

TSG-RAN Working Group 1 meeting #10
Beijing, China
January 18 – January 21, 2000

TSGR1#10(00)0045

Agenda item: AH 16

Source: Ericsson

Title: CR 25.215-028: Minor corrections in TS 25.215

Document for: Decision

In TS 25.215 some editorial errors has been found. This CR corrects these errors.

The following errors in TS 25.215 is corrected by this CR:

1. section 5.1.1 CPICH RSCP. Removal of the term “pilot bits” in the definition of the measurement, there are no pilot bits on the CPICH.
2. section 5.1.3 RSCP, there is an error in the range, which is stated twice with different values. The correct range is [-115, ..., -25] dBm.
3. section 5.1.5 UTRA carrier RSSI. Correction of range in mapping.
4. section 5.2.1 RSSI. Correction of range in mapping.

<h2 style="margin: 0;">CHANGE REQUEST</h2>		<i>Please see embedded help file at the bottom of this page for instructions on how to fill in this form correctly.</i>
25.215	CR	028
GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑		↑ CR number as allocated by MCC support team
For submission to: TSG-RAN #7 <i>list expected approval meeting # here ↑</i>		Current Version: 3.1.0
for approval <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		strategic <input type="checkbox"/> (for SMG use only)
for information <input type="checkbox"/>		non-strategic <input type="checkbox"/>

Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG The latest version of this form is available from: <ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/CR-Form-v2.doc>

Proposed change affects: (U)SIM ME UTRAN / Radio Core Network
(at least one should be marked with an X)

Source: Ericsson **Date:** 2000-01-10

Subject: Minor corrections in TS 25.215

Work item: _____

Category:	F Correction <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Release:	Phase 2 <input type="checkbox"/>
	A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release <input type="checkbox"/>		Release 96 <input type="checkbox"/>
<i>(only one category shall be marked with an X)</i>	B Addition of feature <input type="checkbox"/>		Release 97 <input type="checkbox"/>
	C Functional modification of feature <input type="checkbox"/>		Release 98 <input type="checkbox"/>
	D Editorial modification <input type="checkbox"/>		Release 99 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
			Release 00 <input type="checkbox"/>

Reason for change: In TS 25.215 some editorial errors has been found. This CR corrects these errors.

Clauses affected: 5.1.1 CPICH RSCP, 5.1.3 RSCP, 5.1.5 UTRA carrier RSSI, 5.2.1 RSSI

Other specs affected:	Other 3G core specifications <input type="checkbox"/> → List of CRs:	
	Other GSM core specifications <input type="checkbox"/> → List of CRs:	
	MS test specifications <input type="checkbox"/> → List of CRs:	
	BSS test specifications <input type="checkbox"/> → List of CRs:	
	O&M specifications <input type="checkbox"/> → List of CRs:	

Other comments: _____



help.doc

<----- double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.

5.1.1 CPICH RSCP

Definition	Received Signal Code Power, the received power on one code measured on the pilot bits of the Primary CPICH. The reference point for the RSCP is the antenna connector at the UE.
Applicable for	Idle, Connected Intra, Connected Inter
Range/mapping	<p>CPICH RSCP is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-115, ..., -25] dBm. CPICH RSCP shall be reported in the unit CPICH_RSCP_LEV where:</p> <p>CPICH_RSCP_LEV_00: CPICH RSCP < -115 dBm CPICH_RSCP_LEV_01: -115 dBm ≤ CPICH RSCP < -114 dBm CPICH_RSCP_LEV_02: -114 dBm ≤ CPICH RSCP < -113 dBm ... CPICH_RSCP_LEV_89: -27 dBm ≤ CPICH RSCP < -26 dBm CPICH_RSCP_LEV_90: -26 dBm ≤ CPICH RSCP < -25 dBm CPICH_RSCP_LEV_91: -25 dBm ≤ CPICH RSCP</p>

5.1.2 PCCPCH RSCP

Definition	<p>Received Signal Code Power, the received power on one code measured on the PCCPCH from a TDD cell. The reference point for the RSCP is the antenna connector at the UE.</p> <p>Note: The RSCP can either be measured on the data part or the midamble of a burst, since there is no power difference between these two parts. However, in order to have a common reference, measurement on the midamble is assumed.</p>
Applicable for	Idle, Connected Inter
Range/mapping	<p>PCCPCH RSCP is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-115, ..., -25] dBm. PCCPCH RSCP shall be reported in the unit PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV where:</p> <p>PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV_00: PCCPCH RSCP < -115 dBm PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV_01: -115 dBm ≤ PCCPCH RSCP < -114 dBm PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV_02: -114 dBm ≤ PCCPCH RSCP < -113 dBm ... PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV_89: -27 dBm ≤ PCCPCH RSCP < -26 dBm PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV_90: -26 dBm ≤ PCCPCH RSCP < -25 dBm PCCPCH_RSCP_LEV_91: -25 dBm ≤ PCCPCH RSCP</p>

