest specifications &M Specifications	tions #	25.413	CR278 R99		
Other comments:	ж						

How to create CRs using this form:

- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked **%** contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
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- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

9.2.1.35 Criticality Diagnostics

The *Criticality Diagnostics* IE is sent by the RNC or the CN when parts of a received message have not been comprehended or were missing, or if the message contained logical errors. When applicable, it contains information about which IEs that were not comprehended or were missing.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description
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>Procedure Code	0		INTEGER (0255)	Procedure Code is to be used if Criticality Diagnostics is part of Error Indication procedure, and not within the response message of the same procedure that caused the error
>Triggering Message	0		ENUMERAT ED(initiating message, successful outcome, unsuccessful outcome, outcome,	The Triggering Message is used only if the Criticality Diagnostics is part of Error Indication procedure.
>Procedure Criticality	0		ENUMERAT ED(reject, ignore, notify)	This Procedure Criticality is used for reporting the Criticality of the Triggering message (Procedure). The value 'ignore' shall never be used.
Information Element Criticality Diagnostics		0 to <maxnoof errors=""></maxnoof>		
>IE Criticality	М		ENUMERAT ED(reject, ignore, notify)	The IE Criticality is used for reporting the criticality of the triggering IE. The value 'ignore' shall not be used.
>IE ID	М		INTEGER (065535)	The IE ID of the not understood or missing IE
>Repetition Number	0		INTEGER (1256)	The repetition number of the not understood IE within the bottom most repetition level identified by the message structure IE, if applicable
>Message Structure	0		9.2.1.42	

Range bound	Explanation
maxnooferrors	Maximum no. of IE errors allowed to be reported with a single
	message. The value for maxnooferrors is 256.

10.4 Logical Error

Logical error situations occur when a message is comprehended correctly, but the information contained within the message is not valid (i.e. semantic error), or describes a procedure which is not compatible with the state of the receiver. In these conditions, the following behaviour shall be performed (unless otherwise specified) as defined by the class of the elementary procedure, irrespective of the criticality information of the IEs/IE groups containing the erroneous values.

Class 1:

Where the logical error occurs in a request message of a class 1 procedure, and the procedure has a failure message, the failure message shall be sent with an appropriate cause value. Typical cause values are:

- Semantic Error.
- Message not compatible with receiver state.

Where the logical error is contained in a request message of a class 1 procedure, and the procedure does not have a failure message, the procedure shall be terminated and the Error Indication procedure shall be initiated with an appropriate cause value. The *Procedure Code* IE and the *Triggering Message* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE shall then be included in order to identify the message containing the logical error.

Where the logical error exists in a response message of a class 1 procedure, local error handling shall be initiated.

Class 2:

Where the logical error occurs in a message of a class 2 procedure, the procedure shall be terminated and the Error Indication procedure shall be initiated with an appropriate cause value. The *Procedure Code* IE and the *Triggering Message* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE shall then be included in order to identify the message containing the logical error.

Class 3:

Where the logical error occurs in a request message of a class 3 procedure, and the procedure has a failure message, the failure message shall be sent with an appropriate cause value. Typical cause values are:

- Semantic Error.
- Message not compatible with receiver state.

Where the logical error is contained in a request message of a class 3 procedure, and the procedure does not have a failure message, the procedure shall be terminated and the Error Indication procedure shall be initiated with an appropriate cause value. The *Procedure Code* IE and the *Triggering Message* IE within the *Criticality Diagnostics* IE shall then be included in order to identify the message containing the logical error.

Where the logical error exists in a response message of a class 3 procedure, local error handling shall be initiated.

				C	HAN	IGF	R	FΩ	UF	ST	•						CR-Form-v
				C	ıı	IGL	. 13	LQ	UL	J 1							
*	25.4	413		CR 2	280		H	rev	-	¥	Cur	rent ve	ersio	n:	3.5	.0	*
For HELF	on us	sing th	nis for	m, see l	bottom	of this	pag	ge or	look	at th	е рор	o-up te	xt o	ver t	he #	syr	nbols.
Proposed ch	ange a	affect	s: #	(U)SI	IM	ME	/UE		Radi	io Ac	cess	Netwo	ork	X	Cor	e Ne	etwork
Title:	Ж	Clar	ificatio	n IEs o	rder rul	le											
Source:	¥	R-W	'G3														
Work item co	ode:♯	TEI										Date:	¥	May	200	1	
Category:	¥	F									Rel	ease:	¥	R99			
		F E C Detail	F (esset) A (correction (Correction) B (Add C (Fur C (Edit C ed exp	he followential contral contral contral contral contral modulations of the contral con	rrection) s to a content to a c	rrection tion of t n) above	n in a featu	ıre)		elease		se <u>one</u> (2 R96 R97 R98 R99 REL-4	(C (F (F (F (F (F	GSM Relea Relea Relea Relea	lowing Phase ase 19 ase 19 ase 19 ase 4) ase 5)	se 2) 996) 997) 998) 999)	eases:
Reason for c	hanga	, qe i	ntrod	lotion o	f now I	Ea in t	ho o	vtono	sion o	onto	inor	rocult	la in	diff	ront	mag	20000
Neason for C	nange) ! !	conter node s specif eceiv		ferent s able to versions e shall i	specifi interp s. The ignore	cation rete refor IEs	on ve corre re wh spec	rsion ectly en de ified	s. To mes etern only	ens sage ninin in th	ure into s comi g the ri e highe	erop ing f ight	erak rom orde	oility node er of t	the i es of the I	receiving higher Es the
Summary of	chang	1	eceiv	fication ing node er 'Hand	e when	deter	miniı	ng th	e righ	nt ord	der o	f the IE	s h	as be	een a	adde	ed into
Consequence not approved				e this C of diffe						ght b	e inte	eropera	abili	ty pr	obler	ns b	etween
		-	This c	hange is	s backv	vard c	omp	atible) .								
Clauses affec	cted:	¥ ·	10.3.6														
	oicu.	_															
Other specs		*	X Ot	her core	e specif	fication	ns	¥				TS 25.					
												ΓS 25.4					
												TS 25.					
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												TS 25.					
												TS 25.					
									CR3	394 F	Rel4	TS 25.	433				

affected:	Test specifications O&M Specifications
Other comments:	lpha

How to create CRs using this form:

- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked # contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

10.3.6 IEs or IE groups received in wrong order or with too many occurrences

If a message with IEs or IE groups in wrong order or with too many occurrences is received, the receiving node shall behave according to the following:

- If a message initiating a procedure is received containing IEs or IE groups in wrong order or with too many occurrences, none of the functional requests of the message shall be executed. The receiving node shall reject the procedure and report the cause value "Abstract Syntax Error (Falsely Constructed Message)" using the message normally used to report unsuccessful outcome of the procedure. In case the information received in the initiating message was insufficient to determine a value for all IEs that are required to be present in the message used to report the unsuccessful outcome of the procedure, the receiving node shall instead terminate the procedure and initiate the Error Indication procedure.
- If a message *initiating* a procedure that does not have a message to report unsuccessful outcome is received containing IEs or IE groups in wrong order or with too many occurrences, the receiving node shall terminate the procedure and initiate the Error Indication procedure, and use cause value "Abstract Syntax Error (Falsely Constructed Message)".
- If a *response* message is received containing IEs or IE groups in wrong order or with too many occurrences, the receiving node shall initiate local error handling.

When determining the correct order only the IEs specified in the specification version used by the receiver shall be considered.

Busan, Norca,	····ay		25 , 2001							CR-Form-v3
			CHAN	NGE RI	EQI	UEST				
¥ 2	5.413	3	CR 281	ж	rev	- #	Current ve	ersion:	4.0.0	¥
For <u>HELP</u> or	n using	this form	, see bottom	of this pag	e or l	ook at the	e pop-up te	ext over	the 🖁 syr	nbols.
Proposed chang	e affec	ets: #	(U)SIM	ME/UE[Radio Ac	cess Netw	ork X	Core Ne	etwork
Title:	₩ Cla	arification	IEs order ru	lle						
Source:	₩ R-\	WG3								
Work item code:	°₩ TE	I					Date:	₩ Ma	y 2001	
Category:	¥ A						Release:	₩ RE	L-4	
	Deta	F (essent A (corres B (Additi C (Funct D (Editor ailed expla	e following cate tial correction sponds to a colon of feature), ional modification ations of the GPP TR 21.90) orrection in a tion of featu on) above cates	re)		2	(GSM (Rele (Rele (Rele (Rele 4 (Rele	llowing rele 1 Phase 2) ase 1996) ase 1997) ase 1998) ase 1999) ase 4) ase 5)	eases:
				=						
Reason for chan	ıge: ж	contents node sh specifica receivin	tion of new I s in different all be able to ation version g node shall sider only IE	specification interprete s. Therefor ignore IEs	on ver corre e whe speci	sions. To ectly mess en detern ified only	ensure into sages com nining the r in the high	teropera ing from ight ord	ability the n nodes of er of the I	receiving higher Es the
Summary of cha	nge: ೫	A clarification to consider only IEs specified in the specification version of the receiving node when determining the right order of the IEs has been added into chapter 'Handling of Unknown, Unforeseen and Erroneous Protocol Data'.							ed into	
Consequences i not approved:	f ૠ	In case this CR is not approved there might be interoperability problems between nodes of different specification versions.								
		This cha	ange is back	ward comp	atible					
Clauses affected	4· ¥	10.3.6								
Other specs	Ж	X Othe	er core speci	fications			R99 TS 25.			
							R99 TS 25.			
							Rel4 TS 25			
							R99 TS 25.			
							Rel4 TS 25			
							R99 TS 25	•		
						CR394 F	Rel4 TS 25	.433.		

affected:	Test specifications O&M Specifications
Other comments:	lpha

How to create CRs using this form:

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- If a message *initiating* a procedure that does not have a message to report unsuccessful outcome is received containing IEs or IE groups in wrong order or with too many occurrences, the receiving node shall terminate the procedure and initiate the Error Indication procedure, and use cause value "Abstract Syntax Error (Falsely Constructed Message)".
- If a *response* message is received containing IEs or IE groups in wrong order or with too many occurrences, the receiving node shall initiate local error handling.

