**3GPP TSG-RAN WG2 Meeting #110 electronic** R2-2004153

**1st– 12th June 2020**

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| *CR-Form-v12.0* | | | | | | | | |
| **CHANGE REQUEST** | | | | | | | | |
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|  | **38.340** | **CR** | **0001** | **rev** | **2** | **Current version:** | **16.0.0** |  |
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| *For* [***HE******LP***](http://www.3gpp.org/3G_Specs/CRs.htm#_blank)*on using this form: comprehensive instructions can be found at* [*http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests*](http://www.3gpp.org/Change-Requests)*.* | | | | | | | | |
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| ***Proposed change affects:*** | UICC apps |  | ME | **X** | Radio Access Network | **X** | Core Network |  |

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| ***Title:*** | Miscellaneous corrections to 38.340 for IAB | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Source to WG:*** | Huawei, HiSilicon | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Source to TSG:*** | R2 | | | | | | | | | |
|  |  | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Work item code:*** | NR\_IAB-Core | | | | |  | ***Date:*** | | | 2020-04-20 |
|  |  | | | |  | |  | | |  |
| ***Category:*** | **F** |  | | | | | ***Release:*** | | | Rel-16 |
|  | *Use one of the following categories:* ***F*** *(correction)* ***A*** *(mirror corresponding to a change in an earlier release)* ***B*** *(addition of feature),* ***C*** *(functional modification of feature)* ***D*** *(editorial modification)*  Detailed explanations of the above categories can be found in 3GPP [TR 21.900](http://www.3gpp.org/ftp/Specs/html-info/21900.htm). | | | | | | | | *Use one of the following releases: Rel-8 (Release 8) Rel-9 (Release 9) Rel-10 (Release 10) Rel-11 (Release 11) Rel-12 (Release 12)* *Rel-13 (Release 13) Rel-14 (Release 14) Rel-15 (Release 15) Rel-16 (Release 16)* | |
|  |  | | | | | | | | | |
| ***Reason for change:*** | | This CR do the miscellaneous corrections to BAP, which have no impact on the function.  In addition, the RRC configuration on flow control is agreed as “If only one type is configured by CU, IAB node should only report the configured type. If both types are configured by CU simultaneously, IAB node should report both types”. The corresponding BAP operation shoud be added.  Implemente the agreements: “If the regular mapping to BH RLC Channel in the backup egress link is NOT configured by donor CU, IAB node: uses any BH RLC channel on the backup egress link for re-routed packets by implementation.”  In the procedure of handling of unknown, unforeseen, and erroneous protocol data of section 5.5, the BAP PDU should not be discarded if no BAP address matching in the routing table but the BAP address is the same as the IAB node, since this IAB node is the destination. | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***Summary of change:*** | | 1. Some wording corrections, which have no impact on the functions. 2. In sub-clause 3.1,3.2, add the some missing definitions for IAB. 3. Align the wording as IAB-donor-DU, IAB-node, IAB-M, IAB-DU 4. Unifiy the wording from “Backhual RLF indication” as “BH RLF indicaiton”. 5. Unify the wording from “path ID” to “BAP pah identity”; 6. Unify the wording from “BAP data Units” to “BAP Data Packets”, since the terminology of Data Units is already used in section 6; 7. In sub-clause 4.4, add the missing singaling of flow control pollling; 8. In sub-clause 4.5, add the missing configuration for IAB-donor-DU’s BAP address and the flow control feedback type; 9. In sub-clause 5.1.2, add the release of BAP configurations upon BAP entity release. 10. In sub-clause 5.2.1.2.1, add missing messages which can configure “Uplink Traffic to Routing ID Mapping Configuration”; 11. In sub-clause 5.2.1.2.1, change the bullet level for “select the BAP address” to apply to both F1-U and non-F1-U cases; 12. In sub-clause 5.2.1.2.2, delete “the most significant 6 bits of the Traffic Class field)” for DSCP, which should be defined in TS 38.474. 13. In sub-clause 5.2.1.4, add the operation to allow using any BH RLC channel on the backup egress link for re-routed packets by implementation 14. In sub-clause 5.3, add the support of flow control feedback type determination based on RRC configuration, as agreed; 15. In sub-clause 5.4, add the missing case for IAB-donor-DU to polling its child node’s flow control; 16. In sub-clause 5.5, clarify the IAB node should not discard the BAP PDU whose BAP address is the same as the IAB node. | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***Consequences if not approved:*** | | The flow control type cannot be configured by CU.  The BAP PDU arriving at the destination IAB node will be discarded. | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***Clauses affected:*** | | 3.1, 3.2, 4.2, 4.4, 4.5, 5, 6 | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
|  | | **Y** | **N** |  | | | |  | | |
| ***Other specs*** | |  | **X** | Other core specifications | | | | TS/TR ... CR ... | | |
| ***affected:*** | |  | **X** | Test specifications | | | | TS/TR ... CR ... | | |
| ***(show related CRs)*** | |  | **X** | O&M Specifications | | | | TS/TR ... CR ... | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***Other comments:*** | |  | | | | | | | | |
|  | |  | | | | | | | | |
| ***This CR's revision history:*** | |  | | | | | | | | |

