**3GPP TSG- Meeting # *r02***

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| *CR-Form-v12.3* |
| **CHANGE REQUEST** |
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|  |  | **CR** |  | **rev** |  | **Current version:** |  |  |
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| *For* [***HE******LP***](http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm#_blank)*on using this form: comprehensive instructions can be found at* [*http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests*](http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests)*.* |
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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| ***Proposed change affects:*** | UICC apps |  | ME | **X** | Radio Access Network |  | Core Network | **X** |

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| ***Title:***  |  |
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| ***Source to WG:*** | , Lenovo |
| ***Source to TSG:*** | S4 |
|  |  |
| ***Work item code:*** |  |  | ***Date:*** |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| ***Category:*** |  |  | ***Release:*** |  |
|  | *Use one of the following categories:****F*** *(correction)****A*** *(mirror corresponding to a change in an earlier release)****B*** *(addition of feature),* ***C*** *(functional modification of feature)****D*** *(editorial modification)*Detailed explanations of the above categories canbe found in 3GPP [TR 21.900](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/html-info/21900.htm). | *Use one of the following releases:Rel-8 (Release 8)Rel-9 (Release 9)Rel-10 (Release 10)Rel-11 (Release 11)…Rel-17 (Release 17)Rel-18 (Release 18)Rel-19 (Release 19) Rel-20 (Release 20)* |
|  |  |
| ***Reason for change:*** | The conclusion of KI#9 and Ki#14 (traffic detection of multiplexed media flows) from TR 26.822 are as below The following aspects are concluded as principles for normative work:- Based on response from SA2, normative work on multiplexed RTP streams may be needed. Furthermore, it is recommended to add guidelines to TS 26.522 [2] for RTP senders that use multiplexing. There may be potential normative aspects to be added to TS 26.510 [50].When multiple RTP media streams are multiplexed in an RTP session, each media stream can be identified using the identification-tag (the values of "mid" attribute) in the SDP information. The RTP SDES header extension for MID make it possible for a 5G System or an RTP receiver to associate each PDU or PDU Set to a media stream when the the PDUs in a PDU Set carry the RTP SDES header extension for MID. To enable the traffic detection in 5G System, the Application‌Flow‌Description object defined in clause 7.3.3.2 needs to be updated to include the details of media stream identifier RTP header extension. |
|  |  |
| ***Summary of change:*** | Updated the Application flow description resource to include the details of media stream identifier *SDES RTP Compact Header Extension* in protocol description*.* |
|  |  |
| ***Consequences if not approved:*** | Recommendations from work item description are not met, key 5GA features are not supported. |
|  |  |
| ***Clauses affected:*** | 5.2.7, 5.3.3.2, 7.3.3.2, 7.3.3.4, 9.2.3.1 and 9.3.3.1 |
|  |  |
|  | **Y** | **N** |  |  |
| ***Other specs*** |  | **X** |  Other core specifications  |  |
| ***affected:*** |  | **X** |  Test specifications |  |
| ***(show related CRs)*** |  | **X** |  O&M Specifications |  |
|  |  |
| ***Other comments:*** |  |
|  |  |
| ***This CR's revision history:*** |  |

changes to dynamic policy provisioning

### 5.2.7 Dynamic Policy provisioning

#### 5.2.7.1 General

These operations are used by the Media Application Provider to configure Policy Templates for the media delivery sessions of a particular Provisioning Session.

A Policy Template, identified by its policyTemplateId, represents a set of PCF/NEF API parameters which defines the service quality and/or associated charging for the corresponding media delivery session(s). The Policy Template is configured as part of the provisioning procedures with the Media AF using the API specified in clause 8.7 and is subsequently instantiated by a Media Session Handler or Media AS (whichever is acting as Dynamic Policy invoker) using the interactions specified in clause 5.3.3.

When a Policy Template requires media to be delivered in a specific Data Network and/or network slice at reference point M4, the applicationSessionContext array shall be present with at least one of the following properties populated:

- The dnn property contains the name of the Data Network in which the Media AS is hosted.

- When Network Slicing is used, the sliceInfo property contains information about the network slice which is serving the UE.

When a Policy Template is intended to influence the network QoS of Service Data Flows used for media delivery, the qoSSpecifications array shall be populated with objects of type QosRange (see clause 7.3.3.4). Each member of the array describes the QoS limits of an application service component that a Media Client is permitted request when instantiating the Policy Template:

- The componentReference property is a string used by the Dynamic Policy invoker to reference this QosRange when instantiating the Policy Template. It shall be unique for all members of the same qoSSpecifications array.

- The qosReference value, as specified in clause 5.6.2.7 of TS 29.514 [18], is obtained with the Service Level Agreement. See TS 23.502 [3] for detailed usage.

