**3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 #127bis *R2-24xxxx***

**Hefei, China, October 14th – 18th, 2024**

Agenda Item: 8.3.1

Source: Mediatek Inc.

Title: Report of [POST127][027][AI Mob] Simulation table (Mediatek)

Document for: Discussion, Decision

# Introduction

This report provides a summary for the following post-meeting email discussion:

* [POST127][027][AI Mob] Simulation table (Mediatek )

Intended outcome: Agree how to capture simulation results

Deadline: two weeks

The deadline for providing comments is September 6, 2024, Friday at 7:00 UTC.

Companies providing input to this email discussion are requested to leave contact information below.

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| --- | --- | --- |
| **Company** | **Name** | **Email Address** |
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# Discussion

The study focuses on three use cases: RRM measurement prediction, measurement event prediction, and RLF/HOF prediction pertinent to the PCell change procedure in standalone NR scenario. To systematically organize and evaluate the simulation outcomes across these varied use cases, a straightforward approach is to organize the simulation results into three separate folders, each corresponding to one of these use cases. Within each folder, there are spreadsheets that capture the simulation results for a range of scenarios specific to that particular use case.

**Q1:****Do companies agree to organize the spreadsheets into three separate folders, each folder dedicated to one of the three use cases?**

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Company | Yes/No | Comment |
| Mediatek | Yes | Example: |
| OPPO | Yes |  |
| vivo | Yes |  |
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Given the limited progress and available simulation results for the measurement event prediction and RLF/HOF prediction use cases, we suggest using the RRM prediction use case as a template for the documentation process. We expect that a similar approach to document simulation results will be applied to both the measurement event prediction and RLF/HOF prediction use cases as further progress are achieved. The specific details within the spreadsheets can be tailored and refined according to the requirements and evaluation target of each use case.

**Q2:** **Do companies agree to use the RRM prediction use case as a template for the documentation process, with the intention that the similar documentation approach is applied to the measurement event prediction and RLF/HOF prediction use cases?**

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Company | Yes/No | Comment |
| Mediatek | Yes |  |
| OPPO | Yes |  |
| vivo | Yes |  |
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In the RRM prediction use case, various scenarios have been identified and ranked in terms of priority, similar to those detailed in Table 5.2.1-1 of the TR.

Table 5.2.1-1 prioritization of evaluation scenarios

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| scenario number | Priority | Evaluation scenario | Target study goal | Methodology |
| 1 | Low | FR1 to FR1 intra-frequency temporal domain case A | 2nd goal | TBD |
| 2 | High | FR1 to FR1 intra-frequency temporal domain case B | 1st goal | Intra-cell |
| 3 | High | FR1 to FR1 inter-frequency (frequency domain) | 1st goal | Inter-cell |
| 4 | High | FR2 to FR2 intra-frequency temporal domain case A | 2nd goal | Intra-cell |
| 5 | Low | FR2 to FR2 intra-frequency temporal domain case B | 1st goal | TBD |
| 6 | Middle | FR2 to FR2 intra-frequency spatial domain | 1st goal | Intra-cell |

To facilitate easy access and simplify the evaluation process for each use case, individual spreadsheets can be created to document the simulation results, outcomes, and findings for each identified scenario, for instance, scenarios 1 through 6, ensuring consistency with the terminology and descriptions found in the TR. If additional scenarios beyond those initially identified are proposed by companies, new spreadsheets can be incorporated at a later stage to accommodate these supplementary simulations. Furthermore, additional spreadsheets may be needed for generalization performance evaluation.

**Q3:** **Do companies agree to create individual spreadsheet for each identified scenario for the use case of RRM prediction, e.g., scenarios 1~6 with the understanding that we can add more spreadsheets as required e.g., when other scenarios are identified?**

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Company | Yes/No | Comment |
| Mediatek | Yes | We have provided four example spreadsheets for scenarios considered as high and medium priority. |
| OPPO | Yes |  |
| vivo | Yes |  |
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For each spreadsheet, we will create distinct tabs/sheets to document the simulation assumptions, KPIs, simulation results from different companies, key findings, and potentially a comparison of results across companies. Currently, we will ensure that each spreadsheet includes separate tabs for at least the simulation assumptions, evaluated KPIs and definitions, and simulation results from different companies. As the evaluation progresses, we can add new tabs as needed and based on discussions.

