**3GPP TSG-RAN2 Meeting #115eR2-210**

**Electronic, 9th– 27th August, 2021**

**Source: Email discussion Rapporteur (Huawei, HiSilicon)**

**Title: Summary of [Post114-e][506][SData] Running MAC CR review issue list**

**Agenda item:** **8.6.1**

**Document for:** **Discussion and Decision**

# General

This document contains the list of comments made during the review of the MAC CR for SDT in the email discussion [Post114-e][506][SData] Running MAC CR.

For the issue found in the draft CR under Please fill in the form according to the following:

* On the column of index, fill in an index with the company initial letter + discussion number + issue number by increasing order.
	+ For example, for the discussion in Post114ePhaseI, for an issue from Huawei, HiSilicon, one can fill in “H (company initial letter) + 0 (discussion number for Post114e)+ 00 (Issue number)”=> H000
	+ Please use 0 for Post114e
* On the column of brief description of the issue, as the name suggests, please give a description on the issue
* On the column of suggested change/company comment, please give the proposed change on the draft spec based on the description on the issue. Companies can also give comments on the proposed change in this column by adding a marking of [Company] in this column
* On the column of proposed way forward by rapporteur, please leave it empty at the time of email discussion. At the conclusion of the discussion, email discussion rapporteur would give a way forward according to the inputs from different companies on the issue.

On the section of “Any Other Clause”, if a certain issue is found under a Clause in the spec that has not been listed, please fill the issue in the form under this section.

Please edit the document in draft view (View -> Draft) to view the entire table.

## Contacts

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| Name | Company | Email address |
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# Post114e-Phase II

## 3.2 Definitions

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested change/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
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### 5.1.1 Random Access procedure initialization

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
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### 5.1.1a Initialization of variables specific to Random Access type

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### 5.1.2 Random Access Resource selection

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
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### 5.1.2a Random Access Resource selection for 2-step RA type

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### 5.1.3 Random Access Preamble transmission

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### 5.1.3a MSGA transmission

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### 5.1.4a MSGB reception and contention resolution for 2-step random access

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### 5.1.5 Contention Resolution

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### 5.1.6 Completion of the Random Access procedure

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## 5.2 Maintenance of Uplink Time Alignment

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### 5.3.1 DL Assignment reception

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#### 5.3.2.1 HARQ Entity

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5.3.2.2 HARQ process

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### 5.4.1 UL Grant reception

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
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#### 5.4.2.1 HARQ Entity

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#### 5.4.2.2 HARQ process

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### 5.4.4 Scheduling Request

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
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### 5.8.2 Uplink

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## 5.14 Handling of measurement gaps

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## 5.15 Bandwidth Part (BWP) operation

### 5.15.1 Downlink and Uplink

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## 5.16 SUL operation

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## 5.x Small Data Transmission

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## 5.x.1 Validation for Small Data Transmission using CG

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
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### 6.1.5a MAC PDU (MSGB)

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## Any Other Clause

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# Post114e-Phase I

## 3.2 Definitions

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested change/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
| Z000 | CG-SDT Configured Grant type 1-based Small Data TransmissionSince SDT is also defined separately, we could avoid using the full expansion and use the SDT abbreviation here already.  | CG-SDT Configured Grant type 1-based ~~Small Data Transmission~~ SDT | [Rapp] Corrected |
| Z001 | Same as Z000 for RA-SDT | RA-SDT Random Access-based ~~Small Data Transmission~~ SDT | [Rapp] Corrected |

