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TSG-RAN Meeting #6 Nice, France, 13 – 15 December 1999

Agreed CRs of category "D" (Editorial) to TS 25.102 Title:

TSG-RAN WG4 Source:

Agenda item: 5.4.3

TSG_DOC SPEC	SPEC	SCR	REV	REV 3G_P	SUBJECT	CAT	CAT VERS_CUR VERS_NEW	VERS_NEW
R4-99753 25.102 004	25.102	004		R99	Open item list in Annex D of 25.102v3.0.0	D	3.0.0	3.1.0
R4-99948 25.102 008	25.102	800		R99	Editorial changes to 25.102v3.0.0	۵	3.0.0	3.1.0

3GPP TSG RAN WG4 Meeting #8 Sophia Antipolis, France, 26-29 October 1999

Document

e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

	CHANGE REQUEST Please see embedded help file at the bottom of this page for instructions on how to fill in this form correctly.
	25.102 CR 004 Current Version: 3.0.0
GSM (AA.BB) or 3G	(AA.BBB) specification number ↑ ↑ CR number as allocated by MCC support team
For submission to	non-strategic non-strategic use only)
Proposed change (at least one should be ma	
Source:	TSG RAN WG4 <u>Date:</u> 29.10.99
Subject:	Open item list in Annex D of 25.102v3.0.0
Work item:	
Category: A (only one category B shall be marked C with an X) D	Correction Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release Addition of feature Functional modification of feature Editorial modification Release: Release
Reason for change:	Open item list is shifted to 30.504 "Workplan" and therefore deleted in 25.102
Clauses affected	<u>:</u>
affected:	Other 3G core specifications Other GSM core specifications Other GSM core specifications MS test specifications Other GSM core specifications → List of CRs:
Other comments:	

Annex D (informative): Open items

efinitions, Symbols, bbreviations requency bands CLR, Minimum requirement	Update required The deployment of TDD in the 1920 MHz to 1980 MHz band is an open item. The possibility is being considered of dynamically relaxing the ACP requirements for User Equipment(s) under conditions when this would not lead to significant interference (with respect to other system scenario or UMTS operators). This would be carried out under network control, primarily to facilitate reduction in UE power consumption.
	an open item. The possibility is being considered of dynamically relaxing the ACP requirements for User Equipment(s) under conditions when this would not lead to significant interference (with respect to other system scenario or UMTS operators). This would be carried out under network control, primarily to facilitate reduction in UE
CLR, Minimum requirement	ACP requirements for User Equipment(s) under conditions when this would not lead to significant interference (with respect to other system scenario or UMTS operators). This would be carried out under network control, primarily to facilitate reduction in UE
	power consumption.
pectrum emission mask	Requirements for other than UE power class 21dBm
CLR	Requirements for other than UE power class 21dBm
ransmit Intermodulation	Requirements for other than UE power class 21dBm
eak Code Domain Error	Requirement to be defined.
CS	Value in square brackets
purious Emissions	Values in square brackets
erformance Requirement	Values are TBD, update of structure needed.
ervice Implementation apabilities	For further study
r e	CLR ansmit Intermodulation ak Code Domain Error CS urious Emissions rformance Requirement rvice Implementation

3GPP TSG-RAN WG4 #9 Bath, UK, 7-10 December 1999

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		CHANGE I	REQU	JEST			file at the bottom of to to fill in this form co.	
		25.102	CR	800	Cur	rent Versi	on: 3.0.0	
GSM (AA.BB) or 3G	G (AA.BBB) specifica	ation number↑		↑ CR i	number as alloca	ated by MCC	support team	
For submission list expected approval m	neeting # here ↑	for a for infor	L	X version of this for		strate	- ,	only)
Proposed change (at least one should be n		(U)SIM	ME [X U1	ΓRAN / Rac	dio	Core Networ	k
Source:	Siemens AC	G				Date:	21/10/99	
Subject:	Editorial cha	anges to 25.102v3	3.0.0					
Work item:								
Category: F A (only one category shall be marked with an X) C	Correspond Addition of Functional i	modification of fea		lier release		Release:	Phase 2 Release 96 Release 97 Release 98 Release 99 Release 00	X
Reason for change:	This contrib	utions provides a	number	of editorial	changes to	o the spec	cification.	
Clauses affected	d: 3.3, 7.5	5, 7.6, 7.7, 7.8, 6.2	2, 6.4.4, <i>A</i>	Annex E				
affected:		cifications		List of C	Rs: Rs:			
Other comments:								

