TSGR #4(99)328

TS 25.223 V2.1.0 (1999-06)

Technical Specification

3rd Generation Partnership Project (3GPP); Technical Specification Group (TSG) Radio Access Network (RAN); Working Group 1 (WG1); Spreading and modulation (TDD)



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Foreword

This Technical Specification has been produced by the 3GPP.

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- z the third digit is incremented when editorial only changes have been incorporated in the specification;

1 Scope

This document establishes the characteristics of the spreading and modulation in the TDD mode. The main objectives of the document are to be a part of the full description of the Layer 1, and to serve as a basis for the drafting of the actual technical specification (TS).

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2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non-specific.

For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.

For a non-specific reference, subsequent revisions do apply.

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A non-specific reference to an ETS shall also be taken to refer to later versions published as an EN with the same number.

[1] TS 25.102 UE Radio transmission and reception (TDD) Version 1.0.0

[2] TS 25.105 BTS Radio transmission and reception (TDD) Version 1.0.0

3 Definitions, symbols and abbreviations

3.1 Definitions

For the purposes of the present document, the following definitions apply: <defined term>: <definition>.

3.2 Symbols

For the purposes of the present document, the following symbols apply:

<symbol> <Explanation>

3.3 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the following abbreviations apply:

CDMA Code Division Multiple Access

PN Pseudo Noise

QPSK Quadrature Phase Shift Keying

RACH Random Access Channel

4 General

In the following, a separation between the data modulation and the spreading modulation has been made. The data modulation is defined in section 5 and the spreading modulation in section 6.

Chip rate	same as FDD basic chiprate, 4.096 Mchip/s
	[(1.024,8.192,16.384Mcps)]
Carrier spacing	5.0 MHz
Data modulation	QPSK
Chip modulation	same as FDD chip modulation
Spreading characteristics	Orthogonal
	Q chips/symbol, where $Q = 2^p$, $0 \le p \le 4$

Table 1: Basic modulation parameters.

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5 Data modulation

5.1 Symbol rate

The symbol rate and duration are indicated below:

 $T_s = Q \times T_c$, where $T_c = \frac{1}{chiprate} = 0.24414 \,\mu s$, reflecting the dependence of the symbol time T_s upon the spreading factor Q.

5.2 Mapping of bits onto signal point constellation

A certain number K of CDMA codes can be assigned to either a single user or to different users who are simultaneously transmitting bursts in the same time slot and the same frequency. The maximum possible number of CDMA codes, which is smaller or equal to 16, depends on the individual spreading factors, the actual interference situation and the service requirements. In document TS 25.221 examples of bodies of such spread bursts associated with a particular user are shown. Each user burst has two data carrying parts, termed data blocks:

$$\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,i)} = (\underline{d}_1^{(k,i)}, \underline{d}_2^{(k,i)}, ..., \underline{d}_{N_k}^{(k,i)})^{\mathrm{T}} \quad i = 1, 2; k = 1, ..., \mathrm{K}.$$
(1)

 N_k is the number of symbols per data field for the user k. This number is linked to the spreading factor Q_k as described in table 1 of document TS 25.221.

Data block $\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,1)}$ is transmitted before the midamble and data block $\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,2)}$ after the midamble. Each of the N_k data symbols $\underline{d}_n^{(k,i)}$; i=1, 2; k=1,...,K; n=1,...,N_k; of equation 1 has the symbol duration $T_s^{(k)} = Q_k T_c$ as already given.

The data modulation is QPSK, thus the data symbols $d_n^{(k,i)}$ are generated from two interleaved and encoded data bits

$$b_{l,n}^{(k,i)} \in \{0,1\}$$
 $l = 1,2; k = 1,...K; n = 1,...,N_k; i = 1,2$ (2)

using the equation

$$\operatorname{Re}\left\{\underline{d}_{n}^{(k,i)}\right\} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (2b_{1,n}^{(k,i)} - 1)$$

$$\operatorname{Im}\left\{\underline{d}_{n}^{(k,i)}\right\} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (2b_{2,n}^{(k,i)} - 1) \quad k = 1, ..., K; \ n = 1, ..., N_{k}; \ i = 1, 2.$$
(3)

Equation 3 corresponds to a QPSK modulation of the interleaved and encoded data bits $b_{l,n}^{(k,i)}$ of equation 2.

6 Spreading modulation

6.1 Basic spreading parameters

Each data symbol $\underline{d}_n^{(k,i)}$ of equation 1 is spread with a spreading code $\underline{\mathbf{c}}^{(k)}$ of length $Q_k \in \{1, 2, 4, 8, 16\}$. The resulting sequence is then scrambled by a sequence v of length 16.

6.2 Spreading codes

The elements $\underline{c}_q^{(k)}$; k=1,...,K; q=1,...,Q_k; of the spreading codes $\underline{\mathbf{c}}^{(k)} = (\underline{c}_1^{(k)}, \underline{c}_2^{(k)}, \dots, \underline{c}_{Q_k}^{(k)})$; k=1,...,K; shall be taken from the complex set

$$\underline{\mathbf{V}}_{c} = \{1, j, -1, -j\}.$$
(4)

In equation 4 the letter j denotes the imaginary unit. A spreading code $\underline{\mathbf{c}}^{(k)}$ is generated from the binary codes $\mathbf{a}_{Q_k}^{(k)} = (a_1^{(k)}, a_2^{(k)}, \dots, a_{Q_k}^{(k)})$ of length Q_k shown in Figure 2 allocated to the kth user. The relation between the elements $\underline{c}_q^{(k)}$ and $\underline{a}_q^{(k)}$ is given by:

$$\underline{c}_{q}^{(k)} = (\mathbf{j})^{q} \cdot a_{q}^{(k)} \quad a_{q}^{(k)} \in \{1, -1\}; q = 1, ..., Q_{k}.$$
(5)

Hence, the elements $\underline{c}_q^{(k)}$ of the CDMA codes $\underline{\mathbf{c}}^{(k)}$ are alternating real and imaginary.