### 5.1.1 Random Access procedure initialization

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
| Z002 | *prach-ConfigurationIndex*These are also applicable to Msg1 in 4-step RA-SDT type if the PRACH occasions are shared between 4-step RA type and 4-step RA-SDT type. These are also applicable to the Random Access Preamble for MSGA in 2-step RA-SDT type if the PRACH occasions are shared between 4-step RA type and 2-step RA-SDT typeGeneral Comment: Do we really need to define new 4-step-RA-SDT type? With the above sentence, it seems we need to define “*4-step RA-SDT type*” and “2-step RA-SDT type”. However, since the RA type itself is not changed due to introduction of SDT. We could refer to existing RA types with and without SDT. Please see the suggested rewording. On the other hand if we do define a new RA type, perhaps this needs to be defined (e.g. in stage-2) etc. Also there will be other changes needed in MAC spec in other sections too in this case since we use checks such as “if *RA\_TYPE* is set to *2-stepRA*” etc elsewhere and we need to now redefine all these with new RA types etc. It would be preferable to avoid a new RA type if possible to avoid such changes.  | - *prach-ConfigurationIndex*: the available set of PRACH occasions for the transmission of the Random Access Preamble for Msg1. These are also applicable to Msg1 for RA-SDT if the PRACH occasions are shared between Random Access procedures with and without SDT for 4-step RA type. These are also applicable to the MSGA PRACH if the PRACH occasions are shared between 2-step and 4-step RA types. These are also applicable to MSGA PRACH for RA-SDT if the PRACH occasions are shared between 4-step RA type and 2-step RA type with SDT.  | [Rapp] Thanks for the comments @ ZTE.On the new RACH type, the main reasons that why it is introduced are that * In section 5.1.1a for initialization of parameters, I suspect certain parameters would be different from the legacy types of RACHs, e.g., preambleTransMax, etc. (but of course this is subject to further discussion) If such differences do exist, introducing a new RACH type to the UE variable RA\_TYPE fits better with the current framework
* For RACH resource selection, the procedure will for sure be different between SDT and nonSDT. For example, preamble group selection, RACH occasion selection (as the current running CR puts it), etc. The solution in R16 2-stepRACH was to introduce a new chapter, i.e., Clause 5.1.2a. But I think for SDT, we can use the existing chapters and then, use the new RACH type to differentiate the procedures for the SDT RACH and non-SDT RACH for 2-step RACH and 4-step RACH
* In the previous meeting, we have agreed to allow for fallback from SDT to non-SDT. Introducing a new RACH type is compatible with the procedures in the above two sections

I think we can keep the RACH type as it is for now and we can come back to this later to further examine its necessity. I have put an editor note here to mark it as FFS. |
| Z003 | *msgA-PRACH-ConfigurationIndex*Similar comment as Z002 (please see the corresponding suggestion). Further, it is not clear why these occasions should be shared with MSG1 in 4-step RA type with SDT as defined in the new definition. In case of shared occasions between 2-step and 4-step, these should be signalled via prach-CongurationIndex-SDT.  | - *msgA-PRACH-ConfigurationIndex*: the available set of PRACH occasions for the transmission of the Random Access Preamble for MSGA in 2-step RA type. These are also applicable to MSGA PRACH for RA-SDT if the PRACH occasions are shared between Random Access procedures with and without SDT for 2-step RA type. | [Rapp] For the previous agreement, I think it does not really forbid RACH occasion sharing between 2-step RACH and 4-step RACH with SDT.

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| RAN2#112e10: As a baseline, the RACH resource i.e. (RO+preamble combination) is different between SDT and non-SDT - If ROs for SDT and non SDT are different, preamble partitioning between SDT and non SDT is not needed.- If ROs for SDT and non SDT are same, preamble partitioning is neededFFS if common configuration should be allowed |

