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TSG-RAN Working Group 1 meeting #9 Dresden, Germany November 30 – December 3, 1999

Agenda item: AH 16

Source: Ericsson

Title: CR 25.215-009: Range and resolution for RF related measurements

Document for: Decision

1. Introduction

The aim of this document is to define ranges for the RF related measurements in TS 25.215.

2. RF related measurements

| Measurement | Range | Resolution | Comment |
|-------------|-----------------|------------|--|
| CPICH RSCP | -115 -> -40 dBm | 1 dB | Upper limit: To support reasonable dense cell structures without truncating of power measurements. For example a CPICH EIRP of 42dBm and a coupling loss of 82 dB gives a received level of -40dBm. This should be enough for the relevant handover areas. |
| | | | Lower limit: In an AWGN channel -117dBm is required to read a dedicated channel (according to WG4 simulations). To read the BCCH in a fading channel a couple of dB more is needed, some results indicated around -112dBm. It is proposed that the lower limit is set to -115dBm, 3dB before we can read the BCCH. |
| | | | Resolution: Half of an assumed maximum relative accuracy of 2 dB. Currently a absolute accuracy around +-4dB is discussed within WG4. |
| PCCPCH RSCP | -115 -> -40 dBm | 1 dB | See comments for CPICH RSCP. |
| RSCP | -115 -> -40 dBm | 1 dB | See comments for CPICH RSCP. |
| Ec/No | -20 -> 0 dB | 1 dB | Upper limit: As No always is larger than Ec, 0dB will be the upper limit. |
| | | | Lower limit: In IS-95 a range from -20->0 is used and it has shown to be sufficient. |
| | | | Resolution: Half of an assumed maximum relative accuracy of 2 dB. Note that there are no accuracy requirements defined for the Ec/No by WG4 yet. |
| SIR | -10 -> 20 dB | 0.5 dB | Upper limit: Same as for UTRAN. |

| | | | Lower limit: Same as for UTRAN. |
|----------------------|----------------|------|--|
| | | | Resolution: In 25.302 it is stated that the precision shall be less than the minimum DL power control step size, which is 0,5dB. Having the current discussions on measurement accuracies within WG4 in mind where absolute accuracies around +-4dB for power measurements a 0,5dB step for the SIR will be sufficient. |
| UTRA carrier RSSI | -95 -> -30 dBm | 1 dB | Upper limit: To support reasonable dense cell structures without truncating of power measurements. The level -30dB should be sufficient. It is 10dB above the maximum CPICH RSCP level. |
| | | | Lower limit: The UE sensitivity was specified using a 9dB noise factor. That gives a noise level in the receiver of -99dBm. To achieve reasonable accuracy a couple of dB above the noise level is needed. The lower limit of the measurement is not critical therefore a lower level of -95dBm is proposed. Resolution: Currently a absolute accuracy around +-4dB is discussed within WG4. Therefore 1dB step should be |
| | | | suffiecient. |
| UE transmitted power | -50 -> 33 dBm | 1 dB | Upper: +33dBm, maximum transmitted power for UE class 1 Lower: The minimum transmitted power according to section 6.4.3.1 in TS 25.101 is currently –44 dBm but discussions are ongoing to lower that limit to –50dBm. Resolution: Currently an absolute accuracy around +-6dB is discussed within WG4. Therefore 1dB step should be sufficient. |

Table 1 UE measurements

| Measurement | Range | Resolution | Comment |
|-------------|-----------------|------------|---|
| RSSI | -105 -> -70 dBm | 0.5 dB | Upper limit: More than 30dB above the noise floor should be more than sufficient. |
| | | | Lower limit: Approximately 3 dB above the thermal noise floor (-108dBm over 3,84MHz) allowing for a 3dB noise figure in Node B. As this measurement may be use for load control it is important to measure as low as possible. |
| | | | Resolution: As the uplink RSSI may be used for load control the relative accuracy requirement may be high on this measurement. Therefore a 0,5 dB quantisation step is assumed. |
| SIR | -10 -> 20 dB | 0.5 dB | Upper and lower limit: The working point will something around -3 to 4 dB depending on spreading factor and power difference between DPDCH and DPCCH. The upper limit has propbably som margin to the practical upper SIR limit for normal usage. |
| | | | Resolution: Having the current discussions on measurement accuracies within WG4 in mind where absolute accuracies around +-4dB for power measurements a 0,5dB step for the SIR |

