TSG-RAN Meeting #28 Quebec, Canada, 01-03 June 2005

RP-050315 agenda item 8.4

Source: TSG-RAN WG2.

Title: CRs (Rel-6) on MBMS corrections (25.322 and 25.323)

The following CRs are in RP-050315:

Spec	CR	Rev	Phase	Subject		Version-Current	Version-New	Doc-2nd-Level	Workitem
25.322	0273	-	Rel-6	Clarification on a Transmitter Constraint	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R2-051132	MBMS-RAN
25.322	0279	1	Rel-6	Clarification of the "Out of sequence SDU delivery"	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R2-051571	MBMS-RAN
25.322	0281	-	Rel-6	Correction to Out Of Sequence Delivery	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R2-051565	MBMS-RAN
25.322	0282	-		Clarification on operations when UE MCCH RLC entity is re-established and OSD_Window_Size is reconfigured	F	6.3.0	6.4.0	R2-051564	MBMS-RAN
25.323	0060	1	Rel-6	Introduction of MBMS	В	6.1.0	6.2.0	R2- 051566	MBMS-RAN

3GPP TSG-RAN2 Meeting #46bis Beijing, China, 4th – 8th April 2005

	CHANGE REQUEST
	25.322 CR 0273
For <u>HELP</u> on usi	ing this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the \mathbb{K} symbols.
Proposed change at	ME Radio Access Network Core Network
Title: # (Clarification on a Transmitter Constraint
Source:	RAN WG2
Work item code: ₩	MBMS-RAN
Reason for change:	Release: Rel-6 Use one of the following categories: F (correction) A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release) B (addition of feature), C (functional modification of feature) Physical Release 1996) Release 1997) C (functional modification of feature) Physical Release 1998) Potatiled explanations of the above categories can release (Release 4) Rel-6 (Release 5) Rel-6 (Release 6) Rel-7 (Release 7) When UM out of sequence SDU delivery is configured there is a constraint on transmitter operation if duplicate transfer of MBMS Access Information is to be avoided. There is currently no record of this constraint in the TS. A note is added to section 11.2.3.2 indicating that, when configured for UM out of sequence SDU delivery, the transmitting RLC should not: transmit within a single PDU, SDUs or fractions of SDUs that contain MBMS Access Information messages with the special length indicator "0000 000","0000 0000 0000 000", and "1111 1111 1111 011"
Consequences if not approved:	## There is a risk that the transmitting RLC may cause duplicate transfer of MBMS Access Information.
Clauses affected:	第 11.2.3.2
Other specs affected:	Y N X Other core specifications
Other comments:	光

How to create CRs using this form:

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at http://www.3gpp.org/specs/CR.htm. Below is a brief summary:

- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked \(\mathcal{H} \) contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2001-03 contains the specifications resulting from the March 2001 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

CR-Form-v7

11.2.3.2 Out of sequence SDU delivery

To enable the recovery of SDUs from UMD PDUs that are received in different transmissions the receiving function shall store PDUs until all SDUs that are associated with the PDU can be reconstructed or until they are discarded in accordance with the procedures described below. SDUs are transferred to the upper layers as soon as all PDUs that contain the SDU (and any associated PDU containing the special "Length Indicator" "0000 000 or "0000 0000 0000") have been received.

Upon delivery of a set of UMD PDUs from the lower layer, the Receiver shall for each PDU (in the following SN denotes the sequence number of each PDU):

- If the PDU is the first PDU received:
 - VR(UOH) shall be assigned the value SN-1.
- if $VR(UOH) \ge SN > VR(UOH) OSD_Window_Size$ then:
 - if a PDU with sequence number SN is already stored:
 - discard the PDU;
 - else:
 - store the PDU in sequence number order.
- else:
 - VR(UOH) = SN thereby advancing the storage window;
 - store the PDU in sequence number order;
 - remove from storage any PDUs whose sequence numbers, SN, are outside of the storage window VR(UOH) ≥ SN > VR(UOH) − OSD_Window_Size;
 - if Timer_OSD is active then Timer_OSD shall be stopped;
 - Timer_OSD shall be started.
- if PDU with sequence number SN was stored:
 - taking account of any consecutively numbered stored PDUs (with lower or higher indexes) and using the values of the "Length Indicators", if any, in each PDU:
 - re-assemble the PDUs into SDUs;
 - submit the RLC SDUs to upper layers through the UM-SAP;
 - remove from storage any PDUs for which all associated SDUs have been re-assembled. PDUs containing the special length indicators "0000 000", "0000 0000 0000 000" or "1111 1111 1111 011" should not be deleted unless SDUs associated with this length indicator have been recovered or will be capable of recovery.

