

**TSG-RAN Meeting #8
Düsseldorf, Germany, 21-23 June 2000**

RP-000275

Title: Agreed CRs to TS 25.225

Source: TSG-RAN WG1

Agenda item: 5.1.3

No.	Doc #	Spec	CR	Rev	Subject	Cat	Current_v	New_v
1	R1-000653	25.225	009	-	Clarifications on TxDiversity for UTRA TDD	F	3.2.0	3.3.0
2	R1-000724	25.225	010	-	Removal of Range/mapping	F	3.2.0	3.3.0
3	R1-000801	25.225	011	-	Removal of transport channel BLER	F	3.2.0	3.3.0

CHANGE REQUEST		Please see embedded help file at the bottom of this page for instructions on how to fill in this form correctly.
25.225	CR	009
GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑		↑ CR number as allocated by MCC support team
For submission to: TSG RAN#8 <small>list expected approval meeting # here ↑</small>		Current Version: 3.2.0
for approval <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		strategic <input type="checkbox"/>
for information <input type="checkbox"/>		non-strategic <input type="checkbox"/> <small>(for SMG use only)</small>

Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG The latest version of this form is available from: <ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/CR-Form-v2.doc>

Proposed change affects: (U)SIM ME UTRAN / Radio Core Network
(at least one should be marked with an X)

Source: TSG RAN WG1 **Date:** 2000-05-12

Subject: Clarifications on TxDiversity for UTRA TDD

Work item: _____

Category:	F Correction <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release <input type="checkbox"/> B Addition of feature <input type="checkbox"/> C Functional modification of feature <input type="checkbox"/> D Editorial modification <input type="checkbox"/>	Release:	Phase 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Release 96 <input type="checkbox"/> Release 97 <input type="checkbox"/> Release 98 <input type="checkbox"/> Release 99 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Release 00 <input type="checkbox"/>
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(only one category shall be marked with an X)

Reason for change: • Clarification on measurements on midamble in case of STTD

Clauses affected: 5.1

Other specs affected:	Other 3G core specifications <input type="checkbox"/> → List of CRs: Other GSM core specifications <input type="checkbox"/> → List of CRs: MS test specifications <input type="checkbox"/> → List of CRs: BSS test specifications <input type="checkbox"/> → List of CRs: O&M specifications <input type="checkbox"/> → List of CRs:	
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Other comments: _____



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5.1 UE measurement abilities

- NOTE 1: Measurements for TDD which are specified on the Primary CCPCH (P-CCPCH) are carried out on the P-CCPCH or other physical channels with beacon function, see [6].
- NOTE 2: For those channels providing beacon function [6], the received power measurements ~~shall be~~ based on the sum of the received powers for midambles $m^{(1)}$ and $m^{(2)}$ if Block-STTD is applied to the P-CCPCH.
- NOTE 3: The UTRAN has to take into account the UE capabilities when specifying the timeslots to be measured in the measurement control message.
- NOTE 4: The RSCP can either be measured on the data part or the midamble of a burst, since there is no power offset between both. However, in order to have a common reference, the measurement on the midamble is assumed.
- NOTE 5: The line 'applicable for' indicates whether the measurement is applicable for inter-frequency and/or intra-frequency and furthermore for idle and/or connected mode.

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Document R1-00-0724

e.g. for 3GPP use the format TP-99xxx
 or for SMG, use the format P-99-xxx

<h2 style="margin: 0;">CHANGE REQUEST</h2>		<i>Please see embedded help file at the bottom of this page for instructions on how to fill in this form correctly.</i>
25.225	CR 010	Current Version: 3.2.0
GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑	↑ CR number as allocated by MCC support team	
For submission to: TSG RAN #8 <small>list expected approval meeting # here</small>	for approval <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> for information <input type="checkbox"/>	strategic <input type="checkbox"/> non-strategic <input type="checkbox"/> <small>(for SMG use only)</small>

Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG The latest version of this form is available from: <ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/CR-Form-v2.doc>

Proposed change affects: (U)SIM ME UTRAN / Radio Core Network
(at least one should be marked with an X)

Source: TSG RAN WG1 **Date:** 22.05.2000

Subject: Removal of Range/mapping

Work item: _____

Category:	F Correction <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release <input type="checkbox"/> B Addition of feature <input type="checkbox"/> C Functional modification of feature <input type="checkbox"/> D Editorial modification <input type="checkbox"/>	Release:	Phase 2 <input type="checkbox"/> Release 96 <input type="checkbox"/> Release 97 <input type="checkbox"/> Release 98 <input type="checkbox"/> Release 99 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Release 00 <input type="checkbox"/>
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(only one category shall be marked with an X)

Reason for change:

- In last RAN#7 meeting it was agreed to remove range/mapping from 25.215 and 25.225 and to add WG4's document. This CR is proposing to remove range/mapping from 25.215 and 25.225.