When determining the correct order only the IEs specified in the specification version used by the receiver shall be considered.

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #20 Beijing, China, April 2nd – April 6th, 2001

		CHAN	IGE RE	ะดบ	FST			CR-Form-v3		
		OHAN		. 40						
[¥] 25.	413	CR 28	4 # re	ev _	. *	Current vers	ion: 3.5.0	¥		
For <u>HELP</u> on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the % symbols.										
Proposed change affects: (U)SIM										
Title: %	CN Doma	ain Indicator in E	ERROR INC	DICAT	ION					
Source: #	R-WG3									
Work item code: ₩	TEI					Date: ₩	2001-04-23			
Category: Ж	F					Release: ♯	R99			
	F (ess A (cor B (Add C (Fur D (Edr Detailed exp	the following cate cential correction) responds to a codition of feature), nctional modificational modification of the 3GPP TR 21.900	rrection in an tion of feature n) above catego	e)		2 R96 R97 R98 R99 REL-4	the following re (GSM Phase 2 (Release 1996) (Release 1997) (Release 1998) (Release 1999) (Release 4) (Release 5))))		
Reason for change	Indic	Domain Indicato ator shall be incosed to change	cluded whei	n the r	nessag	e is sent con				
Summary of chang	je:₩ CN[Domain Indicato	or gets Pres	ence:	C – ifC	L (= if connec	ctionless)			
Consequences if not approved:	Addi	Il not be clear w itional information proposed chan	on:				n ERROR IND	ICATION.		
Clauses affected:	₩ 9.1.4	11, 9.3.3								
Other specs affected:	Te	ther core specifest specification &M Specification	ns	% 2	25.413	CR285 REL-4	4			
Other comments:	x									

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9.1.41 ERROR INDICATION

This message is sent by both the CN and the RNC and is used to indicate that some error has been detected in the node.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN and CN \rightarrow RNC.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented or connectionless.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore
Cause	C - ifalone		9.2.1.4		YES	ignore
Criticality Diagnostics	C - ifalone		9.2.1.35		YES	ignore
¢N Domain Indicator	OC - ifCL		9.2.1.5		YES	ignore
Global RNC-ID	C – ifULandCL		9.2.1.39		YES	ignore

Condition	Explanation
ifalone	At least either Cause IE or Criticality Diagnostics IE shall be present.
ifULandCL	This IE is always used in uplink direction when message is sent connectionless
ifCL	This IE is always used when the message is sent connectionless

9.3.3 PDU Definitions

 PDU definitions for RANAP.

**** LOTS OF UNAFFECTED ASN.1 DESCRIPTION FROM SECTION 9.3.3 REMOVED ****

```
-- ERROR INDICATION ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE
    ****************
-- Error Indication
ErrorIndication ::= SEQUENCE {
                                             { {ErrorIndicationIEs} },
   protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container
   protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {ErrorIndicationExtensions} }
                                                                                       OPTIONAL,
ErrorIndicationIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-Cause
                  CRITICALITY ignore TYPE Cause
                                                                          PRESENCE conditional
   -- At least either of Cause IE or Criticality IE shall be present --
   { ID id-CriticalityDiagnostics
                                       CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CriticalityDiagnostics
                                                                                       PRESENCE conditional
   -- At least either of Cause IE or Criticality IE shall be present --
   { ID id-CN-DomainIndicator CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CN-DomainIndicator
                                                                                     PRESENCE conditional optional
   -- This IE is always used when the message is sent connectionless --
   { ID id-GlobalRNC-ID CRITICALITY ignore TYPE GlobalRNC-ID
                                                                                  PRESENCE conditional
   -- This IE is always used in the uplink direction when message is sent connectionless --
ErrorIndicationExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
```

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #20 Beijing, China, April 2nd – April 6th, 2001

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Consequences if not approved:	Addi	Il not be clear v itional informati proposed char	ion:			icator in	ERROR IN	DICATION.		
Clauses affected:	% 9.1.4	11, 9.3.3								
Other specs affected:	Te	ther core speci est specification &M Specification	ns	₩ 25.4	413 CR284	4 R99				
Other comments:	×									

How to create CRs using this form:

- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked \$\mathbb{K}\$ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

9.1.41 ERROR INDICATION

This message is sent by both the CN and the RNC and is used to indicate that some error has been detected in the node.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN and CN \rightarrow RNC.

Signalling bearer mode: Connection oriented or connectionless.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore
Cause	C - ifalone		9.2.1.4		YES	ignore
Criticality Diagnostics	C - ifalone		9.2.1.35		YES	ignore
¢N Domain Indicator	OC - ifCL		9.2.1.5		YES	ignore
Global RNC-ID	C –		9.2.1.39		YES	ignore
	ifULandCL					

Condition	Explanation
ifalone	At least either Cause IE or Criticality Diagnostics IE shall be present.
ifULandCL	This IE is always used in uplink direction when message is sent connectionless
<u>ifCL</u>	This IE is always used when the message is sent connectionless

9.3.3 PDU Definitions

**** LOTS OF UNAFFECTED ASN.1 DESCRIPTION FROM SECTION 9.3.3 REMOVED ****

```
-- ERROR INDICATION ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE
   *****************
-- Error Indication
__ *********************
ErrorIndication ::= SEOUENCE {
                                        { {ErrorIndicationIEs} },
   protocolIEs ProtocolIE-Container
   protocolExtensions ProtocolExtensionContainer { {ErrorIndicationExtensions} }
                                                                                 OPTIONAL,
ErrorIndicationIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
                CRITICALITY ignore TYPE Cause
   { ID id-Cause
                                                                     PRESENCE conditional
   -- At least either of Cause IE or Criticality IE shall be present --
   { ID id-CriticalityDiagnostics
                                   CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CriticalityDiagnostics
                                                                                PRESENCE conditional
   -- At least either of Cause IE or Criticality IE shall be present --
   { ID id-CN-DomainIndicator CRITICALITY ignore TYPE CN-DomainIndicator
                                                                               PRESENCE conditional optional
   -- This IE is always used when the message is sent connectionless --
   { ID id-GlobalRNC-ID
                                CRITICALITY ignore TYPE GlobalRNC-ID
                                                                            PRESENCE conditional
   -- This IE is always used in the uplink direction when message is sent connectionless --
ErrorIndicationExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
```

R3-011350Revision of Tdoc R3-011265

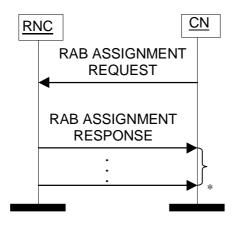
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Summary of o	change	e:₩ It	is proposed	to add the	follo	wing	sente	ence	in section 8.2	2.2 :		
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- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked # contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

8.2.2 Successful Operation



* it can be several responses

Figure 1: RAB Assignment procedure. Successful operation.

The CN shall initiate the procedure by sending a RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message. When sending the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message, the CN shall start the T $_{RABAssgt}$ timer.

The CN may request UTRAN to:

- establish,
- modify,
- release

one or several RABs with one RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message.

The message shall contain the information required by the UTRAN to build the new RAB configuration, such as:

- list of RABs to establish or modify with their bearer characteristics;
- list of RABs to release.

For each RAB requested to establish, the message shall contain:

- RAB ID.
- RAB parameters (including e.g. Allocation/Retention Priority).
- User Plane Mode Information (i e User Plane Mode and UP Mode Versions).
- Transport Layer Address.
- Iu Transport Association.
- PDP Type Information (only for PS)
- Data Volume Reporting Indication (only for PS).

- DL GTP-PDU sequence number (only when GTP-PDU sequence number is available in cases of handover from GPRS to UMTS or when establishing a RAB for an existing PDP context).
- UL GTP-PDU sequence number (only when GTP-PDU sequence number is available in cases of handover from GPRS to UMTS or when establishing a RAB for an existing PDP context).
- DL N-PDU sequence number (only when N-PDU sequence number is available in case of handover from GPRS to UMTS).
- UL N-PDU sequence number (only when N-PDU sequence number is available in case of handover from GPRS to UMTS).

For each RAB requested to modify, the message may contain:

- RAB ID (mandatory).
- NAS Synchronisation Indicator.
- RAB parameters.
- Transport Layer Address.
- Iu Transport Association.

For each RAB request to release, the message shall contain:

- RAB ID.
- Cause.

Upon reception of the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message UTRAN shall execute the requested RAB configuration.

