3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 #110-e TDoc R2-200xxxx

**Electronic, June 1st – June 12th, 2020**

Agenda Item: 6.4.2.2

Source: ZTE Corporation, Sanechips

Title: Summary of NR V2X UE cell (re-)selection related contribution

Document for: Discussion, Decision

# Introduction

In this contribution, we will give a summarize of all contributions related to NR V2X cell selection/ reselection, which is based on the following contributions.

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| TDoc No. | Title | Source |
| R2-2002829 | Discussion on inter-RAT Cell Selection/Reselection | CATT |
| R2-2003097 | Remaining issues of cell (re)selection for NR V2X | Lenovo, Motorola Mobility |
| R2-2003515 | Remaining issues on cell reselection for sidelink in TS 38.304 | Huawei, HiSilicon |
| R2-2003721 | Finalising cell reselection for V2X | Samsung |

In details, all proposals raised in those contributions are quite essential at this stage. Thus, all issues listed out in the following are marked with essential.

# Discussion

## [Essential] Rel-16 V2X UE performing cell (re-)selection in RRC connected state

According to the description in [1], it clarifies that in LTE sidelink and V2X, UE is allowed to perform cell selection/reselection under RRC connected mode. The reason is that the SL/V2X UE may also work as a normal Uu UE, then it may access into RRC connected mode due to Uu services, but the eNB which it accesses into may not support SL/V2X SL features. As the consequence, the UE may still need to choose another cell for SL configurations if it has the SL traffic. Thus, in their opinion, the same principle should be applied to NR V2X as well. Thus,

**Question 1: Whether the procedure of cell selection and reselection should apply to RRC\_CONNECTED UE as well ?**

**- Alt 1: Yes**

**- Alt 2: No**

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| **Company** | **Option** | **Comments (if any)** |
| Ericsson | Yes | Ok to follow LTE principle. |
| vivo | Yes for cell selection, FFS for cell reselection | The section of ‘11.4 Cell selection and reselection for sidelink’, saying that ‘the requirements defined in this clause for sidelink operation apply for UEs in RRC\_IDLE and in RRC\_CONNECTED’ was captured and agreed in the CR in RAN2 #88, but after tracking some of the discussions then we have some kind of feeling that the reason could just be that the UE shall perform cell selection during RRC re-establishment when the UE is in CONNECTED, rather than from the service point of view.  For cell reselection, it seems that the scenario for RRC\_CONNECTED UE to perform cell reselection based on sidelink service was not really discussed then, and in fact this may have impact on the whole RRM design (e.g. the UE may reselect to another cell without NW handover command and awareness), so we need to be careful about this. |

## [Essential] On-demand SI providing anchor carrier configuration

In LTE, SIBs will only be configured to the camping UE via broadcast communication. Thus, the UE can recognize whether the cell can provide sidelink configuration or only anchor carrier configuration via reading the related SIB message. However, when it comes to NR V2X, the SIB is allowed to be configured to the UE not only via broadcast, but also can be through on-demand SI. If the V2X SIB is configured to the UE through on-demand SI, the UE cannot recognize whether there is detailed V2X configuration or only anchor carrier configuration until it performing random access and acquire the on-demand SI, where it is somehow a waste of time. Therefore, to avoid this issue, the following alternatives are proposed, as concluded in [2],[3] and [4]:

Alt 1: If a cell providing only anchor carrier configuration, the cell should always broadcast the V2X SIB.

Alt 2: If the NR V2X SI is provided on-demand, then the UE does not prioritize this cell.

Alt 3: If a carrier doesn’t broadcast the V2X SIB but provide it by on-demand, then this frequency should be indicated by other frequency as anchor frequency in the V2X SIB.

Alt 4: Introduce an IE in SIB 1,2/4 to indicate whether the cell will only providing anchor carrier configuration.