NOTE:If PDUs are removed from storage after SDU recovery then retransmitted PDUs may result in the duplicate transfer of SDUs to the higher layers.

- if Timer_OSD expires:
 - remove from storage all stored PDUs.

NOTE1: When configured for out of sequence SDU delivery the transmitter shall not, following transmission of a PDU with sequence number SN, including retransmissions, permit VT(US) to advance beyond 128+SN-OSD_Window_Size within a time equal to the duration of Timer_OSD.

- NOTE2: The transmitter should not concatenate within a single PDU, SDUs or fractions of SDUs that contain MBMS Access Information messages with SDUs or fractions of SDUs that contain other MCCH message types.
- NOTE3: The transmitter should not transmit within a single PDU, SDUs or fractions of SDUs that contain MBMS Access Information messages with the special length indicator "0000 000", "0000 0000 0000 000", and "1111 1111 1111 011"

Tdoc #R2-051571

3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 Meeting #47 Athens, Greece, 9 – 13 May 2005

Revised R2-051555

	CHAN	GE REQ	UE	ST	-	C	R-Form-v7.1
#	25.322 CR 0279	жrev	1	¥	Current version:	6.3.0	¥

For <u>HELP</u> on using this form, see bottom of this page or look at the pop-up text over the \mathbb{K} symbols.

Proposed chan	ge (ffects: UICC apps業 <mark> ME</mark> X Radio Acc	ess Netwo	rk X Core Network
Title:	\mathfrak{R}	Clarification of the "Out of sequence SDU delivery"		
		'		
Source:	\mathfrak{H}	RAN WG2		
Work item code	e: #	MBMS-RAN	Date: ₩	12/05/2005
Category:	$_{\aleph}$	F	Release: #	Rel-6
,		Use one of the following categories:	Use one of	the following releases:
		F (correction)	Ph2	(GSM Phase 2)
		A (corresponds to a correction in an earlier release)	R96	(Release 1996)
		B (addition of feature),	R97	(Release 1997)
		C (functional modification of feature)	R98	(Release 1998)
		D (editorial modification)	R99	(Release 1999)
		Detailed explanations of the above categories can	Rel-4	(Release 4)
		be found in 3GPP TR 21.900.	Rel-5	(Release 5)
			Rel-6	(Release 6)
			Rel-7	(Release 7)

Reason for change: #	The assignment of the value SN to VR(UOH) advancing the OSD storage window is not clearly specified.
	The NOTE 1 does not clearly reflect that the retransmissions of a certain P

need to be taken into account when determining the rate of SN advancements on the transmitting side. The NOTE 1 also contains a small error in the numerical expression restricting the advancement of VT(US).

The new NOTE is needed to reflect how the transmitter could be implemented to handle the transmission of ACCESS INFORMATION messages.

Summary of change: # The assignment of the value SN to VR(UOH) is clarified.

The NOTE 1 is redrafted to reflect that the transmitter may need to take the possibility of undetected protocol errors on the receiver side into account. The numerical expression is corrected.

A NOTE 3 is added to clarify a possible transmitter behaviour at the transmission of ACCESS INFORMATION messages.

Certain editorial corrections.

Consequences if not approved:

If not approved, the assignment of the value SN to VR(UOH) is not clear. The NOTE 1 can be misinterpreted. It is unclear how the transmitter could handle the transmission of ACCESS INFORMATION messages.

Clauses affected: # 11.2.3.2

YN

Other specs affected:		X Other core specifications X Test specifications O&M Specifications	x
Other comments:	\mathfrak{H}		

11.2.3.2 Out of sequence SDU delivery

To enable the recovery of SDUs from UMD PDUs that are received in different transmissions the receiving function shall store PDUs until all SDUs that are associated with the PDU can be reconstructed or until they are discarded in accordance with the procedures described below. SDUs are transferred to the upper layers as soon as all PDUs that contain the SDU (and any associated PDU containing the special "Length Indicator" "0000 000 or "0000 0000 0000 000") have been received.