The RAB ID shall identify uniquely the RAB for the specific CN domain for the particular UE, which makes the RAB ID unique over the Iu connection on which the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message is received. When a RAB ID already in use over that particular Iu instance is used, the procedure is considered as modification of that RAB.

The RNC shall pass the contents of *RAB ID* IE to the radio interface protocol for each RAB requested to establish or modify.

The RNC shall establish or modify the resources according to the values of the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE (priority level, pre-emption indicators, queuing) and the resource situation as follows:

- The RNC shall consider the priority level of the requested RAB, when deciding on the resource allocation.
- If the requested RAB is allowed for queuing and the resource situation so requires, RNC may place the RAB in the establishment queue.
- The priority levels and the pre-emption indicators may (singularly or in combination) be used to determine whether the RAB assignment has to be performed unconditionally and immediately. If the requested RAB is marked as "may trigger pre-emption" and the resource situation so requires, RNC may trigger the pre-emption procedure which may then cause the forced release of a lower priority RAB which is marked as "pre-emptable". Whilst the process and the extent of the pre-emption procedure is operator dependent, the pre-emption indicators, if given in the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message, shall be treated as follows:

- 1. The values of the last received *Pre-emption Vulnerability* IE and *Priority Level* IE shall prevail.
- 2. If the *Pre-emption Capability* IE is set to "may trigger pre-emption", then this allocation request may trigger the pre-emption procedure.
- 3. If the *Pre-emption Capability* IE is set to "shall not trigger pre-emption", then this allocation request shall not trigger the pre-emption procedure.
- 4. If the *Pre-emption Vulnerability* IE is set to "pre-emptable", then this connection shall be included in the pre-emption process.
- 5. If the *Pre-emption Vulnerability* IE is set to "not pre-emptable", then this connection shall not be included in the pre-emption process.
- 6. If the *Priority Level* IE is set to "no priority used" the given values for the *Pre-emption Capability* IE and *Pre-emption Vulnerability* IE shall not be considered. Instead the values "shall not trigger pre-emption" and "not pre-emptable" shall prevail.
- If the Allocation/Retention Priority IE is not given in the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message, the allocation request shall not trigger the pre-emption process and the connection may be preempted and considered to have the value "lowest" as priority level. Moreover, queuing shall not be allowed.
- The UTRAN pre-emption process shall keep the following rules:
 - 1. UTRAN shall only pre-empt RABs with lower priority, in ascending order of priority.
 - 2. The pre-emption may be done for RABs belonging to the same UE or to other UEs.

If the NAS Synchronisation Indicator IE is contained in the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message, the RNC shall pass it to the radio interface protocol for the transfer to the UE.

If the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message includes the *PDP Type Information* IE, the UTRAN may use this to configure any compression algorithms.

If the Service Handover IE is included, this tells if the RAB

- should be handed over to GSM, i.e. from NAS point of view, the RAB should be handed over to GSM
 as soon as possible although the final decision whether to perform a handover to GSM is still made in
 UTRAN.
- should not be handed over to GSM, i.e. from NAS point of view, the RAB should remain in UMTS as long as possible although the final decision whether to perform a handover to GSM is still made in UTRAN.
- shall not be handed over to GSM, i.e. the RAB shall never be handed over to GSM. This means that UTRAN shall not initiate handover to GSM for the UE unless the RABs with this indication have first been released with the normal release procedures.

The value of the *Service Handover* IE is valid throughout the lifetime of the RAB or until changed by a RAB modification.

The Service Handover IE shall only influence decisions made regarding UTRAN initiated handovers.

If the *Service Handover* IE is not included, the decision whether to perform a handover to GSM is only an internal UTRAN matter.

UTRAN shall report to CN, in the first RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message, the result for all the requested RABs, such as:

- List of RABs successfully established or modified.
- List of RABs released.
- List of RABs queued.
- List of RABs failed to establish or modify.
- List of RABs failed to release.

UTRAN shall report the outcome of a specific RAB to establish or modify only after the transport network control plane signalling, which is needed for RAB establishment or modification, has been executed. The transport network control plane signalling shall use the *Transport Layer Address* IE and *Iu Transport Association* IE. At a RAB modification, it is up to the RNC to decide if any transport network control plane signalling shall be performed for the possibly included *Transport Layer Address* IE and *Iu Transport Association* IE or if the already existing transport bearer shall be used. If the RNC decides to establish a new transport bearer, then the switch over to this new transport bearer shall be done immediately after transport bearer establishment and initialisation of the user plane mode.

Before reporting the outcome of a specific RAB to establish or modify, the RNC shall have executed the initialisation of the user plane mode as requested by the CN in the *User Plane Mode* IE. This initialisation is described in ref.[6].

In case of establishment of a RAB for the PS domain, the CN must be prepared to receive user data before the RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message has been received.

If none of the RABs have been queued, the CN shall stop timer T $_{RABAssgt.}$ And the RAB Assignment procedure terminates. In that case, the procedure shall also be terminated in UTRAN.

When the request to establish or modify one or several RABs is put in the queue, UTRAN shall start the timer $T_{QUEUING}$. This timer specifies the maximum time for queuing of the request of establishment or modification. The same timer $T_{QUEUING}$ is supervising all RABs being queued.

For each RAB that is queued the following outcomes shall be possible:

- successfully established or modified;
- failed to establish or modify;
- failed due to expiry of the timer $T_{\mbox{\scriptsize QUEUING}}$.

For the queued RABs, indicated in the first RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message, UTRAN shall report the outcome of the queuing for every RAB individually or for several RABs in subsequent RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message(s). This is left to implementation. UTRAN shall stop $T_{QUEUING}$ when all RABs have been either successfully established or modified or failed to establish or modify. The RAB Assignment procedure is then terminated both in CN and UTRAN when all RABs have been responded to.

When CN receives the response that one or several RABs are queued, CN shall expect UTRAN to provide the outcome of the queuing function for each RAB before expiry of the T RABASSGT timer. In case the timer T RABASSGT expires, the CN shall consider the RAB Assignment procedure terminated and the RABs not reported shall be considered as failed.

In the case the timer $T_{QUEUING}$ expires, the RAB Assignment procedure terminates in UTRAN for all queued RABs, and UTRAN shall respond for all of them in one RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message. The RAB Assignment procedure shall also be terminated in CN.

In case a request to modify or release a RAB contains the RAB ID of a RAB being queued, the RAB shall be taken out of the queue and treated according to the second request. The first request shall be responded to as a RAB failed to setup or modify with the cause value "Request superseded".

When UTRAN reports unsuccessful establishment/modification of a RAB, the cause value should be precise enough to enable the core network to know the reason for unsuccessful establishment/modification. Typical cause values are: "Requested Traffic Class not Available", "Invalid RAB Parameters Value", "Requested Maximum Bit Rate not Available", "Requested Maximum Bit Rate for DL not Available", "Requested Guaranteed Bit Rate not Available", "Requested Guaranteed Bit Rate for UL not Available", "Requested Guaranteed Bit Rate for UL not Available", "Requested Transfer Delay not Achievable", "Invalid RAB Parameters Combination", "Condition Violation for SDU Parameters", "Condition Violation for Traffic Handling Priority", "Condition Violation for Guaranteed Bit Rate", "User Plane Versions not Supported", "Iu UP Failure", "Iu Transport Connection Failed to Establish".

If the RAB ID of a RAB requested to be released is unknown in the RNC, this shall be reported as a RAB failed to release with the cause value "Invalid RAB ID".

The RNC may indicate an impending directed retry attempt to GSM by sending RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message with a RAB ID included in the list of RABs failed to setup and a cause value of "Directed Retry".

The RNC shall be prepared to receive a RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message containing a *RABs To Be Released* IE at any time and shall always reply to it. If there is an ongoing RAB Assignment procedure for a RAB indicated within the *RABs To Be Released* IE, the RNC shall discard the preceding RAB Assignment procedure for that specific RAB, release any related resources and report the released RAB within the RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message.

After sending RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message containing RAB ID within the *RABs Released* IE, the RNC shall be prepared to receive new establishment request of a RAB identified by the same RAB ID.

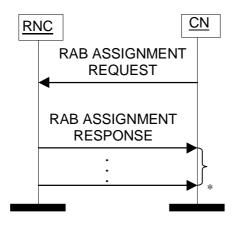
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		within the RA	g a RAB ASSIGI ABs Released IE, at request of a RA	the RNC shall	I be prepared to	
Consequence not approved:		RESPONSE	clear that the SR (for RABs Relea -working problem	sed) until the F		GNMENT re-used. This could
			compatibility State aviour of the pre			compatible with the
Clauses affect	ted:	₩ 8.2.2				
Other specs		₩ X Other core	specifications		/ 4.0.0 : CR 010	
affected:		Test speci		25.413 v	/ 3.5.0 : CR 286	6 (R99)
Other comme	nts:	x				

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- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

8.2.2 Successful Operation



* it can be several responses

Figure 1: RAB Assignment procedure. Successful operation.

The CN shall initiate the procedure by sending a RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message. When sending the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message, the CN shall start the T $_{RABAssgt}$ timer.

The CN may request UTRAN to:

- establish,
- modify,
- release

one or several RABs with one RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message.

The message shall contain the information required by the UTRAN to build the new RAB configuration, such as:

- list of RABs to establish or modify with their bearer characteristics;
- list of RABs to release.

