3GPP TSG RAN WG1 Meeting #9 Dresden, Germany, Nov 30 - Dec 3, 1999

Document R1-99i36

e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

			se see embedded help file at the bottom of this e for instructions on how to fill in this form correctly.					
		25.212	CR	016		Current Versi	on: 3.0.0	
GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑								
						strate non-strate	gic use o	only)
Proposed change affects: (U)SIM ME X UTRAN / Radio X Core Network (at least one should be marked with an X)								
Source:	Nokia					Date:	24.11.99	
Subject:	Removal of	TrCH restriction	in DSCF	H CCTrC	Н			
Work item:								
Category: (only one category shall be marked with an X)	Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release Release 96 Addition of feature Release 97 Functional modification of feature Release 98							X
Reason for change:	RAN WG2 and RAN WG1 have agreed that there is no restrictions about the number of Transport Channels in DSCH CCTrCH							
Clauses affected: 4.2.13.5								
Other specs affected:	Other 3G cor Other GSM of specifical MS test specific BSS test specific O&M specific	-	→ List of	f CRs: f CRs: f CRs:				
Other comments:								
help.doc								

<----- double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.

4.2.13 Restrictions on different types of CCTrCHs

Restrictions on the different types of CCTrCHs are described in general terms in TS 25.302[11]. In this section those restrictions are given with layer 1 notation.

4.2.13.1 Uplink Dedicated channel (DCH)

The maximum value of the number of TrCHs I in a CCTrCH, the maximum value of the number of transport blocks M_i on each transport channel, and the maximum value of the number of DPDCHs P are given from the UE capability class.

4.2.13.2 Random Access Channel (RACH)

- There can only be one TrCH in each RACH CCTrCH, i.e. I=1, $S_k = f_{1k}$ and $S = V_1$.
- The maximum value of the number of transport blocks M_1 on the transport channel is given from the UE capability class.
- The transmission time interval is always 10 ms, i.e. $e_{1k} = c_{1k}$ and $N_1 = E_1$.
- At initial RACH transmission the rate matching attribute has a predefined value.
- Only one PRACH is used, i.e. P=1, $u_{1k}=s_k$, and U=s.

4.2.13.3 Common Packet Channel (CPCH)

- The maximum value of the number of TrCHs I in a CCTrCH, the maximum value of the number of transport blocks M_i on each transport channel, and the maximum value of the number of DPDCHs P are given from the UE capability class.

NOTE: Only the data part of the CPCH can be mapped on multiple physical channels (this note is taken from TS 25.302).

4.2.13.4 Downlink Dedicated Channel (DCH)

The maximum value of the number of TrCHs I in a CCTrCH, the maximum value of the number of transport blocks M_i on each transport channel, and the maximum value of the number of DPDCHs P are given from the UE capability class.

4.2.13.5 Downlink Shared Channel (DSCH) associated with a DCH

- The spreading factor is indicated with the TFCI or with higher layer signalling on DCH.
- There can only be one TrCH in each DSCH CCTrCH, i.e. I=1, $S_k=-f_{1k}$ and $S=V_1$.
- The maximum value of the number of transport blocks M_1 on the transport channel and the maximum value of the number of PDSCHs P are given from the UE capability class.

4.2.13.6 Broadcast channel (BCH)

- There can only be one TrCH in the BCH CCTrCH, i.e. I=1, $s_k = f_{1k}$, and $S = V_1$.
- There can only be one transport block in each transmission time interval, i.e. $M_1 = 1$.
- All transport format attributes have predefined values.
- Only one primary CCPCH is used, i.e. *P*=1.

4.2.13.7 Forward access and paging channels (FACH and PCH)

- The maximum value of the number of TrCHs I in a CCTrCH and the maximum value of the number of transport blocks M_i on each transport channel are given from the UE capability class.
- The transmission time interval for TrCHs of PCH type is always 10 ms.
- Only one secondary CCPCH is used per CCTrCH, i.e. *P*=1.