Clauses affected: 5.1, 5.2

Other specs affected:	Other 3G core specifications <input type="checkbox"/> Other GSM core specifications <input type="checkbox"/> MS test specifications <input type="checkbox"/> BSS test specifications <input type="checkbox"/> O&M specifications <input type="checkbox"/>	→ List of CRs: → List of CRs: → List of CRs: → List of CRs: → List of CRs:	
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Other comments: _____



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5 Measurement abilities for UTRA TDD

In this clause the physical layer measurements reported to higher layers. (this may also include UE internal measurements not reported over the air-interface) are defined.

5.1 UE measurement abilities

NOTE 1: Measurements for TDD which are specified on the Primary CCPCH (P-CCPCH) are carried out on the P-CCPCH or other physical channels with beacon function, see [6].

NOTE 2: For those channels providing beacon function [6], the received power measurements are based on the sum of the received powers for midambles $m^{(1)}$ and $m^{(2)}$.

NOTE 3: The UTRAN has to take into account the UE capabilities when specifying the timeslots to be measured in the measurement control message.

NOTE 4: The RSCP can either be measured on the data part or the midamble of a burst, since there is no power offset between both. However, in order to have a common reference, the measurement on the midamble is assumed.

NOTE 5: The line 'applicable for' indicates whether the measurement is applicable for inter-frequency and/or intra-frequency and furthermore for idle and/or connected mode.

5.1.1 P-CCPCH RSCP

Definition	Received Signal Code Power, the received power on P-CCPCH of own or neighbour cell. The reference point for the RSCP is the antenna connector at the UE.
Applicable for	idle mode, connected mode (intra-frequency & inter-frequency)
Range/mapping	<p>P-CCPCH RSCP is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-115, ..., -25] dBm. P-CCPCH RSCP shall be reported in the unit P-CCPCH_RSCP_LEV where:</p> <p>P-CCPCH_RSCP_LEV_00: P-CCPCH_RSCP < -115dBm P-CCPCH_RSCP_LEV_01: -115dBm ≤ P-CCPCH_RSCP < -114dBm P-CCPCH_RSCP_LEV_02: -114dBm ≤ P-CCPCH_RSCP < -113dBm ... P-CCPCH_RSCP_LEV_89: -27dBm ≤ P-CCPCH_RSCP < -26dBm P-CCPCH_RSCP_LEV_90: -26dBm ≤ P-CCPCH_RSCP < -25dBm P-CCPCH_RSCP_LEV_91: -25dBm ≤ P-CCPCH_RSCP</p>

5.1.2 CPICH RSCP

Definition	Received Signal Code Power, the received power on one code measured on the Primary CPICH. The reference point for the RSCP is the antenna connector at the UE. (This measurement is used in TDD for monitoring FDD cells while camping on a TDD cell). If Tx diversity is applied on the Primary CPICH the received code power from each antenna shall be separately measured and summed together in [W] to a total received code power on the Primary CPICH.
Applicable for	idle mode, connected mode (inter-frequency)
Range/mapping	<p>CPICH RSCP is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-115, ..., -25] dBm. CPICH RSCP shall be reported in the unit CPICH_RSCP_LEV where:</p> <p>CPICH_RSCP_LEV_00: CPICH_RSCP < -115dBm CPICH_RSCP_LEV_01: -115dBm ≤ CPICH_RSCP < -114dBm CPICH_RSCP_LEV_02: -114dBm ≤ CPICH_RSCP < -113dBm ... CPICH_RSCP_LEV_89: -27dBm ≤ CPICH_RSCP < -26dBm CPICH_RSCP_LEV_90: -26dBm ≤ CPICH_RSCP < -25dBm CPICH_RSCP_LEV_91: -25dBm ≤ CPICH_RSCP</p>