For each RAB requested to establish, the message shall contain:

- RAB ID.
- RAB parameters (including e.g. Allocation/Retention Priority).
- User Plane Mode Information (i e User Plane Mode and UP Mode Versions).
- Transport Layer Address.
- Iu Transport Association.
- PDP Type Information (only for PS)
- Data Volume Reporting Indication (only for PS).

- DL GTP-PDU sequence number (only when GTP-PDU sequence number is available in cases of handover from GPRS to UMTS or when establishing a RAB for an existing PDP context).
- UL GTP-PDU sequence number (only when GTP-PDU sequence number is available in cases of handover from GPRS to UMTS or when establishing a RAB for an existing PDP context).
- DL N-PDU sequence number (only when N-PDU sequence number is available in case of handover from GPRS to UMTS).
- UL N-PDU sequence number (only when N-PDU sequence number is available in case of handover from GPRS to UMTS).

For each RAB requested to modify, the message may contain:

- RAB ID (mandatory).
- NAS Synchronisation Indicator.
- RAB parameters.
- Transport Layer Address.
- Iu Transport Association.

For each RAB request to release, the message shall contain:

- RAB ID.
- Cause.

Upon reception of the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message UTRAN shall execute the requested RAB configuration. The CN may indicate that RAB QoS negotiation is allowed for certain RAB parameters and in some cases also which alternative values to be used in the negotiation.

The RAB ID shall identify uniquely the RAB for the specific CN domain for the particular UE, which makes the RAB ID unique over the Iu connection on which the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message is received. When a RAB ID already in use over that particular Iu instance is used, the procedure is considered as modification of that RAB.

The RNC shall pass the contents of *RAB ID* IE to the radio interface protocol for each RAB requested to establish or modify.

The RNC shall establish or modify the resources according to the values of the *Allocation/Retention Priority* IE (priority level, pre-emption indicators, queuing) and the resource situation as follows:

- The RNC shall consider the priority level of the requested RAB, when deciding on the resource allocation.
- If the requested RAB is allowed for queuing and the resource situation so requires, RNC may place the RAB in the establishment queue.
- The priority levels and the pre-emption indicators may (singularly or in combination) be used to determine whether the RAB assignment has to be performed unconditionally and immediately. If the requested RAB is marked as "may trigger pre-emption" and the resource situation so requires, RNC may trigger the pre-emption procedure which may then cause the forced release of a lower priority RAB which is marked as "pre-emptable". Whilst the process and the extent of the pre-emption procedure is operator dependent, the pre-emption indicators, if given in the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message, shall be treated as follows:

- 1. The values of the last received *Pre-emption Vulnerability* IE and *Priority Level* IE shall prevail.
- 2. If the *Pre-emption Capability* IE is set to "may trigger pre-emption", then this allocation request may trigger the pre-emption procedure.
- 3. If the *Pre-emption Capability* IE is set to "shall not trigger pre-emption", then this allocation request shall not trigger the pre-emption procedure.
- 4. If the *Pre-emption Vulnerability* IE is set to "pre-emptable", then this connection shall be included in the pre-emption process.
- 5. If the *Pre-emption Vulnerability* IE is set to "not pre-emptable", then this connection shall not be included in the pre-emption process.
- 6. If the *Priority Level* IE is set to "no priority used" the given values for the *Pre-emption Capability* IE and *Pre-emption Vulnerability* IE shall not be considered. Instead the values "shall not trigger pre-emption" and "not pre-emptable" shall prevail.
- If the Allocation/Retention Priority IE is not given in the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message, the allocation request shall not trigger the pre-emption process and the connection may be preempted and considered to have the value "lowest" as priority level. Moreover, queuing shall not be allowed.
- The UTRAN pre-emption process shall keep the following rules:
 - 1. UTRAN shall only pre-empt RABs with lower priority, in ascending order of priority.
 - 2. The pre-emption may be done for RABs belonging to the same UE or to other UEs.

If the NAS Synchronisation Indicator IE is contained in the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message, the RNC shall pass it to the radio interface protocol for the transfer to the UE.

If the RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message includes the *PDP Type Information* IE, the UTRAN may use this to configure any compression algorithms.

If the Service Handover IE is included, this tells if the RAB

- should be handed over to GSM, i.e. from NAS point of view, the RAB should be handed over to GSM
 as soon as possible although the final decision whether to perform a handover to GSM is still made in
 UTRAN.
- should not be handed over to GSM, i.e. from NAS point of view, the RAB should remain in UMTS as long as possible although the final decision whether to perform a handover to GSM is still made in UTRAN.
- shall not be handed over to GSM, i.e. the RAB shall never be handed over to GSM. This means that UTRAN shall not initiate handover to GSM for the UE unless the RABs with this indication have first been released with the normal release procedures.

The value of the *Service Handover* IE is valid throughout the lifetime of the RAB or until changed by a RAB modification.

The Service Handover IE shall only influence decisions made regarding UTRAN initiated handovers.

If the *Service Handover* IE is not included, the decision whether to perform a handover to GSM is only an internal UTRAN matter.

UTRAN shall report to CN, in the first RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message, the result for all the requested RABs, such as:

- List of RABs successfully established or modified.
- List of RABs released.
- List of RABs queued.
- List of RABs failed to establish or modify.
- List of RABs failed to release.

If any alternative RAB parameter values have been used when establishing or modifying a RAB, these RAB parameter values shall be included in the RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message.

UTRAN shall report the outcome of a specific RAB to establish or modify only after the transport network control plane signalling, which is needed for RAB establishment or modification, has been executed. At a RAB establishment, the transport network control plane signalling shall use the *Transport Layer Address* IE and *Iu Transport Association* IE. At a RAB modification, it is up to the RNC to decide if any transport network control plane signalling shall be performed or if the already existing transport bearer shall be used. If the RNC decides to establish a new transport bearer, the transport network control plane signalling shall use the possibly included *Transport Layer Address* IE and *Iu Transport Association* IE. Then the switch over to this new transport bearer shall be done immediately after transport bearer establishment and initialisation of the user plane mode. If the RNC decides to modify the already existing transport bearer, the transport network control plane signalling shall not use the possibly included *Transport Layer Address* IE and *Iu Transport Association* IE. That is, re-binding with *Iu Transport Association* IE shall not be done.

Before reporting the successful outcome of a specific RAB to establish or modify, the RNC shall have executed the initialisation of the user plane mode as requested by the CN in the *User Plane Mode* IE. If the RNC is requested to execute the user plane initialisation for the *User Plane Mode* "support mode for predefined SDU sizes", it shall initialise all RAB subflow combinations on Iu as indicated in the *RAB parameters* IE. If not all of the indicated RAB subflow combinations can be initialised the RAB Assignment fails with the cause value "RNC unable to establish all RFCs". The user plane initialisation is described in ref.[6].

In case of establishment of a RAB for the PS domain, the CN must be prepared to receive user data before the RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message has been received.

If none of the RABs have been queued, the CN shall stop timer T $_{RABAssgt.}$ And the RAB Assignment procedure terminates. In that case, the procedure shall also be terminated in UTRAN.

When the request to establish or modify one or several RABs is put in the queue, UTRAN shall start the timer $T_{QUEUING}$. This timer specifies the maximum time for queuing of the request of establishment or modification. The same timer $T_{QUEUING}$ is supervising all RABs being queued.

For each RAB that is queued the following outcomes shall be possible:

- successfully established or modified;
- failed to establish or modify;
- failed due to expiry of the timer T_{OUEUING}.

For the queued RABs, indicated in the first RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message, UTRAN shall report the outcome of the queuing for every RAB individually or for several RABs in subsequent RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message(s). This is left to implementation. UTRAN shall stop $T_{QUEUING}$ when all RABs have been either successfully established or modified or failed to establish or modify. The RAB Assignment procedure is then terminated both in CN and UTRAN when all RABs have been responded to.

When CN receives the response that one or several RABs are queued, CN shall expect UTRAN to provide the outcome of the queuing function for each RAB before expiry of the T _{RABAssgt} timer. In case the timer T _{RABAssgt} expires, the CN shall consider the RAB Assignment procedure terminated and the RABs not reported shall be considered as failed.

In the case the timer $T_{QUEUING}$ expires, the RAB Assignment procedure terminates in UTRAN for all queued RABs, and UTRAN shall respond for all of them in one RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message. The RAB Assignment procedure shall also be terminated in CN.

In case a request to modify or release a RAB contains the RAB ID of a RAB being queued, the RAB shall be taken out of the queue and treated according to the second request. The first request shall be responded to as a RAB failed to setup or modify with the cause value "Request superseded".

When UTRAN reports unsuccessful establishment/modification of a RAB, the cause value should be precise enough to enable the core network to know the reason for unsuccessful establishment/modification. Typical cause values are: "Requested Traffic Class not Available", "Invalid RAB Parameters Value", "Requested Maximum Bit Rate not Available", "Requested Maximum Bit Rate for DL not Available", "Requested Guaranteed Bit Rate not Available", "Requested Guaranteed Bit Rate for UL not Available", "Requested Guaranteed Bit Rate for UL not Available", "Requested Transfer Delay not Achievable", "Invalid RAB Parameters Combination", "Condition Violation for SDU Parameters", "Condition Violation for Traffic Handling Priority", "Condition Violation for Guaranteed Bit Rate", "User Plane Versions not Supported", "Iu UP Failure", "Iu Transport Connection Failed to Establish".

