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Title: Changes to 22.011 and 22.101 on network selection and
Emergency call
Document for: Approval
Agenda Item: 5.1.4

Status	Spec	CR	Rev	Phase	Subject	Cat	Vers	New Vers	TSG Meeting	TSG Doc.No.	Pres
	22.011	003		R99	Network Selection	B	3.0.1	3.1.0	S1#06	S1-991056	
	22.011	002		R99	COMPACT Cell Selection Part 2	B	3.0.1	3.1.0	S1#06	S1-991032	
	22.101	029		R99	Emergency Call	B	3.7.0	3.8.0	S1#06	S1-991031	

CHANGE REQUEST

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22.011 CR 003

Current Version: **3.0.1**

GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑

↑ CR number as allocated by MCC support team

For submission to: **SA#5**
list expected approval meeting # here ↑

for approval
for information

strategic
non-strategic *(for SMG use only)*

Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG The latest version of this form is available from: ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/CR-Form-v2.doc

Proposed change affects:
(at least one should be marked with an X)

(U)SIM ME UTRAN / Radio Core Network

Source: SA1

Date: 3/12/99

Subject: Network Selection

Work item:

Category:
(only one category shall be marked with an X)

F Correction
A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release
B Addition of feature
C Functional modification of feature
D Editorial modification

Release:

Phase 2
Release 96
Release 97
Release 98
Release 99
Release 00

Reason for change: To clarify the requirements for network selection, including access technology type.

Clauses affected:

Other specs affected:

Other 3G core specifications → List of CRs:
Other GSM core specifications → List of CRs:
MS test specifications → List of CRs:
BSS test specifications → List of CRs:
O&M specifications → List of CRs:

Other comments:



<----- double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.

3G TS 22.011 V3.0.1 (1999-10)

Technical Specification

3rd Generation Partnership Project; Technical Specification Group Services and System Aspects; Service accessibility (3G TS 22.011 version 3.0.1)



Reference

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Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3GPP.

The contents of the present document are subject to continuing work within the TSG and may change following formal TSG approval. Should the TSG modify the contents of this TS, it will be re-released by the TSG with an identifying change of release date and an increase in version number as follows:

Version 3.y.z

where:

- x the first digit:
 - 1 presented to TSG for information;
 - 2 presented to TSG for approval;
 - 3 Indicates TSG approved document under change control.
- y the second digit is incremented for all changes of substance, i.e. technical enhancements, corrections, updates, etc.
- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the specification;

1 Scope

The purpose of this TS is to describe the service access procedures as presented to the user.

Definitions and procedures are provided in this TS for international roaming, national roaming and regionally provided service. These are mandatory in relation to the technical realization of the Mobile Station (MSUE).

~~Note: The present document covers description for GSM only. The document needs to be updated to make it applicable to 3GPP.~~

1.1 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.
- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.
- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies.
- For this Release 1999 document, references to GSM documents are for Release 1999 versions (version 8.x.y).

- [1] GSM 01.04: "Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+); Abbreviations and acronyms".
- [2] TR 21.905: " Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications". features".
- [3] TS 23.022: "Functions related to Mobile Station (MSUE) in idle mode and group receive mode".
- [4] ITU-T Recommendation Q.1001: "General aspects of Public Land Mobile Networks".
- [5] TS 22.043: " Support of Localised Service Area (SoLSA). Stage 1 ".
- [6] TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications"

1.2 Definitions and abbreviations

In addition to those below, abbreviations used in this TS are listed in GSM 01.04 [1] and TR 21.905 [6].

PLMN

A Public Land Mobile Network (PLMN) is a network established and operated by an Administration or RPOA for the specific purpose of providing land mobile communication services to the public. It provides communication possibilities for mobile users. For communications between mobile and fixed users, interworking with a fixed network is necessary.

A PLMN may provide service in one, or a combination, of frequency bands.

As a rule, a PLMN is limited by the borders of a country. Depending on national regulations there may be more than one PLMN per country.

A relationship exists between each subscriber and his home PLMN (HPLMN). If communications are handled over another PLMN, this PLMN is referred to as the visited PLMN (VPLMN).