The $\mathbf{a}_{Q_k}^{(k)}$ are Orthogonal Variable Spreading Factor (OVSF) codes, allowing to mix in the same timeslot channels with different spreading factors while preserving the orthogonality. The OVSF codes can be defined using the code tree of Figure 2.

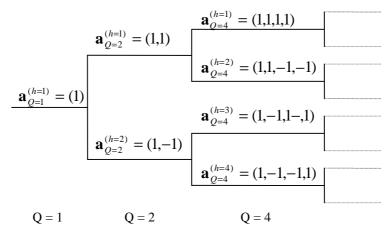


Figure 2: Code-tree for generation of Orthogonal Variable Spreading Factor (OVSF) codes.

Each level in the code tree defines a spreading factors indicated by the value of Q in the figure. All codes within the code tree cannot be used simultaneously in a given timeslot. A code can be used in a timeslot if and only if no other code on the path from the specific code to the root of the tree or in the sub-tree below the specific code is used in this timeslot. This means that the number of available codes in a slot is not fixed but depends on the rate and spreading factor of each physical channel.

The spreading factor goes up to Q_{MAX}=16.

6.3 Scrambling codes

The spreading of data by a code $\mathbf{c}^{(k)}$ of length Q_k is followed by a cell specific scrambling sequence $\mathbf{v}=(v1, v2, ... v_{QMAX})$. The length matching is obtained by concatenating Q_{MAX}/Q_k spread words before the scrambling. The scheme is illustrated in Figure 3 below and is described in more detail in section 6.4

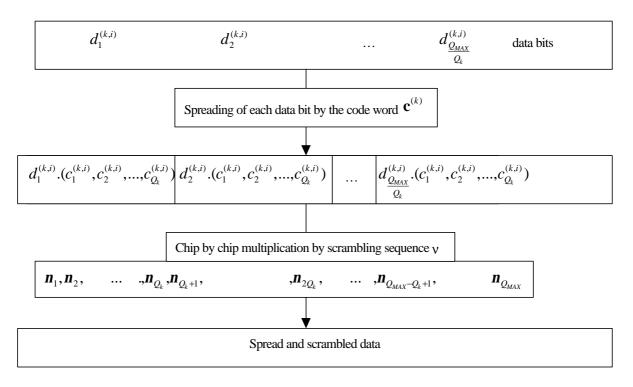


Figure 3: Spreading and subsequent scrambling of data bits.

< *Editor's note: longer scrambling code over Qmax is FFS on Ad Hoc 1 (TDD) in case of insufficient performance of the current scrambling code* \mathbf{n} . >

6.4 Spread and scrambled signal of data symbols and data blocks

The combination of the spreading and cell specific scrambling codes can be seen as a user and cell specific spreading code $\mathbf{s}^{(k)} = \left(s_p^{(k)}\right)$ with $s_p^{(k)} = c_{1+\lfloor (p-1) \mod Q_k \rfloor}^{(k)}$. $I_{1+\lfloor (p-1) \mod Q_k \rfloor}$.

. With the root raised cosine chip impulse filter $Cr_0(t)$ the transmitted signal belonging to the data block $\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,1)}$ of equation 1 transmitted before the midamble is

$$\underline{d}^{(k,1)}(t) = \sum_{n=1}^{N_k} \underline{d}_n^{(k,1)} \sum_{q=1}^{Q_k} s_{(n-1)Q_k+q}^{(k)} \cdot Cr_o(t - (q-1)T_c - (n-1)Q_kT_c)$$
(6)

and for the data block $\underline{\mathbf{d}}^{(k,2)}$ of equation 1 transmitted after the midamble

$$\underline{d}^{(k,2)}(t) = \sum_{n=1}^{N_k} \underline{d}_n^{(k,2)} \sum_{q=1}^{Q_k} s_{(n-1)Q_k+q}^{(k)} \cdot Cr_0(t - (q-1)T_C - (n-1)Q_kT_c - N_kQ_kT_c - L_mT_c).$$
(7)

where L_m is the number of midamble chips.

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7. Synchronisation codes

7.1 Code Generation

The code generation for synchronisation codes is handled in the same way as in FDD Mode. Thus we refer to TS 25.213, chapter '5.2.3 Synchronisation Codes'. From this procedure we obtain one primary synchronisation code $C_{p=}$ $C_{SCH,0}$ and seventeen different secondary synchronisation codes $C_{S,i} = C_{SCH,i}$ with i=1...17.

To avoid misunderstandings when documents are reorganised in the future, we repeat the actual content of this chapter below using small font.