5.1.3 Timeslot ISCP

Definition	Interference Signal Code Power, the interference on the received signal in a specified timeslot. Only this part of the interference that is not eliminated by the receiver shall be included in the measurement. The reference point for the ISCP is the antenna connector at the UE.
Applicable for	connected mode (intra-frequency).
Range/mapping	<p>Timeslot ISCP is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-115, ..., -25] dBm. Timeslot ISCP shall be reported in the unit UE_TS_ISCP_LEV where:</p> <p>UE_TS_ISCP_LEV_00: $\text{Timeslot_ISCP} \leftarrow -115\text{dBm}$ UE_TS_ISCP_LEV_01: $-115\text{dBm} \leq \text{Timeslot_ISCP} \leftarrow -114\text{dBm}$ UE_TS_ISCP_LEV_02: $-114\text{dBm} \leq \text{Timeslot_ISCP} \leftarrow -113\text{dBm}$... UE_TS_ISCP_LEV_89: $-27\text{dBm} \leq \text{Timeslot_ISCP} \leftarrow -26\text{dBm}$ UE_TS_ISCP_LEV_90: $-26\text{dBm} \leq \text{Timeslot_ISCP} \leftarrow -25\text{dBm}$ UE_TS_ISCP_LEV_91: $-25\text{dBm} \leq \text{Timeslot_ISCP}$</p>

5.1.4 UTRA carrier RSSI

Definition	Received Signal Strength Indicator, the wide-band received power within the relevant channel bandwidth in a specified timeslot. Measurement shall be performed on a UTRAN DL carrier. The reference point for the RSSI is the antenna connector at the UE.
Applicable for	idle mode, connected mode (intra- & inter-frequency)
Range/mapping	<p>UTRA carrier RSSI is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-94, ..., -32] dBm. UTRA carrier RSSI shall be reported in the unit UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV where:</p> <p>UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_00: $\text{UTRA_carrier_RSSI} \leftarrow -94\text{dBm}$ UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_01: $-94\text{dBm} \leq \text{UTRA_carrier_RSSI} \leftarrow -93\text{dBm}$ UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_02: $-93\text{dBm} \leq \text{UTRA_carrier_RSSI} \leftarrow -92\text{dBm}$... UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_61: $-34\text{dBm} \leq \text{UTRA_carrier_RSSI} \leftarrow -33\text{dBm}$ UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_62: $-33\text{dBm} \leq \text{UTRA_carrier_RSSI} \leftarrow -32\text{dBm}$ UTRA_carrier_RSSI_LEV_63: $-32\text{dBm} \leq \text{UTRA_carrier_RSSI}$</p>

5.1.5 GSM carrier RSSI

Definition	Received Signal Strength Indicator, the wide-band received power within the relevant channel bandwidth in a specified timeslot. Measurement shall be performed on a GSM BCCH carrier. The reference point for the RSSI is the antenna connector at the UE.
Applicable for	idle mode, connected mode (inter-frequency)
Range/mapping	According to the definition of RXLEV in GSM 05.08.

5.1.6 SIR

Definition	Signal to Interference Ratio, defined as: $(RSCP/ISCP) \times SF$. Where: RSCP = Received Signal Code Power, the received power on the code of a specified DPCH or PDSCH. ISCP = Interference Signal Code Power, the interference on the received signal in the same timeslot which can't be eliminated by the receiver. SF = The used spreading factor. The reference point for the SIR is the antenna connector of the UE.
Applicable for	connected mode (intra-frequency)
Range/mapping	SIR is given with a resolution of 0.5 dB with the range [-11, ..., 20] dB. SIR shall be reported in the unit UE_SIR where: UE_SIR_00: SIR < -11.0dB UE_SIR_01: -11.0dB ≤ SIR < -10.5dB UE_SIR_02: -10.5dB ≤ SIR < -10.0dB ... UE_SIR_61: -19.0dB ≤ SIR < -19.5dB UE_SIR_62: -19.5dB ≤ SIR < -20.0dB UE_SIR_63: -20.0dB ≤ SIR