If the RAB ID of a RAB requested to be released is unknown in the RNC, this shall be reported as a RAB failed to release with the cause value "Invalid RAB ID".

The RNC may indicate an impending directed retry attempt to GSM by sending RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message with a RAB ID included in the list of RABs failed to setup and a cause value of "Directed Retry".

The RNC shall be prepared to receive a RAB ASSIGNMENT REQUEST message containing a *RABs To Be Released* IE at any time and shall always reply to it. If there is an ongoing RAB Assignment procedure for a RAB indicated within the *RABs To Be Released* IE, the RNC shall discard the preceding RAB Assignment procedure for that specific RAB, release any related resources and report the released RAB within the RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message.

After sending RAB ASSIGNMENT RESPONSE message containing RAB ID within the *RABs Released* IE, the RNC shall be prepared to receive new establishment request of a RAB identified by the same RAB ID.

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 #21 Busan, Korea, May 21st - May 25th, 2001

	CHANGE REQUEST
*	TS 25.413 CR 288 # rev - # Current version: 3.5.0 #
For <u>HELP</u> (on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the X symbols.
Proposed chan	ge affects: ### (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Access Network X Core Network X
Title:	# TRELOCalloc usage
Source:	Ж R-WG3
Work item code	Date: ₩ May 11, 2001
Category:	# F Release: # R99
	Use one of the following categories: F (essential correction) A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) B (Addition of feature), C (Functional modification of feature) D (Editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900. Use one of the following releases: 2 (GSM Phase 2) R96 (Release 1996) R97 (Release 1997) R98 (Release 1998) R99 (Release 1999) REL-4 (Release 4) REL-5 (Release 5)
Passan for abo	nga, 98 Clarification of upage of T timer
	nge: Clarification of usage of T _{RELOCalloc} timer. In 8.7.4, state that expiration of T _{RELOCalloc} , is an example whereby CN shall initiate lu release towards target RNC if lu connection has been or will become established. This change is backward compatible.
Consequences not approved:	if # If this CR is not approved there may be misinterpretation on actions of CN what to do if timer expires.
Clauses affecte	ed: ¥ 8.7.4
Other specs affected:	X Other core specifications
Other commen	ts: ¥

How to create CRs using this form:

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 - 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

8.7 Relocation Resource Allocation

8.7.1 General

The purpose of the Relocation Resource Allocation procedure is to allocate resources from target RNS for a relocation of SRNS. Procedure shall be co-ordinated in all Iu signalling connections existing for the UE. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

8.7.2 Successful Operation

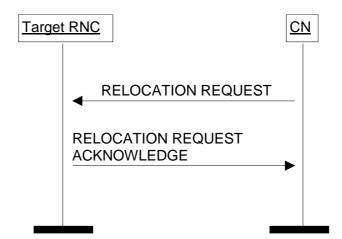


Figure 1: Relocation Resource Allocation procedure. Successful operation.

The CN shall initiate the procedure by generating RELOCATION REQUEST message. In a UTRAN to UTRAN relocation, this message shall contain the information (if any) required by the UTRAN to build the same RAB configuration as existing for the UE before the relocation.

The CN shall transmit the RELOCATION REQUEST message to target RNC and the CN shall start the timer $T_{\text{RELOCalloc.}}$

Upon reception of the RELOCATION REQUEST message, the target RNC shall initiate allocation of requested resources. The following information elements received in RELOCATION REQUEST message require the same special actions in the RNC as specified for the same IEs in the RAB Assignment procedure:

- RAB-ID
- User plane mode
- Priority level, queuing and pre-emption indication
- Service Handover

If the RELOCATION REQUEST message includes the *PDP Type Information* IE, the UTRAN may use this to configure any compression algorithms.

The Cause IE shall contain the same value as the one received in the related RELOCATION REQUIRED message.

The *Iu Signalling Connection Identifier* IE contains an Iu signalling connection identifier which is allocated by the CN, and which the RNC is required to store and remember for the duration of the Iu connection.

Following additional actions shall be executed in the target RNC during Relocation Resource Allocation procedure:

If the relocation type is "UE involved in relocation of SRNS":

- The target RNC may accept a requested RAB only if the RAB can be supported by the target RNC.
- Other RABs shall be rejected by the target RNC in the RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message with an appropriate value for *Cause* IE, e.g. "Unable to Establish During Relocation".

- The target RNC shall include information adapted to the resulting RAB configuration in the target to source RNC transparent container to be included in the RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message sent to the CN. If the target RNC supports triggering of the Relocation Detect procedure via the Iur interface, the RNC shall assign a d-RNTI for the context of the relocation and include it in the container. If two CNs are involved in the relocation of SRNS, the target RNC may, however, decide to send the container to only one CN.

If the relocation type IE is "UE not involved in relocation of SRNS":

- The target RNC may accept a RAB only if the radio bearer(s) for the RAB exist(s) and can be used for the RAB by the target RNC.
- If existing radio bearers are not related to any RAB that is accepted by target RNC, the radio bearers shall be ignored during the relocation of SRNS and the radio bearers shall be released by radio interface protocols after completion of relocation of SRNS.

After all necessary resources for accepted RABs including the initialised Iu user plane, are successfully allocated, the target RNC shall send RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message to the CN. The resources associated with the RABs indicated as failed to set up shall not be released in the CN until the relocation is completed. This is in order to make a return to the old configuration possible in case of a failed or cancelled relocation.

The RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message received by the CN may optionally contain a transparent container, which shall be transferred by CN to the source RNC or the external relocation source while completing the Relocation Preparation procedure.

If one or more of the RABs that the target RNC has decided to support can not be supported by the CN, then these failed RABs shall not be released towards the target RNC until the relocation is completed.

If the NAS Synchronisation Indicator IE is contained in the RELOCATION REQUEST message, the target RNC shall pass it to the source RNC within the RRC Container IE contained in the Target RNC to Source RNC Transparent Container IE.

Transmission and reception of RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message terminates the procedure in the UTRAN and the CN respectively.

8.7.3 Unsuccessful Operation

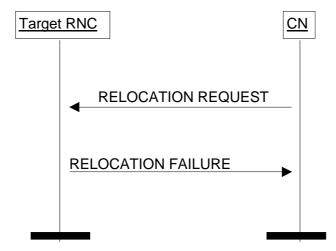


Figure 2: Relocation Resource Allocation procedure: Unsuccessful operation.

If the target RNC can not even partially accept the relocation of SRNS or a failure occurs during the Relocation Resource Allocation procedure in the target RNC, the target RNC shall send RELOCATION FAILURE message to the CN.

Transmission and reception of RELOCATION FAILURE message terminates the procedure in the UTRAN and the CN respectively.

When CN has received RELOCATION FAILURE message from target RNC, CN shall stop timer $T_{RELOCalloc}$ and shall assume possibly allocated resources within target RNC completely released.

8.7.4 Abnormal Conditions

If after reception of the RELOCATION REQUEST message, the target RNC receives another RELOCATION REQUEST message on the same Iu connection, then the target RNC shall discard the latter message and the original Relocation Resource Allocation procedure shall continue normally.

Interactions with Iu Release procedure:

If the CN decides to not continue the Relocation Resource Allocation procedure (e.g. due to $T_{RELOCalloc}$ expiry) before the Relocation Resource Allocation procedure is completed, the CN shall stop timer $T_{RELOCalloc}$ (if timer $T_{RELOCalloc}$ has not already expired) and the CN shall, if the Iu signalling connection has been established or later becomes established, initiate the Iu Release procedure towards the target RNC with an appropriate value for the *Cause* IE, e.g. "Relocation Cancelled".

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 #21 Busan, Korea, May 21st - May 25th, 2001

	CR-Form-v3
	CHANGE REQUEST
[≆] TS	\$ 25.413 CR 289
For <u>HELP</u> on u	using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the % symbols.
Proposed change	affects: ### (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Access Network X Core Network X
Title: ૠ	RELOCalloc usage
Source: #	R-WG3
Work item code: ₩	B TEI Date: 第 May 11, 2001
Category: Ж	Release: # REL-4
	Use one of the following categories: F (essential correction) A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) B (Addition of feature), C (Functional modification of feature) D (Editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900. Use one of the following releases: 2 (GSM Phase 2) R96 (Release 1996) R97 (Release 1997) R98 (Release 1998) R99 (Release 1999) REL-4 (Release 4) REL-5 (Release 5)
Reason for change	e: # Clarification of usage of T _{RELOCalloc} timer.
Summary of chang	ge: In 8.7.4, state that expiration of T _{RELOCalloc} , is an example whereby CN shall initiate lu release towards target RNC if lu connection has been or will become established. This change is backward compatible.
Consequences if not approved:	# If this CR is not approved there may be misinterpretation on actions of CN what to do if timer expires.
Clauses affected:	×
Other specs affected:	X Other core specifications
Other comments:	x

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8.7 Relocation Resource Allocation

8.7.1 General

The purpose of the Relocation Resource Allocation procedure is to allocate resources from target RNS for a relocation of SRNS. Procedure shall be co-ordinated in all Iu signalling connections existing for the UE. The procedure uses connection oriented signalling.