The Primary code sequence, C_p is constructed as a so-called generalised hierarchical Golay sequence. The Primary SCH is furthermore chosen to have good aperiodic auto correlation properties. Letting $a = \langle x_1, x_2, x_3, ..., x_{16} \rangle = \langle 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0 \rangle$ and

 $b = < \ x_1, \, x_2, \, x_3, \, \ldots, \, x_8, \, x_1, \, x_2, \, x_3, \, \ldots, \, x_8 >.$

The PSC code is generated by repeating sequence 'a' modulated by a Golay complementary sequence.

The definition of the PSC code word C_p follows (the left most index corresponds to the chip transmitted first in each time slot):

 $C_p = \langle y(0), y(1), y(2), ..., y(255) \rangle$.

The Hadamard sequences are obtained as the rows in a matrix H_8 constructed recursively by:

$$\begin{array}{c} H_0 = (0) \\ H_k = \begin{pmatrix} H_{k-1} & H_{k-1} \\ H_{k-1} & H_{k-1} \end{pmatrix} \quad k \ge 1 \end{array}$$

The rows are numbered from the top starting with row θ (the all zeros sequence).

The Hadamard sequence h depends on the chosen code number n and is denoted h_n in the sequel.

This code word is chosen from every 8^{th} row of the matrix H_8 . Therefore, there are 32 possible codewords out of which n =

1, 2,...,17 are used.

Furthermore, let $h_n(i)$ and z(i) denote the *i*:th symbol of the sequence h_n and z, respectively.

Then h_n is equal to the row of H_8 numbered by the bit reverse of the 8 bit binary representation of n.

The definition of the *n*:th SCH code word follows (the left most index correspond to the chip transmitted first in each slot):

 $C_{SCH,n} = < h_n(0) + z(0), \ h_n(1) + z(1), \ h_n(2) + z(2), \ \dots, h_n(255) + z(255) >,$

All sums of symbols are taken modulo 2.

These PSC and SSC binary code words are converted to real valued sequences by the transformation '0' -> '+1', '1' -> '-1'.

The Secondary SCHcode words are defined in terms of $C_{SCH,n}$ and the definition of $\langle C_1, ..., C_{17} \rangle$ now follows as:

 $C_i = C_{SCH, i}, i=1,...,17$

7.2 Code Allocation

Sequences of 8 secondary SCH codes, thus composed of $C_{S,i}$ from chapter 7.1 above, are used to transmit information on the PSCH. In general the information on the code group of a cell and on the frame timing (see TS 25.224, Section '6.6.1 Cell Search') is transmitted in the PSCH. According to TS 25.221 section '7.4 The Physical Synchronisation Channel (PSCH)', there is case (3) where additional information from SCH transport channel is to be transmitted in the PSCH.

The sequences of secondary SCH codes are constructed such that their cyclic-shifts are unique, i.e. a non-zero cyclic shift less than 8 of any of the sequences is not equivalent to some cyclic shift of any other of the sequences. Also, a non-zero cyclic shift less than 8 of any of the sequences is not equivalent to itself with any other cyclic shift less than 8. This property is used to uniquely determine the transmitted sequence in the receiver.

The evaluation of transmitted information on code group and frame timing is shown in table 9, where the 32 code groups are listed. Each code group is containing 4 specific scrambling codes, each scrambling code associated with a specific short and long basic midamble code.

Each code group is additionally linked to a specific t_{Offset} , thus to a specific frame timing. By using this scheme, the UE can derive the position of the frame border due to the position of the SCH sequence and the knowledge of t_{Offset} . Positioning of the secondary SCH codes is depicted in the last line of table 10 and 11.

The complete mapping of Code Group to Scrambling Code, Midamble Codes and t_{Offset} is depicted in table 9, cf. also TS 25.231.

CELL PARA-	Code		Associated		
METER	Group	Scrambling Code	Long Basic Midamble Code	Short Basic Midamble Code	t _{Offset}
0	Group 1	Code 0	m _{PL0}	m _{SL0}	t ₀
1		Code 1	m _{PL1}	m _{SL1}	
2		Code 2	m _{PL2}	m _{SL2}	
3		Code 3	m _{PL3}	m _{SL3}	
4	Group 2	Code 4	m _{PL4}	m _{SL4}	t ₁
5		Code 5	m _{PL5}	m _{SL5}	
6		Code 6	m _{PL6}	m _{SL6}	
7		Code 7	m _{PL7}	m _{SL7}	
124	Group 32	Code 124	m _{PL124}	m _{SL124}	t ₃₁
125	1	Code 125	m _{PL125}	m _{SL125}	
126	1	Code 126	m _{PL126}	m _{SL126}	
127	1	Code 127	m _{PL127}	m _{SL127}	

Table 9 Mapping scheme for Cell Parameters, Code Groups, Scrambling Codes, Midambles and t_{Offset}. For basic midamble codes m_P cf.TS 25.221, section '7.2.3.1 & 7.2.3.2 Midamble Sequences'. For CELL PARAMETERS also cf. TS 25.231.

The following subchapters 7.2.1 and 7.2.2 are referring to the three cases of PSCH/CCPCH usage as described in TS 25.221 section 7.4.

7.2.1 Code allocation for case 1 and 2

In table 10 the 32 sequences used in the cases 1 and 2 of PSCH/CCPCH scheme are listed. Again, these are used to encode the 32 different code groups.