I have put an editor note here to mark it as FFS.  |
| Z004 | *prach-ConfigurationIndex-SDT and msgA-PRACH-ConfigurationIndex-SDT*Similar comment as Z002 | - *prach-ConfigurationIndex-SDT*:the available set of PRACH occasions for the transmission of the Random Aceess Preamble for Msg1 in 4-step RA type with SDT;- *msgA-PRACH-ConfigurationIndex-SDT*: the available set of PRACH occasions for the transmission of the Random Access Preamble for MSGA in 2-step RA type with SDT;- *sdt-MSGA-RSRP-Threshold*: an RSRP threshold for selection between 2-step RA type with SDT and 4-step RA type with SDT when both 2-step and 4-step RA type Random Access Resources for SDT are configured in the UL BWP; | [Rapp] Ref to the previous comments |
| Z005 | Similar comments as Z002 apply also to the definitions of groupB-Configured-SDT and *groupB-ConfiguredTwoStepRA-SDT* |  | [Rapp] Ref to the previous comments |
| Z006 | 1> if the Serving Cell for the Random Access procedure is configured with supplementary uplink as specified in TS 38.331 [5]:2> if the Random Access procedure was initiated for Small Data Transmission as specified in clause 5.x:3> set the *PCMAX* to PCMAX,f,c of the selected UL carrier.2> else if the RSRP of the downlink pathloss reference is less than *rsrp-ThresholdSSB-SUL*:3> select the SUL carrier for performing Random Access procedure;3> set the *PCMAX* to PCMAX,f,c of the SUL carrier.2> else:3> select the NUL carrier for performing Random Access procedure;3> set the *PCMAX* to PCMAX,f,c of the NUL carrier.Comment: It seems we could simplify the changes a bit by existing condition about signalled carrier… Please see the proposed alternative. Both can work though, so no strong view.  | 1> if the carrier to use for the Random Access procedure is explicitly signalled or determined as specified in subclause 5.x for SDT:2> select the signalled or determined carrier for performing Random Access procedure;2> set the *PCMAX* to PCMAX,f,c of the selected carrier.1> else if the carrier to use for the Random Access procedure is not explicitly signalled; and1> if the Serving Cell for the Random Access procedure is configured with supplementary uplink as specified in TS 38.331 [5]; and1> if the RSRP of the downlink pathloss reference is less than *rsrp-ThresholdSSB-SUL*:2> select the SUL carrier for performing Random Access procedure;2> set the *PCMAX* to PCMAX,f,c of the SUL carrier.1> else:2> select the NUL carrier for performing Random Access procedure;2> set the *PCMAX* to PCMAX,f,c of the NUL carrier. | [Rapp] I have adopted the proposed solution, which is quite concise, but may lack some readability on the other side.One issue that remains to be resolved is that for subsequent CG-SDT transmission, whether UL carrier selection needs to be performed again. The way the current spec is specified is to assume that (a) the UL carrier selection is only performed for initial CG transmission; (b) the RSRP threshold is the same between RA\_SDT and CG\_SDT. These issues need to be further addressed. However, if we finally agree that for subsequent CG-transmission, UL carrier selection needs to be done again and the threshold can be different between CG and RACH, it is better to move the carrier selection for SDT from subclause 5.x to RA and CG. From this aspect, it is better to keep the previous chunk of procedure as it is as suggested by ZTEI have also added the following Editor’s Note per discussion above. Editor’s Note: FFS whether UL carrier selection is performed for both initial and subsequent UL for CG-SDT and whether the RSRP threshold is common for both CG and RA-SDT.  |
| Z100 | General comment to section 5.1.1:A number of changes to this section will likely overlap with similar changes coming from other WIs that require RACH partitioning. We need to understand how we could integrate these changes. For instance, the statements such as “These are also applicable to Msg1 for RA-SDT if the PRACH occasions are shared between Random Access procedures with and without SDT for 4-step RA type” etc which exist in this section may not be exclusive to this WI. i.e. these preambles or ROs may also be shared by other features requiring the RACH partitioning and such statement above may need to be updated to cover all such cases. We hence need a general discussion on how to combine these features. Perhaps we could even have to think about a common MAC CR for overlapping WIs in this case. Something we need to discuss further at the next meeting.  |  | [Rapp]Agree with the observation from ZTE that this needs to be considered in conjunction with the other WIs that may proposed to introduce RACH changes in this release. And we also need to consider for forward compatibility in the future releases which may further increase the cases for RACH. The current way to capture the procedure does not quite seem to be forward-compatible.  |

### 5.1.1a Initialization of variables specific to Random Access type

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
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### 5.1.2 Random Access Resource selection

