**3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 Meeting #117 electronic R2-220xxxx**

**Online, February 21 – March 3, 2022**

**Agenda item: 8.1.3.2**

**Source: Nokia**

**Title: [AT117-e][043][MBS] Invited tdocs open Issues CP - PART2 (Nokia)**

**Document for: Discussion and Decision**

# Introduction

* [AT117-e][043][MBS] Invited tdocs open Issues CP (Nokia)

 Scope: PH1: Take into account submitted tdocs. Address the questions in R3-221469 LS on NR RRC to support split NR-RAN architecture for NR MBS. Determine agreeable part, pave the way for on-line agreement. CLOSED

 PH2: Continue offline discussion on P2, clarify the intentions (one/two messages, determine the coverage of the part that could be common = same between UEs).

 Intended outcome: Report

 Deadline: PH2 in time for on-line CB W2 Wednesday

[R2-2202141](file:///C%3A/Users/mtk65284/Documents/3GPP/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_117-e/Docs/R2-2202141.zip) LS on NR RRC to support split NR-RAN architecture for NR MBS (R3-221469; contact: Ericsson) RAN3 LS in Rel-17 To:RAN2

[R2-2203226](file:///C%3A/Users/mtk65284/Documents/3GPP/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_117-e/Docs/R2-2203226.zip) Common RRC Structure for MBS Multicast Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell discussion Rel-17 NR\_MBS-Core

[R2-2202782](file:///C%3A/Users/mtk65284/Documents/3GPP/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_117-e/Docs/R2-2202782.zip) MRB ID Scope and Uniqueness Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell discussion Rel-17 NR\_MBS-Core

R2-2202267 Discussion on Questions for Split NR-RAN Architecture from RAN3 LS CATT discussion Rel-17 NR\_MBS-Core

R2-2202334 Discussion on MBS split NR-RAN architecture based on RAN3 LS MediaTek inc. discussion Rel-17 NR\_MBS-Core

[R2-2202335](file:///C%3A/Users/mtk65284/Documents/3GPP/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_117-e/Docs/R2-2202335.zip) Draft LS on the support of MBS split NR-RAN architecture MediaTek inc. LS out Rel-17 NR\_MBS-Core To:RAN3

R2-2202368 Discussion on LS on NR RRC to support split NR-RAN architecture for NR MBS TD Tech, Chengdu TD Tech discussion Rel-17

R2-2202426 Discussion on Supporting split NR-RAN architecture for NR MBS Spreadtrum Communications discussion Rel-17

R2-2202625 Discussion on RRC to support split NR-RAN architecture for NR MBS CMCC discussion Rel-17 NR\_MBS-Core

R2-2202644 Support of split NR-RAN architecture for NR MBS Intel Corporation discussion Rel-17 NR\_MBS-Core

R2-2202684 Discussion on MBS RRC Configuration for Split RAN Samsung discussion Rel-17 NR\_MBS-Core

R2-2202978 Discussion on NR RRC to Support Split NR-RAN Architecture for NR MBS vivo discussion Rel-17 NR\_MBS-Core

R2-2203156 Discussion on open issues for NR MBS LG Electronics Inc. discussion Rel-17 NR\_MBS-Core

R2-2203312 NR RRC to support split NR-RAN architecture for NR MBS ZTE, Sanechips discussion Rel-17 NR\_MBS-Core

R2-2203345 Discussion on RRC support of split NR-RAN architecture for NR MBS Huawei, HiSilicon discussion Rel-17 NR\_MBS-Core Late

R2-2202555 Support of MBS in MR-DC Apple discussion Rel-17 NR\_MBS-Core

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# Support of split NR-RAN architecture for NR MBS

RAN3 asked about feasibility of a common RRC structure which would enable the network to use the same Lower Layer configuration for PTM leg for more than one UE in a cell [R3-221469].

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| Common Lower Layer Configuration for multicast MRBsF1 interface functions could benefit from lower layer RRC configuration (e.g. CellGroupConfig) that all UEs could be configured with exactly the same RRC configuration, so that the CU when receiving such information could reconfigure all Ues with that RRC configuration, while Ues that would need specific MRB configurations could be delta-configured thereafter.F1 interface function could benefit if this would be possible for ptm-only and split MRBs.**2. Actions:****To RAN2 group.****ACTION: RAN3 asks RAN2 to1/ comment on the uniqueness of MRB ID in the scope of an MBS session instead of UE scope 2/ to comment on the feasibility to define a CellConfigInfo RRC structure which enables the network to use exactly the same Lower Layer (PHY/MAC/RLC ) configuration for more than one UE in a cell for Rel-17 NR MBS** |

