3GPP TSG-RAN WG3 #114-e draft R3-215895

Nov. 1~11, 2021

**Online**

**Agenda item: 24.4 (Others)**

**Source: Samsung (moderator)**

**Title: Summary of offline discussion on CB: # SDT3\_others**

**Document for: Approval**

# Introduction

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| **CB: # SDT3\_others****- How to change SDT to non-SDT during SDT period?****- RRC Reconfiguration during SDT session?****- LS to RAN2?**(Samsung - moderator)Summary of offline disc [R3-215895](Inbox%5CR3-215895.zip) |

This e-mail discussion is divided into two phases:

* Phase I: View collection

Deadline: Friday, Nov. 5th, 2021, 6:00 UTC.

* Phase II:

Deadline: TBD

# For the Chairman’s Notes

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# Discussions

## Switch from SDT to non-SDT

* Common understanding for switch from SDT to non-SDT

Before discussing RAN3 impact, the clarification to the following RAN2 agreements should be carried out first:

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| UE switches from SDT to non-SDT in following cases:- Case 1 (27/0): UE receive indication from network to switch to non-SDT procedure. - Network can send RRCResume. FFS whether network can send indication in RAR/fallbackRAR/DCI to switch to non-SDT procedure.- FFS Case 2 (18/9): Initial UL transmission (in msgA/Msg3/CG resources) fails configured number of times |

This agreement indicates that

* RRCResume message can be used to indicate the switch from SDT to non-SDT, i.e., during SDT session, if RRCResume message is received, the UE can enter into CONNECTED status, and start the non-SDT data transmission;

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| No new solution is defined to prevent data loss or duplication for the scenario where the anchor relocation is required in the middle of an SDT session, i.e. network can release UE back into RRC\_INACTIVESwitching from SDT to non-SDT via RAR/fallbackRAR/DCI sent by network is not supported for RA-SDT |

The above agreements indicate:

* In the middle of SDT session, the network can send UE to RRC\_INACTIVE status first by sending RRCRelease message, and then another RRC Resume procedure is triggered for anchor relocation. Since the anchor relocation may be triggered for non-SDT data arrival, the agreement implicitly indicates that for switch from SDT to non-SDT, the network can send RRCRelease message first, and then another RRC Resume procedure is triggered.

Based on the above analysis to RAN2 agreement, [1] give the following observations:

*Observation: RAN2 agreements indicate that the anchor relocation for switch from SDT to non-SDT can be achieved either during SDT session by sending RRCResume message or after ending SDT session by sending RRCRelease message.*

This observation is the basis for the following discussion. Thus, the moderator believes it is beneficial to align the understanding among companies first.

**Proposal 1: the switch from SDT to non-SDT can be achieved by two following ways:**

* **Way 1: sending RRCResume message during SDT session**
* **Way 2: sending RRCRelease message to end SDT session first, and then another RRC Resume procedure is triggered for anchor relocation**

##### **Q1: Can companies take the above Proposal 1 as the common understanding for switch from SDT to non-SDT? If there are other ways in your mind, please also raise it out here.**

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| Company | Yes/No | Comments |
| Samsung | Yes  |  |
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It seems that both [1] and [2] carry out the discussion based on the **Proposal 1**. In the following, the discussion will be carried out by considering the above two ways, separately.

* Way 1: sending RRCResume message during SDT session

For this way, some cases are considered in [1] and [2]. Since the DL/UL non-SDT data arrival is possible, the following two cases can be taken into account:

* + Case 1: DL/UL non-SDT data arrival during SDT session, where anchor is relocated for RA-SDT or CG-SDT is carried out.

In this case, the DL non-SDT data arrives at the serving gNB, or UL non-SDT data arrives the UE, and notifying gNB.

* + Case 2: DL/UL non-SDT data arrival when anchor is not relocated for RA-SDT (RETRIEVE UE CONTEXT REQUEST message is received)

The moderator understands that such case indicates the anchor gNB already receives RETRIEVE UE CONTEXT REQUEST message due to SDT. However, the anchor is not relocated, and the SDT context may/may not be sent to the serving gNB.

##### **Q2: Which of the following two cases can be applicable for Way 1 (i.e., sending RRCResume message during SDT session)?**

* + **Case 1: DL/UL non-SDT data arrival during SDT session, where anchor is relocated for RA-SDT or CG-SDT is carried out**
	+ **Case 2: DL/UL non-SDT data arrival when anchor is not relocated for RA-SDT (RETRIEVE UE CONTEXT REQUEST message is received)**

**If there are other cases in your mind, please also raise it out here.**

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| Company | Comments |
| Samsung  | Case 1 is applicable for Way 1 since RRCResume message is generated by the serving gNB after context relocation. Moreover, it can reduce the delay for the UE to enter RRC CONNECTED status. For case 2, technically, it is possible for Way 1 as well. However, in this case, how to generate RRCResume message needs further discussion. It may introduce more specification impact. Thus, we are open for discussion on case 2 for Way 1 at this moment. **In summary, we prefer to apply Way 1 in Case 1.**  |
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For case 1, it seems that no RAN3 impact can be foreseen since the serving gNB already has all UE context, and it can send the RRCResume message to the UE once DL/UL non-SDT data arrives.