5.1.3 RSCP

Definition	Received Signal Code Power, the received power on one code measured on the pilot bits of the DPCCH after RL combination. The reference point for the RSCP is the antenna connector at the UE.
Applicable for	Connected Intra
Range/mapping	<p>RSCP is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-115, ..., -40] dBm. RSCP is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-115, ..., -25] dBm. RSCP shall be reported in the unit RSCP_LEV where:</p> <p>RSCP_LEV_00: RSCP < -115 dBm RSCP_LEV_01: -115 dBm ≤ RSCP < -114 dBm RSCP_LEV_02: -114 dBm ≤ RSCP < -113 dBm ... RSCP_LEV_89: -27 dBm ≤ RSCP < -26 dBm RSCP_LEV_90: -26 dBm ≤ RSCP < -25 dBm RSCP_LEV_91: -25 dBm ≤ RSCP</p>

5.1.4 SIR

Definition	<p>Signal to Interference Ratio, defined as: $(RSCP/ISCP) \times (SF/2)$. The SIR shall be measured on DPCCH after RL combination. The reference point for the SIR is the antenna connector of the UE.</p> <p>where:</p> <p>RSCP = Received Signal Code Power, the received power on one code measured on the pilot bits.</p> <p>ISCP = Interference Signal Code Power, the interference on the received signal measured on the pilot bits. Only the non-orthogonal part of the interference is included in the measurement.</p> <p>SF=The spreading factor used.</p>
Applicable for	Connected Intra
Range/mapping	<p>SIR is given with a resolution of 0.5 dB with the range [-11, ..., 20] dB. SIR shall be reported in the unit UE_SIR where:</p> <p>UE_SIR_00: SIR < -11.0 dB UE_SIR_01: -11.0 dB ≤ SIR < -10.5 dB UE_SIR_02: -10.5 dB ≤ SIR < -10.0 dB ... UE_SIR_61: 19.0 dB ≤ SIR < 19.5 dB UE_SIR_62: 19.5 dB ≤ SIR < 20.0 dB UE_SIR_63: 20.0 dB ≤ SIR</p>

5.1.5 UTRA carrier RSSI

Definition	Received Signal Strength Indicator, the wide-band received power within the relevant channel bandwidth. Measurement shall be performed on a UTRAN downlink carrier. The reference point for the RSSI is the antenna connector at the UE.
Applicable for	Idle, Connected Intra, Connected Inter
Range/mapping	<p>UTRA carrier RSSI is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-94, ..., -32] dBm. UTRA carrier RSSI shall be reported in the unit UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV where:</p> <p>UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_00: UTRA carrier RSSI < -94 dBm UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_01: -94 dBm ≤ UTRA carrier RSSI < -93 dBm UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_02: -93 dBm ≤ UTRA carrier RSSI < -92 dBm ... UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_61: -34 dBm ≤ UTRA carrier RSSI < -33 dBm UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_62: -33 dBm ≤ UTRA carrier RSSI < -32 dBm UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_63: -32 dBm ≤ UTRA carrier RSSI</p>

5.1.6 GSM carrier RSSI

Definition	Received Signal Strength Indicator, the wide-band received power within the relevant channel bandwidth. Measurement shall be performed on a GSM BCCH carrier. The reference point for the RSSI is the antenna connector at the UE.
Applicable for	Idle, Connected Inter
Range/mapping	According to the definition of RXLEV in GSM 05.08.

5.1.7 CPICH Ec/No

Definition	The received energy per chip divided by the power density in the band. The Ec/No is identical to RSCP/RSSI. Measurement shall be performed on the Primary CPICH. The reference point for Ec/No is the antenna connector at the UE.
Applicable for	Idle, Connected Intra, Connected Inter
Range/mapping	CPICH Ec/No is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-24, ..., 0] dB. CPICH Ec/No shall be reported in the unit CPICH_Ec/No where: CPICH_Ec/No_00: CPICH Ec/No < -24 dB CPICH_Ec/No_01: -24 dB ≤ CPICH Ec/No < -23 dB CPICH_Ec/No_02: -23 dB ≤ CPICH Ec/No < -22 dB ... CPICH_Ec/No_23: -2 dB ≤ CPICH Ec/No < -1 dB CPICH_Ec/No_24: -1 dB ≤ CPICH Ec/No < 0 dB CPICH_Ec/No_25: 0 dB ≤ CPICH Ec/No