[R2-2202141](file:///C%3A/Users/mtk65284/Documents/3GPP/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_117-e/Docs/R2-2202141.zip) notes following observations:

***Observation 1****: The signalling of CFR as proposed in the running CR to 38.331 cannot be used in a common RRC structure as it is linked to UE’s configured DL BWP. Significant rework of the RRC structure seems necessary to allow for a common RRC structure.*

***Observation 2****: Using a common RRC structure for Ues introduces overhead in some scenarios, e.g. CFR configuration is the same as Ues dedicated BWP or multiple MBS multicast sessions are provided in the same CFR, and this overhead may be difficult to eliminated.*

Support common:

[R2-2203226](file:///C%3A/Users/mtk65284/Documents/3GPP/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_117-e/Docs/R2-2203226.zip) Common RRC Structure for MBS Multicast Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell discussion Rel-17 NR\_MBS-Core

R2-2202368 Discussion on LS on NR RRC to support split NR-RAN architecture for NR MBS TD Tech, Chengdu TD Tech discussion Rel-17

R2-2203156 Discussion on open issues for NR MBS LG Electronics Inc. discussion Rel-17 NR\_MBS-Core

R2-2203312 NR RRC to support split NR-RAN architecture for NR MBS ZTE, Sanechips discussion Rel-17 NR\_MBS-Core

Not support common:

R2-2202267 Discussion on Questions for Split NR-RAN Architecture from RAN3 LS CATT discussion Rel-17 NR\_MBS-Core

R2-2202334 Discussion on MBS split NR-RAN architecture based on RAN3 LS MediaTek inc. discussion Rel-17 NR\_MBS-Core

R2-2202368 Discussion on LS on NR RRC to support split NR-RAN architecture for NR MBS TD Tech, Chengdu TD Tech discussion Rel-17

R2-2202426 Discussion on Supporting split NR-RAN architecture for NR MBS Spreadtrum Communications discussion Rel-17

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R2-2202684 Discussion on MBS RRC Configuration for Split RAN Samsung discussion Rel-17 NR\_MBS-Core

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R2-2203345 Discussion on RRC support of split NR-RAN architecture for NR MBS Huawei, HiSilicon discussion Rel-17 NR\_MBS-Core Late

Based on the inputted papers it does not seem infeasible (technically not possible) to introduce common RRC structure.

But it should be also understood that introduction of a common RRC structure for lower layer configuration of PTM transmission for MBS multicast session requires rework of ASN.1 and will likely introduce inefficiencies as some information may be transmitted to UEs multiple times.

So generally common RRC configuration would split information into two parts:

* the UE specific part.
* the per MBS session part.

If the per MBS session part of the configuration can be grouped in a per session signaling, there are benefits from different perspective:

* avoid the common lower layer configuration duplicated transmission on F1 per UE, especially in the case of network is about to update such common configuration;
* clear structure of signaling definition, to separate the per UE and per group configuration.

On the details on what parts of configuration could be common following aspects were brought out:

* CFR - CFR is currently being linked to dedicated DL BWP configuration. For example, when determining the location and bandwidth of CFR, the subcarrier spacing is derived from the associated BWP. It is also possible to not signal the location and bandwidth of CFR to the UE causing the UE to apply the same parameter as for the BWP in which the CFR is signalled. It would be required to signal CFR with subcarrier spacing as any other BWP. Also, locationAndBandwidthMulticast parameter will have to be always present and signal to UE because UEs may be configured with different BWPs that comprise the CFR. This means that even though for some UEs the configured BWP may have the same location and bandwidth allocation as a configured DL BWP, the UE will receive the same parameters twice, thus leading to overhead..
* PCCH related configuration including e.g. DRX configuration
* PDSCH related configuration
* SPS configuration
* PUCCH for HARQ NACK-only i.e. pucch-ConfigurationListMulticast1 which is further associated with BWP-UplinkDedicated. It might be UE specific feedback resource which allows ACK/NACK feedback, or one common feedback resource for one group or a sub-group of UE.
* RLC bearer for PTM

For those configurations that are common to all UEs that share the same PTM configuration of the MBS session, would be included a common RRC structure (e.g. CellGroupConfig-PTM) provided per MBS multicast session.

**Q1: Any comments which parameters would not be possible to be part of common RRC structure or which parameters are missing (no need to list every single field here)?**

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| **Company** | **Comments on possible / not possible parameters for common RRC structure** |
| ZTE | moderator has made an excellent summary of the status, appreciate it very much. We will focus on CFR here (firstly we confirm that the frequency range and starting point calculation of CFR is indeed associated with per UE BWP, mentioned by moderator), assume one possible configuration structure about CFR calculation:- in the common part: the values to calculate the starting PRB and bandwidth relative to Point A (same for one group of UEs)- in the per UE part: the association between the CFR and per UE BWP (identified by BWP ID, for example, which might be different for UEs);since for the UE in the same PTM group, the *subcarrierSpacing* will, for sure, be the same (even the per UE BWP config is different, e.g, different BWP ID, position/bandwidth). A UE based on the received the RRC Reconfiguration which includes both parts, is always able to get the same absolute frequency range for the PTM transmission. Other UE specific config:- RLC bearer ID (agreed in RAN2 as per UE space)- UE specific HARQ feedback resources |
| Qualcomm | It is efficient to configure CFR associated with dedicated BWP instead of providing separately, HARQ configuration, PTP configuration etc. |
| MediaTek | UE specific config：Parts of HARQ/L1 configurationPTP/unicast configuration |
| CATT | (1)G-RNTI list that UE is monitoring(2)G-CS-RNTI list that UE is monitoring(3)HARQ configuration |

Benefits of common configuration are especially valid in case of start of MBS session i.e. multiple UEs start the session reception same time and MBS session modification case when multiple UEs need to be updated with parameters simultaneously. In case of a new UE joins the session there is no benefit of common structure unless multiple UEs join same time.

**Q2: Any comments scenarios where the common RRC structure is beneficial/not beneficial?**

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| **Company** | **Comments on the scenarios for the usage of common RRC structure** |
| ZTE | I assume it is about F1 benefits (since it is always the same info is sent over Uu, no benefits but no hurt either on Uu), there are benefits too for newly joined UE:- if the PTM config is re-used for such UE, DU wont send the common part configuration to CU (only if update is needed). |
| Qualcomm | It may be benefial in some cases for F1/EI interface, i.e DU can provide common PTM onfiguration once to CU at the time of MRB establishment. But it does not add any benefit for Uu and in case of CFR to be provided twice as rapporteur mentioned in summary *“Also, locationAndBandwidthMulticast parameter will have to be always present and signal to UE because UEs may be configured with different BWPs that comprise the CFR. This means that even though for some UEs the configured BWP may have the same location and bandwidth allocation as a configured DL BWP, the UE will receive the same parameters twice, thus leading to overhead.”*Adds additional ASN.1 complexity. It seems, overall benefits are not significant (especillay for Uu) but adds additional ASN.1 complexity. Even for F1/E1 interface benefits are limited to few scenarios like PTM configuration change. |
| MediaTek | (Assuming a single RRC message will be used)It might benefit for F1 interface, but then the RRC message will be generated and sent separately from gNB-CU to gNB-DU, then reassembled at gNB-DU and send to UE. This is very different from current specs since RRCReconfiguration message is now generated and encapsulates by gNB-CU while gNB-DU has no RRC function. This modification will lead to great changes in current specs.Besides, it is also difficult to align the signals for multiple UEs since UE may join multicast at different times. In this case, F1/E1 interface benefits are limited.(No Uu interface benefit neither) |
| CATT | Do not see any benefits from RAN2 point of view |

It was claimed that one would need to send multiple (two) RRC messages to UE if we introduce common configuration. But it was not really clear why that would be the case as it was also commented that single RRC message can include both common and dedicated part of configuration.

**Q3: Do you think multiple RRCReconfiguration messages would be needed if we introduce common RRC configuration?**

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| **Company** | **Yes/No** | **Comments on why you think multiple message is needed or not?** |
| ZTE | No | A single message that contains different IEs (e.g., common part + UE part) |
| Qualcomm | No | Our understanding is one dedicated RRC siganling message can have both common and UE specific IEs for PTM configuration. But there is no benefit for Uu and infact adds addition overhead for Uu when CFR has to be explicitly configured without linking to dedicated BWP. |
| MediaTek | No | Two RRC messages will bring extra latency to UE. RAN3 needs to clarify whether single or multiple RRC message will be used based on this assumption. |
| CATT | Maybe | Multiple messages are needed if we do not mandate gNB-DU’s behavior on reassembling the common configuration parts and UE specific parts into one RRC message. |

**Q4: Other aspects ?**

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| **Company** | **Comment** |
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# Summary