Upon delivery of a set of UMD PDUs from the lower layer, the Receiver shall for each PDU (in the following SN denotes the sequence number of each PDU):

- If the PDU is the first PDU received:
 - VR(UOH) shall be assigned the value SN-1.
- if $VR(UOH) \ge SN > VR(UOH) OSD_Window_Size$ then:
 - if a PDU with sequence number SN is already stored:
 - discard the PDU:
 - else:
 - store the PDU in sequence number order.
- else:
 - VR(UOH) = shall be assigned the value SN, thereby advancing the storage window;
 - store the PDU in sequence number order;
 - remove from storage any PDUs whose sequence numbers, SN, are outside of the storage window VR(UOH) ≥ SN > VR(UOH) OSD_Window_Size;
 - if Timer_OSD is active then Timer_OSD shall be stopped;
 - Timer_OSD shall be started.
- if PDU with sequence number SN was stored:
 - taking account of any consecutively numbered stored PDUs (with lower or higher indexes) and using the values of the "Length Indicators", if any, in each PDU:
 - re-assemble the PDUs into SDUs;
 - submit the RLC SDUs to upper layers through the UM-SAP;
 - remove from storage any PDUs for which all associated SDUs have been re-assembled. PDUs containing the special length indicators "0000 000", "0000 0000 0000 000" or "1111 1111 1111 011" should not be deleted unless SDUs associated with this length indicator have been recovered or will be capable of recovery.

NOTE <u>0</u>: If PDUs are removed from storage after SDU recovery then retransmitted PDUs may result in the duplicate transfer of SDUs to the higher layers. [Note to the editor: the paragraph style is changed.]

- if Timer_OSD expires:
 - remove from storage all stored PDUs.

NOTE 1: When configured for out of sequence SDU delivery, the transmitter should consider the possibility that a loss of a number of 128 – OSD Window Size consecutively numbered PDUs may result in an undetected protocol error in the receiver, if the transmit state variable VT(US), at the end of a time interval equal to the duration of Timer OSD, is greater than 128 + SN – OSD Window Size + 1, where SN is the lowest sequence number of any PDU transmitted or retransmitted within that time interval.

- NOTE1: When configured for out of sequence SDU delivery the transmitter shall not, following transmission of a PDU with sequence number SN, including retransmissions, permit VT(US) to advance beyond 128+SN-OSD_Window_Size within a time equal to the duration of Timer_OSD.
- NOTE_2: The transmitter should not concatenate within a single PDU, SDUs or fractions of SDUs that contain MBMS Access Information messages with SDUs or fractions of SDUs that contain other MCCH message types. [Note to the editor: the paragraph style is changed.]
- NOTE 3: SDUs are contained within consecutively numbered PDUs. To enable SDUs containing MBMS Access

 Information messages to be transmitted at their designated times, the transmitter may transmit PDUs out of sequence order.

Other comments: #

Athens, GREECE, 9 th - 13 th May 2005											
			(CHANG	E RE	QUE	ST			(CR-Form-v7.1
*	25	.322	CR	0281	жrev	-	ж	Current vers	sion:	6.3.0	æ
For <u>HELP</u> on t	ısing	this for	rm, see	bottom of	this page o	or look	at the	e pop-up text	ove	r the	mbols.
Proposed change	affec	ts:	UICC a	npps#	ME[X Rad	dio A	ccess Netwo	rk X	Core Ne	etwork
Title:	Co	rrectio	n to Ou	ıt Of Seque	nce Delive	ery					
Source:	RA	N WG	2								
 Work item code: ∺	B ME	MS-R	AN					Date: ₩	04	/04/2005	
Reason for chang	Deta be fo	F (con. A (cor. B (add. C (fun. D (edi. iiled expound inFor. the S need reas. withThe 0000 omitsThe	RLC SSDUS by Special S	ds to a correct feature), modification odification) ons of the about 21.900. DUS to be rout also lengut current tead from the pulling all length ind 000" and "1 1111 1111 used in oth	recovered gth indicator that 1111 1111 1011".	from Rors that 5.322 s s without needs 1111 (TS25.3	RLC Pt indiceems out the D11".	Release: ## Use one of Ph2 Ph2 Ph2 Ph3 R96 R97 R98 R99 Rel-4 Rel-5 Rel-6 Rel-7 PDUs, not onloate the bourds to suggest to be help of length expenses to considered Current text re "segments inment of terms."	the for (GSI) (Relative for the form) (Relative for the for the form) (Relative for the for the form) (Relative for the for th	ollowing reliable of Phase 2) ease 1996) ease 1997) ease 1998) ease 1999) ease 4) ease 5) ease 6) ease 7) the segments of SDU clicator ass cloool 0000 e specifica DU" and "	ents of s are can be sociated ", "0000 tion
Summary of chang	ge: ૠ	all th		nents of the				be transferre ndicator asso			
Consequences if not approved:	#	RLC	SDU	can not be p	oroperly dis	sassen	nbled	and transfer	red to	o upper la	yer.
Clauses affected:	¥	11.2	.3.2								
Other specs affected:	¥	Y N X X	Other Test	core speci specification Specification	ns	₩					