- The maximumBitRate properties of the downlinkQosSpecification and uplinkQosSpecification objects define the maximal bit rates which are permitted to be requested by a Dynamic Policy invoker on (respectively) downlink and uplink Service Data Flows. These values are defined by configuration of the 5G System and are therefore populated by the Media AF rather than by the Media Application Provider.

- The maximumAuthorisedBitRate properties of the downlinkQosSpecification and uplinkQosSpecification objects define the maximal bit rates which a Dynamic Policy invoker is authorised to request on (respectively) downlink and uplink Service Data Flows. Higher bit rates are not authorised by the Media Application Provider when the Policy Template is instantiated.

- The minimumPacketLossRate properties of the downlinkQosSpecification and uplinkQosSpecification objects define the minimal packet loss rates which are permitted to be requested by a Dynamic Policy invoker on (respectively) downlink and uplink Service Data Flows. Lower packet loss rates are not permitted by the Media Application Provider when the Policy Template is instantiated.

- The pduSetQosLimits properties of the downlinkQosSpecification and uplinkQosSpecification objects define the minimal delay budget and minimal error rates for PDU Sets which are permitted to be requested by a Dynamic Policy invoker on (respectively) downlink and uplink Service Data Flows. Lower delay and error rates are not permitted by the Media Application Provider when the Policy Template is instantiated.

- The pduSetMarking flag is used to specify whether Media Clients instantiating this Policy Template for uplink media delivery, or Media AS instances for downlink media delivery, are required to apply PDU Set marking to media transport protocol PDUs falling within the scope of a Dynamic Policy Instance based on this Policy Template.

NOTE 1: PDU Set marking is used by the 5G System to satisfy the QoS requirements of application flows.

- The multiplexedMediaIdentificationMarking flag is used to specify whether Media Clients instantiating this Policy Template for uplink media delivery, or Media AS instances for downlink media delivery, are required to apply media description identifier *RTP SDES Header Extension for MID* to media transport protocol PDUs falling within the scope of a Dynamic Policy Instance based on this Policy Template.

NOTE 2: Multiplexed media identification marking is used by the 5G System to identify media components and satisfy media components different QoS requirements when multiplexed under the same application flow as described in clause 5.37.11 of TS 23.501[2]. For uplink media delivery, when the UE modem supports IP Packet Filter Set with (S)RTP Multiplexed Media Identification Information, as described in clause 5.37.11 of TS 23.501 [2], the multiplexedMediaIdentificationMarking flag can be enabled for identifying the multiplexed media traffic and applying differentiated QoS treatment.

When a Policy Template is intended to be used for differential charging, the chargingSpecification property shall be present.

When a Policy Template is intended to be used for Background Data Transfer, the properties of a new Background Data Transfer policy are specified by the Media Application Provider in the bdtSpecification property (of type Bdt‌Policy‌Schedule).

- The startDate and endDate indicate the time period for which the Background Data Transfer specification is valid. A Background Data Transfer specification may be removed from its parent Policy Template by the Media AF when it expires.

- The windows property indicates the time windows over which the Background Data Transfer may occur.

- Each such time window is characterised by a start time (startTime), a duration (duration) and the days of the week on which the time window is scheduled (daysOfWeek).

- The numberOfUes property indicates the maximum number of UEs permitted to instantiate the Policy Template and make use of Background Data Transfers during a single time window instance.

- The estimatedDataVolumePerUe that reflects the average data volume that each UE is expected to transfer during a single time window instance.

NOTE 2: The product of the numberOfUes and estimatedDataVolumePerUe properties represents an estimate of the maximum data volume that may be transferred during any given time window instance.

- The aggregate‌Uplink‌BitRate‌Limit and aggregate‌DownlinkBitRate‌Limit properties specify limits on the total aggregate bit rate of all currently instantiated Policy Templates to be enforced by the Media AF's admission control function. If omitted, the Media AF may instantiate a Policy Template with a Background Data Transfer specification regardless of additional costs that may be incurred by the Media Application Provider as a result.

HTTP responses for successful and operation-specific failure cases are specified in the following clauses. For all other failure cases, an HTTP response indicating a response code in accordance with clause 7.1.6 shall be returned to the API client. In all failure cases a message body in accordance with clause 7.1.7 shall be included in the response message.

Changes to dynamic policy instance operation

#### 5.3.3.2 Create Dynamic Policy Instance resource operation

In order to instantiate a new dynamic policy, the Media Session Handler or Media AS (whichever is acting as Dynamic Policy invoker) shall first create a resource for the Dynamic Policy Instance in the Media AF. The Dynamic Policy invoker shall use the HTTP POST message for this purpose. The body of the HTTP POST message shall be a Dynamic Policy Instance resource representation that includes a Provisioning Session identifier, the resource identifier of the target Policy Template and a set of Service Data Flow descriptions identifying the application flow(s) to be policed.

