TSG-RAN Meeting #12 Stockholm, Sweden, 12 - 15 June 2001

RP-010361

Title: Agreed CRs (Release 4) to TS 25.105

Source: TSG-RAN WG4

Agenda item: 8.4.4

WG4 doc	Status	Spec	CR	Phase	Title		V old	V new
	WG4							
R4-010240	agreed	25.105	53	Rel-4	Differential accuracy of P-CCPCH power	В	4.0.0	4.1.0
R4-010551	agreed	25.105	60	Rel-4	Clarification of transmit intermodulation requirements	F	4.0.0	4.1.0
R4-010683	agreed	25.105	61	Rel-4	BS EVM definition correction	F	4.0.0	4.1.0
R4-010799	agreed	25.105	64	Rel-4	Application of blocking requirement for 1.28 Mcps TDD	F	4.0.0	4.1.0
R4-010794	agreed	25.105	65	Rel-4	Correction to upper frequency of transmitter spurious emission limits for 1.28 Mcps TDD	F	4.0.0	4.1.0

3GPP TSG RAN WG4 Meeting #17

Gothenburg, Sweden 21st - 25th May 2001

	CHANGE REQUEST										
ж	25.	105	CR <mark>53</mark>	э	3 rev	- 3	€ Curr	ent vers	sion: 4	.0.0	ж
For <u>HELP</u> on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the % symbols.											
Proposed change affects: # (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Access Network X Core Network											
Title: Ж	Diffe	erentia	al accuracy	of P-CCPC	H powe	er					
Source: #	RAN	l WG	1								
Work item code: ₩	TEI	1						Date: ₩	23.02.	2001	
Category: 第	В						Rele	ease: #	REL-4	ļ	
	Use one of the following categories: F (essential correction) A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) B (Addition of feature), C (Functional modification of feature) D (Editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900. Use one of the following releases: 2 (GSM Phase 2) R96 (Release 1996) R97 (Release 1997) R98 (Release 1998) R99 (Release 1999) REL-4 (Release 4) REL-5 (Release 5)										
Reason for change	e: #		ssure the sy racy for PC					is need	to define	differe	ential
Summary of chang	ge: #	Diffe	rential accur	acy of PC	CPCH p	ower is	s defined	d.			
Consequences if not approved:	ж	The	performance	e of TDD sy	/stem w	vill be d	ecrease	d if this	definitio	n is not	made.
Clauses affected:	ж	New	chapters: 6	4.6 and 6.4	4.6.1						
Other specs affected:	ж	X Te	her core spest specifica	tions	*	25.14	42				
Other comments:	\mathfrak{H}										

How to create CRs using this form:

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- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked # contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
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- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

6.4.3 Power control dynamic range

The power control dynamic range is the difference between the maximum and the minimum transmit output power for a specified reference condition

6.4.3.1 Minimum Requirement

Down link (DL) power control dynamic range 30 dB

6.4.4 Minimum transmit power

The minimum controlled output power of the BS is when the power control setting is set to a minimum value. This is when the power control indicates a minimum transmit output power is required.

6.4.4.1 Minimum Requirement

Down link (DL) minimum transmit power is set to: Maximum output power – 30dB

6.4.5 Primary CCPCH power

Primary CCPCH power is the transmission power of the primary common control physical channel averaged over the transmit timeslot. Primary CCPCH power is signalled over the BCH.

The error between the BCH-broadcast value of the Primary CCPCH power and the Primary CCPCH power averaged over the timeslot shall not exceed the values in table 6.2. The error is a function of the total power averaged over the timeslot, Pout, and the manufacturer's rated output power, PRAT.

Table 6.2: Errors between Primary CCPCH power and the broadcast value

Total power in slot, dB	PCCPCH power tolerance
PRAT-3 < Pout ≤ PRAT+2	+/- 2.5 dB
PRAT-6 < Pout ≤ PRAT-3	+/- 3.5 dB
PRAT-13 < Pout ≤ PRAT-6	+/- 5 dB

6.4.6 Differential accuracy of Primary CCPCH power

The differential accuracy of the Primary CCPCH power is the relative transmitted power accuracy of PCCPCH in consecutive frames when the nominal PCCPCH power is not changed.