PLMN Area

The PLMN area is the geographical area in which a PLMN provides communication services according to the specifications to mobile users. In the PLMN area, the mobile user can set up calls to a user of a terminating network. The terminating network may be a fixed network, the same PLMN, another PLMN or other types of PLMN.

Terminating network users can also set up calls to the PLMN.

The PLMN area is allocated to a PLMN. It is determined by the service and network provider in accordance with any provisions laid down under national law. In general the PLMN area is restricted to one country. It can also be determined differently, depending on the different telecommunication services, or type of MSUE.

If there are several PLMNs in one country, their PLMN areas may overlap. In border areas, the PLMN areas of different countries may overlap. Administrations will have to take precautions to ensure that cross border coverage is minimized in adjacent countries unless otherwise agreed.

NOTE 1: ITU-T Recommendation Q.1001 [4] does not contain a definition of the PLMN area.

System Area

The System Area is defined as the group of PLMN areas accessible by MSUEs.

Interworking of several PLMNs and interworking between PLMNs and fixed network(s) permit public land mobile communication services at international level.

NOTE 2: The System Area according to [4] Recommendation Q.1001 corresponds to the System Area.

Service Area

The Service Area is defined in the same way as the Service Area according to ITU-T Recommendation Q.1001 [4]. In contrast to the PLMN area it is not based on the coverage of a PLMN. Instead it is based on the area in which a fixed network user can call a mobile user without knowing his location. The Service Area can therefore change when the signalling system is being extended, for example.

Regionally Provided Service

Regionally Provided Service is defined as a service entitlement to only certain geographical part(s) of a PLMN, as controlled by the network operator.

Localised Service Area (LSA)

The localised service area concept shall give the operator a basis to offer subscribers different services (e.g. tariffs or access rights) depending on the location of the subscriber. A LSA consists of a cell or a number of cells within a PLMN. (TS 22.043 [5]).

2 Roaming

2.1 General requirements

A MSUE with a valid IMEI may roam and access service in the area authorized by the entitlement of the subscription. If a communication has been established, the MSUE will in principle not suffer an interruption within the PLMN area (provided the entitlement of the subscription allows it). Exceptions are possible if no network resources or radio coverage are available locally.

However, if the MSUE leaves the PLMN area, an established communication may terminate. If the user then wants to continue, another network providing service has to be selected and a new communication has to be established (see clause 3).

2.2 International roaming

International roaming is a service whereby an MSUE of a given PLMN is able to obtain service from a PLMN of another country.

The availability of International Roaming is subject to inter-PLMN agreements.

2.3 National roaming

National Roaming is a service whereby an MSUE of a given PLMN is able to obtain service from another PLMN of the same country, anywhere, or on a regional basis.

The availability of National Roaming depends on the home PLMN of the requesting MSUE and the visited PLMN; it does not depend on subscription arrangements.

3 Provisions for providing continuity of service

3.1 Location registration

PLMNs shall provide a location registration function with the main purpose of providing continuity of service to MSUEs over the whole system area. The location registration function shall be such as to allow:

- Fixed subscribers to call a MSUE by only using the directory number of the MSUE irrespective of where the MSUE is located in the system area at the time of the call.
- MSUEs to access the system irrespective of the location of the MSUE.
- MSUEs to identify when a change in location area has taken place in order to initiate automatic location updating procedures.

3.2 Network selection

3.2.1 General

The MSUE shall support both manual and automatic network selection mechanisms (modes). The MSUE shall select the last mode used, as the default mode, at every switch-on.

NOTE: By defaulting to the last mode used, e.g. manual network selection, the undesired automatic selection of an adjacent PLMN instead of the desired HPLMN in border areas, can be avoided at switch-on.

The user shall be given the opportunity to change mode at any time.

Except as defined below, the MMI shall be at the discretion of the MSUE manufacturer.

The MSUE shall contain display functions by which Available PLMNs and the Selected PLMN can be indicated.

3.2.2 Procedures

3.2.2.1 General

In the following procedures the MSUE selects and attempts registration on PLMNs.

