**3GPP TSG-RAN WG4 Meeting #94-e R4-20xxxxx**

**Electronic Meeting, Feb.24th – Mar.6th 2020**

**Agenda item:** 9.23

**Source:** Apple Inc.

**Title:** Email discussion summary for RAN4#94e\_#35\_NR\_n48\_LTE\_48\_coex

**Document for:** Information

# Introduction

Dynamic spectrum sharing is an important feature that allows for sharing existing spectrum between the LTE and NR carriers, thus enabling smoother transition from LTE and faster adoption of NR. After the RAN#86 meeting, a new WI was agreed aiming to analyse and introduce, if needed, changes to support dynamic spectrum sharing in band 48/n48 frequency range.

This document aims at capturing outcome of the email discussion focusing on required changes, if any, needed to support the aforementioned functionality. The following rounds are suggested:

- 1st round: collect company opinions on the required changes, if any;

- 2nd round: if applicable, proceed with draft CRs and/or WFs.

# Topic #1: LTE/NR spectrum sharing in band 48/n48

*Main technical topic overview. The structure can be done based on sub-agenda basis.*

## Companies’ contributions summary

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **T-doc number** | **Company** | **Proposals / Observations** |
| R4-2001386 | Ericsson | *Observation 1: NR SSB pattern C can fit into LTE 2 CRS ports with no subframe shift needed.*  *Observation 2: NR SSB pattern C would collide with LTE 4CRS ports with no subframe shift.*  *Observation 3: NR SSB pattern C can fit into LTE 4 CRS ports with 3 subframe shift when LTE subframes are configured as MBSFN subframes.*  *Observation 4: NR pattern B is not preferred as it will double the UE complexity to detect the SSB.*  *Observation 5: Band 48 in CBRS applies strict SFN which doesn’t allow subframe shifts.*  **Proposal 1: Do not apply 100kHz channel raster.**  **Proposal 2: Do not apply 7.5kHz sub-carrier shift in UL.**  **Proposal 3: Do not apply any change for the existing specifications.** |
| R4-2002048 | Google Inc. | *Observation 1: The DSS channel raster should be up to implementation.*  *Observation 2: The TDM transmission via MBSFN configuration for DSS mixed numerology transmission has no impact to the existing RAN4 specification.*  *Observation 3: The FDM transmission via inter-numerology guard band for DSS mixed numerology transmission should be up to implementation.*  *Observation 4: The 7.5KHz UL shift may not be required for the mixed numerology transmission.*  *Observation 5: To add or replace n48 SSB pattern may impact the initial search complexity and commercial timeline. The requirement for BS to change SCS in symbol level scale may be needed to define.*  *Observation 6: The MBSFN configuration to avoid overlapping transmissions between NR SSB and LTE CRS has no additional impact to the existing RAN4 specification.*  **Proposal: To enable the DSS between LTE band 48 and NR band n48, there should be no additional impact to RAN4 specifications.** |
| R4-2000086 | Apple Inc. | *Observation 1a: 300kHz raster does not require any further standardization changes and thus can be used by the SAS allocation entity to align LTE and NR centre frequencies for those carriers where DSS operation is needed.*  *Observation 1b: As opposed to 100kHz, 300kHz raster might result in less efficient spectrum utilization and/or spectrum re-allocation problems when an operator decides to enable the DSS functionality.*  **Proposal 1a: 300kHz channel raster can be viewed as a baseline option for spectrum sharing between LTE and NR.**  **Proposal 1b: 100kHz channel raster can ensure more efficient (dynamic) spectrum utilization in band n48.**  **Proposal 2: Consider adding 7.5kHz UL shift capability for band n48.**  *Observation 3a: NR sync pattern C can work with 1-2 port LTE deployments, but 4-port LTE CRS transmission will always collide with NR SSB.*  *Observation 3b: NR sync pattern B can work with 4-port LTE deployments.*  *Observation 3c: Since candidate LTE MBSFN sub-frames do not overlap with OFDM symbols where NR SSB is transmitted, LTE MBSFN cannot be considered as a viable solution to avoid overlaps (unless some further changes are introduced impacting other WGs).*  Proposal 3: Adopt sync pattern B for band n48 definition. |
| R4-2000273 | Samsung | *Observation 1: for channel raster to enable DSS between LTE and NR 48/n48, the 300 kHz raster can be used as implementation approach without specification impact.*  *Observation 2: one use case of UL 7.5 kHz shift is to resolve the non-orthogonal issue between LTE and NR in case of 15 kHz SCS of NR operation.*  *Observation 3: the legacy solution to avoid non-orthogonal interference for operation between LTE@15 kHz SCS and NR@30 kHz SCS in case of DSS is to adopt guard gap by implementation manner.*  *Observation 4: MBSFN approach can be applied to resolved LTE CRS and NR SSB collision for TDD NR band refarmed from LTE to support DSS for all extensively used LTE TDD UL/DL configurations.*  *Observation 5: MBSFN approach can be applied to resolved LTE CRS and NR SSB collision for FDD NR band refarmed from LTE to support DSS without any restriction on DL subframe configuration.* |
| R4-2001043 | Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bel | *Observation 1: 30 kHz SCS should be considered primarily for the deployment of n48.*  *Observation 2: The UL/DL configuration and timing shall be aligned and synchronized between NR and LTE to mitigate the UL/DL interference.*  **Proposal 1: It is proposed to further check which SSB block pattern(s) is suited for n48 to support band 48/n48 spectrum sharing.**  *Observation 3: There is no significant benefit to have the exact raster alignment between NR and LTE for the deployment of 30 kHz SCS in the NR.*  **Proposal 2: No change in the sync and channel raster is required.** |