6.4.6.1 Minimum Requirement for Differential accuracy of PCCPCH power

Differential accuracy of PCCPCH power +/- 0.5 dB

6.5 Transmit ON/OFF power

6.5.1 Transmit OFF power

The transmit OFF power state is when the BS does not transmit. This parameter is defined as maximum output transmit power within the channel bandwidth when the transmitter is OFF.

R4-010551

3GPP TSG RAN WG4 Meeting #17 Gothenburg, Sweden 21st - 25th May 2001

	CHANGE REQUEST									
25.105 CR 60										
For <u>HELP</u> on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the % symbols.										
Proposed change affects: # (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Access Network X Core Network										
Title: 第	Clarificati	on of transmit ir	ntermodulati	on requir	rements					
Source: 第	RAN WG	4								
Work item code: 第	TEI4				Date:	光 18. A	pr. 2001			
Category: 第	F				Release:	° ₩ REL-	4			
	Use one of the following categories: F (essential correction) A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) B (Addition of feature), C (Functional modification) D (Editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900. Use one of the following releases: 2 (GSM Phase 2) R96 (Release 1996) R97 (Release 1997) R98 (Release 1998) R99 (Release 1999) REL-4 (Release 4) REL-5 (Release 5)									
Reason for change:	: ₩ Con	tradictory staten	nents to tran	smit inte	rmodulation fo	or 1.28 Mc	os TDD option			
Summary of change		frequencys of t 1.28 Mcps TDD					<mark>1cps TDD optior d RP-010097)</mark>			
Consequences if not approved:	# Con	tradictory staten	nents to trar	smit inte	rmodulation fo	or 1.28 Mcr	os TDD option			
Clauses affected:	% 6.7.									
Other specs affected:	X	ther core specifest specification &M Specification	S	¥ 25.1	142					
Other comments:	ж									

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3)	With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. I which are not relevant to the change request.	A to select it) into the specification Delete those parts of the specification

6.7 Transmit intermodulation

The transmit intermodulation performance is a measure of the capability of the transmitter to inhibit the generation of signals in its non linear elements caused by presence of the wanted signal and an interfering signal reaching the transmitter via the antenna.

The transmit intermodulation level is the power of the intermodulation products when a CDMA modulated interference signal is injected into the antenna connector at a level of 30 dB lower than that of the subject signal. The frequency of the interference signal shall be ± 5 MHz, ± 10 MHz and ± 15 MHz offset from the subject signal.

6.7.1 Minimum Requirement

6.7.1.1 3,84 Mcps TDD Option

The frequency of the interference signal shall be ± 5 MHz, ± 10 MHz and ± 15 MHz offset from the subject signal. The Transmit intermodulation level shall not exceed the out of band or the spurious emission requirements of section 6.6.2 and 6.6.3.

6.7.1.2 1,28 Mcps TDD Option:

The frequency of the interference signal shall be ± 1.6 MHz, ± 3.2 MHz and ± 4.8 MHz offset from the subject signal. The Transmit intermodulation level shall not exceed the out of band or the spurious emission requirements of section 6.6.2 and 6.6.3.

R4-010683

3GPP TSG RAN WG4 Meeting #17

Gothenburg, Sweden 21st - 25th May 2001

CHANGE REQUEST									CR-Form-v4	
æ	25.	105 C	CR <mark>61</mark>	æ	ev	- #	Current vers	sion:	4.0.0	ж
For HELP on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the x symbols.										
Proposed change affects: (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Access Network X Core Network ■										
Title:	₩ BS E	VM defi	nition correc	tion						
Source:	₩ RAN	WG4								
Work item code:	: 第 <mark>TEI4</mark>						Date: ₩	22.	05.2001	
Category:	Detai	F (correct A (correct B (addition C (function D (editorn led expla	e following can stion) sponds to a co on of feature) onal modification ial modification nations of the SPP TR 21.90	orrection in a , tion of featu on) e above cate	re)		2	the fo (GSN (Rele (Rele (Rele (Rele	L-4 Illowing rele A Phase 2) Pase 1996) Pase 1997) Pase 1999) Pase 4) Pase 5)	eases:
Reason for char	ge: Ж	Curren	t definition o	of EVM doe	s not	take inte	account 1.28	3 Мср	s TDD opt	ion.
Summary of cha	nge: #	The de	finition is co	rrected to t	ake ir	to acco	unt both mode	es.		
Consequences inot approved:	f X		uity and erro rement resu		VM de	finition	may lead to ne	on-coi	nsistent	
Clauses affected	d: #	6.8.2								
Other specs affected:	 # [X Test	er core spec specificatio Specificati	ns	Ж	TS 25	.142			
Other comments	s: #									