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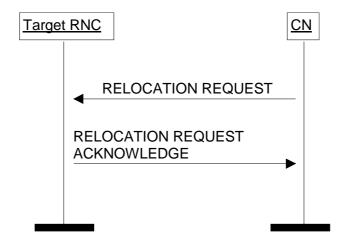


Figure 1: Relocation Resource Allocation procedure. Successful operation.

The CN shall initiate the procedure by generating RELOCATION REQUEST message. In a UTRAN to UTRAN relocation, this message shall contain the information (if any) required by the UTRAN to build the same RAB configuration as existing for the UE before the relocation. The CN may indicate that RAB QoS negotiation is allowed for certain RAB parameters and in some cases also which alternative values to be used in the negotiation.

The CN shall transmit the RELOCATION REQUEST message to target RNC and the CN shall start the timer $T_{\text{RELOCalloc.}}$

Upon reception of the RELOCATION REQUEST message, the target RNC shall initiate allocation of requested resources. The following information elements received in RELOCATION REQUEST message require the same special actions in the RNC as specified for the same IEs in the RAB Assignment procedure:

- RAB-ID
- User plane mode
- Priority level, queuing and pre-emption indication
- Service Handover

If the RELOCATION REQUEST message includes the *PDP Type Information* IE, the UTRAN may use this to configure any compression algorithms.

The Cause IE shall contain the same value as the one received in the related RELOCATION REQUIRED message.

The *Iu Signalling Connection Identifier* IE contains an Iu signalling connection identifier which is allocated by the CN, and which the RNC is required to store and remember for the duration of the Iu connection.

Following additional actions shall be executed in the target RNC during Relocation Resource Allocation procedure:

If the relocation type is "UE involved in relocation of SRNS":

- The target RNC may accept a requested RAB only if the RAB can be supported by the target RNC.

- Other RABs shall be rejected by the target RNC in the RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message with an appropriate value for *Cause* IE, e.g. "Unable to Establish During Relocation".
- The target RNC shall include information adapted to the resulting RAB configuration in the target to source RNC transparent container to be included in the RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message sent to the CN. If the target RNC supports triggering of the Relocation Detect procedure via the Iur interface, the RNC shall assign a d-RNTI for the context of the relocation and include it in the container. If two CNs are involved in the relocation of SRNS, the target RNC may, however, decide to send the container to only one CN.
- If any alternative RAB parameter values have been used when allocate the resource, these RAB parameter values shall be included in the RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message.

If the relocation type IE is "UE not involved in relocation of SRNS":

- The target RNC may accept a RAB only if the radio bearer(s) for the RAB exist(s) and can be used for the RAB by the target RNC.
- If existing radio bearers are not related to any RAB that is accepted by target RNC, the radio bearers shall be ignored during the relocation of SRNS and the radio bearers shall be released by radio interface protocols after completion of relocation of SRNS.
- If any alternative RAB parameter values have been used when allocate the resource, these RAB parameter values shall be included in the RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message. This shall not apply to the UTRAN initiated relocation.

After all necessary resources for accepted RABs including the initialised Iu user plane, are successfully allocated, the target RNC shall send RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message to the CN. The resources associated with the RABs indicated as failed to set up shall not be released in the CN until the relocation is completed. This is in order to make a return to the old configuration possible in case of a failed or cancelled relocation.

The RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message received by the CN may optionally contain a transparent container, which shall be transferred by CN to the source RNC or the external relocation source while completing the Relocation procedure.

If one or more of the RABs that the target RNC has decided to support can not be supported by the CN, then these failed RABs shall not be released towards the target RNC until the relocation is completed.

If the NAS Synchronisation Indicator IE is contained in the RELOCATION REQUEST message, the target RNC shall pass it to the source RNC within the RRC Container IE contained in the Target RNC to Source RNC Transparent Container IE.

Transmission and reception of RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message terminates the procedure in the UTRAN and the CN respectively.

Before reporting the successful outcome of the Relocation Resource allocation procedure, the RNC shall have executed the initialisation of the user plane mode as requested by the CN in the *User Plane Mode* IE. If the RNC is requested to execute the user plane initialisation for the *User Plane Mode* "support mode for predefined SDU sizes", it shall initialise all RAB subflow combinations on Iu as indicated in the *RAB parameters* IE. If not all of the indicated RAB subflow combinations can be initialised the RAB Assignment fails with the cause value "RNC unable to establish all RFCs". The user plane initialisation is described in ref.[6].

8.7.3 Unsuccessful Operation

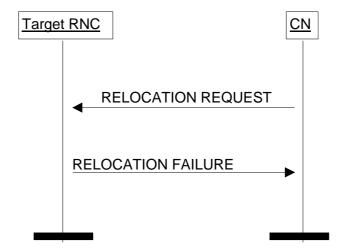


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If after reception of the RELOCATION REQUEST message, the target RNC receives another RELOCATION REQUEST message on the same Iu connection, then the target RNC shall discard the latter message and the original Relocation Resource Allocation procedure shall continue normally.

Interactions with Iu Release procedure:

If the CN decides to not continue the Relocation Resource Allocation procedure (e.g. due to $T_{RELOCalloc}$ expiry) before the Relocation Resource Allocation procedure is completed, the CN shall stop timer $T_{RELOCalloc}$ (if timer $T_{RELOCalloc}$ has not already expired) and the CN shall, if the Iu signalling connection has been established or later becomes established, initiate the Iu Release procedure towards the target RNC with an appropriate value for the *Cause* IE, e.g. "Relocation Cancelled".

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			and. Howe	ver the ex	kplanatio	cources need to ons of the Relo to account.			
Summary of chang	ıe: ₩	Add new expl procedure ha				elocation Ress case.	ource	Allocation	n
Consequences if not approved:	*		e radio reso ormation:	ources wi	ll not be	a "not UE invo set up by RNC atible.			
Clauses affected:	ж	8.7.2							

Other specs

affected:	Test specifications O&M Specifications
Other comments:	lpha

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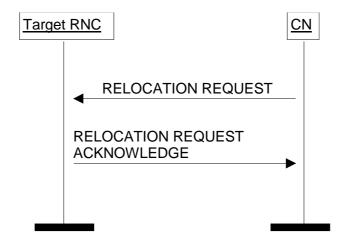


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- Service Handover

If the RELOCATION REQUEST message includes the *PDP Type Information* IE, the UTRAN may use this to configure any compression algorithms.

The Cause IE shall contain the same value as the one received in the related RELOCATION REQUIRED message.

The *Iu Signalling Connection Identifier* IE contains an Iu signalling connection identifier which is allocated by the CN, and which the RNC is required to store and remember for the duration of the Iu connection.

Following additional actions shall be executed in the target RNC during Relocation Resource Allocation procedure:

If the relocation type is "UE involved in relocation of SRNS":

- The target RNC may accept a requested RAB only if the RAB can be supported by the target RNC.
- Other RABs shall be rejected by the target RNC in the RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message with an appropriate value for *Cause* IE, e.g. "Unable to Establish During Relocation".
- The target RNC shall include information adapted to the resulting RAB configuration in the target to source RNC transparent container to be included in the RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message sent to the CN. If the target RNC supports triggering of the Relocation Detect procedure via the Iur interface, the RNC shall assign a d-RNTI for the context of the relocation and include it in the container. If two CNs are involved in the relocation of SRNS, the target RNC may, however, decide to send the container to only one CN.

If the relocation type IE is "UE not involved in relocation of SRNS":

- The target RNC may accept a RAB only if the radio bearer(s) for the RAB <u>either exist(s) already</u>, and can be used for the RAB by the target RNC, or does not exist before the relocation but can be established in order to support the RAB in the target RNC.
- If existing radio bearers are not related to any RAB that is accepted by target RNC, the radio bearers shall be ignored during the relocation of SRNS and the radio bearers shall be released by radio interface protocols after completion of relocation of SRNS.

After all necessary resources for accepted RABs including the initialised Iu user plane, are successfully allocated, the target RNC shall send RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message to the CN. The resources associated with the RABs indicated as failed to set up shall not be released in the CN until the relocation is completed. This is in order to make a return to the old configuration possible in case of a failed or cancelled relocation.

The RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message received by the CN may optionally contain a transparent container, which shall be transferred by CN to the source RNC or the external relocation source while completing the Relocation Preparation procedure.

If one or more of the RABs that the target RNC has decided to support can not be supported by the CN, then these failed RABs shall not be released towards the target RNC until the relocation is completed.

If the NAS Synchronisation Indicator IE is contained in the RELOCATION REQUEST message, the target RNC shall pass it to the source RNC within the RRC Container IE contained in the Target RNC to Source RNC Transparent Container IE.

Transmission and reception of RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message terminates the procedure in the UTRAN and the CN respectively.

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Clauses affected:	ж	8.7.2									

affected:	Test specifications O&M Specifications
Other comments:	lpha

How to create CRs using this form:

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at: http://www.3gpp.org/3G Specs/CRs.htm. Below is a brief summary:

- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked # contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

8.7.2 Successful Operation

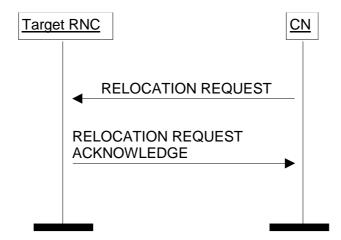


Figure 1: Relocation Resource Allocation procedure. Successful operation.