5.1.8 Transport channel BLER

Definition	Estimation of the transport channel block error rate (BLER). The BLER estimation shall be based on evaluating the CRC on each transport block after RL combination. BLER estimation is only required for transport channels containing CRC. In connected mode the BLER shall be possible to measure on any transport channel. If requested in idle mode it shall be possible to measure the BLER on transport channel PCH.
Applicable for	Idle, Connected Intra
Range/mapping	The Transport channel BLER shall be reported for $0 \leq \text{Transport channel BLER} \leq 1$ in the unit BLER_dB where: BLER_dB_00: Transport channel BLER = 0 BLER_dB_01: $-\infty < \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) < -4.03$ BLER_dB_02: $-4.03 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) < -3.965$ BLER_dB_03: $-3.965 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) < -3.9$... BLER_dB_61: $-0.195 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) < -0.13$ BLER_dB_62: $-0.13 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) < -0.065$ BLER_dB_63: $-0.065 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) \leq 0$

5.1.9 Physical channel BER

Definition	The physical channel BER is an estimation of the average bit error rate (BER) before channel decoding of the DPDCH data after RL combination. At most it shall be possible to report a physical channel BER estimate at the end of each TTI for the transferred TrCh's, e.g. for TrCh's with a TTI of x ms a x ms averaged physical channel BER shall be possible to report every x ms.
Applicable for	Connected Intra
Range/mapping	The Physical channel BER shall be reported for $0 \leq \text{Physical channel BER} \leq 1$ in the unit BER_dB where: BER_dB_00: Physical channel BER = 0 BER_dB_01: $-\infty < \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Physical channel BER}) < -4.03$ BER_dB_02: $-4.03 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Physical channel BER}) < -3.965$ BER_dB_03: $-3.965 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Physical channel BER}) < -3.9$... BER_dB_61: $-0.195 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Physical channel BER}) < -0.13$ BER_dB_62: $-0.13 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Physical channel BER}) < -0.065$ BER_dB_63: $-0.065 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Physical channel BER}) \leq 0$

5.1.10 UE transmitted power

Definition	The total UE transmitted power on one carrier. The reference point for the UE transmitted power shall be the UE antenna connector.
Applicable for	Connected Intra
Range/mapping	UE transmitted power is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-50, ..., 33] dBm. UE transmitted power shall be reported in the unit UE_TX_POWER where: UE_TX_POWER_021: $-50 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{UE transmitted power} < -49 \text{ dBm}$ UE_TX_POWER_022: $-49 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{UE transmitted power} < -48 \text{ dBm}$ UE_TX_POWER_023: $-48 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{UE transmitted power} < -47 \text{ dBm}$... UE_TX_POWER_102 31 dBm $\leq \text{UE transmitted power} < 32 \text{ dBm}$ UE_TX_POWER_103: $32 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{UE transmitted power} < 33 \text{ dBm}$ UE_TX_POWER_104: $33 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{UE transmitted power} < 34 \text{ dBm}$

5.1.11 CFN-SFN observed time difference

Definition	The CFN-SFN observed time difference to cell is defined as: $\text{OFF} \times 38400 + T_m$, where: $T_m = T_{\text{RxSFN}} - (T_{\text{UETx}} - T_0)$, given in chip units with the range [0, 1, ..., 38399] chips T_{UETx} is the time when the UE transmits an uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame. T_0 is defined in TS 25.211 section 7.1.3. T_{RxSFN} is time at the beginning of the next received neighbouring P-CCPCH frame after the time instant $T_{\text{UETx}} - T_0$ in the UE. If the next neighbouring P-CCPCH frame is received exactly at $T_{\text{UETx}} - T_0$ then $T_{\text{RxSFN}} = T_{\text{UETx}} - T_0$ (which leads to $T_m = 0$). and $\text{OFF} = (\text{CFN}_{\text{Tx}} - \text{SFN}) \bmod 256$, given in number of frames with the range [0, 1, ..., 255] frames CFN_{Tx} is the connection frame number for the UE transmission of an uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame at the time T_{UETx} . SFN = the system frame number for the neighbouring P-CCPCH frame received in the UE at the time T_{RxSFN} . In case the inter-frequency measurement is done with compressed mode, the value for the parameter OFF is always reported to be 0. In case that the SFN measurement indicator indicates that the UE does not need to read cell SFN of the target neighbour cell, the value of the parameter OFF is always be set to 0. <i>Note: In Compressed mode it is not required to read cell SFN of the target neighbour cell.</i>
Applicable for	Connected Inter, Connected Intra
Range/mapping	Time difference is given with the resolution of one chip with the range [0, ..., 9830399] chips.