How to create CRs using this form:

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- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked # contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
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- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change requests.

6.8.2 Modulation Accuracy

The Error Vector Magnitude is a measure of the difference between the reference waveform and the measured waveform. This difference is called the error vector. Both waveforms pass through a matched Root Raised Cosine filter with bandwidth $\frac{3,84 \text{ Mhz}}{3,84 \text{ Mhz}}$ corresponding to the considered chip rate and roll-off α =0,22. Both waveforms are then further modified by selecting the frequency, absolute phase, absolute amplitude and chip clock timing so as to minimise the error vector. The EVM result is defined as the square root of the ratio of the mean error vector power to the mean reference power expressed as a %. The measurement interval is one timeslot. See Annex B of TS 34.122 for further details.

3GPP TSG RAN WG4 Meeting #17

R4-010799

Gothenburg, Sweden 21st - 25th May 2001

	CHANGE REQUEST									
*	25.105 CR 64 # ev - # Current version: 4.0.0 #									
For <u>HELP</u> on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the % symbols.										
Proposed change affects:										
Title: #	Application of blocking requirement for 1.28 Mcps TDD									
Source: #	RAN WG4									
Work item code: ₩	B LCRTDD-RF									
Category:	Release: # REL-4 Use one of the following categories: F (correction) A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) B (addition of feature), C (functional modification of feature) D (editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.									
Reason for change	e: Missing additional blocking requirement for 1.28 Mcps TDD option in case of cositing with GSM900 and DCS1800.)-								
Summary of chang	ge: # 1- Correction of blocking requirement in band b) and c) for 1.28Mcps option. 2-Tightening of receiver blocking requirement for co-existence with GSM/DCS and co-located base stations. The co-location band with GSM900 is also modified to include R-GSM band.									
Consequences if not approved:	# 1- Wrong implementation of the specifications. 2- Blocking of GSM/DCS system due to interference from 1.28 Mcps TDD option.									
Clauses affected:	¥ 7.5.0.2, 7.5.1.2									
Other specs Affected:	Other core specifications Test specifications O&M Specifications 25.142									
Other comments:	X									

7.5.0.2 1,28 Mcps TDD Option

Table 7.4A(a): Blocking requirements for operating bands defined in 5.2(a)

Center Frequency of Interfering Signal	Interfering Signal Level	Wanted Signal Level	Minimum Offset of Interfering Signal	Type of Interfering Signal
1900 – 1920 MHz, 2010 – 2025 MHz	-40 dBm	<refsens> + 6 dB</refsens>	3.2MHz	Narrow band CDMA signal with one code
1880 – 1900 MHz, 1990 – 2010 MHz, 2025 – 2045 MHz	-40dBm	<refsens> + 6 dB</refsens>	3.2MHz	Narrow band CDMA signal with one code
1920 – 1980 MHz	-40dBm	<refsens> + 6 dB</refsens>	3.2MHz	Narrow band CDMA signal with one code
1 – 1880 MHz, 1980 – 1990 MHz, 2045 – 12750 MHz	-15dBm	<refsens> + 6 dB</refsens>	_	CW carrier

Table 7.4A(b): Blocking requirements for operating bands defined in 5.2(b)

Center Frequency of Interfering Signal	Interfering Signal Level	Wanted Signal Level	Minimum Offset of Interfering Signal	Type of Interfering Signal
1850 – 1990 MHz	-40dBm	<refsens> + 6 dB</refsens>	3.2MHz	Narrow band CDMA signal with one code
1830 – 1850 MHz, 1990 – 2010 MHz	-40 dBm	<refsens> + 6 dB</refsens>	3.2MHz	Narrow band CDMA signal with one code
1 – 1830 MHz, 2010 – 12750 MHz	<u>-15</u> -40 dBm	<refsens> + 6 dB</refsens>	_	CW carrier