Code Group			Second	lary SC	H Code	Position			Associated t _{Offset}
Gloup	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	tOffset
Group1	C1	C ₂	C ₆	C ₁₅	C ₈	C ₇	C ₃	C ₁₁	t ₀
Group2	C_1	C ₉	C ₁₀	C ₁₃	C11	C ₃	C ₂	C ₁₆	t ₁
Group 3	C ₁	C ₁₆	C ₁₄	C ₁₁	C ₁₄	C ₁₆	C1	C_4	t ₂
Group 4	C_1	C_6	C_1	C ₉	C ₁₇	C ₁₂	C ₁₇	C ₉	t ₃
Group 5	C_1	C ₁₃	C ₅	C ₇	C ₃	C ₈	C ₁₆	C ₁₄	t ₄
Group 6	C1	C ₃	C ₉	C ₅	C ₆	C_4	C ₁₅	C_2	t5
Group 7	C1	C ₁₀	C ₁₃	C ₃	C ₉	C ₁₇	C ₁₄	C ₇	t ₆
Group 8	C1	C ₁₇	C ₁₇	C1	C ₁₂	C1	C ₁₃	C ₁₂	t ₇
Group 9	C1	C ₇	C_4	C ₁₆	C ₁₅	C ₉	C ₁₂	C ₁₇	t ₈
Group 10	C1	C ₁₄	C ₈	C ₁₄	C1	C ₅	C ₁₁	C ₅	t ₉
Group 11	C_1	C_4	C ₁₂	C ₁₂	C_4	C1	C ₁₀	C ₁₀	t ₁₀
Group 12	C1	C11	C ₁₆	C ₁₀	C ₇	C ₁₄	C ₉	C15	t ₁₁
Group 13	C1	C1	C ₃	C ₈	C ₁₀	C ₁₀	C ₈	C ₃	t ₁₂
Group 14	C1	C ₈	C ₇	C ₆	C ₁₃	C ₆	C ₇	C ₈	t ₁₃
Group 15	C1	C ₁₅	C ₁₁	C_4	C ₁₆	C ₂	C ₆	C ₁₃	t ₁₄
Group 16	C_1	C ₅	C ₁₅	C ₂	C_2	C ₁₅	C ₅	C1	t ₁₅
Group 17	C_1	C ₁₂	C_2	C ₁₇	C ₅	C ₁₁	C_4	C ₆	t ₁₆
Group 18	C ₂	C ₁₁	C ₁₄	C_4	C ₁₀	C1	C ₁₅	C ₈	t ₁₇
Group 19	C ₂	C1	C1	C ₂	C ₁₃	C ₁₄	C ₁₄	C ₁₃	t ₁₈
Group 20	C_2	C_8	C ₅	C ₁₇	C ₁₆	C ₁₀	C ₁₃	C1	t ₁₉
Group 21	C_2	C ₁₅	C ₉	C ₁₅	C_2	C ₆	C ₁₂	C ₆	t ₂₀
Group 22	C ₂	C ₅	C ₁₃	C ₁₃	C ₅	C ₂	C ₁₁	C ₁₁	t ₂₁
Group 23	C ₂	C ₁₂	C ₁₇	C ₁₁	C ₈	C ₁₅	C ₁₀	C ₁₆	t ₂₂
Group 24	C ₂	C_2	C_4	C ₉	C ₁₁	C ₁₁	C ₉	C_4	t ₂₃
Group 25	C ₂	C ₉	C ₈	C ₇	C ₁₄	C ₇	C ₈	C ₉	t ₂₄
Group 26	C_2	C ₁₆	C ₁₂	C ₅	C ₁₇	C ₃	C ₇	C ₁₄	t ₂₅
Group 27	C_2	C ₆	C ₁₆	C ₃	C ₃	C ₁₆	C ₆	C_2	t ₂₆
Group 28	C ₂	C ₁₃	C ₃	C1	C ₆	C ₁₂	C ₅	C ₇	t ₂₇
Group 29	C ₂	C ₃	C ₇	C ₁₆	C ₉	C ₈	C_4	C ₁₂	t ₂₈
Group 30	C_2	C ₁₀	C ₁₁	C ₁₄	C ₁₂	C_4	C ₃	C ₁₇	t ₂₉
Group 31	C_2	C ₁₇	C ₁₅	C ₁₂	C ₁₅	C ₁₇	C ₂	C ₅	t ₃₀
Group 32	C ₂	C ₇	C ₂	C ₁₀	C1	C ₁₃	C1	C ₁₀	t ₃₁
Frame position	Fra	me #1	Frai	me #2	Frar	me #3	Fran	ne #4	

It should be mentioned that the sequences used here can be derived from FDD sequences by puncturing every 2nd position, thus a UE can use same database for FDD and TDD.

Table 10 Spreading Code allocation for Secondary SCH Code, case 2) of PSCH/CCPCH scheme

7.2.2 Code allocation for case 3

In table 11 the 256 sequences used in case 3 of PSCH/CCPCH scheme are listed. In addition to the information on code group three bits from SCH transport channel are transmitted to the UE with these codes.