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

ACIR	Adjacent Channel Interference Ratio	
ACLR	Adjacent Channel Leakage power Ratio	
ACS	Adjacent Channel Selectivity	
BS	Base Station	
CW	Continuous wave (unmodulated signal)	
DL	Down link (forward link)	
DPCH	Dedicated physical channel	
DPCH_Ec	Average energy per PN chip for DPCH	
DPCH_Ec	The ratio of the average energy per PN chip of the DPCH to the total transmit	
I _{or}	power spectral density of the forward link at the BS antenna connector	
EIRP	Effective Isotropic Radiated Power	
FDD	Frequency Division Duplexing	
FER	Frame Error Rate	
<u>F</u> _{uw}	Frequency of unwanted signal. This is specified in bracket in terms of an absolute	
	frequency(s) or frequency offset from the assigned channel frequency.	
I _{or}	The total transmit power spectral density of the Forward link at the BS antenna	
	connector	
Î _{or}	The received power spectral density of the Forward link as measured at the UE	
-or	antenna connector	
PPM	Parts Per Million	
RSSI	Received Signal Strength Indicator	
SIR	Signal to Interference ratio	
TDD	Time Division Duplexing	
TPC	Transmit Power Control	
UE	User Equipment	
UL	Up link (reverse link)	
UTRA	UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access	

Table 7.3: Maximum input level

Parameter	Level	Unit
DPCH_Ec I _{or}	-7	dB
$\hat{\mathbf{I}}_{\mathrm{or}}$	-25	dBm/3.84 MHz

7.5 Adjacent Channel Selectivity (ACS)

Adjacent Channel Selectivity is a measure of a receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal at its assigned channel frequency in the presence of adjacent channel signal at a given frequency offset from the centre frequency of the assigned channel. ACS is the ratio of the receive filter attenuation on the assigned channel frequency to the receiver filter attenuation on the adjacent channel(s).

7.5.1 Minimum Requirement

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.4.

Table 7.4: Adjacent Channel Selectivity

Power Class	ACS	Units
3	[33]	dB

Parameter	Level	Unit
Data rate	12.2	kbps
Wanted signal	[]	dBm
Interfering signal (modulated)	[]	dBm
$F_{\underline{uw}(offset)}$ Fuw (Modulated)	5	MHz

7.6 Blocking characteristics

The blocking characteristics is a measure of the receiver ability to receive a wanted signal at is assigned channel frequency in the presence of an unwanted interferer on frequencies other than those of the spurious response or the adjacent channels. The blocking performance shall apply at all frequencies except those at which a spurious response occur.

7.6.1 Minimum Requirement

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in table 7.5 and table 7.6. For table 13 up to 24 exceptions are allowed for spurious response frequencies in each assigned frequency channel when measured using a 1MHz step size.

Table 7.5: In-band blocking

Parameter	Offset	Offset	Unit
Wanted Signal Level	<refsens> + 3 dB</refsens>	<refsens> + 3 dB</refsens>	dBm/3.84 MHz
Unwanted Signal Level (modulated)	-56	-44	dBm/3.84 MHz
Blocking offset	10< f-fo <15	 f-fo ≥15	MHz
F _{uw} (offset)	<u>+10 or -10</u>	<u>+15 or -15</u>	IVITIZ

Parameter Band 1 Band 2 Band 3 Unit Wanted Signal dBm/3.84 MHz <REFSENS> + 3 dB <REFSENS> + 3 dB <REFSENS> + 3 dB Level -44 -30 Unwanted -15 dBm Signal Level (CW) 1815 <f <1840 1< f <1815 **Blocking offset** 1840 <f <1885 MHz 1935 <f <1995 2095 <f <2120 2120< f <12750 \underline{F}_{uw}

Table 7.6: Out of band blocking

Note: On frequency regions 1885 <f< 1900 MHz, 1920 <f< 1935 MHz, 1995 <f< 2010 MHz and 2025 <f< 2040 MHz, the appropriate in-band blocking or adjacent channel selectivity in section 7.5.1 shall be applied.

7.7 Spurious response

Spurious response is a measure of the receiver's ability to receive a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency without exceeding a given degradation due to the presence of an unwanted CW interfering signal at any other frequency at which a response is obtained i.e. for which the blocking limit is not met.

7.7.1 Minimum Requirement

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in Table 7.7.