**Q4:** **Do companies agree to initially set up distinct sheets for capturing the simulation assumptions, evaluated KPIs and definitions, and simulation results from companies, with the understanding that we will add more sheets as needed and** **in accordance with discussions that emerge during the evaluation process?**

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Company | Yes/No | Comment |
| Mediatek | Yes | Please refer to the spreadsheet examples. |
| OPPO | Yes |  |
| vivo | Yes |  |
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Capturing the simulation assumptions and evaluated KPIs/definitions has not presented significant issues. However, the method for documenting simulation results from different companies within the spreadsheet requires discussion to ensure it is well-organized and scalable. The columns in the simulation results sheet are categorized into four main groups: general information (such as company name and case description), variable settings (including the number of Tx beams, number of Rx beams, UE speed, and temporal domain prediction parameters like observation/prediction window, MRRT, MRRS, etc.), model-related information (covering model inputs and outputs, AI model type, model complexity, computational complexity, training/validation set size, testing set size), and performance metrics for various KPIs (for example, the average L3 cell-level RSRP difference). One example for scenarios 2 (FR1 to FR1 intra-frequency temporal domain case B) is illustrated below for your reference.



**Q5:** **Do companies agree to categorize the columns in the simulation results sheet into four main groups: general information, variable settings, model-related information and performance metrics for various KPIs?**

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Company | Yes/No | Comment |
| Mediatek | Yes | The system performance metrics will be added when agreed. |
| OPPO | Yes |  |
| vivo | Yes with comments | Setting: some parameters are duplicated in ‘Simulation assumption’, i.e., UE speed(km/h), Number of Tx beams, Number of Rx beams, suggest removing UE speed in the ‘Simulation assumption’ sheet and removing Number of Tx beams, Number of Rx beams in the ‘results’ sheet.  Performance Metrics: One more column should be added to align with ‘KPIs’ sheet, i.e., Average L1-RSRP difference (dB)(optional). |
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Currently, 3 sub-use cases are considered for cell-level RRM measurement prediction.  The 'case' column takes into account these sub-use cases and, optionally, their combination with other factors. For example, for inter-frequency prediction, this column also distinguishes between predictions from lower to higher frequencies and those from higher to lower frequencies. According to the agreement that ‘*it is up to companies to select the number of cells for input and output (companies should clarify what they are using for cluster-based approach). Cluster-based approach evaluation is optional and lower priority for now.’,* cluster-based approach is reported as part of model input/output.

**Q6:** **Do companies agree that the ‘case’ column considers the three sub-use cases at the time being and where applicable, their combination with additional factors that may be determined through discussions as the evaluation progresses?**

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Company | Yes/No | Comment |
| Mediatek | Yes |  |
| OPPO | Yes |  |
| vivo | Yes with comments | L3-filtered beam level prediction is agreed at last meeting. Therefore, the sub-use cases for beam-level should also be included. |
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While the primary focus of the email discussion is to figure out a proper approach for documenting simulation results and provide a template for companies to use.  While detailing the exact content for the spreadsheets is not critically urgent, we suggest adopting the attached spreadsheets, which address different RRM prediction scenarios, as a starting point. The content of these spreadsheets is flexible and can be adjusted as necessary. We invite companies to provide their input on these spreadsheets, and we are prepared to update them in response to your feedback.

**Q7:****Do companies agree to adopt the example spreadsheets provided in the attachment as a starting point, understanding that their content is flexible and can be modified as needed?**

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| --- | --- | --- |
| Company | Yes/No | Comment |
| OPPO | Yes | We agree with Rapp. Some typos can be revised.  [case A] [Spatial] In simulation assumption sheet, UE speeds are 60,90,120 km/h according to our agreement.  [Case B] In simulation assumption sheet, UE trajectory boundary process does not have option #4 (should be #3). |
|  |  | [Spreadsheet 1]  [Spreadsheet 2]  [Spreadsheet 3]  [Spreadsheet 4] |
| vivo | Yes | [Spreadsheet 1]  Frequency Range FR1 @2/4GHz with SCS 15/30KHz: suggest removing 2GHz in Case B;  UE Speed "30km/h (baseline), 60km/h (optional), 90km/h (optional), 120km/h (optional): suggest removing 120km/h in Case B;  BS Antenna Configuration, UE Antenna Configuration: the number should be align with agreements.  UE trajectory boundary processing: duplicated row  [Spreadsheet 2]  UE Speed "30km/h (baseline), 60km/h (optional), 90km/h (optional), 120km/h (optional): suggest removing 30km/h in Case A;  [Spreadsheet 3]  UE Speed "30km/h (baseline), 60km/h (optional), 90km/h (optional), 120km/h (optional): suggest removing 60, 90, 120 km/h in inter-frequency;  BS Antenna Configuration, UE Antenna Configuration: the number should be aligned with agreements.  [Spreadsheet 4]  UE Speed "30km/h (baseline), 60km/h (optional), 90km/h (optional), 120km/h (optional): suggest removing 120km/h as this case is for measurement reduction. |
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# Conclusion