For case 2, [1] and [2] indicate some potential RAN3 impact. For example,

* + *RRCResume message generation*: In [1], for above case 2, the RRCResume message is generated by serving gNB, while the PDCP PDU containing such message should be generated in anchor gNB. Thus, the interaction for RRCResume message is needed between the serving gNB and anchor gNB
	+ *Non-SDT UL data arrival indication from serving gNB to anchor gNB*: in [1], if UL non-SDT data arrives at the UE, the UE will notify the serving gNB, and then, the serving gNB will inform the anchor gNB in order to trigger the anchor relocation.
	+ *Non-SDT DL data arrival indication from anchor gNB to serving gNB*: In [2], for above case 2, the non-SDT DL data arrival indication should be sent to the serving gNB via RETRIEVE UE CONTEXT RESPONSE message in order to help serving gNB send RRCResume message to the UE

##### **Q3: Please companies indicate the potential impacts to RAN3 if the above Way 1 is supported by considering Case 1/Case 2. The above mentioned impacts can be taken into account. If other impacts or no impact are identified, please also indicate here.**

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| Company | Comments |
| Samsung  | For case 1, no additional impact is identified. For case 2, enhancement to RRCResume message generation is needed, and the 2nd impact is also needed since the indication of non-SDT data arrival can trigger the UE context relocation from anchor gNB to serving gNB. The 3rd impact may need further discussion. It can be observed that for case 2, if RRCResume message is used, the specification is large. So, it is better to use Way 2 for case 2.  |
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* Way 2: sending RRCRelease message to end SDT session first, and then another RRC Resume procedure is triggered

Similar to Way 1, the same cases can be considered. Thus, the moderator raises the same question for Way 2.

##### **Q4: Which of the following two cases can be applicable for Way 2 (i.e., sending RRCRelease message to end SDT session first, and then another RRC Resume procedure is triggered)?**

* + **Case 1: DL/UL non-SDT data arrival during SDT session, where anchor is relocated for RA-SDT or CG-SDT is carried out**
	+ **Case 2: DL/UL non-SDT data arrival when anchor is not relocated for RA-SDT (RETRIEVE UE CONTEXT REQUEST message is received)**

**If there are other cases in your mind, please also raise it out here.**

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| Company | Comments |
| Samsung  | For case 1, compared to Way 1, Way 2 introduces more delay to resume UE to the CONNECTED status. Since Way 2 results in large delay and Way 1 has no specification impact, it is better to not apply Way 2 for case 1. For case 2, compared to Way 1, Way 2 has less specification impact although some delays are introduced. **Thus, we prefer to apply Way 2 for Case 2.**  |
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Both [1] and [2] discuss two options to trigger the RRC Resume procedures, and the related impacts are list as below:

* + Option 1: triggered by RAN paging
* *SDT UE identification in RAN paging message*: in [1], in case of DL non-SDT data arrival, the anchor gNB can send the RAN paging message to the serving gNB. In this message, the UE identity information should be contained to help the serving gNB identify that the paged UE is the one with ongoing SDT session so that the serving gNB can send RRCRelease to the UE first, and then send the Paging message.
* *UL non-SDT data arrival notification to anchor gNB*: in case of UL non-SDT data arrival, the UE should inform this to serving gNB, and then serving gNB can send the RRCRelease message to the UE to stop SDT session; meanwhile, the serving gNB can notify the anchor gNB the arrival of non-SDT. After that, the anchor gNB can send the RAN paging message to serving gNB.
	+ Option 2: triggered by RRCRelease message

In this option, both [1] and [2] indicate that the RRCRelease message may need enhancement to add non-SDT data arrival indication, which needs RAN2 involvement. Meanwhile, [1] mentions the following potential impacts:

* *UL non-SDT data arrival notification to anchor gNB*: for UL non-SDT data arrival, the serving gNB should send non-SDT data arrival indication to anchor gNB to help it generate the new RRCRelease message;
* *RRCRelease message overwriting*: for DL non-SDT data arrival, the anchor gNB should update the RRCRelease message at the serving gNB side.

 It can be observed that, both options have some impacts to RAN3. Thus, the moderator would like collect views for the potential impact to RAN3 if Way 2 is applied.

##### **Q5: Please companies indicate the potential impacts to RAN3 if the above Way 2 is supported by considering Case 1/Case 2.**

* + **Which option is preferred to support Way 2?**
	+ **The impacts mentioned in [1] and [2] can be taken into account.**

**If other impacts or no impact are identified, please also indicate here.**

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| Company | Comments |
| Samsung  | It can be observed that Option 1 is pure RAN3 solution, while option 2 needs RAN2 impact on RRCRelease message. In this sense, **we slightly prefer to Option 1**, and the above two impacts should be considered, i.e., *SDT UE identification in RAN paging message* and *UL non-SDT data arrival notification to anchor gNB*. |
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## Reconfiguration during SDT session

Contribution [1] raises two clarification points for RAN2 agreements:

* RRC Reconfiguration during SDT session

This clarification is based on the following RAN2 working assumption, which indicates that the SRB1/SRB2 RRC message can be transmitted during small data transmission.

