**3GPP RAN WG2 Meeting #125bis R2-240xxxx**

**Changsha, China, April 15th – 19th, 2024**

**Agenda Item: 7.0.4**

**Source: Samsung, InterDigital**

**Title: [DRAFT] Report of [POST125][024][RACH-less] Remaining issues**

**Document for: Discussion, Decision**

1. Introduction

This document is a report of the following email discussion:

* [POST125][024][RACH-less] Remaining issues (Samsung, InterDigital)

Intended outcome: UE capability discussion and other RACH-less issues/corrections taking into account the latest merged CR

Deadline: Mar 29, 1000 UTC

Section 2 includes the UE capability discussion for RACH-less HO

Section 3 discusses contributions submitted to AIs 7.7.3 and 7.7.4, which propose other corrections/issues to the RACH-less HO procedure including:

* [R2-2400249](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400249.zip): [C604] [C622] On parameter applicability to CG RACH-less HO in NR NTN - CATT
* [R2-2400803](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400803.zip): MAC corrections for NTN – InterDigital
* [R2-2400810](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400810.zip): Corrections on NTN MAC issues - Samsung
* [R2-2400869](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400869.zip): Discussion on configuration of ntn-cg-RACH-less-RetransmissionTimer - LG
* [R2-2400871](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400871.zip): Indication for HARQ feedback for RACH-less handover - LG
* [R2-2400882](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400882.zip): Discussion on remaining issues of RACH-less handover for NTN – NEC
* [R2-2400939](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400939.zip): Clarification on UE operation upon TATimer expiry during RACH-less HO - Apple
* [R2-2401281](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2401281.zip): Discussion on MAC behaviours related to RACH-less HO and unchanged PCI - Huawei, HiSilicon

A brief summary of the issue(s) discussed within each document have been provided below, however companies are encouraged to refer to the original contribution for further details/motivation. Parameter names have been updated throughout the document based on the generalized RACH-less procedure according to CRs [R2-2401686](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Inbox/R2-2401686.zip) and [R2-2402030](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Inbox/R2-2402030.zip).

Furthermore, issues described within Section 3 of this document may be more relevant to a specific feature (NTN). When necessary, companies are encouraged to clarify whether a response is applicable to the general case or should be restricted to one or more feature(s).

In Section 4, companies may indicate any other identified issues with RACH-less HO not addressed within this document.

# Capabilities discussion

At RAN2#125 (Athens, February/March 2024), the following was agreed on the topic of RACH-less HO (originally introduced for NTN and then extended to mIAB, and then in Athens extended to all R18 UEs as per below):

**Agreements on RACH-less HO**

1. We will generalize RACH-less HO without impact to RAN3 in Rel-18

2. Two UE capabilities will be introduced: DG RACH-less HO and CG RACH-less HO. FFS if it is per band. FFS how we handle NTN capability if different from mIAB and generalized case

The following is an exhaustive list of remaining options on handling RACH-less HO capabilities (CHO for NTN case is handled in a separate question):

**Option 1 (no separate handling of NTN case)**. A total of two RACH-less HO capabilities are introduced in R18 (and previously agreed NTN RACH-less HO capability is removed):

* per-UE DG RACH-less HO,
* per-UE CG RACH-less HO

**Option 2 (no separate handling of NTN case).** A total of two RACH-less HO capabilities are introduced in R18 (and previously agreed NTN RACH-less HO capability is removed):

* per-band DG RACH-less HO,
* per-band CG RACH-less HO

**Option 3 (separate handling of NTN case).** A total of three RACH-less HO capabilities are introduced in R18:

* per-UE DG RACH-less HO (mIAB and all other non-NTN R18 UEs),
* per-UE CG RACH-less HO (mIAB and all other non-NTN R18 UEs),
* per-band NTN RACH-less HO capability.

**Option 4 (separate handling of NTN case).** A total of three RACH-less HO capabilities are introduced in R18:

* per-band DG RACH-less HO (mIAB and all other non-NTN R18 UEs),
* per-band CG RACH-less HO (mIAB and all other non-NTN R18 UEs),
* per-band NTN RACH-less HO capability.