1. The provisioningSessionId property associates the Dynamic Policy Instance resource with a Provisioning Session.

2. The policyTemplateId property uniquely identifies the Policy Template on which the Dynamic Policy Instance is based.

3. For each application flow to be managed by the Dynamic Policy Instance resource, an instance of the Application‌Flow‌Binding object shall be present in the appplication‌Flow‌Bindings array. The applicationFlow‌Description property of this object shall be populated by the Dynamic Policy invoker and shall declare a Service Data Flow template according to TS 23.503 [17] that describes application flow in question. Exactly one of the following filtering specifications shall be populated in the Application‌FlowDescription object to identify traffic belonging to a media delivery application flow:

- a packetFilter object (including 5-tuples, Type of Service, Security Parameter Index, etc.). A Media Client shall not attempt to instantiate more than one Dynamic Policy Instance at the same time that cites the same set of packet filters*.*

- a domainName populated with the fully-qualified Internet domain name of a Media AS at reference point M4*.* A Media Client shall not attempt to instantiate more than one Dynamic Policy Instance at the same time that cites the same domainName*.*

 In addition, the top-level media type of the application flow may be declared in the mediaType property.

 When the policy binding for the chosen Policy Template indicates that PDU Set marking is enabled (i.e., the pduSetMarking flag is set to true in Service Access Information), the Dynamic Policy invoker shall also populate the mediaTransportParameters property with the media transport protocol parameters to be used by the Media Access Function on the application flow in question to label uplink PDUs belonging to the same PDU Set and/or to indicate the last PDU in each PDU Set and/or to indicate the end of a data burst comprising one or more PDU Sets.

 When the policy binding for the chosen Policy Template indicates that PDU Set marking is enabled (i.e., the pduSetMarking flag is set to true in Service Access Information), the Dynamic Policy invoker shall also populate the mediaTransportParameters property with the media transport protocol parameters to be used by the Media AS on the application flow in question to label downlink PDUs belonging to the same PDU Set and/or to indicate the last PDU in each PDU Set and/or to indicate the end of a data burst comprising one or more PDU Sets.

 When the policy binding for the chosen Policy Template indicates that multiplexed media identification marking is enabled (i.e., the multiplexedMediaIdentificationMarking flag is set to true in Service Access Information), the Dynamic Policy invoker shall also populate the mediaTransportParameters property with the media transport protocol parameters to be used by the Media Access Function on the application flow in question to apply uplink PDUs with media description identifier *RTP SDES Header Extension for MID*.

 When the policy binding for the chosen Policy Template indicates that multiplexed media identification marking is enabled (i.e., the multiplexedMediaIdentificationMarking flag is set to true in Service Access Information), the Dynamic Policy invoker shall also populate the mediaTransportParameters property with the media transport protocol parameters to be used by the Media AS on the application flow in question to apply downlink PDUs with media description identifier *RTP SDES Header Extension for MID*.

4. When the Dynamic Policy invoker attempts to activate a QoS-related Policy Template, the qosSpecification property shall also be present in the Application‌Flow‌Binding object containing the following properties specified in clause 7.3.3.6 to describe the QoS requirements of the media application flows described by the bound applicationFlowDescription property:

- downlinkBitRates shall indicate the maximum requested bit rate, minimum desired bit rate and minimum requested bit rate in the downlink direction.

- uplinkBitRates shall indicate the maximum requested bit rate, minimum desired bit rate and minimum requested bit rate in the uplink direction.

- desiredPacketLatency may indicate the desired packet latency in both the downlink and uplink directions.

- desiredPacketLossRate may indicate the desired packet loss rate in both the downlink and uplink directions.

- desiredDownlinkPduSetQosParameters may be populated to indicate the desired delay budget and error rate for PDU Sets in the downlink direction, as well as indicating whether the loss of a single PDU in a PDU Set is significant for the receiving application.

- desiredUplinkPduSetQosParameters may be populated to indicate the desired delay budget and error rate for PDU Sets in the uplink direction, as well as indicating whether the loss of a single PDU in a PDU Set is significant for the receiving application.

5. When the Dynamic Policy invoker instantiates a Policy Template that is provisioned with a Background Data Transfer (BDT) specification per clause 5.2.7.1, the bdtSpecification property shall be present and it shall contain the following properties:

- estimatedDataTransferVolume, indicating the data volume that the Media Client estimates it will use during the current Background Data Transfer time window.

- Each object (see clause 7.3.3.14) conveyed in the windows array indicates a time window over which Background Data Transfers are requested by the Dynamic Policy invoker from those offered in the dynamic policy configuration of the Service Access Information resource (see clause 5.3.2.1).

- Each such window may additionally indicate the maximum bit rate for Background Data Transfers in the downlink and uplink directions that the Dynamic Policy invoker is bidding for in (respectively) the maximimumDownlinkBitRate and maximimumUplinkBitRate properties. In response, the Media AF populates these properties with the maximum permitted bit rate for Background Data Transfers in the downlink and uplink directions respectively when the dynamic policy is in force.

