**3GPP TSG-RAN WG4 Meeting # 97-e-Bis R4-200XXXX**

**Electronic Meeting, 2 – 13 Nov., 2020**

**Agenda item:** 13.2.1

**Source:** Moderator (Qualcomm Incorporated)

**Title:** Email discussion summary for [97e Bis]140FS\_NR\_52\_GHz\_Part\_1

**Document for:** Information

# Introduction

*This discussion is focused on topics addressing the feasibility of numerology in 52.5 to 71 GHz operation. Study of applicable numerology including subcarrier spacing, channel BW (including maximum BW), and their impact to FR2 physical layer design to support system functionality considering practical RF impairments..*

*List of candidate target of email discussion for 1st round and 2nd round*

* 1st round: TBA
* 2nd round: TBA

# Topic #1: Channel BW and SCS

*Main technical topic overview. The structure can be done based on sub-agenda basis.*

## Companies’ contributions summary

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **T-doc number** | **Company** | **Proposals / Observations** | **Min** | **Max** |
| [**R4-2014382**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2014382.zip) | CATT | **Proposal 1: At least one of 60 KHz and 120 KHz should be supported if 50 MHz CBW is supported by 52.6-71 GHz.**  **Proposal 2: 240 KHz SCS/4096 FFT size and 480 KHz SCS/2048 FFT size can be considered for 52.6-71 GHz.**  **Proposal 3: 960 KHz is not supported by 52.6-71 GHz.**  **Proposal 4: Only 2 SCSs are mandatory for 52.6-71 GHz if more than 2 SCSs are defined in spec.**  **Proposal 5: 50 MHz – 800 MHz single carrier bandwidth is defined for 52.6-71 GHz bands.** | **60k or 120k/50M** | **800M** |
| [**R4-2014737**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2014737.zip) | CMCC | **Proposal 1: It is proposed to consider up to 480KHz SCS for 52.6GHz~71GHz.**  **Proposal 2: Considering up to 480KHz SCS, the maximum supported channel bandwidth in 52.6GHz ~71 GHz should be less than or equal to 1.6GHz.**  **Proposal 3: Carrier aggregation is needed to achieve competitive high peak data rate with 802.11ad/ay in 52.6GHz ~71 GHz** | **?120k/400M?** | **480k/1600M**  **CA to 8640M** |
| [**R4-2014892**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2014892.zip) | Apple Inc. | **Proposal 1:** **Since the minimum/maximum channel bandwidth depends heavily on the selected SCS, the latter should be tackled first.**  **Proposal 2:** **The candidate SCS values for the 60GHz frequency range should be discussed further based on the RAN4 and RAN1 conclusion for the phase noise models.**  **Proposal 3:** **Accounting for different use cases and scenarios, carrier aggregation should be supported to cover larger spectrum available in the 60GHz frequency range.** | **CBW: Decide SCS first**  **120k** | **CBW: Decide SCS first**  **480k** |
| [**R4-2014974**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2014974.zip) | vivo | **Observation 1：Numerology 960kHz SCS has a better EVM performance than other SCS in 60GHz.**  **Observation 2: Whether it is a CP-OFDM waveform or a DFT-S-OFDM waveform, PN compensation can effectively increase EVM performance**  **Proposal 1: (960K, NCP) with maximum 2GHz carrier BW and (120K, NCP) with maximum 400MHz carrier BW are preferred for 52.6-71GHz.**  **Observation 3: 2GHz carrier BW will result in more relative BW ratio than FR2.**  **Proposal 2: For (960K, NCP) with 2GHz carrier BW, RF requirements need to be relaxed considering the larger relative BW ratio.**  **Proposal 3. Minimum channel bandwidth 400MHz with 120kHz SCS should be supported for B52.6G.** | **120k/400M** | **960k/2000M** |
| [**R4-2015206**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2015206.zip) | Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell | **Proposal 1: Define channelization according to 2.16 GHz CBW, which is preferred from coexistence point of view.**  **Proposal 2: Support sub-channelization for 2.16 GHz channels to facilitate smooth coexistence for narrowband operation.**  **Proposal 3: For operation without CA, support two CBWs: 400 MHz (120 kHz) and 2.16 GHz (960 kHz)**  **Proposal 4: Support CA within a 2.16 GHz channel, and between 2.16 GHz channels**  **Proposal 5: Consider n x 400 MHz, n= [2, 3, 4, 5] as the supported channel BW options for​ CA operation within a 2.16 GHz channel** | **120k/400M** | **960k/2160M** |
| [**R4-2015307**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2015307.zip) | NEC | **l 1: Support 2.16 GHz as the maximum channel bandwidth and 400 MHz as the minimum channel bandwidth**  **Proposal 2: Support 240 kHz, 480 kHz, and 960 kHz subcarrier spacing for data transmission.** | **240k/400M** | **960k/2160M** |
| [**R4-2015563**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2015563.zip) | Intel Corporation | **Proposal #1: Consider efficient ways to support aggregated wide bandwidth, such as up to 8 GHz or 8.64 GHz.**  **Proposal #2: Do not support 120 kHz subcarrier spacing for NR 52.6 GHz to 71 GHz.**  **Proposal #3: Define the minimum channel bandwidth as 800 MHz.**  **Proposal #4: Define maximum single carrier bandwidth as 2 GHz.** | **240k/800M** | **960k/2000M**  **Consider CA to 8640M** |
| [**R4-2015700**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2015700.zip) | Huawei, HiSilicon | **Proposal 1: Maximum 400MHz carrier bandwidth with 120 kHz / 240 kHz SCS could be considered as the starting point for NR in frequency band between 52.6GHz and 71GHz.** |  | **120 or 240k/400M** |
| [**R4-2015727**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2015727.zip) | Ericsson | **Proposal 1: RAN4 urgently send the LS response to RAN1 and recommend the usage of two up to date phase noise model sets.**  **Proposal 2: Inform RAN1 that 120 kHz and 480 kHz SCS are the RAN4 preferred numerologies for NR in 52.6-71 GHz.** | **120 kHz** | **480 kHz** |
| [**R4-2015886**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2015886.zip) | Sony | **Proposal 1: NR system should support 2.16 GHz bandwidth in the frequency range from 52 GHz to 71 GHz.**  **Proposal 2: Considering the RF complexity and signalling overhead of the NR system, it is preferred to support 2.16 GHz with a single CC**  **Proposal 3: Support the maximum SCS to at least 960 kHz for the NR system in the frequency range from 52 GHz to 71 GHz.** |  | **960k/2160M** |
| [**R4-2016110**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2016110.zip) | ZTE Corporation | **Proposal 1: adopt the supported SCS as 120/240/480kHz for 52.6-71GHz;**  **Proposal 2: adopt the supported BW as 50/100/200/400MHz/800MHz for 52.6-71GHz;** | **120k/50M** | **480k/800M** |
| [**R4-2016299**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2016299.zip) | Qualcomm Incorporated | Proposal 1: For physical control, data, and random access channels and for SSB in the high frequency regime from 52.6GHz to 71GHz, SCSs of 120kHz and 960kHz should be considered.  Proposal 2: 50 MHz channel bandwidth should be included. | 120k/50M | 960k/2160M |