In this ETS, the term "PLMN Selection" defines an MSUE based procedure, whereby candidate PLMNs are chosen, one at a time, for attempted registration.

If registration on a PLMN is successful, the MSUE shall indicate this PLMN (the "registered PLMN") and be capable of making and receiving calls on it. The identity of the registered PLMN shall be stored on the SIM/SIM/USIM. However, if registration is unsuccessful, the MSUE shall ensure that there is no registered PLMN stored in the SIM/SIM/USIM. If a registration is unsuccessful because the IMSUEI is unknown in the home network, or the MSUE is illegal, then the MSUE shall not allow any further registration attempts on any network, until the MSUE is next powered-up or a SIM/SIM/USIM is inserted.

If the registration is unsuccessful due to the lack to service entitlement, specific behaviour by the MSUE may be required, see subclause 3.2.2.4.

To avoid unnecessary registration attempts, lists of forbidden PLMNs and LAs are maintained in the MSUE, see subclause 3.2.2.4 and TS 23.022 [3].

Registration attempts shall not be made by MSUEs without a SIM/SIM/USIM inserted.

An MSUE/ME which has not successfully registered shall nevertheless be able to make emergency call attempts on an available PLMN (which supports the emergency call teleservice), without the need for the user to select a PLMN. An available PLMN is determined by radio characteristics (TS 23.022 [3]).

It shall be possible to have an Operator Controlled PLMN Selector list and a User Controlled PLMN Selector list stored on the SIM/USIM card. Both PLMN Selector lists may contain a list of preferred PLMNs in priority order. It shall be possible to have an associated Access Technology identifier e.g., UTRA, GSM900 or GSM1800 associated with each entry in the PLMN Selector lists.

NOTE 1: A PLMN in a Selector list, including HPLMN, may have multiple occurrences, with different access technology identifiers.

3.2.2.2 At switch-on or recovery from lack of coverage

If the MSUE is within coverage (at switch-on) or returns to coverage of the PLMN on which it is already registered (as indicated by the registered PLMN stored in the SIM/USIM), the MSUE shall perform a location update to a new

location area if necessary.

If there is no registered PLMN stored in the SIM/USIM, or if this PLMN is unavailable, or the attempted registration fails, the MSUE shall follow one of the following ~~two~~ procedures ~~depending on its~~ for network selection ~~mode,~~ automatic or manual:

A) Automatic network selection mode

The MSUE shall select and attempt registration on other PLMNs, if available and allowable and the location area is not in the list of "forbidden LSs for roaming" (see TS 23.022 [3]), in the following order:

- i) HPLMN for preferred access technology. It shall be possible to configure a voice capable UE so that it shall not attempt registration on a PLMN if all cells identified as belonging to the PLMN do not support the corresponding voice service;
- ii) each PLMN in the "Operator Controlled PLMN Selector" data field in the SIM/USIM (in priority order). It shall be possible to configure a voice capable UE so that it shall not attempt registration on a PLMN if all cells identified as belonging to the PLMN do not support the corresponding voice service
- iii) each PLMN in the "User Controlled PLMN Selector" data field in the ~~SIM~~SIM/USIM (in priority order). It shall be possible to configure a voice capable UE so that it shall not attempt registration on a PLMN if all cells identified as belonging to the PLMN do not support the corresponding voice service;
- ~~iii)~~iv) other PLMNs with sufficient received signal ~~quality~~level (see TS 23.022 [3]) in random order. It shall be possible to configure a voice capable UE so that it shall not attempt registration on a PLMN if all cells identified as belonging to the PLMN do not support the corresponding voice service;
- iv) all other PLMNs in order of decreasing signal ~~quality~~strength. It shall be possible to configure a voice capable UE so that it shall not attempt registration on a PLMN if all cells identified as belonging to the PLMN do not support the corresponding voice service.

An allowable PLMN is one which is not in the "Forbidden PLMN" data field in the ~~SIM~~SIM/USIM. This data field may be extended in the ME memory.(see subclause 3.2.2.4).

If successful registration is achieved, the MSUE shall indicate the selected PLMN.