6. When the 5G System employs a traffic enforcement function to ensure that traffic complies with the policy described by the qosSpecification property, the Media AF shall explicitly indicate this in the Dynamic Policy resource representation by setting the qosEnforcement property to true.

If the operation is successful, the Media AF shall create a new Dynamic Policy Instance resource. In this case, the Media AF shall return a 201 (Created) HTTP response message to the Dynamic Policy invoker, and the URL of the newly created Dynamic Policy Instance resource, including its resource identifier, shall be provided as the value of the Location HTTP header field. The response message body shall be a representation of the current state of the Dynamic Policy Instance resource (see clause 9.3.3.1), including any properties assigned by the Media AF.

Upon successful creation of the Dynamic Policy Instance resource, notifications of updates to the resource may be notified asynchronously to the Dynamic Policy invoker:

- If the notificationURL property is present in the Service Access Information, the Dynamic Policy invoker shall subscribe to the MQTT sub-topic corresponding to the resourceId of the Dynamic Policy Instance and shall expect to receive asynchronous notifications published by the Media AF on the MQTT notification channel of type NOTIFICATION\_‌DYNAMIC\_‌POLICY\_‌INSTANCE concerning changes to the Dynamic Policy Instance, including details about new Background Data Transfer opportunities.

- The Media AF shall use the MQTT notification channel signalled in the Service Access Information (if any, see clause 5.3.2.3) to notify the Dynamic Policy invoker subscriber about updates to the Dynamic Policy Instance resource. A notification message of type NOTIFICATION\_‌DYNAMIC\_‌POLICY\_‌INSTANCE shall be published to the MQTT sub-topic corresponding to the resourceId of the Dynamic Policy Instance.

The usage and message formats for the MQTT notification channel are specified in clause 10.2.

When the Dynamic Policy Instance is successfully instantiated, the Media AF triggers the creation of a corresponding PCC rule in the 5G System according to clause 5.5.3 to enforce the required QoS and/or charging policy on the specified application flow(s). Depending on the ApplicationFlowDescription objects in the received Dynamic Policy Instance resource representation and the filterMethod indicated by each one, the Media AF shall populate for each one a flowDescription object and/or provide an Application Identifier referring to a PFD (Packet Flow Description) object containing the domain name of a Media AS instance.

NOTE: When the Media AF is deployed in an external Data Network, it is the responsibility of the NEF to map any external Application Identifier supplied by the Media AF into an internal Application Identifier that is known to the PCF.

If the supplied Dynamic Policy Instance is not acceptable to the Media AF, the create operation shall fail with an HTTP response status code of 400 (Bad Request) and an error message body per clause 7.1.7. In this case, the Dynamic Policy Instance resource shall remain in an uncreated state in the Media AF.

If the request is acceptable but the Media AF forbids the instantiation of the referenced Policy Template, for example because the quota for Background Data Transfers has been exceeded or because the UE is not permitted in the charging specification, the create operation shall fail with an HTTP response status code of 403 (Forbidden) and an error message body per clause 7.1.7. In this case, the Dynamic Policy Instance resource shall remain in an uncreated state in the Media AF.

If the request is acceptable but the Media AF is unable to provision the resources required by the supplied Dynamic Policy Instance, the create operation shall fail with an HTTP response status code of 500 (Internal Server Error) and an error message body per clause 7.1.7. In this case, the Dynamic Policy Instance resource shall remain in an uncreated state in the Media AF.

If the Dynamic Policy invoker needs to instantiate several dynamic policies, it may invoke this operation as often as needed.

Changes to Application Flow Description

#### 7.3.3.2 ApplicationFlowDescription type

This data type is used to declare the properties of an application data flow to the Media AF during the course of a media delivery session. Its properties are used to describe a Service Data Flow to the 5G Core for the purpose of application traffic detection.

Table 7.3.3.2-1: Definition of type ApplicationFlowDescription

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Property name | Data type | Cardinality | Description |
| filterMethod | SdfMethod | 1..1 | The filtering method used to identify packets belonging to this application flow (see clause 7.3.4.2). |
| packetFilter | IpPacketFilterSet | 0..1 | Description of the application flow in terms of packet header field values (see below). |
| domainName | string | 0..1 | Description of the application flow in terms of the Fully-Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) of the Media AS targeted at reference point M4 (see below). |
| mediaType | MediaType | 0..1 | The type of media carried by this application flow (see NOTE 1). |
| mediaTransport‌Parameters | Protocol‌Description | 0..1 | The set of media transport protocol parameters to be used by the 5G Core for the purpose of PDU Set identification and end of data burst detection, and/or multiplexed media identification on this application flow (see NOTE 2). |
| NOTE 1: Enumeration MediaType is specified in clause 5.6.3.3 of TS 29.514 [18].NOTE 2: Data type ProtocolDescription is specified in clause 5.5.4.13 of TS 29.571 [33]. |

Exactly one of the following properties shall be populated: packetFilter, domainName.