## Open issues summary

*Before e-Meeting, moderators shall summarize list of open issues, candidate options and possible WF (if applicable) based on companies’ contributions.*

### Sub-topic 1-1

*Sub-topic description: Minimum SCS*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 1-1: Minimum SCS**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: Continue to discussion during the meeting
  + Option 2: Follow RAN1 decision and close discussion in RAN4
* Recommended WF
  + Option2

### Sub-topic 1-2

*Sub-topic description Maximum SCS*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 1-2: Maximum SCS**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: continue to discuss the feasibility of either 480 or 960 kHz during the meeting
* Recommended WF
  + Option 1

### Sub-topic 1-3

*Sub-topic description Minimum CBW*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 1-3: Minimum CBW**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: 50 MHz
  + Option 2: 400 MHz
  + Option 3: 800 MHz
* Recommended WF
  + Continue to discuss during the meeting

### Sub-topic 1-4

*Sub-topic description Maximum CBW*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 1-4: Maximum CBW**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: 2160 MHz
  + Option 2: 2000 MHz
  + Option 3: 800 MHz
  + Option 4: 400 MHz
* Recommended WF
  + Continue to discuss these options during the meeting

### Sub-topic 1-5

*Sub-topic description Carrier aggregation*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 1-4: Carrier aggregation**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: Continue to discuss CA during the meeting and during the follow-on WI
* Recommended WF
  + Option 1

## Companies views’ collection for 1st round

### Open issues

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| XXX | Sub topic 1-1:  Sub topic 1-2:  ….  Others: |

### CRs/TPs comments collection

*Major close-to-finalize WIs and Rel-15 maintenance, comments collections can be arranged for TPs and CRs. For Rel-16 on-going WIs, suggest to focus on open issues discussion on 1st round.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **Comments collection** |
| XXX | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |
| YYY | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |

## Summary for 1st round

### Open issues

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round, list all the identified open issues and tentative agreements or candidate options and suggestion for 2nd round i.e. WF assignment.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Status summary** |
| **Sub-topic#1** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

*Recommendations on WF/LS assignment*

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **WF/LS t-doc Title** | **Assigned Company,**  **WF or LS lead** |
| #1 |  |  |

### CRs/TPs

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round and provides recommendation on CRs/TPs Status update*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **CRs/TPs Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 1st round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

## Discussion on 2nd round (if applicable)

## Summary on 2nd round (if applicable)

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 2nd round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs/WFs/LSs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP/LS/WF number** | **T-doc Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 2nd round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

# Topic #2: Phase noise and Phase tracking reference signal

*Main technical topic overview. The structure can be done based on sub-agenda basis.*