**Question 1) Which of the above options is your preferred option?**

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| **Company** | **Option 1/2/3/4** | **Comment** |
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At RAN2#125, RAN2 additionally discussed whether a separate RACH-less HO capability is needed for the special case of NTN time-based RACH-less CHO. It should be noted that the CHO referred here is a time-based CHO which is only applicable to NTN. With this in mind, the companies are invited to provide answers to the following two questions:

**Question 2) Do you agree that there is no need for a RACH-less CHO capability for non-NTN R18 UEs?**

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| **Company** | **Agree/Do not agree** | **Comment** |
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**Question 3) Do you support introducing a RACH-less CHO capability for NTN R18 UEs?**

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| **Company** | **Support/Do not support** | **Comment** |
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And finally, companies are invited to share any comments related to RACH-less HO capabilities not covered by the discussion above:

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| **Company** | **Any other issue** |
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# Other corrections to RACH-less HO

## CG RACH-less handover

### CG-SDT parameter applicability to RACH-less HO

[R2-2400249](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400249.zip) discusses the applicability of CG-SDT parameters to RACH-less HO, noting that some L1 parameters are directly copied-pasted from CG-SDT config (agreed as baseline) to CG RACH-less HO config. [[R2-2400249](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400249.zip)] mentions RAN1 has never concluded on the necessary L1 parameters for CG RACH-less HO, so the correctness of the L1 parameters currently specified for CG RACH-less HO was never justified.

The following parameters from *CG-RRC-RACH-LessConfiguration* are mentioned:

* ***rrc-NrofDMRS-Sequences*** and ***rrc-DMRS-Port*** which were copied directly from CG-SDT without RAN1 confirmation on applicability to RACH-less HO;
* ***rrc-SSB-PerCG-PUSCH*, *rrc-SSB-Subset*** and ***cg-RRC-RSRP-ThresholdSSB***, which could need RAN1 confirmation on whether the value range from CG-SDT is suitable for CG-RACH-less HO, particularly for the NR NTN scenario.

As well as the following parameters from *rrc-ConfiguredUplinkGrant*:

* ***antennaPort, pathlossReferenceIndex, phy-PriorityIndex, srs-ResourceIndicator*** *and* ***precodingAndNumberOfLayers*:** These parameters were decided by RAN1 as not applicable for CG-SDT, and thus there are restrictions intentionally specified in the field description to indicate their inapplicability once CG-SDT is configured. [[R2-2400249](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400249.zip)] doubts whether RAN2 alone can conclude whether they are applicable to CG RACH-less HO in NTN and we should check with RAN1 on their applicability.

**Question 4a) Do you agree to send an LS to RAN1 to check whether parameters used for CG RACH-less HO (e.g., within *CG-RRC-RACH-LessConfiguration* and/or *rrc-ConfiguredUplinkGrant*) are correctly specified?**

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| **Company** | **Agree/Disagree** | **Additional comments** |
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**Question 4b) If ‘agree’ to Question 4a), which of the following parameters should be included in the LS to RAN1?**

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| **From *CG-RRC-RACH-LessConfiguration*** | **From *rrc-ConfiguredUplinkGrant*** |
| **1. rrc-NRofDMRS-Sequences** | **6. antennaPort** |
| **2. rrc-DMRS-Port** | **7. pathlossReferenceIndex** |
| **3. rrc-SSB-PerCG-PUSCH,** | **8. phy-PriorityIndex** |
| **4. cg-RRC-RSRP-ThresholdSSB** | **9. srs-ResourceIndicator** |
| **5. rrc-SSB-Subset** | **10. precodingAndNumberOfLayers** |

**NOTE: If there are other parameters not listed above which require RAN1 confirmation, please include them in the ‘Additional Comments’ section and provide justification why this is needed.**

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| **Company** | **Which parameter(s) (e.g., 1, 3, 5-10)** | **Additional comments** |
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[R2-2400249](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400249.zip) further notes ***uci-OnPUSCH*** is used for selection between configuration of dynamic and semi-static beta-offset. Since the CG in RACH-less HO is mainly used to transmit *RRCReconfigurationComplete*, the overlapping between PUCCH and PUSCH is a rare case. Therefore, [[R2-2400249](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400249.zip)] thinks the network needs to guarantee that this parameter is not configured for CG in RACH-less HO, and that similar to CG-SDT, this needs to be clarified in the specification.