Changes to QoSRange resource

#### 7.3.3.4 QosRange type

This data type is used to specify permitted ranges of QoS parameters.

Table 7.3.3.4-1: Definition of type QosRange

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Property name | Data type | Cardinality | Description |
| component‌Reference | string | 1..1 | A unique string identifying this QoS specification within the scope of its parent. |
| qosReference | string | 0..1 | As specified in clause 5.6.2.7 of TS 29.514 [18]. |
| downlink‌Qos‌Specification | Unidirectional‌Qos‌Specification | 0..1 | QoS specification in the downlink direction (see below and clause 7.3.3.3). |
| uplink‌Qos‌Specification | Unidirectional‌Qos‌Specification | 0..1 | QoS specification in the uplink direction (see below and clause 7.3.3.3). |
| pdu‌Set‌Marking | boolean | 0..1 | Indicates that packets at reference point M4 are required to include PDU Set marking if the media transport protocol supports this.Default value false if omitted. |
| multiplexed‌Media‌Identification‌Marking | boolean | 0..1 | Indicates that packets at reference point M4 are required to include multiplexed media identification information if the media transport protocol supports this.Default value false if omitted. |

At least one of the following properties shall be populated: qosReference, downlink‌Qos‌Specification, uplink‌Qos‌Specification.

Changes to service access information resource

#### 9.2.3.1 ServiceAccessInformation resource type

The data model for the ServiceAccessInformation resource is specified in table 9.2.3.1-1 below. Different properties are present in the resource depending on the type of Provisioning Session from which the Service Access Information is derived (as indicated in the provisioningSessionType property) and this is specified in the *Applicability* column.