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
| Z007 | 1> else if an SSB is selected above:2> if the selected RA type is set to *4-stepRA-SDT*:3> determine the next available PRACH occasion from the PRACH occasions corresponding to the selected SSB (the MAC entity shall select a PRACH occasion randomly with equal probability amongst the consecutive PRACH occasions according to clause 8.1 of TS 38.213 [6], corresponding to the selected SSB).2> else:3> determine the next available PRACH occasion from the PRACH occasions corresponding to the selected SSB permitted by the restrictions given by the *ra-ssb-OccasionMaskIndex* if configured or indicated by PDCCH (the MAC entity shall select a PRACH occasion randomly with equal probability amongst the consecutive PRACH occasions according to clause 8.1 of TS 38.213 [6], corresponding to the selected SSB; the MAC entity may take into account the possible occurrence of measurement gaps when determining the next available PRACH occasion corresponding to the selected SSB).Comment: It is unclear why the highlighted part is needed. Isn’t the existing text sufficient? | Delete the newly added text | [Rapp] The reason is that * For RA for SDT, we don’t need to consider the measurement gap, since it is in RRC\_INACTIVE
* We don’t need to consider ra-ssb-OccasionMaskIndex either, since it cannot be CFRA

We can add some conditions to the previous text to rule out the above cases for SDT, but I think a cleaner solution would be add a new sentence to dedicatedly address the case of RA-SDT |
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### 5.1.2a Random Access Resource selection for 2-step RA type

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
| Z008 | 1> if the selected RA type is set to *2-stepRA-SDT*:2> determine the next available PRACH occasion from the PRACH occasions corresponding to the selected SSB (the MAC entity shall select a PRACH occasion randomly with equal probability amongst the consecutive PRACH occasions according to clause 8.1 of TS 38.213 [6], corresponding to the selected SSB).1> else:Same comment as Z007 |  | [Rapp] Ref to the above comment |
| Z101 | NOTE1: Based on the agreement in RAN2#113bis-e: “Switching from SDT to non-SDT is supported”.The agreement “switching from SDT to non-SDT is supported” doesn’t mean we will support fallback from SDT RACH resource to non-SDT RACH resource within one RACH procedure or PRACH retransmission attempt. The switching can be triggered e.g. by either a DCCH message or new CCCH procedure (FFS) and may also be triggered by network (e.g. by sending RRCResume etc). So, we are not sure if we need changes in this section and this note can be deleted.  |  | [Rapp] I can remove this editor note and put it under issue list We have agreed on the following for the fallback11 UE switches from SDT to non-SDT in following cases:- Case 1 (27/0): UE receive indication from network to switch to non-SDT procedure. - Network can send RRCResume. FFS whether network can send indication in RAR/fallbackRAR/DCI to switch to non-SDT procedure.- FFS Case 2 (18/9): Initial UL transmission (in msgA/Msg3/CG resources) fails configured number of timesIn section 5.1.4, we have Editor’s Note: FFS RACH procedure trigger for SR for small dataIn sectin 5.1.4a, we haveEditor’s Note: FFS fallback from 2-stepRA-SDT to 4-stepRA-SDT and non-SDTIn section 5.1.5, we haveEditor’s Note: FFS fallback from 2-stepRA-SDT to 4-stepRA-SDTSo, these editor notes correspond to the case when the fallback happen for RACH re-transmission as you have mentioned. If fallback within one RACH procedure is not supported, these section will not be affected.  |

### 5.1.3 Random Access Preamble transmission

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### 5.1.3a MSGA transmission

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
| L000 | We don't understand why "or for Scheduling Request in Small Data Transmission in clause 5.x" is included. | [LG] Remove the sentence | [Rapp] Thanks for the comments @LGEIn the previous RAN2 meeting, we have agreed on the following for the SR for subsequent UL based on DG6 SR resource is not configured for SDT. When the BSR is triggered by SDT data, the UE will trigger RA because SR resource is not available, same as legacyWhile different from the legacy RACH procedure in RRC\_IDLE/INACTIVE, for SR in RRC\_INACTIVE, the UE may not need to carry CCCH message and should include a RNTI, similar to the connected mode scenario. The reason why I made this change previously was I thought it is quite straightforward. I can remove this and put it under editor note |
| Z009 | We agree with L000 comment |  | [Rapp] See comments above.  |
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### 5.1.4a MSGB reception and contention resolution for 2-step random access

