## 3GPP TSG\_CN Plenary Meeting #9, Oahu, Hawaii 20<sup>th</sup> – 22<sup>nd</sup> September 2000.

Source:TSG\_N WG 1Title:CRs to R99 Work Item ASCIAgenda item:8.9.1Document for:APPROVAL

## Introduction:

This document contains 4 CRs on R99 Work Item ASCI, that has been agreed by TSG\_N WG1, and is forwarded to TSG\_N Plenary meeting #9 for approval.

Spec	CR	R	Doc-2nd-Level	Phase	Subject	Cat	Ver_C	Ver_N
03.68	A033		N1-000907	R98	Clarification of anchor MSC address format	A	7.1.0	7.20
03.68	A032		N1-000906	R97	Clarification of anchor MSC address format	F	6.2.0	6.30
03.69	A023		N1-000909	R98	Clarification of anchor MSC address format	A	7.1.0	7.20
03.69	A022		N1-000908	R97	Clarification of anchor MSC address format	F	6.2.0	6.30

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## a) Group ID

The group ID shall be a binary number with a maximum value depending on the composition of the group call reference defined under c).

VGCS shall also be provided in case of roaming. If this applies, certain group IDs shall be defined as supra-PLMN group IDs which have to be co-ordinated between the network operators and which shall be known in the networks and in the SIM.

#### b) Group call area ID

The group call area ID shall be a binary number uniquely assigned to a group call area in one network and with a maximum value depending on the composition of the group call reference defined under c).

#### c) Group call reference

Each voice group call in one network is uniquely identified by its Group call reference. The group call reference is composed of the group ID and the group call area ID. In the case where the routing of dispatcher originated calls is performed without the HLR (see subclause 8.3), the group call reference shall have a maximum length of 8 digits. The composition of the group call area ID and the group ID can be specific for each network operator.

Group call area ID	Group ID

## 9.2 Use of identities in the network

For each voice group call the identifications as defined in the following shall be used within the network for the related purpose mentioned.

For voice group call services which are to operate in more than one PLMN, group identities have to be co-ordinated between the network operators involved.

## a) Identities used for GCR requests for service subscriber originated voice group calls

In case of a service subscriber originated call, the identity of the call used by the MSC in which the call is originated to interrogate the GCR shall consist of the originating serving cell identity as defined in GSM 08.08 and the group ID as defined in subclause 9.1.

Originating cell ID Group ID

A service subscriber initiating a voice group call has to call the wanted group ID. The MSC in which the call is originated shall accumulate from the BSS the called group ID and the originating cell ID.

If the group call area exceeds one MSC area, the identity used to interrogate the GCR by an MSC in which the call was not originated shall consist of the group call reference as defined in subclause 9.1.

## b) Identities used for GCR requests for dispatcher originated voice group calls

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#### c) Identities used for notifications

For dispatcher originated calls an MSISDN is dialled. The Country Code (CC) and National Destination Code (NDC) are used as normal for routing purposes. The numbering scheme is according to CCITT Recommendation E.164. The Subscriber Number (SN) is used to indicate:

- the request of a group call by use of a prefix. The length of the prefix shall be 1 to 2 digits;
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CC NDC Prefix Group call reference

### e) Identities used for VLR requests for service subscriber originated group calls

The group ID shall be used on the B-Interface for VLR requests.

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#### b) Group call area ID

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