Table 9.2.3.1‑1: Definition of ServiceAccessInformation resource

| Property name | Type | Cardinality | Description | Applicability |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| provisioningSessionId | ResourceId | 1..1 | Unique identification of the M1 Provisioning Session. | All types |
| provisioningSession‌Type | Provisioning‌Session‌Type | 1..1 | The type of Provisioning Session. | All types. |
| locationReporting | boolean | 1..1 | If true, the Media Session Handler or Media AS is required to provide UE location data in Dynamic Policy interactions (see clause 9.3.3.1), Network Assistance interactions (see clause 9.4.3.1), QoE metrics reporting interactions (see clause 9.5.3) and consumption reporting interactions (see clause 9.6.3.2).Shall be set *false* if the locationReporting parameter is omitted from the ProvisioningSession, as specified in table 8.2.3.1‑1. | All types. |
| notificationURL | AbsoluteURL | 0..1 | A URL to the MQTT channel, nominated by the Media AF, over which notifications are to be sent by the Media AF (see clause 10.2). | All types. |
| streamingAccess | object | 0..1 | Present if Content Hosting or Content Publishing is provisioned in the parent Provisioning Session. | MS\_DOWNLINK*,*MS\_UPLINK |
|  | entryPoints | array(Absolute‌Media‌Entry‌Point) | 0..1 | A list of alternative Media Entry Points for the Media Client to choose between. |
|  |  | locator | AbsoluteUrl | 1..1 | Populated from information in the Content Hosting Configuration or Content Publishing Configuration as specified in clause 8 of TS 26.512 [6].- For downlink media streaming, either a pointer to a document at reference point M4 that defines a media presentation (e.g. a DASH MPD) whose resources are mapped to a content ingest configuration at reference point M2, or else the URL of a single media resource (e.g. an MP4 asset) available for download at reference point M4 that is mapped to reference point M2 by a Content Hosting Configuration. In both cases, the contentType property shall also be present.- For uplink media streaming, either a pointer to a document at reference point M4 that defines a media presentation (e.g. a DASH MPD) whose resources are mapped to an egest configuration at reference point M2 (in which case the contentType property shall also be present), or else the URL of a path at reference point M4 the sub-resources of which are mapped to reference point M2 by a Content Publishing Configuration (in which case the protocol property shall also be present). |
|  |  | contentType | string | 1..1 | The MIME content type of resource at locator.This property shall be mutually exclusive with protocol. |  |
|  |  | protocol | Uri | 1..1 | A fully-qualified term identifier URI that identifies the media delivery protocol at reference point M4 for this Media Entry Point.This property shall be mutually exclusive with contentType.The controlled vocabulary of media delivery protocols at this reference point is specified in clause 10 of TS 26.512 [6]. |  |
|  |  | profiles | array(Uri) | 0..1 | An optional list of conformance profile URIs with which this Media Entry Point is compliant.If present, the array shall contain at least one item. |  |
|  | eMBMS‌Service‌Announcement‌Locator | AbsoluteUrl | 0..1 | A pointer to an eMBMS User Service Announcement document. |  |
|  | mbs‌External‌Service‌Identifier | string | 0..1 | The external service identifier of an MBS User Service. |  |
| rtcClientConfiguration | object | 0..1 | Present if real-time media communication (RTC) is provisioned. | RTC |
|  | stunEndpoints | array(Client‌Service‌Endpoint‌Access‌Parameters) | 0..1 | An array of one or more trusted STUN service endpoints for use as ICE candidates. If present, the RTC Client shall use one of the listed servers for RTC-based media delivery sessions within the scope of provisioning‌SessionId.If the credentials sub-property was not provisioned at reference point M1, the Media AF shall populate this with a set of credentials unique to the requesting Media Client. |
|  | turnEndpoints | array(Client‌Service‌Endpoint‌Access‌Parameters) | 0..1 | An array of one or more trusted TURN service endpoints for use as ICE candidates. If present, the RTC Client shall use one of the listed servers for RTC-based media delivery sessions within the scope of provisioning‌SessionId.If the credentials sub-property was not provisioned at reference point M1, the Media AF shall populate this with a set of credentials unique to the requesting Media Client. |
|  | swapEndpoints | array(Client‌Service‌Endpoint‌Access‌Parameters) | 0..1 | An array of one or more trusted WebRTC Signalling Function service endpoints that support the SWAP protocol. If present, the RTC Client shall use one of the listed servers for RTC-based media delivery sessions within the scope of provisioning‌SessionId.If the credentials sub-property was not provisioned at reference point M1, the Media AF shall populate this with a set of credentials unique to the requesting Media Client. |
| clientConsumptionReporting‌Configuration | object | 0..1 | Present if consumption reporting is activated for this Provisioning Session. | MS\_DOWNLINK*,*RTC |
|  |  | reportingInterval | DurationSec | 0..1 | The time interval, expressed in seconds, between consumption report messages being sent by the consumption reporting entity. The value shall be greater than zero.When this property is omitted, a single final report shall be sent immediately after the media streaming session has ended. |  |
|  |  | serverAddresses | array(AbsoluteUrl) | 1..1 | A list of Media AF addresses (URLs) where the consumption reporting messages are sent by the consumption reporting entity. (See NOTE 1).Each address shall be an opaque base URL, following the format specified in clause 7.1.3 up to and including the {apiVersion} path element. |  |
|  |  | accessReporting | boolean | 1..1 | Indicates whether the consumption reporting entity is required to supply consumption reporting units whenever the access network changes during a media delivery session.Shall be set *false* if the accessReporting parameter is omitted from the Consumption‌Reporting‌Configuration, as specified in table 8.12.3.1‑1. |  |
|  |  | samplePercentage | Percentage | 1..1 | The percentage of media delivery sessions required to report consumption, expressed as a floating-point value between 0.0 and 100.0.Shall be set to 100.0 if the samplePercentage parameter is omitted from the Consumption‌Reporting‌Configuration, as specified in table 8.12.3.1‑1. |  |
| dynamicPolicyInvocation‌Configuration | object | 0..1 | Present if Policy Templates have been provisioned in the parent Provisioning Session and at least one of them is in the READY state. | MS\_DOWNLINK*,*MS\_UPLINK*,*RTC |
|  | serverAddresses | array(AbsoluteUrl) | 1..1 | A list of Media AF addresses (URLs) which offer the APIs for dynamic policy invocation. (See NOTE 1.)Each address shall be an opaque base URL, following the format specified in clause 7.1.3 up to and including the {apiVersion} path element. |  |
|  | policyTemplateBindings | array(object) | 1..1 | A list of duples, each one binding an external reference to a Policy Template resource identifier. |  |
|  |  | externalReference | string | 1..1 | Additional identifier for this Policy Template, unique within the scope of its Provisioning Session, that can be cross-referenced with external metadata about the media streaming session.Example: "HD\_Premium". |  |
|  |  | policyTemplateId | ResourceId | 1..1 | The resource identifier of a Policy Template tagged with externalReference that is in the READY state. |
|  |  | pduSetMarking | boolean | 0..1 | If *true*, indicates that PDU Set marking applies to Dynamic Policy Instances based on policyTemplateId.Default value false if omitted. |
|  |  | multiplexed‌Media‌Identification‌Marking | boolean | 0..1 | If *true*, indicates that multiplexed media identification marking applies to Dynamic Policy Instances based on policyTemplateId.Default value false if omitted. |