**Question 2: Targeting on the issue that cell broadcasting only anchor carrier configuration via on demand SI, which one of the following solutions shall be adopted ?**

**- Alt 1: If a cell providing only anchor carrier configuration, it should always broadcast the V2X SIB.**

**- Alt 2: If the NR V2X SI is provided on-demand, then the UE does not prioritize this cell.**

**- Alt 3:If a carrier doesn’t broadcast the V2X SIB but provide it by on-demand, then this frequency should be indicated by other frequency as anchor frequency in the V2X SIB.**

**- Alt 4:Introduce an IE in SIB 1,2/4 to indicate whether the cell will only providing anchor carrier configuration.**

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| **Company** | **Option** | **Comments (if any)** |
| Ericsson | Alt 3 and upon implementation | In our view, this issue can be handled by NW implementation, i.e. this frequency might be indicated by other frequency as anchor frequency in V2X SIB. We don’t see specification impact. |
| vivo | Alt 1 | This is already discussed in previous meeting’s offline discussion(R2-2001974), and we think alt-1 is the simplest way to solve this problem by network implementation. |

## [Essential] How to use pre-configuration[4][5]

Currently, there are three types of sidelink carrier:

-Type 1:Frequency which can provide both NR sidelink communication configuration and LTE sidelink communication configuration.

-Type 2:Frequency which can provide either NR sidelink communication configuration and LTE sidelink communication configuration.

-Type 3: Frequency which cannot provide any sidelink communication configuration.

If there are only type 2 frequencies. Specifically, if some type 2 frequencies can provide only NR SL configuration, the other type 2 frequencies can provide only LTE SL configuration. On the other hand, the UE can support both NR and LTE SL traffics. When the UE camping on any type 2 frequencies, it can only acquire SL configuration for one SL RAT, but actually the UE may be in coverage for both of the two SL RATs since UE will determine its coverage status of each SL RAT independently as per current specification. Then for the other SL RAT of which UE cannot acquire SL configuration from the camping cell, whther pre-configuration is allowed to be used ?

**Question 3: For the case that if UE supports both NR and LTE SL, but UE’s camped cell can only provide on SL RAT configuration, whether pre-configured SL resource can be used on the other RAT if the UE is also in-coverage of that RAT ?**

**- Alt 1: Yes**

**- Alt 2: No**

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| **Company** | **Option** | **Comments (if any)** |
| Ericsson | No | When it is LTE V2X operating in unlicensed spectrum, it is fine. However, if a NR V2X UE using licensed spectrum within a cell according to pre-configuration and not known by the cell, it might cause problems in terms of resource allocation for other traffics within the cell. Better to avoid it overall. |
| vivo | Yes | This is also discussed before and we think pre-configuration can work in this case. No big issue seems to be identified here. The cell is supposed to be able to know the resources configured in pre-configuration. |

Moreover, if pre-configuration is not allowed to use in the above mentioned case, then several alternatives to help UE acquire V2X configuration are provided in [4],[5].

* Option 1: UE performs cell reselection to select the carrier which provides the SL configuration of the other RAT.
* Option 2: UE requests the SL configuration of the other RAT from the camped cell.
* Option 3: UE a quires the SL configuration of the other RAT by reading the broadcast V2X SIB on the concerned carrier.

Then RAN2 should filter out one workable solution to help UE acquire V2X related configuration.

**Question 4: If pre-configuration is not allowed for the UE to use which is in coverage, then which one of the following solution shall be adopted ?**

**- Alt 1: UE performs cell reselection to select the carrier which provides the SL configuration of the other RAT.**

**- Alt 2: UE requests the SL configuration of the other RAT from the camped cell.**

**- Alt 3: UE a quires the SL configuration of the other RAT by reading the broadcast V2X SIB on the concerned carrier.**

**- Alt 4: Others (Please specify)**

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| **Company** | **Option** | **Comments (if any)** |
| Ericsson | Option 1 | we don’t need to optimize the scenario. |
| vivo | Alt 3 with comments | As comments in Question 3, we think the pre-configuration can work in this case. But if majority think there is a big issue to use pre-configuration and alternatives are needed, then we prefer to go for alt-3, which seems aligned with LTE solution to some extent, because in LTE the UE seems also capable to read the broadcast V2X SIB on the concerned carrier which is not serving frequency for transmission and reception. |

# Conclusion

In this contribution, we have summarized all principle opinions from NR V2X cell selection/reselection contributions, a brunch of proposals have been provided in the following:

# References

1. R2-2003515 Remaining issues on cell reselection for sidelink in TS 38.304 Huawei, HiSilicon
2. R2-2001974 Report of offline discussion 709 ZTE Corporation, Sanechips
3. R2-2003097 Remaining issues of cell (re)selection for NR V2X Lenovo, Motorola Mobility
4. R2-2002829 Discussion on inter-RAT Cell Selection/Reselection CATT
5. R2-2003721 Finalising cell reselection for V2X Samsung