Code Group		S	Secondai	y PSCH	I Code a	t Positic	on		Additional Bits from SCH Transport Channel	Associated t _{Offset}
	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8		
Group 1	C2	C14	C6	C8	C4	C9	C17	C15	000	t ₀
Stoup 1	C2	C4	C10	C6	C7	C5	C16	C3	001	
	C3	C3	C5	C10	C12	C12	C10	C5	010	
	C3	C10	C9	C8	C15	C8	C9	C10	011	-
	C3	C17	C13	C6	C1	C4	C8	C15	100	
	C3	C7	C17	C4	C4	C17	C7	C3	101	
	C3	C14	C4	C2	C7	C13	C6	C8	110	
	C3	C4	C8	C17	C10	C9	C5	C13	111	
Group 2	C3	C11	C12	C15	C13	C5	C4	C1	000	t ₁
1	C3	C1	C16	C13	C16	C1	C3	C6	001	
	C3	C8	C3	C11	C2	C14	C2	C11	010	
	C3	C15	C7	C9	C5	C10	C1	C16	011	
	C3	C5	C11	C7	C8	C6	C17	C4	100	
	C3	C12	C15	C5	C11	C2	C16	C9	101	
	C3	C2	C2	C3	C14	C15	C15	C14	110	
	C3	C9	C6	C1	C17	C11	C14	C2	111	
Group 3	C3	C16	C10	C16	C3	C7	C13	C7	000	t ₂
	C3	C6	C14	C14	C6	C3	C12	C12	001	
	C3	C13	C1	C12	C9	C16	C11	C17	010	
	C4	C12	C13	C16	C14	C6	C5	C2	011	
	C4	C2	C17	C14	C17	C2	C4	C7	100	
	C4	C9	C4	C12	C3	C15	C3	C12	101	
	C4	C16	C8	C10	C6	C11	C2	C17	110	
	C4	C6	C12	C8	C9	C7	C1	C5	111	
Group 4	C4	C13	C16	C6	C12	C3	C17	C10	000	t ₃
	C4	C3	C3	C4	C15	C16	C16	C15	001	_
	C4	C10	C7	C2	C1	C12	C15	C3	010	_
	C4	C17	C11	C17	C4	C8	C14	C8	011	_
	C4	C7	C15	C15	C7	C4	C13	C13	100	_
	C4	C14	C2	C13	C10	C17	C12	C1	101	_
	C4	C4	C6	C11	C13	C13	C11	C6	110	_
	C4	C11	C10	C9	C16	C9	C10	C11	111	
Group 5	C4	C1	C14	C7	C2	C5	C9	C16	000	t ₄
	C4	C8	C1	C5	C5	C1	C8	C4	001	_
	C4	C15	C5	C3	C8	C14	C7	C9	010	4
	C4	C5	C9	C1	C11	C10	C6	C14	011	4
	C5	C4	C4	C5	C16	C17	C17	C16	100	-
	C5	C11	C8	C3	C2	C13	C16	C4	101	4
	C5	C1	C12	C1	C5	C9	C15	C9	110	-
Crosser (C5	C8	C16	C16	C8	C5	C14	C14	111	4
Group 6	C5	C15	C3	C14	C11	C1	C13	C2	000	t ₅
	C5	C5	C7	C12	C14	C14	C12	C7	001	-
	C5 C5	C12 C2	C11	C10 C8	C17 C3	C10	C11 C10	C12 C17	010	-
	C5	C2 C9	C15 C2	C8 C6	C3 C6	C6 C2	C10 C9	C17	011 100	-
	C5	C9	C2 C6	C6 C4	C0 C9	C15	C9 C8	C10	100	-
	C5	C10	C10	C4 C2	C12	C13	C8	C10 C15	110	-
	C5	C13	C10	C17	C12 C15	CT C7	C7 C6	C13	110	-
Group7	C5	C13 C3	C14 C1	C17 C15	C15	C7 C3	C5	C8	000	t.
Group /	C5	C10	C5	C13	C1 C4	C16	C3 C4	C13	000	t ₆
	C5	C10	C9	C13	C4 C7	C10 C12	C4 C3	C15	010	-
	C5	C17	C13	C9	C10	C12 C8	C2	C6	010	-
	C5	C14	C13	C9 C7	C10	C8	C1	C0 C11	100	-
	C5	U14	U1/	U/	C13 C1	C4	CI	UII	100	_

<Editors note: The usage of CCPCH pointing is for further study (cf. TDoc R1#2(99) 74)>