--------------------- [Start of change] ---------------------------------

# 2 References

The following documents contain provisions which, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of the present document.

- References are either specific (identified by date of publication, edition number, version number, etc.) or non‑specific.

- For a specific reference, subsequent revisions do not apply.

- For a non-specific reference, the latest version applies. In the case of a reference to a 3GPP document (including a GSM document), a non-specific reference implicitly refers to the latest version of that document *in the same Release as the present document*.

[1] 3GPP TR 21.905: "Vocabulary for 3GPP Specifications".

[2] 3GPP TS 38.300: "NG Radio Access Network; Overall description".

[3] 3GPP TS 38.331: "NR Radio Resource Control (RRC); Protocol Specification".

[4] 3GPP TS 38.322: "NR Radio Link Control (RLC) protocol specification".

[5] 3GPP TS 38.473: "NG-RAN F1 application protocol (F1AP) protocol specification".

# 3 Definitions of terms, symbols and abbreviations

## 3.1 Terms

For the purposes of the present document, the terms given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. A term defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same term, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

**BH RLC channel:** an RLC channel, which is used to transport backhaul packets**.**

**Ingress BH RLC channel:** an BH RLC channel on which a packet is received by a node.

**Egress BH RLC channel:** an BH RLC channel on which a packet is transmitted by a node.

**Ingress link**: a radio link on which a packet is received by a node.

**Egress link**: a radio link on which a packet is transmitted by a node.**IAB-donor**: as defined in TS 38.300 [2].

**IAB-node**: as defined in 38.300 [2].

## 3.2 Abbreviations

For the purposes of the present document, the abbreviations given in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1] and the following apply. An abbreviation defined in the present document takes precedence over the definition of the same abbreviation, if any, in 3GPP TR 21.905 [1].

BH Backhaul

IAB Integrated Access and Backhaul

MT Mobile Termination

# 4 General

## 4.1 Introduction

The present document describes the functionalities of BAP.

## 4.2 Architecture

### 4.2.1 BAP structure

Figure 4.2.1.1 represents one possible structure for the BAP sublayer; it should not restrict implementation. The figure is based on the radio interface protocol architecture defined in TS 38.300 [2].



Figure 4.2.1-1: BAP layer, structure view

The BAP sublayer is configured by upper layers TS 38.331 [3] and TS 38.473 [5].

### 4.2.2 BAP entities

On the IAB-node, the BAP sublayer contains one BAP entity at the MT function and a separate collocated BAP entity at the DU function. On the IAB-donor-DU, the BAP sublayer contains only one BAP entity. Each BAP entity has a transmitting part and a receiving part.

NOTE: The modelling of BAP entities does not restrict internal implementation of IAB-nodes, i.e. the exact modelling of BAP sublayer may vary for different IAB-node implementations.