5.1.7 CPICH Ec/No

Definition	The received energy per chip divided by the power density in the band. The Ec/No is identical to RSCP/RSSI. Measurement shall be performed on the Primary CPICH. The reference point for Ec/No is the antenna connector at the UE. (This measurement is used in TDD for monitoring FDD cells while camping on a TDD cell) If Tx diversity is applied on the Primary CPICH the received energy per chip (Ec) from each antenna shall be separately measured and summed together in [Ws] to a total received chip energy per chip on the Primary CPICH, before calculating the Ec/No.
Applicable for	idle mode, connected mode (inter-frequency)
Range/mapping	CPICH Ec/No is given with a resolution of 1 dB with the range [-24, ..., 0] dB. CPICH Ec/No shall be reported in the unit CPICH_Ec/No where: CPICH_Ec/No_00: CPICH_Ec/No < -24dB CPICH_Ec/No_01: -24dB ≤ CPICH_Ec/No < -23dB CPICH_Ec/No_02: -23dB ≤ CPICH_Ec/No < -22dB ... CPICH_Ec/No_23: -2dB ≤ CPICH_Ec/No < -1dB CPICH_Ec/No_24: -1dB ≤ CPICH_Ec/No < 0dB CPICH_Ec/No_25: 0dB ≤ CPICH_Ec/No

5.1.8 Transport channel BLER

Definition	Estimation of the transport channel block error rate (BLER). The BLER estimation shall be based on evaluating the CRC on each transport block.
Applicable for	connected mode (intra-frequency)
Range/mapping	Transport channel BLER is given with a logarithmic resolution of 0.065 with the range $[10^{-4.03} \dots 1]$ including a separate case Transport channel BLER=0. Transport channel BLER shall be reported in the unit BLER_LOG, where: BLER_LOG_00: BLER = 0 BLER_LOG_01: $-\infty < \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) < -4.030$ BLER_LOG_02: $-4.030 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) < -3.965$ BLER_LOG_03: $-3.965 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) < -3.900$... BLER_LOG_61: $-0.195 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) < -0.130$ BLER_LOG_62: $-0.130 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) < -0.065$ BLER_LOG_63: $-0.065 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) \leq 0.000$

5.1.9 UE transmitted power

Definition	The total UE transmitted power on one carrier measured in a timeslot. The reference point for the UE transmitted power shall be the UE antenna connector.
Applicable for	connected mode (intra-frequency).
Range/mapping	<p>UE transmitted power is given with a resolution of 1dB with the range [-50, ..., 33] dBm. UE transmitted power shall be reported in the unit UE_TX_POWER, where:</p> <p>UE_TX_POWER_000 to UE_TX_POWER_020: reserved UE_TX_POWER_021: $-50\text{dBm} \leq \text{UE_transmitted_power} < -49\text{dBm}$ UE_TX_POWER_022: $-49\text{dBm} \leq \text{UE_transmitted_power} < -48\text{dBm}$ UE_TX_POWER_023: $-48\text{dBm} \leq \text{UE_transmitted_power} < -47\text{dBm}$... UE_TX_POWER_102: $31\text{dBm} \leq \text{UE_transmitted_power} < 32\text{dBm}$ UE_TX_POWER_103: $32\text{dBm} \leq \text{UE_transmitted_power} < 33\text{dBm}$ UE_TX_POWER_104: $33\text{dBm} \leq \text{UE_transmitted_power} < 34\text{dBm}$</p>

5.1.10 SFN-SFN observed time difference

Definition	<p>SFN-SFN observed time difference is the time difference of the reception times of frames from two cells (serving and target) measured in the UE and expressed in chips. It is distinguished in two types. Type 2 applies if the serving and the target cell have the same frame timing.</p> <p>Type 1: SFN-SFN observed time difference = $\text{OFF} \times 38400 + T_m$ in chips, where: $T_m = T_{\text{RxSFNi}} - T_{\text{RxSFNk}}$, given in chip units with the range [0, 1, ..., 38399] chips T_{RxSFNi}: time of start of the received frame SFN_i of the serving TDD cell i. T_{RxSFNk}: time of start of the received frame SFN_k of the target UTRA cell k received most recent in time before the time instant T_{RxSFNi} in the UE. If this frame SFN_k of the target UTRA cell is received exactly at T_{RxSFNi} then $T_{\text{RxSFNk}} = T_{\text{RxSFNi}}$ (which leads to $T_m = 0$). $\text{OFF} = (\text{SFN}_i - \text{SFN}_k) \bmod 256$, given in number of frames with the range [0, 1, ..., 255] frames SFN_i: system frame number for downlink frame from serving TDD cell i in the UE at the time T_{RxSFNi}. SFN_k: system frame number for downlink frame from target UTRA cell k received in the UE at the time T_{RxSFNk}. (for FDD: the P-CCPCH frame)</p> <p>Type 2: SFN-SFN observed time difference = $T_{\text{RxTSk}} - T_{\text{RxTSi}}$, in chips, where T_{RxTSi}: time of start of a timeslot received of the serving TDD cell i. T_{RxTSk}: time of start of a timeslot received from the target UTRA cell k that is closest in time to the start of the timeslot of the serving TDD cell i.</p>
Applicable for	idle mode, connected mode (intra-frequency), connected mode (inter-frequency)
Range/mapping	<p>Type 1: SFN-SFN observed time difference is given with a resolution of 1 chip with the range [0; 9830400] chips (24 bits). SFN-SFN observed time difference shall be reported in the unit T1_SFN-SFN_TIME, where T1_SFN-SFN_TIME_N: $N * 1 \text{ chip} \leq \text{SFN-SFN observed time difference} < (N+1) * 1 \text{ chip}$ With N= 0, 1, 2, ..., 9830399</p> <p>Type 2: SFN-SFN observed time difference is given with a resolution of 0.25 chip with the range (-1280; 1280] chips (14 bits). SFN-SFN observed time difference shall be reported in the unit T2_SFN-SFN_TIME, where T2_SFN-SFN_TIME_N: $N * 0.25 \text{ chip} - 1280 \text{ chips} \leq \text{SFN-SFN observed time difference} \leq (N+1) * 0.25 \text{ chip} - 1280 \text{ chips}$ With N= 0, 1, 2, ..., 10239</p>