	C6	C3	C16	C9	C4	C7	C11	C1	110	
	C6	C10	C3	C7	C7	C3	C10	C6	111	1
Group 8	C6	C17	C7	C5	C10	C16	C9	C11	000	t ₇
	C6	C7	C11	C3	C13	C12	C8	C16	001	1
	C6	C14	C15	C1	C16	C8	C7	C4	010	1
	C6	C4	C2	C16	C2	C4	C6	C9	011	
	C6	C11	C6	C14	C5	C17	C5	C14	100	
	C6	C1	C10	C12	C8	C13	C4	C2	101	
	C6	C8	C14	C10	C11	C9	C3	C7	110	
	C6	C15	C1	C8	C14	C5	C2	C12	111	
Group 9	C6	C5	C5	C6	C17	C1	C1	C17	000	t ₈
	C6	C12	C9	C4	C3	C14	C17	C5	001	
	C6	C2	C13	C2	C6	C10	C16	C10	010	
	C6	C9	C17	C17	C9	C6	C15	C15	011	
	C6	C16	C4	C15	C12	C2	C14	C3	100	
	C6	C6	C8	C13	C15	C15	C13	C8	101	
	C7	C5	C3	C17	C3	C5	C7	C10	110	
	C7	C12	C7	C15	C6	C1	C6	C15	111	
Group 10	C7	C2	C11	C13	C9	C14	C5	C3	000	t9
	C7	C9	C15	C11	C12	C10	C4	C8	001	
	C7	C16	C2	C9	C15	C6	C3	C13	010	
	C7	C6	C6	C7	C1	C2	C2	C1	011	
	C7	C13	C10	C5	C4	C15	C1	C6	100	
	C7	C3	C14	C3	C7	C11	C17	C11	101	
	C7	C10	C1	C1	C10	C7	C16	C16	110	
	C7	C17	C5	C16	C13	C3	C15	C4	111	
Group 11	C7	C7	C9	C14	C16	C16	C14	C9	000	t ₁₀
	C7	C14	C13	C12	C2	C12	C13	C14	001	
	C7	C4	C17	C10	C5	C8	C12	C2	010	
	C7	C11	C4	C8	C8	C4	C11	C7	011	
	C7	C1	C8	C6	C11	C17	C10	C12	100	
	C7	C8	C12	C4	C14	C13	C9	C17	101	
	C7	C15	C16	C2	C17	C9	C8	C5	110	
~	C8	C14	C11	C6	C5	C16	C2	C7	111	
Group 12	C8	C4	C15	C4	C8	C12	C1	C12	000	t ₁₁
	C8	C11	C2	C2	C11	C8	C17	C17	001	
	C8	C1	C6	C17	C14	C4	C16	C5	010	
	C8	C8	C10	C15	C17	C17	C15	C10	011	
	C8	C15	C14	C13	C3	C13	C14	C15	100	
	C8	C5	C1	C11	C6	C9	C13	C3	101	
	C8	C12	C5	C9	C9	C5	C12	C8	110	
Group 13	C8	C2	C9	C7	C12	C1	C11	C13	111	+
Group 13	C8	C9	C13	C5	C15	C14 C10	C10	C1	000 001	t ₁₂
	C8 C8	C16 C6	C17 C4	C3 C1	C1 C4	C10	C9 C8	C6 C11	010	
	C8	C13	C4 C8	C16	C4 C7	C0 C2	C8	C16	010	
	C8	C13	C8	C16	C10	C15	C7 C6	C16 C4	100	
	C8	C10	C12 C16	C14 C12	C10 C13	C15	C5	C4	100	
	C8	C10	C10 C3	C12 C10	C15	CT C7	C3	C9 C14	101	
	C8	C17	C7	C10 C8	C16	C7 C3	C4 C3	C14 C2	110	
Group 14	C9	C7	C7 C2	C12	C2	C10	C14	C2 C4	000	t ₁₃
510up 14	C9	C13	C2	C12 C10	C10	C10	C14	C4 C9	001	-13
	C9	C13	C10	C10	C10	C0 C2	C13	C9 C14	010	
	C9	C10	C10	C6	C15	C15	C12 C11	C14 C2	010	
	C9	C10	C14	C6 C4	C16	C13	C10	C2	100	
	C9	C7	C5	C4 C2	C2	CT C7	C10	C12	100	
	C9	C14	C9	C17	C8	C7 C3	C9 C8	C12 C17	101	
	C9	C14	C13	C17	C11	C16	C7	C5	110	
Group 15	C7	U4	U13	013	U11	C10	U/	<u></u>	111	l

