

3GPP TSG RAN #102

RP-233595

Edinburgh, Scotland, December 11-15, 2023

Agenda: 9.1.4.3

Joint proposal on the candidate objectives for RAN4 Rel-19 Demodulation requirement enhancement

China Telecom, Samsung, ZTE, Apple, NTT DoCoMo, Huawei,
HiSilicon, OPPO, CATT, China Unicom, CAICT

- In the RAN Rel-19 workshop and RAN#101 meeting, companies have proposed several potential objectives for RAN4 Rel-19 demodulation requirement enhancements in [1-17].

- To verify the state-of-art UE/BS demodulation performance, also consider the interests from operators, UE and BS vendors, in this contribution, a subset of candidate objectives among the proposed objectives is proposed for further consideration/down-selection:

UE side:

- » UE performance requirements with inter cell and with intra-cell inter-user interference for 8Rx CPE/FWA/vehicle/industrial devices (R18 left over)
- » CSI-RS Resource Indicator (CRI) reporting requirements with multiple CSI-RS resources configured
- » FFS the following objective(s):
 - [Enhanced UE CSI reporting requirements with R-ML receiver for SU-MIMO]
 - ~~[UE performance requirements for PDSCH FDM'd with PDCCH]~~

BS side:

- » BS UL demodulation requirements with advanced receiver (MMSE-IRC)

- UE performance requirements with inter cell and with intra-cell inter-user interference for 8Rx CPE/FWA/vehicle/industrial devices
 - » Motivation:
 - Performance requirements for 8Rx UE is introduced in Rel-18 with MMSE-IRC is the assumed receiver.
 - The current 8Rx performance requirements do not cover scenarios with inter cell and with intra-cell inter-user interference, which is mandatory for 2/4Rx UEs from Rel-17.
 - Compared with 2/4Rx, larger gain of MMSE-IRC is expected for 8Rx UEs under interference scenarios, due to larger spatial domain freedom.
 - » Objectives:
 - Define the following requirements for 8Rx CPE/FWA/vehicle/industrial devices:
 - ✓ PDSCH demodulation requirements with inter cell and with intra-cell inter-user interference
 - ✓ CQI reporting requirements with inter cell interference

- UE CSI-RS Resource Indicator (CRI) reporting requirements with multiple CSI-RS resources configured
 - » Motivation:
 - Multiple NZP CSI resources are configured in deployments.
 - In Rel-15 CSI reporting requirements were introduced for NR with only 1 CSI-RS resource configured and no CRI requirements covered.
 - CRI reporting requirements were introduced in LTE FD-MIMO with the purpose to verify the reported CRI is accurate.
 - » Objectives:
 - Define UE CRI reporting requirements with multiple CSI-RS resources configured
 - The test design defined in LTE (9.10 in TS 36.101) can be considered as a starting point

■ [Enhanced UE CSI reporting requirements with R-ML receiver for SU-MIMO]

» Motivation:

- R-ML receiver for SU-MIMO was introduced in Rel-15 and the corresponding PDSCH demodulation requirements are defined.
- The existing UE CSI reporting requirements (introduced in Rel-15 and Rel-17) only covered the baseline MMSE-IRC receiver.
- The mismatch between CSI and actual PDSCH scheduling will lead to lower data rate for UEs supporting R-ML.

» Objectives:

- Define UE CSI reporting requirements with Rel-15 R-ML receiver for SU-MIMO]

■ ~~[UE performance requirements for PDSCH FDM'd with PDCCH]~~

~~» Motivation:~~

- ~~• NR allows FDM between PDSCH and PDCCH in the same OFDM symbol, which is not covered in the current UE performance requirements.~~

~~» Objectives:~~

- ~~• Define UE PDSCH demodulation requirements with PDSCH FDM'd with PDCCH.]~~

■ BS UL demodulation requirements with advanced receiver (MMSE-IRC)

» Motivation:

- The UE MMSE-IRC requirements have been defined in Rel-17. There is necessity to introduce the corresponding BS MMSE-IRC requirements for FDD and TDD.
- HPUE makes severer UL interference in NR than that of LTE.
- In field test with different TDD UL/DL configurations between neighboring cells, heavy gNB-to-gNB co-channel CLI is observed, which can also be mitigated by BS MMSE-IRC.

» Objectives:

- Define BS PUSCH demodulation requirements with MMSE-IRC receiver

- [1] RWS-230019, Overview of RAN4-led topics for Rel-19, 3GPP TSG RAN Rel-19 workshop, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell
- [2] RWS-230108, MediaTek Views on RAN4 Rel-19, 3GPP TSG RAN Rel-19 workshop, MediaTek
- [3] RWS-230224, Initial views on RAN4 led Rel 19 topics, 3GPP TSG RAN Rel-19 workshop, Samsung
- [4] RWS-230225, RAN4 Led Items for Rel-19, 3GPP TSG RAN Rel-19 workshop, Qualcomm Incorporated
- [5] RWS-230262, Initial views on Rel-19 RAN4 package, 3GPP TSG RAN Rel-19 workshop, NTT DOCOMO, INC.
- [6] RWS-230308, Views on Rel-19 RAN4 led topics, 3GPP TSG RAN Rel-19 workshop, ZTE, Sanechips.
- [7] RWS-230460, Overview of Rel-19 RAN4 content, 3GPP TSG RAN Rel-19 workshop, Intel Corporation.
- [8] RP-231711, RAN4-led topics in Rel-19, 3GPP TSG RAN Rel-19 workshop, Nokia, Nokia Shanghai Bell
- [9] RP-231732, Views on RAN4 led Rel 19 topics, 3GPP TSG RAN#101, Samsung
- [10] RP-231998, T-Mobile USA's RAN4 Priorities for Release 19, 3GPP TSG RAN#101, T-Mobile USA
- [11] RP-232000, RAN4 Led Items for Release 19, 3GPP TSG RAN#101, Qualcomm Incorporated
- [12] RP-232087, Initial views on Rel-19 RAN4 package, 3GPP TSG RAN#101, NTT DOCOMO, INC.
- [13] RP-232176, Views on Rel-19 RAN4-led topics, 3GPP TSG RAN#101, ZTE, Sanechips
- [14] RP-232271, Views on RAN4 Rel-19, 3GPP TSG RAN#101, China Telecom
- [15] RP-232441, Views on Rel-19 RAN4-led topics, 3GPP TSG RAN#101, China Telecom
- [16] RP-232592, Apple's view on RAN4-led R19 Work, 3GPP TSG RAN#101, Intel Corporation
- [17] RP 232632, MediaTek Views on RAN4 Rel-19, 3GPP TSG RAN#101, MediaTek

Thanks!