How to create CRs using this form:

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at http://www.3gpp.org/specs/CR.htm. Below is a brief summary:

- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2001-03 contains the specifications resulting from the March 2001 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

11.2.3.2 Out of sequence SDU delivery

To enable the recovery of SDUs from UMD PDUs that are received in different transmissions the receiving function shall store PDUs until all SDUs that are associated with the PDU can be reconstructed or until they are discarded in accordance with the procedures described below. SDUs are transferred to the upper layers as soon as all PDUs that contain the segments of the SDU and the "Length Indicator" indicating the end of the SDU (and any associated PDU containing the special "Length Indicator" "0000 0000 0000 0000 0000") have been received.

Upon delivery of a set of UMD PDUs from the lower layer, the Receiver shall for each PDU (in the following SN denotes the sequence number of each PDU):

- If the PDU is the first PDU received:
 - VR(UOH) shall be assigned the value SN-1.
- if $VR(UOH) \ge SN > VR(UOH) OSD_Window_Size$ then:
 - if a PDU with sequence number SN is already stored:
 - discard the PDU;
 - else:
 - store the PDU in sequence number order.
- else:
 - VR(UOH) = SN thereby advancing the storage window;
 - store the PDU in sequence number order;
 - remove from storage any PDUs whose sequence numbers, SN, are outside of the storage window VR(UOH) ≥ SN > VR(UOH) − OSD_Window_Size;
 - if Timer_OSD is active then Timer_OSD shall be stopped;
 - Timer_OSD shall be started.
- if PDU with sequence number SN was stored:
 - taking account of any consecutively numbered stored PDUs (with lower or higher indexes) and using the values of the "Length Indicators", if any, in each PDU:
 - re-assemble the PDUs into SDUs;
 - submit the RLC SDUs to upper layers through the UM-SAP;
 - remove from storage any PDUs for which all associated SDUs have been re-assembled. PDUs containing the special length indicators "0000 000", "0000 0000 0000 000" or "1111 1111 1111 011" should not be deleted unless SDUs associated with this length indicator have been recovered or will be capable of recovery.

NOTE: If PDUs are removed from storage after SDU recovery then retransmitted PDUs may result in the duplicate transfer of SDUs to the higher layers.

- if Timer_OSD expires:
 - remove from storage all stored PDUs.
 - NOTE1: When configured for out of sequence SDU delivery the transmitter shall not, following transmission of a PDU with sequence number SN, including retransmissions, permit VT(US) to advance beyond 128+SN-OSD_Window_Size within a time equal to the duration of Timer_OSD.
 - NOTE2: The transmitter should not concatenate within a single PDU, SDUs or fractions of SDUs that contain MBMS Access Information messages with SDUs or fractions of SDUs that contain other MCCH message types.

3GPP TSG-RAN2 Meeting #47 Athens, Greece, 9th – 13th May 2005

		(CHANGE	REQ	UE	ST		C	R-Form-v7.1
ж	25.322	CR	0282	жrev	-	¥	Current version:	6.3.0	æ
F U	EID on voice this for								

	20.0	ZZ OK OZO	001			0.5.0
For <u>HELP</u> or	n using thi	s form, see botto	m of this pag	e or look at th	ne pop-up text	over the % symbols.
Proposed chang	ie affects.	: UICC appsЖ	M	E X Radio A	Access Networ	k Core Network
Title:		cation on operation Window_Size is r		MCCH RLC	entity is re-esta	ablished and
Source:	₩ RAN	WG2				
Work item code:	· <mark> </mark>	S-RAN			<i>Date:</i> ∺	13/05/2005
Category:	F A B C D Detaile	e of the following of (correction) (corresponds to a (addition of feature (functional modification of the control of the contr	correction in a e), ation of featur tion) ne above cate	e)	Ph2 se) R96 R97 R98 R99 Rel-4 Rel-5	Rel-6 the following releases: (GSM Phase 2) (Release 1996) (Release 1997) (Release 1998) (Release 1999) (Release 4) (Release 5) (Release 6) (Release 7)
Reason for chan	re	ceiving entity shown the parameter	old operate on OSD_Window	the MCCH spe w_Size is recor	ecific State Vari nfigured, the nev	

of the recieving window.