## Companies’ contributions summary

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **T-doc number** | **Company** | **Proposals / Observations** |
| [**R4-2014893**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2014893.zip) | Apple Inc. | **Proposal 1: RAN4 agrees on sending a LS to RAN1 to inform that Model 2 is a more precise phase noise model for the frequency range from 52.6 to 71 GHz,**  **Proposal 2: Feasibility study for 64-QAM EVM for 60 GHz frequency range is required.** |
| [**R4-2014976**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2014976.zip) | Ericsson | **Proposal 1: Consider the following phase noise model for evaluating the designs of NR operation in the 52.6 – 71 GHz frequency range:**  **Proposal 2: Consider 0 dB design margin for BS and 5 dB design margin for UE used in the proposed new phase noise model to cater for variation in manufacturing process, frequency, temperature and UE constraints on power consumption.**  **Proposal 3: Send a RAN4 LS response to RAN1 informing about the two new proposed models and recommend usage of proposed models for numerology studies in RAN1.**  **New model 1: The model presented in this paper with 0 dB design margin for BS and 5 dB design margin for UE.**  **New model 2: The BS model based on TR 38.803 Ex2 for BS and model presented in R4-2011494 for UE.**  **Proposal 4: It is proposed to document the phase noise model presented in this paper in the technical report.** |
| [**R4-2015443**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2015443.zip) | Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell | **Observation 1: Most recent reference for phase noise performance studies is 7-24 GHz frequency range, as documented in TR 38.820.**  **Observation 2: Commercial components included here have high current consumption and unit cost, and would be likely to be considered only for infrastructure side applications needing highest quality.**  **Observation 3: TR 38.803 example 2 UE model and some company proposals are rather aligned, especially considering that in [5] and [6] the published data is gathered limiting to cases with low current consumptions, therefore being not only applicable for infrastructure.**  **Observation 4: For 960 kHz SCS, 64QAM provides robust performance already with a simple CPE compensation while 480 kHz SCS suffers from a major performance degradation due to phase noise.**  **Observation 5: Both 960 kHz SCS and 480 kHz SCS provide robust performance with ICI compensation. However, for a wideband scenario (which is the main use case for a high SCS), 960 kHz SCS provides up-to 0.8 dB gain compared to 480 kHz SCS.**  **Observation 6: OFDM with CPE compensation**   * **Only QPSK and 16-QAM can be supported with SCS<960 kHz.** * **64-QAM requires SCS=960 kHz with reasonable performance.** * **Delay spread 5 or 10ns does not have big impact on the result, except that 1920kHz SCS suffers some performance loss for 10ns, which may be due to the too small CP size.**   **Observation 7: ICI cancellation enables 120kHz SCS for at least up to 64-QAM.**  **Observation 8: ICI compensation provides significant improvement to performance, especially for 480 kHz and lower SCS. Two approaches are discussed:**   * **Enhanced PT-RS design (e.g. localized/block PT-RS)** * **Implementation-based method (e.g. data-aided direct filtering.)**   **Observation 9: DFT-s-OFDM is more robust under phase noise than CP-OFDM, and can enable use of smaller SCS with significantly smaller PTRS overhead. Even 120kHz can be supported for 64-QAM.**  **Observation 10: New PTRS configurations for DFT-s-OFDM can provide significant performance improvements for higher-order modulations with smaller SCSs.**  **Observation 11. Normal CP seems to be enough for the considered channels.**  **Observation 12. RF impairments specified for FR2 are found to be applicable also to NR operation above 52.6 GHz.**  **Proposal 1: The target shall be to capture phase noise studies with similar level of detail as was found appropriate for 7-24 GHz frequency range in TR 38.820.**  **Proposal 2: Inform RAN1 that PHY-layer studies can go on using phase noise model from section 6.1.11 of TR 38.803, scaled to the applicable operating frequency.