| | | | will be sufficient. |
|---------------------------|--------------|--------|---|
| Transmitted carrier power | 10 -> 50 dBm | 0.5 dB | Upper limit: +50dBm, 20W basestations (43dBm) can be assumed, probably basestations with higher power will be common (like 40W=46dBm). To have som margin an upper limit of 50dBm is proposed. Lower limit: 10 dBm, the minumum power when no dedicated channels are active. A proposal is 10dBm. Resolution: Currently an absolute accuracy between +-3 and +-6 dB is discussed within WG4. Currently nothing has been stated regarding the relative accuracy, which can be estimated to be significantly better. A 0,5dB step is choosen to being able to handle a good relative accuracy. |
| Transmitted code power | 0 -> 46 dBm | 0.5 dB | Upper limit: +46dBm, a couple of dB below the maximum total transmitted power Lower limit: 0 dBm, Assuming a minimum Tx power approx. 30dB below the maximum BTS power (section 6.4.1 in 25.104) using a 5W basstation will give a lower limit of 7dBm, to have some margin for low power base stations 0dBm is proposed. Resolution: Currently an absolute accuracy between +-3 and +-6 dB is discussed within WG4. Nothing has been stated regarding the relative accuracy which can be estimated to be significantly better. A 0,5dB step is choosen to being able to handle a good relative accuracy. |

Table 2 UTRAN measurements

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e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

| | CHANGE REQUEST Please see embedded help file at the bottom of this page for instructions on how to fill in this form correctly |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| | 25.215 CR 009 Current Version: 3.0.0 |
| GSM (AA.BB) or 3 | G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑ |
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| Proposed char (at least one should be | |
| Source: | <u>Date:</u> 1999-11-25 |
| Subject: | Range and resolution for RF related measurements |
| Work item: | |
| (only one category shall be marked | F Correction A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release B Addition of feature C Functional modification of feature D Editorial modification X Release: Release 96 Release 97 Release 98 Release 99 Release 00 |
| Reason for change: | Currently no ranges and resolutions are defined for RF related measurements in TS 25.215. This CR proposes ranges and resolution for RF related measurements in 25.215. |
| Clauses affecte | 5.1 UE measurement abilities, 5.1.1 CPICH RSCP, 5.1.2 RSCP, 5.1.4 SIR, 5.1.5 UTRA carrier RSSI, 5.1.6 GSM carrier RSSI, 5.1.7 CPICH Ec/No, 5.1.10 UE transmitted power, 5.2.1 RSSI, 5.2.2 SIR, 5.2.3 Transmitted carrier power, 5.2.4 Transmitted code power |
| Other specs affected: | |
| Other comments: | |
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5.1 UE measurement abilities

The structure of the table defining a UE measurement quantity is shown below:

| Column field | Comment |
|----------------|---|
| Definition | Contains the definition of the measurement. |
| Applicable for | States if a measurement shall be possible to perform in Idle mode and/or Connected mode. For connected mode also information of the possibility to perform the measurement on intra-frequency and/or inter-frequency are given. The following terms are used in the tables: Idle = Shall be possible to perform in idle mode Connected Intra = Shall be possible to perform in connected mode on an intra-frequency Connected Inter = Shall be possible to perform in connected mode on an inter-frequency |
| Range/mapping | Gives the range and mapping to bits for the measurements quantity. |

5.1.1 CPICH RSCP

| Definition | Received Signal Code Power, the received power on one code after de-spreading measured on the pilot bits of the CPICH. The reference point for the RSCP is the antenna connector at the UE. | |
|----------------|---|--|
| Applicable for | Idle, Connected Intra, Connected Inter | |
| Range/mapping | CPICH RSCP is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-115,, -40] dBm. | |

5.1.2 RSCP

| Definition | Received Signal Code Power, the received power on one code after de-spreading measured | |
|----------------|--|--|
| | on the pilot bits of the DPCCH after RL combination. The reference point for the RSCP is the | |
| | antenna connector at the UE. | |
| Applicable for | Connected Intra | |
| Range/mapping | RSCP is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-115,, -40] dBm. | |

5.1.3 ISCP

Note that it is not a requirement that the ISCP shall be possible to report to higher layers. The ISCP is defined in this section because it is included in the definition of SIR.

| Definition | Interference Signal Code Power, the interference on the received signal after de-spreading. |
|------------|--|
| | Only the non-orthogonal part of the interference is included in the measurement. The reference |
| | point for the ISCP is the antenna connector at the UE. |