If registration cannot be achieved on any PLMN, the MSUE shall indicate "no service" to the user, wait until a new PLMN is detected, or new location areas of an allowed PLMN are found which are not in the forbidden LA list(s), and then repeat the procedure. When registration cannot be achieved, different (discontinuous) PLMN search schemes may be used in order to minimize the access time while maintaining battery life, e.g. by prioritizing the search in favour of BCCH carriers which have a high probability of belonging to an available and allowable PLMN.

B) Manual network selection mode

The MSUE shall indicate ~~whether there are any~~ PLMNs, including "Forbidden PLMNs", which are available. If there are none, this shall also be indicated.

Any available PLMN's shall be presented in the following order:

- i) HPLMN;
- ii) PLMNs contained in the "Operator Controlled PLMN Selector" data field in the SIM/USIM (in priority order);
- ii) PLMNs contained in the "User Controlled PLMN Selector" data field in the ~~SIM~~SIM/USIM (in priority order);
- iii) other PLMNs with sufficient received signal level (see TS 23.022 [3]) in random order;
- iv) all other PLMNs in order of decreasing signal strength.

If a PLMN does not support voice services then this shall be indicated to the user.

The user may select his desired PLMN and the MSUE shall attempt registration on this PLMN. (This may take place at any time during the presentation of PLMNs.)

C) Home Environment Specific Network Selection Procedure

Optionally, if provisioned by the UE and selected by the user, the home environment can add the ability to define the behaviour when selecting the required network from those available. A standardised framework for over-the-air transfer of behaviour definition is required. If enabled by the user, it shall be possible for the home environment procedure to instruct the mobile station to search for a network which meets a given set of requirements, indicated by certain parameters or to compile a list of all available networks.

A USIM/SIM shall be registered on one and only one serving network at any given time (there may be exceptions such as when preparing for an inter-network handover). Changing the serving network between two calls requires USIM/SIM de-registration from the current serving network and USIM/SIM registration on the newly selected serving network.

If the registration cannot be achieved on the selected PLMN, the MSUE shall indicate "No Service". The user may then select and attempt to register on another or the same PLMN following the above procedure. The MSUE shall not attempt to register on a PLMN which has not been selected by the user.

If a PLMN is selected but the MSUE cannot register on it because registration is rejected with the cause "PLMN not allowed", the MSUE shall not re-attempt to register on that network unless the same PLMN is selected again by the user. If a PLMN is selected but the MSUE cannot register on it for other reasons, the MSUE shall, upon detection of a new LA (not in a forbidden LA list) of the selected PLMN, attempt to register on the PLMN. If the MSUE is registered on a PLMN but loses coverage, different (discontinuous) carrier search schemes may be used to minimize the time to find a new valid BCCH carrier and maintain battery life, e.g. by prioritizing the search in favour of BCCH carriers of the registered PLMN.

3.2.2.3 User reselection

At any time, the user may request the MSUE to initiate reselection and registration onto an alternative available PLMN, according to the following procedures, dependent upon the operating mode.

A) Automatic Network Selection Mode

The MSUE shall select the HPLMN. If the HPLMN is not available, the MSUE shall follow the procedure defined in clause 3.2.2.2 A) above ~~select the PLMNs in the "PLMN Selector" list in order of priority and, if necessary, other available and allowable PLMNs according to the procedure defined in TS 23.022 [3].~~

B) Manual Network Selection Mode

The procedure of 3.2.2.2 B) is followed.

C) Home Environment Specific Network Selection Procedure

The HE specific procedure as described in 3.2.2.2 C) above is followed if available.

3.2.2.4 Mobile Station reactions to indications of service restriction from the network

Different types of MSUE behaviour is required to support, for example, national roaming, regionally provided service and temporary international roaming restrictions. The behaviour to be followed by the MSUE is indicated by the network.

3.2.2.4.1 "Permanent" PLMN restriction

When a registration attempt by the MSUE is rejected by a network with an indication of "permanent" PLMN restriction, the PLMN identity shall be written to a list of "Forbidden PLMNs" stored in a data field in the SIM/SIM/USIM.

If a successful registration (whilst in manual mode) is achieved on a PLMN in the "Forbidden PLMN" list, the PLMN shall be deleted from the list.