In current specification, the UE behaviors in such cases are not clarified.

Summary of change: # The changes are listed as follows:

- 1. It is clarified that the RLC entity shall stop all timers when UM RLC entity is reestablished by upper layers.
- 2. It is clarified that VR(UOH) shall also be reset to its initial value when RLC UM entity is re-established.
- 3. When OSD_Window_Size is reconfigured, The UE behaviour is added into Section 9.7.9.

Consequences if not approved:

₩ An unnecessary timers may still be active when the UM RLC entity is re-established by upper layers. It will cause the UE to consume more power resource and the remaining PDUs will not be discarded.

The former value of VR(UOH) may be kept when the MCCH receiving entity has been re-established.

The PDUs out of the receiving window will still be stored in buffer, which will cause error SDU combination.

Clauses affected:	Ж	9.7	7, 11.2.3.2, 9.7.9		
	Г	1 Y	\Box		
Other specs	\mathfrak{R})	Other core specifications	\mathfrak{R}	
affected:)	Test specifications		
)	O&M Specifications		
Other comments:	\mathfrak{H}				

How to create CRs using this form:

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at http://www.3gpp.org/specs/CR.htm. Below is a brief summary:

- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked \(\mathcal{H} \) contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2001-03 contains the specifications resulting from the March 2001 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

CR-Form-v7

9.7.7 RLC re-establishment function for acknowledged and unacknowledged mode

RLC re-establishment is performed upon request by upper layers.

The RLC re-establishment function is applicable for AM or UM RLC. For UM, the whole RLC entity is re-established. For AM, upper layers may request re-establishment of the whole RLC entity or only the transmitting or receiving side of the RLC entity.

When an UM RLC entity is re-established by upper layers, the RLC entity shall:

- reset the state variables to their initial value;
- set the configurable parameters to their configured value;
- set the hyper frame number (HFN) to the value configured by upper layers;
- if it is a receiving UM RLC entity:
 - discard all UMD PDUs.
 - stop all timers;
- if it is a transmitting UM RLC entity:
 - discard the RLC SDUs for which one or more segments have been submitted to a lower layer;
 - if requested:
 - inform the upper layers of the discarded SDUs.
 - not stop Timer_Discard if the RLC SDU is not discarded.

When the transmitting and/or receiving side of an AM RLC entity is re-established by upper layers, the RLC entity shall:

- if the receiving side of the RLC entity is re-established:
 - reset the state variables specified for the receiver in subclause 9.4 to their initial values;
 - set the configurable parameters applicable for the receiving side in subclause 9.6 to their configured values;
 - set the hyper frame number (HFN) in the receiving side (DL in the UE) to the value configured by upper layers;
 - discard the control PDUs in both transmitting and receiving side and the AMD PDUs in the receiving side.
- if the transmitting side of the RLC entity is re-established:
 - reset the state variables specified for the sender in subclause 9.4 to their initial values;
 - set the configurable parameters applicable for the transmitting side in subclause 9.6 to their configured values;
 - set the hyper frame number (HFN) in the transmitting side (UL in the UE) to the value configured by upper layers.
 - if only the transmitter side of the RLC entity is re-established:
 - discard the control PDUs in both the transmitting and receiving side and all SDUs in the transmitting side that have been completely transmitted (the AMD PDUs containing segments of the SDU and the "Length Indicator" indicating the end of the SDU have been transmitted);
 - re-segment the SDUs that were not discarded into AMD PDUs with the configured RLC PDU size (that may be different from the size before the re-establishment).
 - if both the transmitter and receiver side of the RLC entity is re-established:

- discard the control PDUs in both transmitting and receiving side and the AMD PDUs in the transmitting side.
- stop all timers described in subclause 9.5 except Timer_Poll_Periodic and Timer_Status_Periodic;
- discard all AMD PDUs and control PDUs in both the receiving side and the transmitting side of the RLC entity;
- if requested:
 - inform the upper layers of the discarded SDUs.

