**3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 Meeting #117 R2-220xxxx**

**Online, 21st February – 3rd March 2022**

**Agenda item:** 8.11.2.1

**Source:** Apple (moderator)

**Title:** [AT117-e][628][POS] Remaining proposals from latency reduction summary (Apple)

**Document for:**  Discussion

# 1. Introduction

This document summarizes the following email discussion:

* [AT117-e][628][POS] Remaining proposals from latency reduction summary (Apple)

 Scope: Filter remaining proposals from R2-2203596 to determine which issues are critical to resolve, and progress towards consensus on critical issues.

 Intended outcome: Report to Monday CB session

 Deadline: Friday 2022-02-25 1200 UTC

Please provide the contact information in the following Table:

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# 2. Discussion

The scope of the present email discussion is to address the remaining proposals from R2-2203596 which have not been resolved online.

Since the guidance from the chair is to focus on essential issues only, will be two additional options for answer (added where appropriate):

* Not essential to complete the WI
* Can be addressed in the CR discussion

Moderator’s note: proposals for liaisons to RAN1 and RAN3 received no support in the online discussion and therefore are not included; if the proponents feel strongly about discussing them, please indicate so to the moderator and those will be added.

## 2.1 Area ID

According to the meeting minutes, the following two options are on the table

Agreements:

An area ID corresponds to a set of cells on which the UE may use the associated AD. Downselect from the following options:

1. Explicitly list the involved cell IDs in LPP along with the assistance data
2. Broadcast in each cell one or more area IDs that are then referred to in LPP.

Resolve this signalling question in the LPP running CR (coordinating with RRC if necessary).

Moderator’s note: one of the companies indicated offline that their proposal is actually to add a new area ID to AD, without broadcasting it, stating that they would very much like to add it to the discussion.

**Question 1: Which of the following option(s) for area ID definition you prefer?**

1. **Explicitly list the involved cell IDs in LPP along with the assistance data**
2. **Broadcast in each cell one or more area IDs that are then referred to in LPP**
3. **New Area ID IE (INTEGER) is added to AD (without broadcasting it in SI)**
4. **Can be addressed in the CR discussion**

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| **Company** | **Preferred Option** | **Comments**  |
| CATT | c | **No need to broadcast area ID in SI.**Reasons:- UE must have known the cell ID where it stays. Then UE can get the associated area ID of this serving cell directly from the pre-configured assistance data according to the high light info as below. - Area ID is always associated with nr-PhysCellID-r16 in each TRP. So no need to broadcast area ID in SI by serving cell again. No RRC impact and LPP is good enough!  **cell IDs(option a) V.S Area ID(option c): 40Mbits V.S. 2Mbits within the same spec impact**Area ID associated with each TRP has the same mechanism as cell list associated with each TRP in the running CR. But area ID is more straightforward and less on air signalling:Option a: Cell IDs for each TRP       256(TRP)\*16 (cells)\*10bit(PhysCellID) = **40Mbits**Option c: Area ID for each TRP       256 TRP \* 8bit(area ID) = **2Mbits** |
| Xiaomi | a |  |
| OPPO | a | Area ID is needed to be defined clearly in the spec. On the other hand, reusing the cell list could save the efforts. We should follow and respect the majority views in the show of hand result in the online meeting |
| ZTE | a |  |
| Fraunhofer | a (or C 🡪 please see comments) | AreaID needs to be clearly specified to give unambigious meaning, which for Rel. 17 can be mapped to list of cells For example Area ID 1 means area covered by cell {2,3,4} or Area ID 2 means area covered by {5,6,7}. If option C means, we have an identifier (AreaID) which is mapped to list of cells (in Rel. 17) with an intention of mapping to further options in later releases, then we see this is in principle no different to option (a). |

## 2.2 Validity Time

**Question 2: Do you support introduction of validity time for AD?**

1. **Yes**
2. **Not essential to complete the WI**
3. **Can be addressed in the CR discussion**

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| **Company** | **Preferred Option** | **Comments**  |
| CATT | b | The PRS configuration doesn’t have the validity time because PRS is always being transmitted by the TRP which is fixed. |
| Xiaomi | b |  |
| OPPO | a | When the UE is in the RRC\_Connected state, the RAN could use RRC ***InformationRequest*** msg to request the UE to report the mobility history information towards the network, which consists of previous up to 16 cell camping information and the time spent in each cell. From such information, the serving gNB could derive the UE mobility state. If the UE mobility speed is estimated to be high, the network could correspondingly send a pre-configured assistance data with low validity time towards the UE. On the contrary, if the UE mobility speed is estimated to be low, the network could correspondingly send pre-configured assistance data with long validity time. Some companies think that the concept of validity time is similar with validity area technically, but with validity time applied, the UE does not need to check if the current camping cell belonging to the configured validity area every time when it enters a new cell. Instead, the UE only needs to countdown the validity timer, which is power saving and easy to implement.  |
| ZTE | b | If validity timer and area are both configured, it means UE can only use the pre-configured AD when validity area and timer are both satisfied, which brings more limitation to this feature  |
| Fraunhofer | a | However different to OPPO, we think the AD is valid when the validity time has not expired and the UE is within its validity area.  |

## 2.3 Modification/release of AD

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This question is no longer relevant due to the following agreement

Agreement:

If the UE receives assistance data for a PRS-ID+cell ID combination for which it has already stored assistance data, it overwrites the stored assistance data. If the UE receives assistance data for a PRS-ID+cell ID for which it has not stored assistance data, it maintains its stored assistance data for other PRS-ID+cell ID combinations.

