help.doc

Document R1-99K60

e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

		CHANGE I	REQI	JEST	 Please see en page for instr 	mbedded help fi ructions on how	ile at the bottom of th to fill in this form cor	is rectly.	
		25.221	CR	009	Cu	rrent Versio	on: <mark>3.0.0</mark>		
GSM (AA.BB) or 3G	(AA.BBB) specifica	ation number \uparrow		↑ (CR number as allo	cated by MCC s	support team		
For submission	to: RAN #6 eeting # here ↑	for ap for infor	oproval mation	X	form is sucilable for	strateg	gic (for SM gic use or	//G hly)	
Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG The latest version of this form is available from: ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/CR-Form-v2.doc Proposed change affects: (U)SIM ME X UTRAN / Radio X Core Network (at least one should be marked with an X) (U)SIM ME X UTRAN / Radio X Core Network									
Source:	Siemens AC	G, Nokia				Date:	1 st Decembe	r 99	
Subject:	Midamble A	Ilocation in UTRA	A TDD						
Work item:									
Category:FA(only one categoryshall be markedCwith an X)D	Correction Correspond Addition of Functional Editorial mo	ls to a correction feature modification of fe odification	in an ea ature	rlier rele	ase X	<u>Release:</u>	Phase 2 Release 96 Release 97 Release 98 Release 99 Release 00	X	
<u>Reason for</u> change:	Default map overhead ar	ppings between m nd enhance UE c	ode dete	es and check	nannelisation erformance.	codes red	uce signalling		
Clauses affected	<u>d:</u> 5.8, an	nex A.3							
Other specs affected:	Other 3G con Other GSM c specificati MS test spec BSS test spe O&M specific	e specifications ore ions ifications cifications ations		$\begin{array}{l} \rightarrow \text{ List of} \\ \rightarrow \text{ List of} \end{array}$	f CRs: f CRs: f CRs: f CRs: f CRs: f CRs:				
<u>Other</u> comments:									
Ŵ									

<----- double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.

5.8 Midamble Allocation for Physical Channels

In general, midambles are part of the physical channel configuration which is performed by higher layers.

Optionally, if no midamble is allocated by higher layers, a default midamble allocation shall be used. This default midamble allocation is given by a fixed association between midambles and channelisation codes, see annex A.3, and shall be applied individually to all channelisation codes within one time slot. Different associations apply for different burst types and cell configurations with respect to the maximum number of midambles.

5.8.1 Midamble Allocation for DL Physical Channels

For DL physical channels the midamble allocation depends on whether the midambles are signalled by higher layers or by default and whether TxDiversity/Beamforming is used.

5.8.1.1 Midamble Allocation by signalling

5.8.1.1.1 DL Physical Channels without TxDiversity/Beamforming

If the midamble is part of the physical channel configuration, a common midamble shall be assigned to all physical channels in one time slot, except for physical channels providing the beacon function, see 5.4. When PDSCH physical layer signalling based on the midamble is used, each UE that may share the PDSCH shall get an individual midamble, see 5.3.6.

5.8.1.1.2 DL Physical Channels with TxDiversity/Beamforming

When DL beamforming or TX Diversity is used, each user to which TxDiversity/Beamforming is applied and which has a dedicated channel shall get one individual midamble, see 5.2.4.

5.8.1.2 Midamble Allocation by default

If no midamble is allocated by signalling, the UE shall derive the midamble from the associated channelisation code and shall use an individual midamble for each channelisation code, except for physical channels providing the beacon function, see 5.4. For each association between midambles and channelisation codes in annex A.3, there is one primary channelisation code associated to each midamble. A set of secondary channelisation codes is associated to each primary channelisation code. All the secondary channelisation codes within a set use the same midamble as the primary channelisation code to which they are associated.

Higher layers shall allocate the channelisation codes in a particular order. Primary channelisation codes shall be allocated prior to associated secondary channelisation codes. If midambles are reserved for the beacon function, all primary and secondary channelisation codes that are associated with the reserved midambles shall not be used.

Primary and its associated secondary channelisation codes shall not be allocated to different UE's.

In the case that secondary channelisation codes are used, secondary channelisation codes of one set shall be allocated in ascending order, with respect to their numbering.

5.8.2 Midamble Allocation for UL Physical Channels

If the midamble is part of the physical channel configuration, an individual midamble shall be assigned to all UE's in one time slot.

If no midamble is allocated by higher layers, the UE shall derive the midamble from the assigned channelisation code as for DL physical channels. If the UE changes the SF according to the data rate, it shall always vary the channelisation code along the lower branch of the OVSF tree.

A.3 Association between Midambles and Channelisation Codes

The following mapping schemes apply for the association between midambles and channelisation codes if no midamble is allocated by higher layers. Secondary channelisation codes are marked with a (*). These associations apply both for UL and DL.

A.3.1 Association for Burst Type 1 and K=16 Midambles



Figure A-1 Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for Burst Type 1 and K=16

A.3.2 Association for Burst Type 1 and K=8 Midambles



Figure A-2 Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for Burst Type 1 and K=8



A.3.2 Association for Burst Type 1 and K=4 Midambles

Figure A-3 Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for Burst Type 1 and K=4

A.3.4 Association for Burst Type 2 and K=6 Midambles



Figure A-4 Association of Midambles to Spreading Codes for Burst Type 2 and K=6



A.3.5 Association for Burst Type 2 and K=3 Midambles



Note that the association for burst type 2 can be derived from the association for burst type 1, using the following table:

Burst Type 1	m(1)	m(2)	m(3)	m(4)	m(5)	m(6)	m(7)	m(8)
Burst Type 2	m(1)	m(5)	m(3)	m(6)	m(2)	m(4)	-	-