The transmitting part of the BAP entity has a corresponding receiving part of a BAP entity at the IAB-node or IAB-donor-DU across the backhaul link.

Figure 4.2.2-1 shows one example of the functional view of the BAP sublayer. This functional view should not restrict implementation. The figure is based on the radio interface protocol architecture defined in TS 38.300 [2].

In the example of Figure 4.2.2-1, the receiving part on the BAP entity delivers BAP PDUs to the transmitting part on the collocated BAP entity. Alternatively, the receiving part may deliver BAP SDUs to the collocated transmitting part. When passing BAP SDUs, the receiving part removes the BAP header and the transmitting part adds the BAP header with the same BAP routing identity as carried on the BAP PDU header prior to removal. Passing BAP SDUs in this manner is therefore functionally equivalent to passing BAP PDUs, in implementation. The following specification therefore refers to the passing of BAP Data Packets.



Figure 4.2.2-1. Example of functional view of BAP sublayer

## 4.3 Services

### 4.3.1 Services provided to upper layers

The following services are provided by the BAP sublayer to upper layers:

- data transfer;

### 4.3.2 Services expected from lower layers

A BAP sublayer expects the following services from lower layers per RLC entity (for a detailed description see TS 38.322 [4]):

- acknowledged data transfer service;

- unacknowledged data transfer service.

## 4.4 Functions

The BAP sublayer supports the following functions:

- Data transfer;

- Determination of BAP destination and path for packets from upper layers;

- Determination of egress BH RLC channels for packets routed to next hop;

- Routing of packets to next hop;

- Differentiating traffic to be delivered to upper layers from traffic to be delivered to egress link;

- Flow control feedback and polling signalling;

- BH RLF indication;

## 4.5 Configurations

The configuration of the BAP entity includes:

- The IAB-node’s BAP address via RRC.

- The IAB-donor-DU’s BAP address via F1AP.

- Mapping from next hop BAP address to downstream egress link via F1AP.

- Mapping from next hop BAP address to upstream egress link via RRC.

- Mapping from upper layer traffic to BAP routing identity in BAP header via F1AP and RRC.

- The BAP routing entries via F1AP.

- Mapping to egress BH RLC channels via F1AP and RRC.

- Flow control feedback type(s) to be provided, if any, via RRC.

BH RLC channels are configured via RRC on the IAB-MT, and via F1AP on the IAB-DU/IAB-donor-DU.

# 5 Procedures

## 5.1 BAP entity handling

### 5.1.1 BAP entity establishment

When upper layers request establishment of a BAP entity, the node shall:

- establish a BAP entity;

- follow the procedures in subclause 5.2.

### 5.1.2 BAP entity release

When upper layers request release of a BAP entity, the node shall:

- release the BAP entity and the related BAP configurations.

## 5.2 Data transfer

### 5.2.1 Transmitting operation

#### 5.2.1.1 General

The transmitting part of the BAP entity on the IAB-MT can receive BAP SDUs from upper layers and BAP Data Packets from the receiving part of the BAP entity on the IAB-DU of the same IAB-node, and construct BAP Data PDUs as needed (see sub-clause 4.2.2). The transmitting part of the BAP entity on the IAB-DU can receive BAP Data Packets from the receiving part of the BAP entity on the IAB-MT of the same IABnode, and construct BAP Data PDUs as needed (see sub-clause 4.2.2). The transmitting part of the BAP entity on the IAB-donorDU can receive BAP SDUs from upper layers.

Upon receiving a BAP SDU from upper layers, the transmitting part of the BAP entity shall:

- select a BAP address and a BAP path identity for this BAP SDU in accordance with sub-clause 5.2.1.2;

- construct a BAP Data PDU by adding a BAP header to the BAP SDU, where the DESTINATION field is set to the selected BAP address and the PATH field is set to the selected BAP path identity, in accordance with sub-clause 6.2.2;

When the BAP entity has a BAP Data PDU to transmit, the transmitting part of the BAP entity shall:

- perform routing to determine the egress link in accordance with sub-clause 5.2.1.3;

- determine the egress BH RLC channel in accordance with sub-clause 5.2.1.4;

- submit this BAP Data PDU to the selected egress BH RLC channel of the selected egress link.