1	<i></i>			<i></i>	G15	<i>a</i> 0		<i></i>	001	l
	C9	C1	C4	C11	C17	C8	C5	C15	001	
	C9	C8	C8	C9	C3	C4	C4	C3	010	
	C9	C15	C12	C7	C6	C17	C3	C8	011	
	C9	C5	C16	C5	C9	C13	C2	C13	100	
	C9	C12	C3	C3	C12	C9	C1	C1	101	
	C9	C2	C7	C1	C15	C5	C17	C6	110	
	C9	C9	C11	C16	C1	C1	C16	C11	111	
Group 16	C9	C16	C15	C14	C4	C14	C15	C16	000	t ₁₅
	C10	C15	C10	C1	C9	C4	C9	C1	001	
	C10	C5	C14	C16	C12	C17	C8	C6	010	
	C10	C12	C1	C14	C15	C13	C7	C11	011	
	C10	C2	C5	C12	C1	C9	C6	C16	100	
	C10	C9	C9	C10	C4	C5	C5	C4	101	
	C10	C16	C13	C8	C7	C1	C4	C9	110	
	C10									
C 17	-	C6	C17	C6	C10	C14	C3	C14	111	
Group 17	C10	C13	C4	C4	C13	C10	C2	C2	000	t ₁₆
	C10	C3	C8	C2	C16	C6	C1	C7	001	
	C10	C10	C12	C17	C2	C2	C17	C12	010	
	C10	C17	C16	C15	C5	C15	C16	C17	011	
	C10	C7	C3	C13	C8	C11	C15	C5	100	
	C10	C14	C7	C11	C11	C7	C14	C10	101	
	C10	C4	C11	C9	C14	C3	C13	C15	110	
	C10	C11	C15	C7	C17	C16	C12	C3	111	
Group 18	C10	C1	C2	C5	C3	C12	C11	C8	000	t ₁₇
F	C10	C8	C6	C3	C6	C8	C10	C13	001	-17
	C11	C7	C1	C7	C11	C15	C4	C15	010	
	C11	C14	C5	C5	C14	C11	C4 C3	C3	010	
	-									
	C11	C4	C9	C3	C17	C7	C2	C8	100	
	C11	C11	C13	C1	C3	C3	C1	C13	101	
	C11	C1	C17	C16	C6	C16	C17	C1	110	
	C11	C8	C4	C14	C9	C12	C16	C6	111	
Group 19	C11	C15	C8	C12	C12	C8	C15	C11	000	t ₁₈
	C11	C5	C12	C10	C15	C4	C14	C16	001	
	C11	C12	C16	C8	C1	C17	C13	C4	010	
	C11	C2	C3	C6	C4	C13	C12	C9	011	
	C11	C9	C7	C4	C7	C9	C11	C14	100	
	C11	C16	C11	C2	C10	C5	C10	C2	101	
	C11	C6	C15	C17	C13	C1	C9	C7	110	
	C11	C13	C2	C15	C16	C14	C8	C12	111	
Group 20	C11	C3	C6	C13	C2	C10	C7	C17	000	t ₁₉
Gloup 20	C11	C10	C10	C11	C5	C6	C6	C5	001	19
	C11			C9						
	-	C17	C14		C8	C2	C5	C10	010	
	C12	C16	C9	C13	C13	C9	C16	C12	011	
	C12	C6	C13	C11	C16	C5	C15	C17	100	
	C12	C13	C17	C9	C2	C1	C14	C5	101	
	C12	C3	C4	C7	C5	C14	C13	C10	110	
	C12	C10	C8	C5	C8	C10	C12	C15	111	
Group 21	C12	C17	C12	C3	C11	C6	C11	C3	000	t20
	C12	C7	C16	C1	C14	C2	C10	C8	001	
	C12	C14	C3	C16	C17	C15	C9	C13	010	
	C12	C4	C7	C14	C3	C11	C8	C1	011	
	C12	C11	C11	C12	C6	C7	C7	C6	100	
	C12	C1	C15	C10	C9	C3	C6	C11	101	
	C12	C8	C2	C8	C12	C16	C5	C16	110	
	C12	C15	C6	C6	C15	C12	C4	C4	111	
Group 22	C12	C5	C10	C4	C1	C12	C4 C3	C9	000	tai
010up 22										t ₂₁
	C12	C12	C14	C2	C4	C4	C2	C14	001	
	C12 C12	C2	C1	C17	C7	C17	C1	C2	010	
		C9	C5	C15	C10	C13	C17	C7	011	1

						r		r		
	C13	C8	C17	C2	C15	C3	C11	C9	100	
	C13	C15	C4	C17	C1	C16	C10	C14	101	
	C13	C5	C8	C15	C4	C12	C9	C2	110	
	C13	C12	C12	C13	C7	C8	C8	C7	111	
Group 23	C13	C2	C16	C11	C10	C4	C7	C12	000	t ₂₂
	C13	C9	C3	C9	C13	C17	C6	C17	001	
	C13	C16	C7	C7	C16	C13	C5	C5	010	
	C13	C6	C11	C5	C2	C9	C4	C10	011	
	C13	C13	C15	C3	C5	C5	C3	C15	100	
	C13	C3	C2	C1	C8	C1	C2	C3	101	
	C13	C10	C6	C16	C11	C14	C1	C8	110	
	C13	C17	C10	C14	C14	C10	C17	C13	111	
Group 24	C13	C7	C14	C12	C17	C6	C16	C1	000	t ₂₃
	C13	C14	C1	C10	C3	C2	C15	C6	001	
	C13	C4	C5	C8	C6	C15	C14	C11	010	
	C13	C11	C9	C6	C9	C11	C13	C16	011	
	C13	C1	C13	C4	C12	C7	C12	C4	100	
	C14	C17	C8	C8	C17	C14	C6	C6	101	
	C14	C7	C12	C6	C3	C10	C5	C11	110	
	C14	C14	C16	C4	C6	C6	C4	C16	111	
Group 25	C14	C4	C3	C2	C9	C2	C3	C4	000	t ₂₄
	C14	C11	C7	C17	C12	C15	C2	C9	001	1
	C14	C1	C11	C15	C15	C11	C1	C14	010	1
	C14	C8	C15	C13	C1	C7	C17	C2	011	1
	C14	C15	C2	C11	C4	C3	C16	C7	100	1
	C14	C5	C6	C9	C7	C16	C15	C12	101	
	C14	C12	C10	C7	C10	C12	C14	C17	110	
	C14	C2	C14	C5	C13	C8	C13	C5	111	
Group 26	C14	C9	C1	C3	C16	C4	C12	C10	000	t ₂₅
Gloup 20	C14	C16	C5	C1	C2	C17	C11	C15	001	C23
	C14	C6	C9	C16	C5	C13	C10	C3	010	
	C14	C13	C13	C14	C8	C9	C9	C8	010	
	C14	C3	C17	C12	C11	C5	C8	C13	100	
	C14	C10	C4	C12	C14	C1	C7	C1	100	
	C14	C9	C16	C14	C14 C2	C8	C1	C3	110	
	C15	C16	C10	C14	C2	C4	C17	C8	110	
Group 27	C15	C10	C7	C12 C10	C8	C17	C17	C13	000	+
Gloup 27	C15	C13	C11	C10	C11	C17	C10	C13 C1	001	t ₂₆
	C15	C13	C15	C6	C14	C13	C13	Cf C6	010	
	C15	C10	C13	C0 C4	C14 C17		C14	C0 C11	010	
	-					C5				
	C15	C17	C6	C2	C3	C1	C12	C16	100	
	C15	C7	C10	C17	C6	C14	C11	C4	101	
	C15	C14	C14	C15	C9	C10	C10	C9	110	
0 00	C15	C4	C1	C13	C12	C6	C9	C14	111	
Group 28	C15	C11	C5	C11	C15	C2	C8	C2	000	t ₂₇
	C15	C1	C9	C9	C1	C15	C7	C7	001	
	C15	C8	C13	C7	C4	C11	C6	C12	010	
	C15	C15	C17	C5	C7	C7	C5	C17	011	
	C15	C5	C4	C3	C10	C3	C4	C5	100	
	C15	C12	C8	C1	C13	C16	C3	C10	101	
	C15	C2	C12	C16	C16	C12	C2	C15	110	
	C16	C1	C7	C3	C4	C2	C13	C17	111	
Group 29	C16	C8	C11	C1	C7	C15	C12	C5	000	t ₂₈
	C16	C15	C15	C16	C10	C11	C11	C10	001	
	C16	C5	C2	C14	C13	C7	C10	C15	010	
	C16	C12	C6	C12	C16	C3	C9	C3	011	
	C16	C2	C10	C10	C2	C16	C8	C8	100	
	C16	C9	C14	C8	C5	C12	C7	C13	101	
	C16	C16	C1	C6	C8	C8	C6	C1	110	
	1	1	1	1	1		1			