Table 7.4A(c): Blocking requirements for operating bands defined in 5.2(c)

Center Frequency of Interfering Signal	Interfering Signal Level	Wanted Signal Level	Minimum Offset of Interfering Signal	Type of Interfering Signal
1910 – 1930 MHz	-40dBm	<refsens> + 6 dB</refsens>	3.2MHz	Narrow band CDMA signal with one code
1890 – 1910 MHz, 1930 – 1950 MHz	-40dBm	<refsens> + 6 dB</refsens>	3.2 MHz	Narrow band CDMA signal with one code
1 – 1890 MHz, 1950 – 12750 MHz	<u>-15</u> -40-dBm	<refsens> + 6 dB</refsens>	_	CW carrier

NEXT CHANGED SECTION

7.5.1.2 1,28 Mcps TDD Option

(void)

Table 7.4 (f): Additional blocking requirements for operating bands defined in 5.2(a) when colocated with GSM900

Centre Frequency of Interfering Signal	Interfering Signal Level	<u>Wanted Signal</u> <u>Level</u>	Minimum Offset of Interfering Signal	Type of Interfering Signal
921 – 960 MHz	<u>+16 dBm</u>	<refsens> + 6 dB</refsens>	=	CW carrier

Table 7.4 (g): Additional blocking requirements for operating bands defined in 5.2(a) when colocated with DCS1800

Center Frequency of Interfering Signal	Interfering Signal Level	Wanted Signal Level	Minimum Offset of Interfering Signal	Type of Interfering Signal
<u>1805 1880</u>	<u>+16 dBm</u>	<refsens> + 6 dB</refsens>	=	CW carrier

3GPP TSG RAN WG4 Meeting #17

R4-010794

Gothenburg, Sweden 21st - 25th May 2001

CHANGE REQUEST			
* 25.105	CR 65 # rev - # Ct	urrent version: 4.0.0 **	
For <u>HELP</u> on u	using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the p	op-up text over the % symbols.	
Proposed change	affects: ### (U)SIM ME/UE Radio Acces	ss Network X Core Network	
Title: 第	Correction of reference to SM.329-8		
Source: #	RAN WG4		
Work item code: ₩	LCRTDD-RF	Date: 第 <mark>31. May. 2001</mark>	
Category: Ж	F R	Pelease: 육 REL-4	
	Use <u>one</u> of the following categories: F (essential correction) A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) B (Addition of feature), C (Functional modification of feature) D (Editorial modification) Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.	Use <u>one</u> of the following releases: 2 (GSM Phase 2) R96 (Release 1996) R97 (Release 1997) R98 (Release 1998) R99 (Release 1999) REL-4 (Release 4) REL-5 (Release 5)	
Reason for change	E: # The transmitter spurious emission limits incorporate Mcps TDD option were taken from a draft version could not be used as a reference until it was published.	on of SM.329-8 but this version	
Summary of chang	References are corrected to point at the relevant error (upper frequency should be 12.75 GHz instable 6.11A is also corrected		
Consequences if not approved:	# Difficulties with regional radio equipment regula	ation procedures.	
Clauses affected:	% 6.6.3.1.1.1.2 ; 6.6.3.1.2.1.2		
Other specs affected:	X Other core specifications X Test specifications O&M Specifications		
Other comments:	Re-draft of Tdoc R4-010550 which reflects only R4-010550.	the R4 Cat F changes of Tdoc	

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3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

6.6.3 Spurious emissions

Spurious emissions are emissions which are caused by unwanted transmitter effects such as harmonics emission, parasitic emission, intermodulation products and frequency conversion products, but exclude out of band emissions. This is measured at the base station RF output port.

Unless otherwise stated, all requirements are measured as mean power.