5.1.4 SIR

| Definition | Signal to Interference Ratio, defined as the RSCP divided by ISCP. The SIR shall be measured on DPCCH after RL combination. The reference point for the SIR is the antenna connector of the UE. | |
|----------------|---|--|
| Applicable for | Connected Intra | |
| Range/mapping | SIR is given with a resolution of 0.5 dB with the range [-10,, 20] dB. | |

5.1.5 UTRA carrier RSSI

| Definition | Received Signal Strength Indicator, the wide-band received power within the relevant channel | |
|----------------|--|--|
| | bandwidth. Measurement shall be performed on a UTRAN downlink carrier. The reference point | |
| | for the RSSI is the antenna connector at the UE. | |
| Applicable for | Idle, Connected Intra, Connected Inter | |
| Range/mapping | UTRA carrier RSSI is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-95,, -30] dBm. | |

5.1.6 GSM carrier RSSI

| Definition | Received Signal Strength Indicator, the wide-band received power within the relevant channel bandwidth. Measurement shall be performed on a GSM BCCH carrier. The reference point for | |
|----------------|---|--|
| | the RSSI is the antenna connector at the UE. | |
| Applicable for | Idle, Connected Inter | |
| Range/mapping | According to the definition of RXLEV in GSM 05.08. | |

5.1.7 CPICH Ec/No

| Definition | The received energy per chip divided by the power density in the band. The Ec/No is identical to RSCP/RSSI. Measurement shall be performed on the CPICH. The reference point for Ec/No is the antenna connector at the UE. |
|----------------|--|
| Applicable for | Idle. Connected Intra. Connected Inter |
| Applicable for | idie, Connected initia, Connected initei |
| Range/mapping | CPICH Ec/No is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-20,, 0] dB. |

5.1.8 Transport channel BLER

| Definition | Estimation of the transport channel block error rate (BLER). The BLER estimation shall be |
|----------------|--|
| | based on evaluating the CRC on each transport block after RL combination. BLER estimation is only required for transport channels containing CRC. In connected mode the BLER shall be possible to measure on any transport channel. If requested in idle mode it shall be possible to measure the BLER on transport channel PCH. |
| Applicable for | Idle, Connected Intra |
| Range/mapping | |

5.1.9 Physical channel BER

| Definition | The physical channel BER is an estimation of the average bit error rate (BER) before channel decoding of the DPDCH data after RL combination. At most it shall be possible to report a physical channel BER estimate at the end of each TTI for the transferred TrCh's, e.g. for TrCh's with a TTI of x ms a x ms averaged physical channel BER shall be possible to report every x ms. |
|----------------|---|
| Applicable for | Connected Intra |
| Range/mapping | |

5.1.10 UE transmitted power

| Definition | The total UE transmitted power on one carrier. The reference point for the UE transmitted |
|----------------|---|
| | power shall be the UE antenna connector. |
| Applicable for | Connected Intra |
| Range/mapping | UE transmitted power is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-50,, 33] dBm. |

5.1.11 CFN-SFN observed time difference

| Definition | The CFN-SFN observed time difference to cell is defined as: OFF×38400+ T _m , where: |
|----------------|--|
| | $T_m = T_{RXSFN}$ - $(T_{UETx} - T_0)$, given in chip units with the range $[0, 1,, 38399]$ chips |
| | T _{UETx} is the time when the UE transmits an uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame. |
| | T ₀ is defined in TS 25.211 section 7.1.3. |
| | T _{RXSFN} is time at the beginning of the next received neighbouring P-CCPCH frame after the time |
| | instant T _{UETx} -T ₀ in the UE. If the next neighbouring P-CCPCH frame is received exactly at T _{UETx} - |
| | T ₀ then T _{RxSFN} =T _{UETx} -T ₀ (which leads to T _m =0). |
| | and |
| | OFF=(CFN _{Tx} -SFN) mod 256, given in number of frames with the range [0, 1,, 255] frames |
| | CFN _{Tx} is the connection frame number for the UE transmission of an uplink DPCCH/DPDCH |
| | frame at the time T _{UETx} . |
| | SFN = the system frame number for the neighbouring P-CCPCH frame received in the UE at |
| | the time T _{RxSFN} . |
| Applicable for | Connected Inter, Connected Intra |
| Range/mapping | Time difference is given with the resolution of one chip with the range [0,, 9830399] chips. |