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### 5.1.5 Contention Resolution

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### 5.1.6 Completion of the Random Access procedure

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## 5.2 Maintenance of Uplink Time Alignment

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
| Z010 | 1> when the *cg-SDT-TimeAlignmentTimer* expires:2> notify RRC to release configured grant type 1 configuration(s) for Small Data Transmission.The notification should only be that the CG-TAT has expired or not running etc. In RRC the actions can be taken based on this indication (e.g. release the CG resources at the next RRC Resume or release it if there is an ongoing SDT etc)… | 1> when the *cg-SDT-TimeAlignmentTimer* expires:2> notify RRC that the *cg-SDT-TimeAlignmentTimer* has expired. | [Rapp] Thanks for the comments. I am not quite sure why the RRC layer should release the source at the next RRC resume, since both the network and the UE are maintaining this timer and the network does not need another RRC resume to notify the network (Different from cell reselection in RRC\_INACTIVE and RSRP change beyond a certain threshold?)Also, the legacy spec for PUCCH and SRS has directly indicated to the RRC layer to release the resource instead of indicating the expiry of the TAT. 1> when a *timeAlignmentTimer* expires:2> if the *timeAlignmentTimer* is associated with the PTAG:3> flush all HARQ buffers for all Serving Cells;3> notify RRC to release PUCCH for all Serving Cells, if configured;3> notify RRC to release SRS for all Serving Cells, if configured;3> clear any configured downlink assignments and configured uplink grants;3> clear any PUSCH resource for semi-persistent CSI reporting;3> consider all running *timeAlignmentTimer*s as expired;3> maintain NTA (defined in TS 38.211 [8]) of all TAGs. |
| X001 | When the UE initiate the RACH procedure, the UE would receive the TAC from the Msg2. It is not clear how/whether the TAC from the Msg2 impacts the validation of the CG resource for SDT. | RAN2 should discuss whether the cg-SDT-TimeAlignmentTimer can be affected by any TAC. | [Rapp] Thanks for your comments @XiaomiAgree with Xiaomi’s comment. I have added the following editor’s note Editor’s Note: FFS the interplay between the legacy TAT and cg-SDT-TAT when legacy RACH is initiated |

### 5.3.1 DL Assignment reception

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#### 5.3.2.1 HARQ Entity

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5.3.2.2 HARQ process

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
| Z102 | 1> if the *timeAlignmentTimer*, associated with the TAG containing the Serving Cell on which the HARQ feedback is to be transmitted, is stopped or expired, and;1> if the transmission for the HARQ process is initiated for CG-SDTand *cg-SDT-TimeAlignmentTimer* is stopped or expired:Comment: The interaction between the regular TAT and the cg-SDT-TimeAlignmentTimer is a bit unclear from the above. i.e.: - Is the UE considered to be time aligned only if both TAT and the cg-SDT-TimeAlignmentTimer are both running? The “and” in the above seems to suggest this but this is probably not the common understanding. - Also, if the above is true then we also need to understand the interaction between TAC and the cg-SDT-TimeAlignmentTimer. Further, the following agreement is not yet implemented: 5. TAT-SDT is started upon receiving the TAT-SDT configuration from gNB, i.e. RRCrelease message, and can be (re)started upon reception of TA command. Assuming that the CG-SDT-TAT can be restarted upon TA command, there seems to be no need for checking both regular TAT and CG-SDT-TAT for CG-SDT transmissions??  |  | [Rapp] This is also related to the comment above in X001, which has been addressed by the editor’s note. From my side, it seems that the legacy TAT is only applicable when legacy RACH is initiated during the RACH procedure and where the UE variable NTA should be kept independently. TAT can control whether PUSCH and PUCCH can be sent during RACH. When contention resolution is successful, the UE should stop the TAT, similar to the way we treat RACH for on-demand SI request. At this time, the NTA obtained by RACH can be applied to the NTA for CG-SDT. On the previous agreement on TAC, my previous thinking was that it should be further determined how this is conveyed to the UE, e.g., whether by DCI or MAC CE. I have put the following FFS for the TA command:Editor’s Note: FFS how the TA command is conveyed to the UE for cg-SDT-TAT |