**  **Proposal 3: For detailed RAN4 requirement work, it should be further considered whether the loop bandwidths in TR 38.803 example 2 models need to be extended and the models adapted accordingly.**  **Proposal 4: Detailed LO-distribution architecture is an implementation specific aspect. RAN4 shall only model the phase noise performance of a complete BS or UE, and does not need to model the intricacies of numerous different LO-distribution options.**  **Proposal 5: Support 960kHz for CP-OFDM to enable use of high-order modulations with low complexity CPE compensation.**  **Proposal 6: Inform RAN1 on usefulness of ICI compensation for NR beyond 52.6GHz, and recommend to study and compare different ICI compensation schemes with respect to performance as well as implementation complexity.**  **Proposal 7: Support 960kHz SCS for DFT-s-OFDM to robustly enable all MCSs.**  **Proposal 8: Recommend RAN1 to consider defining new PTRS configurations for DFT-s-OFDM.**  **Proposal 9: Send on LS to RAN1 to reply the their questions and to inform RAN1 on new observations and recommendations from RAN4. Draft LS is provided in Appendix 2.**  **LS proposal is below, please see tdoc for the full proposal:**  **RAN4 would like to thank RAN1 for the LS. RAN4 has discussed the topics and concluded the following:**   * **RAN4 agrees that phase noise (PN) modelling is necessary in the evaluations. The phase noise models in TR 38.803 section 6.1.11 are applicable as long as they are properly scaled to applicable operating frequency. From RAN4 perspective it is sufficient to model the observed total phase noise level in the signal without taking into account the specifics of all applicable RF architectures.** * **The same frequency offset and IQ-imbalance levels specified for FR2 are applicable above 52.6 GHz.** * **Power amplifier modelling using a practical model will result in more accurate outcome than modelling PA impairments using a fixed additive EVM. RAN4 has no common agreed PA model and uses the trend of independent simulations in its evaluations.**   **Additionally, RAN4 has progressed in the study and would respectfully like to share the following observations**   * **Support of 960kHz for CP-OFDM is required to enable use of high-order modulations with low complexity CPE compensation.** * **Support of 960kHz SCS for DFT-s-OFDM is required to robustly enable all MCSs.** * **For 480 kHz and lower SCS, ICI compensation is found useful for NR beyond 52.6GHz. Therefore, it is recommended to study and compare different ICI compensation schemes with respect to performance as well as implementation complexity** * **New PTRS configurations are recommended to be considered.** |
| [**R4-2015564**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2015564.zip) | Intel Corporation | **Proposal #1: Send LS to RAN1 to include newly proposed PN models for further RAN1 discussion along with the existing PN models in the TR 38.803.**  **Proposal #2: Reuse the same RF impairment assumptions in FR2 for 52.6 – 71 GHz.** |
| [**R4-2015728**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2015728.zip) | Ericsson | Observation 1: Effective mitigation of ICI caused by phase noise for OFDM can be performed using the existing Rel-15 NR distributed PT-RS structure.  Observation 2: A clustered PT-RS structure does not offer any performance advantage over the existing Rel-15 NR distributed PT-RS structure.  Proposal 1: Retain the same Rel-15 distributed PT-RS structure for OFDM for NR operation in 52.6 to 71 GHz. |
| [**R4-2016298**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2016298.zip) | Qualcomm Incorporated | Proposal 1: As PTRS enhancement for assisting ICI compensation, increasing the frequency domain PTRS density for small RB allocation can be considered. New PTRS patterns other than the Rel-15 design, such as the block PTRS pattern is not necessary. |
| [**R4-2016533**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2016533.zip) | Huawei, HiSilicon | **Proposal 1: For 70GHz, take multiple zero/pole PN model, the parameters are assumed as in Table3.**  **Proposal 2: Send reply LS to RAN1 to inform them on PN model(s) for 52.6-71GHz, and ask RAN1 to include the PN model(s) in to TR 38.808.**  **Proposal 3：Include in reply LS to RAN1 that RAN4 sees enhancements to PT-RS may be useful for >52.6 GHz frequencies and respectfully asks RAN1 to take this into account in their work.** |