5.1.11 Observed time difference to GSM cell

Definition	<p>Observed time difference to GSM cell is the time difference T_m in ms, where</p> $T_m = T_{RxGSMk} - T_{RxSFN0i}$ <p>$T_{RxSFN0i}$: time of start of the received frame SFN=0 of the serving TDD cell i T_{RxGSMk}: time of start of the GSM BCCH 51-multiframe of the considered target GSM frequency k received closest in time after the time $T_{RxSFN0i}$.</p> <p>If the next GSM BCCH 51-multiframe is received exactly at $T_{RxSFN0i}$ then $T_{RxGSMk} = T_{RxSFN0i}$ (which leads to $T_m=0$).</p> <p>The beginning of the GSM BCCH 51-multiframe is defined as the beginning of the first tail bit of the frequency correction burst in the first TDMA-frame of the GSM BCCH 51-multiframe, i.e. the TDMA-frame following the IDLE-frame.</p>
Applicable for	Idle mode, connected mode (inter-frequency)
Range/mapping	<p>Observed time difference to GSM cell is given with a resolution of $3060\text{ms}/(13 \cdot 4096)$ (12 bit) with the range $[0, 3060/13)$ ms.</p> <p>Observed time difference to GSM cell shall be reported in the unit GSM_TIME, where</p> <p>GSM_TIME_N:</p> <p>$N \cdot 3060\text{ms}/(13 \cdot 4096) \leq \text{Observed time difference to GSM cell} < (N+1) \cdot 3060\text{ms}/(13 \cdot 4096)$</p> <p>With $N=0, 1, 2, \dots, 4095$</p>

5.2 UTRAN measurement abilities

NOTE 1: If the UTRAN supports multiple frequency bands then the measurements apply for each frequency band individually.

NOTE 2: The RSCP can either be measured on the data part or the midamble of a burst, since there is no power offset between both. However, in order to have a common reference, the measurement on the midamble is assumed.

5.2.1 RSCP

Definition	Received Signal Code Power, the received power on one DPCH, PRACH or PUSCH code. The reference point for the RSCP shall be the antenna connector.
Range/mapping	RSCP is given with a resolution of 0.5 dB with the range [-120, ..., -80] dBm. RSCP shall be reported in the unit RSCP_LEV where: RSCP_LEV_00: $\text{RSCP} < -120.0\text{dBm}$ RSCP_LEV_01: $-120.0\text{dBm} \leq \text{RSCP} < -119.5\text{dBm}$ RSCP_LEV_02: $-119.5\text{dBm} \leq \text{RSCP} < -119.0\text{dBm}$... RSCP_LEV_79: $-81.0\text{dBm} \leq \text{RSCP} < -80.5\text{dBm}$ RSCP_LEV_80: $-80.5\text{dBm} \leq \text{RSCP} < -80.0\text{dBm}$ RSCP_LEV_81: $-80.0\text{dBm} \leq \text{RSCP}$