When in automatic mode, the MSUE may indicate any PLMNs which will not be selected due to their presence in the "Forbidden PLMN" list.

3.2.2.4.2 "Partial" and "temporary" PLMN restrictions

When a registration attempt by the MSUE is rejected by a network due to a "partial" or a "temporary" PLMN restriction, the MSUE shall perform one of the following procedures determined by the indication in the location update reject cause sent by the network (see TS 23.022 [3]):

- i) The MSUE shall store the location area identity in the list of "forbidden LAs for regional provision of service" and shall enter the limited service state and remain in that state until it moves to a cell in a location area where service is allowed.
- ii) The MSUE shall store the location area identity in the list of "forbidden LAs for roaming" and shall use one of the following procedures according to the PLMN selection Mode:

A) Automatic network selection mode:

The procedure of 3.2.2.2. A).

B) Manual network selection mode:

The procedure of 3.2.2.2.B).

3.2.2.5 Timer for return to HPLMN

If the MSUE in Automatic Mode has selected and registered on a VPLMN of its home country, it shall make periodic attempts to return to its HPLMN.

The interval between attempts shall be stored in the SIM/SIM/USIM. Only the service provider shall be able to set the timer value. The timer shall have a value between 6 minutes and 8 hours, with a step size of 6 minutes. One value shall be designated to indicate that no periodic attempts shall be made.

In the absence of a permitted value in the SIM/SIM/USIM, or the SIM/SIM/USIM is phase 1 and therefore does not contain the datafield, then a default value of 30 minutes, shall be used by the MSUE.

NOTE: Use of values less than 30 minutes may result in excessive ME battery drain.

4 Access control

4.1 Purpose

Under certain circumstances, it will be desirable to prevent **MSUE** users from making access attempts (including emergency call attempts) or responding to pages in specified areas of a PLMN. Such situations may arise during states of emergency, or where 1 of 2 or more co-located PLMNs has failed.

Broadcast messages should be available on a cell by cell basis indicating the class(es) of subscribers barred from network access.

The use of this facility allows the network operator to prevent overload of the access channel under critical conditions. It is not intended that access control be used under normal operating conditions.

4.2 Allocation

All **MSUEs** are members of one out of ten randomly allocated mobile populations, defined as Access Classes 0 to 9. The population number is stored in the **SIM/SIM/USIM**. In addition, mobiles may be members of one or more out of 5 special categories (Access Classes 11 to 15), also held in the **SIM/SIM/USIM**. These are allocated to specific high priority users as follows. (The enumeration is not meant as a priority sequence):

Class	15	-	PLMN Staff;
"-	14	-	Emergency Services;
"-	13	-	Public Utilities (e.g. water/gas suppliers);
"-	12	-	Security Services;
"-	11	-	For PLMN Use.

4.3 Operation

If the **MSUE** is a member of at least one Access Class which corresponds to the permitted classes as signalled over the air interface, and the Access Class is applicable in the serving network, access attempts are allowed. Otherwise access attempts are not allowed.

Access Classes are applicable as follows:

Classes 0 - 9	-	Home and Visited PLMNs;
Classes 11 and 15	-	Home PLMN only;
Classes 12, 13, 14	-	Home PLMN and visited PLMNs of home country only.

Any number of these classes may be barred at any one time.

4.4 Emergency Calls

An additional control bit known as "Access Class 10" is also signalled over the air interface to the **MSUE**. This indicates whether or not network access for Emergency Calls is allowed for **MSUEs** with access classes 0 to 9 or without an IMEI. For **MSUEs** with access classes 11 to 15, Emergency Calls are not allowed if both "Access class 10" and the relevant Access Class (11 to 15) are barred. Otherwise, Emergency Calls are allowed.

5 Support of Localised Service Area (SoLSA)

SoLSA consists of a set of service features that give the operator a basis to offer subscribers different services (e.g. tariffs or access rights) depending on the location of the subscriber. (TS22.043 [5]). The following section is only applicable to the support of SoLSA functionality.

5.1 Network selection

The standard automatic and manual network selection procedures will be used.