### 5.4.1 UL Grant reception

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
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#### 5.4.2.1 HARQ Entity

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#### 5.4.2.2 HARQ process

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
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### 5.4.4 Scheduling Request

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
| Z011 | For a logical channel serving a radio bearer configured with SDT, no PUCCH resource for SR is configured.Comment: The above sentence is not needed and seems not correct in any case. Note that the RB will be the same in connected mode too (and in connected mode, the RB may be configured with SR resources).  | Delete the sentence “For a logical channel serving a radio bearer configured with SDT, no PUCCH resource for SR is configured.” | [Rapp] This was based on the previous agreement, that no SR-PUCCH resource is configured for SR6 SR resource is not configured for SDT. When the BSR is triggered by SDT data, the UE will trigger RA because SR resource is not available, same as legacyOn how to treat the relationship between the connected mode configuration and the UE configuration in INACTIVE for SDT, the following note has been captured. Editor’s Note: How to handle the connected mode configuration in the RRC\_INACTIVE UE context e.g., logical channel configuration. I think we need to further clarify that for SDT, the connected mode configuration is only kept in the UE context but not applied to the UE. INACTIVE mode UE for SDT can have a separate set of configurations.  |

### 5.8.2 Uplink

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
| Z012 | When CG-SDT is triggered, the MAC entity shall:1> if at least one of the SSBs with SS-RSRP above *cg-SDT-RSRP-ThresholdSSB* is available:2> select an SSB with SS-RSRP above *cg-SDT-RSRP-ThresholdSSB*;2> select the configured grant type 1 configuration on BWP of the selected UL carrier associated with the selected SSB;2> select the CG occasion corresponding to the selected SSB and the selected configured grant type 1 configuration.1> else if RA-SDT is configured:2> initiate Random Access procedure on the selected UL carrier for Small Data Transmission according to clause 5.1;1> else:2> initiate Random Access procedure in clause 5.1 for CCCH logical channel (i.e., not for Small Data Transmission).Comment: Firstly, switching between CG-SDT and RA-SDT has not yet been agreed. We only agreed that if none of the SSBs are above the threshold for initial CG transmission, then UE is not allowed to select any SSB. Instead, UE will select RA-SDT directly before transmitting the first initial message. However, since the initial UL message has not yet been sent, this doesn’t constitute a switching from CG-SDT to RA-SDT. For the subsequent CG transmissions, we need further discussion on how to handle the transmissions/retransmissions. So, for this change, we will likely need separate description for the initial CG-SDT transmission and the subsequent data transmission with CG resource during CG SDT.For the initial SDT type selection, I guess we can have a separate section (e.g. 5.x) instead of the section for CG transmission.For the subsequent data transmission with CG, I guess the SSB quality check can be captured in section 5.4.1 UL Grant reception (e.g. only deliver the UL grant to HARQ process in case the RSRP of the SSB associated to the UL grant is qualified). The understanding is that if there is no UL grant then RACH will be triggered (but this is normal RACH, not RA-SDT).  |  | [Rapp] In the last meeting RAN2#114e, we have agreed on the following: 1. For initial CG transmission, UE does not select any SSB if none of the SSBs’ RSRP is above the RSRP threshold. FFS if re-evaluation for every CG transmission is necessary