The CN shall initiate the procedure by generating RELOCATION REQUEST message. In a UTRAN to UTRAN relocation, this message shall contain the information (if any) required by the UTRAN to build the same RAB configuration as existing for the UE before the relocation. The CN may indicate that RAB QoS negotiation is allowed for certain RAB parameters and in some cases also which alternative values to be used in the negotiation.

The CN shall transmit the RELOCATION REQUEST message to target RNC and the CN shall start the timer $T_{RELOCalloc.}$

Upon reception of the RELOCATION REQUEST message, the target RNC shall initiate allocation of requested resources. The following information elements received in RELOCATION REQUEST message require the same special actions in the RNC as specified for the same IEs in the RAB Assignment procedure:

- RAB-ID
- User plane mode
- Priority level, queuing and pre-emption indication
- Service Handover

If the RELOCATION REQUEST message includes the *PDP Type Information* IE, the UTRAN may use this to configure any compression algorithms.

The Cause IE shall contain the same value as the one received in the related RELOCATION REQUIRED message.

The *Iu Signalling Connection Identifier* IE contains an Iu signalling connection identifier which is allocated by the CN, and which the RNC is required to store and remember for the duration of the Iu connection.

Following additional actions shall be executed in the target RNC during Relocation Resource Allocation procedure:

If the relocation type is "UE involved in relocation of SRNS":

- The target RNC may accept a requested RAB only if the RAB can be supported by the target RNC.
- Other RABs shall be rejected by the target RNC in the RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message with an appropriate value for *Cause* IE, e.g. "Unable to Establish During Relocation".
- The target RNC shall include information adapted to the resulting RAB configuration in the target to source RNC transparent container to be included in the RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message sent to the CN. If the target RNC supports triggering of the Relocation Detect procedure via the Iur interface, the RNC shall assign a d-RNTI for the context of the relocation and include it in the container. If two CNs are involved in the relocation of SRNS, the target RNC may, however, decide to send the container to only one CN.

- If any alternative RAB parameter values have been used when allocate the resource, these RAB parameter values shall be included in the RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message.

If the relocation type IE is "UE not involved in relocation of SRNS":

- The target RNC may accept a RAB only if the radio bearer(s) for the RAB <u>either exist(s) already,</u> and can be used for the RAB by the target RNC, or does not exist before the relocation but can be established in order to <u>support the RAB in the target RNC</u>.
- If existing radio bearers are not related to any RAB that is accepted by target RNC, the radio bearers shall be
 ignored during the relocation of SRNS and the radio bearers shall be released by radio interface protocols after
 completion of relocation of SRNS.
- If any alternative RAB parameter values have been used when allocate the resource, these RAB parameter values shall be included in the RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message. This shall not apply to the UTRAN initiated relocation.

After all necessary resources for accepted RABs including the initialised Iu user plane, are successfully allocated, the target RNC shall send RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message to the CN. The resources associated with the RABs indicated as failed to set up shall not be released in the CN until the relocation is completed. This is in order to make a return to the old configuration possible in case of a failed or cancelled relocation.

The RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message received by the CN may optionally contain a transparent container, which shall be transferred by CN to the source RNC or the external relocation source while completing the Relocation Preparation procedure.

If one or more of the RABs that the target RNC has decided to support can not be supported by the CN, then these failed RABs shall not be released towards the target RNC until the relocation is completed.

If the NAS Synchronisation Indicator IE is contained in the RELOCATION REQUEST message, the target RNC shall pass it to the source RNC within the RRC Container IE contained in the Target RNC to Source RNC Transparent Container IE.

Transmission and reception of RELOCATION REQUEST ACKNOWLEDGE message terminates the procedure in the UTRAN and the CN respectively.

Before reporting the successful outcome of the Relocation Resource allocation procedure, the RNC shall have executed the initialisation of the user plane mode as requested by the CN in the *User Plane Mode* IE. If the RNC is requested to execute the user plane initialisation for the *User Plane Mode* "support mode for predefined SDU sizes", it shall initialise all RAB subflow combinations on Iu as indicated in the *RAB parameters* IE. If not all of the indicated RAB subflow combinations can be initialised the RAB Assignment fails with the cause value "RNC unable to establish all RFCs". The user plane initialisation is described in ref.[6].

3GPP TSG-RAN3 Meeting #21 Busan, South Korea, May 21-25, 2001

R3-011672 Revised version of R3-011516

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How to create CRs using this form:

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- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.

3)	With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

8.22.2 Successful Operation



Figure 1: Initial UE Message procedure. Successful operation.

When RNC has received from radio interface a NAS message (see ref. [8]) to be forwarded to CN domain to which the Iu signalling connection for the UE does not exist, RNC shall initiate the Initial UE Message procedure and send the INITIAL UE MESSAGE message to the CN.

In addition to the received NAS-PDU, RNC shall add following information to the INITIAL UE MESSAGE message:

- CN domain indicator, indicating the CN domain towards which this message is sent.
- For CS domain, the LAI which was the last LAI indicated to the UE by UTRAN via the current RRC connection, or if UTRAN had not yet indicated any LAI to the UE via the current RRC connection, then the LAI of the cell via which the current RRC connection was established.
- For PS domain, the LAI+RAC which were the last LAI+RAC indicated to the UE by UTRAN via the current RRC connection, or if UTRAN had not yet indicated any LAI+RAC to the UE via the current RRC connection, then the LAI+RAC of the cell via which the current RRC connection was established.
- Service Area corresponding to at least one of the cells from which the UE is consuming radio resources.
- Iu signalling connection identifier.

- Global RNC identifier.

The *Iu Signalling Connection Identifier* IE contains an Iu signalling connection identifier which is allocated by the RNC, and which the CN is required to store and remember for the duration of the Iu connection.

Whereas several processing entities within the CN (e.g. charging, interception, etc.) may make use of the location information given in the *SAI* IE and the *LAI* (and *RAC*) IE, the mobility management within the CN shall rely on the information given within the *LAI* IE (resp. *LAI* and *RAC* IEs) only.

3GPP TSG-RAN3 Meeting #21 Busan, South Korea, May 21-25, 2001

R3-011673 Revised version of R3-011517

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3)	With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

8.22.2 Successful Operation



Figure 1: Initial UE Message procedure. Successful operation.

When RNC has received from radio interface a NAS message (see ref. [8]) to be forwarded to CN domain to which the Iu signalling connection for the UE does not exist, RNC shall initiate the Initial UE Message procedure and send the INITIAL UE MESSAGE message to the CN.

In addition to the received NAS-PDU, RNC shall add following information to the INITIAL UE MESSAGE message:

- CN domain indicator, indicating the CN domain towards which this message is sent.
- For CS domain, the LAI which was the last LAI indicated to the UE by UTRAN via the current RRC connection, or if UTRAN had not yet indicated any LAI to the UE via the current RRC connection, then the LAI of the cell via which the current RRC connection was established.
- For PS domain, the LAI+RAC which were the last LAI+RAC indicated to the UE by UTRAN via the current RRC connection, or if UTRAN had not yet indicated any LAI+RAC to the UE via the current RRC connection, then the LAI+RAC of the cell via which the current RRC connection was established.
- Service Area corresponding to at least one of the cells from which the UE is consuming radio resources.
- Iu signalling connection identifier.

- Global RNC identifier.

The *Iu Signalling Connection Identifier* IE contains an Iu signalling connection identifier which is allocated by the RNC, and which the CN is required to store and remember for the duration of the Iu connection.

Whereas several processing entities within the CN (e.g. charging, interception, etc.) may make use of the location information given in the *SAI* IE and the *LAI* (and *RAC*) IE, the mobility management within the CN shall rely on the information given within the *LAI* IE (resp. *LAI* and *RAC* IEs) only.

3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 Meeting #21 Busan, Korea, 21st – 25th May, 2001

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Source: # R-1	WG3					
Work item code: 第 TE	Date: ₩ 2001-05-14					
Category:	Release: ₩ R99					
Deta	e one of the following categories: F (essential correction) A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) B (Addition of feature), C (Functional modification of feature) P (Editorial modification) C (Editorial modification)	5:				
Reason for change: #	The Overload procedure is currently lacking of a means to indicate to the RN the CN domain suffering the signalling traffic overload.	С				
If the CN domain indicator is given to the RNC (in DL direction), the RNC is a to apply signalling traffic reduction mechanisms towards the indicated domain only. Due to the fact, that UTRAN is implemented in a domain independent way, the possibility to indicate the domain within the UL OVERLOAD message is seen						
	unnecessary.					
Summary of change: ₩	Introduction of CN domain indicator in the DL OVERLOAD message to indicathe CN domain suffering the signalling traffic overload.	ate				
Consequences if # not approved:	The RNC might apply signalling traffic reduction mechanisms to not affected domain.	CN				
	This CR is backwards compatible					
Clauses affected: 第	8.25.3, 9.1.38, 9.3.3, A.1.1					
Other specs # affected:	Other core specifications # 25.413 CR296r2 Rel-4 Test specifications O&M Specifications					
Other comments: #						

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- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked **#** contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://www.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2000-09 contains the specifications resulting from the September 2000 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

8.25.3 Successful Operation

8.25.3.1 Overload at the CN



Figure 111: Overload at the CN. Successful operation.