Manual network selection may be required when the PLMN providing the users SoLSA service is not the one on which the user is currently registered.

At manual network selection the **MSUE** shall provide the means to present the subscribers LSA(s) for each PLMN presented.

5.2 The Idle-mode operation

The MSUE shall always select a valid LSA with the highest priority.

5.2.1 Subscriber moving from a normal environment to his localised service area.

The MSUE shall have the ability to prioritise allowed LSA cells in reselection, making it possible to camp on a LSA cell earlier (the function shall be network controlled).

5.2.2 Subscriber moving away from his localised service area to a normal environment.

The MSUE shall have the ability to prioritise allowed LSA cells in reselection, making it possible to camp on a LSA cell longer (the function shall be network controlled).

5.2.3 Subscriber staying in his localised service area

The MSUE shall have the ability to prioritise allowed LSA cells in reselection by being more persistent (the function shall be network controlled).

NOTE: Typically in indoor environments there are occasional reflections and "disturbances" due to macro cells, e.g. near the windows. In such a case LSA cells should be favoured even though there is higher field strength available from the outdoor cells.

5.3 LSA only access

It shall be possible to allow LSA user to access PLMN only within his LSAs. A LSA user is not allowed to receive and/or originate a call outside the allowed LSA area.

When MSUE is out of the allowed LSA area it shall be registered in PLMN but indicate subscriber/service specific "out of LSA area" notification. It shall be a network controlled function to prevent terminated or/and originated calls. Emergency calls are however always allowed.

5.4 Exclusive access

Access to exclusive access cells is restricted to defined LSA subscribers.

Non-LSA subscriber shall consider exclusive access cells as not suitable, only allowing to camp for emergency calls (limited service state TS 23.022 [3]).

5.5 Preferential access

As a network controlled function it shall be possible in LSA to allocate resources at call setup and during the active mode to LSA users compared to non-LSA users.

Annex A: Change history

Change history						
TSG SA#	Spec	Version	CR	<Phase>	New Version	Subject/Comment
Jun 1999	GSM 02.11	7.0.0				Transferred to 3GPP SA1
SA#04	22.011				3.0.0	
SA#05	22.011	3.0.0	001	R99	3.0.1	Editorial update of references for GSM/3GPP use

History

Document history		
V3.0.0	July 1999	Transferred to TSG SA at ETSI SMG#29. Under TSG TSG SA Change Control.
V3.0.1	October 1999	CR approved at SA#05

San Diego, 29 Nov – 03 Dec 1999

Agenda:

3G CHANGE REQUEST

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22.011 CR 002

Current Version: 3..0.1

3G specification number ↑

↑ CR number as allocated by 3G support team

For submission to TSG SA#6

list TSG meeting no. here ↑

for approval

(only one box should

for information

be marked with an X)

Form: 3G CR cover sheet, version 1.0 The latest version of this form is available from: ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/3GCRF-xx.rtf

Proposed change affects:

USIM

ME

UTRAN

Core Network

(at least one should be marked with an X)

Source:

TSG SA1

Date:

1999-12-02

Subject:

COMPACT Cell Selection Part 2

3G Work item:

EDGE Compact and support for EGPRS in ANSI-136 networks

Category:

F Correction

A Corresponds to a correction in a 2G specification

(only one category

B Addition of feature

shall be marked

C Functional modification of feature

with an X)

D Editorial modification

Reason for change: To provide optional flexibility for the user when roaming into a packet only network using an MS capable of both voice and packet service.

Clauses affected: All clauses

Other specs affected:	Other 3G core specifications	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ List of CRs:	03.22, 11.11
	Other 2G core specifications	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	→ List of CRs:	
	MS test specifications	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ List of CRs:	
	BSS test specifications	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ List of CRs:	
	O&M specifications	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ List of CRs:	

Other comments:



<----- double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.

3.2.2.6 Investigation PLMN Scan

The operator shall be able to control by SIM configuration whether an MS that is capable shall perform an investigation scan. This investigation scan shall be performed after each successful PLMN selection as well as during limited service state. The investigation scan shall search for a higher prioritised PLMN that does not offer GSM voice service. If such a PLMN is available, the user shall be informed. This enables the user to switch to such a PLMN using manual selection if the user so prefers. The investigation scan shall not be performed when no SIM is inserted.