**Question 4c) Do you agree that the network does not configure *uci-OnPUSCH* for CG RACH-less HO?**

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| **Company** | **Agree/Disagree** | **Additional comments** |
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Finally, [R2-2400249](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400249.zip) notes that ***cg-RetransmissionTimer*** and ***harq-ProcID-Offset*** were originally introduced in NR-U, and since NR NTN does not work on the unlicensed band they need not be included (at least in NTN). The network should thus guarantee that these two parameters are not configured for NTN RACH-less HO.

**Question 4d) Do you agree that the network does not configure *cg-RetransmissionTimer* and *harq-ProcID-Offset* for CG RACH-less HO?**

**NOTE: If ‘Agree’, please indicate whether these should not be configured in the general case, or only for a specific feature(s) (e.g., NTN)**

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| **Company** | **Agree/Disagree** | **Additional comments** |
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### Configuration of *cg-RRC-RetransmissionTimer* in NTN

**Issue 1: Extension of the *cg-RRC-RetransmissionTimer* in NTN scenario:**

[[R2-2400249](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400249.zip)] explains that *cg-RRC-RetransmissionTimer* is used to indicate the initial value of the configured grant retransmission timer used for the initial uplink transmission of RACH-less HO, and like *configuredGrantTimer* (which was extended in Rel-17 NTN), the *cg-RRC-RetransmissionTimer* should also be extended considering the large RTT in NTN. To leave enough time for UE to wait for gNB's dynamic scheduling for CG retransmission, [[R2-2400249](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400249.zip)] proposes that the maximum value can be similarly set to the same maximum value of *configuredGrantTimer* in NTN.

**Question 5) Do you agree the value of *cg-RRC-RetransmissionTimer* should be (at least) extended as large as *configuredGrantTimer* in NR NTN?**

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| **Company** | **Agree/Disagree** | **Additional comments** |
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**Issue 2: Configuration of *cg-RRC-RetransmissionTimer* relative to *HARQ-RTT-TimerUL-NTN***

[R2-2400869](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400869.zip) discusses configuration of *cg-RRC-RetransmissionTimer* relative to *HARQ-RTT-TimerUL-NTN*, noting that if the *cg-RRC-RetransmissionTimer* is larger than the *HARQ-RTT-TimerUL-NTN* it could delay RACH-less handover completion (companies are encouraged to refer to [R2-2400869](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400869.zip) for a detailed example). To avoid this, [R2-2400869](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400869.zip) suggests to always configure *cg-RRC-RetransmissionTimer* to be shorter than *HARQ-RTT-TimerUL-NTN*. Since there is no such restriction in the current specification, [R2-2400869](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400869.zip) proposes to add one in RRC.

**Question 6) Do you agree to specify a restriction in RRC that *cg-RRC-RetransmissionTimer* is always configured shorter than *HARQ-RTT-TimerUL-NTN*?**

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| **Company** | **Agree/Disagree** | **Additional comments** |
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### General corrections to CG RACH-less retransmission

The following was agreed RAN2#123 meeting, regarding the mapping between CG and SSBs for CG-RACH-less HO during initial UL transmission:

* The pre-allocated grant is provided with association to SSBs
* The mapping between type-1 CG and SSBs in CG-SDT can be the baseline of how to configure pre-allocated grant mapped to SSBs (can rediscuss in case of different input from RAN1)
* UE selects an SSB associated to the pre-allocated grant with RSRP above a configured threshold, use the selected SSB and the corresponding UL grant occasions for the initial UL transmission
* If no SSB mapping to pre-allocated grant has RSRP above the threshold, fallback to RACH HO (with new SSB selection), while T304 is running