If you remember during the online discussion, there was an FFS for when none of the SSBs’ RSRP is above the threshold, what shall the UE do. Then, a comment from Huawei and Nokia proposed that this FFS should be removed because it is clear that if none of the SSB’s RSRP is above the threshold, the UE has no option but to do RACH. The only remaining issue is: when the UE is configured with RA-SDT, whether the UE is allowed to do RA-SDTNote that the MAC PDU still has not been built yet, hence there is no issue of MAC PDU rebuilding here. I can put the following Editor’s Note here, but the current text can be kept as it is, unless people disagree to fallback to RA-SDT after discussion. Editor’s Note: FFS whether CG-SDT can fallback to RA-SDT if none of the SSB’s RSRP is above the threshold for initial CG transmission. Please note that this is only for initial transmission, for subsequent uplink this is still FFS per the agreement above. On the organization of clauses, this is a bit complex but my understanding is that it is not quite proper to put the things related to SSB selection for CG and CG resource selection to section 5.4.1. Section 5.4.1 is used by multiple procedures as a common procedure and it is only related to processing UL grant, i.e., process the UL grant and deliver HARQ information and UL grant to HARQ entities.For the subsequent UL transmission, as long as the CG configuration for SDT is initialized, by initial CG transmission, for subsequent transmission, when CG occasions come, the UE can process the CG occasion and deliver the UL grant to UL grant reception section 5.4.1 (if the SSB selection is not performed for subsequent uplink). From my perspective, the current formulation is fine.  |

## 5.14 Handling of measurement gaps

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
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## 5.15 Bandwidth Part (BWP) operation

### 5.15.1 Downlink and Uplink

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
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## 5.16 SUL operation

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
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## 5.x Small Data Transmission

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
| L001 | The selection of BWP configured for SDT should be considered on SDT procedure. This is because a separate BWP for SDT can be configured, and we think it is also possible to configure multiple separate BWPs for SDT. | [LG] BWP switching from initial BWP to separate BWP for SDT should be considered when SDT procedure is initiated. BWP switching amongst separate BWPs configured for SDT is also considered.  | [Rapp] Thanks for your comments @LGEI have put the following editor note for the issues raised by LGE. We can discuss on this in the future meetings, since the agreements we have now may not be enough for the correction here. Editor’s Note: FFS BWP switching when multiple BWPs are configured for CG-SDT |
| Z014 | General comment: Replace all occurrences of Small Data Transmission with SDT (except in the subclause heading).  | Replace all occurrences of Small Data Transmission with SDT. | [Rapp] Corrected |
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## 5.x.1 Validation for Small Data Transmission using CG

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
| L002 | The expression "the time alignment value for SDT using CG type 1 to be valid " is not familiar. | [LG] The Text could be changed to" The MAC entity shall consider CG-SDT resource is valid when the following conditions are fulfilled:"  | [Rapp] Corrected |
| L003 | TA timer should also be considered for validation for CG-SDT. | [LG] Add "1> cg-SDT-TimeAlignmentTimer is configured and running;" | [Rapp] Thanks for the comment. The condition cg-SDT-TAT is running is already implicit included here, since in Section 5.x.1, we have the condition “ if CG-SDT is configured on the selected UL carrier”. If cg-SDT-TAT is not running, there would be no CG-SDT resource configured |
| Z016 | For L003, please also see our comment above in Z102. To us it seems more discussion is needed to understand how the normal TA and the CG-SDT-TAT interact.  |  | [Rapp] We can have more discussion on the interplay of CG-TAT and legacy TAT as discussed.  |

### 6.1.5a MAC PDU (MSGB)

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| # | Brief description of the issue | Suggested resolution/company comments | Proposed way forward by rapporteur  |
| Z017 | - a MAC subheader and MAC SDU for CCCH or DCCH or DTCH;Comment: Why was the DTCH added here. i.e. which agreement is this based on? Our understanding is that we did not agree any changes to MSGB format.  | Remove the DTCH | [Rapp] This is from the WID that subsequent DL transmission is supported for all types of SDT. No new RRC state should be introduced in this WID. Transmission of smalldata in UL, subsequent transmission of smalldata in DL and the state transition decisions should be under network control.This would also include msgB for SDT based on 2-step RACH and implies a change to the msgB format.  |

## Any Other Clause

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