CHANGE REQUEST

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22.101 CR 029

Current Version: **3.7.0**

GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑

↑ CR number as allocated by MCC support team

For submission to: **TSG SA #6**
list expected approval meeting # here ↑

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strategic
non-strategic *(for SMG use only)*

Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG The latest version of this form is available from: <http://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/CR-Form-v2.doc>

Proposed change affects: (U)SIM ME UTRAN / Radio Core Network
(at least one should be marked with an X)

Source: SA1 **Date:** 3/12/99

Subject: Emergency Call

Work item:

Category:	F Correction	<input type="checkbox"/>	Release:	Phase 2	<input type="checkbox"/>
<i>(only one category shall be marked with an X)</i>	A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release	<input type="checkbox"/>		Release 96	<input type="checkbox"/>
	B Addition of feature	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Release 97	<input type="checkbox"/>
	C Functional modification of feature	<input type="checkbox"/>		Release 98	<input type="checkbox"/>
	D Editorial modification	<input type="checkbox"/>		Release 99	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
				Release 00	<input type="checkbox"/>

Reason for change: To specify the behaviour of voice capable terminals when registered on a data only network and requested to make an emergency call

Clauses affected: 3

Other specs affected:	Other 3G core specifications	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ List of CRs:	
	Other GSM core specifications	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	→ List of CRs:	03.22, 04.18, 04.60, 05.08, 11.11, 24.008
	MS test specifications	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ List of CRs:	
	BSS test specifications	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ List of CRs:	
	O&M specifications	<input type="checkbox"/>	→ List of CRs:	

Other comments: Approved by WS #11 as Tdoc EDGE 532/99
See also Introduction document for COMPACT Cell Selection Part 2 (Tdoc 1632/99)



help.doc

<----- double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.

8.4 Emergency calls

PLMNs shall support an emergency call teleservice as defined in GSM 02.03 (TS12), which fulfils the following additional service requirements:

It shall be possible to establish an emergency speech call to the serving network. Emergency calls will be routed to the emergency services in accordance with national regulations (GSM 02.03). This may be based upon one or more default numbers stored in the ME (GSM 02.30). It may also be possible to establish an emergency call without the need to dial a dedicated number, such as by use of a 'red button', or a linkage to a car air bag control. This functionality shall be available without a SIM/USIM being present. No other type of calls shall be accepted by an ME without a USIM. The Emergency call teleservice is required only if the MS supports telephony.

Note: It will be left to the national authorities to decide whether the network should accept emergency calls without the SIM/USIM.

Further, the following requirement shall be fulfilled:

When a SIM/USIM is present, subscriber specific emergency call set-up MMI shall be provided. The operator shall specify preferred emergency call MMI(s) (e.g. 911 for US citizens or 110, 118 and 119 for Japanese citizens) for use in any (i.e. home or visited) PLMN. This shall be stored in the SIM/USIM and the ME shall read this and use any entry of these digits to set up an emergency call. It shall be possible to store more than one instance of this field.

Note: Release '98 and earlier SIM cards have the capability to store additional emergency call set-up MMI. However in many cases this has not been used.

When a SIM/USIM containing stored emergency numbers is present, only those numbers are identified as emergency numbers, i.e. default emergency numbers stored in the ME are ignored.

The following emergency numbers shall be stored in the ME: 000, 08, 112, 110, 911 and 999.

Note: Emergency numbers stored to ME should not overlap with service numbers used by any operator.

It shall be possible for the serving network to obtain the number, which was used to initiate the emergency call. This will allow the network the option to route the call to different emergency call centres if appropriate. If the dialled digits are not recognised as an emergency service by the serving network, the call shall be routed to the default emergency service.

8.4.1 Emergency Calls when Attached to a Data Only Network

If an MS with voice capability attempts to make an emergency call while camping on a PLMN that does not support voice service to the MS, a new PLMN selection shall immediately take place, and the MS shall select the first available PLMN that supports emergency calls to the MS.