The CN should indicate to the RNC that it is in a congested state by sending an OVERLOAD message. <u>The CN Domain Indicator IE may be included, if the CN can determine the domain suffering the signalling traffic overload.</u>

At <u>T</u>the UTRAN receipt of this message should cause the reduction of <u>signalling</u> traffic <u>towards the CN.</u> to the <u>CN node</u> sending the <u>message</u>. If <u>CN Domain Indicator</u> IE is indicated within the <u>OVERLOAD</u> message, the <u>RNC should apply signalling traffic reduction mechanisms to the indicated domain</u>.

8.25.3.2 Overload at the UTRAN



Figure 222: Overload at the UTRAN. Successful operation.

If the UTRAN is not capable to send signalling messages to the UE due to overloaded resources then the UTRAN should send an OVERLOAD message to the CN.

9.1.38 OVERLOAD

This message is sent by both the CN and the RNC to indicate that the node is overloaded.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN and CN \rightarrow RNC.

Signalling bearer mode: Connectionless.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore
Number Of Steps	0		9.2.1.32		YES	ignore
Global RNC-ID	C- ifUL		9.2.1.39		YES	ignore
CN Domain Indicator	<u>O</u>		9.2.1.25		YES	ignore

Condition	Explanation
IfUL	This IE is always used in uplink direction

9.3.3 PDU Definitions

*** unchanged ASN.1 code omitted ***

```
-- OVERLOAD CONTROL ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE
-- Overload
__ *********************
Overload ::= SEQUENCE {
  OPTIONAL,
OverloadIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
  { ID id-NumberOfSteps
{ ID id-GlobalRNC-ID
                          CRITICALITY ignore TYPE NumberOfSteps
                                                             PRESENCE optional } |
                          CRITICALITY ignore TYPE GlobalRNC-ID
                                                             PRESENCE conditional
  -- This IE is always used in the uplink direction --
                                                                   },
OverloadExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
 { ID id-CN-DomainIndicator CRITICALITY ignore EXTENSION CN-DomainIndicator PRESENCE optional } ,
```

Annex A (informative): RANAP Guidelines

A.1 Rules for building RANAP messages

A.1.1 Rules for RANAP messages that shall contain the CN Domain Indicator IE

Based on the principles described in [3], following rules can be deduced:

- Any RANAP message initiating a connection oriented signalling connection shall contain the CN Domain Indicator IE. For the time being, two such RANAP messages are known: INITIAL UE MESSAGE message and RELOCATION REQUEST message.
- 2) Any RANAP message belonging to class 1 procedures that uses connectionless signalling shall contain the *CN Domain Indicator* IE.
- 3) Following RANAP message belonging to class 2 procedures that uses connectionless signalling shall contain the *CN Domain Indicator* IE: PAGING message and ERROR INDICATION message, the OVERLOAD message in DL direction (see chapter 8.25.3.1) may contain the *CN Domain Indicator* IE.

CHANGE REQUEST					
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Source: # R	-WG3				
Work item code:	El		Date: ₩	2001-05-14	
Category: # A			Release: ₩	Rel-4	
Dei	e <u>one</u> of the following categories F (essential correction) A (corresponds to a correction B (Addition of feature), C (Functional modification of the discounty of	n in an earlier re eature)	2	the following releases: (GSM Phase 2) (Release 1996) (Release 1997) (Release 1998) (Release 1999) (Release 4) (Release 5)	
Reason for change: 3				o indicate to the RNC	
	the CN domain suffering to lift the CN domain indicator to apply signalling traffic reconly. Due to the fact, that UTRA possibility to indicate the counnecessary.	is given to the eduction mechanical in the second is implement.	e RNC (in DL dire nanisms towards t ented in a domain	he indicated domain independent way, the	
Summary of change: \$	Introduction of CN domain the CN domain suffering t			D message to indicate	
Consequences if anot approved:	The RNC might apply sign domain.	nalling traffic re	eduction mechani	sms to not affected CN	
	This CR is backwards con	npatible			
Clauses affected:	€ 8.25.3, 9.1.38, 9.3.3, A.1.	1			
Other specs 3 affected:	Other core specification Test specifications O&M Specifications	ns # 25	.413 CR295r2 R9	9	
Other comments: 3	€				

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- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked \$\mathbb{X}\$ contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
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8.25.3 Successful Operation

8.25.3.1 Overload at the CN



Figure 1: Overload at the CN. Successful operation.

The CN should indicate to the RNC that it is in a congested state by sending an OVERLOAD message. <u>. The CN Domain Indicator IE may be included</u>, if the CN can determine the domain suffering the signalling traffic overload.

At t<u>T</u>he UTRAN receipt of this message should cause the reduction of <u>signalling</u> traffic to<u>wards</u> the CN <u>node</u> sending the message. <u>If CN Domain Indicator IE</u> is indicated within the OVERLOAD message, the RNC should apply signalling traffic reduction mechanisms to the indicated domain

8.25.3.2 Overload at the UTRAN



Figure 2: Overload at the UTRAN. Successful operation.

If the UTRAN is not capable to send signalling messages to the UE due to overloaded resources then the UTRAN should send an OVERLOAD message to the CN.

9.1.38 OVERLOAD

This message is sent by both the CN and the RNC to indicate that the node is overloaded.

Direction: RNC \rightarrow CN and CN \rightarrow RNC.

Signalling bearer mode: Connectionless.

IE/Group Name	Presence	Range	IE type and reference	Semantics description	Criticality	Assigned Criticality
Message Type	M		9.2.1.1		YES	ignore
Number Of Steps	0		9.2.1.32		YES	ignore
Global RNC-ID	C- ifUL		9.2.1.39		YES	ignore
CN Domain Indicator	0		9.2.1.25		YES	ignore

Condition	Explanation
IfUL	This IE is always used in uplink direction

9.3.3 PDU Definitions

```
*** unchanged ASN.1 code omitted ***
-- OVERLOAD CONTROL ELEMENTARY PROCEDURE
  ******************
-- Overload
Overload ::= SEQUENCE {
   protocolIEs
                      ProtocolIE-Container
                                               { {OverloadIEs} },
                       ProtocolExtensionContainer { {OverloadExtensions} }
   protocolExtensions
                                                                                          OPTIONAL,
OverloadIEs RANAP-PROTOCOL-IES ::= {
   { ID id-NumberOfSteps
                                     CRITICALITY ignore TYPE NumberOfSteps
                                                                                      PRESENCE optional } |
   { ID id-GlobalRNC-ID
                                     CRITICALITY ignore TYPE GlobalRNC-ID
                                                                                      PRESENCE conditional
   -- This IE is always used in the uplink direction --
                                                                                              },
OverloadExtensions RANAP-PROTOCOL-EXTENSION ::= {
                                                                                     PRESENCE optional } ,
  { ID id-CN-DomainIndicator
                                     CRITICALITY ignore EXTENSION CN-DomainIndicator
   . . .
```

Annex A (informative): RANAP guidelines

A.1 Rules for building RANAP messages

A.1.1 Rules for RANAP messages that shall contain the CN Domain Indicator IE

Based on the principles described in [3], following rules can be deduced:

- Any RANAP message initiating a connection oriented signalling connection shall contain the CN Domain Indicator IE. For the time being, two such RANAP messages are known: INITIAL UE MESSAGE message and RELOCATION REQUEST message.
- 2) Any RANAP message belonging to class 1 procedures that uses connectionless signalling shall contain the *CN Domain Indicator* IE.
- 3) Following RANAP message belonging to class 2 procedures that uses connectionless signalling shall contain the *CN Domain Indicator* IE: PAGING message and ERROR INDICATION message, the OVERLOAD message in DL direction (see chapter 8.25.3.1) may contain the *CN Domain Indicator* IE.

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- [3] 3GPP TS 25.401: "3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; UTRAN Overall Description".
- [4] 3GPP TR 25.931: "3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; UTRAN Functions, Examples on Signalling Procedures".
- [5] 3GPP TS 25.412: "3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; UTRAN Iu Interface Signalling Transport".
- [6] 3GPP TS 25.415: "3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; UTRAN Iu Interface User Plane Protocols".
- [7] 3GPP TS 23.107: "3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; QoS Concept and Architecture".
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- [9] 3GPP TS 25.414: "3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; Iu Interface Data Transport and Transport Signalling".
- [10] 3GPP TS 25.331: "3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; RRC Protocol Specification".
- [11] 3GPP TS 08.08: "Mobile services Switching Centre Base Station System (MSC BSS) interface".
- [12] 3GPP TS 12.08: "Subscriber and equipment trace".
- [13] X.691 (12/974): "Information Technology ASN.1 encoding rules Specification of Packed Encoding Rules (PER)".
 - [14] X.680, (12/974): "Information Technology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of basic notation".
 - [15] X.681 (12/974): "Information Technology Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Information object specification".
 - [16] 3GPP TS 23.110: "3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects, UMTS Access Stratum, Services and Functions".
 - [17] 3GPP TS 25.323: "3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; Packet Data Convergence Protocol (PDCP) Specification".

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[18] 3GPP TS 25.921: "3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Technical Specification Group Radio Access Network; Guidelines and principles for protocol description and error handling"

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- [19] 3GPP TS 23.003: "3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP) Technical Specification Group Core Network; Numbering, addressing and identification".
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