NOTE: Data buffering on the transmitting part of the BAP entity, e.g., until RLC-AM entity has received an acknowledgement, is up to implementation. In case of BH RLF, the transmitting part of the BAP entity may reroute the BAP Data PDUs, which has not been acknowledged by lower layer before the backhaul RLF, to an alternative path.

#### 5.2.1.2 BAP routing identity selection

##### 5.2.1.2.1 BAP routing identity selection at IAB-node

At an IAB-node, for a BAP SDU received from upper layers and to be transmitted in upstream direction, the BAP entity performs mapping to a BAP routing identity based on:

* the upper layer traffic type defined for this BAP SDU, which is one of:

- UP traffic pertaining to an F1-U GTP-U tunnel, or,

- non-UP traffic pertaining to one of:

- non-UE-associated F1-C messages;

- UE-associated F1-C messages;

- non-F1 traffic;

* the source IP address carried on the BAP SDU’s IP header;
* an IP address configuration obtained via RRC or OAM, which includes the source IP address used for this traffic type and the BAP address of the IAB-donor-DU, where this IP address is anchored;
* UL BH Information configurations for this BAP SDU’s traffic type obtained via F1AP [5] or *default\_UL\_BH\_Information* configurations obtained via RRC [3]. [5

Each UL BH Information configuration contains:

* a BAP routing identity, which includes a BAP address and a BAP path identity;
* one or multiple egress BH RLC channels, where each BH RLC channel is specified by a next-hop BAP address and a BH RLC Channel ID.

Each *default\_UL\_BH\_Information* configuration contains a BAP routing identity and one egress BH RLC channel.

At the IAB-node, for a BAP SDU received from upper layers and to be transmitted in upstream direction, an UL BH Information configuration is selected based on the following:

- only those UL BH Information configurations or *default\_UL\_BH\_Information* configurations are considered for selection, whose BAP address contained in the BAP routing identity matches the BAP address contained in the IP address configuration for the BAP SDU’s source IP address;

- if one or multiple UL BH Information configurations obtained via F1AP match this BAP-SDU’s traffic type and have BH link availability for at least one of the BH RLC channels they contain:

- select one of the of these UL BH Information configurations;

- else if none of the UL BH Information configurations obtained via F1AP matches the BAP-SDU’s traffic type or has BH link availability for at least one of the BH RLC Channels it contains:

- select one of the *default\_UL\_BH\_Information* configurations, which has BH link availability for the BH RLC channel it contains.

NOTE: The BH link of a BH RLC Channel may not be available, e.g., due to RLF failure or when the IAB-node has migrated to a different CG.

Select the BAP routing identity of the selected UL BH Information configuration or *default\_UL\_Information* configuration.

##### 5.2.1.2.2 BAP routing identity selection at IAB-donor-DU

For a BAP SDU received from upper layer at the IAB-donor-DU, the BAP entity performs mapping to a BAP routing identity based on a DL BH Information configured on the IAB-donor-DU via F1AP [5].

Each entry of the DL BH Information configuration contains:

v4, IPv6 address or IPv6 address prefix;

- an IPv6 Flow Label, if configured;

- a list of DSCP values, if configured,

- a BAP routing identity;

- one or multiple egress BH RLC channels, where each BH RLC channel is specified by a Next-Hop BAP address and a BH RLC Channel ID.

At the IAB-donor-DU, for a BAP SDU received from upper layers and to be transmitted in downstream direction, the BAP entity shall determine the matching DL BH Information configuration entries if the following applies:

- for a BAP SDU containing an IPv6 packet:

- the destination IP address of this BAP SDU matches the destination IP address or IP address prefix in this entry,

- the IPv6 Flow Label of this BAP SDU matches the IPv6 Fow Label in this entry, if configured, and,

- the DSCP of this BAP SDU matches one DSCP value in the list of DSCP values in this entry, if configured.