NOTE: If the TFC selection exchange has been initiated by sending the RLC Entity Info parameter to MAC, the RLC entity may delay the re-establishment function until the end of the next TTI.

/*** Cut until the next modification ***/

9.7.9 Reconfiguration of RLC parameters by upper layers

The RLC parameters for an RLC entity may be reconfigured (modifed) by upper layers.

When an RLC parameter is reconfigured by the upper layer, the UE shall:

- start using the reconfigured value of the RLC parameter.

If the parameter Configured_Rx_Window_Size is reconfigured:

- the UE shall update the state variable VR(MR), (see clause 9.4);
- for AMD PDUs with "Sequence Number" x such that $VR(MR) \le x \le VR(H)$:
 - the UE may discard these AMD PDUs:
 - consider the discarded AMD PDUs as not having been received.

If the parameter Configured_Tx_Window_Size is reconfigured:

- the UE shall set the state variable VT(WS) equal to the Configured Tx Window Size;
- the UE shall update the state variable VT(MS), (see subclause 9.4);
- for AMD PDUs with "Sequence Number" x such that VT(MS)<=x<VT(S):
 - the UE shall not discard any AMD PDUs that are not positively acknowledged;
 - the UE may discard AMD PDUs that are positively acknowledged.

When the transmission window size or the reception window size is reconfigured the required buffer memory may temporarily exceed the size of the configured window and thus exceed the available buffer memory (see subclause 11.3.4.9).

If the parameter OSD_Window_Size is reconfigured:

- UE shall remove from storage any PDUs whose sequence numbers, SN, are outside of the storage window VR(UOH) >= SN > VR(UOH) – OSD Window Size;

/*** Cut until the next modification ***/

11.2.3.2 Out of sequence SDU delivery

To enable the recovery of SDUs from UMD PDUs that are received in different transmissions the receiving function shall store PDUs until all SDUs that are associated with the PDU can be reconstructed or until they are discarded in accordance with the procedures described below. SDUs are transferred to the upper layers as soon as all PDUs that contain the SDU

(and any associated PDU containing the special "Length Indicator" "0000 000 or "0000 0000 0000 000") have been received.

Upon delivery of a set of UMD PDUs from the lower layer, the Receiver shall for each PDU (in the following SN denotes the sequence number of each PDU):

- If the PDU is the first PDU received (<u>after the receiving entity is established or re-established</u>):
 - VR(UOH) shall be assigned the value SN-1.
- if $VR(UOH) \ge SN > VR(UOH) OSD_Window_Size$ then:
 - if a PDU with sequence number SN is already stored:
 - discard the PDU;
 - else:
 - store the PDU in sequence number order.
- else:
 - VR(UOH) = SN thereby advancing the storage window;
 - store the PDU in sequence number order;
 - remove from storage any PDUs whose sequence numbers, SN, are outside of the storage window VR(UOH) ≥ SN > VR(UOH) − OSD_Window_Size;
 - if Timer_OSD is active then Timer_OSD shall be stopped;
 - Timer_OSD shall be started.
- if PDU with sequence number SN was stored:
 - taking account of any consecutively numbered stored PDUs (with lower or higher indexes) and using the values of the "Length Indicators", if any, in each PDU:
 - re-assemble the PDUs into SDUs;
 - submit the RLC SDUs to upper layers through the UM-SAP;
 - remove from storage any PDUs for which all associated SDUs have been re-assembled. PDUs containing the special length indicators "0000 000", "0000 0000 0000 000" or "1111 1111 1111 011" should not be deleted unless SDUs associated with this length indicator have been recovered or will be capable of recovery.

NOTE:If PDUs are removed from storage after SDU recovery then retransmitted PDUs may result in the duplicate transfer of SDUs to the higher layers.

- if Timer_OSD expires:
- remove from storage all stored PDUs.