5.1.12 SFN-SFN observed time difference

| Definition | Type 1: |
|----------------|---|
| | The SFN-SFN observed time difference to cell is defined as: OFF×38400+ T _m , where: |
| | T _m = T _{RxSFNj} - T _{RxSFNi} , given in chip units with the range [0, 1,, 38399] chips |
| | T _{RxSFNj} is the time at the beginning of a received neighbouring P-CCPCH frame from cell j. |
| | T _{RxSFNi} is time at the beginning of the next received neighbouring P-CCPCH frame from cell i |
| | after the time instant T _{RxSFNj} in the UE. If the next neighbouring P-CCPCH frame is received |
| | exactly at T _{RxSFNj} then T _{RxSFNj} = T _{RxSFNi} (which leads to T _m =0) |
| | and |
| | OFF=(SFN _i - SFN _i) mod 256, given in number of frames with the range [0, 1,, 255] frames |
| | SFN _j = the system frame number for downlink P-CCPCH frame from cell j in the UE at the time |
| | T _{RXSFNj} . |
| | SFN _i = the system frame number for the P-CCPCH frame from cell i received in the UE at the |
| | time T _{RxSFNi} . Type 2: |
| | The relative timing difference between cell j and cell i, defined as T _{CPICHRxi} - T _{CPICHRxi} , where: |
| | T _{CPICHRxi} is the time when the UE receives one CPICH slot from cell j |
| | T _{CPICHRxi} is the time when the UE receives the CPICH slot from cell i that is closest in time to the |
| | CPICH slot received from cell j |
| Applicable for | Type 1: Idle, Connected Intra |
| | Type 2: Idle, Connected Intra, Connected Inter |
| Range/mapping | Type 1: Time difference is given with a resolution of one chip with the range [0,, 9830399] |
| | chips. |
| | Type 2: Time difference is given with a resolution of 0.5 chip with the range [-1279,, 1280] |
| | chips. |

5.1.13 UE Rx-Tx time difference

| Definition | The difference in time between the UE uplink DPCCH/DPDCH frame transmission and the first significant path, of the downlink DPCH frame from the measured radio link. Measurement shall be made for each cell included in the active set. Note: The definition of "first significant path" needs further elaboration. |
|----------------|---|
| Applicable for | Connected Intra |
| Range/mapping | Always positive. |

5.1.14 PCCPCH RSCP

| <u>Definition</u> | Received Signal Code Power, the received power on one code measured on the PCCPCH from a TDD cell. The reference point for the RSCP is the antenna connector at the UE. |
|-------------------|--|
| | Note: The RSCP can either be measured on the data part or the midamble of a burst, since there is no power difference between these two parts. However, in order to have a common reference, |
| | measurement on the midamble is assumed. |
| Applicable for | Idle, Connected Inter |
| Range/mapping | PCCPCH RSCP is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-115,, -40] dBm. |

5.2 UTRAN measurement abilities

The structure of the table defining a UTRAN measurement quantity is shown below:

| Column field | Comment |
|---------------|--|
| Definition | Contains the definition of the measurement. |
| Range/mapping | Gives the range and mapping to bits for the measurements quantity. |

5.2.1 RSSI

| | Received Signal Strength Indicator, the wide-band received power within the UTRAN uplink carrier channel bandwidth in an UTRAN access point. The reference point for the RSSI measurements shall be the antenna connector. |
|---------------|--|
| Range/mapping | RSSI is given with a resolution of 0.5 dB with the range [-105,, -70] dBm. |

5.2.2 SIR

| Definition | Signal to Interference Ratio, is defined as the RSCP divided by the ISCP. Measurement shall be performed on the DPCCH after RL combination in Node B. The reference point for the SIR |
|---------------|---|
| | measurements shall be the antenna connector. |
| Range/mapping | SIR is given with a resolution of 0.5 dB with the range [-10,, 20] dB. |

5.2.3 Transmitted carrier power

| Definition | Transmitted carrier power, is the total transmitted power on one carrier from one UTRAN access point. Measurement shall be possible on any carrier transmitted from the UTRAN access point. The reference point for the total transmitted power measurement shall be the antenna connector. In case of Tx diversity the total transmitted power for each branch shall be measured. |
|---------------|--|
| Range/mapping | Transmitted carrier power is given with a resolution of 0.5 dB with the range [10,, 50] dBm. |

5.2.4 Transmitted code power

| | Transmitted code power, is the transmitted power on one carrier, one scrambling code and one channelisation code. Measurement shall be possible on any channelisation code transmitted from the UTRAN access point. The reference point for the transmitted code power measurement shall be the antenna connector. In case of Tx diversity the transmitted code power for each branch shall be measured. |
|---------------|--|
| Range/mapping | Transmitted code power is given with a resolution of 0.5 dB with the range [0,, 46] dBm. |