UE capability for the number of PRS-ID+cell ID combinations for which the UE can store AD.

## 2.4 UL MAC CE for MF activation and deactivation

**Question 4.1: Do you agree that UL MAC CE for MG activation and deactivation is triggered by upper layers?**

1. **Yes**
2. **No**
3. **Can be addressed in the CR discussion**

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| **Company** | **Preferred Option** | **Comments**  |
| Xiaomi | a |  |
| OPPO | a |  |
| ZTE | a |  |
| Fraunhofer |  | No strong opinion. Support the majority view.  |
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**Question 4.2: Do you agree to specify conditions for triggering UL MAC CE for MG activation and deactivation?**

1. **Yes**
2. **No (leave it for UE implementation)**
3. **Can be addressed in the CR discussion**

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| **Company** | **Preferred Option** | **Comments**  |
| CATT | a/c | UE behaviors should be specified. |
| Xiaomi | b | The legacy trigger condition for UE requesting the MG via RRC can be reused for UE to trigger pre-configured MG request, whether UE requests MG via RRC or requests pre-configured MG via MAC CE is based on UE implementation.  |
| OPPO | b | It is UE freedom to choose when to trigger UL MAC CE for MG activation/deactivation. UE can decide the when and which MG to be used to trigger UL MAC CE for performing the requested DL-PRS measurement. |
| ZTE | B/c | The only necessary condition is UE should firstly receive pre-configured MG then UE can send UL MAC CE |
| Fraunhofer |  | No strong opinion. Support the majority view.  |

**Question 4.3: Do you agree to define LPP signaling for LMF to indicate to UE whether to send/not send the UL MAC CE for positioning MG activation request?**

1. **Yes**
2. **No**
3. **Can be addressed in the CR discussion**

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| **Company** | **Preferred Option** | **Comments**  |
| CATT | b | What’s the benefit for latency reduction? Pre-MG is introduced for latency reduction but the new LPP signaling from LMF to UE will increase the latency. |
| Xiaomi | a | The LMF needs to indicate to UE whether to send or not send activation request and then the duplicate request can be avoid. The indication can be included in the location information request and no additional latency introduced. |
| OPPO | b |  |
| ZTE | b | If gNB coordinates well then no duplicated request will happen. For example, when gNB receives LMF’s request, gNB will not send pre-configured MGs to UE. |
| Fraunhofer |  | No strong opinion. Support the majority view.  |

**Question 4.4: Do you agree to define the priority for the MAC CE below the MAC CE for BSR (with exception of BSR included for padding) and above the PHR MAC CE?**

1. **Yes**
2. **No**
3. **Can be addressed in the CR discussion**
4. **Other (please clarify)**

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| **Company** | **Preferred Option** | **Comments**  |
| CATT | a |  |
| Xiaomi | c |  |
| ZTE | c |  |
| Fraunhofer |  | No strong opinion. Support the majority view.  |
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**Question 4.5: Which of the following options to cancel a triggered UL MAC CE for MG activation and deactivation should be captured in the spec?**

1. **When the MAC CE is transmitted**
2. **When a downlink command from gNB to activate or deactivate the gaps is received**
3. **When a new measurement gap configuration from the network is received**
4. **When a request from upper layers to transmit a new request to gNB for a new/modified gap configuration is received**
5. **When an indication from upper layers that the gaps are not needed any more or a gap with a new id needs to be activated is received**
6. **On MAC reset**
7. **Can be addressed in the CR discussion**
8. **Other (please clarify)**
9. **Not essential to complete the WI**

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| **Company** | **Preferred Option** | **Comments**  |
| CATT | A,d,e |  |
| Xiaomi | i |  |
| OPPO | A d e f |  |
| ZTE | A c d f | If the new measurement gap in (c) means the r16 measurement gap then it is reasonable |
| Fraunhofer |  | No strong opinion. Support the majority view.  |

**Question 4.6: Do you agree to adopt a common MAC CE design for PPW and Measurement gap?**

1. **Yes**
2. **No**
3. **Can be addressed in the CR discussion**
4. **Other (please clarify)**

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| **Company** | **Preferred Option** | **Comments**  |
| CATT | c |  |
| Xiaomi | c |  |
| OPPO | c |  |
| ZTE | c |  |
| Fraunhofer |  | No strong opinion. Support the majority view.  |

**Question 4.7: Do you agree that the gNB should provide Measurement Gap config ID to be activated as part of pre-configuration or any RRC Reconfiguration?**

1. **Yes**
2. **No**
3. **Can be addressed in the CR discussion**
4. **Other (please clarify)**

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| **Company** | **Preferred Option** | **Comments**  |
| CATT | a |  |
| Xiaomi | b | We understand only MAC CE is agreed by RAN1. |
| OPPO | a | Part of pre-configuration is preferred, for latency reduction purpose. |
| ZTE | a | Pre-configured MG in RRC should carry IDs for UL MAC CE to pick up |
| Fraunhofer | a |  |

# 3. Summary of Proposals for Discussion