- for a BAP SDU containing an IPv4 packet:

- the destination IP address of this BAP SDU matches the destination IP address in this entry, and,

- the DSCP of this BAP SDU matches one DSCP value in the list of DSCP values in this entry, if configured.

From the matching entries determined, select an entry based on the following conditions:

- if there is only one matching entry, select this entry;

- else if there are multiple matching entries:

- if they contain IPv4 addresses, select one of the entries;

- else if one or multiple of these entries contain IPv6 addresses:

- select one of these entries holding IPv6 addresses;

- else select one of the entries holding IPv6 prefixes.

Insert the BAP routing identity from the selected entry on the BAP header.

#### 5.2.1.3 Routing

The BAP entity performs routing for BAP PDUs received from upper layers and for BAP PDUs received from the collocated BAP entity. BAP-layer routing refers to the selection of an egress BH link for BAP PDU transmisison. BAP-layer routing is based on the BH Routing Information configuration obtained via F1AP [5].

Each entry of the BH Routing Information configuration contains:

- a BAP routing identity consisting of a BAP address and a BAP path identity, and

- an egress BH link specified by a next-hop BAP address.

For a BAP Data PDU to be transmitted, the BAP entity shall:

- if the BAP Data PDU has been received from upper layers:

- if a *default\_UL\_BH\_Information* was selected for this BAP Data PDU, as specified in clause 5.2.1.2.1,

- select the egress link specified in this *default\_UL\_BH\_Information*;

- else if there is an entry in the BH Routing Information configuration whose BAP address matches the DESTINATION field in the BAP header, whose BAP path identity matches the PATH field in the BAP header, and whose egress link is available:

- select the egress link of this entry;

NOTE 1: An egress link is not considered to be available if the link is in RLF.

NOTE 2: For each combination of a BAP routing identity, there should be at most one entry in the BH Routing Information configuration.

- else if there is at least one entry in the BH Routing Information configuration whose BAP address matches the DESTINATION field in the BAP header, and whose egress link is available:

- select the egress link of one of these entries.

-

#### 5.2.1.4 Mapping to BH RLC Channel

##### 5.2.1.4.1 Mapping to BH RLC Channel for BAP Data Packets from collocated BAP entity at IAB-node

For a BAP Data PDU received from the collocated BAP entity, the transmitting part of the BAP entity performs mapping to an egress BH RLC channel based on:

- BH RLC Channel Mapping configuration obtained via F1AP [5],

Each entry of the BH RLC Channel Mapping configuration contains:

- an ingress link, which is specified via a prior-hop BAP address,

- an egress link, which is specified via a next-hop BAP address,

- an ingress BH RLC channel, which is specified via an ingress BH RLC Channel ID,,

- an egress BH RLC channel, which is specified viaan egress BH RLC Channel ID.

For a BAP Data PDU received from an ingress BH RLC channel of an ingress link and for which the egress link has been selected as specified in clause 5.2.1.3:

- if there is an entry in the BH RLC Channel Mapping Configuration, whose ingress BH RLC channel matches the BAP Data PDU’s ingress BH RLC channel, whose ingress link matches the BAP Data PDU’s ingress link, and whose egress link corresponds to the egress link selected, as specified in clause 5.2.1.3;

- select the egress BH RLC channel of this entry;

- else:

- select any egress BH RLC channel on the selected egress link.

##### 5.2.1.4.2 Mapping to BH RLC Channel for BAP SDUs from upper layers at IAB-node

For a BAP SDU received from upper layers at the IAB-node, the BAP entity selects the egress BH RLC channel based on:

- if an UL Information configuration has been selected for the BAP SDU, as specified in 5.2.1.2.1,

- select the BH RLC channel from the list of BH RLC channels contained in the UL Information configuration for the egress link obtained from routing of this BAP SDU, as described in 5.2.1.3.

- else if an *default\_UL\_Information* configuration has been selected for this BAP SDU, as specified in 5.2.1.2.1,

- select the BH RLC channel from the configuration.