6.6.3.1 Mandatory Requirements

The requirements of either subclause 6.6.3.1.1 or subclause 6.6.3.1.2 shall apply whatever the type of transmitter considered (single carrier or multi-carrier). It applies for all transmission modes foreseen by the manufacturer's.

6.6.3.1.1 Spurious emissions (Category A)

The following requirements shall be met in cases where Category A limits for spurious emissions, as defined in ITU-R Recommendation SM.329-8 [1], are applied.

6.6.3.1.1.1 Minimum Requirement

6.6.3.1.1.1.1 3,84 Mcps TDD Option

Either requirement applies at frequencies within the specified frequency ranges which are more than 12.5MHz under the first carrier frequency used or more than 12.5 MHz above the last carrier frequency used. The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Table 6.10: BS Mandatory spurious emissions limits, Category A

Band	Minimum requirement	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
9kHz – 150kHz	-13 dBm	1 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329-8, s4.1
150kHz – 30MHz		10 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329-8, s4.1
30MHz – 1GHz		100 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329-8, s4.1
1GHz – 12.75 GHz		1 MHz	Upper frequency as in ITU SM.329-8, s2.5 table 1

6.6.3.1.1.1.2 1,28 Mcps TDD Option

Either requirement applies at frequencies within the specified frequency ranges which are more than 4MHz under the first carrier frequency used or more than 4 MHz above the last carrier frequency used. The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Table 6.10A: BS Mandatory spurious emissions limits, Category A

Band	Minimum requirement	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
9kHz – 150kHz		1 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU
	-13 dBm		SM.329- 7 <u>8</u> , s4.1
150kHz – 30MHz		10 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU
			SM.329- 7 <u>8</u> , s4.1
30MHz – 1GHz		100 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU
			SM.329- 7 <u>8</u> , s4.1
1GHz – 12.75 GHz		1 MHz	Upper frequency as in ITU
			SM.329-78, s2.65 table 1

NOTE: only the measurement bands are different according to the occupied bandwidth.

6.6.3.1.2	Spurious emissions (Category B)
end o	f changed section

end of changed section
 next section changed
 next section changed

6.6.3.1.2.1.2 1,28 Mcps TDD Option:

either requirement applies at frequencies within the specified frequency ranges which are more than 4MHz under the first carrier frequency used or more than 4 MHz above the last carrier frequency used. The power of any spurious emission shall not exceed:

Table 6.11A: BS Mandatory spurious emissions limits, Category B

Band	Maximum Level	Measurement Bandwidth	Note
9kHz – 150kHz	-36 dBm	1 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329- 7 8, s4.1
150kHz – 30MHz	- 36 dBm	10 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329-78, s4.1
30MHz – 1GHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329- 7 8, s4.1
1GHz ↔ Fc1-19.2 MHz or FI –3.2 MHz whichever is the higher	-30 dBm	1 MHz	Bandwidth as in ITU SM.329- 7 8, s4.1
Fc1 – 19.2 MHz or FI -3.2MHz whichever is the higher ↔ Fc1 - 16 MHz or FI –3.2 MHz whichever is the higher	-25 dBm	1 MHz	Specification in accordance with ITU-R SM.329-78, s4.1
Fc1 - 16 MHz or Fl −3.2 MHz whichever is the higher ↔ Fc2 + 16 MHz or Fu +3.2 MHz whichever is the lower	-15 dBm	1 MHz	Specification in accordance with ITU-R SM.329-78, s4.1
Fc2 + 16 MHz or Fu + 3.2MHz whichever is the lower ↔ Fc2 +19.2 MHz or Fu + 3.2MHz whichever is the lower	-25 dBm	1 MHz	Specification in accordance with ITU-R SM.329-78, s4.1
Fc2 + 19.2 MHz or Fu +3.2 MHz whichever is the lower ↔ 12, <u>7</u> 5 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz	Bandwidth as in ITU-R SM.329-78, s4.1. Upper frequency as in ITU-R SM.329-78, s2.65 table 1

Fc1: Center frequency of emission of the first carrier transmitted by the BS

Fc2: Center frequency of emission of the last carrier transmitted by the BS

Fl: Lower frequency of the band in which TDD operates

Fu: Upper frequency of the band in which TDD operates

----- END of CHANGES-----