|  |  | bdtWindows | array(BdtWindow) | 0..1 | A list of Background Data Transfer time windows during which the application may request the activation of a Background Data Transfer policy by instantiating the Policy Template identified by policyTemplateId. The actual usage quotas for data volume and bit rate are determined by the Media AF upon instantiation of the Policy Template.BdtWindow is specified in clause 7.3.3.14. |
|  | sdfMethods | array(SdfMethod) | 1..1 | A list of Service Data Flow description methods, e.g. 5-tuple, TOS, 2-tuple, etc., to be used to describe the application flows at reference point M2 or M12 for media delivery sessions. |  |
| clientMetricsReporting‌Configurations | array(object) | 0..1 | Present if QoE metrics reporting is provisioned in the parent Provisioning Session.If present, contains one or more client metrics reporting configurations. | MS\_DOWNLINK*,*MS\_UPLINK*,*RTC |
|  | metricsReporting‌ConfigurationId | ResourceId | 1..1 | The identifier of this metrics reporting configuration, unique within the scope of the parent Provisioning Session.The value shall be the same as the corresponding identifier provisioned at reference point M1 (see clause 8.11.3.1). |
|  | serverAddresses | array(AbsoluteUrl) | 1..1 | A list of Media AF addresses to which metrics reports shall be sent. (See NOTE 1).Each address shall be an opaque base URL, following the format specified in clause 7.1.3 up to and including the {apiVersion} path element. |
|  | sliceScope | array(Snssai) | 0..1 | The set of network slice(s) for which metrics collection and reporting shall be executed in connection with this metrics reporting configuration (see NOTE 2).If present, the array shall identify at least one network slice.If absent, metrics shall be collected and reported for media delivery sessions within the scope of the parent Provisioning Session regardless of network slice. |
|  | scheme | Uri | 1..1 | A URI identifying the metrics scheme that metrics reports shall use (see clause 5.2.11).The set of QoE metrics schemes valid for use in 5G Media Streaming along with their respective scheme identifiers is specified in clauses 4.7.5 and 7.8.1 of TS 26.512 [6].The QoE metrics scheme valid for use in RTC along with its respective scheme identifier is specified in clause 15 of TS 26.113 [7]. |
|  | dataNetworkName | Dnn | 0..1 | The name of the Data Network which shall be used to send metrics reports.If not specified, the default Data Network shall be used. |
|  | reportingStartOffset | DurationSec | 0..1 | The time offset (expressed in seconds) from the start of a media delivery session when the metrics reporting entity is required to begin submitting metrics reports.If omitted, the value of this parameter is assumed to be zero, i.e., directing the Media Client to start reporting metrics from the start of the media delivery session. |
|  | reportingDuration | DurationSec | 0..1 | The period of time (expressed in seconds) measured relative to the reporting start point, after which the metrics reporting entity is required to stop reporting metrics.If omitted, reporting is required to continue until the end of the media delivery session. |
|  | reportingInterval | DurationSec | 0..1 | The time interval, expressed in seconds, between metrics reports being sent by the metrics reporting entity. The value shall be greater than zero.When this property is omitted, a single final report shall be sent immediately after the media streaming session has ended. |
|  | samplePercentage | Percentage | 1..1 | The percentage of media delivery sessions required to report QoE metrics, expressed as a floating-point value between 0.0 and 100.0. |
|  | positive‌Crossing‌Thresholds | map(Uri -> array(Float)) | 0..1 | If present, a non-empty map of QoE metrics to their respective threshold values.- The index of the associative array shall be the fully-qualified term identifier URI of a metric specified in annex E of TS 26.512 [6] or annex C of TS 26.113 [7].- The value of each associative array member shall be an array of floating-point threshold values.A metric in this associative array shall be reported once when its value exceeds one of the associated threshold values, and shall not be reported again until it falls below that threshold and subsequently exceeds it. |
|  | negative‌Crossing‌Thresholds | map(Uri -> array(Float)) | 0..1 | If present, a non-empty map of QoE metrics to their respective threshold values.- The index of the associative array shall be the fully-qualified term identifier URI of a metric specified in annex E of TS 26.512 [6] or annex C of TS 26.113 [7].- The value of each associative array member shall be an array of floating-point threshold values.A metric in this associative array shall be reported once when its value falls below one of the associated threshold values, and shall not be reported again until it exceeds that threshold and subsequently falls below it. |
|  | location‌Filter | array(LocationArea5G) | 0..1 | A list of one or more locations (see NOTE 3) where QoE metrics collection is required. When present, a Media Client shall collect metrics only when it is located in these locations and shall report them according to the other properties of the enclosing client metrics reporting configuration.If omitted, QoE metrics are to be collected and reported regardless of the UE location. |
|  | urlFilters | array(string) | 0..1 | A non-empty list of Media Entry Point URL patterns for which QoE metrics shall be reported. The format of each pattern shall be a regular expression as specified in [36].If not specified, reporting shall be done for all media delivery sessions. |
|  | samplingPeriod | DurationSec | 1..1 | The time interval the Media Client is required to wait between sampling the QoE metrics specified by this metrics reporting configuration. |
|  | metrics | array(Uri) | 0..1 | A list of one or more QoE metrics, each indicated by a fully-qualified term from a controlled vocabulary, which are to be reported.If omitted, the complete (or default if applicable) set of metrics associated with the specified scheme shall be collected and reported. |
| networkAssistance‌Configuration | object | 0..1 | Present if Network Assistance is provisioned in the parent Provisioning Session. | MS\_DOWNLINK*,*MS\_UPLINK*,*RTC |
|  | serverAddresses | array(AbsoluteUrl) | 1..1 | A list of Media AF addresses (URLs) that offer the APIs for AF-based Network Assistance at reference point M5. (See NOTE 1.)Each address shall be an opaque URL, following the format specified in clause 7.1.3 up to and including the {apiVersion} path element. |
| client‌EdgeResources‌Configuration | object | 0..1 | Present only for Provisioning Sessions with client-driven edge computing management mode provisioned. | MS\_DOWNLINK*,*MS\_UPLINK*,*RTC |
|  | eligibilityCriteria | Edge‌Processing‌Eligibility‌Criteria | 0..1 | Conditions for activating edge resources for media delivery sessions in the scope of the parent Provisioning Session. (See clause 7.3.3.10.) |
|  | easDiscoveryTemplate | EAS‌Discovery‌Template | 1..1 | A template for the EAS discovery filter that shall be used by the EEC to discover and select a Media EAS instance to serve media delivery sessions at reference point M4 in the scope of the parent Provisioning Session. (See clause 9.2.3.3.) |
|  | easRelocation‌Requirements | Client‌EAS‌Relocation‌Requirements | 0..1 | EAS relocation tolerance and requirements.If absent, the EEC shall assume that relocation is tolerated by all Media EAS instances in the scope of the parent Provisioning Session. (See clause 9.2.3.4.) |
| NOTE 1: In deployments where multiple instances of the Media AF expose the Media Session Handling APIs at reference point M5, the 5G System may use a suitable mechanism (e.g., HTTP load balancing or DNS-based host name resolution) to direct requests to a suitable Media AF instance.NOTE 2: The Snssai data type is specified in TS 29.571 [33].NOTE 3: The LocationArea5G data type is specified in TS 24.558 [14]. |