5.2.2 Timeslot ISCP

Definition	Interference Signal Code Power, the interference on the received signal in a specified timeslot. Only this part of the interference that is not eliminated by the receiver shall be included in the measurement. The reference point for the ISCP shall be the antenna connector.
Range/mapping	Timeslot ISCP is given with a resolution of 0.5 dB with the range [-120, ..., -80] dBm. Timeslot ISCP shall be reported in the unit UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV where: UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV_00: $\text{Timeslot_ISCP} < -120.0\text{dBm}$ UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV_01: $-120.0\text{dBm} \leq \text{Timeslot_ISCP} < -119.5\text{dBm}$ UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV_02: $-119.5\text{dBm} \leq \text{Timeslot_ISCP} < -119.0\text{dBm}$... UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV_79: $-81.0\text{dBm} \leq \text{Timeslot_ISCP} < -80.5\text{dBm}$ UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV_80: $-80.5\text{dBm} \leq \text{Timeslot_ISCP} < -80.0\text{dBm}$ UTRAN_TS_ISCP_LEV_81: $-80.0\text{dBm} \leq \text{Timeslot_ISCP}$

5.2.3 RSSI

Definition	Received Signal Strength Indicator, the wide-band received power within the UTRAN UL carrier channel bandwidth in a specified timeslot. The reference point for the RSSI shall be the antenna connector.
Range/mapping	RSSI is given with a resolution of 0.1dB with the range [-112, ..., -50] dBm. RSSI shall be reported in the unit RSSI_LEV, where: RSSI_LEV_000: $\text{RSSI} < -112.0\text{dBm}$ RSSI_LEV_001: $-112.0\text{dBm} \leq \text{RSSI} < -111.9\text{dBm}$ RSSI_LEV_002: $-111.9\text{dBm} \leq \text{RSSI} < -111.8\text{dBm}$... RSSI_LEV_619: $-50.2\text{dBm} \leq \text{RSSI} < -50.1\text{dBm}$ RSSI_LEV_620: $-50.1\text{dBm} \leq \text{RSSI} < -50.0\text{dBm}$ RSSI_LEV_621: $-50.0\text{dBm} \leq \text{RSSI}$

5.2.4 SIR

Definition	<p>Signal to Interference Ratio, defined as: $(RSCP/ISCP) \times SF$. Where: RSCP = Received Signal Code Power, the received power on the code of a specified DPCH, PRACH or PUSCH. ISCP = Interference Signal Code Power, the interference on the received signal in the same timeslot which can't be eliminated by the receiver. SF = The used spreading factor.</p> <p>The reference point for the SIR shall be the antenna connector.</p>
Range/mapping	<p>SIR is given with a resolution of 0.5 dB with the range [-11, ..., 20] dB. SIR shall be reported in the unit UTRAN_SIR where: UTRAN_SIR_00: ∞ < SIR < -11.0dB UTRAN_SIR_01: $-11.0dB \leq SIR < -10.5dB$ UTRAN_SIR_02: $-10.5dB \leq SIR < -10.0dB$ UTRAN_SIR_61: $-10.0dB \leq SIR < -9.5dB$ UTRAN_SIR_62: $-9.5dB \leq SIR < -9.0dB$ UTRAN_SIR_63: $-9.0dB \leq SIR$</p>

5.2.5 Transport channel BER

Definition	<p>The transport channel BER is an estimation of the average bit error rate (BER) of DCH or USCH data. The transport channel (TrCH) BER is measured from the data considering only non-punctured bits at the input of the channel decoder in Node B. It shall be possible to report an estimate of the transport channel BER for a TrCH after the end of each TTI of the TrCH. The reported TrCH BER shall be an estimate of the BER during the latest TTI for that TrCH. Transport channel BER is only required to be reported for TrCHs that are channel coded.</p>
Range/mapping	<p>Transport channel BER is given with a logarithmic resolution of 0.008125 within the range $[10^{-2.06375} \dots 1]$ with two separate cases Transport channel BER=0 and Transport channel BER between 0 and $10^{-2.06375}$. Transport channel BER shall be reported in the unit TrCH_BER_LOG, where: TrCH_BER_LOG_000: Transport channel BER = 0 TrCH_BER_LOG_001: $\infty < \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BER}) < -2.06375$ TrCH_BER_LOG_002: $-2.06375 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BER}) < -2.055625$ TrCH_BER_LOG_003: $-2.055625 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BER}) < -2.0475$ TrCH_BER_LOG_253: $-0.024375 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BER}) < -0.01625$ TrCH_BER_LOG_254: $-0.01625 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BER}) < -0.008125$ TrCH_BER_LOG_255: $-0.008125 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BER}) \leq 0.000$</p>