3GPP TSG-2 Meeting #47 Athens, Greece 9th -13^h of May 2005

	CHANGE REQUEST									
×	25.323	CR <mark>0060</mark>	≋rev	1 *	Current version	6.1.0	¥			
For <u>HELP</u> on u	sing this form	, see bottom of thi	is page or l	look at the	e pop-up text ov	er the % syn	nbols.			
Proposed change	affects: Ul	CC apps ⋇	ME X	Radio A	ccess Network	X Core Ne	twork			
Title: ೫	Introduction	of MBMS								
Source: #	RAN WG2									
 Work item code: ₩	MBMS-RAN	V			Date:	3/05/2005				
Category: 第	F (corre A (corre release) B (addi C (func D (edito Detailed explai	e following categorie ection) esponds to a correct tion of feature), tional modification or irial modification) anations of the above GPP TR 21.900.	ion in an ea f feature)		Use <u>one</u> of the Ph2 (GS R96 (Re R97 (Re R98 (Re R99 (Re Rel-4 (Re Rel-5 (Re	SM Phase 2) elease 1996) elease 1997) elease 1998) elease 1999) elease 4) elease 5) elease 6)	eases:			
Reason for change	e: 器 Introdu	ction of MBMS in	specification	on						
Summary of chang	- The r change - The r group synchr	eviations related to equirement to kee e of cell group equirement to wai where no combining onization g the requirement	p the station t for Ir-dyn ng is done	c part of t / Dyn pad in order t	cket at cell chang o avoid header o	ge in the sar corruption du	me cell ue to de-			
Consequences if not approved:		requence of transman a higher overhead		IR packet	s needs to be hi	igher, which	will			
Clauses affected:	第 3.2, 5.2	x, 5.x.1, 5.x.2, 7.1								
Other specs affected:		Other core specifications O&M Specification	3	X						
Other comments:	ж —									

How to create CRs using this form:

Comprehensive information and tips about how to create CRs can be found at http://www.3gpp.org/specs/CR.htm.

Below is a brief summary:

- 1) Fill out the above form. The symbols above marked \(\mathcal{H} \) contain pop-up help information about the field that they are closest to.
- 2) Obtain the latest version for the release of the specification to which the change is proposed. Use the MS Word "revision marks" feature (also known as "track changes") when making the changes. All 3GPP specifications can be downloaded from the 3GPP server under ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/specs/ For the latest version, look for the directory name with the latest date e.g. 2001-03 contains the specifications resulting from the March 2001 TSG meetings.
- 3) With "track changes" disabled, paste the entire CR form (use CTRL-A to select it) into the specification just in front of the clause containing the first piece of changed text. Delete those parts of the specification which are not relevant to the change request.

3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

AS Access Stratum
CID Context Identifier

C-SAP Control Service Access Point

HC Header Compression

IETF Internet Engineering Task Force

IP Internet Protocol
L2 Layer 2 (data link layer)
L3 Layer 3 (network layer)

MBMS Multimedia Broadcast Multicast Service

M-HC Mobile Header Compressor

M-HCD Mobile Header Compressor/Decompressor

M-HD Mobile Header Decompressor

NAS Non Access Stratum

N-HC Network Header Compressor

N-HCD Network Header Compressor/Decompressor

N-HD Network Header Decompressor PDCP Packet Data Convergence Protocol

PDU Protocol Data Unit
PID Packet Identifier
PPP Point-to-Point Protocol

p-t-p Point-to-Point
p-t-m Point-to-Multipoint
RB Radio Bearer

RFC Request For Comments
RLC Radio Link Control
RNC Radio Network Controller
ROHC RObust Header Compression

RTP Real Time Protocol SDU Service Data Unit

TCP Transmission Control Protocol UDP User Datagram Protocol

UE User Equipment

UMTS Universal Mobile Telecommunications System

UTRA UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access

UTRAN UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access Network

5.x Header Compression and Decompression for MBMS

Header compression and decompression for a p-t-m MBMS service is performed in ROHC U-mode.

Applying ROHC for p-t-m RB configuration is optional and should be configured per MBMS session.

5.x.1 Cell change inside the same cell group

When a UE moves to a cell that is the same cell group with that of the previous cell while reciving a p-t-m MBMS service which is provided in both cells, the UE shall

- if no combining is applied for the service between two cells
 - stop header decompression in the new cell [FFS].
 - re-initialise header decompression after receiving IR-DYN or IR packet.
- Else

continue header decompression during and after cell change.

5.x.2 Cell change between cell groups

When a UE moves to a cell that is the different cell group with that of the previous cell while reciving a p-t-m MBMS service which is provided in both cells, the UE shall

- reconfigure and re-initialise the PDCP entity.
- reuse the static part of the header decompressor context used in the previous cell [FFS].
- re-initialise header decompression after receiving IR-DYN [FFS] or IR packet and correcting the CID of the context with the CID being used in the new cell.

