3GPP/SMG Meeting #?
Beijing, Chine, DD-DD MMM YYYY

Document R1-00150
e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx
or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

CHANGE REQUEST

Please see embedded help file at the bottom of this page for instructions on how to fill in this form correctly.

25.222 CR 019 Current Version: 3.1.0

GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑ *↑ CR number as allocated by MCC support team*

For submission to: TSG RAN#7	for approval: X	strategic:	(for SMG use only)
list expected approval meeting # here ↑	for information:	non-strategic:	

Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG *The latest version of this form is available from: ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/CR-Form-v2.doc*

Proposed change affects: (U)SIM: X ME: X UTRAN / Radio: Core Network:
(at least one should be marked with an X)

Source: Siemens **Date:** 2000-1-19

Subject: TFCI coding specification in TDD

Work item:

Category:
(only one category shall be marked with an X)

F	Correction	X
A	Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release	
B	Addition of feature	
C	Functional modification of feature	
D	Editorial modification	

Release:

Phase 2	
Release 96	
Release 97	
Release 98	
Release 99	X
Release 00	

Reason for change: To align the TFCI specification with corrections applied to FDD (see R1-00-0091).

Clauses affected: 4.3.1.1, 4.3.1.2.1, 4.1.3.2.2

Other specs affected:

Other 3G core specifications		→ List of CRs:
Other GSM core specifications		→ List of CRs:
MS test specifications		→ List of CRs:
BSS test specifications		→ List of CRs:
O&M specifications		→ List of CRs:

Other comments:

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Table 4.3.1-1: Basis sequences for (32,10) TFCI code

I	$M_{i,0}$	$M_{i,1}$	$M_{i,2}$	$M_{i,3}$	$M_{I,4}$	$M_{i,5}$	$M_{i,6}$	$M_{i,7}$	$M_{i,8}$	$M_{i,9}$
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
2	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
3	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1
4	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
5	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
6	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	0
7	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0
8	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0
9	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1
10	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
11	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0
12	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1
13	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1
14	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1
15	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
16	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	1
17	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0
18	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1
19	1	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1
20	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	1
21	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	1
22	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0
23	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
24	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0
25	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1
26	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0
27	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
28	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
29	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
30	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0

Let’s define the TFCI information bits as a0 , a1 , a2 , a3 , a4 , a5 , a6 , a7 , a8 , a9 (a0 is LSB and a9 is MSB). The TFCI information bits shall correspond to the TFC index (expressed in unsigned binary form) defined by the RRC layer to reference the TFC of the CCTrCH in the associated DPCH radio frame.

The output code word bits b_i are given by:

$$b_i = \sum_{n=0}^{9} (a_n \times M_{i,n}) \bmod 2$$

where i=0…31. N_{TFCI}=32.

4.3.1.2 Coding of short TFCI lengths

4.3.1.2.1 Coding very short TFCIs by repetition

If the number of TFCI bits is 1 or 2, then repetition will be used for coding. In this case each bit is repeated to a total of 4 times giving 4-bit transmission (N_{TFCI}=4) for a single TFCI bit and 8-bit transmission (N_{TFCI}=8) for 2 TFCI bits. Let's define the TFCI information bit(s) as b0 (or b0 and b1). The TFCI information bit(s) shall correspond to the TFC index (expressed in unsigned binary form) defined by the RRC layer to reference the TFC of the CCTrCH in the associated DPCH radio frame. In the case of two TFCI bits denoted b_0 and b_1 the TFCI word shall be { b_0, b_1, b_0, b_1, b_0, b_1, b_0, b_1 }.

4.3.1.2.2 Coding short TFCIs using bi-orthogonal codes

If the number of TFCI bits is in the range 3 to 5 the TFCI bits are encoded using a (16, 5) bi-orthogonal (or first order Reed-Muller) code. The coding procedure is as shown in figure 4-8.

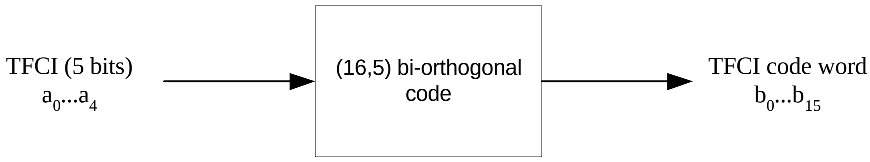

Figure 4-8: Channel coding of short length TFCI bits

The code words of the (16,5) bi-orthogonal code are linear combinations of 5 basis sequences as defined in table 4.3.1-2 below.

Table 4.3.1-2: Basis sequences for (16,5) TFCI code

i	$M_{i,0}$	$M_{i,1}$	$M_{i,2}$	$M_{i,3}$	$M_{i,4}$
0	1	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	1	0	0
2	1	1	1	0	0
3	1	0	0	1	0
4	1	1	0	1	0
5	1	0	1	1	0
6	1	1	1	1	0
7	1	0	0	0	1
8	1	1	0	0	1
9	1	0	1	0	1
10	1	1	1	0	1
11	1	0	0	1	1
12	1	1	0	1	1
13	1	0	1	1	1
14	1	1	1	1	1

15	1	0	0	0	0

Let’s define the TFCI information bits as a0 , a1 , a2 , a3 , a4 (a0 is LSB and a4 is MSB). The TFCI information bits shall correspond to the TFC index (expressed in unsigned binary form) defined by the RRC layer to reference the TFC of the CCTrCH in the associated DPCH radio frame.

The output code word bits b_j are given by:

$$b_i = \sum_{n=0}^{4} (a_n \times M_{i,n}) \bmod 2$$

where i=0…15. N_{TFCI}=16.