3GPP/SMG Meeting #9 Dresden, Germany, 30 Nov - 03 Dec 1999						Document e.g. for s or for	R1-99j45 3GPP use the format TP SMG, use the format P-	99-xxx 99-xxx	
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			25.215	CR	001	rev1	Current Versi	on: <u>3.0.0</u>	
GSM (AA.BB) or	3G (/	AA.BBB) specifica	tion number \uparrow		↑	CR number a	as allocated by MCC	support team	
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Source:		Nokia					Date:	25 Nov 1999	
<u>Subject:</u>		Clarification	s for measureme	<mark>nts in co</mark>	ompress	ed mode			
Work item:		Change Re	quest on the corre	ections/	clarificat	<mark>ions to th</mark>	e WG1 specifi	cations	
Category: (only one category shall be marked with an X)	F A B C D	Correction Correspond Addition of Functional Editorial mo	ls to a correction feature modification of fe odification	in an ea ature	rlier rele		Release:	Phase 2 Release 96 Release 97 Release 98 Release 99 Release 00	X
<u>Reason for</u> <u>change:</u>		Compresse	d mode paramete	er list in .	25.215 i	s incomp	lete		
Clauses affect	ted	6.1.1.1	, 6.1.1.2						
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comments:

6 Measurements for UTRA FDD

6.1 UE measurements

6.1.1 Compressed mode

6.1.1.1 Use of compressed mode/dual receiver for monitoring

A UE shall, on upper layers commands, monitor cells on other frequencies (FDD, TDD, GSM). To allow the UE to perform measurements, upper layers shall command that the UE enters in compressed mode, depending on the UE capabilities.

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In case of compressed mode decision, UTRAN shall communicate to the UE the parameters of the compressed mode, described in reference [2], 25.212.

A UE with a single receiver shall support downlink compressed mode.

Every UE shall support uplink compressed mode, when monitoring frequencies which are close to the uplink transmission frequency (i.e. frequencies in the TDD or GSM 1800/1900 bands).

All fixed-duplex UE shall support both downlink and uplink compressed mode to allow inter-frequency handover within FDD and inter-mode handover from FDD to TDD.

< WG1's note : the use of uplink compressed mode for single receiver UE when monitoring frequencies outside TDD and GSM 1800/1900 bands is for further study >

UE with dual receivers can perform independent measurements, with the use of a "monitoring branch" receiver, that can operate independently from the UTRA FDD receiver branch. Such UE do not need to support downlink compressed mode.

The UE shall support single measurement type within one compressed mode transmission gap. The measurement purpose of the gap is signalled by upper layers. In the case of multiple measurements in one gap, each combination shall be explicitly specified.

The following section provides rules to parametrise the compressed mode.

6.1.1.2 Parameterisation of the compressed mode

In response to a request from upper layers, the UTRAN shall signal to the UE the compressed mode parameters.

The following parameters characterize a transmission gap :

- TGL : Transmission Gap Length is the duration of no transmission, expressed in number of slots (e.g. used for switching frequency, monitoring).
- SFN : The system frame number when the transmission gap starts
- SN : The slot number when the transmission gap starts

With this definition, it is possible to have a flexible position of the transmission gap in the frame, as defined in [2].

The following parameters characterize a compressed mode pattern :

- TGP : Transmission Gap Period is the period of repetition of a set of consecutive frames containing up to 2 transmission gaps (*).
- TGL : As defined above

• TGD : Transmission Gap Distance is the duration of transmission between two consecutive transmission gaps within a transmission gap period, expressed in number of frames FFS: distance expressed in slots. In case there is only one transmission gap in the transmission gap period, this parameter shall be set to zero.

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- PD: Pattern duration is the total time of all TGPs expressed in number of frames.
- SFN : The system frame number when the first transmission gap starts
- <u>Compressed mode method: The method for generating the downlink compressed mode gap can be puncturing,</u> reducing the spreading factor or gating and is described in [2].
- Transmit gap position mode: The gap position can be fixed or adjustable. This is defined in [2].
- Downlink frame type: This parameter defines if frame structure type 'A' or 'B' shall be used in downlink compressed mode. This is defined in [2].
- <u>Scrambling code change: This parameter indicates whether the alternative scrambling code is used for compressed mode method 'SF/2'. Alternative scrambling codes are described in [3].</u>
- PCM: Power Control Mode specifies the uplink power control algorithm mode applied during recovery period after each transmission gap in compressed mode. PCM can take 2 values (0 or 1). The different power control modes are described in [4]TS 25.214.
- <u>PRM: Power Resume Mode selects the uplink power control method to calculate the initial transmit power after</u> the gap. PRM can take two values (0 or 1) and is described in [4].

In a compressed mode pattern, the first transmission gap starts in the first frame of the pattern. The gaps have a fixed position in the frames, and start in the slot position defined in [2].

(*): Optionally, the set of parameters may contain 2 values TGP1 and TGP2, where TGP1 is used for the 1st and the

one TGP value.

upper layers command.

	ch o	can	<u>be 1</u>	used	for	different	measurements.
ers will ensure that the compressed mode gaps do not overlap							within one
is not exceeded Patterns causing an overlap or too long gaps will	not b	be pr	oces	ssed b	oy ti	he UE	interpreted as



Figure 1 : illustration of compressed mode pattern parameters

6.1.1.3 Parameterisation limitations

In the table below the supported values for the TGL parameter is shown.

Measurements performed on	Supported TGL values
FDD inter-frequency cell	7, 14
TDD cell	4
GSM cell	3, 4, 7, 10, 14

Multi-mode terminals shall support the union of TGL values for the supported modes.

Further limitations on transmission gap position is given in TS 25.212.

Compressed mode patterns for handover monitoring are recommended in "Annex A: Measurements for Handover (Informative)".

A. Annex A: Measurements for Handover (Informative)

A.1 Monitoring of FDD cells on the same frequency