## Open issues summary

*Before e-Meeting, moderators shall summarize list of open issues, candidate options and possible WF (if applicable) based on companies’ contributions.*

### Sub-topic 2-1

*Sub-topic description:PN model, PTRS, and potential LS*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 2-1: PN model, PTRS, and potential LS**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: Continue to discuss during the meeting
* Recommended WF
  + Option 1

**Issue 2-2: 64QAM Feasibility**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: Continue to discuss during the meeting with the expectation that this will be an area for discussion and analysis during the WI
* Recommended WF
  + Option 1

## Companies views’ collection for 1st round

### Open issues

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| XXX | Sub topic 2-1:  Sub topic 2-2:  ….  Others: |

### CRs/TPs comments collection

*Major close to finalize WIs and Rel-15 maintenance, comments collections can be arranged for TPs and CRs. For Rel-16 on-going WIs, suggest to focus on open issues discussion on 1st round.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **Comments collection** |
| XXX | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |
| YYY | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |

## Summary for 1st round

### Open issues

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round, list all the identified open issues and tentative agreements or candidate options and suggestion for 2nd round i.e. WF assignment.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Status summary** |
| **Sub-topic#1** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

*Suggestion on WF/LS assignment*

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **WF/LS t-doc Title** | **Assigned Company,**  **WF or LS lead** |
| #1 |  |  |

### CRs/TPs

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **CRs/TPs Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 1st round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

## Discussion on 2nd round (if applicable)

## Summary on 2nd round (if applicable)

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 2nd round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs/WFs/LSs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP/LS/WF number** | **T-doc Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 2nd round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

# Topic #3: Timing

*Main technical topic overview. The structure can be done based on sub-agenda basis.*