5.2.6 Physical channel BER

Definition	<p>The physical channel BER is an estimation of the average bit error rate (BER) of a DPCH or PUSCH.</p>
Range/mapping	<p>Physical channel BER is given with a logarithmic resolution of 0.008125 within the range $[10^{-2.06375} \dots 1]$ with two separate cases Physical channel BER=0 and Physical channel BER between 0 and $10^{-2.06375}$. Physical channel BER shall be reported in the unit BER_LOG, where: BER_LOG_000: Physical channel BER = 0 BER_LOG_001: $\infty < \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Physical channel BER}) < -2.06375$ BER_LOG_002: $-2.06375 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Physical channel BER}) < -2.055625$ BER_LOG_003: $-2.055625 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Physical channel BER}) < -2.0475$ BER_LOG_253: $-0.024375 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Physical channel BER}) < -0.01625$ BER_LOG_254: $-0.01625 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Physical channel BER}) < -0.008125$ BER_LOG_255: $-0.008125 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Physical channel BER}) \leq 0.000$</p>

5.2.7 Transport channel BLER

Definition	Estimation of the transport channel block error rate (BLER) of a DCH or USCH. The BLER estimation shall be based on evaluating the CRC on each transport block.
Range/mapping	<p>Transport channel BLER is given with a logarithmic resolution of 0.065 with the range $[10^{-4.03} \dots 1]$ including a separate case Transport channel BLER=0. Transport channel BLER shall be reported in the unit BLER_LOG, where:</p> <p>BLER_LOG_00: BLER = 0</p> <p>BLER_LOG_01: $\infty \leftarrow \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) \leftarrow 4.030$</p> <p>BLER_LOG_02: $4.030 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) \leftarrow 3.965$</p> <p>BLER_LOG_03: $3.965 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) \leftarrow 3.900$</p> <p>...</p> <p>BLER_LOG_61: $-0.195 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) \leftarrow -0.130$</p> <p>BLER_LOG_62: $-0.130 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) \leftarrow -0.065$</p> <p>BLER_LOG_63: $-0.065 \leq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) \leq -0.000$</p>

5.2.8 Transmitted carrier power

Definition	<p>Transmitted carrier power, is the ratio between the total transmitted power on one DL carrier [W] from one UTRAN access point measured in a timeslot and the maximum transmission power [W] that is possible to use on the same carrier during the measurement period.</p> <p>The maximum transmission power is the configured maximum transmission power for the cell. The measurement shall be possible on any carrier transmitted from the UTRAN access point. The reference point for the transmitted carrier power measurement shall be the antenna connector.</p> <p>In case of Tx diversity the transmitted carrier power for each branch shall be measured.</p>
Range/mapping	<p>Transmitted carrier power is given with a resolution of 1% with the range $[0, \dots, 100]$ %.</p> <p>Transmitted carrier power shall be reported in the unit UTRAN_TX_POWER, where:</p> <p>UTRAN_TX_POWER_000: Transmitted carrier power = 0%</p> <p>UTRAN_TX_POWER_001: $0\% \leftarrow \text{Transmitted carrier power} \leq 1\%$</p> <p>UTRAN_TX_POWER_002: $1\% \leftarrow \text{Transmitted carrier power} \leq 2\%$</p> <p>UTRAN_TX_POWER_003: $2\% \leftarrow \text{Transmitted carrier power} \leq 3\%$</p> <p>...</p> <p>UTRAN_TX_POWER_098: $97\% \leftarrow \text{Transmitted carrier power} \leq 98\%$</p> <p>UTRAN_TX_POWER_099: $98\% \leftarrow \text{Transmitted carrier power} \leq 99\%$</p> <p>UTRAN_TX_POWER_100: $99\% \leftarrow \text{Transmitted carrier power} \leq 100\%$</p>