5.1.12 SFN-SFN observed time difference

Definition	<p>Type 1: The SFN-SFN observed time difference to cell is defined as: $OFF \times 38400 + T_m$, where: $T_m = T_{RxSFNi} - T_{RxSFNj}$, given in chip units with the range [0, 1, ..., 38399] chips T_{RxSFNj} is the time at the beginning of a received neighbouring P-CCPCH frame from cell j. T_{RxSFNi} is time at the beginning of the next received neighbouring P-CCPCH frame from cell i after the time instant T_{RxSFNj} in the UE. If the next neighbouring P-CCPCH frame is received exactly at T_{RxSFNj} then $T_{RxSFNj} = T_{RxSFNi}$ (which leads to $T_m=0$). and $OFF = (SFN_j - SFN_i) \bmod 256$, given in number of frames with the range [0, 1, ..., 255] frames SFN_j = the system frame number for downlink P-CCPCH frame from cell j in the UE at the time T_{RxSFNj}. SFN_i = the system frame number for the P-CCPCH frame from cell i received in the UE at the time T_{RxSFNi}.</p> <p>Type 2: The relative timing difference between cell j and cell i, defined as $T_{CPICHrxj} - T_{CPICHrxi}$, where: $T_{CPICHrxj}$ is the time when the UE receives one Primary CPICH slot from cell j $T_{CPICHrxi}$ is the time when the UE receives the Primary CPICH slot from cell i that is closest in time to the Primary CPICH slot received from cell j</p>
Applicable for	<p>Type 1: Idle, Connected Intra Type 2: Idle, Connected Intra, Connected Inter</p>
Range/mapping	<p>Type 1: Time difference is given with a resolution of one chip with the range [0, ..., 9830399] chips. Type 2: Time difference is given with a resolution of 0.25 chip with the range [-1279.75, ..., 1280] chips.</p>

5.1.13 UE Rx-Tx time difference

Definition	<p>The difference in time between the UE uplink DPCH/DPDCH frame transmission and the first significant path, of the downlink DPCH frame from the measured radio link. Measurement shall be made for each cell included in the active set. Note: The definition of "first significant path" needs further elaboration.</p>
Applicable for	Connected Intra
Range/mapping	The UE Rx-Tx time difference is given with the resolution of 0.25 chip with the range [876, ..., 1172] chips.

5.1.14 Observed time difference to GSM cell

Definition	<p>The Observed time difference to GSM cell is defined as: $T_{RxGSMj} - T_{RxSFNi}$, where: T_{RxSFNi} is the time at the beginning of the P-CCPCH frame with SFN=0 from cell i. T_{RxGSMj} is the time at the beginning of the GSM BCCH 51-multiframe from GSM frequency j received closest in time after the time T_{RxSFNi}. If the next GSM multiframe is received exactly at T_{RxSFNi} then $T_{RxGSMj} = T_{RxSFNi}$ (which leads to $T_{RxGSMj} - T_{RxSFNi} = 0$). The timing measurement shall reflect the timing situation when the most recent (in time) P-CCPCH with SFN=0 was received in the UE.</p>
Applicable for	Idle, Connected Inter
Range/mapping	The Observed time difference to GSM cell is given with the resolution of $3060/(4096*13)$ ms with the range [0, ..., $3060/13 - 3060/(4096*13)$] ms.

5.1.15 UE GPS Timing of Cell Frames for LCS

Definition	<p>The timing between cell j and GPS Time Of Week. $T_{UE-GPSj}$ is defined as the time of occurrence of a specified UTRAN event according to GPS time. The specified UTRAN event is the beginning of a particular frame (identified through its SFN) in the first significant multipath of the cell j CPICH, where cell j is a cell within the active set.</p>
Applicable for	Connected Intra, Connected Inter

Range/mapping	The resolution of $T_{UE-GPSj}$ is $1\mu\text{S}$. The range is from 0 to $6.04 \times 10^{11} \mu\text{S}$.
----------------------	--

5.2 UTRAN measurement abilities

The structure of the table defining a UTRAN measurement quantity is shown below:

Column field	Comment
Definition	Contains the definition of the measurement.
Range/mapping	Gives the range and mapping to bits for the measurements quantity.

5.2.1 RSSI

Definition	Received Signal Strength Indicator, the wide-band received power within the UTRAN uplink carrier channel bandwidth in an UTRAN access point. The reference point for the RSSI measurements shall be the antenna connector.
Range/mapping	<p>RSSI is given with a resolution of 0.5 dB with the range [-105, ..., -74] dBm. RSSI shall be reported in the unit RSSI_LEV where:</p> <p>RSSI_LEV_00: $\text{RSSI} < -105.0 \text{ dBm}$ RSSI_LEV_01: $-105.0 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{RSSI} < -104.5 \text{ dBm}$ RSSI_LEV_02: $-104.5 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{RSSI} < -104.0 \text{ dBm}$... RSSI_LEV_61: $-753.0 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{RSSI} < -743.5 \text{ dBm}$ RSSI_LEV_62: $-743.5 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{RSSI} < -74.0 \text{ dBm}$ RSSI_LEV_63: $-74.0 \text{ dBm} \leq \text{RSSI}$</p>