## Open issues summary

*Before e-Meeting, moderators shall summarize list of open issues, candidate options and possible WF (if applicable) based on companies’ contributions.*

### Channel raster

*Sub-topic description:*

**Issue 1-1: Channel raster**

- Proposals:

- Option 1: Keep existing 300kHz channel raster (no changes to the specifications);

- Option 2: Add 100kHz channel raster.

- Recommendation for further discussion:

- Based on the expressed observations and proposals, it seems that 300kHz raster can work, but the main concern is the resulting efficiency of spectrum utilization. It is suggested to delve further into analysing how much spectrum utilization might degrade if 300kHz raster is kept. CBRS operator and SAS operator feedback is appreciated.

### UL shift

*Sub-topic description*

**Issue 1-2: UL shift**

- Proposals:

- Option 1: A UE does not support UL 7.5kHz shift on band n48 (no changes to the specifications);

- Option 2: A UE supports UL 7.5kHz shift on band n48;

- Recommendation for further discussion:

- Based on the expressed observations and proposals, UL 7.5kHz is not considered as an essential feature for 30kHz SCS if a large inter-numerology guard band is always used. Companies/operators are welcome to provide further feedback so that 3GPP RAN WG4 can proceed towards the final conclusion

### Sync pattern

*Sub-topic description*

**Issue 1-3: Sync pattern**

- Proposals:

- Option 1: Keep existing pattern C (no changes to the specifications);

- Option 2: Keep existing pattern C and adopt LTE MBSFN;

- Option 3: Adopt pattern B;

- Recommendation for further discussion:

- Existing pattern C can be used if only 2-port LTE transmission are considered for the CBRS band, and thus further CBRS operator feedback is appreciated. Adopting LTE MBSFN approach will require shifting LTE and NR sub-frames, which will impact CBRS specifications and is likely to impact other RAN WGs. Thus, companies are welcome to provide further analysis on the potential specification impact. Switching to pattern B might increase cell search time, and thus UE vendors are welcome to provide further analysis on the resulting impact.

## Companies views’ collection for 1st round

### Open issues

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| --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Comments** |
| Ericsson | Sub topic 1-1: Support Option 1.  Sub topic 1-2: Support Option 1.  Sub topic 1-3: Support Option 1.  Others: The current LTE and NR specifications support the dynamic spectrum sharing feature to be used for band 48/n48 by proper configurations so there is no need of changing any 3GPP specifications. All the objectives listed in this WI are achieved based on the current 3GPP specifications. |
| Samsung | Sub topic 1-1: option 1 should be applied with no impact existing SCS based channel raster for n48.  Sub topic 1-2: Option 1 should be applied since no motivation to include 7.5KHz UL shift for n48 based on current condition.  Sub topic 1-3: option 1 should be applied since the rate matching can be left for implementation.  To summary, we also believe no RAN4 specification impact is needed to support DSS between 48/n48. |

### CRs/TPs comments collection

*Major close-to-finalize WIs and Rel-15 maintenance, comments collections can be arranged for TPs and CRs. For Rel-16 on-going WIs, suggest to focus on open issues discussion on 1st round.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **Comments collection** |
| XXX | Company A |
| Company B |
|  |
| YYY | Company A |
| Company B |
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## Summary for 1st round

### Open issues

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round, list all the identified open issues and tentative agreements or candidate options and suggestion for 2nd round i.e. WF assignment.*

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| --- | --- |
|  | **Status summary** |
| **Sub-topic#1** | *Tentative agreements:*  *Candidate options:*  *Recommendations for 2nd round:* |

*Recommendations on WF/LS assignment*

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
|  | **WF/LS t-doc Title** | **Assigned Company,**  **WF or LS lead** |
| #1 |  |  |

### CRs/TPs

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 1st round and provides recommendation on CRs/TPs Status update*

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| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP number** | **CRs/TPs Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 1st round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |

## Discussion on 2nd round (if applicable)

## Summary on 2nd round (if applicable)

*Moderator tries to summarize discussion status for 2nd round and provided recommendation on CRs/TPs/WFs/LSs Status update suggestion*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **CR/TP/LS/WF number** | **T-doc Status update recommendation** |
| XXX | *Based on 2nd round of comments collection, moderator can recommend the next steps such as “agreeable”, “to be revised”* |