7 Elements for layer-to-layer communication

The interaction between the PDCP layer and other layers are described in terms of primitives where the primitives represent the logical exchange of information and control between the PDCP layer and other layers. The primitives shall not specify or constrain implementations.

7.1 Primitives between PDCP and upper layers

The primitives between PDCP and upper layers are shown in Table 5.

Table 5: Primitives between PDCP and upper layers

Generic Name	Parameter								
	Req.	Ind.	Resp.	Conf.					
PDCP-DATA	Data	Data	Not Defined	Not Defined					
CPDCP-CONFIG	PDCP-Info, RLC-SAP SN_Sync, R/I/C <u>/RS</u> , Context-Info	Not Defined	Not Defined	Not Defined					
CPDCP-CONTEXT	None	Not Defined	Not Defined	Context-Info					
CPDCP-RELEASE	RLC-SAP	Not Defined	Not Defined	Not Defined					
CPDCP-SN	PDCP SN	Not Defined	Not Defined	Not Defined					
CPDCP-RELOC	Next_Receive_SN	Not Defined	Not Defined	Next_Receive_SN, Next_Send_SN					

Each Primitive is defined as follows:

- a) PDCP-DATA-Req./Ind.
 - PDCP-DATA-Req is used by upper user-plane protocol layers to request a transmission of upper layer PDU. PDCP-DATA-Ind is used to deliver PDCP SDU that has been received to upper user plane protocol layers.
- b) CPDCP-CONFIG-Req.
 - CPDCP-CONFIG-Req is used to configure and in case of already existing PDCP entity to reconfigure a PDCP entity and to assign it to the radio bearer associated with that entity.
- c) CPDCP-RELEASE-Req.
 - CPDCP-RELEASE-Req is used by upper layers to release a PDCP entity.
- d) CPDCP-SN-Req.
 - This primitive is used at the UTRAN. CPDCP-SN-Req is used to transfer the PDCP SN to PDCP.
- e) CPDCP-RELOC-Req/Conf.

- CPDCP-RELOC-Req initiates the SRNS Relocation procedure in PDCP for those radio bearers that are configured to support lossless SRNS Relocation. The Next_Receive_SN is only included at the UE side.
- CPDCP-RELOC-Conf is used to transfer the Next_Receive_SN and/or Next_Send_SN to upper layers for lossless SRNS Relocation. The Next_Send_SN is only included at the source RNC.

f) CPDCP-CONTEXT-Req./Conf.

- CPDCP-CONTEXT-Req initiates specific actions in the source RNC in order to perform context relocation as a part of the SRNS relocation. The primitive is applicable only in the source RNC.
- CPDCP-CONTEXT-Conf is used to transfer the header compression context information from PDCP to upper layer in order to perform context relocation as a part of the SRNS relocation. The primitive is applicable only in the source RNC.

The following parameters are used in the primitives:

1) PDCP-Info:

 Contains the parameters for each of the header compression protocols configured to be used by one PDCP entity.

2) RLC-SAP:

- The RLC-SAP (TM/UM/AM) used by PDCP entity when communicating with RLC sublayer.

3) SN Sync:

- Indicates that PDCP should start PDCP SN synchronisation procedure.

4) Next_Send_SN:

- The Send PDCP SN of the next PDCP SDU to be sent. There is one in the uplink (UL_Send PDCP SN) and one in the downlink (DL_Send PDCP SN). Refer to subclause 5.4.1.

5) Next_Receive_SN:

- The Receive PDCP SN of the next PDCP SDU expected to be received. There is one in the uplink (UL_Receive PDCP SN) and one in the downlink (DL_Receive PDCP SN). Refer to subclause 5.4.1.

6) PDCP SN:

- This includes a PDCP sequence number.

7) R/I/C/RS

Indicates that PDCP should Re-initialise (R)/Initialise (I) the header compression protocols. Alternatively (Context-relocation, C) it indicates that UE PDCP shall perform specific actions related to context relocation during SRNS relocation. (RS) indicates to Re-initialise while keeping the static part of the header compression (only for RFC 3095). R/I/C/RS indication is given separately for each of the configured header compression protocol, if several exist for a given radio bearer.

8) Context-Info:

- Contains the header compression context information of each of the header compression protocols that are subject to the context relocation during SRNS relocation.