***Working assumption***

1. *Support configuring of SRB1 and SRB2 for small data transmission for carrying RRC and NAS messages.*
2. *Upon initiating RRC Resume procedure for SDT initiation (i.e. for first SDT transmission), the UE shall also resume SRB2 that is configured for SDT, in addition to SDT DRBs that are configured for SDT*
3. *RAN2 recommends to include SRB2 in WID*

As a result, RRCReconfiguration message towards UE may be allowed to revise the configurations for SDT bearers during SDT session in the following cases:

* + Case 1: Configuration update in case of RA-SDT without context relocation
	+ Case 2: Configuration update in case of RA-SDT with context relocation
	+ Case 3: Configuration update in case of CG-SDT

Case 2&3 may not cause problem since the serving gNB can directly send the RRCReconfiguration message to the UE under SDT session. However, for case 1, the content of RRCReconfiguration message is generated by the serving gNB, while the PDCP PDU of this message is generated by the anchor gNB. Thus, RAN3 impact, i.e., the interaction between anchor gNB and serving gNB, can be foreseen. Before discussion in RAN3, some clarifications to the RAN2 agreements may be needed.

##### **Q6: Can companies share the following understanding?**

* + **RRCReconfiguration message towards UE is allowed to revise the configurations of the UE during SDT session.**

**If not, do company agree to send an LS to RAN2 for clarification?**

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| Company | Yes/No | Comments |
| Samsung  | Yes  | The above WA in RAN2 allows SRB1/SRB2 transmission during SDT session. Meanwhile, we also think it is beneficial to send an LS to RAN2 for clarification.  |
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* Configured Grant reconfiguration in serving cell

Till now, RAN2 reaches the following agreements w.r.t. the configured grant configuration

1. The configuration of configured grant resource for UE small data transmission is valid only in the same serving cell. FFS for other CG validity criteria (e.g. timer, UL/SUL aspect, etc)
2. CG-SDT resource configuration is provided to UEs in RRC\_Connected only within the RRCRelease message, i.e. no need to also include it in RRCReconfiguration message
3. RRCRelease message is used to reconfigure or release the CG-SDT resources while UE is in RRC\_INACTIVE
4. RAN2 design assumes that RRCRelease message is sent at the end to terminate the SDT procedure from RRC point of view. The RRCRelease sent at the end of the SDT may contain the CG resource (as per previous agreement). Write an LS to SA3 to explain SDT procedure and agreement.
5. UE should release CG-SDT resource (if stored) when UE initiates RRC resume procedure from another cell which is different from the cell in which the RRCRelease is received.

From the above agreements, [1] gives the following observations:

* The configured grant configuration is only included in RRCRelease message and it is only valid when the UE is in the cell where the RRCRelease message with Configured Grant configuration is received
* The RRCRelease message can be used to reconfigure the configured grant configuration.

It seems that if an UE in INACTIVE status moves to a new cell to carry out SDT session, the RRCRelease message from such new cell can contain configured grant configuration of such cell. If this is the correct understanding, RAN3 impact can be foreseen. In particular, the configured grant configuration is generated at the new serving gNB, while the RRCRelease message is sent by the anchor gNB; so, the interaction between anchor gNB and serving gNB is needed. Before discussion in RAN3, some clarifications to the RAN2 agreements may be needed.

##### **Q7: Can companies share the following understanding?**

* + **RRCRelease message received in the new serving cell (different from the one when UE enters into INACTIVE status) can contain the Configured Grant configuration of such new cell.**

**If not, do company agree to send an LS to RAN2 for clarification?**

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| Company | Yes/No | Comments |
| Samsung  | Yes  | According to “RRCRelease message is used to reconfigure or release the CG-SDT resources while UE is in RRC\_INACTIVE”, RAN2 does not preclude to use RRCRelease message to reconfigure the configured grant; moreover, it does not limit the cell where the RRCRelease message is received. In case of SDT session, the RRCRelease message may be received from the new serving cell. Thus, RAN2 agreements do not preclude the case where the new serving cell sends RRCRelease message to reconfigure configured grant. Meanwhile, we also think it is beneficial to send an LS to RAN2 for clarification. |
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## Others

##### **Q8: Please provide the comments if anything is missing above.**

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# Conclusion, Recommendations [if needed]

If needed

# References

[1] [R3-214884](file:///D%3A%5CWork%5C3GPP%5CRAN3%5CRAN3%23113e%28202108%29%5CInbox%5CCB%20%23%201303_IAB_Red_Serv_Inter%5CDocs%5CR3-213132.zip) Discussion on other issues related to SDT (Samsung)

[2] R3-215321 DL non-SDT data and signalling arrival during SDT procedure (Lenovo, Motorola Mobility)