2040 <f < 2095

 $\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|} \hline \textbf{Parameter} & \textbf{Level} & \textbf{Unit} \\ \hline \textbf{Wanted Signal Level} & <& \textbf{REFSENS}> + 3 \text{ dB} & \textbf{dBm/3.84 MHz} \\ \hline \textbf{Unwanted Signal} & -44 & \textbf{dBm} \\ \hline \textbf{Level (CW)} & & \textbf{Spurious response} \\ \hline \textbf{Few} & \textbf{Spurious response} \\ \hline \textbf{frequencies} & & \textbf{MHz} \\ \hline \hline \textbf{E}_{\underline{uw}} & & & & & & \\ \hline \end{array}$

Table 7.7: Spurious Response

7.8 Intermodulation characteristics

Third and higher order mixing of the two interfering RF signals can produce an interfering signal in the band of the desired channel. Intermodulation response rejection is a measure of the capability of the receiver to receiver a wanted signal on its assigned channel frequency in the presence of two or more interfering signals which have a specific frequency relationship to the wanted signal.

7.8.1 Minimum Requirements

The BER shall not exceed 0.001 for the parameters specified in table 7.8.

Table 7.8: Receive intermodulation characteristics

Parameter	Level	Unit
Wanted Signal Level	<refsens> + 3 dB</refsens>	dBm/3.84 MHz
I _{ouw1_(CW)}	-46	dBm

I _{ouw2 (modulated)}	-46	dBm/3.84 MHz
Fuw1 (CW)	10	MHz
\underline{F}_{uw1} (offset)		
Fuw2 (Modulated)	20	MHz
$\underline{F_{uw2}}$ (offset)		

7.9 Spurious emissions

The Spurious Emissions Power is the power of emissions generated or amplified in a receiver that appear at the UE antenna connector.

7.9.1 Minimum Requirement

The spurious emission shall be:

- 1. Less than [-60dBm/ 3.84MHz] at the mobile station antenna connector, for frequencies within the UE receive band.
- 2. Less than [-57dBm/100kHz] at the mobile station antenna connector, for frequencies band from 9kHz to 1GHz.
- 3. Less than [-47dBm/100kHz] at the mobile station antenna connector, for frequencies band from 1GHz to 12.75GHz.

6 Transmitter characteristics

6.1 General

Unless detailed the transmitter characteristic are specified at the antenna connector of the UE. For UE with integral antenna only, a reference antenna with a gain of 0 dBi is assumed. Transmitter characteristics for UE(s) with multiple antennas/antenna connectors are FFS.

The UE antenna performance has a significant impact on system performance and minimum requirements on the antenna efficiency are therefore intended to be included in future versions of this specification. It is recognised that different requirements and test methods are likely to be required for the different types of UE.

All the parameters in section 6 are defined using the UL reference measurement channel (12.2 kbps) specified in Annex A.2.1.

6.2 Transmit power

6.2.1 User Equipment maximum output power

The following Power Classes define the maximum output power;

 Power Class
 Maximum output power
 Tolerance

 1
 +30 dBm
 +1dB /-3dB

 2
 +24 dBm
 +1dB /-3dB

 3
 +21 dBm
 +2dB /-2dB]

 4
 +10 dBm
 +4dB /-4dB

Table 6.1: UE power classes

Note

- 1. The maximum output power refers to the measure of power when averaged over the useful part of the transmit timeslots at the maximum power control setting.
- 2. For multi-code operation the maximum output power will be reduced by the difference of peak to average ratio between single and multi-code transmission. The error of the maximum average power is below the prescribed value even at the multi-code transmission mode <new text is required to clarify this sentence>
- 3. Power class 4 is envisaged for licensed exempt operation.
- 4. For UE using directive antennas for transmission, a class dependent limit will be placed on the maximum EIRP (Equivalent Isotropic Radiated Power)..

6.3 UE frequency stability

The UE modulated carrier frequency shall be accurate to within ± 0.1 PPM compared to carrier frequency received from the BS. These signals will have an apparent error due to BS frequency error and Doppler shift. In the later case, signals from the BS must be averaged over sufficient time that errors due to noise or interference are allowed for within the above ± 0.1 PPM figure.

Table 6.2: Frequency stability

AFC	Frequency stability
ON	within ± 0.1 PPM

ANNEX E (INFORMATIVE): Terminal Capabilities (TDD)

This section is based on the LS sent to TSG T2 on baseline terminal capabilities which has been updated to take into account changes in UE radio requirement specifications TS 25.102.

E.1 Baseline Implementation Capabilities

Capability TDD	Section	UE*	Comments
Chiprate 3.84 Mcps	5.1	М	
Frequency bands —1900-1920 MHz —2010-2025 MHz — Other spectrum	5.2	₩ ₩ ⊖	Declared 1900-1920 MHz Declared 2010-2025 MHz As Declared
Carrier raster	5.4	M	
UE maximum output power	6.2.1	M	At least one power class

^{(*} M = mandatory, O = optional)

E.2 Service Implementation Capabilities

For further study.