##### 5.2.1.4.3 Mapping to BH RLC Channel at IAB-donor-DU

For a BAP SDU received from upper layers at the IAB-donor-DU, the BAP entity selects the egress BH RLC channel from the list of BH RLC channels contained in the DL Information configuration entry selected for this BAP SDU, based on the egress link obtained from routing of this BAP SDU, as described in 5.2.1.3.

### 5.2.2 Receiving operation

Upon receiving a BAP Data PDU from lower layer (i.e. ingress BH RLC channel), the receiving part of the BAP entity shall:

- if DESTINATION field of this BAP PDU matches the BAP address of this node:

- remove the BAP header of this BAP PDU and deliver the BAP SDU to upper layers;

- else:

- deliver the BAP Data Packet to the transmitting part of the collocated BAP entity.

## 5.3 Flow control

### 5.3.1 Flow control feedback

For a link, the BAP entity at the IAB-MT shall:

- when a flow control feedback is triggered when the buffer load exceeds a certain level, or

- when a BAP Control PDU for flow control polling is received at the receiving part, the transmitting part of this BAP entity shall:

- construct a BAP Control PDU for flow control feedback per BH RLC channel, if configured by RRC, in accordance with sub-clause 6.2.3;

- construct a BAP Control PDU for flow control feedback per BAP routing identity, if configured by RRC, in accordance with sub-clause 6.2.3;

- if the egress BH RLC channel for the BAP Control PDU is configured via F1AP [5]:

- submit the BAP Control PDU(s) to the configured egress BH RLC channel of the egress link;

- else:

- submit the BAP Control PDU(s) to any egress BH RLC channel of the egress link.

### 5.3.2 Flow control polling

When a flow control poll is to be transmitted over an egress link, the transmitting part of the BAP entity at the IAB-DU or IAB-donor-DU:

- constructs a BAP Control PDU for flow control polling in accordance with sub-clause 6.2.3:

- if the egress BH RLC channel for the BAP Control PDU is configured as specified in TS 38.473 [5]:

- submit this BAP Control PDU to the configured egress BH RLC channel of the egress link;

- else:

- submit this BAP Control PDU to any egress BH RLC channel of the egress link.

## 5.4 BH RLF indication

### 5.4.1 Transmitting operation

When a BH RLF recovery failure is detected at the IAB-MT, for each egress link associated with the IAB-DU, the transmitting part of the collocated BAP entity at the IAB-DU may:

- construct a BAP Control PDU for BH RLF indication in accordance with sub-clause 6.2.3:

- if the egress BH RLC channel for the BAP control PDU is configured as specified in TS 38.473 [5]:

- submit this BAP Control PDU to the configured egress BH RLC channel of the egress link;

- else:

- submit this BAP Control PDU to any egress BH RLC channel of the egress link.

### 5.4.2 Receiving operation

Upon receiving a BAP Control PDU for BH RLF indication from lower layer (i.e. ingress BH RLC channel), the receiving part of the BAP entity shall:

- indicate to upper layers that the BH RLF indication has been received for the ingress link where this BAP Control PDU is received.

## 5.5 Handling of unknown, unforeseen, and erroneous protocol data

When a BAP PDU that contains reserved or invalid values or contains a BAP address which is not included in the configured BH Routing Configuration and is not the BAP address of this node is received, the BAP entity shall:

- discard the received BAP PDU.

# 6 Protocol data units, formats, and parameters

## 6.1 Protocol data units

### 6.1.1 Data PDU

The BAP Data PDU is used to convey one of the following in addition to the PDU header:

- upper layer data;

### 6.1.2 Control PDU

The BAP Control PDU is used to convey one of the following in addition to the PDU header:

- flow control feedback per BH RLC channel;

- flow control feedback per BAP routing identity;

- flow control polling;

- BH RLF indication;

## 6.2 Formats

### 6.2.1 General

A BAP PDU is a bit string that is byte aligned (i.e. multiple of 8 bits) in length. The formats of BAP PDUs are described in sub clause 6.2.2, 6.2.3 and their parameters are described in sub clause 6.3.