Changes to Dynamic Policy Resource

#### 9.3.3.1 DynamicPolicy resource

Table 9.3.3.1-1: Definition of Dynamic Policy Instance resource

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Property name | Data type | Cardinality | Usage | Description |
| dynamicPolicyId | ResourceId | 1..1 | RO | Unique identifier for this Dynamic Policy Instance assigned by the Media AF when the resource is created. |
| provisioningSessionId | ResourceId | 1..1 | C: ROR: ROU: RO | Uniquely identifies the parent Provisioning Session, which is linked to the Application Service Provider. |
| session‌Id | MediaDelivery‌SessionId | 1..1 | C: RWR:ROU: RO | Unique identifier of the current media delivery session. |
| policyTemplateId | ResourceId | 1..1 | C: RWR: ROU: RW | Identifies the Policy Template to be applied to the application flow(s) that fall within the scope of this Dynamic Policy Instance. |
| sliceInfo | Snssai | 0..1 | C: RWR: ROU: RW | Identifying the target slice in which the Policy Template is instantiated. |
| dataNetworkName | Dnn | 0..1 | C: RWR: ROU: RW | The name of the target Data Network in which the Policy Template is instantiated. |
| location | TypedLocation | 0..1 | C: RWR: ROU: RW | The location of the UE when the Dynamic Policy was created or last updated. |
| applicationFlowBindings | array(Application‌FlowBinding) | 1..1 | C: RWR: ROU: RW | The bindings between application flows at reference point M4 managed within the scope of this Dynamic Policy Instance and their network Quality of Service requirements (see clause 9.3.3.2).The array shall contain at least one member. |
|  | componentIdentifier | string | 1..1 | C: RWR: ROU: RW | References a particular service component in the Policy Template. |
|  | application‌Flow‌Description | Application‌Flow‌Description | 1..1 | C: RWR: ROU: RW | The Dynamic Policy invoker's specification of an application flow managed by this Dynamic Policy to be used for application traffic identification purposes in the 5G Core (see clause 7.3.3.2).When PDU Set handling and/or multiplexed media identification are enabled for the Policy Template identified by policyTemplateId, this property shall also specify the media transport protocol parameters to be used by the Media Access Function for PDU Set signalling and/or multiplexed media identification signalling purposes.. |
|  | qos‌Specification | Client‌Qos‌Specification | 0..1 | C: RWR: ROU: RW | The Dynamic Policy invoker's network Quality of Service requirements of the application flow described by application‌Flow‌Description.If omitted, the default provisioned network Quality of Service requirements of the Policy Template indicated in policyTemplateId shall apply to application‌Flow‌Description. |
| bdtSpecification | Client‌Bdt‌Specification | 0..1 | C: RWR: ROU: RW | The Background Data Transfer time windows and traffic limits that apply to this Dynamic Policy (see clause 9.3.3.3). |
| qosEnforcement | boolean | 1..1 | C: ROR: ROU: RO | Indication that the Quality of Service described in qosSpecification is being enforced by the 5G System.Populated by the Media AF. |

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End of changes