Which was subsequently specified in TS 38.321 clause 5.8.2 as follows:

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| For an uplink grant configured for configured grant Type 1 for RACH-less handover, when RACH-less handover is triggered and not terminated, for each configured uplink grant valid according to TS 38.214 [7] for which the above formula is satisfied, the MAC entity shall:  1> if, after the initial transmission of RACH-less handover has been performed according to clause 5.4.1 and 5.33, PDCCH addressed to the MAC entity's C-RNTI has not been received:  2> if the SSB corresponding to the configured UL grant has the same SSB index as the SSB selected for the initial transmission of RACH-less handover (i.e., retransmission of initial transmission of RACH-less handover):  3> select this SSB;  3> indicate the SSB index corresponding to the configured uplink grant to the lower layer;  3> consider this configured uplink grant as valid.  1> else if at least one SSB corresponding to the configured uplink grant with SS-RSRP above *rach-less-RSRP-ThresholdSSB* is available:  2> select an SSB with SS-RSRP above *rach-less-RSRP-ThresholdSSB* amongst the SSB(s) associated with the configured uplink grant;  2> indicate the selected SSB index to the lower layer;  2> consider this configured uplink grant as valid.  1> else:  2> consider this configured uplink grant as not valid;  2> initiate Random Access procedure in clause 5.1. |

[R2-2400810](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400810.zip) interprets the above agreements from RAN2#123 to mean “when no SSB for CG (i.e., all CG occasions) has RSRP above the threshold, i.e., when none of the CG occasions is valid, RACH is initiated”. However, [[R2-2400810](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400810.zip)] notes the current procedure of the blue highlighted part is that for each configured uplink grant, if no SSB corresponding to the configured uplink grant has RSRP above the threshold, consider this configured uplink grant as not valid and initiate RACH.

[[R2-2400810](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400810.zip)] therefore states the current implementation is not correct, and instead proposes a different condition for initiating RACH similar to CD-SDT case, i.e., “if no SSB configured for *cg-RRC-RACH-Less-Configuration* with SS-RSRP above *cg-RRC-RSRP-ThresholdSSB* is available, initiate RACH”.

**Question 7) Do you agree to change the condition for RACH initiation when no CG is valid for RACH-less HO as: “if no SSB configured for *cg-RRC-RACH-Less-Configuration* with SS-RSRP above cg-*RRC-RSRP-ThresholdSSB* is available, initiate RACH”?**

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| **Company** | **Agree/Disagree** | **Additional comments** |
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## Definition of when RACH-less HO is “ongoing”

The terminology “ongoing RACH-less HO procedure” is used throughout TS 38.321 (e.g., in Sections 5.3.1, 5.4.1, 5.7, and 5.14), however both [R2-2400803](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400803.zip) and [R2-2400810](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400810.zip) note that unlike LTM, there is no explicit definition of when a RACH-less HO procedure is considered “ongoing”. [[R2-2400803](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400803.zip)] proposes the following may be considered for how a MAC entity interprets a RACH-less handover procedure is ongoing:

* **No further clarification is needed:** the current text in Section 5.33 is considered sufficient to indicate the initiation of the RACH-less HO procedure in MAC, and the procedure is assumed ongoing until terminated via other sections of the specification (e.g., 5.3.1 or 5.4.1).
* **Explicitly define in MAC when the UE considers RACH-less HO procedure ongoing (like LTM)** Initiation of an LTM cell switch is defined in Section 5.18.35 via reception of an LTM Cell Switch Command MAC CE, and when the MAC entity considers RACH-less LTM cell switch as “ongoing” is explicitly specified. Similar text may be included for RACH-less HO.
* **Add a clarifying note** An alternative to explicit procedural text would be to add a clarifying note (e.g., to the end of Section 5.33).