### 6.2.2 Data PDU

Figure 6.2.2-1 shows the format of the BAP Data PDU.



Figure 6.2.2-1: BAP Data PDU format

### 6.2.3 Control PDU

#### 6.2.3.1 Control PDU for flow control feedback

Figure 6.2.3.1-1 and 6.2.3.1-2 show the formats of the BAP Control PDU for flow control feedback.



Figure 6.2.3.1-1: BAP Control PDU format for flow control feedback per BH RLC channel



Figure 6.2.3.1-2: BAP Control PDU format for flow control feedback per BAP routing identity

#### 6.2.3.2 Control PDU for flow control polling

Figure 6.2.3.2-1 shows the formats of the BAP Control PDU for flow control polling.



Figure 6.2.3.2-1: BAP Control PDU format for flow control feedback polling

#### 6.2.3.3 Control PDU for BH RLF indication

Figure 6.2.3.3-1 shows the format of the BAP Control PDU for BH RLF indication.



Figure 6.2.3.3-1: BAP Control PDU format for BH RLF indication

## 6.3 Parameters

### 6.3.1 General

If not otherwise mentioned in the definition of each field, the bits in the parameters shall be interpreted as follows: the left most bit string is the first and most significant and the right most bit is the last and least significant bit.

Unless otherwise mentioned, integers are encoded in standard binary encoding for unsigned integers. In all cases the bits appear ordered from MSB to LSB when read in the PDU.

### 6.3.2 DESTINATION

Length: 10 bits.

This field carries the BAP address of the destination IAB-node or IAB-donor-DU.

### 6.3.3 PATH

Length: 10 bits.

This field carries the BAP path identity.

### 6.3.4 Data

Length: Variable

This field carries the BAP SDU (i.e. IP packet).

### 6.3.5 R

Length: 1 bit

Reserved. In this version of the specification reserved bits shall be set to 0. Reserved bits shall be ignored by the receiver.

### 6.3.6 D/C

Length: 1 bit

This field indicates whether the corresponding BAP PDU is a BAP Data PDU or a BAP Control PDU.

Table 6.3.6-1: D/C field

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Bit | Description |
| 0 | BAP Control PDU |
| 1 | BAP Data PDU |

### 6.3.7 PDU type

Length: 4 bits

This field indicates the type of control information included in the corresponding BAP Control PDU.

Table 6.3.7-1: PDU type

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Bit | Description |
| 0000 | Flow control feedback per BH RLC channel |
| 0001 | Flow control feedback per BAP routing identity |
| 0010 | Flow control feedback polling |
| 0011 | BH RLF indication |
| 0100-1111 | Reserved |

### 6.3.8 BH RLC channel ID

Length: 16 bits.

This field indicates the identity of the BH RLC channel whose flow control information is provided in the flow control feedback.

### 6.3.9 Routing ID

Length: 20 bits.

This field indicates the BAP routing identity, for which the flow control information is provided in the flow control feedback. It contains the leftmost 10 bits of the BAP address and the rightmost 10 bits of the BAP path identity.

### 6.3.10 Available Buffer Size

Length: 24 bits.

This field indicates the maximum traffic volume the transmitter should send. The unit is kilobytes.

--------------------- [End of change] ---------------------------------

Annex A (informative):  
Change history

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Change history** | | | | | | | |
| **Date** | **Meeting** | **TDoc** | **CR** | **Rev** | **Cat** | **Subject/Comment** | **New version** |
| 2019.10 | RAN2#107bis | R2-1914006 |  |  |  | skeleton | 0.0.0 |
| 2019.10 | RAN2#107bis | R2-1914008 |  |  |  | Captured agreements made before RAN2#107bis | 0.1.0 |
| 2020.02 | RAN2#109e | R2-2002113 |  |  |  | Captured agreements made in RAN2#108 | 0.3.0 |
| 2020.03 | RAN2#109e | R2-2002345 |  |  |  | Captured agreements made in RAN2#109e | 0.4.0 |