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	C16	C6	C5	C4	C11	C4	C5	C6	111	
Group 30	C16	C13	C9	C2	C14	C17	C4	C11	000	t ₂₉
	C16	C3	C13	C17	C17	C13	C3	C16	001	
	C16	C10	C17	C15	C3	C9	C2	C4	010	
	C16	C17	C4	C13	C6	C5	C1	C9	011	
	C16	C7	C8	C11	C9	C1	C17	C14	100	
	C16	C14	C12	C9	C12	C14	C16	C2	101	
	C16	C4	C16	C7	C15	C10	C15	C7	110	
	C16	C11	C3	C5	C1	C6	C14	C12	111	
Group 31	C17	C10	C15	C9	C6	C13	C8	C14	000	t ₃₀
	C17	C17	C2	C7	C9	C9	C7	C2	001	
	C17	C7	C6	C5	C12	C5	C6	C7	010	
	C17	C14	C10	C3	C15	C1	C5	C12	011	
	C17	C4	C14	C1	C1	C14	C4	C17	100	
	C17	C11	C1	C16	C4	C10	C3	C5	101	
	C17	C1	C5	C14	C7	C6	C2	C10	110	
	C17	C8	C9	C12	C10	C2	C1	C15	111	
Group 32	C17	C15	C13	C10	C1	C15	C17	C3	000	t ₃₁
	C17	C5	C17	C8	C16	C11	C16	C8	001	
	C17	C12	C4	C6	C2	C7	C15	C13	010	
	C17	C2	C8	C4	C5	C3	C14	C1	011	
	C17	C9	C12	C2	C8	C16	C13	C6	100	
	C17	C16	C16	C17	C11	C12	C12	C11	101	
	C17	C6	C3	C15	C14	C8	C11	C16	110	
	C17	C13	C7	C13	C17	C4	C10	C4	111	
Frame position	Fran	ne #1	Fran	ne #2	Fran	ne #3	Fran	ne #4		

 Table 11
 Spreading Code allocation for Secondary SCH Code, case 3) of PSCH/CCPCH scheme

TS 25.223 V2.1.0 (1999-06)

History

	Document history									
Date	Version	Comment								
February 1999	0.0.1	Document created. Based on ETSI XX.11, v1.0.0 and ARIB Vol.3, v1.0-1.0.								
23 rd Feb.1999	0.0.2	Document updated according to TSGR1#2(99)076 which was agreed in TSG RAN WG1 meeting#2, Yokohama, February 23, 1999								
25 th Feb.1999	0.1.0	Numbering increased due to approval by TSG RAN WG1 meeting #2 in Yokohama								
1 st to 5 th Mar. 1999	1.0.0	Numbering increased due to presentation at TSG RAN #2 meeting								
23 rd Mar.1999	1.0.1	Document updated according to TSGR1#3(99)161 which was approved i TSG RAN WG1 meeting#3, Nynaeshamn, March 23, 1999								
26 th Mar.1999	1.1.0	Version approved by WG#3 meeting (Nynaeshamn).								
21 st Apr. 1999	2.0.0	Numbering increased due to presentation at TSG RAN #3 meeting								
22 nd Apr.1999	2.0.0	Endorsed by TSG-RAN as TS 25.223 V2.0.0								
1 st June 1999	2.0.1	Section 5.3 Pulse shape filtering was removed to WG4 specifications.								
4 th June 1999	2.0.2	Changed the PSC and SSC which was approved in TSG RAN WG1 #5 meeting.								
4 th June 1999	2.1.0	Numbering increased due to presentation at TSG RAN #4 meeting								
Rapporter for TS 25.	223 is:									
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	This	document is written in Microsoft Word Version 97.								