**Question 8a) Which of the following options do you prefer regarding clarification of when MAC considers the RACH-less handover procedure to be “ongoing”:**

**Option 1: No change is needed, current specification is clear.**

**Option 2: Introduce explicit procedural text like the RACH-less LTM Cell Switch procedure.**

**Option 3: Add a clarifying note.**

**Option 4: Other, please describe**

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| **Company** | **Preferred Option?** | **Additional comments** |
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Regarding how this may be clarified, [R2-2400803](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400803.zip) explains that upon execution of a reconfiguration with sync including *rach-LessHO*, RRC configures lower layers in accordance with *rach-lessHO* for the target SpCell. TS 38.321 Section 5.33 specifies that when *rach-lessHO* is configured, the MAC entity either selects a CG occasion for initial UL transmission (in CG case) or monitors for dynamic grant for initial UL transmission (in DG case). [[R2-2400803](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400803.zip)] states this may be considered as the “start” of the RACH-less HO procedure, and defining text added to Section 5.33 as follows:

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| When *rach-LessHO* is configured, the MAC entity shall:  1> consider the RACH-less handover procedure to be ongoing;  1> if *cg-RACH-less-Configuration* is configured:  2> select a configured uplink grant for initial uplink transmission according to clause 5.8.2;  2> perform initial uplink transmission in the first available CG occasion for RACH-less handover according to clause 5.8.2. |

Alternatively, [R2-2400810](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400810.zip) proposes that it can be added in clause 5.2 as follows:

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| 1> when the MAC entity is configured with *rach-LessHO*:  2> set the NTA value (as defined in TS 38.211 [8]) to the value indicated by *targetNTA* in *rach-LessHO* for PTAG;  2> start the *timeAlignmentTimer* associated with PTAG;  2> consider the RACH-less HO procedure to be ongoing. |

**Question 8b) If ‘Option 2’ from Question 5a, where should the clarification of “ongoing RACH-less HO procedure” be specified?**

**Option 1: In Section 5.33 (like [**[R2-2400803](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400803.zip)**])**

**Option 2: In Section 5.2 (like [**[R2-2400810](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400810.zip)**])**

**Option 3: Other, please describe**

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| **Company** | **Preferred Option?** | **Additional comments** |
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For CG-based RACH-less HO, the procedure for initial UL transmission is specified as follows currently in TS 38.321 clause 5.8.2.

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| For an uplink grant configured for configured grant Type 1 for RACH-less handover, when RACH-less handover is triggered and not terminated, for each configured uplink grant valid according to TS 38.214 [7] for which the above formula is satisfied, the MAC entity shall: |

[R2-2400810](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400810.zip) notes that the highlighted phrase is slightly misleading that it can mean RACH-less is not failed/terminated due to T304 expiry, yet the intention is that the procedure is applied when there is an on-going RACH-less HO. [[R2-2400810](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400810.zip)] proposed to replace " when RACH-less handover is triggered and not terminated " by “when there is an on-going RACH-less HO procedure”, which is better aligned with the phasing used elsewhere.

**Question 9) For CG-based RACH-less HO procedure in clause 5.8.2, do you agree to replace " when RACH-less handover is triggered and not terminated " with “when there is an on-going RACH-less HO procedure”?**

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| **Company** | **Agree/Disagree** | **Additional comments** |
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## RACH-less HO and HARQ

### RACH-less HO and disabled HARQ feedback

[R2-2400871](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400871.zip) explains that the network knows whether the RACH-less handover is completed or not based on the HARQ feedback of the downlink assignment for the new transmission. In NTN, since the network can transmit the downlink assignment for new transmission using a HARQ process with HARQ feedback disabled, there is a case where the network does not know whether the RACH-less handover is completed or not, and this case may cause the handover failure due to T304 expiry. (companies are encouraged to refer to [R2-2400871](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400871.zip) for a detailed example).

Although the network can always transmit the downlink assignment for the new transmission using a HARQ process with HARQ feedback enabled for RACH-less handover completion, [R2-2400871](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400871.zip) notes this is inefficient for delay-sensitive service. [R2-2400871](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400871.zip) therefore proposes that it the network should be allowed to transmits the downlink assignment for the new transmission using a HARQ process with HARQ feedback disabled for RACH-less handover completion.