## Companies’ contributions summary

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **T-doc number** | **Company** | **Proposals / Observations** |
| [**R4-2016000**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2016000.zip) | Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell | **Proposal 1: Maintain timing requirements related to the TDD guard periods.**  **Proposal 2: Improvement of TAE requirements shall be considered**  **Proposal 3: Wait for RAN1 decision on sub-carrier spacings for SSBs before advancing on the initial timing requirements.**  **Proposal 4: RAN4 to apply scaling of UE timing accuracy in Table 7.3.2.2-1 in TS 38.133 for wider SCS in >52.6 GHz, similarly to what is currently specified for existing SCS values.**  **Proposal 5: RAN4 to study the adaptation of the autonomous time adjustment parameters, Tq and Tp, for larger subcarrier spacings at >52.6 GHz carrier frequencies.**  Finally, it is proposed to capture the text proposal provided in Annex 1 to the TR 38.808. |
| [**R4-2016036**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2016036.zip) | Ericsson | **Observation 1: For discussion around synchronization requirements, a holistic and complete view of the complete ARP timing budget must be considered.**  **Observation 2: Stricter TDD Cell Phase Synchronization requirement would mean that one cannot share already existing NR FR1/FR2 and LTE infrastructure and installations for synchronization.**  **Observation 3: The reduced TGUARD could be traded off with a higher UL/DL switch frequency (lower latency), compared to FR2 or more data (less overhead), again compared to FR2.**  **Observation 4: The shorter cell radii of 52.6 to 71 GHz will limit overhead, since guard period is lower for smaller cells.**  **Observation 5: Existing BS and UE transients and Cell Phase Synchronization requirements TGUARD = 3 µs, TBS = 3 µs and TUE = 5 µs, results in low overhead, 1.4 % and 1.8 %, for reasonable cell ranges of 140 meters up to 500 meters and the same switch point periodicity (in absolute time) as for SCS = 120 kHz. If the switch point periodicity increases, then overhead increases, but given the amount of spectrum available in 52.6 to 72 GHz range, this is less critical.**  **Observation 6: The Cell Phase Synchronization requirement, TSync in Equation 1, is only needed and defined for cells which are not isolated (overlapping).**  **Observation 7: Isolation could be achieved by physical separation, or the use of the fact that milli-meter wave frequency range is characterised by high propagation loss and directional transmission and reception, from the use of large antenna arrays.**  **Observation 8: It Is possible to work in the time domain and add more TGUARD dynamically, as synchronicity degrades during holdover. This will prolong holdover time at the expense of symbols used for data.**  **Observation 9: A higher UL SCS puts tighter requirements on UE initial timing accuracy.**  **Observation 10: Allocating a reasonably large part for channel delay spread we see that only very small cannel changes (small fractions of ±5 meters and even less) can happen if we want to maintain uplink timing within CP, for SCS = 960 kHz and higher.**  **Observation 11: Strict TA related requirements (for UE) are very important to maintain uplink timing within CP for high SCS. At SCS = 960 kHz requirements become very demanding. An SCS less than or equal to 480 kHz would make requirements less strict, but still demanding.**  **Proposal: Capture the following observation in TR 38.808: A higher UL SCS puts tighter requirements on UE UL timing and thus it is essential that the SCS selection and UE UL timing requirements are discussed jointly.** |

## Open issues summary

*Before e-Meeting, moderators shall summarize list of open issues, candidate options and possible WF (if applicable) based on companies’ contributions.*

### Sub-topic 2-1

*Sub-topic description: Timing text proposals*

*Open issues and candidate options before e-meeting:*

**Issue 2-1: Timing text proposals**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: Continue to discuss the text proposals in [**R4-2016036**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2016036.zip)and[**R4-2016000**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2016000.zip)to see if an acceptable single TP can be agreed
  + Option 2: Approve TP in [**R4-2016036**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2016036.zip)
  + Option 3: Approve TP in [**R4-2016000**](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2016000.zip)
* Recommended WF
  + Option 1

**Issue 2-1: Timing proposals**

* Proposals
  + Option 1: Discuss proposals in **[R4-2016000](https://www.3gpp.org/ftp/TSG_RAN/WG4_Radio/TSGR4_97_e/Docs/R4-2016000.zip)** during the meeting.
* Recommended WF
  + Option 1

## Companies views’ collection for 1st round

### Open issues

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| XXX | Sub topic 2-1:  Sub topic 2-2:  ….  Others: |

### CRs/TPs comments collection

*Major close to finalize WIs and Rel-15 maintenance, comments collections can be arranged for TPs and CRs. For Rel-16 on-going WIs, suggest to focus on open issues discussion on 1st round.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **Comments collection** |
| XXX | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |
| YYY | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |

## Summary for 1st round

### Open issues

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round, list all the identified open issues and tentative agreements or candidate options and suggestion for 2nd round i.e. WF assignment.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | **Status summary** |
| **Sub-topic#1** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

*Suggestion on WF/LS assignment*

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **WF/LS t-doc Title** | **Assigned Company,**  **WF or LS lead** |
| #1 |  |  |

### CRs/TPs

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **CRs/TPs Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 1st round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

## Discussion on 2nd round (if applicable)

## Summary on 2nd round (if applicable)

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 2nd round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs/WFs/LSs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP/LS/WF number** | **T-doc Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 2nd round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |