3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 Meeting #114-e R2-21xxxxx

Online, 19 – 27th of May 2021

**Agenda item: 5.4.4**

**Source: ZTE corporation, Sanechips**

**Title: Report of [AT114-e] [013] [NR15] Idle Inactive mode (ZTE)**

**Document for: Discussion and Decision**

# Introduction

This document reflects the content and outcome of the following email discussion:

* [AT114-e] [013][NR15] Idle Inactive mode (ZTE)

 Scope: Treat R2-2105751, R2-2105744, R2-2105745, R2-2105752, R2-2105753, R2-2105754, R2-2105755, R2-2106196,

 Phase 1, determine agreeable parts, Phase 2, for agreeable parts Work on CRs.

 Intended outcome: Report and Agreed CRs.

 Deadline: Schedule A

[R2-2105751](file:///D%3A%5CDocuments%5C3GPP%5Ctsg_ran%5CWG2%5CTSGR2_114-e%5CDocs%5CR2-2105751.zip) Discussion on PO determination for UE in inactive state ZTE corporation, Sanechips, Ericsson discussion Rel-15 NR\_newRAT-Core

[R2-2105744](file:///D%3A%5CDocuments%5C3GPP%5Ctsg_ran%5CWG2%5CTSGR2_114-e%5CDocs%5CR2-2105744.zip) Correction on PO determination for UE in inactive state-38.304 ZTE corporation, Sanechips, Ericsson CR Rel-16 38.304 16.4.0 0208 - F NR\_newRAT-Core

[R2-2105745](file:///D%3A%5CDocuments%5C3GPP%5Ctsg_ran%5CWG2%5CTSGR2_114-e%5CDocs%5CR2-2105745.zip) Correction on PO determination for UE in inactive state-38.306 ZTE corporation, Sanechips, Ericsson CR Rel-16 38.306 16.4.0 0592 - F NR\_newRAT-Core

[R2-2105752](file:///D%3A%5CDocuments%5C3GPP%5Ctsg_ran%5CWG2%5CTSGR2_114-e%5CDocs%5CR2-2105752.zip) Correction on PO determination for UE in inactive state-38.331 ZTE corporation, Sanechips, Ericsson CR Rel-16 38.331 16.4.1 2646 - F NR\_newRAT-Core

[R2-2105753](file:///D%3A%5CDocuments%5C3GPP%5Ctsg_ran%5CWG2%5CTSGR2_114-e%5CDocs%5CR2-2105753.zip) Correction on PO determination for UE in inactive state-36.331 ZTE corporation, Sanechips, Ericsson CR Rel-16 36.331 16.4.0 4663 - F LTE\_5GCN\_connect-Core

[R2-2105754](file:///D%3A%5CDocuments%5C3GPP%5Ctsg_ran%5CWG2%5CTSGR2_114-e%5CDocs%5CR2-2105754.zip) Correction on PO determination for UE in inactive state-36.304 ZTE corporation, Sanechips, Ericsson CR Rel-16 36.304 16.3.0 0826 - F LTE\_5GCN\_connect-Core

[R2-2105755](file:///D%3A%5CDocuments%5C3GPP%5Ctsg_ran%5CWG2%5CTSGR2_114-e%5CDocs%5CR2-2105755.zip) Correction on PO determination for UE in inactive state-36.306 ZTE corporation, Sanechips, Ericsson CR Rel-16 36.306 16.4.0 1815 - F LTE\_5GCN\_connect-Core

[R2-2106196](file:///D%3A%5CDocuments%5C3GPP%5Ctsg_ran%5CWG2%5CTSGR2_114-e%5CDocs%5CR2-2106196.zip) Discussion on PO misalignment for INACTVIE and IDLE states Huawei, HiSilicon discussion Rel-15 NR\_newRAT-Core

[R2-2104907](file:///D%3A%5CDocuments%5C3GPP%5Ctsg_ran%5CWG2%5CTSGR2_114-e%5CDocs%5CR2-2104907.zip) Discussion on paging DRX cycle determination for inactive mode vivo discussion Rel-15 NR\_newRAT-Core Late

# 2 Discussion

## 2.1 PO misalignment for RAN paging and CN paging

The following agreements have been reached in RAN2 NR Adhoc 201701:

Agreements:

1 A UE in INACTIVE is reachable via RAN-initiated notification and CN-initiated Paging. RAN and CN paging occasions overlap and same paging/notification mechanism used.

2 A RAN node can configure a UE in INACTIVE with a RAN configured paging DRX cycle (which could be UE specific configuration).

UE in inactive state has to monitor both CN-initiated paging and RAN-initiated paging and it has been expected in 38.300 that *“The POs of a UE for CN-initiated and RAN-initiated paging are based on the same UE ID, resulting in overlapping POs for both.”* so that UE in inactive can monitor CN-initiated paging and RAN-initiated paging in the overlapping POs.

However, the actual situation does not meet our expectations and it is possible that NW send CN paging and RAN paging in different POs and UE in active state may only monitor the PO calculated for RAN paging and miss CN paging.

The PF and PO for paging are determined by the following formula [1]:

SFN for the PF is determined by:

(SFN + PF\_offset) mod T = (T div N) \* (UE\_ID mod N)

Index (i\_s), indicating the index of the PO is determined by:

i\_s = floor (UE\_ID/N) mod Ns

The following parameters are used for the calculation of PF and i\_s above:

T: DRX cycle of the UE (T is determined by the shortest of the UE specific DRX value(s), if configured by RRC and/or upper layers, and a default DRX value broadcast in system information. In RRC\_IDLE state, if UE specific DRX is not configured by upper layers, the default value is applied).

N: number of total paging frames in T(configured by nAndPagingFrameOffset with value T, T/2, T/4, T/8, or T/16)

Ns: number of paging occasions for a PF

PF\_offset: offset used for PF determination

UE\_ID: 5G-S-TMSI mod 1024

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| Example of configuration | RAN paging cycle: 32rfDefault paging cycle: 64rfN: T/16Ns: 4PF\_offset: 14UE\_ID:5G-S-TMSI mod 1024 = 3 |
| RRC\_INACTIVE | PF:2 34 66 98130 162 194 226 258 290 322 354 386 418 450 |
| i\_s =1 |
| RRC\_IDLE | PF:34 98 162 226 290 354 418 |
| i\_s=0 |

For a UE with same UE ID, as shown in the above example, it is possible that the T used in inactive state is different from the T used in idle mode as NW is allowed to configure a RAN paging cycle different from the UE specific paging cycle configured by upper layer or the default value in system information while the N used in calculation is still the one broadcast in SIB1 with value T, T/2, T/4, T/8, or T/16 and will turn into different values when the T changes.

As a result, the index of the PO (i.e. the i\_s) would be different for inactive state and idle state as the N is a value related to the T while the T has different value in idle and inactive state, which deviates from the intention that the POs of a UE for CN-initiated and RAN-initiated paging should be overlapped and inactive UE can monitor CN paging and RAN paging in the overlapped POs. Under this circumstance, it is worth considering what is the expected UE behavior for UE in RRC\_INACTIVE. If UE in RRC\_INACTIVE only monitors the RAN paging PO, CN paging failure would happen.

**Question 1: Do companies agree with the observation that “*For a UE, the index of the PO calculated based on the same UE ID may be different in inactive state and idle state. If a UE in inactive state only monitors the PO derived for inactive state, CN paging failure would happen in both NR and eLTE*”?**

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| **Company** | **Yes/No** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | Yes |  |
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## 2.2 Potential Solutions

The following solutions can be considered to address the issue described above:

* Solution 1: It is up to NW implementation to ensure RAN and CN paging occasions overlap.
* Solution 2: UE in RRC\_INACTIVE shall monitor both RAN and CN PO, in case RAN and CN PO are not overlapped.
* Solution 3: UE in RRC\_INACTIVE should use the same i\_s to determine PO as for RRC\_IDLE and both CN paging and RAN paging will be sent on such POs.

**Question 2: Which solution do companies prefer to address the PO misalignment issue?**

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| **Company** | **Preferred Solution** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | Solution 1  | We think that it is a corner case i.e. to be paged by CN paging for RRC\_INACTIVE state due to RNAU. Besides, the concerned scenario seems only valid in case the value of RAN paging cycle is less than that of CN paging cycle. If any solution is required other than Solution 1, we prefer to go for Solution 3 from Rel-17.  |
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### Further details for solution 1

**Question 2-1: If solution 1 is selected, is there a need to capture anything, e.g. *It is up to NW implementation to ensure RAN and CN paging occasions overlap*, in specs to reflect the agreement?**

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| **Company** | **Yes/No** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | No | We think capturing it in the minutes seems enough.  |
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### Further details for solution 2

**Question 2-2: If solution 2 is selected, is there a need to capture anything, e.g. *UE in RRC\_INACTIVE shall monitor both RAN and CN PO, in case RAN and CN PO are not overlapped*, in specs to reflect the agreement?**

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| **Company** | **Yes/No** | **Comments** |
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### Further details for solution 3

If solution 3 is selected, a UE capability should be introduced to indicate UE support for using the same i\_s in PO determination in RRC\_INACTIVE state as in RRC\_IDLE state so that NW can identify such UE and send both CN paging and RAN paging in the same POs.

**Question 2-3-1: If solution 3 is selected, is there a need to introduce a UE capability to indicate UE support for using the same i\_s in PO determination in RRC\_INACTIVE state as in RRC\_IDLE state?**

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| **Company** | **Yes/No** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | Yes | Without a UE capability, NW has no idea whether UE can support it.  |
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For solution 3, the following options can be considered on the signaling details:

* Option 1: If UE indicates support for such behaviour, NW send an indication (e.g. *useIdlePO*) in RRCRelease message when release UE from RRC\_CONNECTED to RRC\_INACTIVE state and ensure that both CN paging and RAN paging will be sent in the same POs (i.e. the idle POs) within the configured RNA.

- The *useIdlePO* in RRCRelease message can only be configured when all the gNBs within the RNA support to send both CN paging and RAN paging in the same POs, i.e. the idle POs.

- The indication (e.g. *useIdlePO*) is also sent to the neighbour RAN nodes for Xn-paging.

* Option 2: Broadcast an indication (e.g. *ranPagingInIdlePO*) in system information to show if network supports to send both CN paging and RAN paging in the idle POs.

- UE monitor CN paging and RAN paging in idle POs when both of the anchor cell and serving cell broadcast *ranPagingInIdlePO*.

- To assist Xn-paging, the UE capability for using the same i\_s in PO determination in RRC\_INACTIVE state as in RRC\_IDLE state will be sent to neighbour RAN nodes.

**Question 2-3-2: If solution 3 is selected, which option do companies prefer on the signaling details?**

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| **Company** | **Option** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | Option 1 |  |
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**Question 2-3-3: Which option do companies prefer to reflect the changes needed for solution 3?**

* **Option 1: Support solution 3 since Rel-16 and agree on Rel-16 CRs with magic sentence to support early implementation.**
* **Option 2: Support solution 3 since Rel-17.**

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| **Company** | **Option** | **Comments** |
| Samsung | Option 2 | See our previous comments on Question 2.  |
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# 3 Conclusions

Based on the views expressed in the previous sections, we propose the following:

*To be added*

# Contact information

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| Company | Delegate contact |
| Samsung | Sangyeob Jung (sy0123.jung@samsung.com) |
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