**Question 10a) Do you agree that for RACH-less handover completion, whether to use a HARQ process with HARQ feedback disabled or enabled for the downlink assignment of the new transmission is up to network implementation?**

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| **Company** | **Agree/Disagree** | **Additional comments** |
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To indicate the RACH-less handover completion when the downlink assignment for the new transmission is transmitted using a HARQ process with HARQ feedback disabled, [R2-2400871](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400871.zip) proposes that during RACH-less handover, the UE transmits the HARQ feedback for a downlink assignment of a new transmission using the HARQ process with HARQ feedback disabled after transmitting the first uplink transmission. [R2-2400871](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400871.zip) notes this is a similar solution to Rel-17 when the UE transmits the HARQ feedback for the HARQ process with HARQ feedback disabled for the first transmission after activation of the configured downlink assignment if *HARQ-feedbackEnablingforSPSactive* is configured.

**Question 10b) Do you agree during RACH-less handover, the UE transmits the HARQ feedback for a downlink assignment of a new transmission using HARQ process with HARQ feedback disabled after transmitting the first uplink transmission?**

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| **Company** | **Agree/Disagree** | **Additional comments** |
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### RV for transmission with configured grant

For the initial transmission of RACH-less handover in NTN, [R2-2400882](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400882.zip) mentions that RAN2 agreed and captured the autonomous retransmission by timer for the initial UL transmission with configured grant, however how to determine the RV of the autonomous retransmission is not specified. Considering that the re-transmission is autonomously performed by UE if initial transmission of RACH-less handover fails, the network is not aware of whether the transmission happens or not, therefore soft combination is not useful for autonomous re-transmission of the initial transmission of RACH-less handover procedure. From this point of view, [R2-2400882](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400882.zip) notes that applying different RV for repetitions of autonomous re-transmissions is not beneficial, then the RV 0 can be used for both initial transmission and its retransmission for RACH-less handover.

**Question 11) Do you agree to fix the RV to be 0 for both the initial transmission and its retransmission with configured grant for RACH-less handover?**

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| **Company** | **Agree/Disagree** | **Additional comments** |
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### Retransmission of initial CG transmission on the same HARQ process

[R2-2401281](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2401281.zip) notes that in Rel-18, RAN2 introduced a CG RACH-less retransmission timer for NTN RACH-less handover and has agreed to support retransmission on the configured uplink grant resources for RACH-less. For legacy CG and CG-SDT, the retransmission for the initial CG/CG-SDT transmission with the same HARQ process may be performed on any configured grant configuration if the configured grant configurations have the same TBS (see section 5.4.2.2 of TS 38.321), and [R2-2401281](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2401281.zip) understands that a similar principle should can also be applied to NTN RACH-less handover.

Rapporteur notes that a similar proposal was discussed during [POST124][312][NR-NTN-mIAB], where there was consensus support for this text to not be included.

**Question 12) Do you agree if *cg-RRC-RetransmissionTimer* is configured, retransmission for the initial CG-based RACH-less transmission with the same HARQ process may be performed on any configured grant configuration if the configured grant configurations have the same TBS?**

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| **Company** | **Agree/Disagree** | **Additional comments** |
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## RACH-less HO: Other identified issues

### Carrier selection for RACH-less handover

[R2-2400882](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400882.zip) notes that for RACH-less handover, the UE can access the target cell using configured grant if the *cg-RACH-Less-Configuration* is configured. Based on the ASN. 1 configuration, the configured grant can be configured on NUL or SUL, or on both carriers. However, it is unclear how UE determines the carrier used for the initial uplink transmission with configured grant during RACH-less handover procedure.

[R2-2400882](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400882.zip) further explains that for RACH-based handover, the UE selects the carrier to be used based on the explicitly signaling or based on the *rsrp-ThresholdSSB-SUL* threshold before the RACH resource selection. Similarly, for RACH-less handover, if the configured grant is configured, the UE should select the uplink carrier before the configured grant occasion for initial uplink transmission is selected. [R2-2400882](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400882.zip) proposes that the simplest way is to reuse the *rsrp-ThresholdSSB-SUL* threshold for carrier selection during the RACH-less handover procedure.