5.2.9 Transmitted code power

Definition	<p>Transmitted Code Power, is the transmitted power on one carrier and one channelisation code in one timeslot. The reference point for the transmitted code power measurement shall be the antenna connector at the UTRAN access point cabinet.</p>
Range/mapping	<p>Transmitted code power is given with a resolution of 0.5dB with the range $[-10, \dots, 46]$ dBm. Transmitted code power shall be reported in the unit UTRAN_TX_CODE_POWER, where:</p> <p>UTRAN_TX_CODE_POWER_000 to UTRAN_TX_CODE_POWER_009: reserved</p> <p>UTRAN_TX_CODE_POWER_010: $-10.0\text{dBm} \leq \text{CODE_POWER} \leftarrow -9.5\text{dBm}$</p> <p>UTRAN_TX_CODE_POWER_011: $-9.5\text{dBm} \leq \text{CODE_POWER} \leftarrow -8.5\text{dBm}$</p> <p>UTRAN_TX_CODE_POWER_012: $-8.5\text{dBm} \leq \text{CODE_POWER} \leftarrow -7.5\text{dBm}$</p> <p>...</p> <p>UTRAN_TX_CODE_POWER_120: $45.0\text{dBm} \leq \text{CODE_POWER} \leftarrow 45.5\text{dBm}$</p> <p>UTRAN_TX_CODE_POWER_121: $45.5\text{dBm} \leq \text{CODE_POWER} \leftarrow 46.0\text{dBm}$</p> <p>UTRAN_TX_CODE_POWER_122: $46.0\text{dBm} \leq \text{CODE_POWER} \leftarrow 46.5\text{dBm}$</p>

5.2.10 RX Timing Deviation

Definition	'RX Timing Deviation' is the time difference $TRX_{dev} = TTS - TRX_{path}$ in chips, with TRX_{path} : time of the reception in the Node B of the first significant uplink path to be used in the detection process TTS : time of the beginning of the respective slot according to the Node B internal timing
Range/mapping	RX Timing Deviation is given with a resolution of 0.25 chip with the range [-256; 256) chips (11 bit). RX Timing Deviation cell shall be reported in the unit <code>RX_TIME_DEV</code> , where $RX_TIME_DEV: (N * 0.25 - 256) \text{ chips} \leq RX \text{ Timing Deviation} < ((N+1) * 0.25 - 256) \text{ chips}$ With $N = 0, 1, 2, \dots, 2047$

NOTE: This measurement can be used for timing advance calculation or location services.

CHANGE REQUEST

Please see embedded help file at the bottom of this page for instructions on how to fill in this form correctly.

25.225 CR 011

Current Version: **3.2.0**

GSM (AA.BB) or 3G (AA.BBB) specification number ↑

↑ CR number as allocated by MCC support team

For submission to: **TSG RAN #8**

list expected approval meeting # here

for approval
for information

strategic
non-strategic (for SMG use only)

Form: CR cover sheet, version 2 for 3GPP and SMG The latest version of this form is available from: ftp://ftp.3gpp.org/Information/CR-Form-v2.doc

Proposed change affects: (U)SIM ME UTRAN / Radio Core Network
(at least one should be marked with an X)

Source: TSG RAN WG1 **Date:** 25.05.2000

Subject: Removal of transport channel BLER

Work item:

Category: F Correction **Release:** Phase 2
(only one category shall be marked with an X) A Corresponds to a correction in an earlier release Release 96
B Addition of feature Release 97
C Functional modification of feature Release 98
D Editorial modification Release 99
Release 00

Reason for change: Decision by WG 2

Clauses affected: 5.2.7

Other specs affected: Other 3G core specifications → List of CRs:
Other GSM core specifications → List of CRs:
MS test specifications → List of CRs:
BSS test specifications → List of CRs:
O&M specifications → List of CRs:

Other comments:



help.doc

<----- double-click here for help and instructions on how to create a CR.

5.2.7 Transport channel BLER

Definition	Estimation of the transport channel block error rate (BLER) of a DCH or USCH. The BLER estimation shall be based on evaluating the CRC on each transport block.
Range/mapping	<p>Transport channel BLER is given with a logarithmic resolution of 0.065 with the range $[10^{-4.03} \dots 1]$ including a separate case Transport channel BLER=0.</p> <p>Transport channel BLER shall be reported in the unit BLER_LOG, where:</p> <p>BLER_LOG_00: BLER = 0</p> <p>BLER_LOG_01: $\infty > \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) > 4.030$</p> <p>BLER_LOG_02: $4.030 \geq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) > 3.965$</p> <p>BLER_LOG_03: $3.965 \geq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) > 3.900$</p> <p>...</p> <p>BLER_LOG_61: $0.195 \geq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) > 0.130$</p> <p>BLER_LOG_62: $0.130 \geq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) > 0.065$</p> <p>BLER_LOG_63: $0.065 \geq \text{Log}_{10}(\text{Transport channel BLER}) \geq 0.000$</p>