Rapporteur notes that additional considerations may be needed for at least the NTN scenario, since based on [AT124][301][NR-NTN Enh] it is unclear whether SUL is supported in NTN.

**Question 13) Do you agree that during the RACH-less handover procedure, if the configured grant is configured, reuse the *rsrp-ThresholdSSB-SUL* for carrier selection?**

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| **Company** | **Agree/Disagree** | **Additional comments** |
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### TAT expiry during RACH-less HO

The NTN HO time is much longer than that of TN handover (up to 7.3 seconds based on RAN4 LS). [R2-2400939](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400939.zip) notes that in this HO scenario with long HO delay, if RACH-less HO is configured, it is very likely that TATimer will expire during the NTN HO procedure.

RAN2 agreed UE behavior upon TATimer expiry is same as legacy during RACH-less HO procedure, where upon TATimer expiry the UE will release UE dedicated SRS and PUCCH configuration. [R2-2400939](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400939.zip) explains that upon TATimer expiry during RACH-less HO, if UE releases dedicated PUCCH/SRS configuration in target cell which has not yet been applied, the network still needs to provide the same SRS and RRC configuration via a new RRCReconfiguration procedure after the HO successful completion.

[R2-2400939](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400939.zip) notes that this additional RRC signalling is really unnecessary and will also introduce more signaling burden, so proposes that it should be clarified that UE dedicated PUCCH and SRS configuration in target cell shall not be released upon TATimer expiry during the RACH-less HO.

**Question 14a) Do you agree to clarify that UE shall not release UE dedicated RRC configuration (i.e. SRS and PUCCH configuration) of target cell upon TATimer expiry during RACH-less HO?**

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| **Company** | **Agree/Disagree** | **Additional comments** |
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[R2-2400939](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400939.zip) provides two possible alternatives to specify that UE dedicated PUCCH and SRS configuration in target cell shall not be released upon TATimer expiry during the RACH-less HO:

* **Alt 1: Capture it in MAC spec**: It is indicated in MAC spec that MAC doesnot notify RRC to release the PUCCH/SRS configuration during RAC-less HO.
* **Alt 2: Capture it in RRC spec**: It is indicated in RRC that RRC only releases the configuration which has been applied.

**Question 14b) If ‘Agree’ to Question 14a, should clarification that UE dedicated PUCCH and SRS configuration in target cell shall not be released upon TATimer expiry during the RACH-less HO be specified in MAC or RRC?**

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| **Company** | **MAC or RRC?** | **Additional comments** |
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# Other corrections to RACH-less HO not included in contributions

**Question 15) Companies are invited to list any other identified issues with the RACH-less HO procedure in the ‘Additional comments’ section**

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| **Company** | **Additional comments** |
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# Conclusions

<To be generated based on company input>

# References

1. [R2-2400249](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400249.zip): [C604] [C622] On parameter applicability to CG RACH-less HO in NR NTN - CATT
2. [R2-2400803](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400803.zip): MAC corrections for NTN – InterDigital
3. [R2-2400810](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400810.zip): Corrections on NTN MAC issues - Samsung
4. [R2-2400869](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400869.zip): Discussion on configuration of ntn-cg-RACH-less-RetransmissionTimer - LG
5. [R2-2400871](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400871.zip): Indication for HARQ feedback for RACH-less handover - LG
6. [R2-2400882](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400882.zip): Discussion on remaining issues of RACH-less handover for NTN – NEC
7. [R2-2400939](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2400939.zip): Clarification on UE operation upon TATimer expiry during RACH-less HO - Apple
8. [R2-2401281](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/tsg_ran/WG2_RL2/TSGR2_125/Docs/R2-2401281.zip): Discussion on MAC behaviours related to RACH-less HO and unchanged PCI - Huawei, HiSilicon